

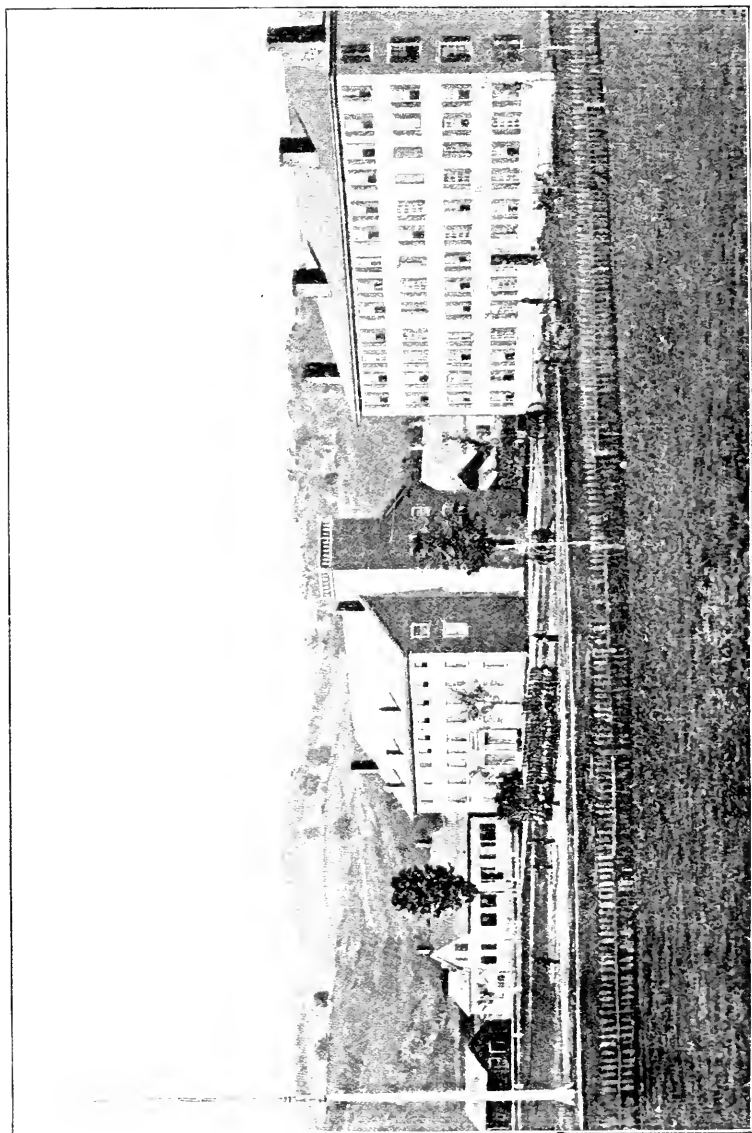
**HISTORY OF
NORWICH
UNIVERSITY
1819 - 1911**



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LOS ANGELES

“To our hero-chieftain RANSOM
One glass before we go:
His blood bestains the rocky height
In distant Mexico.
His country’s flag waved o’er him
When the volley smote him low
And we’ll drop for him the silent tear
In the Old South Barracks, oh!”

—*Kent.*



THE UNIVERSITY BUILDINGS, NORWICH, VT.

Norwich University

1819-1911

Her History, Her Graduates, Her Roll of Honor

Published by

MAJOR-GENERAL GRENVILLE M. DODGE, C. E., A. M., LL.D.

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IN THREE VOLUMES

VOL. 2.

SKETCHES OF THE TRUSTEES, PRESIDENTS,
VICE-PRESIDENTS, PROFESSORS, ALUMNI,
AND PAST CADETS

1820-66

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BY GRENVILLE M. DODGE AND WILLIAM A. ELLIS.

TO COLONEL TRUMAN BISHOP RANSOM, U. S. A.

ALUMNUS OF THE AMERICAN LITERARY, SCIENTIFIC AND MILITARY ACADEMY AND SECOND PRESIDENT OF NORWICH UNIVERSITY, WHO DEVOTED MANY YEARS TO MILITARY EDUCATION AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF A CITIZEN SOLDIERY, WHO WHEN HIS COUNTRY NEEDED HIS SERVICES IN TIME OF WAR, ENTERED THE ARMY AND HEROICALLY SACRIFICED HIS LIFE WHILE LEADING HIS REGIMENT, THE OLD NINTH NEW ENGLAND, IN ITS HISTORIC CHARGE UP THE HEIGHTS OF CHAPULTEPEC IN MEXICO,

THIS VOLUME IS RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED.

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AUTHOR'S INTRODUCTION.

In the publication of this volume the Publisher and Historian are under deep obligation to many persons for assistance rendered in tracing cadets. Among those who have assisted in the work are: Gen. Elliott T. Dill, adjutant-general of Maine; Rev. J. L. Sherwood, D. D., Keene, N. H.; Rev. Howard F. Hill, D. D., Concord, N. H.; Henry Child, Cornish, N. H.; Miss Edith S. Freeman, Concord, N. H.; Arthur M. Chase, Concord, N. H.; Gen. Harry B. Cilley, adjutant-general of New Hampshire; Mrs. Mary S. Ide, Claremont, N. H.; Hon. Frank Plumley, Northfield, Vt.; Capt. H. V. Partridge, Norwich, Vt.; Hon. Samuel E. Pingree, Hartford, Vt.; Charles E. Allen, Burlington, Vt.; Prof. J. B. Johnson, '79; Col. Kittredge Haskins and Mrs. Charles Akeley, Brattleboro, Vt.; Gen. L. G. Kingsley, '56, Rutland, Vt.; Mrs. O. O. Jaquith, Woodstock, Vt.; Mr. J. K. Egerton, Northfield, Vt.; Prof. Charles Dole, '69, Northfield, Vt.; Solon F. Frary, '38, Strafford, Vt.; Mr. W. R. Cutter, '68; Mrs. Ora & George Flint, Worcester, Mass.; Gen. William N. Brigham, adjutant-general of Massachusetts; Mr. Frank F. Starr, Prof. William James, and Miss Laura F. Philbrook, Middletown, Conn.; Charles Collard Adams, Cromwell, Conn.; Francis B. Trowbridge and Dr. G. Totten McMaster, New Haven, Conn.; Rear-Adml. George P. Colvocoresses, '66, Litchfield, Conn.; Gen. W. B. Landus, adjutant-general of Connecticut; Prof. Edward S. Holden, West Point, N. Y.; Frederick B. Richards, Glens Falls, N. Y.; John B. Ireland, New York city; Edward McC. Peters, '80, Brooklyn, N. Y.; the late Gen. W. H. H. Davis, '42, Doylestown, Pa.; Thomas B. Donaldson, Philadelphia, Pa.; Brig.-Gen. Fred C. Ainsworth, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.; Prof. A. W. Brown, U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; W. A. Clark, Columbia, S. C.; Mr. A. C. Moore, Columbia, S. C.; W. C. Benton, Middleburg, Va.; Judge Henry C. Connor, Wilson, N. C.; Prof. R. D. W. Connor, Raleigh, N. C.; Dr. K. P. Battle, and Prof. J. G. de Roulhae Hamilton, Chapel Hill, N. C.; Judge Henry R. Bryan, Newbern, N. C.; Miles O. Sherrill, Raleigh, N. C.; Louis A. Clark, St. Mary's Ga.; Charles S. Wylly, Brunswick, Ga.; Prof. Thomas M. Owen, Montgomery, Ala.; Mr. William O. Hart, New Orleans, La.; Hon. O. H. Leland, '51, McGregor, Texas; Texas State Historical Society; Hon. A. W. Wills, Nashville, Tenn.; Otis S. Tenney, '45, Lexington, Ky.; Hon. Whittlesey Adams, Warren, Ohio; G. A. Hyde, Cleveland, Ohio; Michigan State Historical Society; Illinois State Historical Society; Gen. George W. McCoy, adjutant-general of Illinois; Mr. Reuben G. Thwaites, Madison, Wis.; Gen. C. R. Boardman, adjutant-general of Wisconsin; D. J.

Whittemore, Milwaukee, Wis.; The Historical Department of the State of Iowa; Gen. William H. Thrift, adjutant-general of Iowa; Mr. J. L. Gillis, Sacramento, Cal.; Gen. S. M. Preston, '45, Seattle, Wash.

The Historian especially acknowledges the faithful and efficient services of his assistants in the work: Miss C. Kate Story, Miss Dotie Potter, Miss Hazel M. Holt, and Miss Clara F. Williams.

The following papers have generously advertised for information concerning alumni and ^{past} cadets: The Burlington, (Vt.) *Free Press*; *The United Opinion*, Bradford, Vt.; Fayetteville, (N. C.) *Daily Observer*; Richmond, (Va.) *Dispatch and Times*; New Orleans, (La.) *Picayune*; Mobile (Ala.) *Register*; Essex (N. Y.) *Record*; *The Evening Star*, Plattsburg, N. Y.; Port Edward (N. Y.) *Advertiser*; Utica (N. Y.) *Daily Press*; Boston (Mass.) *Transcript*; Randolph (Vt.) *Herald*; St. Albans (Vt.) *Messenger*; Waltham (Mass.) *Evening News*; the Northfield (Vt.) *News*; the *Reveille*.

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CHAPTER I.

SKETCHES OF TRUSTEES, 1834-66.

GEN. NATHANIEL BRADLEY BAKER, A. B.

Nathaniel B. Baker was born in Hillsboro, N. H., September 29, 1818, and died in Des Moines, Ia., September 11, 1876.

He prepared for college at Phillips (Exeter) Academy, class 1834; graduated A. B. from Harvard College in 1839. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Concord, N. H. in 1842 and practiced his profession there until 1856; was associated with H. H. Carroll, Esq., in the publication of the *New Hampshire Patriot*, 1841-45.

In 1856, he removed to Clinton, Ia., and in 1860 to Des Moines, where he resided until his death; practiced his profession in Clinton, 1856-61.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; was clerk of the court of common pleas and of the Superior Court of Merrimac County, N. H., for some years; represented his district in the House of Representatives 1850 and 1851, serving as speaker; served in 1852 as presidential elector; was governor of New Hampshire, 1854-56; represented Clinton, Ia., in the State Legislature 1859-60; was adjutant-general of the state of Iowa 1861-76. He served as Trustee of "N. U.," 1854-59.

AUGUSTUS OLCOTT BREWSTER.

Augustus O. Brewster, son of Gen. Amos Avery and Susan (Boudinot) Brewster, was born in Hanover, N. H., May 17, 1823, and died in Paterson, N. J., January 17, 1897.

He graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1843; practiced law in Hanover, 1845-50; New York City, 1850-52; Boston, Mass., 1852-62; Paterson, N. J., 1862-97; served as trustee of "N. U." 1848-53; served for some years as colonel in the New Hampshire state militia.

He was married in 1846, to Georgiana Augusta, daughter of Maj. George B. Bribby, U. S. A., of Paterson, N. J.

HON. OLIVER PHELPS CHANDLER, A. B.

Oliver P. Chandler, son of John Winthrop and Susan Chandler, was born in Peacham, Vt., May 29, 1807, and died in Woodstock, Vt., September 19, 1895.

He prepared for college at the Peacham Academy and graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1828.

He studied law and practiced in Woodstock, Vt., 1833-95. He held many public positions. He represented Woodstock in the Constitutional Convention in 1836, and represented the town in the House of Represen-

tatives, 1839-41, 1862, and 1863; was state senator, 1848-50. He served as trustee of the University during 1849-53.

HON. DANIEL COBB.

Daniel Cobb, son of Nathan and Lydia (Bliss) Cobb, was born in Hanover N. H., July 23, 1787, and died in Strafford, Vt., July 26, 1868.



Hon. Daniel Cobb.

He prepared for college at Moor's Academy, Hanover, N. H., with the intention of entering Dartmouth College, but owing to his father's heavy financial losses, was forced to give up his cherished plan.

He studied law with Ebenezer Brown, Norwich, Vt., 1805-06; with Seth Cushman, Guildhall, 1806-09. He was admitted to the Essex County bar in December, 1809, and practiced his profession in Waterford, Vt., December, 1809-April, 1810; removed to Strafford, Vt., April, 1810, where he resided until his death. He practiced his profession many years, meeting with marked success.

He was a Democrat in politics; represented his town in the House of Representatives, 1815-17, 1824, 1825, 1841 and 1842; was assistant judge, Orange County Court, 1824-33, 1834, 1837, 1839 and 1842; was a member of the State Council, 1831-34; state senator in 1835 and 1839; was candidate for presidential elector in 1836.

On the invasion of Plattsburgh, in 1814, he volunteered for service, but in Burlington, when the arms were distributed, it was suggested to him that, being lame, he did not need a gun. His reply, "I'll be d—d if I came to run; I came to fight!" was characteristic of the man.

He was much interested in educational matters; served as trustee of the University, 1835-50.

He was married in January, 1818, to Marinda Bryant of Templeton, Mass., who died September 14, 1860. Six children were born to them: Daniel B. B., "N. U.," '37; Samuel Webster, "N. U.," '45; Danforth, born 1823, died 1826; Mary Marinda, born 1825, died 1826; Nathan B., "N. U.," '46; Walter Balfour, born 1829, died 1871.

SHUBAEL CONVERSE, M. D.

Shubael Converse, son of Shubael and Phoebe Converse, was born in Randolph, Vt., September 7, 1805, and died there, August 6, 1867. He studied his profession with Doctor R. D. Mussey of Hanover, N. H., and at Dartmouth College, graduating in 1828.

Soon after, he settled in Strafford where he practiced his profession until 1837, when he purchased the business and homestead of Doctor Horace Hatch at the southern border of Norwich village, and removing there, was engaged in the active pursuit of his professional duties for a period of thirty years, until his sudden death. Doctor Converse possessed in a high degree the respect and confidence of the community, both as a citizen and a physician.

A man of enlightened views and much public spirit, he was especially interested in the cause of popular education. He served as trustee of "N. U.," 1851-53. He was superintendent of schools in Norwich from 1846 to 1854, and again in 1856. After the removal of Norwich University to Northfield, in 1866, he was prominent in establishing the Norwich Classical and English Boarding School, the following year. He represented the town in the legislature in 1845, and 1846, and was chosen senator from Windsor County in 1855 and 1856. Among other young men who pursued medical studies with Doctor Converse at Norwich were, Doctor Henry Baxter, '39, of Highgate and Doctor Charles D. Lewis, '38, of Kentucky.

He was married in 1841, to Louvia E. Morrill, daughter of David and Margery Morrill of Strafford, Vt. Two sons were born to them: the eldest, Charles B., graduated at Dartmouth College in 1863, and is now a practising physician in Jersey City, N. J. He received the degree of M. D. at Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1871.

HON. ALVAH CROCKER.

Alvah Crocker was born in Leominster, Mass., October 14, 1801, and died in Fitchburg, Mass., December 26, 1874.

He attended the schools of his town and of Fitchburg.

He was employed in a paper mill in Franklin, N. H., until 1824, when he removed to Fitchburg, and began the manufacture of paper, in which business he met with marked success. He was the first to use cotton waste in the manufacture of paper.

He early became interested in the construction of railroads; was instrumental in securing the charter for the railroad from Northern Massachusetts to Boston, which was completed in 1845; was engaged in building the Vermont & Massachusetts R. R.; and the Troy & Boston R. R.; was for several years commissioner of the Hoosac Tunnel; served for several years as president of the Boston & Fitchburg R. R.

He was largely interested in various business enterprises; and was the owner of extensive machine shops in Fitchburg.

He was first a Whig in politics and later a Republican, and held many positions. He represented his district in the State Legislature in 1835-36, 1842 and 1843; was state senator, 1862-64; served as congressman from February 14, 1872, until his death.

He served as a trustee of "N. U." 1849 and 1850. A son, Charles Thomas Crocker, was a cadet in the class of 1853.

HON. ISAAC NEWTON CUSHMAN, A. B.

Isaac N. Cushman, son of Holmes and Mary (Paddock) Cushman, was born in Middleboro, Mass., January 22, 1788, and died in Hartland, Vt., March 9, 1843.

In 1798, his father moved to Hartland, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He graduated A. B. from Middlebury College in 1812.

He studied law with the Hon. Titus Hutchinson, of Woodstock, and was admitted to the bar in 1815. He formed a partnership with Mr. Hutchinson, the same year, which was continued until December 8, 1821, when he removed to Hartland, Vt. Here he continued his practice until 1833.

On this last date he returned to Woodstock, Vt., where he continued his practice until his death.

He met with marked success in his profession; was associated for some years in the publication of the *Henry Clay* in Woodstock; was one of the founders of the first circulating library in Woodstock beginning July, 1821. He was one of the incorporators of "N. U.," November 6, 1834, and served as trustee until his death.

As colonel on the governor's staff, he served on the reception committee, which welcomed Lafayette to Vermont, at Windsor, June 28, 1825.

He was a Whig in politics, and held many offices; was a member of the Council of Censors of Vermont, in 1820; represented Hartland in the House of Representatives, 1823-25, 1832; was state's attorney during 1824-27 and surveyor general of Vermont, three years.

He was married, July 11, 1816, to Charlotte Hayden, of Braintree, Mass., who died June 21, 1869. Nine children were born to them: Charles James Fox, born July 12, 1817, died December 24, 1891; Holmes, born April 8, 1819, died June 6, 1823; Isaae N. "N. U.," '39, (q. v.); Charlotte, born January 14, 1823, died in December 1823; Edmund Soper, born December 18, 1824, died January 19, 1850; George Hayden, born February 4, 1827, died June 23, 1864; Charlotte Eliza, born February 22, 1829, died unmarried, October 18, 1843; Sarah Vaughan, born April 22, 1831, died unmarried, September 21, 1849; Holmes, born November 4, 1833, died at Morrisville, Vt.

IRA DAVIS, M. D.

Ira Davis, son of Moses and Sarah (Sawyer) Davis, was born in Dracut, Mass., January 25, 1801, and died in Norwich, Vt., March 1873.

In 1806, his parents removed to Hanover, N. H., and in 1813, to Norwich, Vt. He attended the public schools of Norwich and Hanover, N. H., and later attended a medical school in Massachusetts. He began the practice of medicine in Norwich in 1830, which he continued until his death. In 1829, he formed a partnership with William T. Porter, and published the *Vermont Inquirer* in Norwich until 1831; was associated with E. Southworth in October, 1852, when they started a newspaper under the title of *White River Advertiser and Vermont Family Gazette*. In 1853, when the office building burned, the paper was discontinued.

He took a deep interest in the University, and was one of its incorporators in 1834; also served as trustee, 1835-59. He was a member of the board of Medical Examiners, and a member of the Executive Committee of the University for many years.

He was a Democrat in politics, and held many town offices; served as town clerk, 1841-43 and postmaster of Norwich, 1841-49.

He was an active member of the Methodist Church.

He was married three times: first, to Polly Hazelton. One child, Charles, was born to them. He was married the second time to Rhoda Slack. Five children were born to them: Andrew, Frank, Rosella, Margaret, and Belle C., who resides in Boston. He was married the third time, October 12, 1858, to Lucy A. L. Cray. Two children were born to them: Curtis, now, truant officer of Manchester, N. H.; George M., now a physician in Manchester, N. H.

HON. WILLIAM HENRY DUNCAN, A. M.

William H. Duncan, son of William and Mary (McMurphy) Duncan, was born in Candia, N. H., September 26, 1807, and died in Hanover, N. H., March 29, 1883. He graduated from Dartmouth College in 1830, and later received the degree of A. M., from that Institution.

He studied law with Chancellor Benjamin Faneuil Duncan of Charlestown, S. C., and was admitted to the bar in that state. He practiced his profession in Hanover, 1834-70.

He was an active friend of "N. U.," serving as trustee during 1840-49.

He was married June 25, 1834, to Sarah Murdock, daughter of the Hon. Mills Olcott of Hanover.

JUDGE THOMAS WILLIAM FREELON, A. M.

Thomas W. Freelon, son of Capt. Thomas W. Freelon, U. S. N., '23, and Lydia (Emerson) Freelon, was born in Norwich, Vt., August 8, 1826, and died in Oakland, Cal., March 30, 1885.



Thomas William Freelon.

He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H.; and graduated A. B., from Dartmouth College in 1843, later received the degree of A. M.

He studied law and edited a newspaper in Niles, Mich., 1843-46; was commissioned first lieutenant of infantry from Michigan, March 2, 1847, and was assigned to the 15th U. S. Regiment April 9, 1847; was regimental quartermaster, July 1, to September 1, 1847; captain, December 4, 1847; was brevetted captain, September 13, 1847, for "gallant and meritorious services in the battle of Chapultepec, Mexico"; was mustered out of service August 6, 1848; was professor of modern languages, English Literature and *Belles-Lettres* and Military Science at "N. U." 1848-49; served as trustee of "N. U." 1843-47.

He went to California in 1849, arriving in San Francisco October 9. He soon began the practice of his profession in that city and became one of the best known lawyers in the State; was judge county court, California, 1852-58; judge probate court, 1861; court of appeals, 1878-79; superior court, 1880-83.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church and the Masonic Lodge.

He was married February 21, 1865, to Louise, daughter of Isaac Newton Partridge of Dayton, Ohio. Two children: Lois Newton, born February 16, 1866, and Emerson, born February 22, 1868; both children died in infancy.

HON. JEDEDIAH HYDE HARRIS.

Jedediah H. Harris, son of John and Elizabeth (Hyde) Harris, was born in Norwich, Conn., December, 1784, and died in Strafford, Vt., March 8, 1855.

When a small child his parents removed to Canaan, N. H., and a few years later to Plainfield, N. H. In 1804, he located in Strafford, Vt., where he made his home until his death. He engaged in the mercantile business and by his excellent judgment, energy and economy acquired a large property. He also engaged extensively in farming.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; represented his town in the House of Representatives, 1810-13, 1814, 1818-22; member of the Governor's Council in 1827; state counselor, 1828-31; was a delegate to the Constitutional Convention in 1814; was a candidate for lieutenant governor on the National Republican ticket in 1822, and failed of election by only a small margin; was assistant judge of the county court, 1821-22; led the list of presidential electors in 1844; was treasurer of his town thirty years; justice of the peace many years. He was one of the ablest business men of the state and was often called on to settle matters of litigation. He was a good neighbor and greatly respected by the people of his town and state.

On November 7, 1812, he was appointed captain in the "Volunteer Corps," Vermont troops and commanded his company on its march to Plattsburg in 1814. He was a zealous Universalist and gave liberally in support of the church. He took a deep interest in educational matters and served as trustee of the University 1834-55.

He was married in 1807, to Judith, daughter of Rev. Joab Young. Mrs. Harris died November 1, 1850. Two children were born to them: Marcia Ann, born April 30, 1810, married Lyman Reed, died in Boston, Mass, July 29, 1871; Ellen Judith Jemette, born November 26, 1811, married Hon. Portus Baxter, "N. U.", '24, (q. v.) died June 14, 1882.

HON. JOHN HARRIS.

John Harris, third son of Benjamin Harris of Norwich, was born in Norwich, Conn., in 1759, and died at Lebanon, N. H., March 29, 1839.

He settled in that part of Norwich, Vt., known as Bozrah. He afterward removed to Plainfield, N. H. where he engaged in mercantile business many years. He, several times, represented Plainfield in the State Legislature. He served as trustee of the University during, 1836-39.

He was married, February 2, 1782, to Elizabeth Hyde, daughter of Zedediah Hyde of Norwich. She died April 24, 1843.

REV. EBENEZER CARTER HUTCHINSON, A. M., D.D.

Ebenezer C. Hutchinson, was born at Hebron, Conn., December 25, 1804, and died at Saratoga, N. Y., July 27, 1876

He graduated A. B. from Brown University in 1826, and later received the degree of A. M. in course from that Institution.

He was a student at the Princeton Theological Seminary, 1827-28, and was ordained a Presbyterian clergyman in 1829; was pastor of churches in Leesburg, Va., in 1830; Shepardstown, Va., 1831-32; Alexandria, Va., 1833-35; Petersburg, Va., 1835-40. In 1840, he was ordained an Episcopal clergy-

man; served as president of Kemper College, Mo., 1841-45; was rector of St. George's church, St. Louis, Mo., 1845-51; Trinity church, St. Louis, 1855-59.

He took an active interest in "N. U.," serving as trustee during 1848-53. The University conferred upon him, in 1849, the degree of D. D. A son, Lewis B. Hutchinson, was a cadet in the class of 1850.

HON. SILAS HEMENWAY JENISON.

Silas H. Jenison, son of Levi and Ruth (Hemenway) Jenison, was born in Shoreham, Vt., May 17, 1791, and died, October 30, 1849.

His father, who was a farmer, died when he was only about a year old, so that his life for many years was spent upon a farm managed by his mother. In his youth he had the advantages of the common district school only; but he acquired a taste for reading, which aided him through life. He also, after his school days were ended, engaged the services of Gideon Sissons, an old school master of Shoreham, who was skilled in the Latin and French languages, Arithmetic, Algebra and Surveying; and from him he acquired a handwriting, round and free, and the skill of an accurate surveyor, in which his services were often employed to the close of his life.

He was distinguished for his sound [common sense, [and [unvarying fidelity to the right. He had an earnest regard for the interests of the State, and was fearless in the discharge of every duty which devolved upon him as the chief magistrate. In his administration occurred what was called "the Patriot Rebellion" in Lower Canada, in which the sympathies of the people of Vermont were largely with the rebels; but perceiving that neutrality was the duty of the nation, and of Vermont as a part of it, he promptly issued his proclamation to that effect, and called out the militia to aid the officers of the United States in repressing those bodies of armed men who were moving to aid the rebellion in Canada. By this course, he doubtless forfeited the good will of many voters, but he was sustained by a majority of the people, and in 1840 received the largest majority of votes for governor which had ever before been cast. As a member of the legislature he interested himself largely in the Grand List.

Governor Jenison was a member of the general assembly from 1826 until 1831; judge of Addison county court from 1829 until 1835; delegate to the constitutional convention of 1843; judge of probate from 1841 until 1847; lieutenant-governor, 1834-35, and acting governor in 1835, and governor from 1836 until 1841, when he declined a re-election.

He took a great interest in the University, serving as trustee 1834-49.

COL. JACOB KENT.

Jacob Kent, son of Col. Jacob and Martha (Noyes) Kent, was born in Newbury, Vt., April 26, 1800, and died there, March 13, 1886.

He attended the schools of his town, and by individual study became a fine student. He was proprietor of the once famous 'Coössuck Hotel' at Wells River, Vt., (Newbury) from 1830 until 1850. In this last year he removed to Chicago and engaged in the merchantile business; was also connected with many enterprises for the development of that city. He returned to Newbury in 1866, where he made his home until his death. In 1884,

he inherited the home farm near Wells River, where he passed his last days.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; was sheriff of Orange county, 1841-44; census enumerator of Orange county, 1830-40, and 1850; United States marshal of Vermont, 1845-49; also held many town offices.

He took an active interest in military matters and rose from a private to a colonel of the local militia regiment. In the sixties he visited the 29th Illinois Infantry at the front and was present at the battles of Shiloh and Pittsburg Landing.

He was a member of the Newbury Lodge, F. and A. M., and its Master in 1834; the Royal Arch Chapter of Newbury.

He was an intimate friend of Capt. Alden Partridge and Gen. T. B. Ransom, '25. He took a deep interest in the University and served as trustee, 1848-59. It was through his influence that Col. H. O. Kent, '54, entered the University.

HON. HENRY KEYES.

Henry Keyes, son of Thomas and Margaretta (McArthur) Keyes, was born in Vershire, Vt., January 3, 1810, and died in Newbury, Vt., September 24, 1870.

He removed to Newbury, Vt., in 1825, and clerked for Reed & Gould until 1831, when he formed a partnership with his brother Freeman, under the firm name of F. and H. Keyes; and engaged in a general mercantile business until 1854. They were very successful in their business and soon had the largest store in Orange county.

He was one of the original proprietors of the Connecticut and Passumpsic Rivers R. R.; was one of its first directors and in 1854 became its president, serving until 1870; was one of the proprietors and a director in the Mt. Washington R. R.; a large stock holder in the Atchison, Topcka & Santa Fe R. R., serving as its president at the time of his death. He was interested in the United States Hotel in Boston, and in several stage and steamboat lines. He was much interested in agriculture and owned a large stock farm in Haverhill, N. H.; was president of the Vermont State Agricultural Society for several years. He served as trustee of "N. U." 1853-55.

He was a Democrat in politics; represented his town in the House of Representatives in 1855; was state senator, 1847-48; candidate for governor in 1856, 1857 and 1858; was a delegate to several successive national conventions of the Democratic party and was chairman of the Vermont delegation at the Baltimore convention in 1860, which nominated Stephen A. Douglass (honorary graduate "N. U.," '44) for the presidency.

He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He was twice married; first, May 2, 1838, to Sarah A. Pierce of Stanstead, Canada, who died December 8, 1853. No children were born of this marriage. He was again married, May 6, 1856, to Emma F. Pierce, sister of his first wife, who survives him and resides in Boston. Five children were born to them; Isabella, born June 21, 1859; Henry Wilder, (Harvard University, '87,) born May 23, 1862, resides Haverhill, N. H.; Martha G., born April 26, 1864, married Ezra Henry Baker, died June 16, 1896; George Thomas, (Harvard University '89,) born September 7, 1867, resides Pepperell, Mass.; Charles Walter, (Harvard University, '93,) born January 16, 1871, resides Pepperell, Mass.

WILLIAM BEACH LAWRENCE, A. M., LL. D., D. C. L.

William B. Lawrence was born in New York City, October 23, 1800, and died there March 26, 1881.

He graduated A. B. from Columbia University in 1818, and in 1823 received the degree of A. M. from his *Alma Mater*. He received the degree of A. M. from Yale University in 1826; D. C. L. from the University of the State of New York in 1873; LL. D. from Brown University in 1869. He travelled in Europe during 1821-23. He was admitted to the bar and practiced his profession in New York for several years; later removed to Newport, R. I., where he continued his profession until 1881. He was council for Circassian before the International Tribunal, Washington, 1873.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; was secretary of legation, London, 1826; charge d'affairs, 1827; lieutenant-governor of Rhode Island, 1851-52, and acting governor for a short time; member of the Rhode Island Constitutional Convention in 1853.

He was greatly interested in educational matters; was lecturer on Political Economy, Columbia University for several years; lecturer on International Law, Columbian College, Washington, D. C., 1872; was trustee of "N. U.," 1852-59, taking great interest in the welfare of the Institution. He was one of the originators of the Institute of the Law of Nations; member New York Historical Society and its vice-president 1836-45; trustee of the college of Physicians and Surgeons, 1837-55.

He was the author of several works in English and French, chiefly on International Law. He was a contributor to the *American Annual Register*, 1829-34.

COL. JONATHAN PECKHAM MILLER, A. M.

Jonathan P. Miller was born in Randolph, Vt., February 24, 1797, and died in Montpelier, Vt., February 17, 1847.

He worked for a few months, in 1813, in a tannery in Woodstock, but owing to sickness returned to Randolph.

He served in Capt. Lebbeus Egerton's Militia company of Randolph, on its march to Plattsburg, in September, 1814. He served as a private in the U. S. A. from 1817 until 1819, when he returned to Randolph and attended the Orange County Grammar School, and in the summer of 1821 entered Dartmouth College, but only remained a few weeks. He then entered the University of Vermont, in the class of 1825, remaining there until the college buildings were burned, May 24, 1824. At this time Greece was struggling to gain her liberty, and had enlisted the sympathy of America. Miller determined to give his services to that country, and accordingly applied to the "Greek Committee" in Boston, for assistance in reaching the country. His request was granted and he was given letters to the president of the Greek Revolutionists at Missolonghi. He sailed from Boston, August 21, 1824, for Malta. He was appointed colonel on the staff of Brig. Gen. George Jarvis, an American who commanded a brigade in Lord Byron's command. Colonel Miller served with great distinction in many battles against the Turks, winning the title of the "American Dare-Devil." At the siege of Missolonghi in 1826, he especially won renown as a gallant soldier. In November 1826, he returned to the United States and delivered many addresses, in various sections of the country in support of the

Grecian struggle for freedom. In February, 1827, he was sent to Greece to take charge of distributing the supplies sent from America, which important service was rendered with marked ability. One of the romantic incidents connected with the service of Colonel Miller in Greece, was his gaining possession of the sword worn by Lord Byron in his many campaigns in that country. Lord Byron presented the sword to a Captain Laukas, a Grecian captain, and on his death in Athens the sword was sold by the English consul of Poras, for the benefit of the officer's family. Colonel Miller purchased the sword and loaned it to a Mr. Castanis, a Grecian patriot, who carried it back to Greece. For many years it was believed the sword was lost. In 1853, it was recovered by Colonel Miller's daughter, Mrs. Keith, while on a visit to that country. This sword is now one of the most valuable relics of the Vermont Historical Society's Collection in Montpelier.

During Colonel Miller's service in Greece he became an intimate friend of John Dennison Russ, "N. U." '24, surgeon of the Grecian Army and one of the most noble and efficient of all his compatriots in the Revolution.

He located in Montpelier in 1828, studied law, and was admitted to the bar, practiced his profession in Montpelier in company with Nicholas Bayles. He made his home for some years in Berlin. He was an active anti-slavery worker, and while a member of the Vermont Legislature, in 1833, introduced a resolution calling on the Vermont delegation in Congress to work toward abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia. This was the first anti-slavery movement in the legislature of the state. He was a delegate from Vermont to the World's Anti-Slavery Convention in London in 1840, where he was one of the most prominent workers for the cause.

He was a personal friend of Captain Alden Partridge, and Gen. T. B. Ransom, '25. He was one of the incorporators of the University, November 6, 1834, and served as a trustee until his death. The University of Vermont conferred upon him the degree of A. M., in 1829.

He was a Whig in politics, and held many offices; represented Berlin in the House of Representatives in 1830, 1831, and 1833.

He was married in June, 1828, to Sarah, daughter of Capt. Jonathan Arms of Berlin, Vt., who died in Chicago, December 22, 1874.

One daughter was born to them, who married Abijah Keith. Colonel Miller adopted a Grecian boy, Lucas Miltiades, who settled in Wisconsin and became one of the most prominent citizens of that State.

REV. JOHN MOORE.

John Moore, son of Joshua and Dorothy (Moody) Moore, and uncle of Curtis S. Barrett, '63, was born in Strafford, Vt., February 5, 1797, and died in Concord, N. H. February 5, 1855.

He attended the schools of his town, and by his own persistent study became a fine student. He worked in a store in Strafford during 1817-18. On the death of his father in 1818, he returned home and managed the home farm and assisted in settling the estate; also taught school for some time in Strafford. He took a deep interest in military matters and was colonel of the local militia regiment for some time.

He was ordained a clergyman of the Universalist Church, in October 1826; preached at Strafford, Vt., 1826-27; Lebanon, N. H., 1827-April 1833; South Danvers, Mass., April, 1833-January, 1835; Lebanon and Hanover, N. H.,

1835-1840; Hartford, Conn., 1840-Oct. 1845; Troy, N. Y., 1845-September, 1846; Lowell, Mass., September 1846-47; Lynn, Mass., 1847-49; Strafford, Vt., 1849-June 1850; Concord, N. H. June 1850-February 1855. He was the principal editor during 1846 of the *Connecticut Universalist*, published in Hartford, Conn.

He took an active interest in all public affairs of the towns where he lived; served on the school boards of several towns; was active in the support of the various schools connected with his church, especially Tufts College; was a trustee of "N. U." 1835-38; was nominated for governor of New Hampshire in 1855, by the American Party.

He was active in the support of the temperance movement and a strong abolitionist. In November 1842, he assisted in forming a missionary society of which he was treasurer for a number of years.

He was a member of the Blazing Star Lodge F. and A. M. of Concord, N. H., and its Master, 1854-55; White Mountain Lodge, I. O. O. F. of Concord.



Rev. John Moore.

He was married February 12, 1818, to Mary, daughter of Silas and Elizabeth Alger of Strafford. She died November 28, 1889.

Two children were born to them; John Harvey, "N. U." '38 (q. v.); Jedediah Harris, born May 12, 1821; died in Lebanon, N. H., March 5, 1831.

HON. JUSTIN SMITH MORRILL, LL. D.

Justin S. Morrill, son of Nathaniel and Mary (Hunt) Morrill, was born in Strafford, Vt., April 14, 1810, and died in Washington, D. C., December 28, 1898.

He attended the schools of his native town and the Thetford and Randolph Academies. He was a clerk in the store in his town until 1828, when he went to Portland, Me., where he was employed by a merchant in the West India shipping trade. In 1831, he returned to Strafford, Vt., and engaged in business in partnership with Judge Jedediah Harris (trustee q. v.), until 1855. He also served for many years as director of the Orange County Bank of Chelsea. He was a close student and during his spare time read many law works, stocking his mind with information, that in after years became of great service to him.

He was at first a Whig in politics and later a Republican. In 1851, he was elected congressman from the second congressional district and held this office until he was elected United States senator in 1866. He continued as senator until his death. He was one of the ablest statesmen of his time, gaining great prominence for his work in Congress. His most prominent work was, perhaps, the establishing of the agricultural colleges in the United States.

He contributed several articles to the *North American Review*, and a volume entitled *Self-Consciousness of Noted Persons*, published in 1882 and in 1886. He was one of the regents of the Smithsonian Institute, and a trustee of the University of Vermont for several years. He was an active friend of Norwich University, serving as trustee, 1862-63. The degree of A. M. was conferred on him by Dartmouth, and LL. D. by the University of Pennsylvania and the University of Vermont.

He was married in 1851, to Ruth, daughter of Dr. Caleb and Ruth (Barrill) Swan of Easton, Mass. One son, James S. survived them.

COL. SAMUEL NUTT.

Samuel Nutt, son of John and Sarah (Bagley) Nutt, was born in Topsham, Vt., December 23, 1791, and died in Randolph, Vt., January 1, 1871; was buried in Hartford, Vt.

In 1810, he located in West Lebanon, N. H., where he was employed in the hotel conducted by Erastus Chamberlain. About 1812, he began boating on the Connecticut River, and for over twenty years he engaged extensively in river transportation. He constructed many boats for use on the Connecticut River and on various canals. He served as captain of the steamboat *John Ledyard*, on the Connecticut River, 1829-30. In 1832, he retired from the boating business. In 1817, he purchased a large farm in White River Junction, which he conducted for many years; was also the owner of many other valuable farms. He was engaged in many business enterprises. In 1845, he built the "Junction House," which he managed for many years. He was one of the first subscribers for the stock of the Central Vermont R. R. Co., and of the Vermont and Boston Telegraph Co. He met with marked success in his various business enterprises and acquired a large property. About 1870, he removed to Randolph, where he resided until his death.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many town offices; served as postmaster of White River Junction, October 30, 1850 to December 12, 1859.

He took a great interest in educational matters and was a firm friend of the University, serving as trustee, 1848-1867.

He was a member of the United Brethren Lodge F. and A. M., of Hartford, and of the Vermont Commandery K. T.

He was married December 17, 1817, to Hannah Kibbe of Hartford, Vt., who died at White River Junction February 6, 1870. Eight children were born to them: Alonzo, born October 5, 1819, died November 15, 1905; Almena, born May 21, 1822, died May 12, 1823; Amanda, born April 22, 1824, died August 30, 1846; Almena, born May 21, 1826, married I. B. Culver, a prominent civil engineer, died in 1908; Albert, born May 11, 1829, died in 1902; Amelia, born October 30, 1831, married George W. Blodgett of Amherst, died September 19, 1907; Almira, born February 3, 1838, married H.L. Smith, died in February 1908; Adelia, born September 5, 1840, died August 5, 1857.

REV. ROSWELL PARK, A. M., D. D.

Roswell Park, son of Avery and Betsey (Meech) Park, was born in Lebanon, Conn., October 1, 1807, and died in Chicago, Ill., July 16, 1869.

He passed several years of his boyhood in Preston, Conn., attending

school in that town. In 1820, his parents removed to New York, where he prepared for college at Oxford, N. Y., and Hamilton, N. Y., academies and entered Hamilton College in 1826, and remained until 1827, when he received an appointment to the United States Military Academy, from which institution he graduated in 1831, first in his class. The same year he passed his final examination at Union College and graduated B. A. He was elected a member of the $\phi B K$

He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, U. S. Engineers, July 1, 1831; was assistant engineer, Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., 1831-33; Fort Warren, Boston, Mass., 1833-36; Delaware Breakwater, off Delaware Bay, 1836. He resigned his commission September 30, 1836.

He was professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy in the University of Pennsylvania, 1836-42. He entered the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1842; was rector of Christ Church, Pomfret, Conn., 1842-52. He founded in 1845, a private school, "Christ Church Hall" at the same place, which he conducted until 1852. He was elected president of Norwich University in 1850, but declined the position. He passed six months in travel in Europe in 1852, and in the same year located in Racine, Wis. He founded Racine College and was its president until 1859. In this last year, St. John's School, Delafield, Wis., was united with Racine College and he was appointed chancellor, serving until 1863. He was rector of St. Luke's Church, Racine, from 1855 until 1863, when he removed to Chicago and opened "Immanuel Hall," a literary and scientific school, of which he was rector and proprietor until his death.

He received the degrees of A. M. from Union College in 1836 and from Hamilton College in 1837; and D. D. from "N. U.," in 1850. He served as a trustee of "N. U." during 1851-53.

He was the author of several books: *Juvenile and Miscellaneous Poems*, Philadelphia, 1836; *Sketch of the History of West Point* 1840; *Pantology, a Systematic Survey of Human Knowledge* Philadelphia, 1841; *Handbook for Travellers in Europe*, New York, 1853; *Jerusalem and other Poems*, 1857; he also prepared several text books for his pupils' use. He was a member and officer in many societies; was one of the founders and original members of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

He was twice married: first, December 28, 1836 to Mary Brewster Baldwin of Woburn, Mass., who died at Racine, Wis., October 23, 1854. Five children were born to them: three died young, two survive; Mary, unmarried, and Dr. Roswell Park, born May 4, 1852, professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery, University of Buffalo, Buffalo, Y. Y. He was married the second time at Waukegan, Ill., April 25, 1860, to Eunice Elizabeth Niles, who died March 30, 1877. There were no children born of the second marriage.

HON. CYRUS PARTRIDGE.

Cyrus Partridge, son of Captain Isaac and Lois (Newton) Partridge, and brother of Capt. William Partridge, of the U. S. Engineer Corps and cousin of Capt. Alden Partridge, U. S. A., was born in Norwich, Vt., July 11, 1786; and died there July 16, 1812.

He engaged in the mercantile business in Norwich for many years, meeting with success in his business enterprises. He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; was postmaster, 1818-20, 1821-31; represented

his town in the House of Representatives, 1829-35 and 1836; served as trustee of "N. U.," 1838-42. He was a member of the Congregational Church, serving as deacon for some years.

He was married December 11, 1806, to Mary Loveland, of Norwich, Vt. Eight children were born to them: Almira, married William Gillett; Harriet, married Mr. Knight; Mary, married William Carpenter, "N.U.," '25; Emily, Henry, Charles; Frederick William, "N.U.," '45; Franklin, born December 13 1825, died in Burlington, Kan., December 24, 1907.

GEN. CHARLES HAZEN PEASLEE, A. M.

Charles H. Peaslee, son of William Peaslee, was born in Gilmanton N. H., February 6, 1804, and died in St. Paul, Minn., September 20, 1866.

He attended the schools of his home town and graduated A. B. from Dartmouth in 1824; later received the degree of A. M. from that Institution. He studied law and practiced his profession in Concord, from 1828 until about 1860, when he removed to St. Paul, Minn.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; represented his district in Congress, 1847-53. He was adjutant and inspector general of New Hampshire, 1839-47. He was instrumental in founding the asylum for the insane in Concord, serving as trustee for some years; was collector of the Port of Boston, 1854; was a director of the Concord R. R. for many years. He took great interest in the University, serving as trustee during 1848-54.

HON. LUCIUS BENEDICT PECK.

Lucius B. Peck, son of Gen. John Peck, was born in Waterbury, Vt., in October, 1802, and died in Lowell, Mass., December 28, 1866, while there on a professional visit.

He entered West Point in 1822, but owing to ill health was forced to resign his cadetship in 1823. He studied law with Judge Prentiss of Montpelier, and with Dennison Smith of Barre, Vt., was admitted to the bar in September, 1825. He formed a partnership with Mr. Smith and practiced with him until about 1832, when he removed to Montpelier. He was later a partner with B. F. Fifield. He became one of the leading lawyers in the State.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many positions. He represented Barre in the House of Representatives in 1831, represented his district in Congress from 1847 to 1851. He was twice the Democratic candidate for governor, and served as district attorney of Vermont, during 1853-57.

He was connected with several business enterprises of his city and state. He served as president of the Vermont and Canada Railroad from 1859-66. He took great interest in the University, serving as trustee, 1853-57.

He was married in 1830, to the daughter of Ira Day of Barre, who died in 1845.

HON. FRANKLIN PIERCE, A. B., LL. D.

Franklin Pierce, fourteenth president of the United States, was born in Hillsborough, N.H., November 23, 1804, and died in Concord, N. H., October 8, 1869. His father was Gen. Benjamin Pierce, a veteran of the Revolutionary War, and later prominent in the political affairs of New Hampshire. His mother was Anna Kendrick.

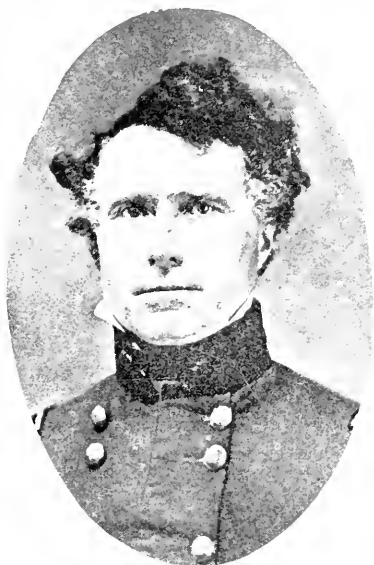
President Pierce prepared for college at the Hancock and the Francestown (N. H.) Academies. He entered Bowdoin College, Maine, in 1820 and graduated A. B. in 1824; received the degree of LL.D. from his *Alma Mater* and from "N. U." in 1853, and from Dartmouth in 1860.

He studied law with Judge Woodbury of Portsmouth, N. H. during 1824-25; attended a law school in Northampton, Mass., 1825-26 and with Judge Parker in Amherst, N. H., 1826-27. He was admitted to the bar in 1827, and practiced his profession in Concord, N. H., 1827-33, 1842-47, 1857-69.

He was a Democrat in politics and at an early age took a prominent part in the political affairs of his State. He was elected to the State Legislature in 1828, and was re-elected for four succeeding years, serving as speaker of the house in 1831 and 1832. In 1833, he was elected to Congress where he at once gained prominence serving on several important committees. In 1837, he was elected United States senator, and served until 1842. During his term of service in the United States Senate, he gained wide fame as an orator and a statesman. In 1844, he declined an appointment to the United States Senate; also in the same year he was nominated by his party for governor of the state, but declined the nomination. He served as district attorney of New Hampshire in 1845. In 1846, he declined the appointment of attorney general of the United States, tendered him by President Polk.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he took an active part in support of the government, and in company with his friend Col. Truman B. Ransom, '25, then president of "N. U.," made many speeches throughout New England in support of the war. Showing his patriot zeal for the cause, he enlisted as a private in February 1847, in a company, being raised in Concord for the 9th United States Infantry, the "Old Ninth New England Regiment." He was commissioned colonel February 16, 1847, Truman B. Ransom, '25, being the lieutenant colonel. On March 3, 1847, he was promoted brigadier general, being succeeded in the command of the regiment by Colonel Ransom. His command joined General Scott's army in the latter part of June. At the battle of Contreras, August 18, 1847, General Pierce performed conspicuous duty; but was severely injured by the fall of his horse. He, however, commanded his brigade the next day, remaining on the field until the enemy was driven back. He continued in service in Mexico until the close of the war, resigning his commission, March 20, 1848.

In 1850, he served as president of the constitutional convention of New Hampshire. He was elected President of the United States in 1852, serving from March 4, 1853 until March 4, 1857. His administration was at an event-



Hon. Franklin Pierce.

ful period. Great public disturbances were caused by fillibustering in Central America and Cuba, by the citizens of this country. In 1854, the Kansas-Nebraska bill was passed and the slavery question was being agitated in all parts of the country. Upon his retirement as president, he returned to Concord and continued the practice of law until his death.

He was a personal friend of Captain Alden Partridge and Col. Truman B. Ransom, '25. He took a deep interest in the welfare of the University, serving as trustee from 1841 until 1859.

He was married in 1834, to Jane Means, daughter of Rev. Jesse Appleton, president of Bowdoin College. Mrs. Pierce died in Concord, N. H., December 2, 1863. Three sons were born to them, but none survive their parents. Two died in early youth, and the youngest, Benjamin, was killed in an accident on the Boston and Maine R. R. in 1853.

HON. CHARLES REED, A. M., LL. B.

Charles Reed was born in Thetford, Vt., November 24, 1814, and died in Montpelier, Vt., March 7, 1873.

He graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1835, and later received the degree of A. M. from that Institution; graduated LL. D., from Harvard University Law School in 1839. He then located in Montpelier, Vt., where he practiced his profession many years.

He was a Republican in politics and held several positions; was state's attorney, Washington county, Vt., 1847-48; registrar of probate, one year; librarian of the State Library of Vermont, 1858, until his death. He served as trustee of "N. U.," 1853-55. He married Emily Eliza Baldwin.

JOHN REYNOLDS.

John Reynolds, son of John and Hannah (Faulder) Reynolds, was born in Norfolk, Va., January 1, 1801, and died in Boston, Mass., in 1875.

He removed to Boston, where he attended the public schools and resided there until about 1825, when he removed to Strafford, Vt. He was agent for the Vermont Copper Company from 1825 until 1865, when he returned to Boston. He was captain of the militia company at Strafford, Vt.; served as a trustee of "N. U.," from 1850 until he resigned, August 13, 1856.

He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He was married in 1829 to Mary Ann, daughter of Benjamin Preston of Strafford, Vt., who died in 1873. Six children were born to them: Susan Duncan born in 1830, married Henry R. Reynolds, died in Boston in 1903; Lucy Preston, born in 1835, married Edmund Page George, died in 1856; Mary Elizabeth, born in 1845, married George Weston Simmons, died in 1880; Mirinda Preston, Mary Sanborn, and Evalin died in infancy.

COL. ALBA STIMSON.

Alba Stimson, son of Joel and Susanna (Grow) Stimson, was born in Norwich, Vt., May 10, 1783 and died in Post Mills, Vt., March 15, 1864.

He engaged in teaching in Norwich and vicinity for many years, meeting with marked success. He served for several years on the school committee of Norwich, and was annually elected superintendent of schools for many years. He took an active interest in "N. U.," serving as a trustee from 1848 until 1850.

He was an active member of the "Free Soil Party." He held nearly all the town offices of Norwich; represented the town at the state constitutional convention in 1850.

He took an active interest in military matters, and held the rank of colonel in the state militia. He commanded several companies of the militia which met in Windsor, Vt., on June 28, 1825, to welcome General Lafayette to the State. He was one of the most respected and influential citizens of Norwich. A few years previous to his death, he removed to Post Mills.

He was married March 16, 1809, to Phoebe, daughter of Pierce Burton of Norwich, who died in Norwich, February 7, 1859; no children.

WILLIAM SWEATT, M. D.

William Sweatt, son of John and Hannah (Patterson) Sweatt, was born in Salisbury, N. H., in 1793, and died at Union Village, Thetford, Vt., September 12, 1866.

He received an academic education, studied medicine and was admitted to practice in New Hampshire, February 27, 1816.

He served as an assistant surgeon in the War of 1812, and was taken prisoner and taken to England, where he did much service in the hospitals. He returned to his native state after the prisoners were exchanged and began the practice of medicine about 1820.

He located in Norwich, Vt., in 1820; moved to Union Village, Thetford, in 1837, where he practiced his profession until his health failed, caused by a fall from his carriage. He was a very successful physician having an extensive practice not only in Thetford, but in the adjoining towns. He was often sent for in consultation with other physicians, and was often called upon for advice by Dr. Dixi Crosby, professor of Surgery at Dartmouth College.

He was a Democrat in politics until the formation of the Republican party, when he changed to that political faith; held many offices in Norwich; served several terms in the state senate from his county, and was justice of the peace.

He was much interested in educational matters; served as school director in Norwich and Thetford several years; was also town superintendent of schools, Thetford. He served as trustee of "N. U." 1834-50, and was a member of the executive committee, 1834-50; also served as medical examiner of the University for some years.

He married Zilpha Baxter, daughter of Elishu and Triphena Baxter of Norwich. She died at Union Village, (Thetford) Vt., March 15, 1866. Six children were born to them: Susan, born January 2, 1825, married Dr. Bushrod R. Gibson, died at Angola, Ind., May 20, 1889; John, born April 5, 1827, died in West Mitchell, Ia., January 12, 1902; Elizabeth, born December 15, 1825, married Sumner S. Frary, died Riverside, Cal., Nov. 27, 1907. Charles, "N. U." '51 (q. v.); William Stickney, born May 11,



Dr. William Sweatt.

1836, resides Riverside, Cal.; Frederick, born September 9, 1842, resides Fargo, N. D.

HON. LEVI BAKER VILAS.

Levi B. Vilas, son of Moses and Mercy (Flint) Vilas, was born in Sterling, Vt., February 25, 1811, and died in Madison, Wis., February 6, 1879.

He received an academic education and studied law; was admitted to the bar in St. Albans, Vt., in 1833; practiced his profession in Morrisville, Vt., 1833-35; Johnson, Vt., 1835-38; Chelsea, Vt., 1838-51. On June 5, 1851, he settled in Madison, Wis., where he practiced his profession for a number of years, but retired from active work before his death. He met with marked success in his profession, becoming one of the best known lawyers in Wisconsin. He served as trustee of "N. U.," during 1843-53.



Hon. Levi Baker Vilas.

He was a Democrat in politics, and held many offices; represented Johnson, Vt., in the State Constitutional Convention in 1835, and in the House of Representatives in 1836 and 1837; Chelsea, Vt., 1840-43 state senator, 1845-46, serving as chairman *pro tem*; was the Democratic candidate for Congress in 1844; was judge of probate three years; served as commissioner of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institute of Vermont; was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention in Baltimore, Md.; represented Madison, Wis., in the State Legislature in 1855, 1868 and 1873; was mayor of Madison, Wis., 1861-62; was regent of the University of Wisconsin, 1853-67; a draft commissioner in 1862; a member of the Wisconsin State Historical Society and of its executive committee, from 1866 until his death.

He was married, October 10, 1837, to Esther Green Smilie of Cambridge, Vt., who died in Madison, Wis., June 12, 1892. Ten children were born to them: Nathan Smilie, born August 20, 1838, died July 28, 1839; William Freeman, born July 9, 1840, served as lieutenant colonel 23d Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry in the Civil War; was a prominent lawyer of the bar of Madison, Wis.; postmaster general and secretary of the interior in President Cleveland's first cabinet; U. S. senator from Wisconsin, died August 27, 1908; Henry, born May 24, 1842, became a lawyer, served in the 12th and 23d Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, Civil War, as captain and brevet major; city attorney of Appleton, Wis., at the time of his death, November 21, 1872; Levi Madison, born February 17, 1844, lawyer; judge of the Ramsay county district court, Minnesota, residing at St. Paul, Minn., at the time of his death, August 25, 1889; Son born and died December 20, 1844; Charles

Harrison, born July 22, 1846, surgeon; practiced his profession about twenty-five years in Chicago, Ill., retiring president of the Hahnemann Medical College of that City, resides Madison Wis.; Frederick, born February 28, 1850, died March 29, 1851; Edward Perrin, born November 6, 1852, a prominent member of the legal profession of Milwaukee, Wis., where he resides; Ira Hill, born April 19, 1863, died August 14, 1863; Esther, born August 28 1865, died October 24, 1885.

GEORGE EDWARD WALES, A. M.

George E. Wales was born in Westminster, Vt. May 13, 1790, and died in Hartford, Vt., January 8, 1860. He received a common school education and studied law with Gen. Stephen R. Bradley of Westminster and Hon. Titus Hutchinson of Woodstock; was admitted to the Windsor county bar in 1812.

He practiced his profession in Hartford 1812-29; 1840-60; and in various places in Windsor county 1829-40. On the organization of the White River Bridge Co. in 1818, he was elected clerk and treasurer, serving until 1825.

He was a Whig in politics and held many public offices; was a member of the Vermont Constitutional Convention in 1822; represented his town in the House of Representatives, 1822-24 and was its speaker in 1823 and 1824; represented his district in Congress, 1825-29; was town clerk of Hartford 1840-60; judge of probate, Hartford district, 1817-50.

He was a prominent Mason, having joined Warren Lodge No. 23, of Woodstock in 1812; was a charter member of United Brethren Lodge No. 27, of Hartford and its Master, 1813-24, 1851-53; was Grand Master, 1825-27; was a member of the American Legal Association.

He took great interest in educational matters in his town; was a member of the corporation, University of Vermont, 1823-24; was a trustee of "N. U." 1845-57; received the honorary degree of A. M. from Dartmouth in 1823 and from the University of Vermont in 1825.

He was married in January 1813, to Amanda Lathrop of Sharon, by whom he had seven children.

LIEUTENANT JOHN WRIGHT, U. S. A.

John Wright, son of John and Olive (Partridge) Wright and cousin of Capt. Alden Partridge, was born in Norwich, Vt., June 8, 1792, and died there September 10, 1860.

He entered the U. S. Military Academy May 22, 1812 and graduated March 30, 1814; was commissioned 2d lieutenant Corps of Engineers, same date; was principal assistant professor of mathematics at the Academy, April 1, 1814 to December 1, 1816; served with a company of Bombardiers, Sappers and Miners at West Point 1816-18; resigned July 23, 1818.

He read law in the office of his brother Ebenezer Wright, at York, Pa., and practiced his profession in Norwich, 1818-60. He was a Democrat in politics and held many town offices; was postmaster 1835-38, 1853-56; member of the Constitutional Convention in 1836, 1843 and 1857. He served as trustee of "N. U." 1843-51.

He was twice married: first, to Susan, daughter of Dr. Phineas Parkhurst of Lebanon, N. H. She died, August 18, 1820. One child, Susan Ann, born

February 18, 1819, married Colby C. Benton of Lebanon, N. H. He was married the second time to Almira Kidder Green of Putney, Vt., sister of Hon. Cogswell K. Green, '26; she died March 31, 1877. Five children were born to them: Leonard Jarvis "N. U.," '51, (q. v.); Mary Jarvis, died, unmarried at Tewkesbury, Mass.; Thomas Kidder Green "N. U.," '56 (q. v.); two children died in infancy.



In Camp, 1910.

CHAPTER II.

SKETCHES OF PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS, 1834-66.

CAPT. ALDEN PARTRIDGE, U. S. A., A. M.

Alden Partridge, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Wright) Partridge, was born in Norwich, Vt., February 12, 1785, and died there, January 16, 1854.

His father was a farmer in independent circumstances. He had served in the Revolution, and had taken part in the capture of Burgoyne and his army at Saratoga. He brought up his son in the New England fashion; at such district schools as the time and the country afforded in the winter, and at all sorts of work on the farm at other seasons, until he was sixteen years of age, when, being of a studious turn and fond of reading, he was allowed to fit for college, and entered Dartmouth in August, 1802. There is no record of his studies in college, but it is presumed that his predilections were for mathematics. In 1805, he received the appointment of cadet in the artillerists, in the United States service, with orders to repair to West Point. He reported to the commanding officer of the military academy of that place on December 14, 1805.

The U. S. Military Academy, at that time, was very irregularly equipped with the men and material aids of instruction, although the two teachers appointed were abundantly capable in their respective departments. Jared Mansfield, especially, the teacher of Natural Philosophy, had now such a reputation in mathematical studies that he received his commission as a captain of engineers from Mr. Jefferson, for the

very purpose of becoming a teacher at West Point, which he did by appointment in 1802, although in reality he did not perform his duties regularly, and then only for one year, having been in 1808, appointed by President Jefferson to the responsible post of surveyor general, of the Northwestern territory.

Cadet Partridge graduated from the National Academy on October 30, 1806, and on the same date he was appointed assistant professor of Mathematics,



Captain Alden Partridge.

From a portrait made in Middletown Conn.,
in 1826.

Ferdinand Hassler, being the professor. From Professor Hassler, he received great help in his mathematical studies. On February 14, 1810, Professor Hassler resigned, leaving the department in charge of Lieutenant Partridge. He was appointed principal assistant professor of Mathematics, April 29, 1812. In 1812, the United States Army was reorganized and a professorship of Mathematics was allowed and on April 13, 1813, Captain Partridge was appointed to the position with the pay and the emoluments of a major. On September 1, 1813, he was transferred to the department of Civil Engineering, as professor, and held the office until December 31, 1816. He was commissioned captain, United States Engineers, July 23, 1810.

In 1808, Captain Partridge was detailed to act as superintendent in the place of Colonel Williams, and continued to act in this capacity with brief intervals until January 3, 1815, when he received the permanent appointment,

and served as such for two terms, until July 28, 1817. By a regulation of January, 1815, the commandant of the Corps of Engineers was constituted an inspector of the Academy, and made responsible for instruction and was required to report to the War Department.

He resigned from the army in the early part of April 1818, and from this time he devoted himself to the dissemination, by lectures and otherwise, of the views which he held of the education required by the American citizen, and the establishment of institutions in which these views could be carried out.

He was engaged in the summer of 1818, as military instructor to a volunteer corps, and in giving a course of lectures on fortification and other branches of military science to a class of officers and citizens in the city of New York. The views which he at that

time presented on the best means of national defense were in advance of the "piping times of peace," in 1818; but have since been demonstrated to be eminently sound and practical by the terrible experience of 1861-65.

His chief reliance for national defense was in the *military habits* of the great body of the American people—organized into suitable (military) departments, corresponding in the main to the limits of the several states, officered by men of the right capacity, scientific education, and military training.

In the early part of 1819, Captain Partridge was engaged in the exploring survey of the northeastern boundary, under the fifth article of the treaty of Ghent. While on this survey, he determined from barometrical and thermometrical observations the altitudes of the highlands dividing the rivers which flow northerly into the St. Lawrence, from those which flow southerly into the Atlantic Ocean; he also made a profile of the country between several



Captain Alden Partridge U. S. A.

From a portrait at U. S. Military Academy.

points on the St. Lawrence, and corresponding positions in the State of Maine.

In the latter part of 1819, Captain Partridge resigned his position in this survey, for the purpose of carrying into practical effect a plan of education which had occupied much of his attention since 1810, and which in its main features was, doubtless, suggested by his experience at Hanover and West Point, and was calculated to supply certain deficiencies which he and others had already noticed in our American colleges and higher seminaries of learning. His views, both of the deficiencies and their remedies, were set forth in a lecture delivered at this time, which was subsequently printed. After defining "education" in its most perfect state to be the "preparing a youth in the best possible manner for the correct discharge of the duties of any station in which he may be placed," he proceeds to characterize the existing plan of instruction.

For the founding of the "American Literary, Scientific and Military Academy," see chapter I.

He was appointed surveyor general of Vermont, in November, 1822, and served through the term of his appointment. In 1833, 1834, 1837, and 1839, Captain Partridge was elected Representative from the town of Norwich to the Legislature of Vermont, and in that capacity labored to give efficiency to the military system of the State. In 1834, he secured for certain petitioners a charter for the Norwich University, in which the trustees are required "to provide for a constant course of instruction in military science and civil engineering," and are "prohibited from establishing any regulations of a sectarian character, either in religion or in politics." Of this corporation, consisting of twenty-five trustees, Captain Partridge was a member, and on organizing the Institution in 1835, he was elected president. He continued to instruct in his department of military science and engineering, and administered the affairs of the University until November 11, 1843, when owing to some difficulties arising out of the use of the building, arms, and accoutrements, which were his private property, he resigned.

In 1838, he was influential in calling together a convention of military officers and persons interested in giving greater efficiency to the organization of the militia of the several states, to meet for consultation. This convention met at Norwich, on the 4th of July of that year, and continued to meet annually for several years to discuss plans for the organization and discipline of the militia, for the dissemination of a knowledge of military science, for the defense of the coast, etc. Many reports of this body were drawn up by him, and the proceedings were forwarded to, and printed by order of, the Congress of the United States.

In 1839, on the request of many influential citizens, he visited Portsmouth, Va., and established a military school in that place, which was soon after recognized by the legislature of the State, as the "Virginia Literary, Scientific and Military Institute," and was aided by an appropriation out of the literary fund. This institute, with an institute of a similar character at Lexington, in the western part of the State, has been greatly instrumental in diffusing widely in Virginia a knowledge and taste for military affairs. The success of this institution, and the personal influence of many of his own scholars at Norwich and Middletown, led to the establishment of similar schools in other Southern states.

In May, 1842, Captain Partridge accepted the position of camp instructor

for a large body of officers and men of the Pennsylvania Volunteer Militia, in encampment at Reading, Berks county. Each evening he delivered a lecture to officers assembled in the general's marquee, and during the day exercised the troops in the manual of arms, and in company, regimental and brigade movements in the field. On this and many similar occasions, he demonstrated the correctness and practicability of his theory of national defense, so far as testing the qualifications of officers for command, and giving accuracy, rapidity, and steadiness of exercise and movements to troops, by assembling officers and men of the state militia, once or twice in the year, in convenient numbers and places, under instructors, themselves trained in the best military institutions, and familiar with every improvement in military organization, equipment, and movement, and especially when clothed with the expectation of success in actual service, would soon bring the entire militia

of the States into a uniform system, and give respectability and efficiency to this department of the public service. This result would be more speedily realized if a number of educational institutions similar to those which he had organized under disadvantages, against many prejudices, could call out and cultivate military taste and accomplishments among a portion of the young men of each state.



Captain Alden Partridge U. S. A.
Copied from his last portrait, a daguerreo-
type, made in 1852.

In 1853, he opened at Brandywine Springs near Wilmington, in the State of Delaware, another institution in which he fondly hoped his idea of a national school of education would be realized; an institution in which physical training in connection with military exercises and movements, should accompany the acquisition of practical knowledge of the great principles of science that underlie all the arts of peace. Arrangements were made for a class of ten or twelve of the most advanced and matured cadets to accompany him to Europe to study strategy of the great battles of the world, and the armies, armories, and resources of the great nations of Europe; but these hopes were darkened for a time by a great disaster, and soon extinguished by the sudden death of the great projector. In the autumn of 1853, the buildings at Brandywine Springs were consumed by fire. Arrangements had previously been made to secure suitable accommodations at Bristol, Penn., and upwards of one hundred pupils enrolled their names to attend for a year at that place, but the great motive power of the enterprise was stricken down.

At the close of the year 1853, Captain Partridge, in apparent good health and the best of spirits, returned to Norwich, where his family still resided. A few days after reaching home, he was attacked by sharp and exherciating

pains in his back, which were soon subdued by anodynes; but from the prostration, and the cause, which proved on a post-mortem examination to be aneurism near the base of the spine, and which had been exhausting his vitality for years. He never rallied, and on the 17th of January, 1854, he breathed his last, widely and deeply mourned by troops of friends, who loved him as their teacher, and looked up to him as the best expounder of the principles of Military Science, Education and National Defense.

In 1812, Dartmouth college conferred upon Captain Partridge the degree of A. M., in course. In 1821, he was elected president of the University of Vermont, but was unable to accept the office. The same year the corporation conferred upon him the honorary degree of A. M., it being the only complimentary degree given that year.

He was married April, 1837, to Ann Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Swazey of Claremont, N. H. She died in October, 1902. Two sons were born to them, George Musallah Colvocoresses, born August 4, 1838, died May 12, 1855; Henry Villers, (q. v.) a captain of the Pennsylvania Volunteers during the Civil War, and who now resides at Norwich.

GEN. TRUMAN BISHOP RANSOM, A. M.

Truman B. Ransom, son of Amasa and Abigail (Root) Ransom, was born in Woodstock, Vt., September 20, 1802, and was killed in the battle of Chapultepec, Mexico, September 13, 1847.

He was a descendant of Joseph Ransom, who settled at an early date in Lyme, Conn. His great-grandfather, Matthew Ransom, and his grandfather, George Ransom, served in the Revolutionary War, and were in the memorable expedition commanded by Benedict Arnold, which made the perilous march through the Wilderness of Maine and assailed the walls of Quebec. Amasa Ransom, General Ransom's father, died in Woodstock, April 30, 1819, leaving the family in nearly a penniless condition.

General Ransom at an early age was forced to make his own way in the world. At the age of thirteen he was placed in the shop of Artemas Lawrence of Woodstock, to learn the trade of a chair maker and painter. At an early age, he showed a great eagerness to acquire knowledge. Fortunately for him, Mr. Lawrence was a kind master and loved his books; so this desire on the part of his apprentice was encouraged, and opportunities were given him to read and study his books. As he progressed in his studies the desire came to give up his apprenticeship and give all his time to study, with the idea of going to college. He asked Lawrence to release him from his engagement, but this request was refused. About 1819, Lawrence moved his business to Quechee Vt., and Ransom offered to labor for Lawrence every alternate quarter and to double the amount of work he usually turned out, provided he would allow him to attend school one half the time. This proposition was agreed to and young Ransom entered the "Academy" at Norwich in 1820. He had a great deal of musical ability, and played the fife skillfully. Captain Partridge soon enrolled him in the fife and drum corps which played for the corps of cadets during drill and on their practice marches. In this way, he paid most of his expenses at the "Academy."

For three years he worked for Lawrence and continued his studies until his apprenticeship was served. To accomplish all this labor, he was obliged to



General Truman B. Ransom, A. M.

work early and late and to forego all those recreations dear to every college man.

On the death of Lawrence in 1823, Ransom took the shop and carried on the business successfully, with his academic work. He managed to manufacture a large stock of furniture, the sale of which would carry him through the "Academy"; but a fire occurring in the building where the stock was stored, he lost everything. With savings of less than one hundred dollars, he determined to go on with his college work.

Captain Partridge became interested in this resolute cadet and gave a helping hand. By playing his fife at parades and occasionally working at his trade, he completed the course in 1825, standing high in his class work. He was instructor of Mathematics at the "Academy" during 1825-28; Topography, 1827-28; Music, 1825-28. He returned to the "Academy" in 1831 as professor of Mathematics, and held the position until 1832.

He served as vice-president of the University from January 14, 1835, until May 3, 1836; was professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy 1834-35. He was again elected vice-president of the University May 6, 1843, and served until February 8, 1844; was acting president from November 11, 1843, when Captain Partridge resigned, until February 8, 1844, when he was elected president. He served as professor of Natural Philosophy, Military Science, Political Economy, and Civil Engineering from May 6, 1843, until May 7, 1847, when he resigned to serve in the Mexican War; served as trustee of the University from 1842 until his death; received from the University the degree of A. M. in 1836.

He was engineer for the Connecticut River Steamboat and Navigation Co., in 1824, and made a map of the river for the company. He, with Elisha Dunbar, '23, founded the New Jersey Institution in Orange, N. J., in the summer of 1828, which they successfully conducted until 1830, when, owing to the death of Professor Dunbar, in March, the school was given up. In May, 1830, he founded a military school at Fayetteville, N. C., which soon became popular and prosperous and he was beginning to acquire means when in August, 1831, the great fire that nearly destroyed the whole town, burned his school buildings and he lost all his property.

He was professor of Mathematics and Tactics at Jefferson College, Mississippi, 1832-34, a class mate, John Holbrook, being acting president. Upon the death of Professor Holbrook in August, 1832, he was appointed acting president of the Institution and had full charge of its management until 1834, when he resigned his position and returned to Norwich, Vt. where he made his home. He was several times offered the presidency of this Institution; but was obliged to refuse the position, as the climate did not agree with the health of his family.

He was appointed professor of Mathematics in the United States Navy, October 2, 1835, and held the position until 1837, serving on the *Constellation* for some months in the West Indian Squadron; was engineer on the Utica & Oswego R. R., in 1837-38, and located the road from Utica to Rome; was division engineer for the Illinois Internal Improvement Commission, 1838-39.

He took great interest in the military affairs of the State of Vermont and spent much time in reviving and reorganizing the militia. His ambition was to make the "old floodwood" militia into an efficient national guard. He was frequently called upon by the officers of the state militia to instruct and drill them at their meetings for instruction. He proved so valuable to them



Col. T. B. Ransom, U. S. A., '25. Col. Du. bar Ransom, U. S. A., '51. Maj. Gen. T. E. G. Ransom, 51. Lieut. F. E. Ransom, '68.

that he was repeatedly urged to take office. In October, 1835, as commissioner, appointed by the governor, he presented to the state legislature, an elaborate report on the militia laws and many of his recommendations were adopted; was elected in 1836, captain of the volunteer militia company of Norwich, attached to the 3d brigade, and later in the same year was elected lieutenant colonel; in 1837, was successively elected colonel, brigadier general, and major general; served as major general until 1841, when he resigned.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he offered his services to the government and in the fall of 1846, was appointed recruiting officer for the 9th United States Infantry, later known as the "Old Ninth New England," being recruited in the New England states. He performed valuable service as recruiting officer during the winter of 1846-47. He was commissioned major of this regiment, February 16, 1847, and lieutenant colonel, April 9, 1847. He resigned the presidency of the University, May 7, 1847, and at once proceeded with his regiment to Fort Adams, R. I. The regiment sailed from Fort Adams about May 31, and landed at Vera Cruz about July 1, and, joined with other new levies to the number of 2,509 men, under the command of General Franklin Pierce, first colonel of the Ninth, effected a junction at Pueblo, August 6, with the American army, commanded by General Scott in person. In the campaign that followed Colonel Ransom especially distinguished himself, and received several compliments from the commanding general for the good discipline and conduct of his regiment, and his skill in handling troops. He was selected to lead the assault on the west side of the hill crowned by the fortress and castle of Chapultepec, September 13, 1847. While gallantly leading his regiment in this charge, and when about half way up the hill, he was shot through the head by a musket ball, and died immediately, in the very moment of victory. His body was temporarily interred in the Protestant burying ground near the city of Mexico, but was exhumed the following winter and brought to Vermont, where it was consigned to its final resting place in the old cemetery at Norwich, February 22, 1848. His funeral was attended by many of the leading men of his own and adjacent States. The funeral discourse was by Rev. J. D. Butler, acting president of the University; followed by a eulogy by F. W. Hopkins, adjutant general of the State. He was interred with appropriate military honors. The escort was composed of the Claremont N. H., Band, the corps of cadets, two companies of infantry from Lebanon and Hanover, N. H., and the West Fairlee Rifle Corps.

At the October session of the Vermont legislature, in 1847, flattering tributes were paid to the memory of Colonel Ransom, and the Governor was directed "as a token of the respect of the General Assembly of this State for the memory of Colonel Ransom, to present in such time and manner as he may deem proper, to the son of Colonel Ransom, an appropriate sword with such devices and inscriptions thereon as will best perpetuate the memory of the deceased and most effectually awaken in the bosom of the son those sentiments of lofty and fervent patriotism for which the father was so pre-eminently distinguished". This sword was presented to Dunbar R. Ransom, '54, by Hon. J. P. Kidder, a graduate of the "Academy."

He was a Democrat in politics and a candidate for Congress in 1840, being defeated by only a small majority. He was an eloquent public speaker and delivered many speeches in various political campaigns.

He was married at Middletown, Conn., February 2, 1830, to Margaretta

Morrison Greenfield. Seven children were born to them: Dunbar Richard, "N. U." '51, (q. v.); Thomas E. G., "N. U." '51, (q. v.); Mary Rozella, born at Norwich, April 25, 1837, died May 20, 1843; George Richard, born December 9, 1839, at Norwich, died September 23, 1845; Frederick Eugene, "N. U." '68; Mary Rozella, named for sister, born at Norwich, April 27, 1843, and died May 20, 1843; Catherine Harriet, born at Norwich, November 26, 1846, married Captain James O'Hara, U. S. A.

PRESIDENT JAMES DAVIE BUTLER, A. M., LL. D.

James D. Butler, son of James Davie and Mrs. Rachel (Harris) Maynard Butler, was born in Rutland, Vt., March 15, 1815, and died in Madison, Wis., November 20, 1905.

He attended the schools of his town until October 1829, when he went to Boston and worked in the hardware store of his cousin. In 1830, he returned home and studied Latin in the select school conducted by Rev. Hadley Proctor. In April, 1831, he entered Wesleyan Seminary, Wilbraham, Mass., where he remained until May 10, 1832. He entered Middlebury College in September, 1832, and graduated A. B. in 1836; was distinguished in college for his scholarship and literary ability; delivered on graduation an oration, "The Poetical Merit of the Iliad"; served as tutor at Middlebury, 1837-38; received from his *Alma Mater* the degrees of A. M. in 1839, and LL. D. in 1862; was for a time acting professor. He was a student at the Yale Theological Seminary, 1836-37; graduated with honor from the Andover Theological Seminary in 1840; held the "Abbott Resident" fellowship, 1840-42; was a student at the University of Zena, Germany for a few months in 1842-43.

He supplied the Congregational Churches in Burlington, July-December, 1843; West Newbury, Vt., 1844-45; Wells River, Vt., 1845-47; was pastor of the church in Wells River, 1847-49; South Danvers (now Peabody) February 26, 1851-August 4, 1852; First Congregational Church, Cincinnati, November 10, 1852-54. In September, 1845, he was elected professor of Ancient Languages and English Literature at "N. U." and served until 1847. Upon the resignation of President Ransom in March, 1846, he served as acting president until August 1847. He returned to the University in 1850, as professor of Modern Languages and *Belles-Lettres*, and held the position one year. He was professor of Greek in Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind., January 1855-December 1858; same, at the University of Wisconsin, 1858-67.

He traveled extensively in Germany, Italy, Switzerland, England, Scotland and Wales, June, 1842-December, 1843; Europe and the Bible Lands and Egypt, 1867-1868. He traveled along the line of the Union Pacific R. R., in June, 1869, extended his trip to California and in August sailed for the Sandwich Islands, where he spent some time studying the languages and customs of the people. In 1878, he again visited Europe, and in 1883 made an extensive tour through Mexico. Later in the same year he explored the Yellowstone National Park and the Northwest. In 1884, he spent six months in Europe, and in 1887, made an extensive trip in Cuba. During July 1890-September 1891, he made a tour around the world, visiting China, India, Ceylon, the Nile Valley, Europe and the land of the "Midnight Sun."

During 1870-75, he was employed in the land department of the Burlington & Missouri R. R., editing various publications, advertising the country the



President James Davie Butler, A. M., LL. D.

road traversed. These publications were translated in various languages and circulated by the millions throughout the world. He was a man of broad culture and was a cosmopolitan in thought and feeling. As a scholar, he had few equals. He was a thorough student, and an able instructor.

He wrote many articles for the *American Quarterly Register*, *Bibliotheca Sacra*, *American Antiquarian*, *Wisconsin State Journal*, *Magazine of American History*, *Lippincott's Magazine*, *New York Nation* and many other periodicals; also articles for the *New England Genealogical Register*, transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences; proceedings National Educational Association, Wisconsin Historical Collections, Vermont Historical Society. He published several pamphlets, among the number being: *Discourse at Norwich, Vt., on the death of General Ransom*, in 1847; address on the *Battle of Bennington, Vt.*, delivered October 20, 1848; a *Guide to the Connecticut and Passumpsic R. R. and the White Mountains*, 1849; *Incentives to Mental Culture among Teachers*, 1853; *Scenes in the Life of Christ, and the Catholic Hierarchy in the United States*, 1866; *Nebraska, a Guide Book*, 1873; *How Dead Languages Make Live Men*, 1874; *Prehistoric Wisconsin*, 1876; *Portraits of Columbus*, 1882; *A September Seampar*; *Guide Book to Nebraska*, 1877; *Cheap Fuel for the Prairies*, 1879; *The Hapax Legomena in Shakespeare*, 1890; *Commonplace Books, Why and How Kept*, 1887; *The Once-used Words in Shakespeare*, 1826; *Alexander Mitchell, the Financier*, 1888; He only published one book during his long literary career, *Bulleriana*, the genealogy of his family, in 1888.

He delivered many lectures on his trips in Europe through New England and other sections of the country. Among his favorite travel topics were: "The Architecture of St. Peters," "The Ceremonies of Holy Week," "Naples and its Neighborhood," "Visits to Pompeii," "Alpine Rambles," "Provincial German Life," and "European Peculiarities." Among his other popular lectures were: "Commonplace Books, Why and How Kept," "Incentives to Mental Culture among Teachers" and "How Dead Languages Make Live Men." He delivered many historical lectures before the various societies of the country. His "Prehistoric Wisconsin" address, excited even trans-Atlantic interest. He was elected a member of the American Antiquarian Society of Worcester, Mass., in 1854. He was one of the early members of the Vermont Historical Society and did much to promote its growth; delivered before the society two notable addresses: "Deficiencies in Our History," 1846, and the "Battle of Bennington," 1848. He was an active member of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin, 1859-1905, its curator 1867-1900, vice-president, 1890-99. He did much to increase the usefulness of this society and for many years did more than any other man, save the secretary to secure gifts to the library and museum; was an active member of the Madison Literary Club, 1877-95, honorary member, 1891-95, first vice-president 1885-86; Rutland County (Vt.) Historical Society; New England Historical Genealogical Society, Corresponding member of the Massachusetts Historical Society.

He was married, April 21, 1845, to Anna Bates, daughter of Rev. Joshua Bates, president of Middlebury College, 1818-39. She died June 9, 1892. Six children were born to them: James Davie, born June 25, 1846, resides Superior, Wis.; William Bates, born February 3, 1848, died August 1, 1854; Mary Bates, born January 6, 1850, died September 28, 1851; Henry Sigourney, born November 16, 1854, resides, Superior, Wis.; Anna Bates, born July 2, 1860,

resides Superior, Wis., Agnes Campbell, born December 20, 1863, married Prof. Benjamin W. Snow of the University of Wisconsin, resides Madison, Wis.

REV. EDWARD BOURNS, A. M., LL. D.

Edward Bourns was born in Dublin, Ireland, October 29, 1801, and died at Norwich, Vt., July 14, 1871. In the fall of 1823, he entered Trinity College, Dublin, an Institution classed with Oxford and Cambridge for its scholarly training and classical curriculum. For some reason, he did not pursue his course consecutively, but left college, to act as tutor in a private family, and did not take his degree of B. A. until July 9, 1833.

After graduating, he engaged as reviewer and writer for the well known publishing firm, Thomas Gregg & Son, doing business in Cheapside, London. He engaged later as a teacher in an English family. In August, 1837, he came to this country and opened an English and Classical School in Philadelphia, where he became acquainted with the Rev. William DeLaney, D. D., provost of the Pennsylvania University. After the consecration of Dr. DeLaney as bishop of Western New York, and his removal to Geneva, N. Y., in 1838, Doctor Bourns was attracted to Geneva. In 1839, he received the degree of M. A. from Hobart College, then presided over by Rev. Benjamin Hale, D. D., and the same year was elected adjunct professor of the Latin and Greek Languages in that Institution. In 1841, the same college conferred upon him the degree of LL. D.; also in the same year, on the seventh of March, he was ordained deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, and the following year, March 12, he was ordained priest.

In 1845, Doctor Bourns resigned his professorship in Hobart College and went to Brooklyn, N. Y., where he continued to teach the ancient languages until he was elected in September 1850, to the presidency of Norwich University, Vermont. He continued to hold this office until 1865, and from 1850 until a few days before his death, discharged the duties of professor of Latin and Greek.

During a connection of twenty years with the University, as president and professor of Ancient Languages, Doctor Edward Bourns endeared himself to the members of as many classes through his eminent attainments, his kindly sympathy, and his delicate, incisive wit. It became a saying in the corps, witnessed to by generations of cadets, that no one could enter the doctor's rooms on the briefest of errands and not depart wiser than he came. The manly, honest, and truthful cadet, who got into trouble through exuberance of spirits, always felt when undergoing the penalties inflicted for his infractions of discipline that he had the respect and sympathy of the disciplinarian; while the unmanly fellow who attempted to cover or palliate his faults by a falsehood, would find "Old Teddy" severe in the extreme, and would carry through life a memory of that severe look of contempt which would knot the doctor's brow as he gave a deprecatory shrug to his broad shoulders. Possessed of the national wit of his nation, but without its brogue, for his English was of the purest diction, he courted that display of it in others; but it is not on record that a cadet ever acquired an advantage over the doctor in an exchange of witticism. His was a wit, as before remarked, that was delicate and incisive; but it never gave pain and it never failed to provoke a smile, even from its victim.

Dr. Bourns was no ordinary man. The intrinsic force, native shrewdness

and genial kindness of his nature made him generally respected and admired by many. He was a man of learning and acumen. At Dublin University he won honorable prizes and in his library were books marked with the printed seal of his *Alma Mater* recording the occasions upon which he won them in scholastic competitions. Rev. Dr. Malcolm Douglass, from whose paper on Doctor Bourns, contributed to a Vermont publication, some portions of this sketch are copied says, "He earned by long practice, a right to teach, as it were, *ex cathedra*. He was a voluminous, careful and exhaustive reader, yet never at any time in his sermons or addresses, in conversations or in discussions, did he ever betray the consequence of the pedant or assume to be other than a sincere inquirer after truth.* * * No man could discern better than he the weak points of a coxcomb, or a hypocrite; and no man could with keener humor and presence of mind foil the advances of intrusive persons and turn the tables upon them. Yet with a facility of extempore speech, and a native readiness that but for his diffidence and physical hindrances would have placed him among our foremost public speakers, and with a keen and humorous mother-wit, he guarded the portals of his speech with the greatest care from hasty, unbecoming or careless words."

He had never belonged to a military organization; but somehow he had acquired the swinging stride of the modern soldier, and in his best days at Norwich it was a pleasant and invigorating sight to see him take a constitutional across the plain. When standing erect, his height was six feet, two inches, with a framework—a breadth of shoulders, a development of muscle, and massive loins—in equal proportion. His physical courage was perfect. A modest talk or two, in which he told the writer of "town and gown" encounters at old Trinity, where he bore "a bit of a stiek," reveals him as a "broth of a boy."

Dr. Bourns may be said, like an old time knight, to have literally "died in his harness." He climbed the hill to the University for the last time in the winter, 1870-71. Grown feeble on account of a lifelong asthma, much earlier than his stalwart physique had promised, he was obliged to pause frequently in his ascents before reaching the crest. When at last, he reluctantly acknowledged that he could no longer make the climb to his classes, they were sent to his place of residence. Captain Curtis once proposed to relieve him of them, but he replied, "If you take my classes from me, I shall die." And so the cadets continued to fill the doctor's sitting room and recite to him, as he lay upon a couch and drilled them with all the exactness and critical refinement that had distinguished him through healthier days. When the last recitation was held and dismissed he rapidly declined, and after midnight of Commencement Day, July 14, 1871, he died.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

JUDGE AARON LOVELAND, A. B.

Aaron Loveland, son of Joseph and Mercy (Bigelow) Loveland, was born in Norwich, Vt., August 10, 1780, and died there, unmarried, January 3, 1870.

He attended the schools of his town, also receiving instruction from the Hon. Daniel Buck, the first lawyer who settled in Norwich. He graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1801, delivering an oration in Greek. He was a classmate of Daniel Webster and was for some time a room-mate.

He studied law with the Hon. Daniel Buck, and was admitted to the bar. He practiced his profession in Strafford until 1810, when he returned to Norwich, and continued his practice many years. He was a fine scholar and an able lawyer; was assistant judge of the Windsor County Court, 1823-24, and chief justice, 1824-25.

He was first a Whig in politics, later a Republican, and held several positions. He represented Norwich in the House of Representatives, 1820-23, and 1840; also served as a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1828.

He took great interest in the University, serving as trustee, February 18, 1835 to 1862. He succeeded Truman B. Ransom as vice-president, February 8, 1844, and served until 1859, when he resigned; served also for a number of years as a member of the Executive Committee.

HORACE WEBSTER, A. M., M. D., LL. D.

Horace Webster was born in Hartford, Vt., September 21, 1791, and died in Geneva, N. Y., July 12, 1871.

He entered the United States Military Academy in 1814, and graduated, July 24, 1818, ranking fourth in his class. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 3d United States Infantry, July 24, 1818, and served at the Military Academy as assistant professor of Mathematics from August 30, 1818, to September 1, 1823, and as principal assistant professor of Mathematics, September 21, 1823, to October 3, 1825; was promoted 1st lieutenant, 3d United States Infantry, April 5, 1820; resigned from the army, December 31 1825.

He was professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Geneva College, (now Hobart College) 1825-48; principal of the Free Academy, New York City, until that Institution became the College of the City of New York. He was then elected president and held the office until 1869, when he was made professor *emeritus*; was professor of Moral and Intellectual Philosophy 1851-52; Moral, Intellectual and Political Philosophy, 1852-69. He received the degree of A. M. from Princeton college in 1823; LL. D. from Kenyon College in 1842, and Columbia College in 1849; M. D. from the University of Pennsylvania in 1850.

He was a personal friend of Capt. Alden Partridge and Col. Truman B. Ransom, '25. He took an active interest in the University, serving as trustee from 1851 to 1870; was elected vice-president in 1857 and served for several years.

CHAPTER III.

SKETCHES OF PROFESSORS, 1820-66.

PROF. SAMUEL JOHNSON ALLEN, M. D.

Samuel J. Allen, was born in Newport, N. H., January 8, 1819, and died in White River Junction, Vt., August 8, 1856.

He attended the schools of his town and studied medicine with John L. Swett of Newport, in 1839, and later with Dr. Dixie Crosby; graduated M. D. from the Castleton Medical College in 1842; practiced his profession in Norwich, October, 1842-January, 1844; Woodstock, Vt., January 1844-June, 1845; Hartford, Conn., June, 1845-March, 1847; White River Junction, Vt., March, 1847-July, 1861, 1865-66; was physician and lecturer on Anatomy and Physiology at "N. U.," 1850-51.

On August 15, 1861, he was commissioned surgeon of the 4th Vermont Volunteers; was promoted surgeon of the "Vermont Brigade," December 15, 1862; post surgeon 2d division 6th Army Corps, March, 1863; was mustered out of service, September 21, 1864; was appointed acting staff surgeon U. S. A., and assigned to duty as medical inspector, 6th Army Corps; was mustered out of service, July, 1865. He was a brave and efficient officer and served in many battles; was twice wounded at Opequon Creek, Va., September, 1864.

He became one of the best known physicians and surgeons in Vermont and New Hampshire. He made many discoveries in connection with his practice as surgeon and introduced many methods of practice. He was one of the consulting surgeons of the Mary Fletcher Hospital, Burlington, from its foundation, until his death.

He was a member of the Congregational Church, West Lebanon, N. H.; United Brethren Lodge, F. and A. M., of Hartford; Abraham Lincoln, Post No. 85, G. A. R., of Hartford; was a member of the White Mountain Medical Society, Vermont Medical Society, and the American Medical Association.

He was married, June 11, 1844, to Mary J. Lyman of Hartford. Three children were born to them: Samuel Johnson, Jr., born April 3, 1846, Dartmouth College Medical Department, '70, physician, White River Junction, Vt.; Fred Lyman; Harry Bruce.

PROF. RUFUS WILLIAM BAILEY, A. M.

Rufus W. Bailey, was born in North Yarmouth, Me., April 13, 1793 and died in Huntsville, Tex., April 25, 1863.

He graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1813. He later received the degree of A. M. in course, from that Institution. He taught school in Salisbury, N. H., 1813-14; studied law with Daniel Webster, 1814-15; was

a student at the Andover Theological Seminary, 1815-16; served as tutor at Dartmouth, 1817-18.

He was ordained a preacher in the Congregational ministry, November 19, 1819, and preached in Norwich, Vt., 1819-24; chaplain of the "Academy" 1820-24; professor of Ethics 1820-24; *Belles-Lectres*, 1821-24; was pastor of the Congregational Church in Pittsfield, Mass., 1824-27. He taught in South Carolina, 1827-39; in Fayetteville, N. C., 1839-42; and in Staunton, Va., 1842-48. He was agent American Colonization Society, Virginia, 1848-54; was professor at Austin College, Huntsville, Tex., 1854-56 and president, 1858-63.

He was an active anti-slavery worker, and while in Texas wrote many articles for the papers opposing slavery. He wrote a number of works on religious and educational subjects; a volume consisting of newspaper letters; *The Issue*, the *Mother's Request*, *The Family Preacher*, *A Primary Grammar*, a collection of sermons, *A Manual of English Grammar*, *The Scholar's Companion*, 1841, which was issued in eighty editions.

PROF. JOSEPH BARRATT, M. D.

Joseph Barratt, son of John and Hannah Elizabeth (Scattergood) Barratt was born at Stapleford, Nottinghamshire, England, June 28, 1803; and died unmarried, at the Connecticut Hospital for the Insane, Middletown, Conn. January 25, 1882.



Prof. Joseph Barratt.

He graduated M. D. from the Trinity College Medical Department, Cambridge, England, in 1821. He then served as surgeon in the British Army until 1824, when he came to America. In August, 1824, he was appointed professor and lecturer in Botany, Mineralogy and Chemistry at the "Academy," which position he held until 1829.

The following notice appeared on Dr. Barratt in the *Constitution* of Middletown for January 31, 1882:

"This gifted and eccentric man whose form was ever familiar on our streets and who in years ago was eagerly sought as a guest has passed away. He early in life devoted his attention to medicine. He passed the examination in medicine and surgery in London, April 8, 1819, and was licensed as an apothecary. The following June he sailed for this country, the voyage lasting from

June 17 to August 6. In December of that year, he was admitted as a licentiate by the medical society of New York in the practice of physic and surgery. In December he located in Philipstown, N. Y., where he remained until July, 1824, when he removed to Norwich, Vt., and taught Mineralogy and Botany in

Captain Partridge's Military Academy. In May, 1825, when the school was removed to this city, he came with it and here he resided ever since.

"He was granted a diploma at the Yale Medical College in 1834, and for a long time was regarded as one of the most promising physicians in this section. Botany was his favorite study and he could name any plant at sight, giving a full description of all its history. His memory and judgment in this respect was simply wonderful. Many years since, he prepared a chapter on American Willows for a book, which was privately printed by the author in England. Only three or four copies of this work ever came to this country and one of these was sent to Dr. Barratt. During those years, he gave lectures in Chemistry illustrating them with experiments. Had he given his attention to any *one* department he would have established a lasting name for himself. But we can only think of what might have been. About the time that Professor Hitchcock began lecturing on his famous bird tracks, the Doctor made many discoveries in this section, and henceforth gave his time and thought to that subject, until it became his one object in life. His business was neglected and his room became one grand museum whose walls and tables were covered with drawings, specimens, and relics of all kinds.

"Twenty years ago he interested and amused by turns any group that he could get to listen to him. For Indian names and traditions he had a peculiar fondness and it is owing to his efforts that so many of those old names were preserved in this locality. During the past few years his physical powers have gradually failed and for the last year and a half he had been in the Hospital. He died Wednesday morning, and his funeral took place Friday afternoon, at Indian Hill Chapel."

He was author of the *American Willows* published by Charles H. Pelton, Middletown, Conn., 1870. The Watkinson Library of Reference at Hartford has a quarto of eight leaves printed on one side which bears this title: "SALICES AMERICANÆ, NORTH AMERICAN WILLOWS." Disposed in sections of natural groups, with notes and observations of a practical nature, showing the kinds best adapted for the useful arts and those most esteemed in ornamental culture. The preface is dated, October 21, 1840, and in it he makes mention of the collection of willows owned by the Duke of Bedford on his estate "Woburn Abbey," among them being specimens of the American willows furnished him by the Doctor, and also to the Duke's work, entitled *Salicum Woburnense*, printed in 1829. He also says "I am indebted to his Grace's kindness and munificence for a copy of this truly splendid work."

He was a corresponding member of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia; the New York Lyceum of Natural History; Yale Natural History Society; and the National Institution for the Promotion of Science at Washington.

As a recognition of his talents, there has been erected at his grave a monument of Portland freestone in two parts. The base is a block composed of two fossil logs, each twelve inches in diameter and forty to forty-five inches in length, inscribed, *The Testimony of the Rocks*. The upper stone is a slab whose face is 27 by 40 inches and whose thickness is six inches. The face toward the grave bears an inscription giving his name, profession, date and place of his birth and death, and the reverse is the hardened bed of clay covered with the tracks of the extinct animals known as the *Dinosaur Brontozom Lillimanicum*.

PROF. LOAMI SEWELL COBURN, A. B.

Loami S. Coburn, son of Loami and Polly (Marshall) Coburn, was born in Salem, Mass., September 7, 1808, and died in Weston, Vt., March 18, 1885.

He prepared for college at the Salem Latin School; graduated, A. B., from Dartmouth College, 1830, and from the Andover Theological Seminary, 1835. He was ordained a Congregational pastor, October 2, 1839. He was pastor of the church in Newfane, Vt., 1839-42; professor of Latin and Greek "N. U." 1848-49; principal of a classical school in Farmville, Va., 1853-57; was pastor of the Congregational church, Weston, Vt., 1857-66. He resided in this last town until his death.

He was married, June 21, 1841, to Caroline Smith Day, of Ipswich, Mass., who died April 19, 1844.

CHAPLAIN WALTER COLTON, U. S. N., A. M.

Walter Colton, son of Walter and Thankful (Cushman) Colton, was born in Rutland, Vt., May 9, 1797, and died in Philadelphia, Pa., January 22, 1851.

He attended the schools of his city and graduated A. B., from Yale University in 1822; graduated from the Andover Theological Seminary in 1825; received the degree of A. M., from Yale in 1828. He was Chaplain at the "Academy" 1825-29; Professor of Rhetoric, 1826-27; *Belles-Lettres*, 1825-28; English Literature, 1828-29; Divinity 1828-29. He also delivered many lectures to the cadets. He was editor of the *American Spectator* Washington, D. C., 1829-30.

He was appointed chaplain in the United States Navy, November 6, 1830, and served on the *Vincennes* in the West Indies, 1832-35; on the *Constellation* in the Mediterranean Sea, 1835-37; at the Charlestown Navy Yard, Mass., 1837-38; Naval Stations, Philadelphia, 1838-45; was ordered to California in 1845, and served as alcalde of Monterey 1846-48. While holding this position, he caused to be built, partly from labor of convicts, partly from the fines levied by him as alcalde, "Colton Hall," a two story building, at the time of its erection one of the most imposing buildings in Monterey. In this building the Constitutional Convention, which framed the first constitution for California, was held. The building is now regarded as one of the historic buildings in California, and is of interest to all tourists and sightseers. He resigned his commission in 1849, and returned to Philadelphia, where he resided until his death.

He edited the *Colonization Herald*, Boston, 1836-38; the *North American*, Philadelphia, Pa., 1841-42. He established in Monterey, in 1846, the first paper published on the Pacific Coast, *The Californian*. The name of the paper was changed to the *Alta Californian*, and removed to San Francisco. He was a prolific writer. Among his published works are: *Masonic Obligations*, an address before the Masonic bodies of Middletown, Conn., 24 pages, 1826; *Remarks on Duelling*, a series of lectures before the cadets, 62 pages, 1828; *Ship and Shore in Maderia, Lisbon and the Mediterranean*, 1835; *A Visit to Athens and Constantinople*, 1836; *Three Years in California*, 1850; *Deck and Port; Incidents of a Cruise to California*, 1850. He also wrote a drama, *Traconi*, which was played by the cadets in 1826. He built the first schoolhouse in California and was the first to announce the discovery of gold in a letter to the *North American*.

He was married to Cornelia B. Colton of Philadelphia, who later married Simeon B. Chittenden of Philadelphia.

PROF. THOMAS RUSSELL CROSBY, A. M., M. D.

Thomas R. Crosby, son of Dr. Asa Crosby was born in Gilmanton, N. H., October 22, 1816, and died in Hanover, N. H., March 7th, 1872.

He prepared for college at the Gilmanton Academy and entered Dartmouth College with advanced standing, and pursued both the classical and medical courses at the same time, graduating A. B., and M. D., in 1841. He later received the degree of A. M. in course.

He practiced his profession in Meriden, N. H., 1841-43; Manchester, H. N., 1843-52. In 1852, not being able to attend fully to the duties of his profession, he removed to Hanover, N. H., where he made his home until his death; was professor of Anatomy, Physiology and Natural History at "N. U.," 1854-64. In 1858, he recovered his health and was able to resume the active practice of his profession.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State of New Hampshire, and on September 11, 1862, was commissioned surgeon and major of volunteers and given charge of the Columbia College Hospital near Washington, D. C., where he remained until he was mustered out of service, July 27, 1865; was brevetted lieutenant colonel, United States Volunteers June 1, 1865, for "faithful and meritorious services."

In 1865, he returned to Hanover and resumed his practice. He was lecturer on Military Surgery at the National Medical College 1865-71; Hygiene, 1867-68; professor of Anatomy and Vegetable Physiology and Instructor of History, New Hampshire State Agricultural College, Hanover, 1870-72.

He was married at Norwich, January 17, 1843, to Louisa Partridge, daughter of Colonel Oliver Barron, U. S. A.

PROF. JAMES FREEMAN DANA, A. M., M. D.

James F. Dana, son of Luther and Lucy (Giddings) Dana, was born in Amherst, N. H., September 23, 1793, and died in New York City, April 14, 1827.

He prepared for college at the Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., and graduated A. B. from Harvard College in 1813; graduated M. D. from the Harvard Medical College in 1817. In 1815, on the establishment of a new chemical department at Harvard, he was sent to England to purchase the necessary apparatus. He remained in England several months, studying chemistry and laboratory methods. On his return he was placed in charge of the fitting up of the laboratory at Harvard; received the degree of A. M., in course, from his *Alma Mater* in 1826. He served as lecturer on Chemistry at Dartmouth 1816-20; received the degrees of A. M., and M. D., from that Institution in 1821; was assistant professor of Chemistry at Harvard, 1819-20. He was professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy at the "Academy" from 1820 until 1825 and during this time held the same position at Dartmouth, continuing at that Institution until 1826; was professor of Chemistry, at the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons from 1826 until his death.

He represented Hanover in the State Legislature in 1825; served as *aide-de-camp* on the staff of Governor Morrill of New Hampshire in 1824; was visitor to the United States Military Academy at West Point in 1826.

He contributed many articles on scientific subjects to various periodicals of the country. He was the author of the following works: *Outlines of*

Mineralogy and Geology of Boston and its Vicinity, (in collaboration with his brother, Samuel L. Dana) 1818; *An Epitome of Chemical Philosophy*, 1825. He was a popular lecturer; was lecturer at the New York Athenaeum. He was a member of the Linnean Society.

He was married in January, 1818, to Matilda, daughter of Rev. Samuel Webber, president of Harvard College.

PROF. FRANCOIS PEYRE-FERRY.

Francois Peyre-Ferry was born in France and in the early part of 1800 came to this country. He was professor of French at the "Young Ladies' Literary School," conducted by the Rev. J. L. Blake, in Concord, N. H., for some time previous to 1822. In August of this year, he became professor of French at the "Academy," which position he held until 1828; also taught French in a Young Ladies' Seminary in Middletown. He was an accomplished teacher and violinist.

He wrote several poems both in French and English for the Middletown papers. One, *Extremes a mes Pupils*, appeared in the *Middlesex Gazette* of Middletown, January 4, 1825. In 1826, he published "*The Art of Epistolary Composition*." We give the title page: "The Art of Epistolary Composition or Models of Letters, Billets, Bills of Exchange, Bills of Lading, Invoices, etc., with preliminary instructions and notes. To which is added a collection of fables intended as exercises for pupils learning the French language; a series of letters between a Cadet and his father, describing the system pursued at the A. L. S. & M. Academy at Middletown, Conn., with some account of that place and a Discourse on Education, by Capt. Alden Partridge, Superintendent of the Academy."

This work had a large sale and for several years was a standard text book. He also published *The First Elements of French*, which was used for several years at the "Academy."

PROF. JOHN HIRAM LATHROP, A. M., LL. D.

John H. Lathrop, son of John and Prue (Hatch) Lathrop, was born in Shelburne, Chenango, Co., New York, January 22, 1799, and died at Columbia, Mo., August 2, 1866.

He was a direct descendent of the Rev. John Lathrop, a graduate of Cambridge University and a Congregational clergyman, who came to this country in 1634.

Professor Lathrop prepared for college under private instruction; was a student at Hamilton College, N. Y., 1815-1816; graduated A. B., with high honors, from Yale University in 1819; received the degree of A. M., in course, from his *Alma Mater* in 1822 and LL. D. from Hamilton College in 1845.

He taught the grammar school at Farmington, Conn., 1819-21; was tutor at Yale University, 1821-26, and during this time completed a law course under Judge Daggett; was professor at the A. L. S. & M. Academy, 1826-27; principal, Gardiner, Maine, Lyceum, 1837-39; professor of Mathematics, and Natural Philosophy, Hamilton College, 1829-35, and held the Maynard Professorship of Law, Civil Polity and Political Economy, same Institution 1835-40; first president of the University of Missouri, 1840-49; first chancellor, University of Wisconsin, 1849-59; president Indiana State University, 1859-60.

In 1860, desiring relief for a time from the responsibilities of administration, he accepted the professorship of English Literature, University of Missouri, which position he held until 1865, and served as chairman of the faculty, 1862-65, and was re-elected president of the University of Missouri in 1865 and labored successfully to relieve the University from the unfortunate conditions imposed by the Civil War.

He was one of the leading educators of his time. The University of Missouri was fortunate in securing his services as its first president. Through unremitting tact and diplomacy he soon placed the University on a sound footing and during his incumbency so increased the curriculum that educationally the University compared favorably with the leading Eastern institutions. His great ability as organizer, scholar and teacher was again exemplified in



Prof. John Hiram Lathrop.

so founding and administering the Wisconsin University that it has become in a comparatively short time one of the greatest in the country. He had remarkable literary ability. He delivered many lectures, published many pamphlets and articles in leading magazines and the newspapers, but unfortunately, owing to his many professional obligations and cares, never published his works in book form. He took an active part in founding university libraries, giving the larger part of his private library as a nucleus for that of the University of Wisconsin. He was interested in the future of the Negro race and for some years, before the Civil War, was president of the National African Colonization Society.

He was married August 15, 1833, to Frances Eliza Lathrop of Utica, N. Y., who died October 18, 1893. Seven children were born to them: John Hosmer, born June 23, 1834, died, unmarried, April, 1857; Leopold, born August 8, 1835, died, unmarried, April 27, 1858; Jerusha, born May 8, 1838, and died September 10, 1839; Kirkland, born February 13, 1840, died December 24, 1840; Frances, born November 25, 1842, married William N. Smith, at present connected with the Claims Department of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company at Kansas City; Theresa, born November 25, 1846, married Charles C. Ripley, Auditor of the Belt Railway Co., and Treasurer of the Union Depot Co., of Kansas City; Gardiner, born February 16, 1850, graduated from the University of Missouri in 1867, Yale in 1869, Harvard Law School in 1872, now General Solicitor of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company, with headquarters at Chicago.

PROF. GEORGE PERKINS MARSH, A. M., LL. D.

George P. Marsh, son of Hon. Charles and Mrs. Susan (Perkins, Arnold) Marsh, was born in Woodstock, Vt., March 15, 1801; and died in Vallombrosa, Italy, July 23, 1882.

He attended the schools of his town and graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1820; later received the degree of A. M. in course; in 1860 the degree of LL. D. He was the first professor of Latin and Greek at the "Academy," serving during 1820-21. He then studied law with his father and in 1825, was admitted to the bar. He soon located in Burlington, Vt., where he practiced his profession with marked success for many years.

He was at first a Whig in politics and later a Republican and held many positions; was a member of the Supreme Executive Council of Vermont in 1835; served as United States congressman, 1842-49; was United States minister to Turkey, 1849-53; also to Greece in 1853; railroad commissioner of Vermont, 1853-59; United States minister to Italy from 1861 until his death.

At an early date he became interested in the study of languages and became a distinguished philologist. He contributed many articles to the publications of this country and Europe. He was the author of many works on Philological, Historical and scientific subjects. Among his best known works are: *A Grammar of the Icelandic Language*, compiled and translated from the grammars of Rask, 1838; *The Camel, his Organization, Habits and Use, Considered with Reference to his Introduction into the United States*, 1856; *Lectures on the English Language*, 1860, revised and enlarged edition, 1855; *Origin and History of the English Language and of the Early Literature it Embodies*, 1882, revised in 1885; *Wedgeworth's Dictionary of English Etymology, with Notes and Additions*, Vol. 1. A—D (all published,) 1862; *Man and Nature, or Physical Geography as Modified by Human Action*, 1864, rewritten and republished in 1874, with the title, *The Earth as Modified by Human Action; Mediæval and Modern Saints and Miracles*, 1876. His complete library, numbering about 13,000 volumes, was presented to the University of Vermont by Hon. Frederick Billings of Woodstock; and is now kept in a separate room in the Billings Library.

He was the recipient of many honors; received the degree of LL. D., from Hamilton College in 1859 and from Harvard the same year. He was a member of the Vermont and Massachusetts Historical Societies; the National Academy of Sciences; Fellow of the American Academy; a literary society in Copenhagen, Denmark; and many other societies of a literary and scientific nature.

He was twice married: first, in 1828, to Harriet Buell of Burlington, who died August 16, 1833. Two children were born to them: Charles, born in 1829, died August 27, 1833; George, born in 1833, died about 1862. He was again married, in 1839, to Caroline Crane, a native of Berkley, Mass., who died in 1905.

PROF. RALPH METCALF, A. B.

Ralph Metcalf, son of John Metcalf, was born in North Charlestown, N. H., November 21, 1796, and died in Claremont, N. H., August 26, 1858.

He graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1823. He served as professor of the Latin and English Languages at the "Academy," during 1821-22.

He studied law with Henry Hubbard of Charlestown, Richard Bartlett of Concord, and George B. Upham of Claremont, and was admitted to the Sullivan County bar in 1826. He practiced his profession in Newport, 1826-56 and Claremont, N. H., from 1856 until his death.

He was a Republican in politics and held many positions; served as secretary of state, 1831-39; represented Newport in the Legislature in 1852 and 1853; was register of probate of Sullivan county, 1845-51; was chairman of the committee to revise the laws of the State in 1852; served as Governor of New Hampshire in 1855 and 1856.

PROF. JOHN MILTON PARTRIDGE.

John M. Partridge, son of Isaac and Lois (Newton) Partridge, was born in Norwich, Vt., July 4, 1799, and was killed by falling from "Butter Hill" near Tarrytown, Orange County, N.Y., June 26, 1831; was buried at Tarrytown.

He was a student at Dartmouth College for some time. He entered the United States Military Academy at West Point, March 11, 1813, and resigned, at the request of his father, October 18, 1817; was assistant engineer with Capt. Alden Partridge on the survey of the Northeastern boundary between the United States and Canada in 1819. He was professor of practical Geometry, Topography and Sword master at the "Academy" from 1820 until 1825. He engaged in the lumbering business at McIndoes Falls, Vt., from 1825 until 1828, when he removed to Tarrytown and engaged in the general mercantile business until his death; was also engaged in quarrying stone for railroad purposes.

He was married, February 13, 1822, to Charlotte C. Emerson of Norwich. Four children were born to them: Ann Eliza, born September 24, 1824, died September 24, 1894; Edward Altamonte, a student in Civil Engineering at "N. U.," born March 26, 1826, died May 23, 1853; William Partridge, "N. U." '49, (q. v.) John Milton, Jr., born July 5, 1830, died March 31, 1835.

PROF. JOSE A. PIZARRO.

Jose A. Pizarro, professor of the Spanish Language and Literature at the "Academy" 1826-28, was born in Spain and educated in Universities of that country.

In the early part of 1800, he became a member of the "Constitutional Party" and on the adoption of the constitution, was made director general of the system of education of Spain. In the war of 1823 he was private secretary to General Quiroga and on the defeat of his party was obliged to leave the country.

He came to the United States in 1824, and taught Spanish in various sections of the country until April, 1826, when he succeeded Professor Proal, as Professor of the Spanish language at the "Academy." He was an able instructor and a writer of ability.

PROF. PETER PROAL.

Peter Proal, professor of the Spanish Language and Literature at the "Academy," 1825-April 1826, was born in France in 1759. He was educated in the Universities of that country.

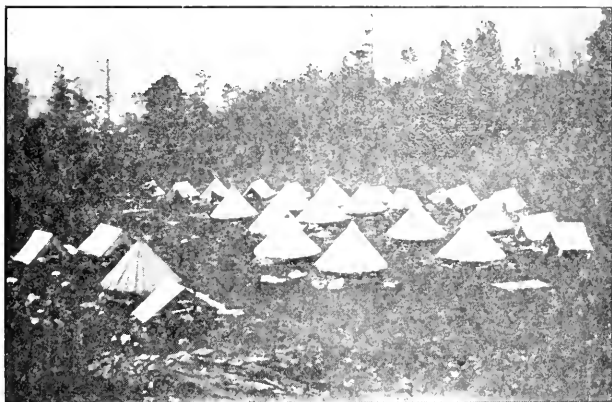
Early in 1800, he embraced the Protestant religion and was forced to leave the country. He came to the United States and taught the French Language until 1825, when he became professor of Spanish at the "Academy." He died April 13, 1826, and was buried in Middletown, Conn.

PROF. MOSES STRONG ROYCE, A. M.

Moses S. Royce was born in Rutland, Vt., in 1825, and died in Nashville, Tenn., June 19, 1873.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and graduated A. B., from the University of Vermont in 1844.

He was ordained deacon of the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1850; and was rector of the following churches: Greenville, Tenn., 1847-50; Nashville, Tenn., 1850-52; Norwich, Vt., 1852-53. He was professor of the Ancient and Modern History and *Belles-Lettres*, at "N. U." 1852-53; was rector of a church in Franklin, Tenn., 1853-65; and in Nashville, Tenn., 1865-73.



In Camp at the Range, 1907

CHAPTER IV.

SKETCHES OF CADETS AT THE AMERICAN LITERARY, SCIENTIFIC, AND MILITARY ACADEMY, 1820-34.

HON. JAMES HOPKINS ADAMS, A. B.

James H. Adams, son of Harry Walker and Mary Howell Hart (Goodwyn) Adams, was born near Columbia, Richland County, S. C., March 15, 1812, and died at his plantation, "Live Oak," near Columbia, July 13, 1861.

He entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1829; graduated A. B. from Yale University in 1831.

He engaged in agricultural pursuits, 1832-61, making his home at "Live Oak" plantation, near Columbia. He met with marked success and acquired a large property. He was a Democrat in politics and soon after leaving college took an active part in political affairs of the State; was a member of the "nullification convention" in 1832 which passed the famous nullification act; represented his county in the State Legislature, 1834-50; was state senator, 1850-55; Governor of the State, 1855-57; was a candidate for Congress, but was defeated by a small margin. He was a member of the Secession Convention of 1860-61 and was a member of the peace commission sent by the State in 1861 to treat with the United States Government.

He took great interest in military matters and served for several years as brigadier general in command of a brigade of cavalry, State militia. He was a man of rare intellect; a lover of books and well versed in history; was an eloquent and forceful speaker, which made him a formidable rival in political campaigns. He became prominent in the political life of his State in a period remarkable for the genius and ability of its public men. He served his State with honor and ability.

He was a member of Palmetto Lodge, F. and A. M. of Columbia, and the E. O. O. F., of Columbia.

He was married, April 10, 1832, to Jane Margaret Scott of Richland County, South Carolina, who died December 15, 1885. Nine children were born to them: Henry Walker, born January 17, 1833, died in February, 1893; John Randolph, born April 13, 1834, died August 28, 1875; Mary Goodwyn, born January 3, 1836, married J. Hampden Brooks, died October 31, 1866; Warren, born November 28, 1839, died Nov. 4, 1880; Jane Margaret, born June 26, 1841, married J. Hampden Brooks, resides in Greenwood County, South Carolina; Laura, born January 4, 1843, married Hobart Doane Hanahan, died May 15, 1866; Ellen, born August 4, 1846, married Iredell Jones, died about 1860; James Hopkins, born November 8, 1848, died in February, 1894; Caroline Hopkins, born December 15, 1850, married Louis LeConte, resides near Columbia, S. C.

JAMES URIAH ADAMS, A. B.

James U. Adams, son of James and Sylvia Adams and cousin of James H. Adams, '29, was born in Lowen, Richland County S. C., February 21, 1812, and died in Columbia, S. C., March 7, 1871.

He received an academic education in the schools of his state and entered the "Academy" in 1826 and graduated in 1829; graduated A. B. from Yale University in 1831. He was an extensive planter at Gadsden, Richland Co., near Columbia, 1832-64; and owned 500 slaves. He was a kind and much loved master. He acquired a large property, but lost all during the Civil War. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge of Columbia.

He was married to Sarah Hopkins Adams of Congaree, Richland County, S. C. Twelve children were born to them: William, deceased; Preston, born March 4, 1835, died unmarried, December 5, 1857; Wellington Gordon, born March 4, 1837, died unmarried, June 26, 1854; James Ironsides, born March 4, 1850, resides Columbia, S. C.; Joel Robert, resides



James Uriah Adams.

in Gadsden, S. C.; John Goodwyn, resides in Gadsden; Harry Walker, born December 5, 1852, died in 1903; Mary Hopkins, born 1838, married Dr. Julius Huguinin, resides in Gadsden, S. C.; Sylvia Goodwyn, married Capt. Abram Huguinin; Amy, resides in Gadsden, S. C.; Sarah married Ed. McClarkson, died, 1878; Julia, deceased.

FIRST-LIEUT. THOMAS BOYLSTON ADAMS, U. S. A.

Thomas B. Adams was born in Quincy, Mass. in 1809, and died at Fort Dale, Fla., December 14, 1837.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1822, remaining until 1824, when he was appointed a cadet at the United States Military Academy.

He graduated from West Point, July 1, 1828; and was commissioned second lieutenant, Second United States Artillery on the same date; served at the Artillery School of Practice at Fort Munroe, Va., 1828-29; at Fort Moultrie, S. C., 1829-30; in the Cherokee Nation in 1831 and 1832; in garrison at Charleston Harbor, S. C., portions of 1830-31 and 1832-32; on ordnance duty, December 13, 1832-January 17, 1836. He was promoted first lieutenant, Second United States Artillery, December 1, 1834; served in the Seminole War, 1836-37, being engaged in the skirmishes at Camp Izard, February 27-29, and March 5, 1836; in action at Oklokikaha, March 31, 1836; died of disease contracted in the service.

HENRY DANA WARD ALEXANDER.

Henry D. W. Alexander, son of Dr. Isaac Alexander, a surgeon during the Revolutionary War, and Sarah (Thornton) Alexander, was born in Camden, N. C., in 1807.

He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1826. He was principal of schools in his State for some time, and then in North Carolina.

In 1836, he returned to South Carolina and continued in this line of work for some years, meeting with success. He constantly made use of his military education in his schools by introducing the drill.

He returned to a farm near Savannah, Ga., where he resided until the Civil War, when he enlisted in the Georgia Volunteers, C. S. A., and performed active service as an officer in the Western Army for two years, when, on account of failing health, he resigned his commission, but soon afterwards entered the hospital service. In June, 1865, his health having completely failed, he was forced to leave the service. On his way home he took a steamer at Augusta, for Savannah, which in a few hours after leaving that city caught fire; and he with many others was drowned in the Savannah River.



Henry Dana Ward Alexander.

He married Mary White Alexander, a distant relative, of Mecklenburg, N. C., who died in 1856. Two children were born to them. A daughter, Mrs. Lenora P. Anderson, resides in Hendersonville, N. C.

ISAAC B. ALEXANDER.

Isaac B. Alexander, son of Dr. Isaac and Sarah (Thornton) Alexander, was born in Camden, N. C., in 1811 and died there in 1884.

He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and remained two years. He then went to New York and learned the jeweler's trade, and was, for a number of years, associated with a Mr. Daguerre. He returned to Camden, where he engaged in his trade until his death. He was also an artist of ability, and engaged extensively in portrait painting on ivory.

He was survived by five children, three sons and two daughters, of whom two sons and two daughters are now living. A son, J. H. Alexander, D. D. S., resides in Camden, N. C.

JOSEPH DANA ALLEN, A. M.

Joseph D. Allen was born in Burlington, Otsego Co., N. Y., October 16, 1799, and died in Burlington, Vt., October 12, 1878. His father, Phineas, was a descendant of Samuel Allen of Bridgewater, Mass., a Deputy of the General Court, Mass., and of Gen. Myles Standish of Plymouth, Mass.

Having received an academic education, he entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating with high honors in 1825. While a cadet, the corps made some extended marches, one to Burlington, Vt., and Ticonderoga, of which he was the official recorder, and his ably written report shows exceptional literary ability.

He was appointed professor of Civil Engineering at the "Academy;" but soon resigned to become chief engineer of the Connecticut River Company to make a water-way, from Barnet, Vt., to Hartford, Conn. He resigned this position in 1826 to survey and plan for New York capitalists an inter-coastline canal for ocean vessels along the south shore of Long Island, from its most eastern point to New York Harbor. He was chief engineer of the northern division of the Blackstone canal, connecting Massachusetts with Long Island Sound, 1828-29; was chief engineer of location and construction of the Cumberland and Oxford canal, Maine, 1829-30; engineer of the New York Canal Board, locating and perfecting its system of canals, 1830-42; chief engineer of construction of the Black River canal; the Chemung canal, the Chenango canal, Utica to Binghamton; chief engineer, 1836-37, on surveys and construction of a projected railroad (later the N. Y. and Harlem R. R.) from New York to Albany, the first railroad to lead out from New York City; was chief engineer of the Utica and Oswego R. R., 1837-38; was engineer on location and building of the Erie R. R., 1838. Railway building then being new, he devised plans and methods of construction for that road which were later adopted on other railways. He was chief engineer, 1839-43, of the Erie Canal enlargement from Little Falls, N. Y., westward.

Failing health demanding a less active occupation, he acquired an interest in the Syracuse, N. Y. Salt works. Subsequently, feeling able to resume his profession, he became chief engineer of the Erie Canal. His health, however, forbade active duty and for more complete rest he removed, in 1843, to Burlington, Vt., which became his permanent residence. In 1845 he organized the Winooski Mills Co. of which he was president for several years. Afterward at times, as health permitted, he engaged in his profession.

He was consulting engineer of the Chicago and Northwestern R. R., and located its line in Wisconsin; was chief engineer of the Albany and Northern R. R., and consulting engineer of the Rutland R. R.;



Joseph Dana Allen.

engineer of a general system of street etc., improvements in Burlington, Vt.; in charge, for the United States Government, of construction of the United States Post Office, Custom House and Marine Hospital in Burlington, Vt. and harbor, light-house and other federal public works in the Champlain district. For many years he was a director of the Merchants' Bank of Burlington, and held other public positions.

In 1836, he received from the Norwich University the honorary degree of A. M. and in 1839 the same degree was conferred upon him by the University of Vermont. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

In 1836 he married Eliza Rachel, sister of Edwin F. Johnson, '25, and daughter of Hon. John Johnson, for many years surveyor general of Vermont. Three children were born to them: Charlotte Augusta, who died in infancy; Charles Edwin, (University of Vermont, '59,) of Burlington, Vt., and John Johnson, (University of Vermont, '62,) of Brooklyn, N. Y.

COL. CHARLES AMORY, PH. D., M. D.

Charles Amory, son of Thomas Coffin and Hannah Rowe (Linzee) Amory, was born in Boston, Mass., May 10, 1808, and died in Dorchester, Mass., February 10, 1898.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1824. He entered the University of Göttingen, Germany, in 1824 and graduated Ph. D. in 1830; graduated M. D. from the Harvard Medical College in 1832.

He did not practice his profession; but entered upon a business career in Boston, meeting with marked success. He was for many years one of the best known and most prosperous merchants of his city. He was treasurer of the Manchester Print Works and president of the Stark Mills.

He served on the staff of Gov. John A. Andrew in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia as colonel and assistant quartermaster general, October 9, 1861, to January 9, 1863. He was an active member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married October 15, 1832, to Martha Babeock, daughter of Gardiner Greene of Boston. She died in Paris, France, January 1, 1880. Four children were born to them: Charles Copley, born in 1836, died in 1864; Susan Greene, born in 1840, married S. Gordon Dexter, resides in Boston; Copley, born in 1842, died in 1878; Edward Linzee, born in September, 1845, commander, U. S. N. (retired), resides in Boston.

LIEUT. COL. JAMES SULLIVAN AMORY, A. M.

James S. Amory, son of Jonathan and Mehitable (Sullivan) Amory, and cousin of Charles Amory, '24, was born in Boston, Mass., May 14, 1809, and died there June 8, 1884.

He prepared for college at Mr. Knapp's private school, Boston, and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1825; was a student at Harvard University, 1825-27 and received the degree of A. M. from that Institution in 1860.

He made two voyages to India on sailing ships during 1827-31; engaged in mercantile business in Philadelphia, 1831-36. He located in Boston in 1836, where he made his home until his death, residing in Brookline, however, for about forty years, until 1880.

He was treasurer of the cotton mills, Nashua Manufacturing Co., Nashua, N. H., 1840-79; Jackson Co., Nashua, 1843-74; Lancaster Mills, Clinton, Mass., 1847-49, 1863-83. He was vice-president of the Massachusetts Hospital Life Insurance Co., 1874-84. He was a member of the Provident Institution for Savings, Boston, 1840-84, serving as trustee, 1863-84, president, 1876-82, and vice-president, 1882-84. He was a director of the following companies: State Bank, Boston, 1847-63; Suffolk National Bank, Boston, 1864-84; American Insurance Co., Boston, 1844-84; Boston Manufacturers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., 1850-77; New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., 1861-80.

He took an active interest in military matters; served as first lieutenant in the Independent Corps of Cadets, Boston from November 28, 1827 to August 28, 1829; was discharged, August 28, 1829. He was elected captain; with rank of lieutenant colonel, July 2, 1835; resigned, April 28, 1840; was readmitted November 1, 1844; and was discharged, March 1, 1846, serving as commander for some years; was a member of the Veteran Association, same company, 1876-1884.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church, serving as vestryman and warden of St. Paul's Church, Brookline, for many years; was a trustee of the Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, 1867-1884.

He was married November 28, 1837, to Mary Copley Greene of Boston, who died April 5, 1892.

Twelve children were born to them: James Appleton, [born October 29, 1839, died October 4, 1861; Arthur, born February 6, 1841, resides in Boston; Robert, born May 3, 1842, resides in] Bar Harbor, Me.; Frances Meredith, born May 23, 1843, died August 25, 1844; Frederick, born November 26, 1844, resides at Bar Harbor, Me.; Gertrude, born January 6, 1846, died January 12, 1847; Harold, born December 4, 1847, died September 24, 1852; Mary Copley, born November 30, 1849, died September 12, 1852; Montfort, born September 13, 1850, died September 10, 1852; Augustine Heard, born July 20, 1852, died April 11, 1901; Gardiner Greene, born November 27, 1853, died March 14, 1854; Harcourt, born February 10, 1855, resides in Boston.



James Sullivan Amory.

MAJOR JOEL AMSDEN.

Joel Amsden, son of Joseph and Jerusha (Brown) Amsden, was born in Hartland, Vt., September 5, 1812, and died in Scranton, Pa., December 18, 1868. He received an academic education and entered the "Academy" in 1830 and graduated in 1834.

He was assistant engineer on the railroad now known as the New York &

Erie, (N. Y., L. E. & W.) 1834-38; was resident engineer, during 1838-46, on the Black River Canal, with headquarters in Booneville, Oneida County, N. Y., and later was stationed at Rome, N. Y.; was also engaged during a portion of 1838-46, in designing a number of buildings, among the number being, "Stanwix Hall" in Rome.

He was engaged in general engineering in Boston from 1846 to the spring of 1851, when he removed to Easton, Pa., to superintend the remodeling of the Glendon Iron Company's plant at that place. Here he also engaged in mining engineering and was the architect of many buildings in Easton and vicinity.

In 1850, at the solicitation of Col. George W. Scranton, he removed to Scranton, Pa., where he made his home until his death. He was engineer in charge of construction of the manufacturing plant and engineering work for the firm of Scranton & Platt, later known as the Lackawanna Iron & Coal Co., also laid out for them the borough of Scranton and to him is due the credit of the wide and regular streets into which the borough was subdivided. He was resident engineer during 1854-56, on the Northern division of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R., under Edwin McNeil, '45, chief engineer; and on the resignation of Mr. McNeil, was appointed chief engineer and had charge of the construction of the southern division. He engaged in general engineering in Scranton, 1857-68.



Major Joel Amsden.

He took great interest in military matters and while residing in Rome, N. Y., served as brigade inspector, with rank of major, on the staff of Gen. William C. Bouch of New York.

He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and the I. O. O. F. He was married at Booneville, N. Y., February 22, 1838, to Anna Theresa Power, who died in June, 1882. Five children were born to them: Frank Power, "N. U." '59; Frederick Joel, born in June, 1841, died in June, 1906; Anna Louisa; Charles Joseph, born in September, 1847, died in infancy; Victoria Annette, born in August 1850, died in May 1882.

COL. WILLIAM E. ANDERSON.

William E. Anderson, cousin of Paul C. Cameron, '28, was born in Petersburg, Va., in 1809, and died in Wilmington, N. C., in 1853. He entered the "Academy" from Hillsboro, N. C., in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

Soon after leaving the "Academy" he located in Wilmington, N. C., where he became identified with many business enterprises. He served as cashier of the State Bank at Wilmington, several years. He took an active interest in the State militia, serving as colonel for several years.

A son, George P., graduated from West Point, and served as brigadier-general in the Confederate Army, dying of wounds received at the battle of Sharpsburg. A daughter, Mary Reed Anderson, resides in Washington, D. C.

WHITMEL HILL ANTHONY.

Whitmel H. Anthony, son of John and Elizabeth (Hill) Anthony, was born in Scotland Neck, Halifax Co., N. C., December 25, 1810 and died there October 30, 1851. He prepared for college at the Vine Hill Academy, Scotland Neck, and entered the "Academy" in 1826, graduating in 1828.

He inherited a large fortune. He made his home on his extensive plantation, near Scotland Neck, until his death. He was a Whig in politics, but never held office.

He was married, July 28, 1831, to Charity Dawson Barnes of Halifax County, N. C. Seven children were born to them: Mary Elizabeth, born September 25, 1832, married Col. John Whitaker, C. S. A., died in December 1909; John, born November 30, 1836, served as an officer in the C. S. A., and was killed in battle, July 1, 1862; Martha Goodman, born April 25, 1839, married Dr. Benjamin F. Halsey, died December 23, 1866; Henrietta Dillard, born February 10, 1841, married Dr. William Ruffin Wood, died October 18, 1898; Whitmel Hill, born August 24, 1842, served as colonel in the C. S. A., died October 31, 1904; James Gordon, born August 24, 1843, officer C. S. A., died March 13, 1879; Atherton Barnes, born November 17, 1845, died July 4, 1846.

WILLIAM ANTHONY ARMISTEAD, M. D.

William A. Armistead, son of John and Sarah Carmock (Harrimond) Armistead, was born near Plymouth, N. C., November 14, 1809, and died of apoplexy at Franklin, Va., January 17, 1856.

He prepared for college at the Edenton Academy; and entered the A. L. S. & M. Academy in 1825, graduating in 1828. He studied medicine for some time with Dr. Norcom in Edenton and graduated M. D., from the University of Pennsylvania, about 1832.

He made his residence at his estate, "Woodlawn," near Plymouth, N. C., until his death. Here he practiced his profession, until about 1850, when he was obliged to give up active work, owing to inflammatory rheumatism, from which he suffered the rest of his life. His death occurred while returning from a professional visit to a relative, a student at the University of Virginia. He achieved marked success in his profession, being considered one of the most skillful physicians in his State. He was a Whig in politics, but never held office.

He was married, February 26, 1835, to Sophia Elizabeth Capehart of Avoca, N. C., who died December 21, 1860. Three children were born to them: Cullen died in infancy; Amelia Rhodes, born July 20, 1838, married Baldy Ashburn Capehart, died in Vance County, N. C., in 1887; Susan Priscilla, born December 24, 1843, died in Bertie County, N. C., May 2, 1860.

ROMEO AUSTIN.

Romeo Austin, son of Josiah and Mary B. Austin, was born in Orwell, Vt. in 1805, and died in Boston, Mass., March 1, 1888.

At an early age his parents removed to Rutland, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1825.

He was engaged in the mercantile business in Boston, Mass., many years, acquiring a valuable property.

He was married, about 1836, to Sarah C., daughter of Joshua Blake of Boston and a relative of John S. Blake, '25. She died in Boston, May 20, 1864. Two children were born to them: Gertrude Blake, born about 1838, died unmarried, in July, 1902; Sallie Blake, married Francis Blake Rice and resided in Boston for some years.

MAJOR JACOB BABBITT.

Jacob Babbitt, son of Jacob and Bathsheba Babbitt, was born in Bristol, R. I., May 9, 1809, and died December 23, 1862, of wounds received in battle.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1826.

He engaged in agricultural pursuits for a time, which he abandoned to succeed his father as a West India merchant; and subsequently became interested in the manufacture of cotton goods. His mills were twice destroyed by fire, and for the third time, rising from their ashes, the business, which the undismayed owner had built up, was ruined by the breaking out of the Civil War. He was instrumental in the organization of the Bristol gas works, and succeeded his father as president of the Commonwealth Bank of Bristol. In June, 1829, he was appointed brigade inspector of the state militia with the rank of major. His knowledge of tactics made him serviceable in the drill room of the Bristol artillery. When, at the breaking out of the Civil War, the State called for troops, he responded, although his advanced age almost placed him beyond its requirements. As soon as his business permitted, he offered his services, refusing any higher commission than the one given him thirty-three years before, that of major, by the title of which he had ever since been known. Upon reporting for duty at Washington, he was assigned to the 10th Rhode Island infantry, which he joined at Tenallytown. Later he was commissioned major of the Seventh Rhode Island Infantry, which received its "baptism of blood" before Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862. During the battle Major Babbitt attempted a perilous mission. He was exposed to a deadly cross fire and received a mortal wound. He died at the Mansion House Hospital, Alexandria, December 23, 1862.

He was married, October 7, 1826, to Abbey Eliza Briggs. Five children were born to them.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN BABCOCK.

Benjamin F. Babcock, son of Benjamin Franklin Babcock, was born in Stonington, Conn., about 1808, and died in Liverpool, England, about 1880.

He prepared for college at the Stonington Academy, and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy," in 1825 and graduated in 1828. He engaged in the mercantile business in New York for several years, then located in Glasgow, Scotland, and later in Liverpool. He met with marked success in his business and acquired a large fortune. He was survived by a brother, Samuel D. Babcock, a wealthy merchant of New York City.

EDWARD BAILEY.

Edward Bailey, youngest son of Lebbeus and Sarah Sylvester (Myrick) Bailey, was born in North Yarmouth, Maine, January 7, 1807, and died unmarried, in Galveston, Texas, July 26, 1844.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, remaining until 1823. He located in Galveston, Texas, about 1825, where he engaged in business, acquiring a valuable property.

JOSEPH STOCKBRIDGE BAILEY.

Joseph S. Bailey, son of Lebbeus and Sarah Sylvester (Myrick) Bailey, was born in North Yarmouth, Maine, April 6, 1804; and died in Portland, Me., March 9, 1888.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1821 and graduated in 1823. Soon after his graduation he removed to Portland, Me., where he engaged in the book business for many years; later he engaged in the auction business. He was a public spirited citizen and believed in everything that pertained to the welfare of the city. He was a man of genial disposition, with a quick and ready wit and a good talker. For years his book store was a rendezvous for the literary people of Portland. In politics he was at first a Whig and later a Republican.

He was a member of the Congregational Church; Ancient Landmark Lodge F. and A. M., and Mt. Vernon Chapter, R. A. M. of Portland.

He was married at Portland, Me. to Isabel Wilson Dicks, sister of Capt. John W. Dicks, '23. She died in Portland, Me., September 28, 1869. Ten children were born to them: John Dicks, born November 2, 1832, died March 14, 1872; Edward Augustus, born July 28, 1834, died in Washington, D. C., October 14, 1909; William Stockbridge, born December 14, 1836, died May 22, 1838; Charles Brooks, born April 9, 1839, resides Washington, D. C.; Joseph Henry, born July 22, 1841, died September 24, 1863; Isabel Meriel, born February 6, 1844, married Clarendon Harris, died at La Porte, Ind., June 27, 1866; Helen Brooks, born January 11, 1847, married Samuel C. Allen; Harriet Peters, born September 12, 1849, married Charles Cook; Anna Dicks, born January 27, 1853, resides in Washington, D. C.; Herbert Clarendon, born March 6, 1856, resides in Portland, Me.

JAMES BAKER.

James Baker, son of Major Jonathan and Susanna (Wetherbee) Baker, was born in Charlestown, N. H., in 1803 and died there September 3, 1839. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821 and graduated in 1823. He engaged extensively in farming in Charlestown, N. H. until his death.

He was married in 1830 to Mary Hagar of Springfield, Vt., who died in September, 1888. Four children were born to them: Jane A., married Charles Carr of Northampton, Mass., died in 1867; Mary Ellen, born January 25, 1833, died February 4, 1849; Horace Hall, born February 15, 1837, died in Springfield, Mass., February 10, 1906; James Lewis, born February 7, 1840, died October 7, 1845.

COL. JONATHAN BAKER.

Jonathan Baker, fifth child of Maj. Jonathan and Susanna (Wetherbee) Baker, was born in Charlestown, N. H., June 8, 1806, and died there of pneumonia, February 26, 1867.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1824.

He engaged in mercantile business in Charlestown, 1825-37, 1865-67; in Hardwick, Vt., 1837-45, being senior member of the firm of Baker, Holton and Juedevine; returned to Charlestown in 1845, where he continued to reside until his death; was one of the organizers of the Connecticut River National Bank in Charlestown, and served as director until his death.

Mr. Baker was a man of ready wit, fine physique, and unswerving integrity. He was a successful business man, accumulating a very valuable property. He ably and honorably filled many positions of responsibility. In politics he was a staunch Republican. He was postmaster of Hardwick, Vt.; town clerk of Charlestown, N. H.; county treasurer of Sullivan Co., N. H.; deputy sheriff, and served several years as chairman of the school board in Charlestown. He was much interested in military matters and held the various offices in the N. H. Militia, up to and including that of colonel.



Col. Jonathan Baker.

Mr. Baker married, January 27, 1840, Harriet M. Willard of Charlestown, who died March 20, 1881. Four children were born to them: Abbie Willard, born January 2, 1850, died November 1, 1869; James Henry, born January 9, 1852, died August 23, 1852; Lizzie Jane, born January 4, 1855, died April 3, 1883; Nellie Susan, born March 20, 1857, married Rev. William Benjamin Tyng Smith of Claremont, N. H., resides in Charlestown, N. H.

SECOND-LIEUT. WILLIAM HENRY BAKER, U. S. A.

William H. Baker was born in 1808 and died in Detroit, Mich., in 1835.

He entered the "Academy" from Detroit, Mich. in 1820, remaining until 1823, when he entered the United States Military Academy. He graduated July 1, 1828, and on the same date was commissioned second lieutenant, 4th United States Infantry. He served at the Jefferson Barracks, Mo. 1828-29; on engineer duty, April 29, 1829-January, 1830; at Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1830; resigned from the Army, May 20, 1831.

HUGH SWINTON BALL.

Hugh S. Ball, son of John and Martha Caroline (Swinton) Ball, was born in Charleston, S. C., October 18, 1808.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1826.

He was a wealthy rice planter, owning the Pimlico, the Mepshew, and the Kecklico, plantations on the Cooper River in South Carolina.

He married Anna, daughter of Walter Channing of Boston, Mass.; several children were born to them, all dying in infancy. He and his wife perished on the ill-fated steamer *Pulaski*, on the night of June 14, 1838, while on their way from Charleston, S. C. to New York City.

MAJ. EBENEZER HENRY BARNARD.

Ebenezer H. Barnard, son of Timothy and Phoebe (Dewey) Barnard, was born in Hartford, Conn., September 28, 1808, and died near Pittsford, Monroe, Co., New York, November 10, 1890.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

He engaged in farming in Mendon, N. Y., until his death; served in the New York Militia as major for some years.

He was a Democrat in politics and held several offices; was supervisor of Mendon township, Monroe Co., N. Y., 1865-70.

He was twice married: first, November 7, 1831, to Sophia Griswold, daughter of Gen. Shubal Griswold of East Hampton, Conn. She died December 3, 1871. Five children were born to them: Elizabeth Pitkin, born February 11, 1835, married Solomon Elwell Smith, died 1896; Sarah Stanley, born December 15, 1837, died June 17, 1848; Frederick Griswold, born February 14, 1840,

resides in Pittsford, N. Y.; Henry Dewey, born July 5, 1842, resides in Mendon, N. Y.; Mary Sophia, born August 13, 1845, died June 17, 1848; He was married, the second time, February 4, 1879, to Ann Williams of Mendon, N. Y., who died March 24, 1880. One child, Jane Ann, born January 21, 1880, married Hallock Campbell Sherrard, lawyer in Pittsburg, Pa.



Maj. Ebenezer Henry Barnard.

WILLIAM SULLIVAN BARNES.

W. Sullivan Barnes, son of Capt. Ebenezer and Mrs. Day (widow of Dr. Standish Day), was born in Woodstock, Vt., in 1806, and died in Albany, Ill. June 20, 1869.

He attended the schools of his town; and entered the "Academy" in 1825 and graduated in 1827.

He engaged in Civil Engineering for some time; was mail agent for the

United States Government from Baltimore to Washington and Wheeling, W. Va., 1835-38; St. Louis to Louisville, Ky., 1838-40; St. Louis to Memphis, Tenn., 1840-41. In 1841, he located in Albany, Ill., where he made his home until his death. He engaged in the commission and grain business in Albany many years, meeting with success.

He was married in Lowell, Mass., December 4, 1830, to Adaline Howe of Lunenburg, Vt., who died about 1880. Five children were born to them: Frances Deborah, resides Albany, Ill.; Sarah Elizabeth, married Truman C. Phinney, resides in Montpelier, Vt.; Adaline Matilda; William Henry, resides in Quincy, Ill.; Charles Standish, resides in Quincy, Ill.

BENNET HILLIARD BARROW.

Bennet H. Barrow, son of William and Philiby (Hilliard) Barrow, was born on the "Highland Plantation," St. Francisville, La., in 1811, and died there, May 29, 1854.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He engaged extensively as a sugar planter until his death. He was a Democrat in politics, but never held office. He was married in 1830, to Emily Dorr of Woodsville, Miss., who died August 22, 1845. Six children were born to them: James, born in 1831, died in St. Francisville in 1905; John Dorr, born in 1833, died in St. Francisville in 1890; Clifford, born in 1839, died in St. Francisville, 1887; Armanda, born in 1841, married Mr. Richardson, died in St. Francisville; Hilliard Bar, born in 1843, resides in St. Francisville; Emily Ruffin, born in 1845, married J. B. Jennison, resides in St. Francisville.

HON. LEVI BARTLETT.

Levi Bartlett, son of Ichabod Colby and Anne (Sleeper) Bartlett, was born in Bristol, N. H., January 8, 1807, and died there November 14, 1868.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821 and graduated in 1823.

He engaged extensively in business in Bristol until about 1852, when, having acquired a valuable property, he retired from mercantile business; also engaged some years in cattle buying and other business activities. He took an active part in the raising of funds to build the Bristol Branch R. R., now a part of the Boston and Maine system.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; was first selectman six years, holding office during the Civil War, and was the chief agent in raising money for war purposes; town clerk; represented his town in the State Legislature two terms.

He was an active member of the Congregational Church and for many years its most liberal supporter. He was interested in enterprises to improve the town and was ready to assist by moral or financial support. He was an active temperance man and did much to suppress the traffic in Bristol.

He was married, July 2, 1839, to Martha Pickering Haines of Canterbury, N. H., who died May 8, 1865. Four children were born to them: Frederick Haines, born May 25, 1840, resides in Silvertown, B. C.; Levi Scott, born January 2, 1842, died September 9, 1846; Annie Pickering, born November 30, 1843, died September 15, 1882; Mary Elizabeth, born February 5, 1849, resides in Bristol, N. H.

CHAPLAIN FREDERICK AUGUSTUS BARTON, A. M.

Frederick A. Barton, son of Jabez and Sophia (Hart) Barton, was born in Chester, Vt., June 24, 1809, and died in Newtonville, Mass., February 23, 1881.

He attended the schools of his town and in 1820 entered the "Academy," graduating in 1825. He graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1831; was a student at the Theological Seminary, Andover Massachusetts, 1833-34; was a teacher at the Phillips Academy, Massachusetts, 1832-38; was ordained pastor in the Congregational ministry November 6, 1839; was pastor in Collinsville, Conn., 1838-43; Third Church, Chicopee Falls, Mass., 1843-46. He engaged in civil engineering during 1846-57; was pastor of the Indian Orchard Church during 1858-61; engaged in business, Nashua, N. H., 1862-68. He resided in East Boston, 1868-71; Newtonville, 1871.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he took a decided stand for the Union, and at the great war meeting held in the City Hall, Springfield, made a masterly speech for "Liberty, Union and the Constitution." At the close of his speech, the audience rose to their feet and cheered him with the wildest enthusiasm. He immediately set to work to raise a Hampden County regiment, of which he was to have the colonelcy, two companies of which were recruited and organized and encamped in Hampden Park in Springfield. The acceptance of the 10th Massachusetts militia as the 10th Massachusetts Volunteers, changed the plan somewhat, and Mr. Barton was commissioned chaplain of this regiment June 21, 1861. He served with great efficiency with his regiment until August 1862, when owing to his failing health he was forced to resign.

He was twice married: first, October 10, 1838, to Philena Deane, daughter of Horatio and Phoebe (Deane) Alden of Hartford, Conn. She died in 1839. A son Fred, born in 1839, served as captain in the 10th Massachusetts Volunteers, died in 1909. He was again married September 8, 1840, to Harriet Holmes, daughter of Edmund and Zilpah Holmes (Gerrish) Bartlett of Newburyport, Mass.

HON. CARLOS BAXTER, A. M.

Carlos Baxter, son of the Hon. William and Lydia (Ashley) Baxter, was born in Brownington, Vt., January 15, 1809, and died in Burlington, Vt., January 28, 1874.

He received an academic education and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1825; graduated A. B. from Union College in 1830.

He attended the Harvard University and Yale University law schools; was admitted to the Orleans county bar, December 28, 1832, and soon located in Burlington, where he continued to reside until his death. Possessing an ample fortune, he did not practice his profession; but engaged in extensive business enterprises. He was one of the original promoters and stock holders of the Burlington Woolen Mills.

He was an ardent Whig in politics and represented Burlington in the House of Representatives in 1840 and 1841. Being a strong anti-slavery advocate, he joined the Republican party; was United States collector of internal revenue, second congressional district, 1862-1866. He was a man

of large stature and fine presence and always enjoyed the respect of his fellow citizens.

He was married, May 15, 1833, to Carolina Deming of Burlington, who died, May 25, 1843. Five children were born to them: Frances Ashley, born January 30, 1834, now resides in Burlington, Vt.; Ann Eliza, born December 28, 1835, married Rev. Isham Bliss, died January 23, 1905; Caroline, Maria, born August 4, 1837, married the Hon. Bradley Barlow Smalley, resides in Burlington; Charles Deming born July 13, 1839, died January 17, 1862; Ellen Harris, born August 15, 1841, died May 13, 1842.

CARLOS BAXTER.

Carlos Baxter, son of Ira and Arsenia (Sprague) Baxter, was born in Norwich, Vt., August 1, 1804, and died in Albany, Vt., September 17, 1855.



Carlos Baxter.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1825.

He engaged in mercantile business in Norwich until 1843, when he removed to Albany, Vt., and engaged in farming until his death. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

He was twice married: first in 1830 to Lora Partridge, who died December 12, 1837. Three children were born to them: Charles Morrison, born April 23, 1831, resides at Redlands, Cal.; James M., born July 12, 1832, died in Lewis, Ia., June 14, 1904; William Partridge, born 1835, died in Norwich, Vt., August 16, 1856.

He was again married, September 11, 1839, to Rosalinda Metcalf Orn, who died November 9, 1886. Five children were born to them: Lora Partridge, born May 26, 1841, died April 28, 1866; Lorene Eliza, born June 26, 1843, died October 9, 1864; Allen Sprague, born May 26, 1845, resides at Griswold, Ia.; Ellen Luella, born March 26, 1847, married Frank Hunt, resides Lewis, Ia.; Emma Jane, born July 13, 1849, married Milton Felser, resides at Palco, Kan.

HON. PORTUS BAXTER, A. M.

Portus Baxter, son of the Hon. William and Lydia (Ashley) Baxter, was born in Brownington, Vt., December 4, 1806, and died in Washington, D. C., March 4, 1868.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821 and graduated in 1824; accompanied the corps of cadets on their march to Concord, N. H., in June 1821. (q. v.)

He engaged in farming in Brownington until 1828, when he located in Derby, where he made his home until his death. He extensively engaged in the mercantile and agricultural pursuits in Derby until 1860.

He was at first a Whig in politics and later joined the Republican party. His positive character, his fine judgment of men, and facile handling of them, rapidly won him an influential position in politics, first in his own town, and county, then throughout his district and state and finally in national affairs. He several times served as a delegate to the national convention of the Whig party. In 1848, he was the only delegate from New England, who advocated from the first the nomination of General Taylor for president. In 1852-53, he headed the electoral ticket and voted for General Scott. In 1856-57, served as an elector and voted for General Fremont. After declining two nominations for Congress, he finally accepted the nomination for the third district in 1860, and held this office until 1866, when he declined a re-election. He served on the committee of elections, agriculture, and the special committee on expenditures of the Navy Department. He found no time to write speeches nor time to seek ease and comfort in his Vermont home. He spent all his energies and time in the service of his constituents and in administering to the wants of the soldiers.



Hon. Portus Baxter.

During the ghastly days of the Wilderness campaign, and the Battle of Fredericksburg, he was at the front to minister to the wounded and suffering; and all that summer both he and his wife remained at their post of tender duty until they themselves were prostrated with sickness. It was owing to this interest he manifested in the soldiers' welfare, that he earned the title of "the soldier's friend."

He was a *patriotic politician*. He took the greatest pleasure in the science of government and the administration of public affairs. He was distinguished for his generous nature. He delighted to serve and advance his friends. He was a great leader of men. It is stated that during 1840-50, he exerted a greater influence upon the politics of Vermont than any other man in the State. We quote from the *New York Independence*, "Mr. Baxter's magnetic and winning presence, combined with his utter earnestness, made him a positive power in the various government departments. Here all his individual forces came into play, and gave him great influence with men in power. It was in such contact that he gained the friendship of the great War Secretary who, in this man's death, has lost a friend whose faith never faltered and whose love was never shaken by the utmost test or trial. His admiration for Edwin Stanton could be measured only by his never ceasing devotion."

The University of Vermont conferred upon him the degree of A. M. in 1852. He was a member of the Universalist Church.

He was married, June 18, 1832, to Ellen Judith Jennette, daughter of Judge J. H. Harris, trustee of "N. U." (q. v.). She died at Derby Line, Vt., June 14, 1882. Eight children were born to them: William Harris, born March 27, 1833, died April 3, 1843; Jedediah Hyde, born June 20, 1835, died March 9, 1836; Jedediah Hyde, "N. U." '56 (q. v.) Myron Leslie, born June 18, 1840, died at Derby Line, Vt., January 8, 1905; Marcia Elizabeth, born August 6, 1842, died April 12, 1843; Henry Clay, "N. U.," '66, (q. v.); William Portus, born July 26, 1847, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Ellen Janette, born March 18, 1850, died September 21, 1862.

RICHARD GARNET BAYLOR.

Richard G. Baylor, son of Richard and Ann (Tilden) Baylor, was born in Woodbury, Jefferson county, West Virginia (then Virginia) April 8, 1811, and died September 25, 1813 in Charlestown, West Va.

He entered the "Academy" in 1826 and graduated in 1828. He inherited a large property and engaged in agricultural pursuits until his death.

He was married, September 25, 1830, to Catherine Tunstall of Norfolk, Va., who died about 1880. Six children were born to them.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS BEACH.

William A. Beach, son of Miles and Cynthia (Warren) Beach, was born in Saratoga Springs, N. Y., December 9, 1809, and died there, June 28, 1884.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1824, graduating in 1828. He studied law with his uncle, Judge Warren; and was admitted to the bar at Troy, N. Y., in August, 1833. He practiced his profession during 1833-51, in Saratoga Springs, meeting with great success; was district attorney, Saratoga county, 1843-47. He removed to Troy in 1851 and formed a partnership with Job Pierson and Levi Smith, the leading attorneys of that city, under the firm name of Pierson, Beach & Smith. This partnership continued until the death of Mr. Pierson in 1860. The firm was then known as Beach & Smith and was continued until 1870, when he withdrew from the firm and removed to New York City. He established the firm of Beach & Brown in 1870, which was continued until his death. The firm soon attained a high reputation.

He became one of the most prominent advocates of his time and was engaged in many notable cases. He was attorney in the Fisk and Gould litigations; the suit of the Erie R. R., Co., vs. Commodore Vanderbilt, popularly known as the "Five Million Dollar Suit"; counsel for William H. Vanderbilt in the celebrated contest over Commodore Vanderbilt's will; leader for the plaintiff in the celebrated Marie Garrison suit, involving millions of dollars, (83 N. Y. 16); Felton and Park case. He was the counsel for Colonel North in his trial by court-martial during the Civil War, and later the counsel of Theodore Tilton in the celebrated Beecher trial. He defended Judge Barnard during his trial for impeachment, and was engaged in the trial of E. S. Stokes for the murder of James Fisk, Jr.

Mr. Beach was a man of full height, straight and finely poised, carrying an indescribable air of dignity and repose. He indulged in no superfluous

gesticulation. He had a broad, full forehead, slightly retreating; large and prominent clear blue eyes, and a face strikingly noble and intellectual. He confined his talents strictly to his legal profession, never speaking before political conventions or other gatherings.

DANIEL HAVENS BINGHAM.

Daniel H. Bingham, son of William and Olive (Havens) Bingham, was born in Royalton, Vt., February 20, 1802, and died in Athens, Ala. in 1867.

He received an academic education and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1823. Soon after graduating, he went to Arkansas and was civil engineer for the state for some years; later he organized a military school in Baltimore, Md., which he conducted for some time; was the founder of the Oxford Literary Scientific and Military Academy (q. v.) in Oxford, N. C.; was editor and proprietor of the *Athens Herald*, Athens, Ala., which he conducted until the breaking out of the Civil War, when he returned North.

He was twice married: first to a Southern woman. Three children were born to them: A daughter, who married a Mr. Miller; Alden Partridge, who served gallantly in the C. S. A.; Celia, married an officer in the C. S. A., and moved to California. He was again married about 1857 to Mrs. Sarah (Sallie Crenshaw) Moiler, who died about 1880; no children.

CHARLES JAMES FOX BINNEY.

Charles J. F. Binney, son of Capt. John and Sarah Ann (Callender) Binney, was born in Boston, Mass., October 2, 1806, and died there December 30, 1888; was buried in Mt. Auburn Cemetery, Cambridge, Mass.

He prepared for college at Rev. Joseph Richardson's school in Hingham, Mass.; William Jencks' School in Boston, and the Boston Latin School. He entered the "Academy" in 1823 and graduated in 1825. In 1825 he entered his father's office at 33 Long Wharf, Boston, and engaged in the commission and ship brokerage business until 1870, when he retired from active work. He met with marked success in his business and acquired a valuable property. He took great interest in military affairs; served in the Boston Light Infantry for some time.

He was an able scholar and historian; published the *History and Genealogy of the Prentice or Prentiss Family*, 1852; *Genealogy of the Binney Family*, 1886; and was engaged in writing the history of the *Town of Hull, Mass.*, at the time of his death.



Charles James Fox Binney.

He was an active member of the New England Historical and Genealogical Society of Boston; Marine Society of Boston; corresponding member of the Pennsylvania Historical Society. He was a member of Dr. Charles Lowell's Unitarian Church.

He was married, October 29, 1829, to Clarissa, daughter of Deacon George Loring of Duxbury, Mass. She died June 2, 1897. Six children were born to them: Isabella, born November 12, 1830, married Henry Franklin Stodder, resides in Brookline, Mass.; Charles Loring, born July 24, 1832, died at sea, 1863; Emily, born January 6, 1833, died May 13, 1839; George Loring, born September 2, 1840, resides in Toledo, Ohio; Prentiss, born September 21, 1842, died September 25, 1849; Mary Prentiss, born May 1, 1850, died January 9, 1880.

JOHN THOMPSON BLOIS, A. M.

John T. Blois, son of Thompson and Rhoda (Howe) Blois, was born in New Haven Conn., September 22, 1809; and died in Jonesville, Mich., June 8, 1886.

At an early age his parents removed to Plymouth, where he prepared for college. He entered the "Academy" in 1826 and graduated in 1828. In 1833, the University in recognition of his work as a teacher and educator, conferred upon him the degree of A. M.

His health not permitting him to follow the rough life of a civil engineer, he studied the Classics for some time with Rev. Luther Hart of Plymouth; studied law with Hon. George H. Briggs of Lanesboro, Mass., and later with Judge Henry W. Bishop of Lenox, Mass., and was admitted to the bar.

He practiced his profession in South Carolina and Tennessee for some time. In 1836, located in Detroit, Mich., where he was principal of the Detroit Academy for some time. He collected memoranda for a statistical, topographical and political history of the state and territory of Michigan, which he afterwards published under the patronage of the state legislature, as a Gazeteer of the State of Michigan. While preparing this work for the press, he found the archives barren; and it was owing only to memoranda furnished by him to the secretary of state that enabled the governor to negotiate what was then called the \$5,000,000 loan for internal improvement purposes.

He removed to Jonesville in 1839 and in connection with Salem T. King opened the second law office in the village, under the firm name of King and Blois. In 1840, he was elected registrar of deeds for this county, serving two years; was circuit court commissioner for eight years. He was one of the justices of the peace for the Fayette township from 1840 until 1844, was again elected in 1865, and filled that position continuously for twenty-one years.

He was a man of great intelligence and was an authority on many scientific subjects, especially geology and astronomy. He was in his business, as well as in scientific pursuits, very painstaking and accurate. He was a man of unquestioned integrity, a public spirited citizen, active when his health permitted, and one who to an unusual degree enjoyed the confidence of the community. In 1855, he was elected a member of the American Association of Science, at Detroit.

He was in poor health during the greater portion of his life and was unfitted for camp life during the Civil War; but his military education made his services as drill master desirable. He drilled and instructed a company for the 4th and 7th Michigan Volunteer Regiments.

He was married in Jonesville, May 4, 1845, to Ormina N. Warriner, who died December 4, 1872. He was survived by a son, Edwin T., who resided in Wayne, Dupage Co., Ill.

REAR ADMIRAL CHARLES STUART BOGGS, U. S. N.

Charles S. Boggs, son of Robert and Mary Jane (Lawrence) Boggs, was born in New Brunswick, N. J., January 28, 1811, and died there, April 22, 1888.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1826. He was appointed midshipman in the United States Navy, November 1, 1826; was assigned to the sloop-of-war *Warren* and cruised with the Mediterranean Squadron from 1829 until April 28, 1832, when he was promoted past-midshipman. He was in charge of the receiving ship in New York, until 1836; was commissioned lieutenant, September 6, 1837, and assigned to the *Saratoga*, doing duty off the coast of Africa. He was in command of this post until 1843, when he was attached to the home squadron, where he remained until the breaking out of the Mexican War.

He served with distinction at the capture of Vera Cruz; was in command of the receiving ship in New York, 1848-51; was in charge of the New York Navy Yard, 1851-54; inspector of Navy Yards in 1855; was commissioned commander, September 14, 1855; was commander of the mail steamer, *Illinois*, 1856-58. He was appointed lighthouse inspector in 1860, and on the breaking out of the Civil War was serving along the California coast. He wrote the Navy Department asking an opportunity for active service in the South. His request was granted and he was given command of the *Varuna*, a passenger steamer remodeled into a gunboat, and ordered to join Admiral Farragut's fleet below New Orleans.



Rear Admiral Charles Stuart Boggs, U. S. N.

In April, 1862, Admiral Farragut determined to run by the forts at the mouth of the Mississippi River and attack New Orleans. Commander Boggs reported to Admiral Farragut that his ship would not be able to stand the fire of the forts, if required to run at the same rate of speed as the other boats. His boat was one of the fastest in the fleet, and he felt the passage could be made safely if allowed to go at full speed. His request was granted and his boat was placed second from the flagship.

On the early morning of April 24, the advance was ordered, and Commander Boggs, in order to develop steam in the quickest manner, used his supply of pork for the purpose. When abreast of the forts, he fired several broadsides into them. The frail boat shot ahead, wrapped in flame, and was soon above the forts. Here he found himself surrounded with Confederate gunboats. He gave the order to "work both sides and load with grape." With

no excitement and with perfect coolness his orders were carried out by the men. The first ship that received his fire was crowded with troops and at the first discharge, her boilers exploded and she drifted ashore. Three other ships received his fire and were blown up. A 32 pound shot, fired from an iron clad, raked the *Varuna*, killing and wounding thirteen men. The guns of the boat were soon silenced by the fire from the marines, but in a short time the *Varuna* was twice rammed by the iron clad, but not fatally. Commander Boggs ordered the engineer to put on full steam, and pushing up stream, swung the iron clad around, leaving her wooden side exposed. Instantly five eight-inch shells were fired into the exposed part and the boat was driven ashore in flames. The *Varuna* was then rammed by the iron clad, *Stonewall Jackson*, the side of the boat being stayed in. Water rushed in torrents into the vessel. As the *Varuna* was rapidly sinking, Commander Boggs ordered her run toward the river bank, still continuing the fire until the water was above the gun trucks, the last shots just skimming the surface. As the ship grounded on the river bank, a chain cable was passed around a tree, so the boat in sinking would not carry the crew with her. In fifteen minutes after receiving the last blow, the *Varuna* sunk, with her guns roaring and her flags proudly flying. Commander Boggs lost his ship, but won immortal fame as a naval hero. As a token for his gallantry in this great naval fight, his native town and State both voted him a sword.

Captain Thomas T. Craven, also an old cadet, performed heroic service in this world famous naval battle. Commander Boggs was commissioned captain, July 16, 1862, and given command of the *Juniata* and served in various places until 1864; was on special duty in New York, from 1864 until he received his commission as commodore, July 25, 1866; was in command of the steamer *De Soto*, in the North Atlantic Squadron, until 1868; was on special duty until 1872. He was promoted rear admiral, July 1, 1870, and retired January 28, 1872.

He was twice married: first, to Sophia Doré, who died in 1860. Five children were born to them: Emmeline Doré, born in 1836, married Sidney Lovett, died 1902; Sophia Stuart, born in 1837, married John H. Pool of New York City, died in 1901; Charles Edward, born September 16, 1840, assistant paymaster U. S. N., died October 1, 1880; Robert, born October 18, 1842, first lieutenant, 1st New Jersey Volunteers, died at Harrison Landing, Va., August 6, 1862; John Doré, born August 30, 1849, died February 28, 1872. He was again married, April 9, 1875, to Mrs. Harriet Eugenia (Mott) Bull of Norwich and New London, Conn., who survives him and resides in New Brunswick, N. J.

PAY DIRECTOR, WILLIAM BRENTON BOGGS, U. S. N.

William B. Boggs, son of Robert and Mary (Lawrence) Boggs, and brother of Rear Admiral C. S. Boggs, '26, was born in New Jersey, July 2, 1809, and died March 11, 1874.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He was a clerk in the Phoenix Bank, New York City for some years; was a clerk in the Navy Department, Washington, D. C., September 1, 1842—November 30, 1852; purser United States Navy, November 30, 1852; promoted pay director June 1, 1871, and retired July 2, 1871. During 1852-56, he was attached to an expedition, which surveyed the China Sea, Behring Strait,

and the Siberian Coast of the Arctic Ocean. He served with Admiral Porter and while with him on the Mississippi Flotilla, was severely burned in a gallant effort to save the government funds in his care on board the U. S. S. *Mound City*.

He was recognized as one of the best amateur artists in the Navy. While on his various cruises he painted many pictures. He was a brave and efficient officer; was of a genial and kindly disposition and was a general favorite with the officers of the Navy.

He married Eleanor Carter, daughter of Charles Beale and Anne (Stuart) Carter, of Sabine Hall, Va. Three children were born to them: Katherine Stewart, born August 5, 1843, married Jeremiah W. Berry, resides "Bowie Hall" Prince George county, Md.; Lawrence Gedney, born April 5, 1846, rear admiral, U. S. N., retired, now residing in New York City; William Brenton, born October 11, 1851, graduated U. S. Naval Academy, 1875, assistant engineer U. S. N., died June 21, 1886.

BVT. BRIG. GEN. JAMES VOTÉ BOMFORD, U. S. A.

James V. Bomford, son of Col. George Bomford, chief of ordnance, U. S. A., and a grandson of Capt. Thomas Bomford of the 60th Royal Artillery, was born at Governor's Island, N. Y., in 1811, and died January 6, 1892.

He entered the "Academy" from Washington, D. C., in 1826, and graduated in 1828. He then entered West Point, and was graduated in 1832, and commissioned brevet second lieutenant. He served in the 8th Infantry, through the Black Hawk and Seminole Wars, and after the breaking out of the Mexican War was a captain in the 8th Infantry, serving in Florida.

He was with Taylor in the military occupation of Texas in 1845-46, and later with him in the Mexican War, where he fought in the battles of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterey, Cerro Gordo and Molino del Rey. He was at the siege of Vera Cruz, and at the capture of San Antonio.

He was conspicuous for his bravery at Molino del Rey, and was brevetted major for his gallant and meritorious conduct in the battles of Contreras and Cherubusco, and was brevetted lieutenant colonel for gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Molino del Rey. Twelve



Bvt. Brig. Gen. James Voté Bomford, U. S. A.

years of unbroken frontier service in Texas followed. He was lieutenant colonel of the 8th Infantry when Fort Sumpter was fired upon,

and was surrendered by General Twiggs, but he heroically refused to give his parole not to fight the Confederacy, and he was held a prisoner from April 1861, until May, 1862, the latter portion of the time being spent in Libby Prison. Being at length exchanged, he rejoined his regiment, then serving under General Buell and remained with them until the battle of Perryville, where he was twice severely wounded; when his men fell back, he to urge them on, rode in front of them, and gallantly urged them to follow him. He rode a white horse which made him a conspicuous mark for the enemy. He was brevetted colonel for his gallantry in this battle and when the war ended, he was a brevet brigadier general. He was promoted colonel of the 5th Infantry, May 18, 1864. He then did service on the western frontier until 1874, when he was retired. He removed to Elizabeth N. J., where he resided until his death.

He was noted at the "Academy" for his great strength and athletic ability. He took special delight in the long marches that Captain Partridge was accustomed to give his corps of cadets. While at West Point, he distinguished himself by making a long jump, which has not been equalled at that Institution to the present time. Many stories have been handed down in regard to his enormous strength.

He was married in 1840, to Louise Victoire, daughter of Bvt. Brig. Gen. Newman S. Clarke, U. S. A. Three children were born to them: George Newman born in 1841, and died in New York City in 1897; Elizabeth Belinda, married Col. J. W. French, U. S. A.; Frederica Augusta, born in 1859, married Carl Weidner, resides in New York City.

HON. THOMAS BRAGG.

Thomas Bragg, son of Thomas and Margaret (Crossland) Bragg, was born in Warrenton, Warren county, N. C., November 9, 1810, and died in Raleigh, N. C., January 21, 1872.

His father was an architect of ability, who devoted the fruits of his labors to educating a large family of children. John, an older brother of Thomas, was a distinguished judge in Alabama, and a member of Congress. Gen. Braxton Bragg, the noted Confederate leader, was a younger brother.

The subject of this sketch prepared for college at the Warrenton Academy and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1825 and graduated in 1828. He studied law with Judge Hall of Warrenton, and was admitted to the bar in 1833. In this year he located in Jackson, county seat of Northampton county, N. C., where he practiced his profession until 1854, when he removed to Raleigh. He soon gained distinction as an attorney and began to receive honors from the hands of the people. He served as county attorney of Northampton county, 1834-38, filling the office with marked ability; served in the House of Representatives, 1842-43; was presidential elector on the Polk and Dallas ticket, first district, in 1844; was an elector on the Cass and Butler ticket in 1848, and on the Pierce and King ticket in 1852.

He was elected Governor of the State in 1854, and was re-elected in 1856. In 1859, he was elected to the United States Senate, succeeding David S. Reid, a former classmate at the "Academy." This position he resigned in 1861, when his State seceded from the Union.

He returned to Raleigh and in June, 1861, was appointed by Governor

Clark as one of the three persons to act as the governor's military council, This position he held but a short time. Though not openly opposed to the war, he did not believe the South could gain her independence. He was appointed by President Jefferson Davis, attorney general of the Confederate States, which position he retained until 1864, when he returned to Raleigh. After the war he resumed the practice of his profession.

He was one of the ablest lawyers of North Carolina, and took part in many noted trials. Some of the best known cases were: State vs. Hodges, tried in the Wake Superior Court in 1867; the Johnson will case, tried before Chief Justice Merriman in 1867; the habeas corpus case in 1870, and the Impeachment trial of Governor Holden.

He was married, October 4, 1837, to Isabella Margaret Cuthbert, of Petersburg, Va. Seven children were born to them: John; Blanche, married Andrew Sync; Herbert; Isabella, married Charles D. Harot, resides in Petersburg, Va.; Frances Rice, died unmarried in 1890; Elsie Ellis, married William L. Morton, resides in Petersburg, Va.; Mary Love, married Robert Gilliam, resides in Petersburg, Va.; Mattie Cuthbert, married Robert Prichard, resides in Petersburg, Va.



Hon. Thomas Bragg.

JACOB SHELDON BRANDEGEE.

Jacob S. Brandegee, son of Elishama and Emily Stocking (Jabez) Brandegee, was born in Berlin, Conn., September 9, 1812, and died in Alexandria, Ind., August 4, 1851.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1824, graduating in 1829. He worked in his father's store in Berlin until 1848, when he removed to Alexandria, Ind., where he resided until his death.

He was married May 15, 1839, to Sarah M. Hinsdale of Berlin, Conn.; no children. Mrs. Brandegee married again and died in Keokuk, Iowa.

LIEUT. FREDERICK BREWER.

Frederick Brewer, son of Charles and Hannah (Fairbanks) Brewer, was born in Middletown, Conn., December 26, 1811, and died there December 19, 1885.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1828. He engaged in the dry goods business in Middletown, Conn., for many years. He met with success in his business and acquired a valuable property.

He took much interest in military matters and served as adjutant, 6th Regiment, Connecticut Militia.

He was survived by several children.

CHAPLAIN WILLIAM HENRY BRISBANE, M. D.

William H. Brisbane, son of Adam Fowler and Mary Ann (Mosse) Brisbane, was born at Black Swamp, St. Peter's Parish, South Carolina, October 12, 1806, and died in Arena, Wis., April 5, 1878.

When he was six years old he was adopted by a wealthy uncle and taken to Charleston, S. C., to live. He prepared for college in Charleston under the tuition of Bishop England, a prominent Catholic, and Rev. W. T. Brantley of Beaufort college, S. C. He completed his preparation under a graduate of Yale, in New Haven, Conn.



Chaplain William Henry Brisbane.

He entered the "Academy" February 24, 1824, remaining until March, 1825, when owing to sickness he was obliged to give up his work. He was distinguished at the "Academy" for his scholarship and love of military duty.

He joined the Baptist Church at Pipe Creek, Lawtonville, S. C., October 2, 1825, and later studied for the ministry at the Furman, S. C., Theological Institute. He was ordained pastor in the Baptist Church at Lawtonville, Beaufort District, S. C., November 7, 1830. His pastorates were: Barnwell and Philadelphia, S. C., March 31 to October, 1832; Beach Branch, S. C., 1832, to August, 1833; Pipe Creek, January 5, 1833; First Baptist Church, Cincinnati, Ohio, August, 1838-41; Sixth Baptist Church, Cincinnati January 20, 1841, to June, 1845; Haddonfield, N. J., January to October, 1848; Cincinnati, Ohio, October, 1848-49; Cheviot, near Cincinnati, Ohio, July 22, to May 3, 1851; Fort Madison, Ia., January to May, 1860; Madison, Wis., August to November, 1861; Mozomanie, Wis., February 5, 1871, to September 14, 1873; Spring Green, Wis., February, 1871, to March 5, 1876, January to October, 1877; this being his last charge. He was agent for the American and Foreign Bible Society, December, 1837-1838.

In the fall of 1827, he began studying medicine, but gave up the work for the study of Theology. He attended medical lectures in Charleston, S. C., January to November 1835, winter of 1836-37, receiving his diploma January 27, 1837. He practiced his profession in Lawtonville, S. C., in 1836 and 1837; Cincinnati, 1844; Madison, Wis., 1853-54; Arena, Wis., 1854, and at later periods.

He engaged in business at various times; conducted a store in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1844 and 1851.

In early manhood he became convinced that slavery was wrong and proved the honesty of his convictions by freeing his own slaves, some thirty in number. He brought them North and saw them well settled in life. In 1840, while pastor of the First Baptist Church of Cincinnati, he first declared his views as an abolitionist, and from this time became an active anti-slavery worker. Few men sacrificed more or performed better service in bringing about abolition. He was an able writer and an eloquent speaker, and for many years devoted much time in educating the people to the true dangers and wrong of slavery.

He was editor of the *Southern Baptist* of Charleston, S. C.; *Christian Politician and Western Transcript*, Cincinnati, October 25, 1844, to May 29, 1845; *American Citizen*, Philadelphia, Pa., April 23, 1846, to February 1847; *The Crisis*, Cincinnati, October, 1849, to May, 1851. He contributed many articles to the various newspapers of the country. He published *Brisbane on Slavery, Future of Slavery*, 1861. He was agent and correspondent for the *Ohio Times* in 1844; reporter for the *Free Democrat* of Milwaukee, in the Wisconsin Senate in 1854. In March, 1854, he located in Arena, Wis., where he made his home until his death.

He was a popular lecturer and delivered many addresses in various parts of the country. Among his favorite topics were: *The Life and Character of Hon. Thomas Morris; Reminiscences of Great Statesmen*. He wrote *Albert and Mary*, published in *Autographs of Freedom*; also *Amanda*, and other stories, all bringing out the evils of slavery; also many poems. He was, so far as known, the first person to form a temperance society in South Carolina. In October, 1830, he established an "Anti-Intemperance" association in Pipe Creek, and his church was the first in the State to require of its members a temperance pledge. He was an active member of the I. O. G. T. of Wisconsin, holding many offices in the order.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State of Wisconsin; was commissioned chaplain of the Second Wisconsin Cavalry Volunteers, October 30, 1861. Owing to impaired health, he was forced to resign June 19, 1862.

He took an active part in politics and held several positions; was post-master of Beach Branch, S. C., November 1833, to March, 1835; was candidate for Congress of the Liberal Party, Hamilton County, O., in 1844; was a delegate from Ohio to the Free Democracy, National Convention in Pittsburg, Pa., December, 1851; was chairman of the Ohio Delegation of the National Free Soil Convention in August, 1852, which nominated John P. Hale for president; was lecturing agent for the Free Democracy party in 1852; was an active supporter of John C. Fremont for the presidency in 1856, and Abraham Lincoln in 1860; was chairman of the executive committee of the Free Democratic party, Hamilton County, Ohio, in 1853; was chief clerk of the Wisconsin Senate, 1857-58; served as one of the direct tax commissioners for South Carolina, October 9, 1862, to November, 1870; delegate from Iowa County, Wis., to the Republican National Convention in Cincinnati in 1876.

During his service on St. Helena Island, 1862 to October, 1870, he had the charge of the surveying of the island for the United States Government and the laying out of lots for the homes of negroes about Beaufort. Also practiced land surveying in Arena, Wis. The *Arena Star*, in an article published April 12, 1878, states: "Extensively known, respected and beloved, the notice of the death of this man of God will fill with sorrow many hearts in almost every

state of the Union. As a public man he was looked to by statesmen as amongst the ablest advocates of right and safest counselors." He was a member of the Medical Club of Cincinnati, 1844; American Medical Association; Wisconsin State Medical Society; The Philadelphian of Cincinnati, an Anti Slavery Society, 1849-53; Round Table of Madison, Wis.; Association of Teachers, Columbus, O.

He was married, May 28, 1825, at Black Swamp, S. C., to Anna Lawton, who died in Battle Creek, Neb., February 17, 1888. Ten children were born to them: Anna Cornelia, born July 25, 1827, died April 26, 1828; Bentley Hasell, born August 31, 1829, died in Cincinnati, Ohio, March 22, 1846; Robert Willingham, died in infancy; Benjamin Lawton, born April 8, 1834, died in Council Bluffs, Ia., Nov. 10, 1893; William Henry, Jr., born June 20, 1838, died in Milwaukee, Wis. in May, 1897; Phoebe Adeline, born May 14, 1841, married Mr. Herbert Reed, resides Helena, Mont.; Mary Julia, died in infancy; John Edward, born April 17, 1847, died in Madison, Wis., February 2, 1863. Two children died in infancy.

WILLIAM GRAY BROOKS.

William G. Brooks, son of Cotton Brown and Jane (Williams) Brooks, was born in Portland, Me., October 12, 1805, and died in North Andover, Mass., January 6, 1879.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating in 1824. He was distinguished at the "Academy" for his scholarship; took part in the march made by the corps of cadets from Norwich to Manchester, Vt., in September, 1823. He wrote a very interesting account of this trip; also prepared a profile of the country traversed. These documents he presented to the Vermont State Historical Society in 1876, where they are carefully preserved in the archives of the Society. These documents are not only valuable contributions to the early history of "N. U.," but show that he had more than ordinary ability as a draftsman.



William Gray Brooks.

He went to Boston in 1826, and began clerking for his brother, Charles, in his hardware store; became a partner in 1831, and in 1860, bought his brother's interest in the store and continued in the business until late in 1874, when he sold out and retired from active work. In May, 1877, he removed to North Andover, Mass., where he resided until his death. He was a capable business man and acquired a valuable property.

He took great interest in historical matters; was a member of the Massachusetts State Historical Society and one of its most active members, serving on the standing committee, 1862-65, 1867-70, 1875-77. He was a member of the Boston Common Council 1847-50; represented his district in the Massachusetts House of Representatives, in 1860.

He was married September 9, 1833, to Mary Ann, daughter of Col. John Phillips of Andover. She died in 1880. Six children were born to them:

William Gray, born 1834, banker, Boston, Mass.; Phillips, born 1835, prominent Episcopal clergyman, Bishop of Massachusetts, died 1893; George, born in 1838, member Co. H, 45th Mass., Vols., died Newbern, N. C., 1863; Frederick, born 1842, Episcopal clergyman, Cleveland, Ohio, died 1872; Arthur, born 1845, Episcopal clergyman, New York City, died 1895; John Cotton, born 1849, Episcopal clergyman, Springfield, Mass., died 1907.

REV. ORESTES AUGUSTUS BROWNSON, LL. D.

Orestes A. Brownson, son of Sylvester Augustus and Relief (Metcalf) Brownson, was born in Stockbridge, Vt., September 16, 1803, and died in Detroit, Mich., April 17, 1876.

He lived for some years with relatives in Royalton, Vt., and later attended an academy in Ballston, N. Y. He was a student for a time in the "Academy" in Norwich in 1824; received the degree of LL. D. from "N. U." in 1846.

In 1821, he became a Presbyterian and in June, 1826, he became a Universalist clergyman; preached in Vermont, 1826-27, Auburn, N. Y., 1827-29; became an independent preacher in February, 1831, and preached for some time in Ithaca, N. Y. In 1832, he became a Unitarian, and was pastor in Walpole, N. H., 1832-34; was pastor of the First Congregational church in Canton, Mass., 1834-36. In this latter year, he organized in Boston the Society for Christian Union and Progress and served as its pastor until 1843, when he gave up preaching and devoted himself to literary work.

He early became interested in the condition of the laboring classes, and in social reform; was active in his support of Van Buren, delivering speeches in various parts of the country in his support; assisted in founding the Locofoco party in New York; later joined the Democratic party in Massachusetts.

He was editor of the Universalist paper, *The Gospel Advocate*, 1826-29; was an associate editor of the *Christian Examiner*, in the thirties; was corresponding editor of the *Free Enquirer*, New York, 1826-31; published the *Philanthropist*, for some time in the interest of the working classes, in the thirties; was editor of the *Boston Quarterly Review*, January 1838-42. In this last year the *Boston Quarterly Review* was merged into the *United States Democratic Review*, and he continued one of its principal contributors.

In October, 1844, he became a Roman Catholic; and from this time on wrote many articles in support of the faith. In January, 1844, he published the first number of *Brownson's Quarterly Review*, which he continued with success until January, 1865, when owing to ill health he suspended the publi-



Rev. Orestes Augustus Brownson.

cation. In October, 1872, he again issued this magazine and continued its publication until October, 1875. He was the author of many articles on Theological, Philosophical and Social subjects. He was the author of *New Views of Christianity, Society and the Church*, 1836; *Charles Elwood, or the Infidel Converted*, 1840; *The Meditatorial Life of Jesus*, 1842; *Essays and Reviews*, 1852; *The Spirit Rapper, an Autobiography*, 1854; *The Convert, or Leaves from my Experience*, 1857; *The American Republic, its Constitution, Tendencies and Destiny*, 1855; *Conversations on Liberalism and the Church*, 1870. He contributed many articles to the *New York Tablet*, *Ave Maria*, and the *Catholic World*. He resided in Boston, 1836, to October, 1855; New York, October, 1855-57; Elizabeth, N. J., 1857-75; Detroit, Mich., from 1875 until his death.

He was married June 19, 1827, to Sally Healy of Elbridge, N. Y., who died April 9, 1872. Eight children were born to them: Orestes Augustus, born April 18, 1828, died in 1892; John Healy, born April 14, 1829, died in 1857; William, born January 4, 1834, died in 1864; Henry Francis, born August 7, 1835, resides Detroit Mich.; Sarah M., born June 7, 1839, married William J. Tenney, died in 1876; George, born in 1841, died in 1849; Edward, born in 1843, died in 1864; Charles Joseph, born in 1845, died in 1851.

BREV. BRIG. GEN. ALBEMARLE CADY, U. S. A.

Albemarle Cady, son of Albe and Sarah (Warner) Cady, was born in Keene, N. H., February 15, 1807; and died unmarried March 14, 1888.

He entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1825; graduated from the U. S. Military Academy, in 1829.



Brev Brig. Gen. Albemarle Cady, U. S. A.

He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 6th U. S. Infantry July 1, 1829, served on the frontier and performed garrison duty; was promoted captain, July 7, 1838, and served in the same regiment in the Seminole War in Florida; served in the Mexican War with distinction, taking part in the siege of Vera Cruz, and the battle of Cerro Gordo, Cherubusco and Molino del Rey; was breveted major, September 8, 1847, for "gallant and meritorious conduct" in the battle of Molino del Rey; was promoted major January 27, 1853, and lieutenant colonel June 6, 1861, and assigned to the 7th Infantry; was promoted colonel, October 20, 1863, and assigned to the 8th Infantry; served during 1861-64, in the Indian Wars in the West, and performed garrison duty along the Pacific coast.

In 1864, he was placed in command of a draft rendezvous in New Haven, Conn.; was retired from active service May 18, 1864, and was brevetted brigadier general, U. S. A., March 13, 1865, for "long and faithful service in the army." He made his home in New Haven until his death.

HON. PAUL CARRINGTON CAMERON, A. M.

Paul C. Cameron, son of the distinguished Judge Duncan Cameron, of North Carolina, and Rebecca (Bennehan) Cameron, and a grandson of the Rev. John Cameron, D. D., a native of the Highlands of Scotland, who settled in Virginia in 1771, and who was a lineal descendant of Sir Ewan Cameron, was born September 25, 1808, at Stagville, N. C.; and died at Hillsboro, January 6, 1891.

He attended the schools at Hillsboro and Raleigh, and was under the private instruction of Willie P. Mangum, afterwards United States Senator.

He entered the University of North Carolina in 1823, and remained until 1825, when he entered the "Academy," graduating in 1828. He was a captain in the corps of cadets and commanded the battalion in a march to Poughkeepsie, where they took the boat for West Point, and engaged in a competitive drill with the cadets of the National Academy, which then bore on its rolls the names of Jefferson Davis and Robert E. Lee. They then proceeded by way of New York City, Philadelphia and Baltimore, to Washington, where they were reviewed by President John Quincy Adams.

He entered Trinity College in 1828, and graduated A. B. in 1829. He delivered the commencement address at that Institution in 1879. He was a noted athlete during his college days, and is said to have once skated fifty continuous miles on the Connecticut river.

He read law and was admitted to the bar; but he never practiced his profession, the burdens of his large property requiring all his time. He was one of the most extensive plantation owners in his State; also owned extensive cotton plantations in Alabama and Mississippi. Still the life of a planter, full of action and care, as he found it to be, did not give full scope for the wide range of his energies and faculties.

He was an active promoter of the building of the North Carolina R. R.; and when its construction was begun, he was among the first to undertake a large contract, being the first to complete the work. He was for a number of years a director in the company, and served as president, during 1861-62. He was for a number of years a director of the Raleigh & Gaston R. R., and the Raleigh & Augusta Air-Line R. R. He served for many years as director of the Citizens and the Raleigh National banks in Raleigh. He was largely interested in the cotton manufacture. He was a large stockholder in two of the largest factories at Rockingham, Richmond county, N. C.; in two of the largest mills in Augusta, and in a large factory at Rocky Mountain, N. C.

He was one of the most prominent politicians of his State. He was at first a Whig and later a Democrat. In 1856, he represented Orange county in the State Senate, where he gained distinction as one of the most laborious, useful and able men in that body. When his old classmate and friend at the "Academy," Hon. Horatio Seymour, was a candidate for the Presidency of the United States, he wrote Mr. Cameron that if he was elected, he wanted him to accept a place in his cabinet. He was chairman of the North Carolina delegation to the National Democratic Convention in Chicago in 1876, which nominated Samuel J. Tilden, as a candidate for the presidency.

His greatest influence in the State was felt through his interest in education. He had a keen appreciation of the educational needs of the people; and was an earnest advocate of every measure devised to supply them. He

was especially active in the support of the St. Mary's School for girls, giving to the Institution its large and finely equipped art gallery. He was also liberal in his support of the military academy established near Hillsboro in 1859. He, however, gave his most liberal support and active interest to the State University; and when at the close of the Civil War, financial ruin menaced the Institution, no one gave aid with more readiness than Mr. Cameron. He encouraged, animated and pervaded every movement to re-establish its usefulness. He contributed liberally toward the construction of Memorial Hall, and provided for the beautifying of the grounds. He was often called upon to speak at the annual commencements. He served for several years as chairman of the Alumni Association.

As a public speaker he had few equals. He was earnest and animated and his voice was clear and distinct; his person was majestic, his countenance aglow with health and resolution. His strong features, piercing eyes and noble brow, crowned with a wealth of snow white locks, formed in his later life a picture pleasant to behold, which could not easily be forgotten.



Hon. Paul Carrington Cameron.

As a master, his slaves received strict, humane attention. He took pride in the knowledge that all his dependents were well fed, clothed and housed. A striking feature of the solemnity of his funeral, was the presence of a large body of his former slaves, many of whom were grown men when the emancipation proclamation made them free. They gathered about his remains visibly affected, to render a last tribute to their old master and life-long friend. A selected number bore the casket from the house to the hearse, and from the hearse to the grave, and a large number followed in reverential sorrow. The funeral was imposing, appropriate to the character and position of the deceased, being attended by the governor and other state officials, the president, and faculty of the State University, and by prominent citizens of the Commonwealth. He was a member of St. Mathew's Episcopal Church, giving liberally of his time and money in support of its various benevolent enterprises.

He was married, December 20, 1832, to Ann, daughter of Chief Justice Thomas Ruffin. She died August 29, 1897. Seven children were born to them: Rebecca B., born June 27, 1840, married Maj. John W. Graham, died in Hillsboro, about 1880; Annie Ruffin, born July 16, 1842, married Maj. George P. Collins, resides in Hillsboro; Margaret, born June 10, 1848, married Capt. Robert B. Peebles, died in Hillsboro, N. C.; Duncan, born Nov. 25, 1850, died in Hillsboro, N. C., in 1886; Pauline, born March 30, 1853, married

Capt. William B. Shepard, died in Edenton, N. C.; Bennehan, born September 9, 1854, resides in Stagville, N. C.; Mildred C., born March 21, 1857, married W. F. Shepard, died in Hillsboro, N. C.

THOMAS ANIS CAMERON.

Thomas A. Cameron, son of Judge Duncan and Rebecca (Bennehan) Cameron, and brother of Paul C. Cameron '28, was born in Stagville, N. C., July 25, 1806, and died unmarried, at the Fairintosh Plantation, near Stagville, January 20, 1870.

He prepared for college in the schools of Hillsboro and Raleigh and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1827. He engaged extensively in agricultural pursuits, owning the plantation "Snow Hill," near Stagville. He did not aspire to the more active and stirring affairs of life, but preferred the quiet of his home circle; and the enjoyment of overseeing his plantations. He made his home with his brother at the Fairintosh Plantation. He was an extensive slave owner, but showed the utmost devotion to their welfare. He was an earnest Christian worker.

COL. WILLIAM SIMPSON CAMPBELL.

William S. Campbell was born in Brunswick County, N. C., March 3, 1809, and died in New Orleans, La., in January, 1860.

He was a student in the University of North Carolina for some time, leaving that Institution to enter the "Academy" in 1826. He graduated in 1828, in the civil engineering department, and at once entered this profession. He was assistant engineer on the Erie Canal for some time. He then engaged on various engineering works until 1836, when he was sent as a delegate to a convention of civil engineers held in London, England. He was engineer in charge of a survey of the peninsula of Florida to determine the practicability of building a canal to connect the Atlantic Ocean and the Gulf of Mexico, which enterprise, on account of the cost, he reported unfavorably upon; and advocated the construction of a railroad instead.

He removed to New Orleans, La., about 1846, and resided there until his death. He was identified with all public works carried out in that State up to the time of his death; was city engineer for a number of years. He projected, and was consulting engineer of the New Orleans & Jackson Railroad, now the southern division of the Illinois Central Railroad. He was chief engineer and general manager of the New Orleans Gas Light Co., and built the entire plant. In company with James Robb, a banker of New Orleans, he was consulting engineer on the construction of the Havana Gas Works, for Queen Christine of Spain. He was in the confidence of Governors Johnson, Hebert and Wickliff of Louisiana, and served as colonel on their staffs. He was consulted by them as to the levees of the Mississippi river and various schemes for deepening the mouth of the river. He served two terms in the State Senate.

He married a Miss Nevins of Philadelphia, Penn., who died some years after his decease. A son, Charles MacAlister Campbell, resides in Kansas, City, Mo.

COMMODORE EDWARD WILLIAM CARPENTER, U. S. N.

Edward W. Carpenter was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 28, 1797. He was appointed midshipman in the Navy, July 10, 1813. He entered the "Academy" from New York City in 1821, and graduated in 1823, being a classmate of Admiral Paulding, Commodore Ebenezer Farrand, Josiah Tattnell, C. S. N., and Captain James H. Ward, U. S. N.

He was commissioned lieutenant, January 13, 1825; served in the Mediterranean squadron in 1827; on the sloop *Falmouth*, in the West India squadron in 1829-30; at the rendezvous in Boston, 1833-34; on the frigate *Constitution*, in the Pacific squadron in 1840. He was commissioned commander, September 8, 1841; was stationed at Norfolk Navy Yard in 1845; was promoted commodore in 1862; was prize commissioner at Key West, Fla., during 1864-65. In 1866, he retired to Shrewsbury, N. J., where he made his home until his death, May 16, 1877.

WILLIAM CARPENTER.

William Carpenter, son of Dan and Betsey P. Carpenter, was born in Waterbury, Vt., October 25, 1805; and died there March 16, 1881.

He prepared for college at the Montpelier Academy and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1823. He entered the University of Vermont in the class of 1826, but owing to ill health was forced to give up the work. He engaged in mercantile business in Waterbury until about 1848, when he retired from active labor.

He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was town clerk, 1843-51; member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1843; represented his town in the House of Representatives in 1844 and 1845; was state senator in 1848 and 1849. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

He was married, October 1, 1829, to Mary E., daughter of Cyrus Partridge of Norwich. She died about 1880. Six children were born to them: Louisa, born October 28, 1832, died February 17, 1887; George Henry, born September 25, 1835, died November 29, 1899; Mary, born October 7, 1838, died November 15, 1872; Julia Eliza, born June 10, 1842, resides in Manhattan, Kansas; Franklin, born June 19, 1845, resides in Waterbury, Vt.; William Edward, born January 21, 1848, resides in Waterbury, Vt.

EDWARD CARRINGTON, A. M.

Edward Carrington, son of Gen. Edward and Loranoa (Hoppin) Carrington, was born in Providence, R. I., May 10, 1813, and died there May 2, 1891.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1826, remaining three years; graduated A. B. from Middlebury College in 1832. He was also a student at Yale University for some time and received from that Institution the degrees of A. B. and A. M. in 1879, as for 1832.

He was engaged in the East India trade and general shipping business in Providence, 1835 until 1859, when he retired from active business. He was a fine scholar and possessed a large and valuable library, especially rich in historical works.

He was married February 22, 1841, to Candace Crawford Dorr of Providence, who died in 1887. Two children were born to them: Ann Iris, born October 17, 1849, married William Ames, resides in Providence R. I.; and Edward, Jr., born June 14, 1852, resides in Providence, R. I.

ALEXANDER RALSTON CHASE, M. D.

Alexander R. Chase, son of Jonathan and Hannah (Ralston) Chase, was born in Cornish, N. H., September 24, 1802, and died in Lockport, N. Y., May 31, 1887.

He entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduated in 1825; he graduated M. D. from Yale Medical College in 1829. He soon located in Lockport, N. Y., where he practiced his profession many years, meeting with marked success.

He was married October 21, 1834, to Emily G. Cook of Cornish, who died about 1880.

COL. WALES CHENEY.

Wales Cheney, son of Nathaniel and Hannah (Reed) Cheney, was born in Orange, Mass., April 13, 1801, and died in Wyoming, N. Y., February 14, 1881.

In 1813, his parents removed to Jamaica, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" April 30, 1821, and graduated in 1824.

In April, 1825, he located in Wyoming, N. Y., where he made his home until his death. He taught fencing school classes in New York several years.

He was largely interested in agriculture and the growing of small fruits, and was the originator of the "Colonel Cheney Strawberry."

He served as adjutant of the 3d Regiment Vermont Militia from June 12, 1824 until 1825. He was commissioned adjutant of the 171st Regiment, New York Militia, August 29, 1825; lieutenant colonel, September 21, 1827; and colonel, December 15, 1828. He held this last position several years.

He was a Republican in politics, but never sought office. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and the Masonic Lodge of Wyoming.

He was married March 28, 1830, to Esther Staunton of Wyoming, N. Y., who died several years before Colonel Cheney's death; no children.

HON. ASA W. H. CLAPP.

Asa W. H. Clapp, son of Capt. Asa Clapp, was born in Portland, Me., March 6, 1805, and died there in 1891.

He prepared for college in the Portland schools, and entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating in 1824. Soon after his graduation he entered his father's counting-room, where he remained a few years. He then engaged in foreign commerce until 1848, when he was obliged to give up this line of work and help his father manage his large business interests. In 1831, he was appointed *aide* to Governor Smith, with the rank of lieutenant colonel. He was elected to Congress in 1841, and served one term. When the Atlantic & St. Lawrence R. R. was projected he took great interest in its success, and was appointed a director. He was also deeply interested in the Maine General Hospital and the public library in Portland, being a director in each. He met with marked success in his business enterprises and acquired a large fortune.

His residence was the historic mansion on the corner of Elm and Congress streets, Portland.

He was married in 1834, to Julia M., daughter of Gen. Henry A. S. Dearborn, a former mayor of Roxbury, Mass. She died in 1880. A daughter, Mary J. E., was born to them, and resides in Portland.

CHARLES CLAPP, JR.

Charles Clapp, son of Charles and Lydia (Ham) Clapp, was born in Bath, Me., February 1, 1807, and died there April 24, 1881.



Charles Clapp, Jr.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1824.

He engaged in the mercantile business for some years in Bath, firm of Magoun & Clapp; served several years as treasurer of the Bath Gas Light Co. He was also engaged for many years in the shipping business. He had a large claim against the "Alabama Claims Commission," which was allowed. In 1865, having acquired a large property, he retired from active work.

He was an active member of the Central Congregational Church, and gave liberally to the support of the church and its benevolences. He made large bequests to various educational institutions. He assisted in the publication of the Clapp Genealogy.

He was twice married: first in 1829, to Jane Tudor Sprague, who died November 10, 1861. No children.

He married again, November 21, 1862, to Nancy Ellingwood, sister of his first wife. She died May 12, 1890. No children. One adopted daughter, Jane, who married James H. McLellan, of Bath, Me..

ARCHIBALD CLARK.

Archibald Clark, son of Archibald and Rhoda (Wadsworth) Clark, and brother of Capt. H. E. W. Clark, '33, was born in St. Mary's, Ga., in 1816.

He prepared for college at the St. Mary's Academy and entered the "Academy" in 1832, but having a feeble constitution and not being able to endure the cold climate of Vermont, was forced to give up his work. He entered Franklin College, Ga., in 1834; but late in 1835, was again obliged to give up his college course, owing to failing health. He rapidly grew worse and died in St. Mary's, Ga., in May, 1836. He was an able student and gave promise of a brilliant future.

CAPT. HENRY ELIJAH WADSWORTH CLARK, U. S. A.

Henry E. W. Clark, son of Archibald and Rhoda (Wadsworth) Clark, and brother of Archibald Clark, '31, was born in St. Mary's, Ga., May 12, 1812, and died in Jacksonville, Fla., September 29, 1857.

He prepared for college at St. Mary's Academy, and at the Litchfield (Conn.) Academy. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1833.

He studied law for some time with his father, but not finding this profession congenial, gave it up, and engaged in farming. He owned and worked a large plantation in Marion Co., Fla., 1840-1847. He served as captain in the Georgia volunteers in the Seminole War; was appointed captain in the United States Infantry, March 13, 1847. He was transferred to the 13th Regiment, April 9, 1847; served with distinction in General Taylor's army. He contracted the yellow fever while in service and was ill in Montgomery, Ala., several weeks; resigned his commission July 15, 1848. In 1851, he sold his plantation and located in Jacksonville, Fla., and engaged in the mercantile business until his death.

He was a Democrat in politics and served in the Georgia Legislature several terms. He was appointed collector of customs, Jacksonville, Fla., in 1857, serving until his death. He was a member of Solomon Lodge, No. 20, F. and A. M., of Jacksonville; also a member of the I. O. O. F.

He was married May 28, 1851, to Anna Mary Harrison of Amelia Island, Fla., who died November 20, 1897. Three children were born to them: Harrison Wadsworth, born April 16, 1852, died April 9, 1908; Archibald Lewis, born December 25, 1853, died May 19, 1854; Henry Roux, born April 14, 1856, died April 19, 1897. He is survived by a sister, Mrs. James F. King, Atkinson, Ga., and by several grandchildren residing in Jacksonville, Fla.

PROF. ZERAH COLBURN, A. M.

Zerah Colburn, son of Abia and Elizabeth (Hill) Colburn, was born in Cabot, Vt., September 1, 1801, and died March, 2, 1839. He was the sixth in a family of nine children. His father was a farmer.

When nearly six years old, he began to manifest a remarkable gift in arithmetical calculation, and the fact was noised abroad. In his father's charge he visited several places in Vermont, where his powers were tested. Taken to Hanover, N. H., President Wheelock of Dartmouth College generously offered to educate him. In the same year, 1810, other less favorable proposals for his training were made, some involving the raising of part or all of the expense by public demonstrations. None of these propositions were accepted and his father was severely censured. Whatever mistakes were made in the matter, paternal pride and affection played their part.

Exhibition tours were undertaken to New York, Philadelphia, Washington, and elsewhere, in fact, through portions of the eastern, middle and southern States. In Philadelphia, Rembrandt Peale made a portrait of the youthful prodigy, which was placed in the Art Museum. His calculations were done mentally with accuracy and surprising rapidity. Among questions answered in Boston, in his seventh year, may be mentioned these: If a clock strikes 156 times every day, how many times will it strike in 2,000 years? What is the product of 12.225×1.223 ? In June, 1811, while at Portsmouth,

N. H., he is on record as having answered in four seconds the question, How many seconds in eleven years?

In April, 1812, with letters of introduction from Ex-Governor Gerry, of Massachusetts, and the Hon. Rufus King, former minister to Great Britain, and others, the father and son sailed for Liverpool. The boy's reputation had preceded him and many people of rank and learning called in person to see him. Among them may be named the Bishop of Oxford, the Duke of Gloucester, the Earl of Aberdeen, the Countess of Darnley, the Princess Charlotte, General Ross, Sir James Mackintosh and Sir Humphrey Davy. The philanthropist, William Wilberforce, kindly received him and presented him with useful books. The Duke of Cambridge asked him how many seconds there were in 1813 years, 7 months, and 27 days. He gave the answer containing eleven figures.

While on exhibition his education had been neglected. He had, however, learned to read and write. At a meeting of his friends to devise plans for his education, he raised 8 to the 16 power, giving the correct answer in 15 figures. He announced the sixth, seventh and eighth powers of some two figure numbers given him. Asked the square root of 106,929 he gave it immediately, and very promptly announced the cube root of a number consisting of nine figures. He also performed some astonishing feats in factoring large numbers. Having made a journey to Ireland and Scotland, he found the people cordial, and men of note were interested; among whom were Dugald Stewart and Professor Playfair. He returned to London in March 1814, and pursued mathematical studies for a brief period under a private tutor.

In July he went to Paris and gave his attention first, to learning the French language. Introduced to the French Institute by William Temple Franklin, he underwent an examination there, the celebrated LaPlace being present. Later on, he entered the Lyceum Napoleon, where his prospects for a good education were excellent; but for financial reasons, affecting both father and son, his course was discontinued and he was back in London by February, 1816.

It was in this year, that the truly noble Earl of Bristol proposed to place the boy at Westminster School, and to keep him there until he should finish his course, which might require seven or eight years. In September he entered this school whose curriculum consisted mostly of languages. He was fond of such study and advanced rapidly. Two vacations were spent with a private tutor, a highly educated man, but sometimes harsh and of a hasty temper. The Earl subsequently proposed to change the original plan, and to place the boy entirely in this tutor's charge. The father objected, and Zerah left the school in May, 1819.

Now in his fifteenth year, his educational career cut short, and without means of livelihood, he undertook on his father's advice to study for the stage. Charles Kemble was one of his teachers. He became a play actor, and also wrote five plays; but they never came into use. These years, following his school days, were looked back upon with dissatisfaction and regret. He felt he would have done better to have been at work farming.

In October, 1821, he became assistant in a school at Highgate for about three months. In January, 1822, he opened a school of his own, teaching the ordinary branches and was happy in such work. In August he went to Scotland on business connected with a proposed book. Towards the close of the year the elder Colburn's health began to fail rapidly, on account of

which his son felt it necessary to close his school. In 1823, Zerah Colburn was introduced by the Bishop of St. David's, to Dr. Thomas Young, Secretary of the Board of Longitude, who gave him occasional instruction to fit him to become his assistant. In January, 1824, he received his first payment for calculations respecting the places and variations of certain stars. Now, at last, in his 20th year, he had found a congenial employment, particularly suited to his special talent, and with the prospect of an adequate support.

Abia Colburn died February 14, 1824, and in May, Zerah sailed for America, which he reached after an absence of twelve years and three months, of which nine years had been passed in London. In December, 1824, he became assistant teacher in a school at Fairfield, N. Y., and in June 1825, he removed to Burlington, Vt., where he taught pupils in French, and was a student in the University of Vermont. While in Burlington, he united with the Congregational Church, but he did not feel satisfied; and in December, 1825, he was received into the Methodist connection at Cabot, and preached in many towns, being appointed to various circuits from year to year. A member of the same conference has left on record that many of Mr. Colburn's "pulpit efforts were pronounced by good judges to be of a very high order." He published an autobiography in 1833. In the appendix is given some explanations of his methods and also some creditable poetry, written in his boyhood days. In 1835, he became professor of languages at "N. U." His schooling had been mostly in that department. Near the close of his life he stated that he had not lost his faculty in numbers though not making much use of it. In 1836, he received from "N. U." the degree of A. M., as one of a number who had attended the old "A. L. S. & M." Academy.

He was married January 13, 1829, to Mary, daughter of William and May (Cary) Hoyt of Hartford, Vt., of whom were born five daughters and a son. Of these, Miss Jane Colburn of Concord, N. H., survives. The only son, William Henry Colburn, (named for Lord Bristol), enlisted in Co. C, 3d Vt. Regiment in 1861, and died September 12, that year, from wounds received near Chain Bridge, Va. He was buried in the cemetery of the Soldier's Home Washington.

Professor Colburn passed his last years in the service of "N. U." He died March 2, 1839, and was buried in Norwich Center. Thus ended a varied life of struggle and achievement. Through years of shadow and sunshine he had been conscientious, dutiful and courageous. Many erroneous statements about Professor Colburn, as to facts, dates and figures, have been given currency, and have passed from one printed page to another. Effort has been made to avoid such errors in this article.

MAJ. WILLIAM FRANCIS COLLINS.

William F. Collins, son of Michael and Elizabeth (Drake) Collins, was born in Nash County, N. C., October 24, 1807, and died in Warren County, October 26, 1867.

He attended the schools of his county and entered the "Academy" in 1824, graduating in 1828. He engaged extensively in farming in Warren Co., N. C., during 1830-67. He was captain of the "Oak City Guards," Raleigh, for several years, and was later a major of the regiment. He was a Whig in politics; served as comptroller of the State of North Carolina, 1836-51. He

was a member of the Methodist Church, and of the Masonic Lodge, serving as Grand Master of the Grand Lodge for several years.

He was married December 18, 1833, to Sarah Apphia Williams of Haywood, N. C., who died January 20, 1857. Six children were born to them: Mary Emeline, born August 14, 1839, married William Clegg, resides in Lafayette, La.; Elizabeth Drake, born March 10, 1843, married Henry Masseur Miller, resides in Raleigh, N. C.; William Francis, born June 21, 1848, died November 8, 1897; Sarah Apphia, died in infancy; Florence Maria, born January 8, 1851, married John Augustus Williams, resides in Asheville, N. C.; Katherine Williams, born November 17, 1856, resides in New Orleans, La.

CAPTAIN GEORGE MUSALAS COLVOCORESSSES, U. S. N.

George M. Colvocoresses, son of Constantine and Franka (Grimaldi) Colvocoresses, was born on the island of Scio, Grecian Archipelago, October 22, 1816.

His parents were of the Genoese stock that has peopled Scio since the fourteenth century, when that island was ceded to the Republic of Genoa by the Emperor Andronicus, in return for services rendered him in regaining the throne of Constantinople.



Capt. George Musalas Colvocoresses,
U. S. N.

At the massacre of the inhabitants of the island by the Turks, in 1822, he was ransomed by his father and, with nine other Greek boys, was placed on board the brig *Margaretta*, of Baltimore, then at Smyrna, and sent to seek asylum in the United States. The story of the hardships undergone by these youths greatly impressed Captain Allen Partridge and he offered to take charge of and educate George at his Academy. He was, accordingly, sent to Norwich, Vt., where he made his home with Aaron Partridge, brother of the captain.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1831. On February 21, 1832, he was appointed a midshipman in the United States Navy and on June 23, 1838, was promoted to passed-midshipman and attached to the exploring expedition of Captain Wilkes in the Pacific and Antarctic Oceans. In 1841, he took part in the overland journey from Vancouver's Island to San Francisco. He was commissioned a lieutenant, December 7, 1843, and served in the Pacific squadron, 1844-46; the Mediterranean squadron 1847-49; on the African coast, 1851-52; at New York, 1853-55; East India squadron, 1855-58, when he took part in the reduction and capture of the Barrier Forts in the Canton River. The years 1858-60, were spent on duty at the Portsmouth Navy Yard.

He was commissioned a commander, July 2, 1861, and served actively during the Civil War in command of the United States Ships, *Supply* and *Saratoga*. While in command of the former vessel he captured the *Stephen Hart*, a blockade runner laden with arms and stores for the Confederates. On the *Saratoga*, he was attached to the South Atlantic squadron, operating on the

coast of Georgia, where he commanded a division and conducted several expeditions that captured Confederate troops and destroyed stores and salt works. For these services he was twice thanked in general orders by Admiral Dahlgren and was commended for his "zeal, discretion and good services to the country" in a letter from Secretary Welles, '26.

He commanded the U. S. S. *St. Marys*, on the Pacific Station in 1865-66. When the Spanish fleet threatened to bombard the city of Valparaíso, his prompt and firm action upheld the honor of our flag and afforded protection to American citizens and their property. On April 4, 1867, he was commissioned captain and placed on the retired list.

Captain Colvocoresses was the author of a work entitled, *Four Years in a Government Exploring Expedition*, narrating the cruise of Captain Wilkes among the islands of the Pacific. He passed his last years in Litchfield, Conn., and was assassinated in Bridgeport, Conn., June 3, 1872, while on his way to New York.

He was married May 17, 1846, to Eliza Freelon Halsey, niece of Commander Thomas Freelon, U. S. N., '23. A son and three daughters were born to them: George Partridge, "N. U.," '66, now rear admiral U. S. N.; Mrs. J. D. Champlin of New York; Mrs. George Eaton Jones of Litchfield, Conn., and Mrs. Charles W. Haddock of Beverly, Mass. His second wife was Adeline Maria Swasey, a sister of Mrs. Alden Partridge, by whom there was no issue.

LLOYD BOWERS COOPER.

Lloyd B. Cooper, son of Samuel and Hannah Cushing (Bowers) Cooper, was born in Middletown, Conn., February 18, 1810, and died unmarried, in New Orleans, La., September 28, 1830.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

He was in the employ of his father in the shipping business until his death.

FRANCIS WINTHROP COWLES.

Francis W. Cowles, son of Martin and Nancy (Hooker) Cowles, was born in Farmington, Conn., November 13, 1810, and died there, March 7, 1868.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825 and graduated in 1827. He engaged in farming in his native state until his death.

He was married, September 9, 1835, to Mary Lewis, daughter of Timothy Hart and Celestia (Lewis) Root. She died, February 21, 1896. Four children were born to them.

GEORGE DEMING COWLES.

George D. Cowles, son of George and Abigail (Deming) Cowles, was born in Farmington, Conn., February 22, 1808, and died there, March 18, 1862.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1827. He made his home in Farmington until his death. He engaged in the drug business; also served as postmaster for many years.

He was married, September 29, 1831, to Charlotte, daughter of Norah Loomis and Jenima (Stedman) Phelps. Two children were born to them.

JULIUS DEMING COWLES.

Julius D. Cowles, son of Gad and Anna (Deming) Cowles, was born in Farmington, Conn., September 22, 1810, and died there, January 26, 1894.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1828. He resided in Farmington until his death. In early life he lost his eyesight and was unable to engage in active business.

He was married, September 11, 1842, to Mary, daughter of Alfred and Huldah (Brockway) Hull. She died, September 27, 1889. No children.

RANDOLPH COYLE.

Randolph Coyle, son of Andrew and Elizabeth (Chisholm) Coyle, was born in Washington, D. C., October 8, 1812, and died in Warrenton, Va., August 27, 1869.

He attended the schools of his city and John McLoud's Academy in Washington, and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1828.

He was assistant engineer for the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal Co., on construction work near Shepardstown, Md., 1828-30; was assistant engineer on surveys of the Wabash and other rivers in Indiana for the improvement of their navigation and for connecting the Great Lakes with the Ohio River, 1830-32; was draftsman for the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal Co., 1832-37; division engineer Georgia Central Ry., 1837-38; was engineer on surveys of the Allegheny River in 1838; was engineer for the United States Government on the survey of the boundary between the New England States and Canada, 1840-41; was draftsman for the U. S. Land Office in Washington, D. C., 1842-45; was city surveyor of Washington, D. C., 1846-48; was engineer in charge of surveys of the Shenandoah River, 1848-49. He began work on the raising of the grades of Washington, in 1851, and continued this work and the planning of public parks, together with work for the Interior department, until 1857. During this same time he was chief engineer in charge of the extension of the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal up the Potomac River. In 1857, he was appointed engineer to perfect a system of grades for the city of Washington, doing much to improve the public grounds of the city. In the same year he had charge of the construction of the bridge across the Potomac River at Little Falls. In 1858, he was placed in charge of the water department of Washington, holding the position until his death.

He attended the Episcopal Church; was a member of Dawson Lodge, No. 16, F. and A. M. of Washington, D. C.; Society of the Oldest Inhabitants of the District of Columbia.

He was married December 14, 1837, to Jane Jackson Moore of Alexandria, Va., who died August 15, 1881. Four children were born to them: John Moore, born August 13, 1839, resides Washington, D. C.; Andrew Baber, born June 29, 1842, resides in New York City; Randolph, Jr., born September 21, 1843, died January 4, 1891; Jeanie Maury, born September 11, 1855, married Mr. John Dewhurst Patten, resides in Washington, D. C.

ALFRED WINGATE CRAVEN, A. B.

Alfred W. Craven, son of Tunis and Hannah (Tingey) Craven, and brother of Admiral T. T. Craven, '23, was born at the Washington, D. C. Navy Yard, October 20, 1810, and died in Cheswick, England, March 29, 1879.

He prepared for college at the Phillips Exeter Academy and at the Berwick Academy and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1824, and remained until September, 1825. He graduated A. B. from Columbia College, New York City in 1829. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1832, but not finding this work congenial gave it up to enter the profession of Civil Engineering.

He was assistant engineer on the Mad River Valley R. R., December, 1834-December, 1835; division engineer on the surveys and construction of the first division of the Louisville, Cincinnati & Charleston R. R., 1836-38; assistant and first assistant engineer with Maj. G. W. Whistler on the construction of the central division of the Erie R. R., 1838-42; first assistant engineer and chief engineer of the Mohawk & Hudson R. R., in charge of location and removal of the inclined planes at Schenectady and Albany. He was next in charge of the construction of the wharves, docks, and basins for the Reading R.R. on the Delaware R.R. He then became chief engineer of Schuylkill Valley R. R. and the Mine Hill Navigation & Railway Co.; was then engineer in charge of the Camden Branch R. R. in South Carolina.

On July 17, 1849, he was appointed chief engineer and commissioner of the Croton Aqueduct Department, New York City. He brought to his new position a wonderful physique, an intimate understanding of men, great executive ability and uncompromising honesty. During his administration of this office, the water service was much extended, the large receiving reservoir in Central Park was built, surveys of the water shed of the Croton were made, the large catch basin at Boyd's Corner commenced, and the introduction of the large main and the pumping engine at High Bridge were contracted for. The sewers were transferred to the Croton Department, and the present system of sewers inaugurated. Reservoirs on Blackwell's and Ward's Islands were built, with pipe services from the city. He continued in the duties of this office, under varied political organizations, with credit to himself and to the benefit of the city, until May 1, 1868, when he resigned and with his family made an extended tour through Europe.

He was consulting engineer of the Brooklyn Water works; made a report of the water works for Augusta and Savannah, Georgia; was consulting engineer for the construction of a quarantine hospital, New York City; was advisory engineer to the Department of Public Charity, and Correction; Rifle Range Association and Yacht Club.

On his return from Europe in 1868, he opened an office in New York as consulting engineer. He served as commissioner on the Fourth Avenue Railroad Improvement; was Chief Engineer of the Syracuse water works; was consulting engineer of the Newark and Brooklyn Water works, and the Gilbert Elevated Railway. His health failing, he went to England in 1878, where the disease further developed and he died at Cheswick.

He was identified with the very first efforts to form an American Society of Civil Engineers, and attended a meeting of engineers in Augusta, Georgia, by whom a call was made for a convention at Baltimore, February 13, 1839, to form an Engineers' Society. He was among the first to form the present American Society of Civil Engineers in 1852, and at the reorganization in 1868 became one of its directors and was president of the Society from November, 1869, till November, 1871. He was a member of the Episcopal Church and Column Club of New York City.

He was married November 24, 1840, to Maria Schermerhorn of New York City, who died October 4, 1864. Two children were born to them: Minna, born, December 14, 1844, married Sidney DeKay, resides New York City; Alice, born December 5, 1847, married Aulick Palmer, resides Washington D. C.

REAR ADMIRAL THOMAS TINGEY CRAVEN, U. S. N.

Thomas T. Craven, son of Tunis and Hannah (Tingey) Craven, and brother of Alfred Wingate Craven ("A. L. S. & M.") was born in the Commandant's House at the Navy Yard, Washington, December 30, 1808, and died at the Navy Yard, Boston, August 23, 1887.

His father was a purser in the navy. Subsequently he was a naval store keeper at Portsmouth, N. H., Navy Yard, 1813-1823.

The subject of this sketch entered Phillip's Academy, Exctr, N. H., in 1821, and remained until 1822, when he entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy," and graduated in December, 1823. On May 1, 1823, he received an appointment as midshipman, U. S. N., while a cadet.

In January, 1824, he served on board the United States Flagship on the Pacific Squadron. By special leave he became a past-midshipman in May, 1828. He was promoted a lieutenant in 1830; commanded the *Vincennes*, of the Wilkes exploring expedition of 1838-40; was promoted a commander in 1852. From 1851-55 he was attached to the Naval Academy, Annapolis, where he proved to be a very valuable officer. Craven was a thoroughgoing sailor, and a



Rear Admiral Thomas Tingey Craven, U. S. N. more efficient commandant of midshipmen cannot be imagined. To this day he is regarded in the service as the highest authority on seamanship. It was an inspiring sight to witness with what ease he could handle a ship. Benjamin, in his history of the Naval Academy, styles him "Arch-seaman of the navy."

To Craven is due the system of practice cruises at the Naval Academy. He commanded the first vessel that took such a cruise, and the midshipmen learned to regard him as a model of a sailor. Having commanded the *Congress*, of the European Squadron, during 1856-58, he returned to the Naval Academy for a brief season in 1859.

At the outbreak of the war for the Union, he was assigned to the command of the Potomac Flotilla. After a short service there, he took command of the *Brooklyn*. He was one of the ranking captains in Farragut's attack upon the forts below New Orleans. Here his conduct in taking the fire of both

forts, and withstanding the attack of the rain *Manassas*, was a splendid exhibition of tactics and valor. The *Brooklyn* sustained a greater loss in killed and wounded than any other vessel. Midshipman Anderson was killed at the captain's side. Craven stood at the forward edge of the poop, his hands on a ratline, and did not once move therefrom during the action. "I had the good fortune through the war," says Captain John R. Bartlett (then a midshipman on the *Brooklyn*) "to serve with many brave commanders, but I have never met in the service, or out of it, a man of such consummate coolness, such perfect apparent indifference to danger, as Admiral Craven." Farragut taking Craven, by both hands after the victory had been won, exclaimed, "You and your noble ship have been the salvation of my squadron. You were in a complete blaze of fire, so much so that I thought your ship was burning up. I never saw such rapid and precise firing. It has never been surpassed and probably never was equalled."

Craven was made a commodore, July 10, 1862, and in 1864 sailed from Boston in command of the *Niagara*, on special service. In March, 1865, his ship, together with the *Sacramento*, lay in the harbor of Corunna, Spain, in a position where it became necessary to determine whether or not to engage the Confederate iron clad, *Stonewall*, just off that port in smooth water. Here Commodore Craven exhibited great moral courage in declining to sacrifice ship and men in an encounter upon such a disparity of terms.

He was commissioned a rear admiral, October 10, 1866; was in command of the Navy Yard at Mare Island, 1866-68; the North Pacific Squadron in 1869, and was retired in December of that year. Later he lived at Geneva, N. Y. Subsequently he built a cottage on a beautiful site at Kittery Point, Me., overlooking the ocean at the entrance to Portsmouth Harbor, and lived there until shortly before his death in 1887. The cottage is now owned and occupied in the summer season, by William Dean Howells, the author.

Rear Admiral Craven was married April 21, 1841, at West Point, N. Y., to Emily, daughter of Thomas Henderson, Surgeon U. S. A. She died in November, 1883. Eight children were born to them: Anna Truxton, born February 19, 1841, married Frederick Barnard, resides in Pittsford, N. Y.; Charles Henderson, born November 30, 1843, lieutenant commander U. S. N., died March 1, 1898; Henry Smith, born October 14, 1845, civil engineer, U. S. N., died December 7, 1889; Alfred, born September 16, 1846, resigned from the Navy, 1870, civil engineer, resides Yonkers, N. Y.; Evelyn Tingey, born August 12, 1852, married John M. Gregory, died in California in the summer of 1906; Emily Henderson, born January 4, 1849, married E. C. Merriman, commander U. S. N., "N. U." '57, resides in Yonkers, N. Y.; Ida Maria Forrest, born July 11, 1855, married Frank W. Hackett, resides Washington, D. C., and Newcastle, N. H.; Macdonough born Nov. 5, 1858, of the class of 1881, at Naval Academy, resigned as Naval Cadet 1883, vol. lieutenant U. S. N., Spanish-American War, resides in Kingston, N. Y.

COMMANDER TUNIS AUGUSTUS MACDONOUGH CRAVEN.

Tunis A. M. Craven, son of Tunis and Hannah (Tingey) Craven, and brother of Admiral Thomas T. Craven, U. S. N., '23, was born in Portsmouth, N. H., January 11, 1813, and died in battle, August 5, 1864. He entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829.

On February 2, 1829, he was commissioned a midshipman, U. S. N.; was promoted passed midshipman, July 3, 1835. In 1837, he was assigned to the United States Coast Survey Service. On September 8, 1841, he was promoted lieutenant and served on the *Falmouth*, 1841-43, and on the *North Carolina*, 1843-46. In 1848, he commanded the *Dale*, and assisted in the conquest of California. He was engaged on coast survey service from 1849 until 1857, when he was assigned to the Atrato expedition and assisted in the survey for a ship canal across the Isthmus of Panama. He then served some time in command of the *Mohawk*, in Cuban waters, intercepting slavers. He performed conspicuous service in rescuing the crew of a Spanish merchantman; and for his gallant work the Queen of Spain presented him with a diploma and a gold medal. The board of underwriters of New York City presented his wife with a silver service for valuable work in assisting the shipping interests. He commanded the *Crusader*, in 1861; and through his efficient work the fort at Key West, Fla., was kept from falling into the hands of the Confederacy.² He was promoted commander, April 24, 1861, and served for some time in search of Confederate blockade runners. He blockaded the C. S. steamer *Sumpter*, at Gibraltar, causing the ship to be abandoned. He later was given command of the iron-clad, *Tecumseh*, and served in the James River Flotilla. In 1864, he joined Admiral Farragut's squadron at Mobile Bay. On the morning of August 5, 1864, on the opening of the battle of Mobile Bay, he was given the honor of firing the first shot. In this battle his ship was sunk by an explosion of a torpedo and here occurred one of the bravest acts ever performed in naval history. Commander Craven and the pilot remained on board until the officers and men had been rescued. He then ordered the pilot to precede him up the ladder in the turret to the deck. By this brave act the pilot was saved; but, before the commander could reach the deck the *Tecumseh* sunk, carrying with her the heroic Craven.

COL. FRANCIS BOARDMAN CROWNINSHIELD, A. M.

Francis B. Crowninshield, son of Hon. Benjamin Williams Crowninshield, secretary of the United States Navy, 1814-18 and Mary (Boardman) Crowninshield, was born in Salem, Mass., April 23, 1809, and died at Marblehead, Mass., May 8, 1877.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1826. He graduated A. B. from Harvard University in 1829, and received the honorary degree of A. M. from that Institution in 1843.

He studied law with Leverett Saltonstall of Salem, Mass., and was admitted to the bar in 1831. He practiced his profession in Boston, being associated with Rufus Choate for some years. He was president of the Old Colony, Boston & Lowell R. R., for several years; was for some time treasurer of the Merrimack Manufacturing Co., Lowell.

He was a Republican in politics, and held many offices: represented Boston in the State legislature in 1846-49, and was speaker of the House in 1848 and 1849; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1853, and a member of the Peace Convention in Baltimore in 1861.

He took great interest in military matters and was colonel of the 2d Corps of Cadets, Salem, Mass.; was sent to England in 1861 by Governor Andrews

to procure rifles for the Massachusetts, Maine and New Hampshire volunteers. He was the first president of the Somerset Club of Boston.

He married Sarah Gool Putnam, daughter of Judge Putnam of Salem. She died in December in 1880. Seven children were born to them of whom four survived them.

HON HENRY WYLES CUSHMAN, A. M.

Henry W. Cushman, son of the Hon. Polycarpus Loring and Sally (Wyles) Cushman, was born in Bernardston, Mass., August 9, 1805, and died there November 21, 1863.

He attended the schools of his town, and finished his preparation for college at the academies in Deerfield and New Salem, Mass. He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated with high honors in 1825. In 1836, the University conferred upon him the degree of A. M.

He engaged in agricultural pursuits and teaching school for several years. About 1830, he bought the hotel in Bernardston, which he successfully managed for some years. He was connected with several business enterprises; was president of the Franklin County Bank of Greenfield, 1849-63; was a director of the State Life Assurance Co., and the Conway Fire Insurance Co., of Worcester, Mass.; trustee of Franklin Savings Institution and president, for some years previous to his death.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many town offices; was town clerk and treasurer for nineteen consecutive years, 1834-53; was postmaster of Bernardston several years; represented his town in the State legislature in 1837, 1839, 1840, 1843 and 1844. In 1841, he was his party's candidate for state senator of Franklin county, but was defeated by a small vote. He was renominated in 1843, and 1844. In the latter year a vacancy occurring in the senate he was chosen by the legislature to fill the position which he did with great credit. In 1847 he was Democratic nominee for lieutenant governor; was renominated in 1848, 1849 and 1850. In 1851, there being no choice by the people, he was elected to the office and in 1852 was again chosen under like circumstances. He filled this position with marked ability.

He took great interest in agricultural matters, and largely through his efforts the State Board of Agriculture was established in 1852. He served on the board during 1852-53; was president of the Franklin County Agricultural Society several years.



Henry Wyles Cushman.

He was deeply interested in historical matters. The last years of his life were devoted to historical and antiquarian research. He compiled the Cushman genealogy and was also active in the publishing of the *Bernardston Annals*. He was a member of the New England Historic and Genealogical Society of Boston; corresponding member of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin.

In educational matters he was especially active; was for fifteen years a member of the school board of his town. He assisted liberally toward the erection of the Powers Institute buildings. Two of the buildings, Cushman Hall and Cushman Library are named in his honor.

He was an active member of the Unitarian Church and was for years the superintendent of the Sunday School. He gave liberally toward the support of the church and its benevolences, and willed his residence to the church for a parsonage. He also gave liberally toward various benevolent enterprises of the town. Mr. Cushman was a capable business man and acquired a valuable property. In all private relations of life as a citizen, a neighbor and friend, he sustained a high and irreproachable character. No one of his community or section of the state ever possessed in a greater degree, the respect and confidence of the people.

He was twice married: first, June 16, 1828, to Maria Louise Diekman of Bernardston, Mass., who died October 11, 1855. No children. He was again married June 2, 1858, to Anne Williams Fettyplace of Salem, Mass., who died December 24, 1904. No children.

CHARLES CUTTER.

Charles Cutter, son of Moses and Hannah (Webber or Wilbur) Cutter, was born in Royalton, Vt., December 13, 1805, and died in St. Louis, Mo., in 1869.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1822. He located in St. Louis, Mo., where he engaged in mercantile business many years.

He was married, August 18, 1827, to Betsey Day, a native of Royalton. Two children were born to them: Emma, born in 1857, resides in St. Louis, and Louisa, born in 1863, resides in St. Louis.

FREDERICK DANA.

Frederick Dana, son of David and Elizabeth Betsey (Osgood) Dana, was born in Portland, Maine, in 1808; and died at sea in 1834, while on a business trip to the Southern states.

He attended the schools in his city and Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., in 1818 and 1819. He entered the "Academy" in 1822 and graduated in 1825. He engaged in the mercantile business in North Yarmouth, Me., 1826-34.

He was married in 1828 to Abigail Reed. Two children were born to them; Elizabeth A., born in 1829, and George T., born in 1834.

SURGEON DANIEL DARLING, M. D.

Daniel Darling, son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Leavitt) Darling, was born in Plymouth, N. H., December 31, 1816, and died in Rumney, N. H., April 3, 1889.

He attended the schools of his town and the Hopkinton, N. H., Academy, and entered the University in 1832, remaining two years. He studied medicine with Dr. Woodbury in Rumney, N. H., and Dr. Alonzo A. Whipple of Wentworth, N. H., during 1836-37; graduated M. D. from the Bowdoin Medical College in 1839.

He practiced his profession at Concord, Vt., 1839-42; Wells River, 1842-50; Rumney, N. H., 1850-89. He served during 1864 as a contract surgeon U. S. A., at the Lincoln Hospital, Washington, D. C. He was a member of the Moosilauke Medical Society.

He was married August 2, 1839, to Sarah Clement Pillsbury of Wentworth, N. H. Five children were born to them: Elizabeth, born October 21, 1840, married Elisha A. Webster, resides in Rumney; Lydia, born March 15, 1842, married David B. Mears, resides in Lowell, Mass.; Susan, born April 6, 1844, married Henry W. Herbert, resides in Rumney; Sarah, born September 2, 1847, married Richard Dearborn; Daniel, Jr., born October 15, 1848, died April 4, 1879.

JOSHUA HARRISON DARLING.

Joshua H. Darling, son of Judge Joshua and Mary (Proctor) Darling, and brother of Jonathan P. Darling, '23, was born in Henniker, N. H., September 5, 1808, and died in Warsaw, N. Y., March 2, 1869.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1824. He engaged in mercantile business in Henniker, N. H., from 1824 until 1830, when he located in Warsaw, N. Y., where he made his home until his death. He engaged in mercantile business during 1830-31, with Andrew W. Young, and from 1830 until 1851 conducted the business alone. In 1851, he established the Wyoming County Bank, which he conducted until 1865, when it was chartered as a National Bank. Since that date he served as its president until his death.

He was at first a Whig in politics, later a member of the Free Soil Party, and a zealous anti-slavery worker. He was a delegate at the convention at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., in 1854, which founded the Republican party of New York, and took a prominent part in the deliberations

of the convention; served as a delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1860, which nominated Abraham Lincoln for president.

He took an active interest in all the matters pertaining to the good of his town and gave liberally of his time and means to many charitable enterprises. He was one of the founders of the Congregational Church, in Warsaw



Joshua Harrison Darling.

and gave liberally towards the erection of the church and presented the church with a fine pipe organ. He met with marked success in his business enterprises and acquired a large property. He was a man of few words; possessed a remarkably impressive personality. He was of large stature, erect, and carried his military figure until his death. He was greatly beloved and respected by the people of his community.

He was married three times: first, February 23, 1832, to Lucretia Frank of Granville, N. Y., who died December 17, 1844. Seven children were born to them: Mary Elizabeth, born March 12, 1833, married Henry B. Jenks, resides in Warsaw, N. Y.; William Henry, born January 19, 1835, died while a student at Amherst College, December 5, 1853; John Harrison, born May 21, 1837, died January 24, 1864; Julia Lucretia, born December 18, 1838, married Dr. Edward W. Jenks, died April 25, 1866; James Brainerd, born August 1840, died May, 1841; Emily Maria, born March 14, 1842, married Jared Bills, of Indianapolis, Ind., died November 7, 1878; Frances Isabel, born October 13, 1843, married John W. Curtis of Indianapolis, afterwards married J. N. Neild; died in Evanston, Ill., May 17, 1910.

He was again married, June 19, 1845, to Laura E. Mosher, of Canandigua, Ontario County, N. Y., who died January 1, 1862. Seven children were born to them; Margaret A., born April 7, 1847, married James B. Chapman, resides in Elyria, Ohio; Laura E., born January 30, 1849, died unmarried, November 2, 1879; Edward Mosher, born June 6, 1852, died in Buffalo, January, 1902; Grace, born April 21, 1854, resides Salisbury, Conn.; Kate, born October 10, 1856, died at Saranac Lake, September 6, 1889; Alice, born December 27, 1858, died unmarried at Saranac Lake, March 17, 1886; Frederick Warren, born February 20, 1861, died at Macon, Ga., April 4, 1878. He was married the third time, August 4, 1863, to Clara B. Beebe of Litchfield, Conn., who survives him and resides in Wallingford, Conn.

JONATHAN PROCTOR DARLING.

Jonathan P. Darling, son of Joshua and Polly (Proctor) Darling, was born in Henniker, N. H., April 21, 1802, and died in Le Roy, N. Y., January 21, 1870.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1822, and remained two years.

He engaged in mercantile business in Warsaw, N. Y., Buffalo, N. Y., and LeRoy, N. Y.

He was married May 13, 1825, to Susan Wallace of Henniker, N. H. Nine children were born to them: Susan Maria, born May 2, 1830, died December 14, 1841; Mary, born at La Grange, May 15, 1832, died August 28, 1850; Jane Wallace, born at Buffalo, February 13, 1835; Henry, born at LeRoy, July 19, 1837, died December 11, 1841; George, born May 28, 1839, died June 6, 1840; Maria, born April 25, 1844, died May 15, 1844; Grace, born August 19, 1845, died May 11, 1861. Two children died in infancy.

GEORGE WASHINGTON DAVIS.

George W. Davis, son of General Thomas and Mary (Owen) Davis, was born in Fayetteville, N. C., January 7, 1808, and died in Wilmington, N. C., April 29, 1860.

At an early age his parents removed to Wilmington, where he attended the city schools and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1827.

He began his mercantile career in 1828, and became one of the most prominent merchants in the State; engaged extensively in South American trade; was a large ship owner. He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; was chairman of the city commissioners, 1855-56; magistrate, New Hanover County; British Vice-Consul, 1840-1860. He was most successful in his business enterprises and acquired a large property. He filled the various positions of trust and responsibility with marked success.

He was married about 1830 to Margaret Young, daughter of Alexander Anderson of Wilmington, N. C., formerly of Virginia. She died August 5, 1889; no children.

RODMAN GARDINER DAY.

Rodman G. Day, son of Philo and Emma Eason (Gardiner) Day, was born in Catskill, N. Y., April 4, 1801, and died about 1890.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1823. He was for many years pastor of various churches in New York.

He was twice married: first, September 3, 1823, to Cornelia W. Hoag, who died in 1830. Four children were born to them: Thomas, born March 3, 1825; Robert Henry, born August 21, 1826; Caroline, born October 17, 1828; Emma Cornelia, born April 22, 1831. He was again married December 23, 1832, to Mary Hoag, who died about 1870; one child, Gardiner, born December 20, 1833.

HENRY GEORGE RALEIGH DEARBORN.

Henry G. R. Dearborn, son of Maj. Gen. Henry A. S. and Hannah Swett (Lee) Dearborn, and grandson of Maj. Gen. Henry Dearborn, U. S. A., of the war of 1812 fame, was born in Salem, Mass., June 22, 1809, and died in Roxbury, Mass. in 1884.

He prepared for college in the schools of Roxbury, Mass., and entered the "Academy" in 1826, graduating in 1829.

He was chief engineer of the Grand Junction R. R. of Boston for some years; later engaged in business in Roxbury.

He was married July 6, 1840 to Sarah Maria Thurston of Rockford, Ill., who died in 1890. Two children were born to them: Sarah, born in Roxbury, Mass., March 2, 1847, resides in Boston, Mass., and one son who died in infancy.

CHARLES FOLLETT DEMING, A. B.

Charles F. Deming, son of Eleazer Hubbell and Fanny (Follett) Deming, was born in Burlington, Vt., July 25, 1808, and died there, unmarried, September 14, 1832.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1821, remaining three years; graduated A. B. from the University of Vermont in 1827; was a student at the Harvard Law School, 1829-30; was admitted to the bar at Burlington, March, 1831, and practiced his profession there until his death.

BRIG. GEN. MINER RUDD DEMING.

Miner R. Deming, son of Stephen Deming, was born in Sharon, Conn., February 25, 1810, and died suddenly in Carthage, Ill., September 10, 1845.

At an early age his parents removed to Litchfield, Conn., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1827. In 1836 he removed to Cincinnati, Ohio, and in 1839, to St. Mary, Ill. He at once took a prominent part in the affairs of his State. He was appointed brigadier general and placed in command of the State troops and took a prominent part in the "Mormon War." In 1844, he was elected sheriff of Hancock Co., Ill., making his residence in Carthage.

He was married August 2, 1836, to Abigail Barnum of Danbury, Conn. Three children were born to them: Arthur Buel, born March 10, 1840; Eugene Macy, born March 10, 1840, died in 1862; Miner Rudd, born December 11, 1844.

HENRY CHAMPLIN DENISON, M. D.

Henry C. Denison, son of Henry Champlin and Lucy (Perrin) Denison, and half-brother of Charles E. Denison, '45, was born in Woodstock, Vt., January 7, 1807, and died unmarried in St. Jago, Cuba, June 1833.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820 and remained two years.

He studied medicine and dentistry at the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, and located in St. Jago, Cuba, where he was a surgeon dentist until his death of yellow fever.

JOSEPH ADAM DENISON, A. M., M. D.

Joseph A. Denison, son of Dr. Joseph Adam and Rachel (Chase) Denison, was born in Bethel, Vt., March 23, 1805, and died in Royalton, Vt., July 30, 1848.

In 1815, his parents moved to Royalton, Vt., where he prepared for college in the Royalton Academy; entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1820 and remained three years, taking the civil engineering work; was a trustee of "N. U." 1848, until his death. He entered the classical course of the University of Vermont in 1823 and graduated A. B. in 1825. He received the degree of A. M. in course from that Institution in 1828. He entered the Yale Medical College in 1825 and graduated M. D. in 1828. On June 2, 1830, he received the honorary degree of M. D. from the Clinical School of Medicine of Woodstock, Vt.

He was associated with his father in practice from 1828 until his death, which was caused by being thrown from his gig while driving down a steep embankment near where the "Broad Brook" empties into the White River. He gained remarkable success in his profession for so young a man. He was a talented horticulturist and did much to improve the orchards of his town.

He was married December 24, 1829, to Eliza Skinner, daughter of Calvin and Sally (Billings) Skinner of Royalton, who died in Washington, D. C., April 10, 1870. Twelve children were born to them: Eliza, born 1830, married Hon. John A. Jameson of Chicago, Ill.; Philander, died in infancy; George Stanton, born 1833, died 1866; Eleanor, born 1835, died 1841; James, born 1837, died in Washington, D. C., 1910; Alice, born, 1838, died 1904; Franklin,

born 1842, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Lucy, born 1843, died 1866; Clara, born 1844, married Hon. Robert M. McClellan of Galena, Ill., resides at Briar Cliff Manor, N. Y.; Charles, born 1845, a physician, died in Denver, Col., in 1909; Susan, born 1847, married Dr. Edward M. Gallaudet, of Washington, D. C., died 1903; Fanny, born 1847, died 1859.

REV. SAMUEL DEXTER DENISON.



Rev. Samuel Dexter Denison.

Samuel D. Denison, son of Samuel Fish and Mary Pierce (Cleveland) Denison, was born in Stonington, Conn., October 7, 1810, and died in New York City in 1898.

He prepared for college at the Stonington, Connecticut, Academy, and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1825, remaining two years. He then studied for the Episcopal ministry. He was ordained priest in 1830, and was for many years rector of churches in Connecticut and New York.

He married Sarah F. Blecker.

WILLIAM CLEVELAND DENISON.

William C. Denison, son of Samuel Fish and Mary Pierce (Cleveland) Denison, was born in Boston, Mass., December 11, 1808, and died unmarried, in Key West, Fla., about 1880.

At an early age his parents removed to Stonington, Conn., where he prepared for college at the Stonington Academy. He entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1828. He was for many years a sea captain.

NATHANIEL FOSTER DERBY, A. B.

Nathaniel F. Derby, son of John Derby, was born in Salem, Mass., February 25, 1809, and died there of consumption, July 13, 1830.

He attended Mr. Clark's school, and Mr. Greene's school, Jamaica Plain, Mass. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1825; graduating A. B. from Harvard University in 1829. He began the study of medicine with Dr. Pierson of Salem, but ill health soon compelled him to give up his studies.

JOHN ADOLPHUS J. DESCLAUX.

John A. J. Desclaux, son of Joseph and Marguerite (Carbon) Desclaux, was born in St. Mary's, Ga., January 5, 1811, and died there October 4, 1838.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He engaged in mercantile business in St. Mary's, Ga., 1829-38. He met with marked success in his business and acquired a valuable property.

He was married in 1830, to Louisa Dufour of St. Mary's, Ga., who died December 7, 1847. One child was born to them, Louis Dufour, born in 1835, and died unmarried in 1858.

THOMAS MORTON DEWEY.

T. Morton Dewey, son of Abel and Rhoda (King) Dewey, was born in Orford, N. H., March, 16, 1812, and died in Springfield, Mass., July 13, 1888.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1828, graduating in 1830.

He taught school in Orford, N. H., and Montague, Mass., for some years. In 1832, he engaged in boating business on the lower Connecticut River, serving as master of a steamboat for towing freight boats. In 1838, he removed to Montague, Mass., where he resided for some years; engaged in the manufacture of scythe snaths in the firm of Dewey & Kellogg until 1840.

At an early age, he displayed remarkable talent as a musician. In 1838, he began teaching singing schools through New England, winters, which he continued twenty years, meeting with marked success. His largest school was in Boston, Mass., where he had 800 scholars. He assisted in forming the National Musical Convention in 1843. In 1847, the name of the organization was changed to the Philharmonic Institute; he served as its president in 1851. He attended many musical conventions through New England, and was president of the convention held in Boston in 1848; was the director of music in the various Springfield, Mass., churches.

In 1840, he engaged in lumbering in Canada, and in 1842 he again engaged in the boating business with Elisha Smith of Erving, Mass., In 1848 and 1849, was agent for John D. Kimball, in extensive lumber operations.

He studied law during 1853-55, with H. G. Parker, of Greenfield, Mass., and Burt & Lincoln of Boston; was admitted to the bar October 26, 1855; practiced his profession in Greenfield, 1855-60; Montague, Mass., 1860-64; Westfield, Mass., September, 1864 until February, 1867; Springfield, Mass., February 1867-1880.

He was one of the founders of Mt. Cube Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Orford, N. H., serving as Noble Grand; later admitted to the De Soto Lodge of Springfield, Mass.; member of the Agawam Encampment of Springfield, holding various offices.

He was married January 25, 1838, to Maria Kellogg, of Montague, Mass. Five children were born to them: Sherman Burke, born September 4, 1839, died September 8, 1896; Edward Stanley, born October 15, 1843, resides in Boston; Mary Wilcox, born November 27, 1848, died August 29, 1850; George Winthrop, born May 21, 1851, died September 18, 1902; Emerson King, born July 6, 1855, resides in Springfield, Mass.

JOHN JAMES DE WOLF, M. D., A. B.

John J. DeWolf, son of John DeWolf, and many years a professor of chemistry at Brown University, was born in Bristol, R. I., September 11, 1807, and died there July 25, 1894.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered Brown University in 1823, but, desiring to pursue a military course, left that Institution in his senior year. He entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1827. He took part in the march made by the corps of cadets to Washington, D. C., in December 1826.

He entered Harvard Medical College in 1833 and graduated M. D. in 1836. He practiced his profession in Bristol, R. I., 1836-47, and at Providence, R. I., 1847-91.

He received the degree of A. B. from Brown University in 1833. He was a successful physician and a fine scholar; was a member of the Rhode Island Historical Society.

He was married in 1829, to Annette Halsey, daughter of John Winthrop, of Boston, Mass. She died in 1881. Four children were born to them: Winthrop, Elizabeth, John Halsey and James Andrews.



Dr. John James De Wolf.

MASTER JOHN WEIR DICKS, U. S. N.

John W. Dicks, son of Capt. John and Nancy (Stimpson) Dicks, was born in Portland, Me., March 20, 1809, and died in Worcester, Mass., May 23, 1881. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, where he had among his schoolmates, Henry W. and Stephen Longfellow.

He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1825. It was his father's wish that he continue his education in the classics; but as he had a strong desire to follow the sea he refused to take further studies and soon after leaving the "Academy" shipped as a common sailor. He engaged as a sailor on boats plying between Portland and Boston. At the age of nineteen years, he was given command of a ship and visited every port of importance in the world; was for a time engaged in the East India trade; later was in the service of the Hudson Bay Co. His ship was one of the first to reach San Francisco after the discovery of gold in 1848.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the United States Navy; was stationed for some time on the training ship *North Carolina*, at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, as drill master. On August 26, 1861, he was commissioned acting master, and transferred to the gunboat *Isaac Smith*; served in the South Atlantic Squadron, participating in the capture of Port

Royal. In 1862, this boat was ordered to New York for repairs and he was appointed executive officer. Later the boat returned South and on January 30, 1862, while making a reconnoissance up the Stono Inlet, S. C., was captured by the Confederate navy, under command of Capt. Henry J. Hartstene, '28. He was wounded in this action and taken prisoner; was confined in prison in Charleston and Columbia, S. C., and in Libby prison; was paroled in May, 1862, and later exchanged; served as executive officer on the *Ohio*, at Charlestown, Mass., until June, 1863; was in command of the dispatch boat *Pink*, on the James River, June, 1863, until July 19, 1864, when owing to disability he resigned his commission. ❧



Master John Weir Dicks, U.S.N.

During 1865-June, 1866, he was in command of the *Ceres*, a palatial passenger ship running from New Orleans to Havana and Vera Cruz. In June, 1866, he retired from active service and removed to Worcester, Mass., where he made his home until his death.

He was one of the ablest sea captains of his time, and during his long service never lost a ship, and but one man. He was a firm disciplinarian, but a just one and was highly esteemed by his men. During his long service on the ocean he experienced many thrilling incidents. He sailed the China seas infested with pirates, without molestation. He attributed his good fortune in this to the power of the Masonic signal, flying at his masthead.

He was an earnest Christian for many years; was a member of the Plymouth church of Worcester and an active worker in the Sunday School. He was made a Mason in Amsterdam, Holland, and was an honorary member of Ancient Landmark Lodge of Portland, Me.; and secretary of the Citizen's Exchange of Worcester for some years.

He was married December 9, 1832, to Anne Tomlin at North Wood Church, in Cowes, Isle of Wight, England. Mrs. Dicks died March 5, 1887. Seven children were born to them: Isabella, born June 20, 1834, died December 21, 1836; John Weir, born January 1, 1837, died in infancy; John, born April 29, 1839, died at Havanna, Cuba, October 12, 1860; Susan G., born December 12, 1841, married Alfred B. Warren, resides in Holden, Mass.; Marianna, born December 7, 1843, married Frederick C. Hills, resides Newton Highlands, Mass.; Joseph Henry, born May 27, 1846, died April 4, 1849; Clara Maria, born August 7, 1852, died September 8, 1853.

CAPT. WILLIAM DINSMOOR.

William Dinsmoor, son of Samuel, (the Elder Governor) and Mary Boyd (Reid) Dinsmoor, was born in Keene, N. H., September 20, 1805, and died there July 9, 1884.

At an early age he developed a fondness for military pursuits and assisted in the organization of a company of infantry composed of boys under age, of which he was chosen captain. The company under his command attained such proficiency in soldierly bearing as to be officially recognized by the regiment. This taste his father encouraged, and he was sent, accordingly, to the "Academy" in 1821, where he graduated with honors in 1823.

He engaged in the tailoring business, with Richard Montague, under the firm name of Dinsmoor and Montague, 1827-33; formed a partnership with Sheldon F. White and conducted a clothing store, 1833-36, under the firm name of Dinsmoor, White & Lyon. He was one of the incorporators, in 1853, of the Ashuelot Fire Insurance Co., and served as director for some years; was director of the Ashuelot National Bank, 1833-84, and president; was a member of the Ashuelot Manufacturing Company, Keene, 1835-53. He was a successful business man and acquired a valuable property.

He was a Democrat in politics; was postmaster of Keene, 1829-37. He kept up his interest in military matters and served as captain of the Keene Light Infantry, in 1829. He was a member of the Unitarian Church.

He was married January 15, 1835, in Keene, N.H., to Julia Ann, daughter of Phineas and Mary (Hart) Fiske. She died January 4, 1854. Three children were born to them: Mary Boyd, born April 21, 1839, resides in Keene; George Reid born May 28, 1841, died April 29, 1901; Frank Fiske, born October 3, 1845, died July 23, 1870.



Capt. William Dinsmoor.

RALPH SMITH DORR.

Ralph S. Dorr was born in Roxbury, Mass., February 1, 1807, and died in San Francisco, Cal., June 30, 1869.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1824.

He was a merchant in Boston, Mass., 1821-40; Buenos Ayres, Argentina, S. A., 1840-49. In the latter year he located in San Francisco, where he engaged in the lumber and commission business until his death. He took a prominent part in early affairs of San Francisco, serving as alderman during 1851-60.

He was married in 1830, to Eliza Davis, sister of Horatio Davis, '26. She died about 1850. Three children were born to them: Ralph Smith, Jr., "N.U." '50; Jonathan, a lawyer in Boston, Mass., many years; a daughter, Mrs. George P. Gore, of Chicago, Ill.

ALFRED DORR.

Alfred Dorr, son of John and Esther (Goldthwaite) Dorr, was born in Boston, Mass., December 12, 1807;⁴ and died in Dorchester, Mass., June 13, 1851.



Alfred Dorr.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1825. He was a member of the firm of Dorr & Allen, auctioneers, Boston, and of the firm of Dorr & Ridgeway at No. 12, Rowes Wharf. He met with marked success in his business and acquired a large fortune.

He was married May 11, 1830, to Anne Lodge of Boston. Six children were born to them: Clarence Alfred, born March 30, 1831, died unmarried, December 18, 1895; Henry H. G., born July 25, 1833, died September 4, 1835; Herman H. G., born July 25, 1833, died unmarried, January 29, 1870; Louise Anne, born June 7, 1836, married William Hayden, Jr., resides in Boston, Mass.; Ellerton Lodge, born March 7, 1838, resides in Boston; Addison, born May 18, 1884, died October 11, 1846.

SANDERS PITTMAN DORRANCE, A. B.

Sanders P. Dorrance, son of Samuel and Mary (Pittman) Dorrance, was born in Providence, R. I., October 29, 1807, and died there, unmarried, February 18, 1830.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1824. He then entered Brown University and graduated A. B. in 1828.

He engaged in business in Providence, R. I. until his death.

RICHARD J. DOWNING.

Richard J. Downing, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Webster) Downing, was born in Downingtown, Chester Co., Pa.,⁵ January 24, 1810, and died there March 12, 1890.

He prepared for college in the schools of Chester Valley and entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1829.

Soon after his graduation he took charge of the family estate of 1500 acres of land at Downingtown, Pa., which he later inherited. Here he made his home until his death, engaging extensively in farming and stock raising. He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired a large property.

He was an ardent Republican and generously aided the North during the Civil War. He was a member of the Orthodox Society of Friends.

He was married March 2, 1837, to Susan Havard Miller, of Haverford, Pa., who died July 7, 1883. Six children were born to them: Joseph J., born December 30, 1837, died September 30, 1851; Sarah Miller, born October 12, 1839, married John J. Pinkerton, resides in West Chester, Pa.; Elizabeth Webster, born October 19, 1841, died March 6, 1861; Henry Webster, born April 13, 1843, died September 29, 1851; Jonathan Havard, born March 7, 1845, now postmaster at Downingtown, Pa.; Richard J. Jr., born April 17, 1847, died September 13, 1851.



Richard J. Downing.

HON. CHARLES DANIEL DRAKE, LL. D.

Charles D. Drake, son of Dr. Daniel Drake, a distinguished physician of Cincinnati, and Harriet (Sisson) Drake, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, April 11, 1811, and died in Washington, D. C., April 1, 1892.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and was a student at St. Joseph's College, Barstow, Ky., 1823-24. He entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1827.

On April 1, 1827, he was commissioned a midshipman in the U. S. Navy and served until October 30, 1829, when he resigned from the service. He then returned to Cincinnati. He studied law in that city during 1830-33, and was admitted to the bar in the latter year. He practiced his profession in St. Louis, Mo., 1831-17, 1850-67; Cincinnati, Ohio, 1817-50. He became one of the most prominent attorneys of Missouri. In 1867, he moved to Washington, D. C., where he made his home until his death.

He was a Republican in politics and held many positions. He repre-



Hon. Charles Daniel Drake.

sented St. Louis in the State Legislature 1859-60, taking a prominent part in the deliberation of that body. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1863 and 1864, serving as vice-president in the latter year. He framed for this convention the instrument known as the "Drake Constitution." He served as U. S. Senator from Missouri from March, 1867 until 1870, when he resigned to accept the appointment, by President Grant, of chief justice of the U. S. Court of Claims, which office he held until December, 1885.

He was much interested in school matters. He organized the St. Louis Law Library in 1838, the first of its kind in the United States. He received the degree of LL. D. from Hanover College, Ind., in 1863, and from the University of Worcester, Ohio in 1875. He wrote many articles for the magazines and papers; published *A Treatise on the Law of Suits by Attachment in the United States*, 1855; *Union and Anti-Slavery Speeches delivered during the Rebellion; Life of Daniel Drake*, 1871. He was an active member of the Presbyterian Church, serving as elder in St. Louis and Washington.

He was twice married: first, to Ella Blow of St. Louis. Three children were born to them: Joseph Charles, died in early youth; Harriet, died an infant; Ella Blow, married Mr. James C. Cresson of Philadelphia, died in 1883. He was again married to Mrs. Margaret Emily (Austin) Cross of St. Louis, Mo., who died April 30, 1896. Four children were born to them: James Austin, born in 1837, died in 1875; Anna Perry, born in 1849, now Mrs. A. P. Westcott, resides in Washington, D. C.; Susan, died in infancy; Emily, died in infancy.

WILLIAM DUANE.

William Duane, son of William John and Deborah (Bache) Duane, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., February 7, 1808, and died there November 4, 1882.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1822, where he remained until 1825, when he entered the "Academy," and graduated in 1827. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1830; practiced his profession in Pittsburg, Pa., 1830-32; Philadelphia, 1832-82.

He wrote many articles for the current magazines and historical publications; was author of the following works: *Christopher Marshall's Diary*, edited in 1839 and 1844; *A View of the Relation of Lavalord and Tenant in Philadelphia*, 1844; *Coffee, Tea and Chocolate*, a translation, in 1846; *Law of Roads, Highways, Bridges and Ferries in Pennsylvania*, 1848; *Canada and the Continental Congress*, 1850.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church; Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and its secretary for some time.

He was married November 6, 1833, to Loisa Brooks, daughter of Samuel Brooks of Philadelphia, who died January 24, 1881. Two children were born to them: Virginia, born September, 1834, died September 1855; Charles Williams, born December 20, 1837, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and now an Episcopal clergyman.

THEODORE SAMUEL DuBOSE.

Theodore S. DuBose, son of Samuel and Eliza (Marion) DuBose, was born near Charleston, S. C., May 16, 1809, and died at Winnsboro, S. C., February 13, 1862.

He attended the schools of Charleston and entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1826.

He engaged in planting near Charleston, S. C., from 1828 until 1836, when he removed to Winnsboro, S. C., where he had large plantation interests.

He was married in 1828, to Jane Sinkler Porcher, who died in 1862. Fourteen children were born to them, of whom only seven reached the age of maturity: Eliza Marion, born in 1829, married Augustus H. Porcher, died in 1895; McNeely, born 1831, died in 1860; Anne Stevens, born in 1834, died unmarried in 1870; William Porcher, born April 11, 1836, now an Episcopal clergyman, resides in Monteagle, Tenn.; Elizabeth Porcher, born in 1838, married John Bratton, died in 1875; Jane Porcher, born in 1840, married Beverly Means, died in 1888; Robert Marion, born in 1841, died in 1908.

ALBERT WILLIS DUNBAR.

Albert W. Dunbar was born at Dunbarton Plantation in Adams Co., Miss., January 7, 1809, and died there February 13, 1892; was buried in Natchez, Miss.

His early education was entrusted to tutors until 1825, when he entered the "Academy" from Natchez, Miss., and remained two years, being obliged to give up his course owing to failing health. He entered a college in Kentucky, where he remained but a short time, as he was called home by the death of his eldest brother to take charge of his mother's large plantation interests.

He entered the same business for himself and soon acquired a large estate. In 1853, he traveled extensively through Europe with his wife, and on his return home located in Natchez, where he had a beautiful residence. He lived there until the Civil War, when he lost his large property. Like many others, he struggled manfully to redeem his losses, but without adequate results. In spite of all his disappointments he maintained a cheerful spirit to the end. He was widely connected by relationship and marriage with the prominent families in the country, but owing to a retiring and modest disposition he never aspired to office or public position, but was content with doing his duty as a good citizen in all respects.

He was married August 25, 1852, to Matilda B. Ralston, daughter of George Ralston, a wealthy citizen of Philadelphia, Pa., who survives him with two sons and two daughters.

PROF. ELISHA DUNBAR.

Elisha Dunbar, son of John and Eunice (Gallup) Dunbar, was born in Hartland, Vt., in 1800, and died unmarried in Orange, N. J., March 14, 1830.

He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1825. He was distinguished at the "Academy" for his mathematical ability; was instructor in Mathematics and Geography, 1823-25; Mathematics and Navigation, 1825-28; Fluxions and Descriptive Geometry, 1827-28.

In the summer of 1828, he assisted Truman B. Ransom, '25, in the founding of the New Jersey Institution at Orange, N. J., and was associated with Professor Ransom in the management of the school until his death. He was a popular and able instructor and gave promise of a brilliant future.

We quote from a notice of his death published in a Middletown paper:

"He was a person of above the ordinary height, well made and manly; his countenance indicated great mildness. He was diffident to excess, seldom mingled in general conversation, but to his intimate associates he evinced a playfulness of humor which they will never forget. He had a quick sense of the beautiful in nature and art, was proficient in music and drawing. With all these qualities (and those who knew Dunbar as we knew him, will accord to him the possession of them) he was humble as a child. He was a firm believer in revealed religion, and exemplified by his whole life the sincerity of his faith. To our narrow vision, the premature departure of our friend is inscrutable; but, we know the hand which hath taken away, and it becomes us to bow in reverential submission."

PHILIP EASTMAN.

Philip Eastman son of John Langdon and Mary (Osgood) Eastman, was born in Fryeburg, Me., November 23, 1805, and died there January 16, 1893.

He prepared for college at the Fryeburg Academy and entered the "A.L.S. & M. Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1824.

He engaged in the mercantile business in Fryeburg from 1828, until 1870, when he removed to Lowell, Mass., and retired from active business. He returned to Fryeburg in 1880, where he made his home until his death.

He was married in Concord, N. H., January, 1837, to Martha Lovejoy, who died in 1884. Six children were born to them: Susan Elizabeth, born October 31, 1838, married Mr. W. H. Abbott, resides Fryeburg, Me.; Katherine Lovejoy, born September 28, 1841, married Mr. Nathaniel Randall, resides West Medford, Mass.; Charles Warren Lovejoy, born August, 1844, died in Lowell, Mass., about 1860; Philip Henry, born July, 1846, died in Los Angeles, Cal., about 1890; William Ardmore, born January 8, 1850, resides Brooklyn N. Y.; Ellen Buswell, born October 22, 1856, resides North Conway, N. H.

BENJAMIN EDINGS.

Benjamin Edings, son of Joseph and Sarah (Scott) Edings, and brother of William Edings, '28, and Joseph Edings, '28, was born in St. Helena Island, S. C., in 1804, and died in Aiken, S. C., May 10, 1863.

In 1819, his parents removed to Edisto Island where he attended the local schools. He prepared for college in the Beaufort, S. C., school and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

He engaged in planting, making his home in Edisto Island, Augusta, Ga., and Aiken, S. C.

He was twice married: first, about 1830, to Charlotte Porcher Chisolm of Charleston, S. C., who died about 1840; no children. He was married the second time to Susan Anthony of Augusta, Ga. Three children were born to them: William, Julian, and Mary who married A. Flint Porrott of Aiken, S. C.

JOSEPH EDINGS.

Joseph Edings, son of Joseph and Sarah (Scott) Edings and brother of Benjamin and William Edings, class of 1828, was born in St. Helena Island, S. C., and died at Chappells, S. C., in 1867.

In 1819, his parents removed to Edisto Island, where he attended the local schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

He engaged extensively in planting, making his home at Aiken and Chappells, S. C.

He was twice married: first, in 1830, to Abigail Seabrook of Edisto Island, who died in 1858. Two children were born to them: Ella, married Col. Thomas G. White, died in 1857; Martha Phoebe, married Col. Thomas G. White, died in Beaufort, S. C., in 1910. He was again married to Adelaide Fripp of St. Helena Island, S. C., who died at Aiken, N. C., in 1863. One child was born to them: Charlotte Adelaide, born in 1860, married Lewis Beard, Esq., resides at Blackburn, England.

WILLIAM EDINGS.

William Edings, son of Joseph and Sarah (Scott) Edings, and brother of Joseph Edings, '28, and Benjamin Edings, '28, was born in St. Helena Island, S. C., January 15, 1809, and died in Edisto Island, S. C., November 4, 1858.

In 1819, his parents removed to Edisto Island, where he attended the local schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He engaged in planting in Edisto Island until his death. He was a Democrat in politics; represented his district in the House of Representatives. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He was twice married: first in 1836, to Sarah Ann Mikell of Edisto Island, who died in 1836. Two children were born to them: Charlotte Porcher, born October 18, 1832, married E. C. Bailey, died December 20, 1909; Joseph, born March 10, 1834, died May 10, 1896.

He was again married February 14, 1841, to Hess Marion Waring Smith of Charleston, S. C., who died March 1, 1905. Nine children were born to them: Juliet Ann, born December 22, 1847, resides Edisto Island; William Seabrook, born September 1, 1850, resides Edisto Island; David Scott, born September 23, 1851, resides in Edisto Island. Six children died in childhood and infancy: Horace Waring, William Seabrook, Hess Marion, James Henry, Josephine Amelia and one infant.

ALFRED PIERMONT EDWARDS.

Alfred P. Edwards, son of Hon. Henry Waggaman and Lydia (Miller) Edwards, was born in New Haven, Conn., August 17, 1810, and died in New York City, January 8, 1857; was buried in New Haven.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1827.

He then engaged in business. About 1830, he went to Manila, P. I., as a clerk for Peel, Hubbell & Co., bankers, and soon became a partner. In 1855, gave up his business interests and traveled extensively in Europe and in 1857, located in New York. He was very successful in business and acquired a large fortune. He served as United States Consul at Manila, P. I., for several years.

He was married May 11, 1851, to Mary Griswold, daughter of Nathaniel L. Griswold, a merchant in China. She survived him many years.

WILLIAM JOHNSON EDWARDS.

William J. Edwards, son of Col. John Stark and Louisa Maria (Morris) Edwards, was born in Warren, Ohio, December 26, 1811, and died in Youngstown, Ohio, May 17, 1901.

In 1816, the family removed to Coitsville, from which town he entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1828. Owing to deafness, he was prevented from engaging in active business pursuits. He engaged in farming in Mesopotamia, Ohio, 1835-1848, and in Youngstown 1848 to about 1885. He was a man of high character, of fine intellect and had remarkable literary tastes. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He was married October 2, 1839, to Mary, daughter of Dr. Henry Manning of Youngstown, Ohio. She died July 16, 1900. One daughter was born to them; Louisa Maria, born March 27, 1859, resides in Youngstown, Ohio.

BENJAMIN SULLIVAN ELLIS.

Benjamin S. Ellis, son of Benjamin and Deborah (Murdock) Ellis, was born in South Carver, Mass., May 10, 1809, and died in Monmouth, Me., September 17, 1887.

He entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1829. He engaged in business in South Carver, Mass., until May, 1837, when he removed to Monmouth, Me., where he made his home until his death. Here he engaged in farming many years. He was a Democrat in politics, and held many offices.

He was married in September, 1836, to Mary Anne Storms of Sandwich, (now Bourne) Mass., who died about 1893. Three children were born to them: Benjamin, born August 8, 1839, resides Monmouth, Me.; Charles Clinton, born June 7, 1842, resides Sterling, Neb.; Mary Deborah, born April 4, 1848, married Mr. Lewis Holmes, resides in Monmouth, Me.

CURTIS ABEL EMERSON, A. B.

Curtis A. Emerson, son of Thomas and Luey (Curtin) Emerson, was born in Norwich, Vt., February 4, 1810, and died unmarried in Saginaw, Mich., February 11, 1880.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and remained until 1824. He graduated A. B. from the University of Vermont in 1830. He presented that Institution the old chapel bell.

He is said to have resided in Green Bay, Wis., 1830-36. In April of the last year, he located in Detroit, Mich., and was agent for a land company, travelling through Michigan, Wisconsin and west of the Mississippi River. He then engaged in brewing malt liquors, being the first brewer in the State. He engaged in mining for copper during 1845 and 1846. In December, 1846, he gave up his brewing business and located in Saginaw, Mich., and on July 4, 1847, removed to East Saginaw, being the first resident of the town, which he named Buena Vista, in honor of General Taylor's victory in Mexico. He engaged in the manufacture of lumber in Buena Vista until 1856, meeting with success. He then engaged in the real estate business until about 1863. He acquired a large property but soon after 1863, he met with heavy reverses.

He loaded the first schooner with lumber sent from Saginaw and built

the first ferry boat. For years he was the most prominent citizen of his town, and aided in all projects for the advancement of the public good. He was the first supervisor of Buena Vista, serving several years. He was a member of the State Pioneer Society.

MIDSHIPMAN THOMAS LOCK EMERSON, U. S. N.

Thomas L. Emerson, son of Thomas and Mary (Lock) Emerson, was born in Norwich, Vt., March 3, 1810, and died at sea in 1836.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1823. He was appointed a midshipman March 4, 1823; resigned November 24, 1825.

He was then engaged on sailing vessels until his death.

JOHN CONELLY EYRE, A. M.

John C. Eyre, son of Manuel and Anne Louise (Connelly) Eyre, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., September 27, 1811, and died there in 1849.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1828. He then entered the University of Pennsylvania, and graduated A. B. in 1832; later received the degree of A. M. in course; was a member of the "Zelo" Society at the University of Pennsylvania.

He engaged as supercargo and agent for his father in South American trade until his death.

COMMODORE EBENEZER FARRAND, C. S. N.

Ebenezer Farrand was appointed a midshipman, U. S. N., March 4, 1823; and served on the West Indies squadron until 1825, when he obtained a leave of absence. He entered the "Academy" the same year and graduated in 1827.

He was promoted passed midshipman, March 23, 1829; lieutenant, March 3, 1831; commander July 10, 1854. His service during, 1827-60, was as follows: on the sloop, *Lexington*, Mediterranean station, 1828-29; on leave, 1830 and 1831; in command schooner *Oriel*, in the Gulf of Mexico, 1832 and 1833; waiting orders 1834; on receiving ship *New York*, at Norfolk, Va., 1835; on leave of absence, 1836-37; on the *Independence*, Brazil, 1838-40; sloop *Ontario*, West Indies, 1840-41; on duty at the Navy Yard, Pensacola, Fla., 1841-43; in command of the steamer *General Taylor*, 1844; waiting orders, 1845-47; in command schooner *Flirt*, home squadron, 1848-49; *Ohio*, Pacific squadron, 1850; waiting orders, 1851-54; on duty at the Navy Yard, Pensacola, Fla., 1855 and 1856; in command sloop *Falmouth*, Brazil station, 1857-60.

On June 21, 1861, he resigned his commission in the Navy and on March 26, 1861, entered the service of the Confederate government as commander; was commissioned captain May 23, 1861; and later, was promoted commodore.

He commanded the naval batteries at Drewry's Bluff in the engagement with the Federal fleet in April, 1862. On May 15, 1862, he commanded the Confederate fleet in an attack on the Federal ships at City Point on the James River. He received a vote of thanks from the Confederate Congress for the "great and signal victory achieved by his fleet over the naval forces of the

United States in the engagement of May 15, 1862." He served as one of the board appointed by the Confederate government to purchase and contract for the building of ten gun boats.

In 1864, he was transferred from Selma, Ala., to relieve Admiral Buchanan of the command of the Confederate fleet at Mobile. He continued in command of the naval forces in the Alabama waters until May 10, 1865, when he was forced to surrender his fleet to Rear Admiral H. K. Thatcher, U. S. N.

HON. DARWIN A. FINNEY, A. B.

Darwin A. Finney, son of Col. Levi and Orpha (Clark) Finney, and brother of Hanibal H. Finney, '39, was born in Shrewsbury, Vt., August 11, 1811, and died in Brussels, Belgium, August 25, 1868.

He entered the "Academy" in 1833, remaining three years; was a student at Middlebury College, 1836-39. In this last year, his parents removed to Meadville, Pa., where he entered Allegheny College, graduating A. B. in 1840. He studied law with Hiram L. Richmond of Meadville, and was admitted to the Crawford County bar, December 13, 1842; was admitted to the Supreme Court of the State; practiced his profession in Meadville from 1842 until 1867, becoming one of the leading attorneys in Pennsylvania.

In 1857, he was one of the incorporators and directors of the Meadville Railroad Co. He was a Republican in politics and held several positions; represented his district in the House of Representatives, two terms; was state senator, two terms; served as Congressman from the 25th congressional district from March 4, 1867 until his death. In the spring of 1868, he went to Europe for his health and died in Brussels, Belgium.

He married Marion Johns, who died several years ago; no children.

REV. THEOPHILUS FISKE.

Theophilus Fiske, son of the Rev. Abel and Sarah (Putnam) Fiske, was born in Wilton, N. H., December 4, 1801, and died in New York in 1867.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1823.

He studied for the Universalist ministry and was ordained in 1823. He soon became prominent in the church. He was the first to establish the Universalist Church in Washington, D. C.; was also pastor of churches in various sections of the country.

He became prominent in literary circles; edited papers in Charleston, S. C., New York City, Baltimore, Md., Utica, N. Y., and Portsmouth Va. He was a popular lecturer. In 1851, he delivered many lectures in England and Ireland. Just before his sudden death, he had completed and arranged several volumes of his work on theological and philosophical subjects, for the printer. The works were to have been printed in England. He also left a manuscript for a book entitled the *Philosophy of Evil*.

He was a member of the Masonic and the I. O. O. F. lodges. He was married April 26, 1851, to Susan, daughter of Judge Justin Dwinell of Cazenovia, N. Y. She died November 30, 1878. Two children were born to them: Louise, born February 2, 1852, married Mr. Gilbert E. Bryson; John Dwinells, born September 4, 1853, now a physician in Baltimore, Md.

COL. OLIVER DUKE FITTS.

Oliver D. Fitts, son of Henry and Sallie (Duke) Fitts, was born in Warren Co., N. C., October 3, 1807, and died on his plantation in Warren County, February 28, 1854.

He attended the schools of his county and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1828.

Soon after graduating, he settled on his plantation which he managed until his death. He was noted for his hospitality and his kindness to the poor. He was prominent in politics and represented his county in the State Legislature in 1842; but owing to feeble health was forced to give up his political affairs. He served as colonel of the state militia for several years, and was justice of the peace (Magistrate) for many years. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge and was buried by them.

He was married April 15, 1828, to Harriet Elizabeth Ann Collins, sister of William F. Collins, '28; she died in 1858. Ten children were born to them: Betsey, born May 3, 1831, died August 17, 1831; Henry, born October 27, 1832, died November 13, 1862; Sallie Duke, born March 20, 1835, died July 28, 1836; Olivia Duke, born March 10, 1837, married Mr. W. C. Drake, died January 26, 1892; Francis Michael, born May 8, 1841, resides Rocky Mt., N. C.; Tempe Louisa, born February 1, 1843, died May 12, 1843; Harriet Ann, born October 26, 1844, married Mr. Benjamin R. Arrington, died October 14, 1902; Mary Drake, born May 12, 1848, resides Ridgeway, N. C.; George Collins, born October 15, 1849, resides Roanoke Rapids, N. C.; Oliver Duke, born July 1, 1852, died August 8, 1860.

HON. RYLAND FLETCHER.

Ryland Fletcher, youngest son of Dr. Asaph and Sally (Green) Fletcher, was born in Cavendish, Vt., February 18, 1799, and died there December 19, 1885. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1824.

In 1836, he went West; but after a few months spent in a vain quest of fortune, he returned [to] Cavendish, where he made his home until his death. He became active as an anti-slavery man as early as 1837, and was the intimate associate of Garrison, Giddings, and John P. Hale in their work for the cause. In 1854, the practical fusion, through the action of the state committees, of the Whigs with the Free Soilers and Liberty party men resulted in his selection as candidate for lieutenant-governor and his election to this office in 1854 and 1855. He distinguished himself as



Hon. Ryland Fletcher

the presiding officer of the senate and in 1856 was nominated by the Republicans for the chief magistracy, to which he was elected by a majority of 23,121 over Henry Keyes, Democrat. He was re-elected the next year with a larger majority. He retired from office, after trying responsibilities, with the general agreement that his record had been a clean and creditable one. He was again called to the public service in 1861-62, when his town sent him to the legislature to give the weight of his reputation and influence, as well as his ability and experience, to the war measures of the State. Here he exerted a powerful influence. He was also a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1870, and strongly favored the policy of biennial elections. He was several times a presidential elector and a delegate to Republican national conventions. He was, at an early date, identified with the temperance movement, and gave many lectures and was for several years president of the State Temperance Society. He was early identified with the militia of the state, having passed through the different grades from private to brigadier general. This last office he resigned in 1836.

He was married June 11, 1829, to Mary Ann, daughter of Eleazer May of Westminster; she died May 12, 1876. Three children were born to them: Addison, born 1834, died in 1835; Ann May, born February 18, 1835, died May 25, 1860; Henry Addison, born December 11, 1839, became lieutenant-governor of Vermont, and died in 1895 at Proctorsville, Vt.

HON. MARTIN MONROE FLINT.

Martin M. Flint, son of General Martin Flint, was born in Randolph, Vt., February 27, 1816, and died in Pittsburg, Kansas, August 25, 1897, was buried in Girard, Kansas.

He prepared for college at the Orange County Grammar School and entered the "Academy" in 1837, graduating in 1834.

In 1848, he located in Plymouth, Sheboygan County, Wis., where he resided, engaged in farming, until 1870, when he removed to Girard, Kansas. In 1885, he located in Elsinore, Cal., where he made his home until 1891. He then removed to Pittsburg, Kansas, where he resided until his death. He was at first a Democrat in politics and later a Republican. He took an active part in the politics in Wisconsin; served as register of deeds, Sheboygan County, 1860-70.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he assisted in raising a company for the 40th Wisconsin Volunteers, for the service, and served from April 20th until July 6, 1861. He re-enlisted in 60th Wisconsin Volunteers; but was unable to pass the examinations, owing to physical disability. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; G. A. R., and Grange.

He was married, March 16, 1842, at Bethel, Vt., to Eliza Grover Chase of Randolph, Vt., who died February 1, 1891. Five children were born to them: Charles Munroe, born August 3, 1845, resides San Jose, Cal.; Fay Grover, born August 5, 1854, resides Kelseyville, Cal.; Dudley Chase, born October 28, 1857, resides Girard, Kan.; George Fremont, born March 6, 1860, died February 2, 1876; Mary Asenath, born December 6, 1847, married Christian Hitz, died February 10, 1879.

EDWARD FORBES.

Edward Forbes, eldest son of Hon. Abner and Sally (Spooner) Forbes, was born in Windsor, Vt., March 22, 1808, and died in California in 1850, while there on a visit.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1824. He engaged in the grocery business in Windsor until his death.

He was married November 2, 1829, to Abby L. Pomeroy of Windsor. Three children were born to them: Edward, Jr., Thomas Pomeroy, and Sarah, who married Mr. Robert DeLong, resides in Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM CRARY FOX, M. D.

William C. Fox, eldest son of Dr. John and Mary (Crary) Fox, was born in Wallingford, Vt., July 4, 1811, and died there May 23, 1880.

After preparing for college, he entered the University in 1826, and remained two years.

He then commenced the study of medicine in his father's office; attended lectures at the Castleton Medical College and graduated in 1830. After practicing his profession in Danby, Vt., for a short time, he returned to Wallingford and continued his practice for nearly fifty years.

He represented the town in the State Legislature in 1852 and 1853.

He took an active interest in military affairs; was for many years an officer in the state militia, and was considered an expert in military tactics, being often called upon to instruct companies in the drill.

He was twice married: first, May 8, 1834, to Sophronia Sparhawk of Walpole, N. H., who died June 29, 1837. One daughter was born to them, Harriet Sophronia, now Mrs. Philip H. Emerson of Ogden, Utah. He was married again September 3, 1860, to Helen M. Sherman of Wallingford, who died June 9, 1864. Two children were born to them: John, born in 1861, died 1863 and Helen, born 1863, died 1864.



Dr. William Crary Fox.

PROF. JOHN FRIES FRAZER, LL. D.

John F. Frazer, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Fries) Frazer, and half brother of Robert Frazer, '38, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., July 8, 1812, and died there October 12, 1872.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1821, remaining two years; was a student in the Rev. S. B. Wylie's celebrated

Classical School, Philadelphia, 1826-28. He entered the junior class of the University of Pennsylvania in 1828, and graduated A. B. in 1830, sharing the first honors with James Clark. During his college course, he was assistant to professor A. D. Bache in the first accurate observations of variations in the magnetic declination in the United States. He studied law with Jonathan M. Scott, 1830-33, and was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia, 1833; also studied medicine in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania.

He was one of the two assistants in 1836-37, to Prof. Henry D. Rogers, director of the State Geological Survey; was professor of Natural Philosophy in the high school of Philadelphia, 1842-44; professor in the Franklin Institute, 1850-66; was vice-provost of the University of Pennsylvania, 1855-68; professor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry in University of Pennsylvania, 1844-72.



Prof. John Eries Frazer.

He was a thoroughly well grounded classical scholar, as well as a learned and always learning scientific man. He was courageous, frank, and loyal with an incisive wit, which only the wrong doer had occasion to fear, and a sense of humor which made his conversation as delightful as it was instructive. He was a member of the Episcopal church; American Philosophical Society and its vice-president, 1855-58; one of the incorporators of the National Academy of Sciences, Washington.

He wrote many articles for the magazines and papers; was editor of the *Journal of the Franklin Institute*, 1850-66; author of numerous treatises on light, heat, electricity, mechanics, and the steam engine. He received the degree of LL. D. from Harvard University in 1857; and the degree of Ph. D., from Lewisburg University in 1854.

He was married September 1, 1838, to Charlotte Jeffers Cave of Philadelphia, who died August 19, 1881. Three children were born to them: Anne, born July 24, 1839, married the Rev. Thomas Kittera Conrad, resides 1711 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.; Sarah, born February 17, 1841, married Richard Lewis Ashurst, resides 321 So. 11th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.; Presifor, born July 24, 1844, graduated from the University of Pennsylvania 1862, and decorated by the French Government with the golden palms of the Academy; died April 7, 1909; was awarded in 1882 the degree of *Docteur of Sciences Naturelles*, after public examination by the French government, being the first, not a native of France, to whom it was granted.

COMMANDER THOMAS WILLIAM FREELON, U. S. N.

Thomas W. Freelon, son of Thomas William Freelon, a capitalist, was born in New York City, in 1798, and died there May 10, 1847.

He was appointed a midshipman June 12, 1812; promoted lieutenant March 28, 1820 and saw service in the West Indies, against the pirates that infested the waters of the Spanish Main. He entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1823. He was commissioned commander, September 8, 1841, and was given command of the U. S. S. *Preble*, on the African Station and took an active part in suppressing the slave trade. He contracted the African fever that seriously impaired his health.

He was a man of much culture and greatly interested in introducing naval reforms. He served as trustee of the University during, 1843-47.

He was married to Lydia Emerson, daughter of John Emerson of Norwich. Three children were born to them: Sidney died in infancy; Thomas William (q. v.); and Ann, who married Eugene Hotchkiss, resides in Milwaukee, Wis.



Commander Thomas William Freelon., U. S. N

PETER WILDER FREEMAN.

Peter W. Freeman, son of Capt. James and Sally (Coleman) Freeman, was born in Boston, Mass., December 13, 1809 and died there May 11, 1869.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1825.

In 1831, he was elected secretary of the Boston Insurance Company in which capacity he served until 1851, when he was elected president and continued in that office until his death. He made a specialty of marine underwriting and adjusting marine losses, becoming an expert in that line of insurance. He took an active interest in the public affairs of his city, but never held any office. He met with marked success in his business.



Peter Wilder Freeman.

He was a member of the Brattle street Unitarian Church.

He was married October 2, 1833, to Frances Anne, daughter of John Dorr, of Boston. She died February 24, 1888. Eight children were born to them: Frances Louisa, born June 18, 1834, married William C. Oliver, died June 11, 1858; Anne Florence, born January 14, 1836, died August 8, 1883; Charles Chauncey, born July 25, 1837, died April 25, 1839; Susan, born May 7, 1840, married Richard B. Lawrence, resides in New York; Horace Vinton, born August 22, 1842, died March 2, 1894; Peter Wilder, born February 4, 1844, died July 3, 1863; Marion Goldthwaite, born September 23, 1847, died November 14, 1866; James Goldthwaite, born August 24, 1849, resides in Boston.

JOHN GAYLORD.

John Gaylord, son of Capt. Samuel and Polly Pons (Starr) Gaylord, was born in Middletown, Conn., August 14, 1810, and died unmarried, at the Naval Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., September 26, 1880.

He served as master in the United States Navy for several years.

He is survived by a sister, Mrs. Harriette N. G. Warner, who resides in North Brookfield, Mass.

MAJ. SAMUEL KNOX GEORGE.

Samuel K. George, son of Archibald and Isabella (Knox) George, was born in Baltimore, Md., September 11, 1809, and died there June 31, 1871. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1830; received the degree of A. M., from the University in 1842.



Maj. Samuel Knox George.

He was engaged in the dry goods business in Baltimore, from 1830-1860, when he retired from active business. He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired a large property. He traveled extensively in Europe; was much interested in art and possessed a fine art collection and library.

He was much interested in military matters; served as a lieutenant in the Eutaw Infantry Co., Md., Militia, October 12, 1835-1880; was commissioned major in 1840 and served on the staff of Gen. George H. Stuart.

He was a 32° Mason and a member of the Maryland Historical Society.

He was married July 20, 1830, to Elizabeth Lord of Rutland, Vt., who died June 1, 1837.

Three children were born to them: Archibald, born June 28, 1831, died June 30, 1873; Elizabeth, born October 19, 1833, died May 26, 1834; Samuel Knox, born May 12, 1836, resides Baltimore, Md. He was again married January 29, 1839, to Sophia Hanson Finley of Baltimore, who died February 22, 1870. No children.

CAPT. NORMAN PAGE GIGNILLIAT.

Norman P. Gignilliat, son of Gilbert and Mary (McDonald) Gignalliat, was born at the Ardock Plantation, near Darien, Ga., October 28, 1809, and died in Marietta, Ga., January 21, 1871.

He prepared for college, 1816-20, in a school conducted by Josiah Dunham in Windsor, Vt. He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and remained until 1824, when he was obliged to return home to look after his large property, which was being squandered by a dishonest guardian; was distinguished at the "Academy" for his scholarship and his athletic ability.

On his return home, he found conditions that would have discouraged an experienced business man; but though only a boy, he showed he had remarkable business ability. He had another guardian appointed and at once began to straighten out his business affairs. When eighteen years of age, he assumed full control of his property and was appointed his brother's guardian. After a few years of hard work, he cleared his estate of indebtedness.

He purchased a fine plantation, "Windy Hill" five miles from Darien, but soon removed to Darien. He constantly added land to his plantation until it was one of the largest in the State, containing over 10,000 acres. During the Civil War, he bought a plantation near Quitman, Brooks county, Ga., so he would be further from the seat of war. He owned a large share of Roswell factory at Roswell, which was burned as well as his home by the United States troops. At the close of the war, he became a comparatively poor man, and removed to Marietta, Ga., where he resided until his death. He was an extensive slave owner, but was a kind master. A few years after the war, his former slaves bought his plantation, Ardock. He took great interest in military affairs; served as captain of the McIntosh Guards. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was forced to resign his commission, as he was unable to perform active duty on the field, owing to his great weight. He equipped the McIntosh Guards for service in the War.

He was married December 30, 1835, to his cousin, Caroline Barbara Gignilliat, who died May 10, 1836. No children. He was married the second time, February 14, 1838, to Charlotte Gignilliat Trezevant, who survives him and resides at the Marietta home. Eleven children were born to them: Norman Gilbert, born December 3, 1838, resides in Marietta, Ga.; Caroline Barbara, born February 13, 1841, married Rev. John F. Morrall, died 1906; John Trezevant, born March 31, 1843, died October 28, 1853; Mary Charlotte, born May 21, 1845, married Mr. Charles O. S. Mallard, resides in Darien, Ga.; Margaret Helen, born March 12, 1847, married James Edward Holmes, resides in Marietta, Ga.; William Henry, born June 25, 1849, died November 26, 1853; Elizabeth Catherine, born June 19, 1851, married Mr. Olivius F. Bacon, died June 6, 1887; George Warren, born Jan. 17, 1854, resides Seneca, S. C.; Robert Cooper, born April 5, 1856, resides Perry S. C.; John Farquhar, born August 28, 1858, resides in Marietta, Ga.; Charlotte Trezevant, born December 20, 1860, died June 11, 1862.

JUDGE JASPER WILLETT GILBERT.

Jasper W. Gilbert, son of Marinus Willett Gilbert and brother of Horatio Gates Gilbert, '37, was born in Rome, N. Y., February 15, 1812, and died in Brooklyn, N. Y., February 10, 1881.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and at the Lowville and Watertown, N. Y., Academies. He entered the "Academy" in 1830, and graduated in 1832. He studied law with Abraham Varick of Utica, 1833-34, and with Frederick Whittlesey of Utica, 1834-35, being admitted to the bar in the latter year; practiced his profession in Rochester, 1835-51, New York City, 1851-65, 1883-90. He was one of the most prominent lawyers of the state, and took part in many noted trials.

He was at first a Whig in politics and later a Democrat, and held many positions; was the first city attorney of Rochester, New York, 1839-40; represented his district in many county and state conventions. He was elected judge on the Supreme Bench of the second judicial district in November, 1865; and served until 1883, when he retired, having reached the constitutional age limit of seventy years. He gained prominence in 1882 in adjudging seventeen aldermen of the city of Brooklyn guilty of contempt of court for violating an injunction order. His opinion in this case has often been quoted for its learning and for the inflexibility with which he punished those who disregarded the order of the court. He made his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., from 1851 until his death.

He was an active member of the Episcopal Church, serving for many years on the standing committee of the Episcopal diocese of Long Island; was vice-chancellor of the Garden City Cathedral; church club; Brooklyn and Hamilton Clubs; Long Island Historical Society; was president of the Greenwood Cemetery Association of Brooklyn for many years.

He was married in 1845, to Katherine A. Horn of New York City. Four children were born to them: William T., a lawyer in New York City; James H., a lawyer in Atlanta, Ga.; Ellen G. and Louisa S.

SAMUEL SHEPARD GILBERT.

Samuel S. Gilbert, son of the Hon. Benjamin Joseph and Sarah (Shepard) Gilbert, was born in Hanover, N. H., December 25, 1803, and died in Cambridge, Mass., November 10, 1860.

He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823. He then engaged in the mercantile business, making several voyages to the East Indies as a supercargo. He spent several years in England and then engaged in business in Boston until 1850, when he retired from active business.

He was married in 1838, to Sarah Devereux of Salem, Mass., who died several years ago. He is survived by a son, Shepard Devereux, born July 28, 1840, who graduated from Harvard in 1862, and now resides in Salem, Mass.

WILLIAM BRADFORD GILBERT.

William B. Gilbert was born in Rome, N. Y., in 1810, and died in Palmyra, N. Y., September 5, 1897.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1826, graduating in 1828.

He was rodman on a proposed railroad from Canandaigua to Geneva, in 1829; was assistant engineer, Mohawk & Hudson River R. R., under John B. Jervis, 1829-31; Saratoga & Schenectady R. R., 1831, and on its completion returned to the Mohawk & Hudson R. R. when the Albany branch was built; was assistant engineer on the New York & Harlem R. R. under Benjamin Wright, December, 1832, April-1834; Havana & Renan R. R. in Cuba,

1835. He was assistant engineer on the New York & Erie R. R., and had charge of the east division from Piermont to Young's Gap in Sullivan Co., N. Y.; and after the completion of this road, early in 1836, was appointed chief engineer of the Buffalo & Aurora, and had charge of the location. He was city engineer, Buffalo, N. Y., 1836-37, and while holding this position was chief engineer of the Erie & Kalamazoo Railroad from Toledo, Ohio, to Adrian, Mich., which road was completed in the fall of 1836. He was division engineer in charge of surveys of the Illinois Central R. R., in the sixth judicial district in Illinois, from Galena to Rock River, a distance of 70 miles, 1837 until 1839, when the work was abandoned for the want of funds; was division engineer of the southern division of the Ogdensburg & Lake Champlain, under Chief Engineer Edward H. Broadhead, and located the road through the "John Brown tract," now the Adirondack Wilderness, in 1840. He was chief engineer of the Champlain & Connecticut River R. R. (now the Burlington and Rutland), 1845-49; was engineer of the Rutland & Burlington in 1849, and had charge of the surveys on the Missisquoi Valley R.R. from Lake Champlain to Derby Line, Vt., also from Swanton, Vt., to the St. Lawrence River near Montreal, P. Q. He was chief engineer of the Western Vermont R. R. extending from Rutland to Manchester and from Manchester to Bennington, 1850, to December 1, 1851; was chief engineer of the Syracuse & Binghamton R. R. from May, 1852, until its completion, October 26, 1854; during this time he made surveys of this road to Oswego; was chief engineer and superintendent of this road from 1854 until April, 1857. He was chief engineer of a land grant railroad in Wisconsin, from the St. Croix River, near the Mississippi River, to Lake Superior, Wisconsin, 1858-59; was chief engineer in 1860 of the Watertown & Madison, also the Milwaukee & Watertown, from Columbus to Portage, 28 miles; also the road from Milwaukee to the junction with the Watertown R. R., 14 miles; also rebuilt the road, 6,600 feet, across Mud Lake, a very difficult engineering feat. He was chief engineer of the New York Central from 1866 until 1868; when he resigned to become chief engineer of the New York, Oswego & Midland R. R. He resigned this position in 1873, and soon retired from active engineering work; but was often called upon as consulting engineer in railroad complications. He made his home in Palmyra, N. Y. until his death.

He was twice married: first, in 1833, to Mary C. Hubbell of New York City. Several children were born to them: the oldest son, Fred W., was for many years superintendent of a division of the Northern Pacific R. R., and resides at Spokane, Wash. He was again married in 1880, to Amelia Beckwith of Palmyra, who died April 23, 1909.

JOHN WATKINSON GILL.

John W. Gill, son of Samuel and Jane (Watkinson) Gill, was born in Hartford, Conn., in 1811, and died in Gerard, Ill., April 27, 1865; was buried in Franklin, Ill.

His parents removed to Middletown, Conn., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1829.

He resided in Alton, Ill., from 1844 until 1848, when he removed to a farm near Girard, Ill. Here he engaged in farming until 1865, when he removed to Girard, where he made his home until his death. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He married Mrs. Elizabeth (Sturgiss) Hart of Ohio, who died May 18, 1880. Five children were born to them; Sarah Ellen, resides in Quincy, Ill.; Hannah Eliza, Martha Jane, Emma and John Henry.

COMMODORE JAMES GLYNN, U. S. N.

James Glynn was born in Pennsylvania about 1800, and died in New Haven, Conn., May 13, 1871.

He was commissioned a midshipman, U. S. N. from Virginia, March 4, 1815; was promoted lieutenant, January 13, 1825.

He entered the "Academy" from Philadelphia, Pa. in 1821, and graduated in 1823.

He served on an exploring expedition in 1829; with the Mediterranean Squadron, 1830-34; on the receiving ship in New York, 1834-37. He commanded the bark *Consort*, in an exploring expedition, 1837-40; was on coast survey duty in 1840. He was commissioned commander, September 8, 1841; served with the Pacific squadron, 1848-50; commanded the sloop *Preble*, Pacific Squadron, 1850-52; was stationed at the Boston Navy Yard, 1852; was lighthouse inspector in 1853. He was commissioned captain, September 14, 1855; commanded the steam sloop *Pensacola*, in 1860; commanded the sloop *Macedonian*, Mediterranean Squadron, in 1861. He was commissioned commodore, July 16, 1862; was on special duty during 1864-65.

CAPTAIN DAVID GOODALL.

David Goodall, son of David and Peggy (Persis) Goodall, was born in Littleton, N. H., December 29, 1801, and died in Bennington, Vt., September 7, 1881.



Capt. David Goodall.

His father died in 1812, and he was obliged to make his own way in the world. Possessing a strong desire for an education, he studied evenings and all his time from work, and was enabled to enter the "Academy" in 1822. He graduated in 1825, and for some years taught school. He also studied law with his uncle, Ira Goodall, of Bath, N. H., but never practiced his profession.

In 1830, he located in western New York, where he engaged in various enterprises, meeting with success. In 1832, he returned East and engaged in the mercantile business, first, in St. Johnsbury, Center, Vt. In 1837, he moved his business to East St. Johnsbury. He retired from the mercantile business about 1860, and devoted his time to looking after his large land interests, financial investments and recreation, retaining his home in East St. Johnsbury until

his death. Early in the summer of 1881, he went to Saratoga, N. Y., for the benefit of the waters. He steadily failed, and in July he was prevailed upon by his son, Dr. F. W. Goodall, to go to his home where he remained until his death. He served for some years as captain of the Vermont State militia.

He was at first a Whig in politics, and later a Democrat; was postmaster at East St. Johnsbury many consecutive years, without regard to changes in the political administration.

He was twice married: first, to Adeline H. Page, who died March 7, 1838. Two children were born to them: Leon, born, April 17, 1835, accumulated a large property and died February 7, 1871, at his father's home; Frank West, born April 5, 1837, now a physician in Bennington, Vt. He was married the second time, May 25, 1839, to Mary E. McGregor, who died in 1873. Two children were born to them: George Ellyene, born in 1842, died February 6, 1903; Inez, born in 1847, resides in St. Johnsbury.

WELLS GOODHUE.

Wells Goodhue, son of Francis and Mary Ann (Brown) Goodhue, was born in Swanzey, N. H., December 19, 1803; and died in New York City, December 18, 1874.

His parents removed to Brattleboro, Vt., in 1811, where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1823.

He was a director of the Old Bank of Brattleboro, and on its organization as the Vermont National Bank in 1863, continued as a director until his death; also served as president of this bank from March 31, 1869, until January 13, 1874. He was a careful business man and had excellent administrative ability. He acquired a large property. He never sought or held public office. Soon after his retirement as president of the bank, he removed to New York city, and made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Draper, until his death. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He was married in 1829, to Laura Barnard of Lancaster, N. H.

who died in 1874. Three children were born to them: Lucy Barnard, born in 1830, married the Rev. George B. Draper of New York, died 1903; Julia, born September 23, 1833, married Thomas Walter of New York, died October 1, 1867; Charles Wells, born November 2, 1835, died in 1891.



Wells Goodhue.

LOUIS ISAAC GOURDIN.

Louis I. Gourdin, son of Samuel and Mary (Doughty) Gourdin, was born in Buckhall, St. John's Parish, Berkley, S. C., January 29, 1809, and died of Asiatic cholera, in Cincinnati, Ohio, October, 24, 1832.

He attended the schools of his parish and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1828. He studied law in Charleston, S. C., and located in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1829, where he practiced his profession until his death. He met with marked success in his profession and gave promise of a brilliant career.

WILLIAM DOUGHTY GOURDIN.

William D. Gourdin, son of Samuel and Mary (Doughty) Gourdin, was born in Buckhall, St. John's Parish, Berkeley, S. C., July 4, 1807, and died in Aiken, S. C., July 1, 1836, of pulmonary disease.

He prepared for college in the schools of his parish and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1826; studied medicine and practiced his profession in St. John's Parish during 1829-36.

He met with success in his profession and was noted for his benevolence. His practice was on the rice plantations along the banks of the Cooper River, and it is stated that the night was never so dark and rainy and the summer atmosphere of the rice swamp never so deadly, that he was deterred from the bedside of the sufferer, whether slave or master. The poor of the pine woods region were equally the objects of his care, without recompense.

He was married in April, 1832, to Ellinor Elizabeth, daughter of Bartholemew Gaillard. Two children were born to them: Susan Dunnom and Henry Gourdin, both dying in infancy.

COMMODORE JOHN HODGES GRAHAM, U. S. N.

John H. Graham, son of John Andrew Graham, was born in Vermont, March 9, 1794, and died in Newbury, N. H., March 15, 1878.

He was commissioned a mid-shipman, U. S. N., June 18, 1812. He served under Commodore Chauncey on Lake Ontario, taking part in the expedition against the British fort, near Black Rock, N. Y. He commanded Commodore McDonough's flag-ship at the battle of Plattsburg, September 11, 1814; was promoted lieutenant, March 5, 1817. He entered the "Academy" in 1827, taking a special course in Military Science and Tactics. He was promoted commander February 28, 1838; captain, March 7, 1849; was placed on the reserve list, September 13, 1855, and a commodore on the retired list, April 4, 1867.

COL. COGGSWELL KIDDER GREEN, A. M.

Coggswell K. Green, son of Thomas H. and Betsey C. Green, was born in Putney, Vt., July 29, 1809, and died in Exeter, N. H., December 3, 1889.

He attended the schools of his town, the Chesterfield, N. H., Academy and a school in Amherst, Mass. He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1826; received the degree of A. M. from the University in 1843.

He went to Steubenville, Ohio, in 1828, and studied law with the Hon. John C. Wright, member of Congress; was admitted to the bar at Ravenna, August 3, 1830, and to the United States Supreme Court, Washington, D. C., January 6, 1846. He removed to Niles, Mich., in August 1830, and practiced

his profession there until 1854, and in Washington, D. C., 1854-69. He retired from active practice in 1869 and removed to Exeter, N.H., where he resided until his death. He took an active part in the business affairs of Niles; in company with H. B. and G. W. Hoffman, he laid out the "Green & Hoffman" addition to Niles.

He was a Democrat in politics, and held many offices; was the first judge of probate of Berrien County, Mich., also the first county clerk; was president of the Niles town council; represented his county in the State Legislature; he was postmaster, 1835-1844; was fourth president of Niles; was delegate to the National Convention at Baltimore in 1850; was Collector of the Port of San Francisco, Cal., 1851-53.

He took great interest in military affairs; was appointed colonel in the Michigan militia by Gov. Lewis Cass, and served for some years; also served in the Black Hawk War.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church, and took a prominent part in establishing the church in Niles, Mich., in 1834; was elected a vestryman and served until 1845; was the first lay delegate in 1840, to the convention of the diocese of Michigan.

He was twice married; first, May 28, 1835, to Nancy A. Howard of Niles, Mich., who died February 19, 1843. Two daughters were born to them, who married and resided in Detroit, Mich., many years. He was again married November 23, 1854, to Sarah L. Lawrence of Exeter, N. H., who died about 1880.



Col. Coggswell Kidder Green.

MIDSHIPMAN EDWIN LANGDON GREENWOOD, U. S. N.

Edwin L. Greenwood, son of Dr. William Pitt and Mary (Langdon) Greenwood, was born in Boston, Mass., in 1807, and died there March 4, 1865.

He prepared for college at the Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1824.

He was appointed a midshipman, U. S. N., December 4, 1826; served on the frigate *Iowa*, was transferred in 1830 to the sloop-of-war *Fairfield*. He resigned his commission May 30, 1833.

He then studied dentistry with his father and practiced his profession in Boston until 1856, when he retired from active work.

EDWARD THADDEUS GRISWOLD.

Edward T. Griswold, son of Thaddeus and Esther (Phelps) Griswold, was born in Torrington, Conn., July 19, 1804, and died in Boston, Mass., June 10, 1838.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1826. He removed to Boston about 1828 and engaged in business until his death. He married Anna M., daughter of Charles Tappan, of Boston. A son, Charles Edward, "N. U." '54, served as colonel of the 56th Massachusetts Volunteers during the Civil War.

WILLIAM FAY GRISWOLD, A. B.

William F. Griswold, son of Judge William Adams and Mary (Fay) Griswold, was born in Danville, Vt., December 2, 1808, and died in Burlington, Vt., October 19, 1858.

In 1810, his parents removed to Burlington, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1821, remaining there until 1824, when he entered the University of Vermont and graduated A. B. in 1828; was a member of the "Owl Fraternity." He was cashier of the Bank of Burlington from 1828 until his death.

He was married June 29, 1840, to Olive Rowena Clemens of Essex, Vt., who died September 11, 1908. Seven children were born to them: Mary Susan; William Albert, born September 19, 1843, resides Washington, D. C.; Charles Denning, born September 21, 1845, master, U. S. N., died July 5, 1868; Hiram Follett; Susan Maria; Timothy Follett, born April 28, 1851, died in August, 1883; Carrie Maria, born July 12, 1853, resides in Burlington, Vt.

LYMAN GUERNSEY.

Lyman Guernsey, son of Eldad and Sarah Perry (Lyman) Gurnsey, was born in Rochester, Vt., July 12, 1799, and died in Galveston, Texas, about 1875.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1824; was a student at Middlebury College, 1824-26. He taught school in North Carolina and later in Texas. For several years previous to his death he resided in Galveston, Texas.

RICHARD WEST HABERSHAM, M. D.

Richard W. Habersham, son of the Hon. Richard Wylly Habersham, member of Congress from Georgia, 1839-42, and Sarah Hazzard (Elliott) Habersham, was born in Beaufort, S. C., January 1, 1808, and died in Savannah, or Forsythe, Ga., about 1880.

In 1810, his parents removed to Savannah, Ga., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1828. He studied art in Paris for some time, and later studied medicine.

He resided in Savannah, 1830-52; Beaufort, S. C., 1852-61; Clarendon, S. C., 1861-65; Savannah and Forsythe, Ga., 1865-1880. He possessed considerable literary ability and wrote several beautiful poems. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married about 1836, to Martha Jenkins Matthews of Charleston, S. C. Eight children were born to them: Susan Eliza, born in 1839, died in 1904; Catherine, born in 1841, died in 1842; Richard Elliott, born in 1845, died in 1852; John Matthews, born in 1847, died in 1857; Edward Matthews, born in 1853; Mary, born in 1853; Martha, born in 1854; Catherine, born in 1858.

BVT. BRIG. GEN. PETER VALENTINE HAGNER, U. S. A.

Peter V. Hagner, son of Peter and Frances (Randall) Hagner, was born in Washington, D. C., August 28, 1815, and died there March 11, 1893. He entered the "Academy" in 1828, and graduated in 1832; graduated from West Point in 1836 and was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 1st Artillery, August 6, 1836; was promoted 2d lieutenant of Ordnance, July 9, 1838; 1st lieutenant, May 22, 1840; captain, July 10, 1851; major, August 3, 1861; lieutenant colonel, June 1, 1863; colonel, March 7, 1867; retired June 1, 1881.

He served on topographical duty, July-September, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836-37; with field battery and on ordnance duty on the Canadian border during the Canadian Rebellion in 1838; conducted recruits to Wisconsin in 1838; served at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., and arsenal, Frankfort, Pa., in 1838; arsenal, Fort Monroe, Va., 1838-42; arsenal, North Carolina, 1842; inspector of small arms, 1842-45; assistant ordnance officer at the arsenal, Washington, D. C., 1845-46.

He served during the Mexican War, 1846-47; took part in the siege of Vera Cruz, March 9-29, 1847, battle of Cerro Gordo, April 17-18, 1847; skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847; battle of Molino del Rey, September 8, 1847; battle of Chapultepec, September 13, 1847; assault and capture of the city of Mexico, September 13-14, 1847, being wounded at the San Cosme Gate.

He was engaged in professional work in Europe, 1848-49, inspecting laboratories, manufacture of percussion caps, and procuring information upon the system of artillery, the armament and equipment of troops; on special duty at Washington, D. C., 1849; in command of the arsenal, Charleston, S. C. 1849-51; arsenal, Frankfort Pa., 1851-60; inspector of powder, 1851-55; member of Ordnance Board, March, 1854, January-1858, June, 1860; in command of the arsenal, Leavenworth, Kansas, 1860-61; arsenal, St. Louis, Mo., 1861.

He served during the Civil War 1861-66; was inspector of contract arms and ordnance stores April 1861-63; member of the Ordnance Board, September, 1863; in command of the Watervliet Arsenal, December, 1863-65; was a member of the board for trial of breech-loading arms, April-June, 1866. He was brevetted captain, April 18, 1847, for gallant and meritorious conduct in the battle of Cerro Gordo; major September 13, 1847, for gallantry in battle of Chapultepec; colonel and brigadier general March 13, 1865, for faithful and meritorious services in the Ordnance Department.

GEORGE GIDEON HALE.

George C. Hale, son of Elias White and Jean (Mulholland) Hale, was born in Lewiston, Pa., December 1, 1810, and died there January 11, 1837.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1828. He was a commission merchant in Lewiston until his death.

He was married in 1835, to Elizabeth Bell of Philadelphia, Pa., who died in 1888; no children.

OSMER HALE.

Osmer Hale, son of Gideon and Anna (Case) Hale, was born in Glastonbury, Conn., October 11, 1811, and died there August 4, 1870. He was a descendant of the first families of Connecticut; of Governor Thomas Welles,

John Tallcott, Elder John White, Samuel Hale, Hon. William Lynch, son of the founder of Springfield, Mass. From them he inherited the strong mental and moral force which actuated his whole life and commanded the respect of all who knew him. He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at Bacon Academy, Colchester, Conn., and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1829. He engaged in farming in Glastonbury for many years, and during the latter part of his life he was associated with his son in the firm of A. S. Hale & Co., book publishers, at Hartford, Conn. He was a member of the First Congregational Church of Glastonbury.

He was twice married: first, to Elizabeth Meigs, daughter of Allwyn Southmayd of Middletown, Conn. She died in 1846. Three children were born to them: Elizabeth Meigs, Allyn Southmayd, and Charles Osmer. Both served in the United States Army during the Civil War. He was married April 2, 1847, to Susan Smith, daughter of James and Mary (Dowd) North and granddaughter of Col. Simeon North, a manufacturer of firearms for the United States Government. Six children were born to them: Elizabeth Southmayd, Reuben North, Edward White, Emma Susan, Mary North and James North.

BRIG. GEN. REUBEN CHARLES HALE.

Reuben C. Hale, son of Elias White and Jean (Mulholland) Hale, was born in Lewistown, Pa., October 13, 1812, and died at Logan Springs, Pa., July 2, 1863. He was a direct descendant of Thomas Welles, Governor of Connecticut, 1665-68.



Gen. Charles Reuben Hale.

Mr. Hale prepared for college in the schools of his town and Mifflin, Pa. He entered the "Academy" in 1826 and graduated in 1829; was a student at Yale University, 1830-32. He studied law in Bellefonte, Pa., 1832-33. He was admitted to the bar in 1833, and practiced his profession in Lewistown, Pa., from 1833 until 1853. He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was surveyor of the port of Philadelphia, 1853-57.

He took great interest in military matters; was captain, Lewistown Guards, September 18, 1836 to 1843; colonel of the famous "Brady" Regiment 1841; major general of the 14th division, State Militia for some years. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he took an active part in organizing and drilling the State troops. He was offered an important command, but his health being impaired, was forced to decline the commission, but accepted the important position of quartermaster general of Pennsylvania, with rank of brigadier general and served from 1861 until July 1863, when his health broke down,

caused chiefly by overwork and anxiety. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married May 12, 1836, to Sarah Jane Mills of West Hartford, Conn., who died January 29, 1884. Eight children were born to them: Charles Reuben, born March 13, 1837, Bishop of Cairo; died December 25, 1901; Johns Mills, born February 18, 1839, died June 17, 1894; William Wilberforce, born May 11, 1841, resides in Alden, Hardin County, Iowa; Matthew, born July 5, 1843, died November 16, 1843; Sarah Jane, born February 9, 1845, died October 24, 1845; Laura Caroline, born October 11, 1846, married John Addams Mull, resided in Philipsburg, Center County, Pa., died August 8, 1909; Julia Luey, born February 5, 1849, resides in Philipsburg, Center County, Pa.; Mary Elizabeth, born June 17, 1851, died, unmarried, February 1, 1889.

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM GILES HARDING.

William G. Harding, son of John and Susannah (Shute) Harding, was born at "Belle Meade," Davidson county, Tenn., September 15, 1808, and died there September 15, 1886.

He prepared for college at the Old Field School in Nashville, and was a student for some time at Nashville University. He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1828.

Soon after leaving the "Academy" he settled on his farm known as "Belle Meade," one of the largest estates in Tennessee, containing about four thousand acres of land. Here he made his home until his death. He imported a number of thoroughbred race horses from England, and established at Belle Meade one of the most famous stock farms in America.

He studied law and medicine, but never practiced either of these professions. He kept up his interest in engineering work, and was often consulted by his friends as a practical engineer.

His military ability was soon recognized and he rose from a captain to major general in command of the State Militia. He had charge of mustering the State troops, for the Seminole War. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he raised and equipped a battery of artillery, known as the Harding Light Artillery, which served during the war. He was for some time in charge of a factory which manufactured percussion caps for the Confederate Army. Soon after the fall of Fort Donelson in 1862, he, with other Southern sympathizers, fled from Nashville, but returned after the proclamation issued by



Maj. Gen. William Giles Harding.

General Buell. Soon after his return he was, on account of his strong Southern sympathies, arrested by Governor Andrew Johnson, and confined for some time at Fort Mackinac, Mich.

He was a member of the Christian Church, and in politics was always a Democrat but never held office.

He was twice married: first, November 10, 1829, to Mary Selene McNairy of Nashville, who died March 29, 1839; one child, John Harding, born in 1852, resides in Nashville. He was again married January 2, 1840, to Elizabeth Irwin McGavock, who died August 9, 1867. Two children were born to them: Selene, born in 1846, married Gen. W. H. Jackson, a prominent commander in the Confederate Army, died at Belle Meade, March 30, 1903; Mary, born in 1850, married Howell E. Jackson, at one time a United States Senator from Tennessee, and later a justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. She resides at West Meade, Davidson County, Tenn.

BVT. MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM SELBY HARNEY, U. S. A.

William S. Harney, son of Thomas Harney, an officer of the Revolutionary Army, was born near Haysboro, Davidson County, Tenn., August 27, 1800, and died in Orlando, Fla., May 9, 1899.

He entered the army from Louisiana and was commissioned 2d lieutenant of the 1st United States Infantry, February 13, 1818; was promoted 1st lieutenant January 7, 1819; was transferred to the 1st United States Artillery, November 16, 1821; was transferred to the 1st Infantry, December 21, 1822. He was promoted captain, May 14, 1825; major and paymaster, May 1, 1823; lieutenant colonel, Second Dragoons, August 15, 1836; colonel, June 30, 1846; brigadier general, June 14, 1858; was retired, August 1, 1863.

He was a student at the "Academy" in 1829, taking advanced work in Mathematics and Military Science. He performed conspicuous service during the Black Hawk War in 1833 and the Florida War in 1839-40. He was brevetted colonel, December 7, 1840, "for gallant and meritorious conduct" in successive engagements with the hostile Indians in the Florida." In the Mexican War he was commended for his bravery at the battle of Medillin, March 25, 1847, and was brevetted brigadier general, April 18, 1847, "for gallant and meritorious conduct" in the battle of Cerro Gordo, Mexico. He was engaged in many Indian wars on the plains, meeting invariably with success. He defeated the Sioux at Sand Hills on the Platte, September 3, 1855. He was in command of the department of Oregon from 1858 until 1860. On July 9, 1859, he took possession of the Island of San Juan, near Vancouver; and as this led to a controversy with Great Britain, he was recalled by the United States Government. In April, 1861, he was placed in command of the department of the West, and on going from Washington to St. Louis, he was captured by the Confederate troops at Harper's Ferry and taken a prisoner to Richmond, Va., where he met several of his old comrades in arms, who secured his release. On assuming the command of his department, with headquarters at St. Louis, he issued a proclamation to the people of Missouri, warning them of the danger of secession. He was relieved of his command, May 29, 1861, and on August 1, 1863, he was placed on the retired list. He was brevetted major general, March 13, 1865, "for long and faithful service."

HON. CALEB BLANCHARD HARRINGTON, A. M.

Caleb B. Harrington, son of Joshua and Lydia (Blanchard) Harrington, was born in Clarendon, Vt., December 23, 1812, and died in Burlington, Iowa, January 7, 1892.

He entered the "Academy" in 1829, and remained one year. He graduated A. B. from Middlebury college in 1832; received the degree of A. M., from "N. U.," in 1843. He studied law with Rodney Boyce of Rutland and Judge Milo L. Bennett of Manchester, Vt., and was admitted to the bar in 1835; practiced his profession in Middletown, Vt., 1835-50; Rutland 1850-56.

In the winter of 1856, he located in Burlington, Iowa, where he made his home until his death. He soon formed a partnership with Judge J. C. Hall, which continued for some years. He was an able attorney; as an adviser he was unequalled in the knowledge of the law and clearness of logic; he had no superior at the bar in his city; was noted for his humorous sayings.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; represented Middletown, Vt., in the House of Representatives, 1842, 1843, and 1846; was commissioner Vermont Insane Asylum, 1846-47; states attorney, Rutland County, 1851-57.

He was married, May 30, 1838, to Susan Stoddard of Middletown Springs, Vt.; no children.

HON. THOMAS JEFFERSON HARRIS.

Thomas J. Harris, son of John and Elizabeth (Hyde) Harris, was born in Plainfield, N. H., August 30, 1801, and died in Claremont, N. H., September 9, 1880.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820 and graduated in 1822.

He was engaged for several years in the merchantile business in Strafford, Vt., with his brother, the Hon. Jedediah H. Harris; later conducted a store in Plainfield, N. H.; located in Claremont, N. H. in 1835, where he made his home until his death. He soon became one of the most prominent business men and highly respected citizen in that town; was for some years connected with the Claremont Carriage Co.; engaged in mercantile pursuits and was the general agent for the New York Life Insurance Co.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices in his town; represented Claremont in the State Legislature one term; was clerk of the House of Representatives in 1846; was a strong abolitionist and took an active part in the enlistment of soldiers for the Civil War; served for some



Hon. Thomas Jefferson Harris.

time as the treasurer of a committee for raising funds for the United States Sanitary Commission. He was a member of the First Baptist Church of Claremont and a deacon for many years.

He was twice married: first, December 25, 1825, to Emeline Smith of Strafford who died in New York City, July 22, 1860. Six children were born to them: John Waterman, born November 5, 1826, died February 8, 1846; Sarah Elizabeth, born July 27, 1828, married Albert C. Lamson, died in New York city in September 1891; Sidney Smith, born February 5, 1832, died Garden City, N. Y., December 11, 1892; Tracy Hyde, born July 12, 1834, died at Mentone, France, January 7, 1869; James Benjamin, born July 5, 1838, died July 10, 1839; Mary Frances, born December 8, 1841, died Jan. 20, 1843; Charles Frederick, born January 4, 1844, resides Santa Barbara, Cal. He was again married in April, 1869, to Myra Anne Beaumont of Canton, Mass., who survives him and resides in New York. One child was born to them, Thomas Jefferson, born July 26, 1865, now a prominent physician in New York city.

CAPT. HENRY J. HARTSTENE, C. S. N.

Henry J. Harstene, was born in North Carolina about 1801 and died in Paris, France, March 31, 1868.

He entered the "Academy" from Savannah, Ga., in 1826, and graduated in 1828. He was commissioned a midshipman, U. S. Navy, April 1, 1828; was promoted past-midshipman June 14, 1831; lieutenant, February 23, 1840; commander, September 14, 1855.

He served with the Wilkes Exploring Expedition in 1838; on service with the coast survey and in command of the *Illinois* 1851-55. In 1855, he was sent to the Arctic region in command of the Kane rescuing party and after great privations rescued Dr. Kane and his party at Upernavik, August 6. He conveyed to England, the British exploring barque *Resolute*, which had been abandoned in the Arctic regions, and rescued by a New London whaler, Captain Buddington, and purchased by Congress and presented to the British Government. He was later in charge of the sounding for the Atlantic cable.

He resigned from the Navy, January 9, 1861, and at once offered his services to the Confederate government; was commissioned captain and assigned to the South Carolina Navy; was in command of a few gun boats that took part in the investment of Fort Sumpter in April, 1861; and was present at the evacuation of that fort. He was later transferred to the Confederate States Navy. After the capture of the *Isaac Smith*, carrying nine heavy guns, at Stono Inlet, S. C., January 20, 1862, he was given command of this gun boat, renaming it the *Stono*. John W. Dicks, '25, was the executive officer on the boat at its capture.

Captain Hartstene was in command of the Confederate Navy in the Charleston, harbor until late in 1862, when becoming suddenly insane, he was taken to Paris, France, for treatment, where he died.

JOHN HART, U. S. N.

John Hart, son of John and Mary Hart, entered the "Academy" from New York city in 1824, remaining until 1826. He was commissioned a midshipman, U. S. N., January 1, 1825, and was discharged from the service, December 31, 1828. He later enlisted in the Navy and served for many years as a

coxswain. He served many years with Commodore Tattnall, '23, and was with this old cadet at the historic battle at the mouth of the Pei-ho River, China, where he was killed by a cannon shot, June 25, 1859. In his report to the U. S. Navy Department on this incident, Commodore Tattnall especially commended Coxswain Hart for his service in the engagement. Charles C. Jones, in his *Life of Commodore Tattnall*, pays the following tribute to Hart: "A finer specimen of a seaman is seldom met with. The flag-officer (Tattnall) was exceedingly grieved at his loss, as he regarded him with a feeling of personal attachment, growing out of his long and faithful service."

He was survived by a daughter, who lived in Jamaica, Long Island, in 1860.

HON. ALBERT GALLATIN HATCH.

Albert G. Hatch, son of Reuben and Eunice (Denison) Hatch, was born in Norwich, Vt., December 26, 1801, and died in Chicago, Ill., July 6, 1887.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1824. He removed to Windsor, Vt., in 1829, and engaged in business with Thomas Emerson and Jonas Dudley, under the firm name of Emerson, Hatch & Dudley. Later, the business was conducted by Mr. Hatch and his youngest brother, Joseph Hatch, under the firm name of A. G. and J. D. Hatch. Later, the business was conducted under the firm name of Hatch & Foxbury. In 1859, Mr. Hatch retired from active business, and in 1885, he removed to Chicago, where he lived with his son, Henry Lemmex, until his death. He was a Republican in politics, and held several town offices; was postmaster of Windsor, 1861-85.

He was married in 1829, to Harriet, daughter of Henry Elliot and Elizabeth (Lord) Hatch, of Windsor. Three children were born to them: Henry Lemmex, resides Chicago, Ill.; Jane Elizabeth, married N. P. Lovering, resides in Boston, Mass.; Mary Ellen.

CAPT. JESSE PIKE HATCH.

Jesse P. Hatch, son of Adrian and Sarah (Pike) Hatch, was born in Norwich, Vt., in 1805, and died in Zanesville, Ohio, August 31, 1866.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1825; was instructor in bookkeeping, 1825, until November, 1826. He resided in Norwich from 1827 until 1834, when he removed to Zanesville, Ohio, where he resided until his death.

He organized the Putnam Greys of the State Militia, and served as captain several years. He was a fine drill master and this company became the best drilled organization in the State.

He was married to Jane Sanderson Hawling of Loudon Co., Va., about 1828. Two children were born to them: Martha Ann, married a Mr. Bailey, resided in Chicago, Ill., in 1904; Mary Jane.

HON. JOSEPH DENISON HATCH, A. B.

Joseph D. Hatch was born in Norwich, Vt., January 21, 1811, and died in Burlington, Vt., May 21, 1898.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the "Academy" in 1823 and remained until 1826. He then entered Dartmouth College, and graduated A. B. in 1830.

He engaged in the mercantile business with his brother, Albert G. Hatch, '23, in Windsor, Vt., from 1830 until 1859, when he continued the business alone. In 1861, he removed to Burlington, where he made his home until his death. He served as agent of the Central Vermont R. R., for many years. He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired a large fortune. He was a Republican in politics, and held several offices; served as alderman, 1870-76; mayor, 1876-83.

He was married April 4, 1832, to Frances A. Forbes, of Windsor, who died October 19, 1883. A daughter, Josephine, married Mr. Wears, resides in Burlington, Vt.

HON. GUILFORD H. HATHAWAY, A. M.

Guilford H. Hathaway, son of Edmund and Betsey (Hathaway) Hathaway, was born in Freetown, Mass., (Assonet Village) May 3, 1808, and died there, February 12, 1895.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1823, remaining two years; received the degree of A. M. in course from the University in 1889 as for 1825; was vice-president of the Boston Association, 1890.



Hon. Guilford H. Hathaway.

He taught school in Fall River and Assonet Village, Mass., 1826-32; was engaged extensively in ship building and the West India trade, being owner or part owner of many vessels, 1832-48. He resided in Fall River, Mass., 1834-76, Boston, 1876-80 and Assonet, 1881-95. He was prominent in financial circles; was director of the Fall River National Bank, 1836-95; president, 1876-95; member of the board of investment, Fall River Savings Bank, 1847-95; engaged extensively in settling estates; practiced surveying 1825-78. He took an active interest in school matters; was a member of the Freetown School Committee, 1837, 1838, 1844 and 1845.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; was town treasurer of Freetown, 1834-37; represented that town in the Massachusetts Legislature in 1836; collector of taxes, Freetown, four years; postmaster, Assonet Village, 1841-45; was assessor, Fall River and chairman of the board, thirteen years; county commissioner, Bristol county, 1868-77; member of the common council, Fall River, 1864-65 and the board of aldermen, 1866 and 1867.

He travelled extensively, and when over eighty years of age went to California *via* the Isthmus of Panama. He was a member of the Unitarian Church.

He was married, November 1, 1832, to Betsey Wilson of Fall River, Mass., who died April 9, 1865. Seven children were born to them: Othalia

Wilson, born September 15, 1834, died September 2, 1870; Abiah, born August 24, 1838, died February 2, 1870; Edmund, born October 21, 1840, died August 12, 1846; Edward Wilson, born November 1, 1843, died May 9, 1869; Edmund, born September 17, 1848, resides in Meridian, Cal.; E. Florence, born May 5, 1856, married Joshua F. Crowell, resides in West Yarmouth, Mass.; Charles Guilford, born August 12, 1858, died October 4, 1859.

AUGUSTUS ALLEN HAYES, M. D.

Augustus A. Hayes, son of Capt. Thomas Allen and Sophia (West) Hayes, was born in Windsor, Vt., February 28, 1806, and died in Brookline, Mass., June 21, 1882.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1820, graduating in 1823. He then studied Chemistry under James F. Dana; subsequently he became assistant professor of Chemistry in the New Hampshire Medical College, but settled in Boston in 1828, where he devoted himself to chemical investigations, filling also the posts of director of an extensive factory of colors and chemical products in Roxbury, and of consulting chemist to some of the most important dyeing, bleaching, gas, iron, and copper smelting establishments in New England.

Among his early researches was that begun in 1825, for the purpose of determining the approximate composition of various American medical plants; which resulted in his discovery of the organic alkaloid sanguinaria, a compound remarkable for the brilliant colors of its salts. Later, he conducted an elaborate investigation upon the economical generation of steam and the relative value of fuels, which, in 1838, led to a novel arrangement of steam-boilers. He was the first to suggest the application of the oxides of iron in refining pig-iron and, still earlier, the refining of copper was, under his direction, rendered much shorter and more certain by the introduction of scales of oxide of copper.

Among his other original investigations are those in relation to the chemical decomposition of alcohol by chlorine and the formation of chloroform; on the action of alcohol on the human system; on the formation, composition, and specific differences of the varieties of guano, a memoir on the difference in the chemical constitution and action of sea waters on and below the surface, on soundings, and at the entrance of rivers; it being part of an investigation executed under a commission from the navy department to examine and report on subject of copper and copper-sheathing, as applied in the construction of national vessels.

In 1859-60, while investigating the water supply of Charlestown, Mass., he found that the deep water of Mystic pond was far less pure than the surface water, and proved that a copper wire passing vertically through two masses of water slightly unlike in composition would become polarized and exhibit electrolytic action. This mode of testing the exact limits of the impure water was applied under his direction, and a large number of observations on this and other masses of water have proved the practical value of this test.

After the beginning of the Civil War, he called public attention to the uncertainty of the supply of saltpetre, and the necessity of domestic production. His efforts resulted in the manufacture for the Navy of a very pure product by a novel process from sodium nitrate by the action of potassium hydroxide. Later he spent some time abroad, and on his return published a paper on *The Causes*

of the Color of Lake Leman, Geneva, and also one on the Red Oxide of Zinc in Jersey.

For many years he held the office of state assayer of Massachusetts and in 1846 received the honorary degree of M. D. from Dartmouth College. He was a member of scientific societies in the United States, and contributed numerous papers of technical value to their proceedings and to the *American Journal of Science*.

He was married about 1830, to Henrietta Bridge of Marblehead, Mass., who died about 1880. Three children were born to them: Augustus Allen; Samuel Dana, "N.U.," '57; Sophie West, married Capt. George E. Sage, U.S. A., retired, resides in Newport, R. I.

JOHN HAMPDEN HILL, M. D.

John H. Hill was born in New Hanover County, N. C., April 28, 1807, and died in Wilmington, N. C., February 19, 1893.

He entered the "Academy" in 1824, from Wilmington, N. C., and graduated in 1828. He then entered the Rutgers Medical College in New York, and graduated M. D., March 30, 1830; practiced his profession in Wilmington, N. C., many years, meeting with success. He had extensive plantation interests on the Cape Fear River, and became the most successful rice planter in the State. He was a close student, and his mind was well stored with useful knowledge. He is described as a man given to "dispensing large hospitality, a brilliant conversationalist, and one whose society was sought by both old and young." At the close of the Civil War, he was like most of the planters, ruined in fortune.

He was married to Mary Ann Holmes of Wilmington, N. C., who died in 1837, leaving three sons: John Hampden, now mayor of Goldsboro, N. C.; Thomas, a physician in Goldsboro, N. C.; and Gabriel Holmes, a physician in Charlottesville, Va.

WILLIAM H. HILL.

William H. Hill was born in Wilmington, N. C., about 1807, and died in Berkeley, Cal., about 1897.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, remaining two years; was a student at Union College 1825-26; graduated from Hobart College in 1827; received the degree of A. M. from this Institution in 1850. He studied law and practiced his profession for many years in California.

JOHN THEODORE HINSDALE.

John T. Hinsdale, son of John and Harriet (Johnston) Hinsdale, was born in Middletown, Conn., January 10, 1813, and died in Cincinnati, Ohio, February 21, 1858.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1826, and remained until 1829. He located in Chicago, Ill., about 1832, and engaged in mercantile business until 1836, when he removed to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he made his home until his death. He continued in trade in Cincinnati until his death. He possessed considerable literary ability and was a frequent contributor to the papers of Cincinnati.

He was married in Cincinnati, November 30, 1836, to Susan Maria Loving, a native of New York city, who died September 21, 1890. Two children were born to them: Harriette Maria, born January 3, 1838, resides in Cincinnati; Loving, born April 19, 1840, died in Pasadena, Cal., March 12, 1906.

JOSEPH NICHOLS HINSDILL.

Joseph N. Hinsdill, son of Ensign Joseph and Hannah (Bingham) Hinsdill, was born in Bennington, Vt., January 31, 1804; and died in New York city, January 13, 1864.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating in 1824. He engaged in mercantile business in New York many years.

He was married March 9, 1825, to Fanny Walbridge of Bennington, Vt., who died in Bennington, December 15, 1884; no children.

THOMAS LUDWELL HOBSON.

Thomas L. Hobson, son of Joseph and Mary Thomas (Mumford) Hobson, was born at Clay Bank, Powhatan Co., Va., July 4, 1807, and died in Powhatan Co., October 27, 1862.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He engaged extensively in planting on the James River, Powhatan Co., Va., until his death. He served as a magistrate for many years. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married at Locust Grove, Cumberland Co., Va., November 27, 1833, to Virginia Randolph Page, who survives him and resides in Provost, Powhatan Co., Va. Ten children were born to them: Mary Anna, born December 12, 1834, married Mr. Page, resides in Provost, Powhatan Co., Va.; Caroline Epps, born May 26, 1836, died unmarried November 10, 1909; Joseph, born August 26, 1837, resides in Provost, Powhatan Co., Va.; Virginia Page, born February 10, 1839, married Mr. Archer, died in January, 1909; John Page, born September 24, 1841, died in 1842; Thomas Mumford, born November 27, 1842, died in 1862; Ellen Cary, born June 16, 1845, married Mr. Guthrie, resides in Gallatin, Tenn.; Clara, born August 16, 1847, married Mr. Nash, resides in Richmond, Va.; Alexander Trent, born September 28, 1849, resides in Provost, Powhatan Co., Va.; John Cary, born June 22, 1851, resides in Cleveland, Florida.

MAJOR JOHN HOLBROOK.

John Holbrook was born in Hartland, Vt., about 1805, and died unmarried, in Washington, Miss., in August, 1832.

He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1825. He was tutor in Latin and English in 1824 and 1825; assistant professor of Mathematics and Tactics, 1825-27, and Latin, 1826-27; served as librarian during 1825-27 and compiled the first catalogue of the books in the "Cadets Library."

In 1828, he was appointed superintendent of the Scientific department of Jefferson Military College, Washington, Miss., where he soon introduced the military system as carried out in the "A. L. S. & M. Academy." In April 1832, Prof. E. B. Williston, '23, president of the college, was forced to resign owing to failing health, and Major Holbrook was elected in his place, which position he held until his death.

We quote from a letter received from Jefferson Military College : "Major Holbrook was greatly beloved by the students. He was a man of fine physique and of great mental qualifications. He had a splendid voice for giving commands. In the middle of the campus, there used to stand a large and beautiful live-oak tree, under which he was accustomed to stand and give commands to his battalion of cadets. He had often been heard to state that if he died in the South, he had rather be buried under that tree than any spot on earth. At his death the students desired to carry out his request, but the trustees objected, and he was buried some four hundred yards in the rear of the main college building. Tradition states that the students, determining to carry out their beloved teacher's wish, went in the dead of night and removed his remains to the middle of the campus and having buried them under the live-oak tree, leveled the grave, turfed it over, and then quietly returned to their barracks.

He contributed many articles to the various papers of the country. He was the author of *Military Tactics, Adapted to the Different Corps in the United States*, a work of 344 pages and illustrated with many cuts, published in 1826. This was one of the finest works of its kind ever issued in America.

REV. JOHN CALVIN HOLBROOK, D. D., LL. D.

John C. Holbrook, son of John and Sarah (Knowlton) Holbrook, was born in Brattleboro, Vt., January 7, 1808, and died in Stockton, Cal., August 1, 1900.



Rev. John Calvin Holbrook.

in farming for a short time. He then determined to enter the Congregational ministry.

For several years he had taken an active part in religious work and had often been called upon to supply pulpits. He received approbation in 1841,

He prepared for college at the Hopkins Academy, Hadley, Mass., 1818-20, and under the tuition of the Rev. E. H. Newton of Marlboro, Vt. He entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated with high rank in 1824.

He was a clerk for Holbrook & Fessenden, book publishers and manufacturers of paper, Brattleboro, 1824-28; member of the firm, 1828-34; junior member of the firm of Lord & Holbrook, Boston, extensive book sellers and publishers, 1828-34. In 1854, he returned to Brattleboro and engaged in the book publishing business until 1838. During this time he published several extensive works; one, the *Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge*, edited by Rev. William Jenks, D. D., had a very extensive sale. He located in Davenport, Iowa, in 1838, and engaged

from the Congregational Association, to preach; served as pastor of the church at Dubuque, during 1842-53 and 1856-63. He located in Chicago in 1853 and established and edited the *Congregational Herald* until 1856; supplied the New England church, Chicago, 1853-56; was pastor of the Homer, N. Y. church, 1864-70; Stockton, Cal., church, 1870-72; was the first secretary of the New York Home Missionary Society, with head quarters in Syracuse, 1872-82; was pastor of the West Street church, Portland, Me., 1882-83. He retired from active work in 1883, and resided in Stockton, Cal., until his death.

He was greatly interested in educational matters; was one of the founders of the Chicago Theological Seminary, being one of its incorporators and first directors; was financial agent for Iowa College, 1863-64, meeting with great success and securing over \$50,000 towards its endowment; served as member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, from 1851 until his death.

He took an active interest in the cause of slavery and in 1865 was sent as a delegate from the American Missionary Association to visit Great Britain and advocate the cause of freedom. He spoke in many places in England, and Scotland. His labors were successful and he secured \$40,000 for the association. He traveled extensively in Europe.

He took an active interest in military matters; served as *aide-de-camp* to the general in command of the Vermont Militia, Brattleboro district, 1828-34; was commissioner for the State of Vermont, and had charge of the expenditure of the appropriation made by the State for the railroad survey from the Massachusetts line up the west bank of the Connecticut River about 1838; was one of the founders of the Vermont Asylum for the Insane, at Brattleboro.

He published several historical works and sermons, among the number being, *Prairie Breaking, or Sketches in the Experience of a Western Pastor*; *The Recollections of a Nonogcnarian*, 1898, being an autobiography of his life; He wrote extensively for the religious press and was for many years a western correspondent of the *Independent*, *Boston Recorder* and *Congregationalist*.

He received the degree of D. D., from Williams College in 1863 and LL. D., from Norwich University in 1897.

He was an eloquent speaker and in the early days in Dubuque conducted many revival meetings through Iowa, southern Wisconsin and western Illinois. He was one of the ablest clergymen of his church.

He was married January 12, 1829, to Cynthia S. Tuttle of Windsor, who died in Dubuque in 1841. Four children were born to them, all of whom died in early childhood. He was again married October 18, 1842, to Ann L. Clark of Platteville, Wis., who died November 20, 1896.

HON. GEORGE WASHINGTON HOLLEY.

George W. Holley, son of John Milton and Sally (Porter) Holley, was born in Salisbury, Conn., February 17, 1810, and died at Ithaca, N. Y., June 12, 1897.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1828. He entered the United States Military Academy at West Point in 1829, but soon being afflicted with deafness left the institution in 1831.

He engaged in business in Illinois until about 1840, when he located in

Niagara Falls, N. Y., where he made his home until 1883. He then removed to Ithaca, N. Y., where he resided with his daughter, Mrs. Irving P. Church, until his death. He was the executor of the estate of the late Gen. Peter B. Porter of Niagara Falls.



Hon. George Washington Holley.

N. Y., May 30, 1884. Four children were born to them: Porter, born May 2, 1844, died August 17, 1844; Porter 2d, born August 8, 1845, died April 14, 1846; Edith, born April 17, 1847, died February 4, 1859; Elizabeth Porter, born June 3, 1849, married Prof. Irving Porter Church, of Cornell University, died September 14, 1903.

On the breaking out of the Civil War he served as drill master of Co. D, 66th New York Volunteers. He was a Republican in politics, and held several positions; represented his district in the New York Legislature in 1853; was for some time in the sixties a United States Custom House Officer at Niagara Falls.

He was a man of decided literary tastes, and greatly interested in scientific matters. He published miscellaneous articles and contributions to Scientific Societies and Journals. He published two books; *Niagara, Its History and Geology*, 1872; *Magnetism, or a New Cosmography*, 1894.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church; American Association for the Advancement of Science.

He was married August 23, 1833, to Caroline Esther Church of Salisbury, Conn., who died in Niagara Falls,

HON. JOHN M. HOLLEY, A. B.

John M. Holley was born in Salisbury, Conn., in November, 1802, and died in Jacksonville, Fla., March 8, 1848.

He graduated A. B. from Yale College in 1822. He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1825. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1825. In the same year he located in Lyons, N. Y., where he practiced his profession until 1847. He was a Whig in politics, and held many positions. He represented his district in the State legislature, 1838-41; was elected United States Representative in November, 1847, and served until his death. He is survived by a son, who resides in La Crosse, Wis.

MAJ. ARTHUR FISHER HOLMES.

Arthur F. Holmes, son of John Bee and Elizabeth (Edwards) Holmes, was born in his ancestral home in Charleston, S. C., October 11, 1805, and died there February 13, 1876.

His father was a lawyer of distinction, and at one time recorder of Charles-

ton, a position then similar to that of circuit judge. He served in the Revolutionary War at the age of seventeen, as lieutenant, in a regiment of South Carolina volunteers, and was present at the storming of Savannah, Ga., and after assisting in bearing General Pulaski from the field, after he fell, was himself wounded. He was captured and placed on an English prison ship in Charleston harbor. On being exchanged, he served as A. D. C. with rank as captain on the staff of General Barnwell.

The subject of this sketch attended the schools of his native city, and Carolina college, Columbia, S. C. He entered West Point in 1822, and remained until 1824, when he entered the "Academy," and graduated in 1826.

He settled in Florida with a colony of South Carolinians, and engaged in planting for some years. He took an active part in the Seminole War, though ever holding that the whites were the shameful aggressors; and served as major on the staff of General Clinch. He distinguished himself for his bravery, especially in finding a ford across a river for General Scott's army in face of a heavy fire from the Indians on the opposite bank.

In 1839, he returned to South Carolina where he engaged in farming near Aiken until 1841, when he was appointed appraiser of customs at Charleston, by President Tyler. He filled the position with marked integrity until 1861, when he resigned. He held the same position under the Confederate's State Government, until Charleston was abandoned as a port of entry. He made his home in Charleston from 1841 until his death. He was a Whig in politics, and held several positions.

He was married September 15, 1827, in Tallahassee, Fla., to Amelia Leving Smith of Baltimore, Md. Sixteen children were born to them.

LIEUT. JAMES T. HOMANS, U. S. N.

James T. Homans, was appointed a midshipman U. S. N., in December 1819. He served on the schooner *Grampus* in 1822, and at the Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., 1822-23.

He entered the "Academy" from Boston in 1823, and graduated in 1825. He engaged in surveying in 1825; was on leave of absence in 1826. He served on the *Macedonian*, Brazil station, 1827, on the sloop *Boston*, 1828-30; was promoted lieutenant, May 17, 1828; served at the Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., 1830-32; on the sloop *Eric*, West Indies, in 1832; schooner *Shark*, West Indies in 1834. He was awaiting orders and on furlough during 1835-42; on the ship *Independence*, home squadron, during 1842-43; resigned from the service May 15, 1843.

LEVI HOPPIN.

Levi Hoppin, son of Benjamin and Esther Phillips (Warner) Hoppin, was born in Providence, R. I., March 18, 1805, and died in Pomfret, Conn., June 24, 1845.

He prepared for college at the Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.; was a student at Brown University, 1821-22. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1825. Soon after his graduation he removed to Pomfret, Conn., where he owned and managed a large stock farm until his death.

He was married February 22, 1827, to Nancy Page Sweeting of Pomfret, Conn. One child, a daughter.

HON. HORACE SEAVER HORTON.

Horace S. Horton, son of Zenas and Nancy (Seaver) Horton, and brother of Hon. Valentine B. Horton, '25, was born in Cornish, N. H., October 2, 1808, and died in Pomeroy, Ohio, December 23, 1890.

In 1820, his parents removed to Windsor, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829.

He was for a time a guard in the State Prison at Windsor, Vt. He later taught in a military school in Mississippi. About 1832, he removed to Pomeroy, Ohio, where he resided until his death. He was associated with his brother, V. B. Horton, in various business enterprises; was secretary and treasurer of the Pomeroy Coal Co. for thirty-two years; organized the National Bank of Pomeroy in 1870, serving as its president nearly twenty years. He was a Republican in politics; represented his district in the House of Representatives one term; was the first mayor of Pomeroy; was state senator four years.

He was twice married; first, in 1835, to Hannah Merrill of Plainfield, N. H., who died in 1857. One child was born to them: Horace Merrill, born May 27, 1837, 1st lieut. U. S. Volunteers, Civil War, now master in the U. S. Light House Service and resides Pomeroy, Ohio. He was again married, May 3, 1858, to Eleanor Frances Stevens of Plainfield, N. H., who died in Pomeroy, Ohio, June 6, 1889. Three children were born to them: Eleanor Frances, born October 20, 1863, resides Cleveland, Ohio; Charles Stevens, born January 11, 1860, resides in Flagler, Colo.; Norman Stevens, born March 27, 1868, resides in Lake Cora, PawPaw, Mich.

HON. VALENTINE BAXTER HORTON, A. M.

Valentine B. Horton, son of Zenas and Nancy (Seaver) Horton, was born in Windsor, Vt., January 29, 1802, and died in Pomeroy, Ohio, January 13, 1888.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1825 in the class with Truman B. Ransom and Edwin F. Johnson. He was distinguished at the "Academy" for his scholarship and military attainments, received from the University the degree of A.M., August 18, 1838. He served as trustee of "N. U." 1835-36. He served as assistant marshal at the elaborate reception given General Lafayette June 28, 1825. He was professor of Mathematics and Engineering and instructor in Tactics at the "Academy" from 1825 until 1829.

He pursued the study of law in connection with his duties as professor and in 1830 was admitted to the Connecticut bar. In the fall of that year he removed to Pittsburg, Pa., where he continued his profession. In 1832, he gave up his law practice and removed to Cincinnati where he engaged in business until 1833, when he removed to Pomeroy, Ohio.

He immediately began the development of the mineral resources of the State. Being strong, physically, and of a persevering nature, difficulties vanished at his bidding. The primitive mode of transporting coal by raft and flat boats from Pennsylvania and Ohio down the Ohio River at once engaged his attention. He conceived the idea of towing barges by steamboats, and in 1836 built the first *Condor*. This scheme was pronounced visionary by the business men of Pittsburg, but he persisted in his idea. In the early days, the coal barges were sold for whatever they could bring as soon as the coal was

unloaded. Mr. Horton showed his Yankee thrift by having these barges towed back up the river to be used again. His idea proved a success, and the ponderous and powerful Pittsburg tow boats of to-day are the ideas of a Norwich man. He soon had four *Condors* in service on the river. For thirty-nine years there was an uninterrupted succession of *Condors* passing up and down the Ohio.

He was a Whig in politics and later joined the Republican party; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of Ohio, 1850-51; was nominated on the congressional ticket in 1854, as a "Conscience" or anti-slavery Whig, and was victorious in one of the fiercest political fights ever waged in Ohio. It was at this election that John Sherman and John Scott Harrison were elected to Congress. It is stated that this delegation was one of the strongest ever sent from Ohio, and in this delegation no one was held in higher esteem in Congress than Mr. Horton. He was re-elected to Congress in 1856 and 1860. He was a member of the Peace Congress held in Washington in 1861. In 1858, he declined the nomination, owing to press of business. In 1878, he was again nominated for Congress on the Republican ticket, but was defeated, owing to his district being hopelessly Democratic.

He amassed a large fortune in his business enterprises, but owing to unsuccessful ventures during 1880-84, his fortune was greatly reduced. With the disastrous flood of 1884, which devastated the Ohio Valley, his remaining property was swept away.

He was an active member of the Episcopal Church, and presented the Grace Episcopal Church, a copy of a church in England, to the Diocese.

Hon. James G. Blaine, in his *Twenty Years of Congress*, speaks very highly of his abilities as a representative: "He was a man of rare personal appearance, tall, well formed, erect, over all a noble head, a man of mark in any company. His face was fine, strong, noble, expressive. His manner was easy, self possessed, deliberate, but not slow; dignified in conversation, entertaining, courteous and gracious, immovably firm in principle; in intellect, clear and comprehensive; of surpassing ability in economic questions and practical enterprise."

He was married in 1833, to Clara Alsop Pomeroy, daughter of Samuel Wyllys Pomeroy of Cincinnati. She died September 28, 1894. Six children were born to them: Clara Pomeroy, born September 18, 1834, married Gen. John Pope, a distinguished soldier during the Civil War, died June 12, 1888; Frances Dabney, born April 28, 1836, married Judge Manning F. Force, died September 4, 1900; Edwin Johnson, born May 22, 1838, died July 13, 1897;



Hon. Valentine Baxter Horton.

Aimee Alsop, born November 25, 1839, died August 30, 1844; Katherine, born September 14, 1841, married John E. May, died July 14, 1909; Samuel Dana, a noted French scholar and author, born January 16, 1844, died February 23, 1895.

EDWARD HOUSTON.

Edward Houston, son of John and Eliza (Williamson) Houston, was born in Savannah, Ga., about 1810, and died at "Rose Dhu" the family estate near Savannah, Ga.

He was by right a baronet of "Nova Scotia", a new creation, being first in descent from Sir Patrick Houston.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He engaged in planting in Georgia until 1840, when he removed to a fine farm near Tallahassee, Fla. In 1870, he sold his farm and removed to the old Houston estate, "Rose Dhu," near Savannah, where he made his home until his death. He was interested in many business enterprises. He was president and a large stock holder in the Tallahassee & Jacksonville R. R., until 1870, when he sold his interest to the Florida Central & P. R. R. He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired a large fortune.

He was married about 1835 to Claudia Bond of McIntosh County, Ga.

AUGUSTUS HOWARD.

Augustus Howard, son of John Howard and Jane Vivian Howard, was born in Sandersville, Ga., March 5, 1806, and died at Lindsay Creek, near Columbus, Ga., February 1, 1867.

At an early age, his parents removed to Milledgeville, where he attended the public schools. He was a student at Franklin College, Athens, Ga., 1820-22. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating with high rank in 1824.

In 1830, he bought a large plantation near Wilner, Houston County, Ga., where he resided until 1836. In this last year, he removed to Wynnton, a suburb of Columbus, Ga., where he resided until 1844, when he bought a plantation near Silver Run, (now Seale) Russell County, Ala., alternately residing there and at Lindsay's Creek, near Columbus, Ga., on a place owned by his wife, until his death. He met with success in his business, acquiring a valuable property.

He was much interested in literary matters, contributing many articles on agricultural subject to the *Southern Cultivator* published in Athens, Ga. He served in Thomas Evans' Company of Georgia Volunteers during the war with the Creek Indians. He was a Whig in politics, but never held office; though often urged by his friends to be a candidate for the legislature and congress.

He was twice married: first, November 23, 1830, to Martha Wimberly of Twiggs County, Ga., who died July 12, 1842. Four children were born to them: Mary Jane, born in January, 1832, died February, 1834; Robert Milton, born January 11, 1834, resides in Columbus, Ga.; Anna Calhoun, born December 14, 1835, died December 19, 1884; John Tyler, born February 22, 1838. He was married the second time, November 14, 1844, to Ann Jane Lindsay, a native of Columbus, Ga., who died January 15, 1907. Twelve children were born to them: Mary Elizabeth, born March 17, 1846, married Moses Joseph,

resides Columbus, Ga., Jet Thomas, born July 27, 1847, died February 16, 1863; Emma Lindsay, born April 10, 1849, married James H. Bickerstaff, resides Columbus, Ga.; Charles Cooper, born January 5, 1851, resides Columbus, Ga.; Antoinette Rutherford, born October 6, 1852, resides Columbus, Ga.; Julia Greenleaf, born March 11, 1854, married Charles C. Gatewood, resides Columbus, Ga.; Richard, born May 2, 1855, resides Columbus, Ga.; Sherwood, born May 2, 1855, died August 30, 1855; Alice Evans, born December 14, 1857, resides Columbus, Ga.; Claudia Hope, born June 26, 1860, married John B. Maxwell, died April 3, 1900; Miriam, born November 28, 1862, married Walter E. DuBose, resides Columbus, Ga.; Helen Augusta, born May 11, 1865, resides Columbus, Ga.

ELIJAH KENT HUBBARD.

Elijah K. Hubbard, son of Elijah and Lydia (Mather) Hubbard, and brother of Henry G. Hubbard, '28, was born in Middletown, Conn., October 8, 1812, and died in Chicago, Ill., May 26, 1839.

He engaged in business in Chicago, Ill., from 1834 until his death.

He was married September 15, 1834, to Elizabeth Sebor De Koven of Middletown, Conn. Two children were born to them: Elijah Kent, born July 12, 1835, resides in Middletown, Conn.; Louis, born February, 1837, died unmarried in Paris, France, April 1, 1866.

HON. HENRY GRISWOLD HUBBARD.

Henry G. Hubbard, son of Elijah and Lydia (Mather) Hubbard, was born in Middletown, Conn., October 8, 1814, and died there July 29, 1891.

He attended the schools of his city and in 1825 entered the Preparatory department of the "Academy" in Norwich, Vt., and in 1827, the regular work, and graduated in 1829.

He was clerk for J. & S. Baldwin, general merchants, Middletown, Conn., 1831-32; clerk for Jabez Hubbard, commission merchant in woolen goods, New York, 1832-33. In this last year, he returned to Middletown and formed a partnership with Mr. Jesse G. Baldwin and conducted a dry goods store. In 1836, he became a stock holder in the Russell Manufacturing Co., and soon became its manager; was its president for many years. The business of the company which, up to the time he assumed the management, had been very small, and not successful, under his able business management rapidly increased until his company was one of the largest and most successful in the State. He was also connected with many business enterprises; was director of the Middletown Bank, 1844-91; trustee of the Middletown Savings Bank for many years, and its president, 1857-58. He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired a fortune of two millions.

His individual history is indelibly inscribed in the history of this company, and among the hundreds of men, women and children employed in the five great mills. Many were known to him personally, and were the recipients of a thousand little acts of kindness unknown to the outside world, for in these, he invariably obeyed the Scriptural injunction, "Let not thy right hand know what thy left hand doeth." When the Russell Manufacturing Co. shall be forgotten, his name will be remembered, for it is written upon the hearts of hundreds who have known his kindness. While possessed of great

wealth, Mr. Hubbard was quiet and unostentatious in his private life and was equally approachable to the humblest mechanic or the highest potentate.

He was a Democrat in politics; represented his district (the 22d) in the State senate in 1866-68, and displayed in this office the same marked ability that had characterized his business career; served as presidential elector in 1884 and 1888. He gave liberally of his money in support of the church and the many benevolent enterprises connected with it.

He was married, June 19, 1844, to Charlotte Rosella, daughter of Commodore Thomas Maedonough. Two children were born to them: Margaret Sill, born March 31, 1846, married Elijah Kent Hubbard of Middletown, Conn., died December 27, 1908; Lucy Maedonough, born 1847, married Samuel Russell of Middletown, Conn., died February 2, 1876.

WILLIAM BEERS HUGGINS.

William B. Huggins, son of Stephen and Elizabeth (Beers) Huggins, was born in New Haven, Conn., March 16, 1810, and died in Glasgow, Scotland, June 20, 1875.



William Beers Huggins

1842, died in 1844; William J., born in 1844, resides in Nestor, Cal.

He was again married in 1846, to Hamer Sarah Clarkson, of Edinburgh, Scotland, who died in 1867. Eleven children were born to them: Caroline Louise Hamer, born 1847, resides in San Diego, Cal. Charles Edward, born in 1848, died in 1892; Elizabeth Gertrude, born in 1850, died in 1863; Emily Virginia, born in 1852, married Mr. Robert Foster, resides in Portland, Oregon; Julia Frances, born in 1853, resides in San Diego, Cal.; Charlotte Wilhelmina, born in 1854, died in 1863; Amos Thornton, born in 1856, resides in Portland, Ore.; Thomas Sharp, born in 1857, resides in Melbourne, Australia;

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1827.

In 1834, he located in Glasgow, Scotland, where he conducted a large dry goods commission house in American trade, under the firm name of W. B. Huggins & Co., until his death. He met with marked success in his business ventures acquiring a large fortune. He was a member of the Episcopal Church and was prominent in Masonry, having attained the 33°; was a member of the Western Club, and the Royal Northern Yacht Club of Glasgow.

He was married three times: first, in 1836, to Jessie Carrick Wingate of Glasgow, who died about 1840. Two children were born to them: Louise, born in

Mary Constance, born in 1860, married Walter E. Spratt, resides Portersville, Cal; Beatrice Wakefield, born in 1862, married James D. Holton, resides in Salt Lake, Utah; Henry, born in 1866, died in 1878.

He was married the third time in 1868, to Elizabeth Pridham Taylor of London, who died in 1881. Two children were born to them: Frederick Moors, born in 1870, resides in St. Louis, Mo.; John Buckman, born in 1871, resides St. Louis, Mo.

HON. WILLIAM HULL.

William Hull, a descendant of Count Bienville, first governor of Louisiana, was born on a plantation near New Orleans, La., in 1815, and died in LaCrosse, Wis., September 15, 1881.

He entered the "Academy" in 1830, and graduated in 1833. He served as a lieutenant in the Seminole War in Florida in 1837.

He began the study of law with the Hon. Judah P. Benjamin of New Orleans, in 1838. A few months afterwards, he was forced to leave the State, owing to his fighting a duel with a man who had killed his brother on the "field of honor."

He located in Wisconsin in 1838, and having become acquainted with Lieut. Jefferson Davis during his service in Florida, he visited him at Fort Crawford, Prairie du Chien, where Lieut. Davis was stationed. He entered the service of the United States Army and was sent by Lieut. Davis in the same year on an important mission to Fort Snelling, Minn. He soon resigned his military position and located at Polosi, Grant County, Wis., which at that time was famous for its rich lead mines. Here he engaged in mining and practicing law, acquiring a valuable property.

He was at first a Henry Clay Whig in politics, but becoming acquainted with Gov. Henry Dodge, he joined his party becoming a Dodge Whig. Later, he joined the Democratic party. He wielded a great influence in his county and held many positions; served as chief clerk of the senate in 1851-52. He represented his district in the legislature 1854-56 and in the last year served as speaker. He served as a delegate to several state conventions of the Democratic party.

In 1858, he removed to LaCrosse, Wis., where he has made his home until his death. He continued his practice in LaCrosse, making a specialty of maritime cases. He served many years as attorney for the packet lines on the Mississippi river.

He was twice married: his first wife died, leaving one son, William Hull, Jr. He was again married in 1856, to Maggie, daughter of Peter G. Jones, of Madison.

LIEUT. STERN HUMPHREYS, U. S. N.

Stern Humphreys was appointed a midshipman, U. S. Navy, January 1, 1818. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, from Marcellus, N. Y., and graduated in 1823. He served at the Boston Navy Yard in 1823; on the corvette *Cyane*, Mediterranean squadron, 1824-25; was on leave and waiting orders, 1826-30; served on the Pacific squadron in 1831; sloop of war *St. Louis*, at New York in 1832; was on leave of absence and furlough in 1833 and 1834; resigned, October 10, 1834.

ANDREW BACCUS HUNTINGTON.

Andrew B. Huntington, son of Joseph and Eunice (Carew) Huntington, was born in Norwich, Conn., December 16, 1805, and died in Baltimore, Md., January 10, 1851.

He attended the schools of his town and Philips Academy, Andover, Mass. He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1827. He removed to Baltimore, Md., where he engaged in mercantile business until his death.

He was married in Baltimore, Md., December 17, 1829, to Jane Eliza Norris, who died September 20, 1861. Eleven children were born to them: Joseph William Norris, born November 26, 1830, died April 24, 1831; Joseph William Norris, Second, born January 27, 1832, now an Episcopal Clergyman; Eunice Sarah, married Samuel Barrington of Philadelphia, Pa.; Andrew Baccus, born January 1, 1835; Charles Snowden, born March 1, 1837; Jane Eliza, born June 17, 1839; John Buckler, born January 21, 1841, died August 3, 1841; Rosalie Letitia Norris, born April 17, 1842, died July 12, 1842; Edward Shaeffer Norris, born July 7, 1843, died March 9, 1844; George Frederick, born April 28, 1845, served in the Civil War; Burchard Thomas, born May 24, 1847.

ERASTUS HUNTINGTON.

Erastus Huntington, son of Thomas and Mary (Newport Burbridge) Huntington, was born in Hartford, Conn., June 9, 1808.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, remaining until 1827.

He engaged in newspaper business and in 1860 was a proof-reader for Harper Bros., New York, N. Y.; and at that time resided in Brooklyn, N. Y.

He was married June 14, 1855, to Elizabeth Hecker Vanderhoof. Four children were born to them: Thomas, James, Mary, Elizabeth.

SAMUEL ANDREWS HUNTINGTON.

Samuel A. Huntington, son of Charles P. and Maria (Perit) Huntington, was born in Norwich, Conn., February 5, 1812, and died unmarried in New York city, N. Y., April 28, 1834.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and remained until 1828. He was engaged in business in New York city until his death.

MAJ. EPHRAIM HUTCHINS.

Ephraim Hutchins, son of Abiel (Abel?) and Elizabeth (Partridge) Hutchins, was born in Concord, N. H., October 4, 1803, and died there.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1822.

He was proprietor of the Phenix Hotel, 1832-49, also engaged in running stages. He was a Democrat in politics and held several offices; was post master of Concord, 1849-53; was a candidate for mayor in 1854. He was interested in the State Militia; was major of the 3d brigade, and served in the Governor's "Foot Guards."

He was married May 22, 1832, to Caroline Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Blodgett of East Randolph, Vt. Three children were born to them: a daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Schutz, resides in Hartford, Conn.

HENRY S. HUTCHINSON, A. B.

Henry S. Hutchinson, son of Judge Titus and Clarissa (Sage) Hutchinson, was born in Woodstock, Vt., June 30, 1806, and died there, unmarried, June 24, 1885.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and remained three years. He then graduated A. B. from the University of Vermont in 1825.

He studied law with his father and was admitted to the bar in June, 1828. He then located in New York city, and was admitted to the court of common pleas, September 18, 1828, and practiced his profession until 1830, being associated with Geo. W. Brinkerhoff '28. In 1830, he returned to Woodstock and practiced his profession a few months and then located in Strafford, where he practiced until January, 1832. Through the kindness of Captain Partridge and T. B. Ransom, '25, he was introduced to Hon. Aaron Burr, in New York, in January, 1832, with the idea of entering his law office. But the plan not proving practicable, he went to Albany, N. Y., where he was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the State, July 5, 1832. He returned to Vermont later in the same year and began the practice of his profession March 18, 1833. In September, 1837, he went to Texas and in January 6, 1838, located in Natchez, Miss., and practiced his profession until September, 1843; spent some time in St. Louis, Mo., and in December, 1843, located in Cincinnati, where he practiced law until about 1848, when he returned to Woodstock, where he resided until his death. In 1832, he added the initial S. to his name.

He possessed considerable literary ability and for several years took an active part in the political affairs of Woodstock. He was editor of the *Constitution*, August-November, 1836, a paper published in Woodstock, in the interest of the Anti-Masonic party.

HON. JOHN JAY HYDE, A. M., M. D.

John J. Hyde, son of John and Lucy Anne (Burrows) Hyde, was born in Stonington, Conn., February 15, 1811, and died in Fort Scott, Kan. in 1875.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1831. He graduated A. B. from Union College in 1834, and later received the degree of A. M. from the Institution; was valedictorian of his class and a member of the $\phi B K$ Fraternity.

He later studied medicine, but after a brief practice entered the profession of journalism. He was associated with Park Benjamin and William Henry Herbert in publishing the *New York World*. He was a Republican in politics and held several positions; was U. S. Consul to Porto Rico, during President Lincoln's administration.

He was married, about 1840, to Mrs. Hattie Jones; no children.

JOSHUA BURROWS HYDE.

Joshua B. Hyde, son of John and Lucy Ann (Burrows) Hyde, was born in Stonington, Conn., June 28, 1809, and died in New York city, about 1880.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829.

He engaged in mercantile pursuits in New Orleans many years, and later removed to New York city, where he continued in business until his death.

He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired a large property. He was a fine scholar and linguist and a passionate lover of art. He traveled extensively in Europe. He was one of the first directors of the American Institute Fair in New York City.

WILLIAM HYDE, M. D.

William Hyde, son of Dr. William and Rhoda (Palmer) Hyde, was born in Stonington, Conn., October 27, 1808, and died there September 25, 1873.

He prepared for college at the Stonington Academy, and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1825 and graduated in 1827. He studied medicine with his father and graduated M. D. from Harvard in 1830. He practiced his profession in Stonington from 1830, until his death, meeting with marked success. "As a physician he was clear and comprehensive in his judgment, frank, high minded and honorable. In all places he exacted and received the consideration due to his profession."

He was connected with several business enterprises; was director and president, at the time of his death, of the Stonington Savings Bank, one of the most reliable banks in the city. He was incorporator of the Stonington Cemetery Association and served as president, 1861-73.

He was a Republican in politics, but his time was too much engrossed in his profession to admit of holding office, yet at the earnest solicitation of his fellow-citizens he represented his town in the legislature, 1849-50 and was instrumental in chartering the Stonington Savings Bank.

He was twice married: first, to Hepzibah, daughter of Ephraim and Hannah Eliza (Denison) Williams. Two children were born to them: one who died in infancy, and a son, William, who died when twenty years of age. He was married the second time to Ellen, daughter of Maj. Gen. William and Rhoda (Babeock) Williams. She died about 1890; no children.¹

SANDERS IRVING.



Sanders Irving.

Sanders Irving, son of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Kip) Irving, was born in New York City, February 9, 1813, and died in Washington, D. C., March 23, 1884. His father, Ebenezer Irving, was the oldest brother of Washington Irving, the noted author.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1829. Immediately upon his graduation, he entered the profession of civil engineering under Captain William H. Swift, on the Boston & Albany Railroad, after which he was engineer for some years on the New York Central Railroad. In 1841, he went to Washington, D. C., as private secretary to Postmaster-General Francis Granger, and occu-

pied the position for four years, when he returned to his profession and was employed on the Erie Railroad. In 1847, he became connected with the Hudson River Railroad, and from there went to Covington, Ky., where he built the gas works. He returned to New York and engaged in his profession. He resided one year in Europe, and then located in Canandaigua, where he made his home until 1878. He then removed to Washington, D. C., where he resided until his death.

He was married in 1840, to Julia, daughter of Gen. John A. Granger of Canandaigua, N. Y. Mrs. Irving died in 1900; no children.

HON. CHARLES L. IVES.

Charles L. Ives was born in New Haven, Conn., September 18, 1810, and died there, December 31, 1880.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, remaining four years. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in New Haven in 1836. He practiced his profession in New Haven many years, meeting with marked success.

He was at first a Democrat in politics and later a Republican. He represented New Haven in the State Legislature in 1853, and East Haven in 1866, 1867, and 1868. In this last year, he served as speaker of the House.

He was survived by a son, Charles, who died in 1883.

HON. EDWIN FERRY JOHNSON, C. E., A. M.

Edwin F. Johnson, son of John and Rachel (Ferry) Johnson, was born in Essex, Vt., May 23, 1803, and died in New York City, April 12, 1872.

His father was a prominent land surveyor and mill owner, and for some time surveyor-general of Vermont.

In 1809, his parents removed to Burlington, Vt., where he attended the public schools, and at the age of ten began the study of Latin with the Rev. Mr. Clarke, the Unitarian minister. At the age of fourteen, he had become a very competent land surveyor, and in 1818 he accompanied his father, as assistant engineer, on the boundary survey between the United States and Canada, from the "northwest head of the Connecticut river to the Bay of Fundy." While thus employed, he made an independent survey of Lake Temiscouatta and the route down that lake by the Madawasca and St. John's Rivers to the Madawasca settlement; and had sole charge of the necessary astronomical observations and calculations.



Hon. Edwin Ferry Johnson.

He was his father's assistant in various engineering and surveying projects until January, 1823, when he entered the "Academy." He graduated with honor in 1825. He was tutor in Mathematics from 1823 to 1825; instructor in Mathematics, 1825-1826, and assistant professor of Natural History at the same time, and professor of Mathematics and Civil Engineering, 1826-1829. He accompanied the corps of cadets on their march to Plattsburg in 1824; Washington, D. C., in 1826; and to Niagara Falls in 1827, writing a sketch of each march, which was afterward published in pamphlet form.

In 1825, while at home in Burlington, he drilled a company for the reception of Lafayette, who visited the place that year. In 1824, he made a topographical survey of Norwich and its vicinity, covering an area of 151 square miles, as practice work for his class, and in 1826, with the corps of cadets under his charge, he made a similar survey of Middletown, Conn., and its vicinity, covering some 400 square miles.

He was elected in 1829, professor of Natural Philosophy in the Wesleyan University at Middletown, and his name appears on the first catalogue issued by that Institution, but his connection with it was very brief. In 1836, in recognition of his work as a civil engineer, Norwich University conferred upon him the degree of A. M., and in 1839, the University of Vermont gave him the same degree. He was a trustee of Norwich University from 1834 to 1848. He was an able instructor and did much to strengthen the course of Civil Engineering at the "Academy."

In 1829, he was in Utica, N. Y., in charge of the survey of the land lines of the Erie Canal, from Canastota to Albany; and the survey of the Champlain canal, which work he completed in the winter of 1830-1831.

In May 1831, he located a branch line connecting the Morris canal with some factories in Paterson, N. J., and later was assistant on the Catskill and Canajoharie R. R., making surveys from Schoharie village towards the Susquehanna River and across the summit of Sharon. He was resident engineer on the construction of the Middle and Western Divisions of the same road, October to December, 1831, when work was suspended. During 1831, he made a plan of a route, and estimates for same, of a proposed railroad from Hartford to Guildford, Conn.; in October 1832, made plans and furnished estimates and specifications for the government for a bridge over the Potomac to Washington, D. C.; was assistant engineer in charge of construction of Chenango canal, with headquarters at Clinton, N. Y., April to September, 1833; was resident engineer, Utica and Schenectady R. R., Western Division, Utica to Little Falls, October, 1833 until January, 1835. During 1834, he made preliminary surveys for the proposed Ontario and Hudson ship canal, under commission from Governor Marey; was principal engineer on the Auburn canal dam in 1835; made report, with maps, plans and estimates, of the Ontario and Hudson Ship canal; was chief engineer Auburn and Syracuse R. R., 1835-1838; was associate chief engineer, with Mr. Talcott, on the New York and Erie R.R., in charge of construction from the Hudson River to "Painted Post," a distance of 300 miles, February 1836 until March, 1837; chief engineer same road, March, 1837 until May, 1838; chief engineer Ogdensburg and Champlain R. R., May, 1838, until February, 1839; chief engineer New York and Albany R. R., 1838-1846; president of the Stevens Association of Hoboken, N. J., in charge of that company's steamboats, landed estate and railway

in New Jersey, July, 1839, until June, 1840. In 1841, he located the line of the New York and Albany R.R. through Westchester county; made plans for a bridge over the Passaic River; was consulting engineer Springfield and Hartford R. R., in the same year. He declined the position of canal commissioner of New York in 1842; also declined chief engineership of the New York and Erie R. R., in 1843; was nominated to legislature in 1844, but declined the office. He examined the route for the Whitehall R. R.; actively engaged in surveys for the New York and Boston Air Line R. R., in 1845; made surveys and inspection of coal lands in the Bear Mountain region of Pennsylvania, in which he was financially interested, in 1846; chief engineer Syracuse and Oswego R. R., July, 1846, until January 1847.

He was chief engineer of the New York and Boston Air Line R. R., in 1848; was chief engineer of branch line, Middletown to Berlin, for the Hartford and New Haven R. R., in June, 1849; was employed in the fall of the same year by the Rutland and Burlington R. R., to obtain concessions from the State Legislature of Vermont. During 1849, he made examinations of route and prepared plans and estimates for the Vermont and Canada R. R., and the St. Lawrence and Champlain canal. He declined the position of chief engineer of the Albany water works in 1850; made plans and estimates for water works at Middletown, Conn., in 1850; was consulting engineer on construction of a bridge at Wheeling, Va., in July, 1850. He was chief engineer Rock River Valley Union R. R., in Wisconsin, September, 1850-1856; Wisconsin and Illinois R. R., 1852-1855. He made report on the construction of a railroad from Troy to Oswego in March 1854, and later, in same year, was interested with Judge Jessup in the Lackawanna Association; made survey of the city of Middletown and planned a new system of sewerage 1855; compiled a new city charter in 1856.

He was called to Washington in 1861, to attend a general council on the prosecution of the war; prepared a paper embodying a general plan of operations by request of the War Department in July 1862. He was offered the commission of brigadier general and a command in Southwest, in 1862, but declined; was also offered the position of assistant secretary of war, in 1862, which office he declined. He prepared a paper on Maine defenses by request of the War Department in April 1863; visited the Northeastern coast and the Northern boundary with the Cabinet and Congressional party in 1864; made a careful examination for a proposed ship canal and marine railway at Niagara Falls in July, 1865; was consulting engineer, Middletown water works in 1865; made surveys at Lewiston and Niagara Falls for ship canal in 1865, and was in Washington, in the interest of the project, early in 1866; was consulting engineer Lake Ontario Shore Line R. R., 1868-1869.

On June 14, 1866, he was appointed chief engineer of the Northern Pacific R. R., a position which he held until 1870, when he resigned and accepted the position of consulting engineer of the same road, which office he held till his death in 1872. His successor, Gen. Milnor Roberts, thus speaks of his work: "The Northern Pacific Railroad and the American people who are to be so largely benefited by the construction of this important railroad thoroughfare across the northern portion of the continent, are indebted more to the intelligent forecast and untiring energy of Edwin F. Johnson than to any other individual." Had he lived five years longer he would have seen the metals laid on *practically his own lines* from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

He was, unquestionably, one of the ablest, as he was one of the earliest if not the earliest, railroad engineers, this country has produced. As early as 1825, he paid special attention, in his engineering class, to railroad construction. In 1828, he wrote: "When the railroad is more thoroughly understood the larger part by far, of the inland business will be conducted upon them." It should be remembered that this bold prediction was made at a time when the most prominent engineers of the country placed the railway as a means of transportation, "Between the canal and a good turnpike."

His pamphlet, published in 1829, on a proposed railroad to the Mississippi River, attracted wide attention. In 1830, he continued his researches and investigations on the topography of the country from the Mississippi River to the Pacific coast; and for the next thirty-five years his pen was never idle in the advocacy of the construction of railroads across the continent. In 1853, he published his work on *Railroads to the Pacific* in which he advocated the present general route of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

He was a fine draftsman and an artist of considerable ability. He illustrated his maps with india ink or water color sketches of noted points along the routes portrayed. He also possessed great mechanical ingenuity and skill. In 1827, he constructed an orrery for a Mr. Newell of Vermont, and among other things, he invented and patented a screw-power press, an improvement on canal locks, six-wheeled truck for railway car, an eight-wheeled locomotive, the models for which he made himself, as well as the model of a marine railway.

He was connected with many business enterprises. He was a director in the Shaler & Hall Quarry Co., from 1842 to 1872 and its president and treasurer from 1848 to 1864; was a partner in a warp factory in Burlington, Vt., with his brother-in-law, Mr. J. D. Allen, in 1845; was at one time a director in the Middlesex County National Bank and later one of the founders of the Central National Bank of Middletown, Conn. In co-operation with his friend, William B. Ogden, Hon. Robert J. Walker and others, he organized the Chicago Land Co., in 1853, and later the Wisconsin Land Co. He possessed good military ability, and, but for the pressing nature of his business cares would have accepted the commission tendered him in 1862.

He was a Democrat in politics until 1861, when he became a consistent member of the Republican party; was mayor of Middletown in 1856 and 1857; was State senator in 1856 and a member of the board of education for Middletown for many years. The character of his professional duties, however, prevented his engaging to any extent in politics. He was a member of Christ (afterwards Holy Trinity) Episcopal Church of Middletown, and for over 40 years served as vestryman and warden.

He was one of the most prolific writers of his time, along a wide range of topics. Omitting his professional reports, the following are the principal works published by him: *Treatise on Surveying*, 1825; *Tyler's Arithmetic Revised and Reword*, 1827; *The Novellian Sphere*, 1828; *Land Surveys*, 1828; *Review of a Project for a Great Western Railway*, 1829; *Method of Conducting the Canal Surveys of the State of New York*, 1832; *The Epicycloid*, 1832; *Cubical Quantities, Railroad and Canal*, 1837; *Mountains in New York*, 1839; *Tables of Quantities for Tracing Railroad Curves*, 1840; *Railway System of the State of New York*, 1840; *Width of Track*, 1842; *Gauge of Railways*, 1853; *Railroad to the Pacific, Northern Route, Its General Character, Relative Merits, etc.*, 1854;

Report of Defences of Maine, to Secretary of War, 1862; Report of General Plan of Operations, to same, 1863; Caesar's Bridge, 1863; Ship Canal and Marine Railways, 1864; First Meridian, 1864; Words for the People, 1865; The Reciprocity Treaty, 1866; Navigation of the Lakes, 1866; Our Pacific Railroads, 1868; Niagara, 1868; Water Supply of New York, 1870; Trans-continental Railways, 1870; Historical Sketch of Norse Settlements and the Newport Tower, 1870; Banking and the Currency, 1871; Broad and Narrow Gauge, 1871, and numerous professional, scientific, philosophical and political papers contributed to reviews, magazines and journals during the space of forty-five years.

He was married September 7, 1830, to Charlotte, daughter of Nathaniel Shaler a merchant, of New York, and Middletown. She died May 20, 1883. Eight children were born to them: Louisa, born July 4, 1831, died unmarried, May 18, 1888; Elizabeth, born March 5, 1853, died unmarried, October 25, 1903; Edwin Augustus, born November 4, 1834, died unmarried, December 19, 1893; William Shaler, born November 23, 1836, resides in Chester, Penn.; Frederick Allen, born September 20, 1838, died March 30, 1840; Charles Shaler, born August 15, 1840, died May 14, 1848; Joseph Allen, born February 27, 1843, died August 31, 1849; Lucy Ann Shaler, born September 24, 1845, married M. Moncrief Pattison, M. D., resides in England.

CHAPLAIN RICHARD JOHNSON, A. M.

Richard Johnson, son of William and Elizabeth (Whaley) Johnson, was born in Beaufort, S. C., November 13, 1809, and died at Atlanta, Ga., January 7, 1872.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1826, graduated in 1828; was distinguished at the "Academy" for his proficiency in drill and tactics. He graduated A. B. from Trinity College in 1829. He studied medicine for some time, when coming under the influence of the Rev. William Baker, a celebrated Presbyterian preacher, he determined to become a clergyman. He graduated from the Episcopal Theological Seminary at Alexandria, Va., and was ordained in the Episcopal ministry in 1832; was rector of churches in South Carolina, Georgia and Louisiana.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he enlisted in "Hampton's Legion," C. S. A.; was appointed chaplain and assisted in drilling and instructing the command. He was an accomplished swordsman and drill



Rev. Richard Johnson

master. He was distinguished for his bravery and often accompanied the command in battle and was popularly known as the "fighting parson"; at the battle of Culpepper Court House his horse was shot under him while taking part in a charge made by the command. He was a fine scholar, an eloquent speaker and a writer of more than ordinary ability. Several of his poems and sermons were printed.

He was married in 1831, to Maria, sister of Governor William Smith of Alexandria, Va. Five children were born to them: William Johnson; Caleb Smith, resides in Beaufort, S. C.; Joseph.

LIEUT. ROBERT E. JOHNSON, U. S. N.

Robert E. Johnson entered the "Academy" from Warren County, N. C., in 1826, and graduated in 1828.

He was commissioned a midshipman, U. S. N., October 1, 1827; was promoted passed midshipman, June 10, 1833, and lieutenant, February 12, 1839. He died February 4, 1855.

DANIEL PINCKNEY JOHNSTON.

Daniel P. Johnston, son of William and Maria (Pinckney) Johnston, was born in Charleston, S. C., January 15, 1807, and died there November 18, 1871.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1826.

He was for several years a rice factor in Charleston and later held a responsible position in the U. S. Custom House in Charleston. He served as an officer in the South Carolina Volunteers in the Seminole War in Florida; was appointed by the governor of the state a member of the committee which attended General Lafayette on his visit to South Carolina.

He married a Miss Pringle; two children were born to them.

MACKEWN JOHNSTON.

Mackewn Johnston, son of William and Maria (Pinckney) Johnston, was born in Charleston, S. C., October 15, 1811, and died in Hendersonville, N. C., May 18, 1894.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

He was a machinist in Charleston for several years; later was superintendent of Lucas' Rice Mill. In 1852, he removed to Hendersonville, N. C., where he owned an extensive plantation.

He married Martha Cannon Webb, only sister of Col. T. L. Webb, '26. Three children were born to them: William Alexander, resides Brevard, N. C.; Frank Webb, superintendent Mexican National R. R., resides, city of Mexico; Mackewn, a Civil Engineer in Stephenville, Tex.

HON. GEORGE WALLACE JONES.

George W. Jones, son of Judge John Rice and Mary (Barger) Jones, was born in Vincennes, Ind., April 12, 1804, and died at Dubuque, Iowa, July 22, 1896.

He was a student, for some time, at Bishop Dubourg's Roman Catholic College, St. Louis, Mo. He graduated in 1825, from the Transylvania Uni-

versity, Lexington, Ky. In the fall of this year, he entered the "Academy" with Charles D. Drake, '26, (q. v.) from Cincinnati, Ohio, making a speciality of the study of law. He remained at the "Academy" until 1826, when he located in Missouri and was appointed clerk of the U. S. district court.

In March, 1827, he resigned this office and removed to Sinsinawa Mound, Michigan Territory, now Wisconsin. Here he engaged, for some years in a general mercantile business; also in mining and smelting.

In 1832, he was appointed *aide* on the staff of Gen. Henry Dodge, and served through the Black Hawk War; was later elected colonel in the militia, serving for some time.

He took an active part in the political affairs of the territory and held many positions. He served, for some time, as chief justice of the Territorial Court. He was elected delegate from Michigan Territory to the 21th Congress in 1835. His most important work was the framing of the act for the establishing of the Wisconsin Territory in 1836. He received a certificate of election to the 25th Congress in 1837; but his seat was successfully contested by James D. Doty, a Whig, who assumed the office in January, 1839. He framed the act for the establishing of the Iowa territory, which through his efforts, was passed, July 4, 1838. In December, 1840, he was appointed surveyor general of Iowa by President Van Buren, holding the office until July 4, 1844. In March, 1845, he was again appointed to this office, which he held until December, 1848. He served as U. S. senator from Iowa from December 26, 1848, until March 3, 1859; served as U. S. minister to Colombia, South America, April 30, 1859, - November 5, 1861.

He then returned to the United States and here an unfortunate and un-called for incident occurred in the life of this distinguished old cadet. Upon his arrival in New York City, he was arrested by the order of Secretary Seward, on the charge of disloyalty, based on a friendly letter he had written to President Davis of the Confederate government, which had fallen into the hands of the State department. He was imprisoned over two months in Fort Lafayette, N. Y., when he was released by order of President Lincoln, who believed him innocent of disloyalty to the United States. He made his residence in Dubuque, Iowa, from 1848, until his death.

He was married, January 7, 1829, to Josephine, daughter of Cyril Gregoire of St. Genevieve, Mo. Mrs. Jones died April 29, 1888. Eight children were born to them, of whom two sons and two daughters, survived their parents.

JUDGE JOHN PRINGLE JONES, A. B., LL. D.

John P. Jones, son of William and Elizabeth Haskell (Pringle) Jones, was born at the Durham Furnace, Durham, Bucks Co., Penn., in 1812, and died in London, England, March 16, 1874.

At the death of his father, his mother removed to Philadelphia, where he lived for some time. He entered the "Academy" from Philadelphia in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He then entered the University of Pennsylvania and remained until the beginning of the senior year, when he entered the College of New Jersey and graduated A. B. in 1831. He received the honorary degree of LL. D. from Franklin and Marshall College, Pennsylvania in 1860. He studied law with Charles Chauncey of Philadelphia and was admitted to the bar in 1834. He became distinguished in his profession and held several

positions of honor, but never a political office. He was district attorney of Bucks Co., from 1839 to 1847; was president and judge of the Bucks, Lehigh, and Northampton district; afterward of the Bucks, and then of the Lehigh and Northampton districts. He was a man of great legal learning, many accomplishments, and extensive reading; handsome in person, of courtly address, fine social qualities, and warm in his friendships. He published two volumes of Pennsylvania state reports.

He was twice married; first, to Anna Mullenburg, daughter of Dr. Isaac Hiester, and the second time to Catherine Elizabeth Hiester, a grand-daughter of Gov. Joseph Hiester.

SURGEON ANDREW ELLICOTT KENNEDY, U. S. N., M. D.

Andrew E. Kennedy, son of Dr. Thomas Ruston and Jane Judith (Ellicott) Kennedy, was born in Meadville, Pa., September 18, 1804.

At an early age his parents removed to Philadelphia, Pa., where he prepared for college. He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1825.

He then entered the University of Pennsylvania Medical College and graduated M. D. in 1828. He was appointed assistant surgeon U. S. N., January 3, 1828, and continued in service until his death at Batavia Island, Java, June 13, 1833.

HON. JEFFERSON PARISH KIDDER, A. M.

Jefferson P. Kidder, son of Lyman and Ruth (Nichols) Kidder, was born in Braintree, Vt., June 4, 1818, and died in St. Paul, Minn., October 2, 1883.

He attended the schools of his town, and at the age of fifteen began teaching school. He prepared for college at the Orange County Grammar School, Randolph Center, Vt., and entered the "Academy" in 1832, graduating in 1834; served as tutor at the "Academy."



Hon. Jefferson Parish Kidder.

He studied law with B. F. Chamberlin of Snowsville, (Braintree) Vt., and was admitted to the Orange County bar in 1839; practiced his profession in Snowsville, 1839-45; West Randolph, Vt., 1845-57. He removed to St. Paul, Minn., in 1857, where he made his home until 1865, when he removed to Vermillion, S. Dakota, where he resided until his death.

He was a Democrat in politics until 1861, when he joined the Republican party; was a member of the Vermont State Constitutional Convention in 1841 and 1843; was states attorney, Orange County, 1842-47; State senator, 1847-48. He was elected lieutenant-governor of the State in

1853 on the ticket headed by John S. Robinson of Bennington. There was no election by the people that year, and by a union of the "Free Soilers" with the Democrats in the legislature, the election of the democratic nominee was secured, the first and only democrat who ever held these offices in Vermont; during the sickness of the governor, acted in his place for some time; was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention, in Chicago, in 1856; represented his district in the Minnesota legislature, 1855-60, 1863-64; was associate justice of the U. S. Court for the Territory of Dakota, 1865-76, 1880-83; was delegate to Congress from Dakota, 1876-80.

He was a very able lawyer and judge; an eloquent speaker and very popular with the people. His popularity is well shown in his holding office as a Democrat in Vermont when the voters were overwhelmingly Whig or Republican. He took great interest in military affairs; served as captain of Vermont Militia for some years. The University of Vermont conferred upon him the degree of A. M. in 1848.

He was married Feb. 26, 1838, to Mary Ann Stockwell of Cornwall, Vt. who died September 29, 1888. Four children were born to them: Marion Josephine, born December 5, 1839, married Dana White, died in St. Paul, Minn.; Lyman Stockwell, born 1842, served in the Civil War and as second lieutenant U. S. Cavalry and shot by the Indians while carrying dispatches from General Sherman to General Custer in the Sioux campaign, July 2, 1868; Silas W., born October 24, 1847, resides in Vermillion, South Dakota; Jefferson Parish, Jr., born May 15, 1856, died in 1859.

SURGEON GILMAN KIMBALL, A. M., M. D.

Gilman Kimball, son of Ebenezer and Polly (Aiken) Kimball, was born in New Chester, now Hill, N. H., December 8, 1804, and died in Lowell, Mass., July 27, 1892.

He attended the schools of his city, and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823. He graduated M. D. from the Dartmouth College Medical School in 1827; also received the degree of M. D. from Berkshire Medical College in 1837; the Vermont Medical College in 1840, and from Yale, in 1856; received the degree of A. M. from Dartmouth in 1840.

He practiced his profession in Lowell, Mass., 1830-92; was professor of Surgery, Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, 1837-41; lecturer on Anatomy and Surgery, Berkshire Medical College 1838-41; was physician of the corporation Hospital, Lowell, Mass., twenty-six years.

He was appointed brigade surgeon, October 2, 1861, and served for some time at Annapolis, Md., and Fortress Monroe; was appointed medical director and assigned to the command of General B. F. Butler. He established many military hospitals, but owing to disability was forced to resign his commission, April 28, 1862.

He was one of the best known physicians of the country. He contributed many articles to the Medical Periodicals; was a member of the American Gynecological Society, and president in 1882; Massachusetts Medical Society and vice-president in 1878.

He was twice married; first, September 20, 1832, to Mary, daughter of Dr. Henry Dewar, of Lassodie, Scotland. She died July 7, 1869. Three

children were born of this marriage: Gilman Dewar, John Henry, and Ebenezer.

He was again married in 1872, to Isabel, daughter of Captain Henry Defries of Nantucket, Mass.

ROBERT PARKER KIMBALL.



Robert Parker Kimball.

Robert P. Kimball, son of Benjamin Jr., and Rhoda (Beaman) Kimball, was born in Concord, N. H., March 18, 1806, and died there, March 20, 1878.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and Bradford, Mass.; and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1824.

He engaged in mercantile pursuits in Concord for some years.

He was married in Franklin, N. H., March 8, 1838, to Rachel, daughter of Sanborn and Melitable (Sanborn) Blaisdell, of Wentworth, N. H. She died in Concord, N. H., May 31, 1896:

Four children were born to them. Nathaniel Osgood, born March 16, 1842, resides in Denver, Colo; Benjamin Hazen, born June 1, 1850, died March 5, 1853, Harriet, born December 5, 1853, died August 8, 1854; Lucy Hazen, born October 6, 1855, resides in Concord, N. H.

HON. FREDERICK KINSMAN.

Frederick Kinsman, son of John and Rebecca (Perkins) Kinsman, was born in Kinsman, Ohio, March 4, 1807, and died in Warren, Ohio, June 24, 1884.

His father, who was born in Norwich, Conn., was a soldier of the Revolution, member of the Connecticut Legislature, 1797-1800, and bought an estate of eighteen thousand acres on the Connecticut Western Reserve in Ohio, which eventually became the township of Kinsman.

The subject of our sketch prepared for college at the Plainfield Academy, 1824-25, and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1827. He then returned to Kinsman, where for three years he assisted his brothers in the management of the family estate.

In 1830, he removed to Warren, Ohio, where he entered the land office of his uncle, General Simon Perkins, whose partner he eventually became. This office, which was the last survivor of the land offices on the Western Reserve, was at one time the most important in the state of Ohio, and continued to transact business until 1872.

Mr. Kinsman took a leading part in all business projects of his town and county, acquired a large property, and was always active in promoting public

objects. He was for many years director of the Western Reserve Bank and of the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad of which he was one of the original projectors, also director of the First National Bank. He took active interest in the development of his farms and in all agricultural matters, serving for two years as president of the County Agricultural Society.

He was associate judge for his county from 1845 to 1850, and became an active abolitionist. After the formation of the Republican party he became deeply interested in its success. Although never an office holder, he took an active part in the politics of his State; was delegate to the Republican National Convention of 1864, which renominated Abraham Lincoln; was Presidential elector in 1868, and had an important share in promoting the political fortunes in their first stages, of his friend, General James Abram Garfield; was for some time a member of the City Council.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church and was chief contributor to the erection of the present church building in Warren.

He was twice married: first, on February 1, 1832, to his cousin, Olive Douglas Perkins, daughter of General Simon Perkins. She died September 13, 1838. He was married the second time on March 25, 1840 to Cornelia Granger Pease, daughter of Calvin Pease, first Chief-justice of Ohio; she died February 18, 1873.

Five children were born to them: Frederick, born August 26, 1841, resides in Wilmington, Del.; John, born April 2, 1843, resides in Warren, Ohio; Thomas, born March 4, 1846, resides in Warren, Ohio; Charles Pease, born December 17, 1847, resides in Warren, Ohio; Henry Perkins, born October 25, 1850, died July 9, 1880.

ALEXANDER MCKENZIE KIRKLAND.

Alexander McK. Kirkland, son of William and Margaret (Scott) Kirkland, was born in Hillsboro, N. C., December 3, 1807, and died of a cancer, May 4, 1843.

He entered the "Academy" in 1824 and graduated in 1828; was distinguished at the "Academy" for his scholarship and athletic ability.

He engaged in the mercantile business in Hillsboro, 1828-37, and Noxubee County, Mississippi, 1837-39. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He was married February 18, 1835, to Anna McKenzie Cameron of Hillsboro. Two children were born to them: William Alexander, born July 3, 1836, rear admiral, U. S. N., died August 12, 1896; Robert Strange, born, August 31, 1838, died May 7, 1899.

CHARLES HENRY LANGDON-ELWYN, A. M.

Charles H. Langdon-Elwyn, son of Thomas and Eliza (Langdon) Elwyn, was born in Portsmouth, N. H. in 1807, and died unmarried, in New Orleans, La., January 7, 1848.

He prepared for college at the Phillips Exeter Academy and entered the "Academy" from Boston, Mass., in 1822, graduating in 1824; graduated A. B. from Harvard University in 1826, and later received the degree of A. M., in course, from that Institution.

He studied law in Philadelphia, Pa., and was admitted to the bar; located in New Orleans, La., in 1829, where he practiced his profession until his death.

HORATIO IRELAND LAWRENCE.

Horatio I. Lawrence, son of Thomas and Margaret (Ireland) Lawrence, was born in New York City in 1814, and died in Rochester, N. Y., November 30, 1883.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1827, remaining two years. He engaged in business in New York City until 1836, when he located in Marshall, Mich., where he engaged in the real estate business, meeting with marked success. He later resided in Detroit and Charlotte, Mich. In 1880, he removed to Rochester, N. Y., where he made his home until his death. He was a member of the Society Library of New York.

He was married, October 15, 1840, to Mary Louisa Romaine of New York city, who died in Rochester, N. Y., June 13, 1895. Two children were born to them: Benjamin Romaine, born May 10, 1846, died in Rochester, N. Y., March 15, 1893; Thomas, born about 1842, died in Michigan.

NATHAN BUCKINGHAM LEAVENWORTH.

Nathan B. Leavenworth, son of General Nathan and Anne (Buckingham) Leavenworth, was born in Hinesburgh, Vt., July 7, 1801, and died there March 27, 1877.

He received his early education in Burlington, Vt., and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823. After leaving the University, he read law in the office of his brother at Burlington, and then engaged in farming in his native town. Being of a retiring disposition, he took no active part in public affairs. In his later life, after the death of his wife, his business affairs were entrusted to an agent and he spent much time in horseback riding and in driving, as long as health permitted. Tall, erect in form, polite in manner, the evidences of his military training remained with him until the last.

On July 5, 1853, he was married to Saphina Burnam, of New Haven, Vt.

COL. ROSWELL WALTER LEE.

Roswell W. Lee, son of Roswell Lee, was born in New Haven, Conn., August 12, 1810, and died at Fort Worth, Texas, December 20, 1873.

At an early age, his parents removed to Springfield, Mass., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829. He entered the U. S. Military Academy July 1, 1829, and graduated eighth in his class in July, 1833.

He was brevetted 2d lieutenant, 3d U. S. Artillery, July 1, 1833; was stationed at Fort Monroe, Va., portions of 1833 and 1834; engaged in the war with the Creek Indians, 1833-34; was promoted 2d lieutenant, same regiment, September 14, 1834; served at Fort Preble, Maine, 1834-35, Fort Sullivan, Me., 1835-36; engaged in the war against the Seminole Indians, 1836-37, taking part in the battle of Wahoo Swamp, November 21, 1836; promoted 1st lieutenant, same regiment May 18, 1837; served on the Northern frontier during the Canadian rebellion, 1838; was discharged from the army, July 16, 1838.

He moved to Texas the same year and tendered his services to the "Army of the Republic," was commissioned a first lieutenant and took part in several engagements during 1839-41, with the Mexican Army and the Comanche Indians; was promoted captain in the "Texan Army" and stationed for some time at Fort Warren on the Red River.

In 1841, he located the town of Bonham, Tex., where he made his home until his death; was county surveyor of Fannin County, 1840-61; clerk of the district court of the county, 1842-44; clerk county court, 1842-52; surveyor of Fannin Land District, 1852-54; was for some time Indian Commissioner, having charge of all the Indian Tribes of the Southwest; was general land agent and notary public of Bonham, 1855, until his death.

He served as colonel of the Texas Militia, 1843-61. He was commissioned colonel of the C. S. A. and commanded a battery in the "Trans-Mississippi" department. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity.

He was married in 1841 to Suannah Rippey (Moody) Jackson, widow of Daniel R. Jackson, who survived him some years. Three children were born to them: Caroline Morton, born October 21, 1845, married Mr. A. L. Crim, resides Dublin, Texas; Martha J. D., born March 9, 1848, died in Bonham,

Texas, December 18, 1859; Ella Blanche, born October 12, 1850, married Randolph Clark, resides Thorp Spring, Texas.



Col. Walter Roswell Lee.

THOMAS GOODRICH LEE, M. D.

Thomas G. Lee, son of Thomas and Electa (Riley) Lee, was born in Berlin, Conn., September 1, 1808, and died in Worcester, Mass., October 29, 1836, while on a visit to the Massachusetts Hospital in that city.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1823 and graduated in 1825. He studied medicine with Dr. Todd of Hartford, Conn., graduated M. D. from Yale University Medical College in 1830.

He was assistant physician at the Retreat for the Insane at Hartford, 1830-34; was superintendent of the McLean Asylum, Charlestown, Mass., 1834-36. He met with success in his profession and gave promise of a brilliant future. We quote from the *Hartford Courant* of November 1836: "Dr. Lee was the first to introduce religious exercises among the insane and the experiment was attended with the happiest results. He was cut off in the midst of a bright career of usefulness, but not until he had matured the plan which has done so much for the sons and daughters of affliction." He was greatly interested in historical matters and gave much assistance to Deacon Alfred Andrews in compiling the *Ecclesiastical History of New Britain, Conn.*

He was married April 21, 1835, to Susan Clark of St. Johnsbury, Vt., no children. His widow married Rev. Joseph S. Gallagher of Bloomfield, N. J.

BVT. BRIG. GEN. WILLIAM RAYMOND LEE, A. M.

William R. Lee, son of William Raymond and Hannah (Tracy) Lee, was born in Salem, Mass., August 15, 1807, and died in Roxbury, Mass., December 26, 1891.

He attended the schools at Jamaica Plain, and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1825.

He then entered the U. S. Military Academy at West Point in the class of 1829, remaining for nearly the prescribed term, resigning two weeks before graduating to look up his father who, in a brain attack, had disappeared. He was offered an opportunity to join the class of 1830 that he might graduate, but declined as he was then the only support of his father.



Bvt. Brig. Gen. William Raymond Lee.

He was chief engineer of the Boston & Providence R. R., and on its completion became the first superintendent. He was superintendent of the Vermont Central, and the New York, Ogdensburg & Champlain R. R., also served for a number of years as consulting engineer for the road. He was appointed March 21, 1850, by the Governor of Virginia in conjunction with other engineers, to adjust the difficulties between the city of Wheeling and the Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

He was sent by the United States Government to Canada during the Canadian Rebellion in 1838-39, to report on the affairs of that country; was sent on a similar mission to Florida.

In 1830, he was sent to Texas, then a province of Mexico, by a northern corporation to develop a large tract of land which they had secured in that country. He sailed from New York in a schooner with a party of men and a year's supplies with the necessary outfit for making surveys and a hydrographical and geological examination of the property. The schooner was wrecked on Bolivar Point at the entrance to Galveston Harbor. He and his party were arrested by the military authorities on charge of conducting an invasion in the Mexican territory. They were confined to the military post of Arrahnac until the government investigated the affair. This required a year. They were released on condition that they leave the country in ten days.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to Governor Andrew of Massachusetts and was commissioned colonel of the 20th Regiment, July 1, 1861. This regiment was his creation. He selected the field and staff officers, and most of those in the line. He gave it its standard of military duty. He inspired his command with his own high spirit of devotion and steadfastness. Well did the regiment repay him by its magnificent behavior

on many a bloody field. He was taken prisoner at the battle of Ball's Bluff, and was one of the hostages selected by the Confederate government to receive the treatment which was awarded to Confederate privateersmen by the mistaken policy pursued by Federal authorities at the outset of the war. His sufferings were severe, and for a time endangered his life. Fortunately this exceptional treatment did not last long, and early in 1862 he was exchanged. He led his regiment throughout the Peninsula campaign; he was at Yorktown, Fair Oaks, Savage's Station, Glendale, and Malvern Hill. In the bloody battle of Antietam, the regiment suffered heavy loss, but fully sustained its reputation. But the strain of field service proved too much for its commanding officer. After a vain struggle with increasing infirmity, Colonel Lee was obliged to resign December 17, 1862. His military life was brief, but distinguished. It was also eminently useful. His spirit of unreserved devotion to the cause, his noble example in bravely and uncomplainingly enduring all the hardships of a soldier's life, his strict high standard of military honor and duty, inspired his regiment with the like high principles and sentiments; while his great kindness of heart, his unselfishness, and his uniform consideration for the rights and feelings of his officers and men made him beloved and respected by his entire command. He was brevetted brigadier general of Volunteers, March 13, 1865, for conspicuous bravery at the battle of Antietam and for gallant services during the war.

He served during 1863-66, as chief engineer of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, on the staff of Governor John A. Andrew, with the rank of brigadier-general. He prepared the plans for a system of obstructions at the entrance to Boston Harbor.

He was a member of the Massachusetts Society of the Cincinnati, Loyal Legion, G. A. R., Fellow of the American Academy.

He was the author of many reports in relation to railroads, their capacity, and construction; also of essays upon the consumption of coal applied to locomotives and furnaces; the comparative cost of wood and coal in their respective capacity for generating steam at high pressure; was for many years a member of the examining committee in the department of Mathematics of Harvard University. This Institution conferred upon him the honorary degree of A. M., in 1851.

He was twice married: first to Mary Evans of Baltimore, who soon died, leaving two sons who died of tuberculosis in early youth. He was married the second time, July 7, 1812, to Helen Maria Amory, daughter of Thomas Amory of Roxbury, Mass. She died April, 1893. Three children were born to them: Elizabeth Amory, born June 10, 1813, married Gen. O. H. Ernst, U. S. A., resides Washington, D. C.; Arthur Tracy, born 1815, 2d lieutenant, U. S. A., died 1879; Robert Ives, born May 5, 1816, resides in Topeka, Kan.

GEORGE CLINTON LEIB, M. D.

George C. Leib, son of Dr. Michael Leib, was born in East Philadelphia Pa., August 27, 1809; and died in Philadelphia, August 23, 1888.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He graduated M. D. from the University of Pennsylvania Medical College in 1833, and practiced his profession in Philadelphia many years.

He was married May 13, 1833, to Susannah Dick. Two children were born to them: Emily, and Thomas Nuttall.

HENRY FRANKLIN LEIB, M. D.

Henry F. Lieb, son of Dr. Michael Lieb, United States Senator from Pennsylvania, was born in East Philadelphia, Pa., March 4, 1811, and died in Philadelphia, May 16, 1856.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1829. He then entered the University of Pennsylvania Medical College and graduated M. D., in 1833. He practiced his profession in Philadelphia until his death.

He was a noted philanthropist and labored among the poorer classes of his city; was especially distinguished for his untiring labor during the prevalence of cholera in Chester, Pa., of which disease he died. He was married December 9, 1831, to Eliza Dick, sister of his brother's wife. Three children were born to them: Henry Clinton, Claudia Muranda, and Octavia Irene.

WILLIAM HENRY LEMMEX.

William H. Lemmex, son of Henry Elliot and Elizabeth (Lord) Lemmex, was born in Demorara, British Guiana, S. A., September 7, 1805, and died in Windsor, Vt., May 17, 1876.

He came to this country in 1810, and prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, N. H. He entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1825.

He engaged in mercantile business in Windsor, Vt., from 1826 until 1829, when he removed to Hartland and continued in the same business; also in the manufacture of woolen goods until 1844. In this last year he removed to Bridgewater, Vt., and engaged in the manufacture of woolen goods until 1866, when he returned to Windsor, Vt., where he resided until his death. He was one of the best known manufacturers of woolen goods in the State.

He represented Bridgewater in the House of Representatives.

He was married June 28, 1828, to Elvira Warner, who died about 1880. Four children were born to them: Harriet, Elizabeth, Elvira Jane, Maria and Mary Elliot.

JOSIAH SALISBURY LEVERETT.

Josiah S. Leverett, son of John and Elizabeth (Salisbury) Leverett, was born in Windsor, Vt., January 24, 1810, and died in Binghamton, N. Y., January 1, 1899. He prepared for college in the schools of Windsor, Vt., and under the private instruction of a Mr. Mills of Windsor. He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823.

He was employed in Salisbury's Hardware Store, Worcester, Mass., from 1825 until 1831, when he located in New York city, where he engaged in business many years. He was for some years engaged in the hardware commission business in the firm of Leverett and Thomas; later in the same business under different firm names. He was the proprietor of the Leverett Axe Factory at Napanoch, N. Y.; was also engaged in the manufacture of chemicals and glass, and in other business enterprises. He resided in New York city, 1831-69; Binghamton, N. Y., 1869-70, 1884-99; Orange and East Orange, N. J.,

1870-81; East Hampton, Mass., 1881-84. He was a member, for some years, of the Dutch Reformed Church; and was later a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He was married May 18, 1865, to Annie Matilda Lockwood, a native of Binghamton, N. Y., who died March 31, 1909. Six children were born to them: John, born March 4, 1866, resides in Napperham Heights, Yonkers, N. Y.; Theodore Lockwood, born October 8, 1867, resides in Rensselaer Falls, N. Y.; William Josiah, born January 11, 1870, now a missionary in Nodda, South China; Annie Matilda, born October 12, 1871, died in March, 1903; Mary Elizabeth, born November 26, 1873, resides in Binghamton, N. Y.; Samuel Salisbury, born June 4, 1876, died March 4, 1891.



Josiah Salisbury Leverett.

THOMAS H. LEVERETT.

Thomas H. Leverett, son of Thomas Suretto and Susannah (Johnson) Leverett, was born in Windsor, Vt., February 12, 1806; and died in Keene, N. H., November 22, 1882. He attended the public schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1821.

He engaged in business in Windsor until 1836, when he removed to Keene, N. H., where he made his home until his death. He became prominently connected with the business and financial affairs of Keene; was cashier of the Ashuelot Bank, 1836-69; was one of the organizers of the Keene Gas Co., in 1859, and served as a director until 1882; was a member of the committee appointed to take charge of the construction of the Keene water works; also served on the "water loan committee" appointed to finance the construction of the water system.

He was greatly interested in agriculture and horticultural matters; was one of the organizers of the Cheshire County Agricultural Society in 1845. He took an active part in raising the funds to erect the buildings and improve Wheeler Park, and served for many years in the management of its very successful exhibitions.

He was married three times: first, May 20, 1831, to Sarah C. Dutton. No children. He was married the second time, April 17, 1831, to Harriet B. Nelson; one child, Sarah D., married Reuben A. Tuttle of Boston; died about 1880. He was married again, October 7, 1841, to Abby Barnes of Keene. Three children were born to them: Katherine Fiske, born March 7, 1843, resides in Keene; Charles Hudson, born March 23, 1849, died, February 12, 1851. Francis Johnson, born September 14, 1841, served in the 9th N. H. Volunteers and died in service at Paris, Ky., October 1, 1863.

BRIG. GEN. WILLIAM ENOS LEWIS.

William E. Lewis, son of Dr. Enos and Keturah (Denison) Lewis, and brother of Charles D. Lewis, '38, was born in Norwich, Vt., May 28, 1815, and died there, January 5, 1892.

He attended the schools of his town and finished his preparation for college at Moor's School connected with Dartmouth College, and at Theford, Vt. Academy. He entered the "Academy" in 1829, and graduated in 1833.

He was engaged with his mother in running the "Mess Hall" at the North Barracks, 1839-46; served as trustee of the University, 1851-64. He was engaged in farming in Norwich, 1833-39; 1846-92.

He was a Democrat in politics until 1872, when he joined the Republican party. He held many town offices: was highway surveyor, 1838-39; lister, 1839-40; first constable, 1840-43; town clerk, 1843-92; selectman several years; justice of the peace; town treasurer for eighteen years; represented his town in the House of Representatives, 1856-57, 1863, 1872-73, 1878-79; was assessor of the U. S. Internal Revenue third district, Vermont, 1863-71.



Brig. Gen. William Enos Lewis.

He took an active interest in the state militia; was 1st sergeant, "Norwich Fusileers," 1833-36; adjutant, first regiment, 3d brigade, 1st division, 1836-37; major same, March 1, 1837-August 29, 1838; lieutenant colonel, 23d regiment, August 29, 1838-June 21, 1839; colonel same, June 21, 1839-1848; brigadier general, 1848-61. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he assisted in recruiting and instructing Co. B, 6th Vermont Volunteers.

He was married March 23, 1846, to Ruby Wright Hazen of Norwich, who survives him and resides in Norwich. Six children were born to them: Lucy Ann, born February 19, 1847, married Joseph Fish Toote, resides in Holyoke, Mass.; William Hazen, born January 25, 1849, resides in Ascutneyville, Vt.; Nina Marie Louise, born September 15, 1851, married William Weeks Morrill, resides in Troy, N. Y.; Katie Denison, born July 18, 1857, died August 17, 1858; Charles Franklin, born August 26, 1859, resides in Norwich, Vt.; Mary Denison, born August 14, 1862, died August 25, 1869.

COLONEL GEORGE LITTLE.

George Little, second son of William Person and Ann (Hawkins) Little, was born in Warren County, North Carolina, February 21, 1811, at his father's country-seat "Littleton," near what is now the town of Littleton, which was named in his father's honor. He died at Raleigh, November 21, 1876. His grandfathers were Major George Little, of Hertford County, and Colonel

Philemon Hawkins, Jr., of Warren County, both active patriots of the Revolution. Major George Little of Hertford County was a son of Chief Justice William Little, whose wife was a daughter of Chief Justice Christopher Gale, and a grand-daughter of Judge Benjamin Laker. The three latter personages were all men of note in the early days of the colony of North Carolina.



Col. George Little.

George Little, of whom this sketch treats, was prepared for college by an English tutor and entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1830.

He studied law in Raleigh, N. C., under the Hon. George E. Badger, afterwards Secretary of the Navy in the cabinets of Presidents Harrison and Tyler. After completing his legal studies, Mr. Little was admitted to the bar, but decided not to practice, as he preferred the quiet life of a planter to the contentions and strife of the court-room. This action was a surprise to his friends, as he gave promise of attaining distinction as a lawyer. In 1832, he located in Raleigh, where he resided throughout the remainder of his life. He had inherited large tracts of land, with slaves sufficiently numerous to cultivate them, and he gave his time to the management of these estates and various business enterprises. He took an active part in the construction of the Raleigh and Weldon Railroad, and was a member of its board of directors for many years. He was also much interested in the State Militia, and served as an *aide-de-camp*, with the rank of Colonel, on the staff of Governor Richard Dobbs Spaight, from 1835 to 1837. He was United States Marshal during the administration of President Fillmore, and was offered the same position by President Lincoln, in 1861; but declined the appointment in consequence of the approach of the war between the states. He was an uncompromising Whig, and, like the vast majority of that party, was opposed to secession; but, after hostilities began, he sided with the South. Throughout the war he served as *aide-de-camp* on the staff of Governor Vance. Upon the downfall of the Confederacy, he accepted the situation without murmuring, and influenced others to follow his example. For several years after the war, he was engaged upon work in the Executive Office, and held the confidence of the Governor in all matters coming before him. For several years, he was president of a land company formed at Raleigh, for the purpose of inducing the better class of immigrants to locate in North Carolina.

He was a life-long member of the Episcopal Church, and was a Democrat in politics, after the old Whig Party (with which he had formerly been connected) had passed out of existence. In person he was tall and handsome, with fine, clear-cut features and commanding presence.

On February 1, 1832, he married his first cousin, Margaret Craven, daughter of Stephen and Delia (Hawkins) Hayward. She died in 1898. Several children were born to them, including two sons. The elder of these, William Little, M. D., was an assistant surgeon in the Confederate Army, and after the war became a successful physician in Raleigh, where he died, leaving five sons. The younger son of Colonel Little, was George Little, Jr., who, when still a boy, served on the Confederate blockade-runner, *Advance*. After the war he engaged in agricultural pursuits in Hertford County, and died there, leaving three daughters.

HENRY ADOLPHUS LONDON.

Henry A. London, son of John and Ann (Mauger) London, was born in Wilmington, N. C., April 9, 1808, and died in Pittsboro, N. C., November 27, 1882. Soon after his father's death in 1816, his mother removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., for the purpose of educating her children. He prepared for college in the schools of Brooklyn; was a student at the University of North Carolina during 1825-26. He entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1828.

He engaged in mercantile pursuits in Wilmington, 1828-36, and Pittsboro, N. C., 1836-82. He was a highly respected merchant and met with success in his business ventures. He was treasurer of the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Co., 1853-68.

He was a Democrat in politics. He never sought office, but for over forty years no one in the county had so much to do with its financial affairs as he; was chairman of the court of pleas and quarter sessions of Chatham county for thirty years, and county treasurer, 1870-72. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church and vestryman of St. Bartholomew's Parish (Pittsboro, N. C.) for 48 years.

He was twice married: first, February 29, 1832, to Sally Margaret Lord, who died November 3, 1857. Ten children were born to them: John Rutherford, born January 20, 1833, died June 1, 1905; Ann Mauger, born July 6, 1835, resides Pittsboro, N. C.; William Lord, born April 3, 1838, resides Pittsboro, N. C.; Eliza Catherine, born February 1, 1841, married Dr. P. G. Snowden, resides in Jacksonville, Fla.; Rufus Marsden, born August 21, 1843, died October 31, 1863; Henry Armand, born March 1, 1846, resides Pittsboro, N. C.; Mary Cowan, born January 15, 1849, married Joshua T. James, resides in Wilmington, N. C.; Fanny Thurston, born November 9, 1850, married John W. Taylor, died in 1897; Frederick Hill, born December 16, 1855, died in July, 1891; Frank Olmstead, born June 28, 1857, died in February, 1908. He was again married May 24, 1860, to Catherine S. Moore, of Pittsboro, N. C., who died in 1892; no children.

NATHANIEL LORD.

Nathaniel Lord, son of Nathaniel and Phoebe (Walker) Lord, was born at Kennebunkport, Maine, April 11, 1808, and died in California, July 10, 1852.

He prepared for college at the Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1825. Soon after graduating from the "Academy," he removed to Bangor, Maine, where

he soon became identified with several business enterprises; he engaged in mercantile business until 1849; and was interested in real estate and timber lands.

In 1849, he took a steamboat, the *Governor Dana*, to California, on board a sailing vessel around Cape Horn, going himself by way of the Isthmus of Panama. He was managing owner of this boat which ran from Sacramento City up the river to Marysville. He returned to Bangor in 1851 and went again to California in 1852, where he was accidentally killed by the discharge of a pistol, July 10. He was a Whig in politics, and held several positions; was a member of the Bangor City Council, 1837-38, 1843-44; city treasurer, 1839-41.



Nathaniel Lord.

He was married in 1838, to Frances Augusta Veazie, daughter of General Samuel and Susanna (Walker) Veazie. Six children were born to them: Charles Veazie "N. U." '55 (q. v.); Frank Nathaniel; Phoebe Louise, died in infancy; Maria Antoinette; Fred Dana; Samuel Veazie.

FRANCIS CALEB LORING, A. B.

Francis C. Loring, son of Caleb and Ann (Greeley) Loring, was born in Boston, Mass., September 19, 1809, and died at Nahant, Mass., August 19, 1874.

He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1825. He graduated A. B. from Harvard University in 1828. He studied law with Charles G. Loring and was admitted to the bar in 1830; practiced his profession in Boston, 1830-74.

He was married January 24, 1836, to Miriam Mason Perkins of Boston, who died April 28, 1871. Five children were born to them: Anna Powell, born June 24, 1837; Miriam Perkins, born August 31, 1839, resides Boston; Francis Caleb, born November 13, 1841, died October 30, 1888; Gertrude, born June 27, 1844, married N. P. Hamlen, died January 24, 1877; Helen Loring, born July 15, 1851, at Nahant, resides in Boston, Mass.

CHARLES RUSSELL LOWELL, A. M.

Charles R. Lowell, son of Dr. Charles Lowell and brother of James Russell Lowell, the distinguished author, was born in Boston, Mass., October 30, 1807, and died of apoplexy June 23, 1870, while visiting in Washington, D. C.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1824. He graduated A. B. from Harvard University in 1826, and later received the degree of A. M. from that Institution.

He studied law and was admitted to the bar, but never practiced the profession. He engaged in business in Boston for some years, but was not successful. In 1852, he was appointed assistant librarian of the Boston Athenaeum Library, which position he held until his death. He was an able scholar and his great work was the preparation of the catalogues of the library.

He was married in 1832, to Anna Jackson, daughter of Patrick Tracy Jackson of Boston. Two children were born to them: Charles Russell, a brigadier general in the Civil War, who died of wounds, October 20, 1864; James Jackson, an officer in the Civil War, and killed in battle.

CAPT. CHARLES LYMAN.

Charles Lyman, son of Elias and Anna (White) Lyman, was born in Hartford, Vt., October 5, 1808, and died in Washington, D. C., May 23, 1888.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1824.

In 1824, he entered the mercantile office of his father, head of the firm of J. & E. Lyman, at White River Junction, Vt., where he remained until about 1845, when he removed to Montpelier. He continued in the mercantile business in that city until 1847. In 1849, he was appointed postmaster of Montpelier and held the position until 1853. In 1861, he removed to Washington, D. C., where he made his home until his death. He served as chief of the Dead Letter Office from 1861 until 1866, when he retired from active work.



Capt. Charles Lyman.

He took an active interest in the Vermont State Militia, and served as captain. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church in Washington.

He was married December 6, 1837, to Maria Wilder Spaulding of Montpelier, who died August 6, 1874. Five children were born to them: Charles Wyls, born in 1837, captain and quartermaster U. S. Volunteers, died October 10, 1866; Maria Spaulding, born in 1839, resides Washington, D. C.; Sarah Collins, born in 1841, died in 1856; John Spaulding, born in 1847, died 1859; Fanny Dodd, born in 1850, married Phillip F. Larnier, resides in Washington, D. C.

HON. GEORGE LYMAN.

George Lyman, son of Elias and Anna (White) Lyman, was born in Hartford, Vt., April 6, 1806, and died there July 11, 1879.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town; entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823.

At an early age, he entered the counting room of his father, the head of the firm of J. and E. Lyman, engaged in the transportation business from Lyman's Point, Hartford, to New York City, via the Connecticut River and Long Island Sound. Here he acquired a thorough business training. He engaged in the mercantile business in Royalton, Vt., 1826-42; Norwich, Vt., 1842-47. He removed to White River Junction, Vt., in 1847, and purchased the old family homestead, where he resided until his death. He was connected with many business enterprises; was treasurer of the White River Turnpike Co.



Hon. George Lyman.

He was a Republican in politics, and held many public offices; was justice of the peace several years; represented Hartford in the House of Representatives, 1852-53; was post-master of White River Junction, 1861-79; trustee and vice-president, Tilden Ladies Seminary, West Lebanon, N. H. He served as trustee of "N. U.," during 1847 and 1848. He was an active member of the Congregational church; a member of the United Brethren Lodge, F. and A. M., of White River Junction, Vt.

He was married December 3, 1828, to Minerva Briggs of Rochester, Vt., who died January 9, 1895, at White River Junction, Vt. Eleven children were born to them.

CHARLES McDERMOTT, A. B., M. D.

Charles McDermott, son of Patrick and Emily (Ozane) McDermott, was born in West Feliciana Parish, La., September 22, 1808, and died in Dermott, Arkansas, September 13, 1882.

He prepared for college in Jamaica, N. Y., and Plainfield, Conn., and under a private tutor in New York city. He entered the "Academy" from St. Francisville, La., in 1824, and graduated in 1826. He entered the Junior class of Yale University and graduated A. B. in 1828.

He studied medicine with his brother-in-law, Dr. Barnes, and practiced in West Feliciana, La., until 1844, when he removed to Chicot County, Ark., near Dermott. In 1850, he located in Monticello, Drew County, Ark., but in 1855, returned to Dermott, where he made his home until his death.

He was an extensive slave owner, and engaged in planting until the Civil War; was also an extensive land owner. He was interested in various business enterprises; was president of, and a large stock holder in, the Missis-

issippi, Ouachita & Red River R. R., begun in the sixties, and never completed, owing to the Civil War.

He possessed great mechanical ability. He invented a cotton picker, and a hollow wedge. He spent much time and money in perfecting a flying machine, using the same principles of construction that are now found practical on the present flying machines. His patent, taken out in 1876, is on file at the Patent Office in Washington.

He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church, from early manhood, and exerted a powerful influence for good among his neighbors and slaves; was a member of the Masonic Lodge.

He was a Whig in politics before the war, and after that a Democrat. He was a staunch defender of the Southern cause, though too infirm to enter the service except as a home guard.

He was married December 19, 1833, to Hettie Susan Smith, of West Feliciana Parish, who died in Monticello, Ark., November 13, 1880. Thirteen children were born to them: Benjamin; Emily; Susan; Edward, died in the C. S. A.; Jane, married Rev. M. B. Shaw, resides Centerville, Miss.; Katie Lambert, resides in Monticello, Ark.; Charles, resides in Sultana, Cal.; Edward Ozan, now a physician in Wilnot, Ark.; William Patrick; Maggie Mercer; Phill, resides in Dermott, Ark.; Annabelle Anderson.

GEORGE HOUSTON McINTOSH.

George H. McIntosh, son of John Houston and Elizabeth (Bayard) McIntosh, was born in Camden County, Ga., about 1805, and died in Kentucky about 1865.

He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1825. He engaged extensively in planting in Georgia until about 1830, when he removed to Texas. He soon took an important part in the early history of that State. He represented the Republic of Texas as minister to France, and it was largely due to him that France recognized the independence of the country in 1837. He returned to Texas about 1840; and in a few years removed to Kentucky where he made his home until his death.

He was twice married: first, about 1830, to a Miss Hamilton of New York city; one son, George. He was married the second time to a French lady by whom he had several children.

CAPT. JOHN McNABB, U. S. A.

John McNabb, entered the "Academy" from Norwich, Vt., in 1830, and graduated in 1832.

He enlisted in the 2d U. S. Infantry, April 18, 1840, serving as corporal, sergeant, and sergeant major until April 11, 1844, when he was honorably discharged. He enlisted in the 9th U. S. Infantry, (Old Ninth New England) under Col. T. B. Ransom, '25, April 1, 1847; was soon promoted sergeant major; 2d lieutenant, August 3, 1847; served as regimental adjutant, January 1, until August 26, 1848; was honorably discharged, August 26, 1848. He was commissioned 1st lieutenant, 10th U. S. Infantry, March 3, 1855; was regimental adjutant, April 7, until October 18, 1855; was promoted captain April 25, 1861; was discharged, July 1, 1861. He is said to have served as a colonel in the Confederate army.

WILLIAM SPRUCE MACAY.

William S. Macay, son of Spruce and Elizabeth (Hayes) Macay, was born near Salisbury, Rowan County, N. C., 1809, and died at Salisbury about 1860.

His father was a judge of the Superior Court of the State, appointed in 1790, and died in the office in 1810.

The subject of this sketch entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He was a wealthy farmer and planter, and owned a mill and many thousand acres of land near Salisbury, N. C. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was twice married: first, December 18, 1848, to Isabella Lowry of Rowan County, N. C., who died soon after their marriage; no children. He was married the second time in 1858, to Ann Hunt of Yadkin County, N. C. One child, Anna, who married Stephen F. Lord.

LIEUT. DANIEL H. MACKAY, U. S. N.

Daniel H. Mackey was born in New York. He was commissioned a midshipman U. S. N., April 16, 1813; lieutenant, January 13, 1825. He entered the "Academy" from Philadelphia in 1820, and graduated in 1822. He served on the United States Frigate *United States*, in 1822; was stationed at Norfolk, Va., in 1823; waiting orders 1824; served on ship of the line *North Carolina*, 1825-27; was on leave in 1828. He was assigned to the sloop of war *Hornet*, in 1829, and sailed on her last cruise, February 5, 1829. The ship was never heard from and is supposed to have been lost off the Tampico.

HON. LUTHER RAWSON MARSH.

Luther R. Marsh, son of Luther Marsh, a native of Walpole, N. H., was born in Pompey Hill, N. Y., April 4, 1813, and died in Middletown, N. Y., August 15, 1902.

He attended the schools of his town and the Pompey Academy, and entered the "Academy" in 1827, graduating in 1829. He was distinguished for his scholarship and oratorical ability at the "Academy"; won the silver medal for second best English oration, in August, 1827.

He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Albany, N. Y., in 1836; practiced his profession with the Hon. Henry R. Stone, in New York city, 1836-37, Utica, N. Y., 1838-43. He was attorney for the New York and Lake Erie R. R. 1838-43. He returned to New York city in 1844, and formed a partnership with Oscar W. Sturtevant. A short time afterwards, Daniel Webster, the distinguished lawyer and orator, entered the firm and continued with them for a few years; later he was associated with John T. Hoffman; afterwards governor of the State of New York and Judge Wm. Leonard. He was a member of the firms of Marsh, Coe & Wallis and Marsh, Wilson & Wallis. He continued to practice in New York until 1888. He was one of the ablest lawyers of his time and tried many celebrated cases.

He was a Republican in politics, but refused to hold political positions. He was a member of the Union League club, 1868-88, and vice-president for several years. He spent much time and labor in advocating laws for the public good. Among the important measures drawn up and put through the legislature by him were: "The Abolition of Intramural Interments in New York,"

"New Parks for New York City," and the "International Reservation at Niagara Falls." He wrote the compiler of this history in 1897, giving reminiscences of the "Old Academy," and gave at some length an account of a march made by the cadets to Niagara Falls in 1828. He stated that when he viewed the Falls in all their grandeur at this time he thought what a grand thing it would be for the people of the whole United States to hold land around the Falls for a park, little dreaming that in fifty years he would serve as chairman of a committee to have this matter in charge.



Hon. Luther Rawson Marsh.

He acquired a large property, and in 1858 removed to Middletown, N. Y., where he resided until his death. About 1857, he became interested in the works of Swedenborg and later joined the ranks of the modern spiritualists. Since his retirement in 1858, he spent much time in psychical research, and was a firm believer in the mysteries of the future life. He published a volume, *The Voice of the Patriarchs*, in 1857. He gave many lectures on this theme and contributed many articles to spiritualistic newspapers and periodicals.

He was married September 15, 1845, to Jane E. Stewart, daughter of Alvan Stewart. She died about 1880. No children.

CAPT. OREN MARSH.

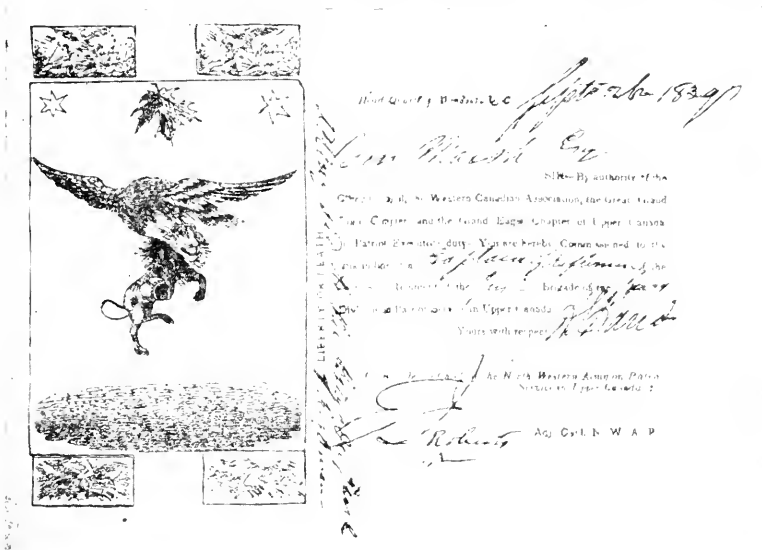
Oren Marsh, son of Capt. Samuel and Pamela Marsh, was born in Croyden N. H., August 19, 1802, and died in Villisca, Iowa, June 11, 1871.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1825.

He taught school in New Hampshire until 1830, when he located in Detroit, Mich., where he taught until 1835; was the first teacher, 1834-35, employed by the Mechanics' Society of that city; taught in Battle Creek,

Mich., 1835, until 1839, when he returned to Detroit. He was appointed, in 1839, the first librarian of the Michigan State Library and served until 1845. In 1841, he published the first catalogue of the library, together with the rules governing the use of the books. In 1845, he removed to Battle Creek where he resided until 1849.

He took an active interest in military affairs; became an officer in the Detroit City Guards on its organization in 1830 and served with this company on its march to Chicago in 1832, to protect that village from the attack of the Indians in the Black Hawk War; was commissioned captain Co. A, 1st regiment, Michigan militia, April 4, 1838. On September 26, 1839, he was commissioned captain of riflemen, first regiment, first brigade, first division in the "Patriots Army" in upper Canada in the historic "Canadian



Captain Marsh's Commission in the "Patriots Army."

Rebellion." We give above the cut of his commission which shows the American Eagle soaring aloft with the British lion in his talons.

Many Americans sympathized with the Canadians in their rebellion and were no doubt led to give their aid in hopes Canada would become a part of the United States. Captain Marsh took part with his command in many exciting encounters with the Canadian troops.

In the latter part of 1846, Captain Marsh, as an officer in the Michigan Militia, wrote several letters to Senator Cass urging the enrolling of volunteers from the State for the Mexican War and deploring the inactivity of the government in prosecuting the campaign in Mexico. Finally the President issued a call for ten regiments of volunteers from Michigan and early in 1847 Captain Marsh was appointed a recruiting officer and later served in Mexico until the summer of 1848, when owing to sickness he returned to Michigan.

As his health did not improve, he determined to try a milder climate. The discovery of gold in California was causing great excitement in the

East and Captain Marsh concluded to try his fortunes in the new "*El Dorado*" and at the same time regain his health. He sailed from New York early in 1849, for California via the "Isthmus route."

He engaged in mining in California until 1859, when he returned East and later removed to Villisca, Iowa, where he resided until his death, and where he engaged in the profession of teaching.

He was a Democrat in politics and was a recognized leader of his party in Calhoun County. The high esteem in which Captain Marsh was held is shown in the correspondence with the influential men of his party.

He was married at Troy, N. Y., September 6, 1835, to Harriet Voluntine of Saratoga County, who died in Battle Creek, Mich., April 15, 1890. Two children were born to them: Harriet, born June 18, 1838, died January 5, 1905; Martha, born January 7, 1842, married Jonathan M. Lewis of Bowling Green, Mo., February 3, 1870, died October 23, 1909.

BVT. COL. CHARLES AUGUSTUS MAY, U. S. A.

Charles A. May, son of John May, was born in Washington, D. C., August 9, 1817, and died in New York City, December 24, 1864.

He entered the "Academy" in 1828, remaining three years. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, in the 2d Dragoons, June 8, 1836; was promoted 1st lieutenant, December 15, 1837. He performed distinguished service during the Seminole War and had the honor of capturing King Phillip, the chief leader of that war. He was commissioned captain, February 2, 1841. He served as chief of cavalry, on staff of Gen. Zachary Taylor, during the Mexican War. He commanded the cavalry at the battle of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterey and Buena Vista. He was brevetted major, May 8, 1846, for "gallant and distinguished service" in the battle of Palo Alto; lieutenant colonel, May 9, 1846, for "gallant and highly distinguished conduct" at the battle of Resaca de la Palma; colonel, February 23, 1847, for "gallant and meritorious conduct" in the battle of Buena Vista.

At the battle of Resaca de la Palma, he especially distinguished himself by capturing General LeVega. He was promoted major, March 3, 1855 and transferred to the First Dragoons. On October 23, 1855, he was ordered to the Second Dragoons. He resigned from the army, April 20, 1861, and removed to New York, where he became vice-president of the 5th Avenue Railroad.

ROBERT MEANS.

Robert Means, son of David McGregor, and Katherine (Atherton) Means, was born in Amherst, N. H., February 19, 1809, and died in Beaufort, N. C., April 24, 1863.

He removed to Sioux City, Ia., in 1858, and engaged in banking for some years, being associated with Judge J. P. Allison.

He was a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, and a member of Exeter Lodge, F. and A. M., of Exeter, N. H. He took a prominent part in the anti-slavery agitation and in 1862, went to Newberne, N. C., to assist his brother, Rev. James Means, who was superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau of that place. He was a Democrat in politics. He took a prominent part in the local affairs of Sioux City; was the first mayor of that city, 1858-59; receiver, United States Land Office in Sioux City, 1860-61;

was inspector United States Custom House, Boston, Mass., 1853-57; city marshal of Manchester, N. H.

He was twice married: first, to Eliza W. Clark. He was again married to Mrs. Sarah L. James of Exeter, N. H., who died in Exeter, N. H., in April 1896; no children.

GEORGE MERRICK, A. M.

George Merrick, son of John and Rebecca (Vaughan) Merrick, was born in Hallowell, Me., November 1, 1807, and died, unmarried, in Northumberland, Pa., May 7, 1862.

He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at the Hallowell Academy and Dr. Packard's private school at Wiscasset, Me. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1825.

He then engaged in engineering with the distinguished engineer, Mr. Strickland, and was an assistant on the Pennsylvania R. R. from Philadelphia to Bristol. He located in New Orleans in 1838, and engaged in mercantile pursuits for some years; built the Ponchatrain R. R., connecting New Orleans and Lake Ponchatrain; also a railroad from that city to Lafayette; was tendered the position of state engineer of Louisiana, but declined the office. He met with success in his business ventures and acquired a valuable property. About 1850, he met with heavy losses and returned to Hallowell, Me., where he engaged in farming until 1852, when he received an appointment as superintendent of the Havana (Cuba) Gas Works from the Spanish Government. He held this position until 1857, when he resigned and removed to Northumberland, Pa., where he made his home until his death. He received the degree of A. M. from Bowdoin college in 1847.



George Merrick.

HON. GEORGE BUCKINGHAM MERWIN.

George B. Merwin, son of Noble and Minerva (Buckingham) Merwin, was born in New Milford, Conn., in 1809, and died in 1888. In 1812, his parents removed to Savannah, Ga., and in 1815, to Cleveland, Ohio. He attended the schools of Cleveland and in 1824 entered the "Academy" graduating in 1827; studied the French language in Detroit, Mich., 1827-28.

He returned to Cleveland and was in the employ of Richard Hilliard, dry goods merchant, until 1829. He then studied law and was admitted to the bar. In 1853, he went as secretary with Ex-Governor Reuben Wood of Ohio to

Valpariso, Chili, South America, where Mr. Wood served as U. S. Consul for some years.

He was married in 1835, to Loretta Wood, daughter of Governor Reuben Wood of Ohio; two children: a son and a daughter. The son died in San Francisco.

SURGEON SMITH MANOAH MILES, M. D.

Smith M. Miles, son of the Rev. Manoah Smith and Abigail (Isaacs) Miles, was born in New Haven, Conn., and died in Alleghany City, Cal., May 8, 1869; was buried in Marysville, Cal.

At an early age his parents removed to Chatham, Conn., from which town he entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1828. He studied medicine at Yale University and practiced his profession in Waterbury, Conn., and later in Georgia, from which state he was commissioned assistant surgeon of volunteers for the Mexican War, August 4, 1847. He served on the staff of General Scott and took part in the battles of Monterey and Monticello; was discharged July 20, 1848.

In 1849, he located in Marysville, Cal., and at once took a prominent part in the affairs of that town. He was elected its first mayor in 1851, and served again in 1853; represented Sierra County in the State Legislature in 1857. He was a member of the Episcopal Church, and a prominent member of the Masonic Fraternity. He was married three times. Two children survive him: Elizabeth, who married a Mr. Williams, and resided in Munson, Mass.

REV. ALONZO AMES MINER, D. D., LL. D.

Alonzo A. Miner, son of Benajah Ames and Amanda (Carey) Miner, was born in Lempster, N. H., August 17, 1811, and died in Tufts College, Mass., June 14, 1895. He prepared for college at the academies in Hopkinton, Lebanon and Franklin, N. H., and Cavendish, Vt. He entered the "Academy" at Norwich in the thirties and graduated about 1833.

He was associated with James Garvin (A. L. S. and M. A.) in conducting the Cavendish Academy in 1834-35. He was principal of the Unity, N. H., Scientific and Military Academy from 1835 to 1839. His cousin, Amasa Gleason, '36, was the instructor in drill and tactics and professor of Mathematics. He formed an earnest desire to enter the Universalist ministry, and in 1838, received the fellowship of that church and in 1839 was ordained as a minister. He preached his first sermon in Chester, Vt. in February, 1838.

He was pastor of the Methuen, Mass., church from 1839 to 1842; the church in Lowell, Mass. from 1842 to 1848. In 1848 he went to Boston and succeeded the Rev. E. H. Chapin, D. D., as colleague of the venerable Hosea Ballou at the Second Universalist Church; and as the successor of Dr. Ballou he presided over his parish until his death. Wherever he went, he soon made his influence felt in educational matters. He served on the school boards of Methuen, Lowell, and Boston and on the board of overseers of Harvard College. He was a member of the Massachusetts State Board of Education for nearly twenty-five years and for about twenty years was chairman of the board of visitors of the State Normal Art School, in the establishment of which he was largely instrumental. He served as secretary of the trustees of Tufts College and also as a member of the executive committee for some years prior

to his election as president of that institution, in 1862. He served as president until 1875, and under his able management the growth of the college was very great. He did not relinquish his Boston pastorate, nor did he reside at the "Hill," but for the college, as for every thing else with which he had to do, his remarkable executive ability accomplished large results. He resigned the presidency because he felt that it as well as his pastorate required the entire attention of its incumbent; but he continued to serve the trustees as a member of the executive committee until his death. He was president of the trustees of the Broomfield School at Harvard, Mass., of Dean Academy and of the Universalist Publishing House. Of the last, he was also president of the directors, having been the originator of the plan of its establishment. He was a pioneer of the first Universalist Home Mission and was a member of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, and of the executive committee of the American Peace Society.

He was known through the country as an uncompromising champion of the cause of temperance. He was president of the Massachusetts Temperance Alliance for twenty years, and allowed his name to be used on the Prohibition ticket for the governorship of the State, when every other candidate had been frightened from the field.

He delivered an almost numberless number of eloquent addresses, orations, and sermons. A few books and magazines article from his pen have been preserved. He contributed to the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, a paper on the *Doctrines of Universalism*; wrote a chapter in *The Unknown Country on Eschatology*, and was the author of the *History of Universalism in the Memorial History of Boston*. He also published *Old Forts Taken*, which has been published in several editions, as has also his *Bible Exercises for Sunday Schools*.

He gave largely to the schools of his denomination. Among other gifts to Tufts College, was the sum of forty thousand dollars for building the theological hall which bears his name. By his will, he left two thousand dollars each to Westbrook Seminary, Goddard (Vt.) Seminary, and Dean Academy; and made Tufts College his residuary legatee.

The honorary degree of A.M. was conferred upon him by Tufts in 1861; that of S. T. D. by Harvard in 1863; and that of LL. D. by Tufts in 1875. He was made an honorary member of the *Φ B K* in 1892.

He was married, August 21, 1836, to Maria S. Perley, of Lempster, N. H.



Rev. Alonzo Ames Miner.

GEORGE MINOT, A. B.

George Minot, son of James and Sally (Wilson) Minot, was born in New London, N. H., August 10, 1806, and died in Concord, N. H., March 8, 1861.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and the Pembroke Academy. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1824; graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1828.

He studied law in Bristol, N. H., and with N. G. Upham of Concord; was admitted to the bar in 1831; practiced his profession in Bristol and Gilmanton, N. H., 1831-34; removed to Concord, N. H., in 1834, where he made his home until his death; was cashier of the Mechanics' Bank, Concord, 1834-54, and president, 1854-61; was treasurer of the B. C. & M., R. R., 1847-61; was U. S. Pension agent, 1845-49, 1853-61.

He was a Democrat in politics and held several offices; was a member of the Constitutional Convention, 1850; member of the first Concord City Council, 1853.

He was married in Portsmouth, N. H., May 1, 1839, to Selina Walker Clark, who died August 7, 1909. Four children were born to them: Julia Maria Barrett, born June 13, 1842, married George H. Twiss, resides in Cleveland, Ohio; Henry Carroll, born October 30, 1845, died January 17, 1906; George Edward, born February 15, 1851, resides Littleton, N. H.; Edith Parker, born October 14, 1853, resides 18 Montgomery St., Concord, N. H.

LIEUT. JOHN WHITE MOOERS, U. S. N.

John W. Mooers, son of Major General Benjamin and Hannah (Platt) Mooers, was born in Plattsburg, N. Y., March 25, 1804; and died in New Haven, Conn., November 25, 1841.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1824.

He was appointed a midshipman, U. S. N., May 10, 1820. He served on the brig *Spark*, West India Squadron; was promoted lieutenant, May 17, 1828; served on the schooner *Dolphin*, Pacific Squadron, sloop *Faudatia*, West India Squadron, sloop *Marion*, coast of Brazil. He resigned September 22, 1841. He married Lucy Miller of New Haven.

JUNIUS SPENCER MORGAN.

Junius S. Morgan, son of Joseph and Sarah (Spencer) Morgan, was born in West Springfield, Mass., now Holyoke, April 14, 1813. He removed with his father to Hartford, Conn., in 1817. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and remained two years. He entered the employ of Alfred Welles of Boston, April 7, 1829, and remained with him until July, 1834, when he removed to New York City and became a clerk for the firm of Morgan, Ketchum & Co., where he remained eighteen months. He then returned to Hartford and became junior partner in the dry goods house of Howe, Mather & Co., which, in 1850, became Mather, Morgan & Co. In 1851, he became a partner in the dry goods house of J. M. Beebe, Morgan & Co., in Boston, one of the largest establishments in the United States. In 1854, became a partner in the firm of George Peabody & Co., of London, England, and in 1864, upon the retirement of Mr. Peabody, the firm became that of J. S. Morgan

& Co., and under this name the house grew in strength and influence until, at present, it ranks as one of the largest banking firms in the world.

He remained at the head of the house until his death. For thirty years, by his sterling ability and grasp of affairs, he remained a leader and a power not only in London, but throughout the financial world. He was an active member of the Protestant Episcopal church. He was vestryman of Christ Church, Hartford, 1845 until 1849, and was advisor of the orphan asylum, 1849-1853; a corporator of the Young Men's Institute, a trustee, 1838-'40, and vice-president in 1839. He was a member of the Governor's Foot Guards from 1838-1841, where his military training, received under Capt. Alden Partridge, proved of great aid to him. He was a liberal donor to Trinity College, and many charitable enterprises of his church.

He died from injuries received in being thrown from his carriage on the Riviera, April 8, 1890, at Monte Carlo, near the village of Eze. He was buried in Hartford, Conn.

He married, May 2, 1836, Juliet, daughter of the Rev. John Pierpont, of the Hollis street church, Boston. Five children were born to them: John Pierpont, born April 17, 1837; Sarah Spencer, born December 5, 1839, married George H. Morgan of New York City (of the line of James) June 28, 1866; Mary Lyman, born November 5, 1844, married Walter H. Burns of New York City, January 29, 1867, in London; Junius Spencer, Jr., born April 6, 1846, died, 1858; Juliet Pierpont, born December 4, 1847.



Junius Spencer Morgan.

ARTHUR BREESE MORRIS.

Arthur B. Morris, son of Lieut. William Walton Morris, U. S. A., and Sarah (Carpenter) Morris, was born in Morrisania, N. Y., in 1812, and died in New York City, August 11, 1869.

His father was a distinguished officer during the Revolutionary War, who served in the second artillery, Continental Line, and later on the staff of Gen. Anthony Wayne.

The subject of this sketch entered the "Academy" in 1826, remaining until 1829. He engaged in mercantile pursuits in New York City with his brother-in-law, Mr. Aquila G. Stoah, for several years. He then located in Mobile, Ala., where he engaged in the cotton business until the breaking out of the Civil War in 1861, when he returned to New York City. He engaged in the wholesale business in New York until his death.

He was a member of the St. Paul's Episcopal Church of Morrisania.

He married a Miss Mary Bard of Staten Island, who died in February, 1870; no children.

ANTHONY MORSE.

Anthony Morse, son of Wareham and Elizabeth L. (Lathrop) Morse, was born February 14, 1811, and died October 31, 1852; was buried in Lebanon, N. H.

He prepared for college in the schools of Lebanon, N. H., and entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1830.

He was married June 24, 1842, to Mary Ann Kelley, who died in New York City. Four children were born to them: Wareham Anthony, died a few years ago; Elizabeth Lathrop, died unmarried; Carlin, died in infancy; Emma C., born November 22, 1850, married Charles LeMoyné Mitchell, resides in New York City.

HON. ISAAC EDWARD MORSE, A. B.

Isaac E. Morse, son of Nathan and Martha Crawford (Nichols) Morse, was born in New Iberia, La., May 22, 1809, and died in New Orleans, La., February 11, 1866.

In 1820, his parents removed to New Orleans, where he attended the private schools. He prepared for college under the instruction of a tutor and at an academy in Elizabethtown, N. J.

He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1828, being distinguished for his scholarship and love of oratorical work. He entered Harvard University in 1828, and graduated A. B. in 1829; served as president of his class.

He studied law in New Orleans and Paris, France, and was admitted to the bar in New Orleans in 1834, where he practiced his profession until 1835. In this last year, he removed to St. Martinsville, La., where he made his home until 1851, when he returned to New Orleans and continued his practice until his death. He met with marked success in his profession, becoming one of the ablest attorneys in the country.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many positions. He represented his district in the state senate in 1838-42. In the fall of 1844, he was elected a representative to Congress, in place of Peter E. Bossier, deceased, and held this position until March 3, 1851; served as attorney general of Louisiana, 1854-56. He was appointed by President Pierce (q. v.) special envoy and minister to New Grenada, now Colombia, to demand indemnity for the murder of Americans crossing the Isthmus of Panama and to negotiate a treaty, serving during 1856-57. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married at Harlem Plantation, Plaquemines Parish La., January 8, 1835, to Margaretta Smith Wederstrandt, who died in Washington, D. C., July 25, 1893. Nine children were born to them: Edward Maleom, born December 30, 1835, died June 18, 1890; Charles Nathan, born February 8, 1837, died January 1, 1880; Alexander Porter, born October 19, 1842, resides in Washington, D. C.; Rosa, born January 8, 1844, died unmarried, October 4, 1897; Thomas Nichols, born November 13, 1845, died June 5, 1847; Mary Blake, born October 26, 1848, died unmarried, February 28, 1898; Louise, born March 20, 1850, died May 15, 1852; Helen Wederstrandt, born January 28, 1852, married Mr. Edward Janin, died August 22, 1904; Martha Cornelia, born October 30, 1854, resides in Washington, D. C.

HENRY MOWER.

Henry Mower, son of Henry and Hannah (Haile) Mower, was born in Woodstock, Vt., April 11, 1804.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1823.

He was elected ensign, in 1825, of the Woodstock Artillery, a celebrated organization of the early militia of Vermont, and served for some time. Later, he located in Michigan, where he lived a roving life with the Indians. He made his headquarters for a time at Paw Paw, where he died about 1850.

SAMUEL MOWER, A. B.

Samuel Mower, son of Henry and Hannah (Haile) Mower, was born in Woodstock, Vt., June 21, 1808, and died in Claremont, N. H., March 14, 1860.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and remained three years; was a student at the University of Vermont, 1824-25; graduated A. B. from Union College, in 1828.

He engaged in the manufacture of machinery in Boston, Mass., 1828-39, and 1845 to 1860. He removed to Michigan City, Ind., in 1839 and engaged in the forwarding and commission business until 1845, when he returned to Boston. He was the inventor of machines for making bricks, dry clay process, boots and shoes, rope and twine. He was a Whig in politics; was mayor of Michigan City, Ind., 1843-44. He was a member of the Episcopal Church, and I. O. O. F.

He was married, June 15, 1831, to Julia Ann Stearns of Woodstock, Vt., who died January 23, 1847. Four children were born to them: Samuel Belding, born February 4, 1832, died February 20, 1885; Henry Stearns, born March 13, 1833, resides Newton, Mass.; Mary Eliza, born February 1, 1836, married F. F. Wills of Calcutta, Ind., died August 15, 1895; Maria Elizabeth, born February 7, 1836, married John T. Shurtliff of Bennington, Vt., died September 15, 1881.

CAPT. JAMES MURDOCH.

James Murdoch was born in Havana, Cuba, in 1805, and died in Boston, Mass., in 1881. His parents were natives of Massachusetts.

He was sent to this country at an early age, and prepared for college at the academies in Medford, Mass., and Exeter, N. H., and entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1824. After graduating, he was employed by James Peabody of Salem, and sent on the famous ship *George*, on two voyages, in 1828 and 1829, to Calcutta. In 1830, he left the employ of Mr. Peabody and became master of a ship engaged in the East India trade, and subsequently became one of the "crack" captains of Enoch Train's celebrated line of packet ships between Boston and Liverpool. In 1848, he commanded the famous ship *Ocean Monarch*, when she was burned only a few hours out from Liverpool, on her return to Boston. This sad affair terminated his life on the ocean. He then became a resident of Boston, where he made his home until his death. He was a member of the Boston Marine Society and Somerset Club.

REV. BENJAMIN BALL NEWTON, A. B.

Benjamin B. Newton, was born in St. Albans, Vt., July 29, 1808, and died in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 17, 1875.

He entered the "Academy" in 1828, remaining about two years. He graduated A. B. from the University of Vermont in 1831; taught in the Burlington Academy, 1831-32; was a student at the Yale Theological Seminary, 1833-34; graduated at the Andover Theological Seminary in 1835; was ordained a Congregational clergyman on July 27, 1836; was pastor of the Congregational Church in Plattsburg, N. Y., 1836-39; was a home missionary in Pennsylvania, 1839-41; in Chelsea, Vt., 1841-46. He engaged in business and preached in St. Albans, 1846-55. He removed to Kansas in 1855, where he resided until 1863, when he removed to Brooklyn, N. Y. He was ordained a deacon in the Episcopal church on January 11, 1867, and was assistant rector of the Holy Trinity church in Brooklyn until his death. He represented St. Albans in the Vermont Legislature in 1849.

He was twice married; first, November 17, 1835, to Harriet Maria Smith of St. Albans. He was again married, February 3, 1842, to Adeline Prichard of Bradford, Vt. Two sons were born to them: Benjamin Ball, Jr., "N. C." '73; Edward Peabsons, now an Episcopal clergyman in Valdez, Alaska.

JOHN SANFORD NOBLE.

John S. Noble, son of the Rev. Birdsey Glover and Charlotte (Sanford) Noble, was born in Middletown, Conn., March 11, 1815, and died unmarried, in Ottawa, Ill., June 4, 1889.

He attended the Cheshire Academy and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1826, remaining until 1829.

He engaged in general mercantile business in Alton, Ill., and in the hardware business in Goshen, N. Y., previous to 1847; was in the employ of the South-Easton Iron Co., Easton, Pa., 1847-64; conducted a drug store in Easton, Pa., 1864-70; engaged with his brother, J. W. Noble, on contract work on the construction of the Ottawa, Oswego & Fox River Valley, R. R. (now part of the C. B. & Q. R. R. from Streator to Aurora, Ill., 1870-72. He retired from active work in this last year. He was a member of the Episcopal Church and a Republican in politics.

BVT. BRIG. GEN. WILLIAM HENRY NOBLE, A. M.

William H. Noble, son of the Rev. Birdsey Glover and Charlotte (Sanford) Noble, and brother of John S. Noble, '28, was born in Newtown, Conn., August 18, 1813, and died in Bridgeport, Conn., January 18, 1894.

In 1812, his parents removed to Middletown, where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and remained until 1828. He took part in the march to New York, July 1, 1826. He entered Washington College (Trinity) in 1828, and in 1830, the junior class of Yale University, graduating A. B. in 1832. He later received the degree of A. M. from this last Institution.

He taught for a short time in Bridgeport, in 1834; but soon began the study of law with Judge Joseph Wood of that city. He was admitted to the bar in 1836 and practiced his profession in Bridgeport, 1836-62.

He was commissioned colonel of the 17th Connecticut Volunteers, July 22, 1862. He performed conspicuous service in the battle of Chancellorsville, May 2, 1863, being severely wounded; was confined in a hospital in Washington, D. C., for some time and then given a furlough. Five days before the expiration of his furlough, he reported in Washington to join his regiment and take part in the repulse of Lee's movement north. He was directed to report to General Schenck, at Baltimore; from there he hastened to Gettysburg, where the famous battle was being fought. On his arrival he was given command of his brigade; was stationed at Cemetery Hill, Cutlets Hill, and from there to Fort Wagner; was ordered to Florida and commanded his brigade in Jacksonville; was ordered to relieve the 10th Connecticut Volunteers at St. Augustine, and was given command of the district comprising all Florida east of the St. John's River, and during this time commanded his brigade in expeditions under Generals Bunney, Gordon and Hatch. He was captured by "guerrillas" while proceeding to St. Augustine from Jacksonville to attend a court martial; was confined in prison in Tallahassee, Macon, Ga., and Andersonville, and was finally exchanged early in 1865. He was ordered to Vicksburg, and there given command of one thousand union troops, just released from Confederate prisons and ordered to Annapolis, Md. June, 1865. He was then ordered to Florida where he was in command of ordnance stores until July 1865; was mustered out of service at Hilton Head, S. C.,



Bvt. Brig. Gen. William Henry Noble.

July 19, 1865. On recommendation of General Grant, he was brevetted brigadier general for "meritorious services," March 13, 1865.

He was connected with several business enterprises; was instrumental in securing the charter of the Hoosatic R. R., and was secretary of the company for a number of years; was in partnership with P. T. Barnum during 1851-61, in the development of East Bridgeport. The beautiful Washington Park was laid out by them and given to the city.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many positions; he was states attorney Fairfield County in 1846; was clerk of courts of Fairfield County several years, was a Democratic candidate for Congress in 1859; represented Bridgeport in the House of Representatives in 1881; was for several years a councilman, and alderman of Bridgeport; was also chairman of the Board of Park Commissioners.

He was a member of the Christ Episcopal Church of Bridgeport, and its senior warden for several years; Bridgeport Scientific Society; Fairfield County Historical Society; G. A. R.

He was married October 16, 1839, to Harriet Jones Brooks of Bridgeport, who died June 30, 1901. Four children were born to them; Henrietta Matilda, born November 1, 1840, resides Jenkintown, Pa.; John Frederick, born June 7, 1844, died unmarried, April 14, 1910; Clarence Meigs, born March 8, 1859, died March 7, 1907; Fannie Sheldon, born August 1, 1859, married Mr. Eugene De Puy, resides Jenkintown, Pa.

SURGEON JAMES NORRIS, U. S. N.

James Norris was appointed assistant surgeon, U. S. N., December 10 1814.

He entered the "Academy" from Exeter, N. H., in 1820, and graduated in 1822. He served on the Ship of the Line, *Washington D. C.*, 1822-23; the schooner *Grampus*, West India squadron, 1824. In 1825, he was taken ill and was given sick leave, and owing to continued disability, he resigned from the service, June 20, 1826.

HON. WILLIAM OLCOTT, A. B.

William Olcott, son of the Hon Mills and Sarah (Porter) Olcott, was born in Hanover, N. H., September 17, 1806, and died in Shreveport, La., April 1, 1851.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1825; graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1827.

He studied law with Hon. Joseph Bell of Haverhill, N. H., and was admitted to the bar in 1830; practiced his profession in Hanover, N. H., 1830-35; in mercantile business, Rochester, N. Y., 1835-43; Buffalo, N. Y., 1843-46; Shreveport, La., 1846-51.

He was married May 28, 1833, to Harnet Ann Hinsdale, daughter of John Hinsdale, of Middletown, Conn., and brother of John T. Hinsdale, '28. Five children were born to them: Willis, born 1836, died about 1860; Caroline H., married, James Barrett; Theodore, died in infancy; Harrison Bell, died in infancy; William, born November 12, 1849, died unmarried, in Chicago, in 1890.

REV. THOMAS ROBESON OWEN, A. B.

Thomas R. Owen, son of Gen. James Owen, was born at Owen Hill, Bladen County, N. C., March 8, 1810, and died at Ingleside, Tenn., July 4, 1882.

He prepared for college in the schools of Wilmington, N. C., and entered the "Academy" from that city in 1825. He graduated with high rank in 1829. He then entered the University of North Carolina and graduated A. B. in 1831. He prepared for the Presbyterian ministry at the Union Theological Seminary, Prince Edward County, Va., and was ordained about 1833.

He was for some years pastor of Presbyterian churches in Washington, D. C., and in various cities in the South. He later joined the Baptist denomination and was pastor of many churches in the South. In 1870, he retired from the active ministry and made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Gibbs, at Ingleside, Tenn., near Covington. He was one of the best known clergymen in the South. He was a profound scholar and an eloquent speaker.

He was married at Washington, D. C., to Mary Flound McCotter, who died in 1876. Five children were born to them: of whom three survive, James of Covington, Tenn.; Thomas Robeson of Los Angeles, Cal.; and a daughter, Mrs. George R. Gibbs, of Ingleside, Tenn.

WILLIAM WETMORE ORNE.

William W. Orne, son of Samuel and Lucinda (Dwight) Orne, was born in Springfield, Mass., June 27, 1811, and died there April 29, 1852.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and the Phillips-Exeter Academy. He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1826.

He engaged in mercantile business for a short time, but possessing an ample fortune, retired from active business and devoted himself to study. He possessed a very complete library. He was a man of talent, uprightness and honor and was greatly respected by the people of his city.

He was married May 6, 1834, to Lucy Cassett Dwight of Springfield, Mass., who died, April 17, 1887, at Philadelphia, Pa. Three children were born to them: William, born February 11, 1835, died August 8, 1862; James Dwight, born September 11, 1836, died July 31, 1894; Lucinda Howard, born October 8, 1840, died December 29, 1895.



William Wetmore Orne.

HORACE PADDOCK.

Horace Paddock, only son of Hon. Ephraim and Abby (Phelps) Paddock, was born in St. Johnsbury, Vt., June 16, 1809, and died there, in 1877.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating in 1825. He was a clerk in a store in Lyndon, Vt., from 1825 until 1832, when he located in Troy, Vt. Here he engaged in mercantile business until 1845, when he returned to St. Johnsbury, Vt., where he made his home until his death. He was bookkeeper for the St. Johnsbury Iron Works, 1845-47; engaged in the wholesale tea and tobacco business in company with his father, 1847-60; engaged in farming near St. Johnsbury from 1860 until his death.

He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Emma J. Taylor, of St. Johnsbury.

JOHN GENDRON PALMER.

John G. Palmer, son of Joseph and Elizabeth Catherine (Percher) Palmer, was born on the "Springfield" plantation, St. John's Parish, Berkeley Co., S. C., in 1807, and died in St. John's Parish, July 19, 1840.

He prepared for college in the schools of Charleston, S. C., and entered the "Academy" in 1824, graduating in 1826. He engaged in planting at "Cherry Grove," St. John's Parish until his death.

He was married in 1829, to Catherine Marion Couturier, a descendant of Gen. Francis Marion. She died in 1895. Seven children were born to them: Francis Gendron, born September 7, 1832, colonel C. S. A., died at Warrentown, Pa., December 4, 1862; Harriet Marion, born in November, 1831, married Francis Marion Dwight, died in 1896; Eliza Catherine, born in 1834, married Isaac Stockton Keith Legare, resides at 92 Church St., Charleston, S. C.; Joseph, born in 1835, major C. S. A., died in July, 1898; John Gendron, Jr., born in 1840, died in 1856; Annie Maham, born in 1838, died in infancy; Charlotte Rebecca, born 1837, married Ellison Capers, brig. gen. C. S. A., afterwards Bishop of the Episcopal Church of South Carolina, died in 1908.

WILLIAM PARKER.

William Parker, son of James and Penelope (Butler) Parker, was born in Perth Amboy, N. J., July 18, 1807, and died at Colon, Isthmus of Panama, September 24, 1868.



William Parker.

He prepared for college at Mr. Chapman's school in Perth Amboy, and entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating in 1825. He assisted in making a topographical survey of Norwich and surrounding towns in 1824. (See cut of survey shown in Chapter VIII.)

He was assistant engineer on the construction of the Juniata Canal in 1825; was assistant engineer on one of the first railroads constructed in the United States, near Germantown, Pa.; was first assistant engineer on the Boston & Worcester R. R., 1833-35; chief engineer of the East Florida R. R. from 1835, to January, 1837; was consulting engineer of the Brunswick (Ga.) Canal Co., in December, 1837; was engineer of railroads from Brunswick (Ga.) to Tallahassee, (Fla.) October, 1838-July, 1839. He was superintendent of the Boston

& Worcester R. R., 1839-49, and on leaving this road, he was presented by the employees with a large silver tea service and water pitcher—by the directors with a silver cake basket, and by three friends connected with the road, with crayon portrait from which the accompanying cut is taken. He was superintendent of the Baltimore & Ohio R. R. from 1849, to December, 1853. He was given a leave of absence of three months for voyage to Europe on account of health. On leaving the railroad, he was presented by the employees with a

silver salver, a large tea service, a water pitcher, and a gold watch. He was consulting engineer on the construction of the first Niagara Falls Suspension Bridge, in 1857; also consulting engineer of the E. & N. American Ry., Fred-erickton, N. B., in 1858. He was consulted as expert by contractors of the Hammond River Viaduct, St. Johns, N. B., in regard to claims of the engineer in 1860. He was superintendent and engineer of the Jersey City waterworks in 1860. He was superintendent of the Panama R. R., from January, 1861, until September 24, 1868, when he was murdered in Colon. His family was given his full salary to January, 1869, and \$10,000 as a present.

He was married in Boston, Mass., in 1836, to Lucy Cushing Whitwell, a native of Augusta, Me., who died July 2, 1909. Seven children were born to them.

CAPT. WILLIAM PEARCE PARROTT.

William P. Parrott, son of John F. and Hannah (Parker) Parrott, brother of Capt. Robert P. Parrott, U. S. A., and cousin of William Pearce, '24, was born in Gloucester, Mass., about 1810, and died in Boston, Mass., March 4, 1868.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1825. He then engaged in civil engineering, becoming one of the best known engineers in New England. He was chief engineer of the Boston and Lowell R. R., and several other roads in Massachusetts. He was one of the founders of the Boston Society of Civil Engineers.

HON. SAMUEL PARTRIDGE.

Samuel Partridge, son of Isaac and Lois (Newton) Partridge, was born in Norwich, Vt., about 1802, and died in Elmira, N. Y., in 1880.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1822.

He was a merchant at Cold Springs, N. Y., for some time. He then studied law and located in Elmira, N. Y., where he made his home until his death and where he practiced his profession for many years. He also engaged in business and acquired a large fortune. He was a Democrat in politics and represented his district in the U. S. House of Representatives during 1841-43.

He was twice married. His second wife was a Miss Hart.

CAPT. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN PATTON.

Benjamin F. Patton, son of James Patton, was born in Asheville, N. C., February 16, 1807, and died in Clarksville, Ga., in December, 1840.

He attended the schools of his county and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1828.

He removed to Clarksville, Habersham County, in 1830, where he resided until his death. He built a large hotel, which he conducted for some years; also engaged in mercantile business and was for a time engaged in mining for gold. He was a public spirited citizen; gave the land on which the Presbyterian church was built in his town. During the Indian troubles in the thirties, he raised a company and served as captain for some time. General Scott, in his report to the War Department, states the company was the best in his com-

mand and that Captain Patton was the most efficient volunteer officer. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married Nannie Gage of Union County, S. C. One child was born to them: John Gage, captain Co. F, 1st Regiment, Georgia Regulars, C. S. A., and was killed in the second battle of Manassas.

REAR ADMIRAL HIRAM PAULDING, U. S. N.

Hiram Paulding, son of John Paulding, one of the captors of Major Andre, was born December 11, 1797, in Westchester County, New York, and died at Huntington, L. I., October 20, 1878.

He attended the village schools until September 1, 1811, when he was appointed a midshipman in the United States Navy. War with England was shortly afterwards declared, and he was ordered to join Commodore Chauncey's squadron on Lake Ontario. He was soon transferred to the *President*, flag-



Rear Admiral Hiram Paulding.

ship of Commodore Macdonough, and saw considerable fighting on Lake Champlain. Through the battles which followed, the American squadron being short of officers, Paulding, though under seventeen years of age, was entrusted with a lieutenant's duty and had charge of the second heavy gun division on board the *Ticonderoga*. For gallantry during the fight, Paulding was highly complimented by his commanding officer, and received a vote of thanks and a sword from Congress. After the war, he joined the squadron of Commodore Decatur, in the Algerian difficulty; and in April, 1816, became lieutenant by promotion and went on a three years' cruise on the *Macedonian*, in the Pacific Ocean.

Upon returning to the United States, he procured a leave of absence and spent two years of hard study at the American Literary, Scientific and Military Academy, graduating with the class of 1823. The same fall, he joined Commodore Porter's squadron as lieutenant on the *Sea Gull*.

In 1824, he was ordered to the frigate *United States*, and made another cruise of four years in the Pacific Ocean. For two years subsequent, he was on the frigate *Constitution*, and commanded the *Shark* from 1834 to 1837. He was promoted commander, February 9, 1837, and commanded the *Lerant* for three years. From 1841 to 1844, he was the executive officer of the New York Navy Yard. He was commissioned captain, February 29, 1844, and given command of the *Vincennes*, and in 1848, the *St. Lawrence*.

In 1851, he was given command of the Washington Navy Yard, and from 1856 to 1858 was in command of the Home Squadron, first with the

frigate *Potomac*, and afterwards the frigate *Wabash*, as his flagships. In 1857, he broke up the filibustering expedition of General Walker, which had landed at Greytown, Nicaragua, on the steamer *Fashion*, from Mobile.

The administration at that time being in sympathy with the extension of slave territory, in the interest of which this expedition was fitted out, Paulding's act was not sustained on the grounds that he had invaded the territory of a friendly state; but subsequently the Government of Nicaragua presented him with a sword and a large tract of land in recognition of his service to that Republic. The latter gift the United States Government did not permit him to accept.

On the outbreak of the Civil War, at the request of President Lincoln, Paulding accepted a detail to the Navy Department to assist in rehabilitating the navy. It was due to his foresight that the *Monitor* was so speedily equipped for service.

In July, 1862, the grade of Rear Admiral was created, and Captain Paulding was one of the ten distinguished retired officers to receive it. From 1866 to 1869, he was governor of the Naval Asylum in Philadelphia, and in 1870, he was assigned to the nominal duty of port admiral in Boston. This service ended in 1874, when he retired to his farm at Lloyd's Harbor, L. I., where he made his home until his death.

CAPT. WILLIAM PEARCE.

William Pearce, son of William Jr., and Clarissa (Sargent) Pearce, was born in Gloucester, Mass., in 1805, and died in Calaveras County, Cal., in 1887.

He attended the schools of his city, the Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1825.

He was a sea captain for some years, and, in 1849, removed to California, where he engaged in ranching in Calaveras County.

JAMES DUANE PELL.

James D. Pell, son of Alfred and Adelia (Duane) Pell, was born near Hyde Park, N. Y., about 1810, and died in New York city, in 1880.

He prepared for college in the schools of New York city, and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1829.

He engaged extensively in agricultural pursuits at Esopus, N. Y., for many years.

He was married about 1836, to his cousin, Sophia Pell, who died about 1875. Two children were born to them; Mary, died unmarried, 1890; Walden, died in New York city in 1895.

ROBERT LIVINGSTON PELL.

Robert L. Pell, son of Alfred and Adelia (Duane) Pell, was born in New York city, May 8, 1814, and died there February 11, 1880.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1829. He was a student at Yale University from 1829 until 1832, when he went to Europe, where he travelled extensively until 1833.

He returned to New York and later owned a fine stock and fruit farm at Esopus, Ulster, County, N. Y., where he made his summer residence for

many years. He was president of the Agricultural Institute in New York city many years. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married, July 8, 1837, to Maria Louisa, eldest daughter of James L. Brinkerhoff of New York city. Mrs. Pell died November 10, 1866. Three children were born to them: Adelia Duane, born July 4, 1838, married Mr. John B. Ireland, resides in New York city; Robert Troup, born January, 1840, died April, 1868; James Brinkerhoff, born in July, 1841, died unmarried, in January, 1870.

CYRIL PENNOCK.

Cyril Pennock, son of Peter and Phoebe (Fellows) Pennock, was born in Strafford, Vt., December 13, 1799; and died in St. Paul, Minn., March 2, 1880.

In 1818, his parents removed to Norwich, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in September, 1820, being the first cadet to enroll at the Institution, and graduated in 1823.

He taught school in Windsor, Vt., during 1823-25 and in Rutland, Vt., during 1824-26. He returned to Norwich in 1826, where he made his home until May 1876, when he removed to St. Paul, Minn., where he resided until his death. He taught school in Norwich and vicinity many years; also engaged in mason work; was superintendent of schools of Norwich several years. He was a Democrat in politics and a member of the Masonic Fraternity.

He was married May 15, 1825, to Sarah, daughter of Daniel Wetherlee of Windsor, Vt. She died in St. Paul, Minn., November 22, 1902. Twelve children were born to them: Sarah Jane, born June 11, 1826, married Henry Wesley Williams, resides in Minneapolis, Minn.; Mary Lucinda, born June 10, 1828, married Royal L. Burge, "N. U." '52, died January 12, 1910; Joseph Napoleon, "N. U." '46; William Lewis, born August 22, 1832, died in Boston, Mass., March 9, 1885; Charles Emmet, born October 8, 1835, died October 10, 1858; Cynthia Amanda, born February 20, 1838, resides in St. Paul, Minn.; Martha Adams, born May 18, 1840, died March 3, 1841; George Edward, born April 3, 1842, died June 30, 1843; Frederick, born November 3, 1844, served in Company B, 6th Vt. Volunteers, and was killed while guarding General Brooks' headquarters on the banks of the Chickahominy River, June 27, 1862; George Edward, born April 27, 1847, resides in St. Paul, Minn.; Adelaide, born May 26, 1849, married Clifton M. Davis, resides in St. Charles, Ill.; Sylvester Morris, "N. U." '68.

CAPT. NATHAN LOVEMAN PENNOCK.

Nathan L. Pennock, son of Peter and Phebe (Fellows) Pennock, was born in Strafford, Vt., June 10, 1814, and died in Somerville, Mass., December 10, 1907.

In 1818, his parents removed to Norwich, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1829, remaining two years.

At an early age, he learned the harness-making trade and worked at this trade at intervals for many years. He was a fine musician and taught singing schools in various parts of New England, during the winter months. He made his home in Norwich until 1839, when he removed to Randolph, Vt., where he worked at his trade for some time, also engaged in building. He built the first

two story school house erected in that town, also the Grace church. In 1863, he removed to Lexington, Mass., and in 1864, to Somerville. He was in the employ of the McLean Asylum for twelve years and then conducted a harness shop. In 1884, he was appointed janitor of the Davis Grammar School in Somerville, which position he held until his death.

He was a Republican in politics and while in Randolph, held several positions; was postmaster, 1853-61, and justice of the peace, several years. He served on the staff of Col. Ira Kidder, Vermont Militia, of Randolph, for twelve years with rank of captain. He was a member of St. Thomas' Episcopal Church of Somerville; Phoenix Lodge, F. and A. M. of Randolph, Vt.; White River Lodge, I. O. O. F. of Bethel, Vt.

At the age of 93, he was a remarkably well preserved man; was able to read and write without the aid of glasses. He told the compiler of this history in 1907, that he attributed his remarkable health to the early training he received at the old "A. L. S. & M. Academy," under Captain Partridge.

He was twice married: first, March 7, 1844, to Ellen Moulton, niece and adopted daughter of Hon. Dudley Chase. She died July 22, 1873. Four children were born to them: Ellen Maria, born January 8, 1846, married John F. Tenney, resides in Federal Point, Fla.; Mary Alice, born September 3, 1848, died January 29, 1879; Sarah Elizabeth, born July 1, 1853, married J. L. Tyler, died October 12, 1898; Salmon Cotton, born December 18, 1854, now a nurse, resides in Somerville, Mass. He was again married, December 20, 1877, to Mrs. Mary Ann (Foster) Cheney, a native of Randolph, Vt., who survives him and resides in Pittsburg, Pa. Two children were born of this marriage: Annie Louise, born December 8, 1878, married George N. Putnam, resides in Newton, Mass.; Nathan Lewis, born August 1, 1880, resides in West Somerville, Mass.



Capt. Nathan Loveman Pennock.

ALFRED PERKINS, A. B.

Alfred Perkins, son of Gen. Simon and Nancy (Bishop) Perkins, was born in Warren, Ohio, in 1811, and died there, unmarried, March 31, 1840.

He entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1829. He then entered Yale University and graduated A. B. in 1833.

His health failing, he traveled in southern Europe during 1837 and 1839, in hopes the change of climate would prove beneficial. He was a fine student and gave promise of a brilliant career.

PROF. EDWIN STURTEVANT PERKINS.

Edwin S. Perkins, son of Nathan and Hannah (Sturtevant) Perkins, was born in Woodstock Vt., January 18, 1805, and died in Harrisburg, Pa., June 18, 1876.

He prepared for college in the schools of Windsor and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He was an accomplished musician and played in the cadet band.

Soon after graduating he removed to Pennsylvania, where he taught school for some years; was professor of Music and instructor in Fencing at the Pennsylvania Military Institute, Harrisburg, Pa., 1845-48; also conducted the boarding hall connected with the school. He was in the employ of the Pennsylvania R. R. at the time of his death.

He was twice married. His first wife was a Miss Farwell of Hartland, Vt. His second wife was a Southern lady.

JUDGE HAMILTON ELIOT PERKINS.

Hamilton E. Perkins, son of Roger Eliot and Esther (Blanchard) Perkins, was born in Hopkinton, N. H., November 23, 1809, and died in Concord, N. H., January 6, 1886.



Judge Hamilton Eliot Perkins.

He attended the schools at Pembroke and Derry, N. H., and graduated from the Phillips Exeter Academy. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1824. In 1823, he accompanied the corps of cadets in a march from Norwich, Vt., to Concord, N. H. The corps stopped at his father's house in Hopkinton, where they were royally entertained, and in the evening a ball was given in the town hall in their honor.

He attended the Harvard Law School, 1824-26, and was admitted to the bar in the latter year. In 1827, he settled upon a large estate, which he had inherited in the northern part of Hopkinton, called Contoocook, where, in addition to his professional work as a lawyer, he built mills, promoted agriculture and was one of the chief promoters of the thriving settlement at this point. In 1856, he moved to Concord, N. H., where he resided until his death. He was judge of probate, Merrimack County, 1855-74; was president of the Contoocook Valley R. R., (afterwards the Concord & Claremont) for several years. He was postmaster of Contoocook, 1849-53; was also president of the Merrimack County Agricultural Society for many years. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married May 14, 1832, to Clara Bartlett George, of Concord, N. H., who died March 31, 1902. Eight children were born to them of whom four survived their parents: George H., commodore U. S. N., died October 28, 1899; Hamilton, resides in Boston, Mass.; Harriet M., married Judge William L. Foster, resides in Boston, Mass.; Susan George, resides in Concord, N. H.

MAJ. CARLTON HOLMES PERRY.

Carlton H. Perry, son of Col. William and Christian (Marsh) Perry, was born in Quechee (Hartford) Vt., March 25, 1802, and died in Keokuk, Ia., December 26, 1880.

He attended the schools of his town and of Hartland, where his parents removed in 1807. He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823. He taught school, winters, in Hartford and Hartland, Vt., until 1825, when he returned to the "Academy" as instructor of penmanship, which position he held until 1827; was instructor in Algebra, 1827-28, Mathematics, 1828-29, and adjutant of the corps, 1828-29.

In the fall of 1829, he caught the cry of "Westward Ho!" as it rang through the New England towns, and resolved to cast his lot in the unknown "far west." He resigned his position at the "Academy" and proceeded to St. Louis, Mo., after a three weeks passage by stage and by boat down the Ohio River. Here he spent six months teaching school and singing school.

In the spring of 1830, he removed to Jacksonville, Ill., where he clerked in the store of a relative, Dr. Gillette, a native of Hartford, Vt. He soon formed a partnership with Dr. Gillette, which continued a few years. He then engaged in business alone until 1838, when with three others, he took a contract to build a part of the newly projected Illinois Central R.R. between Rock River and Bloomington, in Illinois, which undertaking was suspended in the fall of 1839, for want of funds.

In 1841, he moved to Fort Madison, Ia., and engaged in the mercantile business until 1851, when he removed to Keokuk, where he made his home until his death. He soon became identified with the business interests of that town. He engaged in mercantile business with his brother-in-law, Arthur Wolcott, for several years. In the meantime he became a large property owner in Keokuk. In company with David W. Kilbourne, Hugh S. Reid, and William Leighton, engaged in building the Keokuk, Fort Des Moines & Minnesota R. R. (Des Moines Valley) projected in 1855. They advanced the means for the completion of the road and by the terms of the contract with the State of



Maj. Carlton Holmes Perry.

Iowa came into possession of a large tract of land in north western Iowa, which made them independent. He leased the road upon its completion and managed it several years.

He took great interest in military affairs; was a colonel in the Illinois Militia; served as an officer in the Black Hawk war; was commissioned a colonel of volunteers for the Mexican War, but did not serve owing to the close of the war. He was an active supporter of the Union cause and on the breaking out of the Civil War he assisted in organizing and drilling troops for the service; was commissioned major of the 3d Iowa Cavalry, August 26, 1861, and served with General Curtis until November 18, 1862, when, owing to failing health, he was forced to resign his commission.

He was a Republican in politics, but never accepted office. He was a member of the Unitarian Church and assisted in organizing in October, 1853, the first church of that denomination in Keokuk; was president of the Keokuk Library Association, 1874 and 1875.

He was married November 28, 1833, to Elizabeth Ann Wolcott, daughter of Elihu Wolcott of East Windsor, Conn. She died December 2, 1892. Two children were born to them: Howard Wolcott, born July 8, 1835, resides, Humboldt, Ia.; Kathryn, born September 21, 1837, resides at Capri, Italy. He adopted Saidee, daughter of Arthur Wolcott and Sarah Ann Morrison of Pennsylvania, and made her an equal heir in his estate.

COL. WILLIAM HENRY PETTIS, U. S. A.

William H. Pettis, son of Frederick Pettis, was born in Windsor, Vt., in 1808, and died February 29, 1880.

He attended the schools of his town and was a cadet at the "Academy" during 1824-26. He entered the United States Military Academy, July 1, 1827, and graduated July 1, 1832; was commissioned brevet 2d lieutenant, First United States Artillery on graduation; was promoted 2d lieutenant, September 30, 1833; served at Beaufort, N. C., and at Fort Monroe, Va., 1832-33; on duty in the Creek Nation, 1833-34; served at the Charleston, S. C., harbor, 1834-36. He served in the Florida War in 1836, being engaged in the defense of Volusia, April 11, 1836; and in the skirmish with the Indians, May 8, 1836; resigned his commission, September 11, 1836.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of New York; was commissioned lieutenant colonel of the 50th New York Volunteer Engineers, September 18, 1861; was promoted colonel, June 3, 1863. He engaged in the defence of Washington, D. C., September 20, until November 28, 1861; was stationed at the Engineer Department at Washington, November 29, 1861, until March 18, 1862; served in the Peninsular campaign with the Army of the Potomac, March until September, 1862, being engaged in the siege of Yorktown, April 5 until May 4, 1862, and as engineer on the Chickahominy and James Rivers, from June until September, 1862; was stationed at the Engineer Department at Washington, from September until November, 1862; was engaged in repairing roads and wharves at Aquia Creek, Va., November, 1862, until March, 1863. He served with the army of the Potomac in the Rappahannock campaign, from March until June, 1863. He was engaged in a skirmish, while constructing a pontoon bridge at Pollock's Mills, April, 29, 1863, at Banks Ford May 3, 1863; Deep Run, June 5, 1863. During

June-July, 1863, he served in the Pennsylvania Campaign. He was stationed at the Engineer Department, Washington, D. C., July 3,-September 2, 1863, October, 1863 until March, 1864; and at Rappahannock Station, Va., September 3, until October 10, 1863, March until April, 1864. He was in command of the Engineer Department, Washington, D. C.; and in supplying the Army of the Potomac with engineer equipment, April, 1864, until June, 1865; was mustered out of service, June 14, 1865.

He was assistant commissioner for the distribution of supplies to destitute Florida Indians, during 1836-37. He was then appointed civil engineer in the service of the United States. He superintended harbor improvements at Salmon River, N. Y., 1836-46; on the Genessee River, N. Y., 1842-46; at Buffalo, N. Y., 1853-55; and at Dunkirk, N. Y., in 1855. He superintended the construction of the Buffalo custom house and post office; was engaged in general engineering work near Buffalo, during 1859-61.

He married Anna Mansfield of Watertown, N. Y.

CHARLES EDWARD PHELPS.

Charles E. Phelps, son of Dr. Edward and Sally (Swan) Phelps, was born in Stonington, Conn., in 1808, and died there, unmarried, in 1834.

He prepared for college at the Stonington Academy and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1828.

He engaged as a captain in the whale fisheries until his death, meeting with marked success.

GEN. EDWARD ARAH PHELPS.

Edward A. Phelps, only son of Capt. Arah and Eltham (Mills) Phelps, was born in North Colebrook, Conn., March 26, 1808, and died there, October 19, 1885. His father was a distinguished soldier of the Revolutionary War.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He was a fine student and a powerful athlete, being one of the few cadets of his time, able to keep pace with Captain Partridge in his "forced marches."

He studied law with Judge Gould in his famous school in Litchfield, Conn., 1828-29; but feeling that his father needed his assistance in the management of his large estate, gave up that course and returned to the family homestead, which he finally inherited and where he lived until his death. The estate, under his able management, became one of the most productive in the State and noted



Gen. Edward Arah Phelps.

for its prize herd of dairy cattle. He was director of the Hurlburt National Bank of Winsted, Conn.

He was a Democrat in politics and held all the important town offices; represented the town in the Legislature, in 1841 and 1851, also served as State Bank Commissioner, 1853. He took great interest in the State Militia; was ensign of the 7th company, 21st regiment, August 21, 1827; promoted lieutenant, April 21, 1829; captain, 6th company, same regiment, August 12, 1830; major, May 16, 1832; lieutenant colonel, May 12, 1834; colonel, April 13, 1835; brigadier general, 6th brigade, May 13, 1836. He was a capable business man and acquired a valuable property; was a fine scholar and of commanding presence and genial disposition. He was highly respected by the citizens of his State and was a favorite pupil and lifelong friend of Captain Partridge.

He was twice married: first, January 23, 1835, to Elizabeth Strong Carrington of Middletown, Conn., who died October 12, 1847. Three children were born to them: Elizabeth, born February 15, 1838, died, December 5, 1845; Edward Arah, born December 15, 1840, died September 11, 1884; Carrington, born October 3, 1847, resides in North Colebrook, Conn. He was again married, February 6, 1850, to Charlotte Green Swasey, a sister of the wife of Capt. Alden Partridge. She died without issue, July 19, 1891.

SURGEON EDWARD ELISHA PHELPS, M. D., A. M., LL. D.

Edward E. Phelps, son of Elisha and Susanna (Eastman) Phelps, was born in Peacham, Vt., April 24, 1803; and died in Windsor, Vt., November 20, 1880.

He prepared for college in a private school in Cornish, N. H., and under the tuition of Rev. Mr. Crosby of Charlestown, N. H. He was a student at Yale University, during 1819-20 and in September of this last year he entered the "Academy," graduating in 1823.

After serving for a time on a United States training ship in the Boston harbor, he entered the Yale Medical College, and graduated M. D. in 1825.

His health beginning to fail, he went South and accepted a position in an engineering party making a survey for canals in the Dismal Swamp in Virginia, where he remained until 1828. During his connection with this survey, he made a careful study of the botany of the region and continued his studies in the natural sciences.

In 1828, he began the practice of his profession in Windsor, Vt., which he continued for many years.

He was professor of Anatomy and Surgery at the University of Vermont, 1835-37; lecturer on Materia Medica, Medical Botany and Medical Jurisprudence, Dartmouth Medical College, 1841-42; Medical Botany, 1842-49; professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics, 1842-49; professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine, Pathology, and Anatomy, 1849-71; professor of General Pathology, 1871-75; *Emeritus* professor from 1875 until his death.

He was commissioned surgeon in the United States army in 1861. Soon after the Peninsula Campaign, he was placed in charge of the hospitals in Kentucky, which under his able administration became the most perfectly conducted of any in the country. He was commissioned a brigade surgeon, February 4, 1862; and was placed in charge of the general hospital in Brattle-

boro, Vt., which was one of the largest in the country. Here he remained until the close of the war. He was brevetted lieutenant colonel, United States Volunteers, June 1, 1865, "for faithful and meritorious service during the war"; was mustered out of service, June 27, 1865.

He was one of the ablest physicians and surgeons of his time. He made many discoveries in his profession and gave to the world several celebrated remedies. In 1835, the University of Vermont conferred upon him the degree of A. M., and LL. D., in 1857. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married in Boston, Mass., September 4, 1832, to Phoebe Foxcroft Lyon, a native of Bakersfield, Mass., who died December 17, 1887. Three children were born to them: Elisha, born July 6, 1831, died in Arizona; Mary, born July 24, 1833, resides in Windsor, Vt.; George Benedict, born June 14, 1836, died November 22, 1869.



Surgeon Edward Elisha Phelps.

REV. JOHN CHARLES PHILLIPS, A. B.

John C. Phillips, son of Hon. John Phillips, first mayor of Boston, and Sally (Walley) Phillips, was born in Boston, Mass., August 15, 1807, and died there, November 5, 1878.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1824. He then entered Harvard College and graduated A. B. in 1826. He prepared for the Congregational ministry at the Andover Theological Seminary, graduating in 1832. He was ordained, December 18, 1833, and served as pastor of the First church in Weymouth, Mass., 1833-37 and the Methuen, Mass., church, from 1839 until 1860, when owing to failing health he was forced to give up the ministry. He made his home in Boston from 1860, until his death.

He was married, December 24, 1835, to Harriet, daughter of Francis Welch of Boston, Mass. Seven children were born to them: Margaret Welch, born July 12, 1835; John Charles, born in October, 1838; Emily Susan, born in June, 1842; Harriet W., born in May, 1845, died young; Merriam W., born in May, 1849; Anna Dunn, born in October, 1850; Caroline Crowninshield, born in July, 1852.

HON. PHILLIP PHILLIPS, A. M.

Phillip Phillips, was born in Charleston, S. C., December 17, 1807, and died in Washington, D. C., January 14, 1884.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy

in 1823, and graduated in 1826. In 1836, the University conferred upon him the degree of A. M.

He studied law in Charleston, S. C., and was admitted to the bar in 1828. He was a Democrat in politics and held many positions. He was a member of the South Carolina state constitutional convention of 1832, known as the Nullification Convention. He was elected to the State Legislature in 1834; but resigned in 1835, before the expiration of his term, and moved to Mobile, Ala., where he practiced his profession with marked success. He was president of the Alabama state convention in 1837, and in 1844 was elected to the State Legislature and was re-elected in 1852. In 1852, he was a member of the Democratic National convention at Baltimore, where he made a speech for the election of Franklin Pierce. He was a member of Congress from Alabama, during 1853-55, but declined re-election. He then moved to Washington, D. C., and practiced law until the Civil War, when he removed to New Orleans, La.. After the close of the war, he returned to Washington where he resided until his death.

He was a prolific writer on law subjects. In 1840, he prepared a *Digest of Decisions of the Supreme Court of Alabama*, and was the author of *Phillips' Practice of the Supreme Court of the United States*. He became one of the most noted lawyers of his time, and was connected with some of the most noted law cases of the country.

He was a member of the Board of Governors of the Metropolitan Club, Washington.

He was married September 7, 1836, to Eugenie Levy of Savannah, Georgia, who died in Washington, D. C., April 1, 1901. Ten children were born to them: Clavius, born June 1, 1833; Fanny, born June 6, 1840, married Charles S. Hill, deceased; Caroline, born November 27, 1842, married Frederick Myers, deceased; Salvadora, deceased; Eugene, deceased; John Walker, born February 22, 1848, resides in New Orleans, La.; John Randolph, born November 3, 1850, deceased; William Hallett, born June 16, 1853, deceased; Emma Louise, married Octavus Cohen; Phillip Lee, born March 1, 1855, assistant librarian, Congressional Library, Washington, D. C.



Hon. Phillip Phillips.

GEN. SAMUEL LEONARD PITKIN.

Samuel L. Pitkin, son of Samuel and Sarah (Parsons) Pitkin, was born in East Hartford, Conn., April 1, 1803, and died there, February 18, 1845.

He attended the schools of Hartford and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1823. He engaged in the dry goods business in Hartford during

1824-40; was associated with his father in the manufacture of gunpowder at Upper Pitkin Falls, Conn., 1836-45; was for some years director of the United States bank; was president of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Hartford for several years.

He took great interest in the State militia, serving as captain, 1823-30; colonel, 1832-35; brigadier general September 7, 1835-May 19, 1836; major general, 1836-38. He was adjutant general of the State with rank of major general, 1838-44. He was a Democrat in politics and held several offices; represented Hartford in the House of Representatives in 1840; was also State senator.

He was married, December 21, 1831, to Mary Ann, daughter of Dr. Nathaniel Lewis of New Haven, Conn. She died September 11, 1891. He is survived by two sons: William H., who resides in Boston, Mass., and James S., who resides in New Haven, Conn.

EBENEZER WATSON POMEROY.

Ebenezer W. Pomeroy, son of Dr. Thaddeus and Eliza Mason (Sedgwick) Pomeroy, was born in Stockbridge, Mass., May 13, 1806, and died in California, June 22, 1861.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1825. He went to California in 1849, where he engaged in business until his death.

He was married in Lexington, Missouri, June 11, 1835, to Maria Aull, daughter of John and Margaret (Fortune) Aull.

PROF. FREDERICK ADOLPHUS PORCHER, A. M.

Frederick A. Porcher, son of George and Marianne Gendron (Palmer) Porcher, was born at Cedar Spring Plantation in St. John's, Berkley, near Charleston, S. C., January 16, 1809, and died in Charleston, S. C., October 15, 1888.

He attended Mr. Steven's school in Pineville, Mr. Dickson's school in Charleston, and the Charleston College, 1822-24. He entered the "Academy" in April, 1824, and remained until April, 1825, when he entered Yale University and graduated A. B. in 1828. He later received the degree of A. M. from Yale.

He read law with Mazyck & Frost in Charleston for some time, but owing to the sickness of his mother gave up his studies and returned to the plantation, "Cedar Spring." In the spring of 1835, while attending a brigade encampment, he was taken with a hemorrhage of the lungs. This left him in such feeble health he determined to make a voyage to Europe, and travel on the continent. He spent eighteen months in travel and study in Europe. In 1848, he was elected professor of History and *Belles-Lettres*, at the College of Charleston, which position he held until 1881. From this date and until 1886, he lectured before the advanced classes at that Institution.

He was a profound student and a successful teacher and an authority on South Carolina and Southern history. His lectures, frequent addresses and essays, all gave evidence of thorough research and classic taste.

He published the *History of Craven County, S. C.*, in the *Southern Quarterly Review* in 1852, which was issued in book form in 1887; *History for Santee County*, for the South Carolina Historical Society, and published by the society

in 1903; and *Memoir of General Gadsden*. He contributed many articles to *Russell's Magazine*, and to the *Southern Quarterly Review*, and to several other periodicals.

He was one of the founders of the South Carolina Historical Society in 1855, serving as its president, 1875-1888. He took an active interest in the Charleston Library, serving as president from 1855 to 1861.

He was a Democrat in politics and ardent States Rights advocate. At an early age he took an active part in the political affairs of his county and State. He represented his county in the State Legislature in 1832 and 1836 and 1838, taking an important part in the deliberations of that body.

He was three times married: first, February 22, 1832, to Rebecca Rhodes, who died in November, 1834; no children. He was again married, March 22, 1838, to Emma Caroline Gough, who died April 29, 1848. Four children were born to them: Edward Gough, born June 22, 1839, surgeon C. S. A., died October 15, 1865; Anne Smith, born October 30, 1841, resides in Charleston, S. C.; Frederick George, born April 15, 1844, served in C. S. A., died June 16, 1866; Celia Lightwood, born March 8, 1847, resides in Charleston, S. C. He was married the third time, September 17, 1850, to Caroline Smith Parker, who died June 23, 1888. One child, Mary Rutledge, born August 27, 1851, died December 15, 1892.



Prof. Frederick Adolphus Porcher.

CAPT. THOMAS CORDES PORCHER.

Thomas C. Porcher, son of Philip and Catherine (Cordes) Porcher, was born in St. Stephens Parish, Charleston County, S. C., February 27, 1809, and died there, unmarried, August 31, 1862.

He prepared for college at the Pineville Academy and at the schools in St. Stephen's parish and Charleston. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

He was an extensive cotton planter until his death. He was captain of the St. Stephen's Co. State militia, which he enrolled for service during the "Nullification" trouble in 1832.

THOMAS WILLIAM PORCHER, M. D.

Thomas W. Porcher, son of Samuel Porcher, was born in St. Stephen's Parish, Charleston County, S. C., August 26, 1807, and died at his plantation, "Walworth," February 11, 1859.

He prepared for college in the schools of Charleston, S. C., and was, for a

time, a student at South Carolina College. He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1825. He studied medicine, but only practiced on his plantation, "Walworth," where he located in 1838, and where he made his home until his death.

He was a Democrat in politics and held several positions. He represented his parish in the State Legislature, several times; was also for several years a member of the parish school board. He traveled extensively in Europe.

He was married, May 15, 1828, to Elmira Cerdes Gaillard, who died about 1888. Five children were born to them: Julius Thuedon, lieutenant colonel, C. S. A., killed at Missionary Ridge in 1863; Mary M., wife of Rev. C. P. Gadsden; Eleanor Gaillard, wife of John G. Gaillard; John Stoney, captain, 10th South Carolina Volunteers, C. S. A., now a resident of El Paso, Tex. His oldest grandson, Samuel Poreher, is purchasing agent for the Pennsylvania R. R., and another grandson, Edward Miles Gadsden is chief clerk, money order department, Washington, D. C.

COMMODORE GEORGE ALDRICH PRENTISS, U. S. N.

George A. Prentiss, son of John and Diantha (Aldrich) Prentiss, and brother of J. W. Prentiss, '22, was born in Keene, N. H., January 25, 1809, and died unmarried, in Carson, S. C., April 8, 1868.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating in 1824.

He was commissioned a midshipman in the U. S. Navy, March 1, 1825. He was promoted past midshipman, June 4, 1831; lieutenant, February 9, 1837, and commander, September 14, 1855.

He performed active duty at all the naval stations, and was twice ordered to the Mediterranean. At the opening of the Civil War, he was in command of the *Seminole*, twenty guns, and was ordered to join the Brazilian squadron. His vessel was pronounced unseaworthy, but his orders were peremptory, and he reached Brazil safely. He was highly complimented by British officers and by his own commodore for the fine appearance of his ship and for his good seamanship. He was recalled to New Orleans and made his way to Washington with difficulty during the summer of 1861. Reporting at Washington, he was given command of the steam gunboat *Albatross*, and joined the fleet, blockading the coast of the Carolinas. Several prizes were proof of his efficiency. Owing to impaired health he was forced to resign his commission. He was promoted commodore, October 24, 1861, and placed on the retired list. He was an efficient officer and received the praise of Admiral Goldsborough for his bravery in action.

COL. JOHN WILLIAM PRENTISS.

John W. Prentiss, son of John and Diantha (Aldrich) Prentiss, and brother of Commodore G. A. Prentiss, '24, was born in Keene, N. H., February 28, 1806, and died there, August 17, 1863.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1820, graduating in 1822.

Upon graduation, he entered the office of his father, editor and proprietor of the *New Hampshire Sentinel*. In 1828, he became a partner, under the firm name of J. & J. W. Prentiss. The company did an extensive book publishing

business in addition to printing the *Sentinel*. In 1848, his father retired from the firm and the son continued the business under the firm name of J. W. Prentiss & Co., until 1853, when he sold his interests in the newspaper and a portion of the publishing business, continuing the latter through New York and Boston connections.

He was a member of literary and social societies in Keene. He took an active interest in military matters; was colonel of the 28th Regiment, New Hampshire militia.

He was married, May 28, 1851, to Eleanor May, a native of Eversham, England, who died February 18, 1906. Three children were born to them: William Herbert, born March 22, 1853, now editor of the *Sentinel*; Fanny May, born December 8, 1857, died August 24, 1858; John, born September 25, 1861, died in Boston, Mass., March 23, 1898.

REV. EDWARD GOLDSBOROUGH PRESCOTT, A. M.

Edward G. Prescott, son of Hon. William and Caroline C. (Hickling) Prescott, and brother of William Hickling Prescott, was born in Salem, Mass., January 2, 1804, and died April 11, 1844.

He entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1823. He then entered Harvard University and graduated A. B. in 1825, and later received the degree of A. M. from the Institution. Subsequently he studied law with his father and practiced the profession in Boston for a short time.

He then studied for the Episcopal ministry, and in 1837, was given a church in New Jersey, where, the labors proving severe, his health failed, and, he decided to visit the Island of St. Michael, one of the Azores. He embarked with confident hope of recovery, but the second day out he was suddenly prostrated and the next morning, April 11, 1844, he died, and his body was consigned to the Atlantic Ocean.

He rose to the rank of colonel in the State militia and was a Representative in the State Legislature from Boston.

He was married in New Jersey. His wife survived him only a few years; no children.

MAJ. HENRY JOSEPH RANNEY, A. M.

Henry J. Ranney, son of Moses and Elizabeth (Gilchrist) Ranney, was born in Middletown, Conn. in 1808, and died unmarried at Lewisburg, La., May 1, 1865.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1828; received the degree of A. M. from the University in 1836.

He was an assistant engineer on the early surveys and construction of the Baltimore & Ohio R. R. He was assistant engineer on the Lexington & Ohio R. R. between Frankfort and Lexington, Ky., June-August 16, 1832; was promoted chief engineer on this last date and held the position until the road was completed in 1835. This was the first railroad constructed west of the Allegheny Mountains. The surveys were begun in September, 1830, and the construction, October 20, 1831. The cars were drawn by horses until January, 1835, when the first locomotive was put in operation. On the completion of this road, he became associated with his classmate, Col. W. S. Campbell, in

various engineering enterprises and maintained with him the closest friendship until his death. He removed to New Orleans in 1836; was chief engineer of the New Orleans and Nashville R. R. until the enterprise was abandoned in 1842; was engineer on the construction of the road from New Orleans to Lake Pontchartrain.

He leased from the state the canal that connects New Orleans with the lake and the Gulf of Mexico, which he conducted until his death; was chief engineer of the New Orleans, Jackson & Great Northern R. R., now the Illinois Central R. R., and its president 1860-65, making his headquarters during the war at Canton, Miss., the terminus of the road; was president and large stock holder of the New Canal and Shell Road; was an extensive owner of real estate in the New Orleans vicinity. He was one of the wealthiest and most respected citizens of New Orleans. He was universally esteemed for his amiable and genial traits of character.

He was a Whig in politics and repeatedly represented New Orleans in the State Legislature and was a member of that body when it passed the ordinance of secession. He was not in favor of secession, yet his interests were so involved in the South he was obliged to cast his fortunes with the State. After Lee's surrender, he sought to enter New Orleans, but learning, that he would meet with hostile reception by the Federal authorities, concluded to cross the country some miles east of Lewisburg on Lake Pontchartrain. He was in feeble health, and not able to stand the many hardships which he was obliged to undergo. He rapidly grew worse and died at Lewisburg. He took great interest in military affairs and was major in the Louisiana militia.



Maj. Henry Joseph Ranney.

HON. DAVID SETTLE REID.

David S. Reid, son of Reuben Reid, was born in Rockingham County, N. C., April 19, 1813, and died at Pleasantville, N. C., June 19, 1891.

He attended the "Academy" during 1827-29. Upon his return home, he read law and was admitted to the bar in 1834. In 1835, he was elected state senator from his county and served for five successive terms.

In 1842, he was elected to the U. S. House of Representatives, and served during 1843-47. In 1848, he was candidate for governor of the State on the Democratic ticket, but was defeated. In 1850, he was elected to the office and served two terms. During his second term as a governor, the General Assem-

bly elected him to the U. S. Senate, which position he held until March 3, 1859. He represented Rockingham county in the Secession Convention of 1861. He served some time in the Confederate congress, and was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1875.

BENJAMIN HURD RHOADES, A. M.

Benjamin H. Rhoades, son of Ebenezer and Sarah (Hurd) Rhoades, was born in Boston, Mass., August 26, 1811, and died in Newport, R. I., December 23, 1880.

He attended the schools of his town and Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and remained two years; graduated A. B. from Brown University in 1833, later received the degree of A. M. from that Institution; graduated from the Newton Theological Institution in 1836.

He was an instructor in the University Grammar School, Providence, R. I., 1836-39; was a classical teacher in New York, 1839-41; Brookline, Mass. 1842-48; Jamaica Plain, Mass., 1848-49. He was principal of a school, conducted by Rev. John A. Charles, D. D., in Providence, 1849-54; was engaged in tutoring, 1854-56. In 1856, he established the Washington Square Family School for boys in Newport, which he conducted until 1859, when he accepted the position as librarian of the Redwood Library, Newport, R. I., which position he held at his death. He served as corresponding secretary of the library during 1860-70; was assistant secretary 1870-72; secretary, 1872-80. He was a fine classical student. He left a widow and one daughter.

CAPT. CHARLES RICH.

Charles Rich, son of the Hon. Charles and Molly (Watts) Rich, was born in Shoreham, Vt., July 30 1802, and died in Lapeer, Mich., July 16, 1872.



Capt. Charles Rich.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823.

He then engaged in farming in Shoreham, making a specialty of raising merino sheep, until 1837, when he sold his farm and located in Conneautville, Crawford county, Penn. Here he engaged in the mercantile business until 1847, when he located in Lapeer, Mich., where he resided while his house was being erected in the wilderness in Elba township. In January, 1848, he removed to his farm and began the life of a pioneer. In January, 1857, he removed to Lapeer, where he made his home until his death. In 1867, he formed a partnership with E. L. Thompson and John T. Rich of Shoreham, and engaged in the lumbering business until 1872, meeting with success.

He was at first a Whig and later a Republican in politics, and held several positions; was a candidate for Congress while residing in Pennsylvania; was county supervisor and county judge of Lapeer county, Michigan, while residing in Elba; was county clerk and register of deeds, 1857-61; judge of probate, 1861-69; also held several village offices in Lapeer. He was a member of the State Board of Agriculture for four years and rendered valuable aid in promoting the State Agricultural College. Rich township in Michigan was named in his honor. He served as captain in the Pennsylvania militia. He was a member of the Universalist Church.

He was married March 18, 1827, to Betsey Treadway of Shoreham, who died in April, 1884. Four children were born to them: Mary Elizabeth, born 1829, died August 6, 1847; Charles Napoleon, born in 1830, died September 3, 1847; a daughter born in 1845 died in infancy; Mary Jeanette, born July 10, 1851, died in 1864.

BREVT. MAJ. SAMUEL CHASE RIDGELY, U. S. A.

Samuel C. Ridgely was born in Annapolis, Md., 1809, and died in Georgetown, D. C., July 6, 1859. He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1827.

He entered the United States Military Academy, July 1, 1827, and graduated, 9th in his class, July 1, 1831; was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 4th United States Artillery, same date; 1st lieutenant, September 16, 1836; and captain, February 16, 1847, same regiment; was assistant professor of Mathematics at West Point, August 28, 1831, until October 4, 1834; was principal assistant professor of Engineering, October 4, 1834, until August 28, 1839; was on leave of absence in the West in 1832, and took part in the Black Hawk Expedition; at camp of instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on northern frontier duty during the Canadian Rebellion, with headquarters in Detroit, Mich., 1839-41 and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841-42; was stationed at Fort McHenry, Md., 1842-43; was acting judge advocate U. S. A., February 8, 1843, until March 11, 1847. He served in the Mexican War, 1847-48, taking part in the battle of Contreras, August 19-20, 1847; Molino del Rey, September 8, 1847; assault and capture of the city of Mexico, September 13-14, 1847. He was stationed at the New Orleans Barracks, La., 1848-49; served in the Seminole War in Florida, 1849-50; Fort Lafayette, N. Y., 1850-51; Fort Johnson, N. C., 1851; Fort Sumpter, S. C., 1851-52; Fort Ontario, 1852-53; Fort Mifflin, Pa., 1853; Fort Independence, Mass., 1853-54; was a member of the board to revise the Rifle and Infantry tactics at West Point, August 2, 1854, until January 15, 1855; Fort Independence, Mass., 1855-56. In 1856, his health beginning to fail, he received a leave of absence; but was not again able to rejoin his regiment, and died in 1859. He was brevetted major, August 20, 1847, for "Gallant and meritorious conduct in the battles of Contreras and Chertubusco, Mexico."

MONCURE ROBINSON, A. M., LL. D.

Moncure Robinson, son of the Hon. John Robinson and Agnes Conway (Moncure) Robinson, was born in Richmond, Va., February 2, 1802; and died in Philadelphia, Pa., November 11, 1891.

He entered William and Mary College in 1815, and in 1818 received the degree of A. M., though the youngest student in the Institution.

In 1818, he accompanied the party sent out by the Board of Public Works of Virginia to make a topographical survey and run a line of levels from Richmond to the Ohio River. While on this trip, he explored the great coal fields of West Virginia and made valuable reports thereon. In 1821, he visited the Erie canal and was able to form an estimate of the ability of canals as competitors of railroads, and from this time, he became a steady advocate of the advantages of railroads over canals. He entered the "Academy" to pursue advanced work in civil engineering under Captain Partridge, and graduated in 1824. In 1836, the University conferred upon him the degree of LL. D., in consideration of his great work in the line of civil engineering and philosophical research.

In 1825, he went to France and made a study of the public works, especially its harbors. He also visited England and Wales, and during his stay in England became well acquainted with George Stephenson, the noted engineer; and was consulted by him in regard to the tunnel then under construction at the Liverpool and Manchester Railway. He returned to the United States in the latter part of 1827, and early in 1828 was called by the canal commissioners of Pennsylvania to make the survey of the Pottsville and Danville Railroad, with a view to the development of the anthracite coal fields. This was the first steam railroad in the United States. Later in this year, he made the survey for the Alleghany Portage Railroad, and in 1831 was engaged in the construction of the Petersburg and Roanoke and the Richmond and Petersburg railways. On the latter, he built the long bridge at Richmond over the James River, a structure remarkable for its economical cost and noticed by Michel Chevalier in his work published in 1840 on the public improvements of this country. This report gives a full account of the plans, cost, and details of the bridge. It attracted the attention of the profession generally, and from it has sprung the iron lattice bridge, so much used now in Europe. About this time, he began the construction of the Richmond and Fredericksburg, and the Winchester and Potomac Railways. In 1834, he began the crowning achievement of his professional career, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, a work stamped for all time with the genius of its first engineer. For this railroad, he constructed the bridge at Black Rock tunnel, over the Schuylkill. This was the first large stone structure built for a double track railroad; and wonderful even now for the small cubic contents of its masonry, 3,471 cubic yards. In 1836, Elihu Chauncy, first president of the road, prevailed upon him to visit England and negotiate a loan for its completion as far as Pottsville.

While in London, he became acquainted with Isambard Kingdom Brunel, builder of the famous Thames tunnel, who submitted to him the plans of the Bell Rock Lighthouse, off the east coast of Scotland. In 1840, was completed the "Gowan and Marx" engine, after his plans. The report of the unprecedented performance of this engine reached the Czar of Russia, with the result that in that year, he sent an offer to him, looking to the procuring of his services as engineer over the grand system of railroads he was about to build for the Russian Empire. This tempting offer he declined, as he was unwilling to leave his own country and his family. His last professional work was his examination of the New York harbor in 1842, during President Tyler's administration, to decide on a suitable site for the great, dry dock now situated at Wallabout. He retired, in 1847, from active public life. Since then,

he forwarded the completion of the great Metropolitan route connecting Baltimore and the South. He established the Bay Line of steamboats running between Baltimore and Norfolk, Va. In 1835, he located in Philadelphia, Pa., where he resided until his death.

He was an honorary member of the American Philosophical Society.

He was married, February 2, 1835, to Charlotte Randolph, daughter of Bennett and Susan Beverly (Randolph) Taylor, and grand-daughter of Edmund Jennings Randolph, first attorney-general of the United States. Eight children were born to them.

STEPHEN MINOR ROUTH

Stephen M. Routh, son of Job and Ann (Miller) Routh, was born at "Routhland" near Natchez, Miss., December 18, 1808, and died in Wheeling, Va., July 11, 1858, while there on a visit.

He entered the "Academy" in 1824 and graduated in 1826. He owned a large plantation, "Roughwood," in Tensas Parish, La., where he lived until his death. He was a Whig in politics, but never held office.

He was married to Ann Eliza, daughter of Gen. Horatio Stephenson and Eliza (Hall) Sprigg. Ten children were born to them: Horatio, died in Tensas Parish, about 1878; Alice, died unmarried, about 1905; Job, died about 1880; Stephen M., died about 1897; Pauline married Dr. Robert Percy of St. Joseph, La., died about 1875; Octo, who became a minister of the Church, deceased; Clarence, died in Covington, La., 1910; Charles B., died in New Orleans, La., 1907; Amelia, widow of Nicholas Sadler, died at Natchez, 1909; Ernest, died about 1890.

COL. CHARLES JAMES RUSS, A. M.

Charles J. Russ, son of John and Sally (Dodd) Russ, and cousin of John D. Russ, '24, was born in Hartford, Conn., June 9, 1812, and died there, February 21, 1861.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1829. He graduated A. B. from Trinity College in 1831, and later received the degree of A. M., in course from that Institution. He took an active interest in the State Militia; served for some time in the "Governor's Foot Guards," Hartford.

He was married, November 27, 1847, to Mary Kirtland Cooke, a native of Catskill, N. Y., who died, February 19, 1901. Two children were born to them: Mary, born October 7, 1848, died, September 29, 1858; Charles Trumbull, born January 16, 1853, died, May 2, 1881.

SURGEON JOHN DENISON RUSS, A. B., M. D.

John D. Russ, son of Dr. Parker and Elizabeth (Cogswell) Russ, was born in Essex (then the parish of Chebacco in Ipswich) Mass., September 1, 1801, and died in Pompton, N. J., March 1, 1881.

He graduated A. B. from Yale University in 1823, and entered the "Academy" in the summer of that year, graduating in 1824. He studied medicine for some time with Dr. John D. Wills, professor of Anatomy and Physiology in Bowdoin college. He continued his studies in the Baltimore and Boston Medical Schools, and graduated M. D. from the Yale Medical School

in 1825. After spending a year in hospitals abroad, he begun practice in New York city, but in June, 1827, sailed from Boston in charge of supplies for the Greeks in their struggle for liberty. He remained in Greece, superintending the development of a hospital service, until his health failed in the spring of 1830. He also made use of his military training received at the "Academy," in aiding in the organizing and drilling the Greek patriots. On his return to America, he again entered practice in New York city. At an early date, he became interested in the condition of poor children, suffering from ophthalmia in the city hospitals, and at his own cost made, in March, 1832, the first attempt at the instruction of the blind, which was made in America. He was, in the same year, appointed superintendent of the newly-chartered New York Institution for the Blind, and in that position introduced many devices and methods of teaching which have been permanently useful. In the midst of these labors his health failed, and he was compelled to resign and seek restoration by a long absence in Europe. After his return, he engaged in numerous other philanthropic schemes; served from 1846 to 1854 as the corresponding secretary of the Prison Association of New York. He originated measures, in 1849, which led to the incorporation of the New York Juvenile Asylum in 1851. He was the superintendent of this asylum, resigning in 1858. He was also a member of the Board of Education of the city of New York from 1848 to 1851. During his old age, he resided in Pompton, N. J., making further improvements in methods of printing for the blind, and interesting himself in other general studies.

He was married in 1830 to Eliza P. Jenkins, daughter of a captain in the English navy. She survived him, with one granddaughter.

WALTER WEBSTER RUSSELL.



Walter Webster Russell.

Walter W. Russell, son of Moor and Betsey (Webster) Russell, was born in Plymouth, N. H., March 5, 1806, and died unmarried, in Gainesville, Ala., June 17, 1878.

He prepared for college at the academies in Plymouth and Haverhill, N. H., and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1824.

He was a clerk for D. M. & W. W. Russell, general merchants, Plymouth, N. H., from 1825, until 1837, when he removed to Gainesville, Sumpter Co., Ala., where he engaged in mercantile business for many years. He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired a valuable property.

He was a man of excellent business capacity; was prominent in social and business life in Gainesville. He was an active member of the Presbyterian Church.

GEORGE OSBORN RUSSELL.

George O. Russell, son of Samuel and Mary (Osborn) Russell, was born in Middletown, Conn., in 1815, and died there, October 9, 1849.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1827, remaining two years. He engaged in business in Middletown until his death.

He was twice married; first, May 16, 1813, to Augusta Harriet Mather, who died April 8, 1844; no children. He married the second time, Amelia Charlotte Mather, (sister of his first wife). Two children were born to them: Samuel, resides in Middletown, Conn., and George O., died unmarried, about 1890.

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM HUNTINGTON RUSSELL, A. M., M. D.

William H. Russell, son of Deacon Matthew Talcott and Mary Gray (Huntington) Russell, was born in Middletown, Conn., August 12, 1809, and died in New Haven, Conn., May 19, 1885.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1826, graduating in 1828. He graduated A. B. from Yale University, in 1833; was valedictorian of his class; was founder of the famous "Skull and Bones" society of Yale University, which was incorporated as the Russell Trust Association; received from Yale the degree A. M. in course, and M. D., in 1838.

He was a tutor at Yale in 1836, and instructor in a school at Princeton, N. J. He established, in September, 1836, the famous Collegiate and Commercial Institute at New Haven, Conn., which he conducted until his death. He followed closely the plan of his old instructor, Captain Partridge, in paying especial attention to the military drill. The school attained a high reputation for its military and academic work. Between three and four thousand students received instruction at this school, many of whom became distinguished in the various walks of life, and a large number served in the Union Army during the War.

In 1862, he was appointed by Governor Buckingham, major general in command of the State Militia, and had full charge of the drilling and equipping the various regiments for service in the Civil War. He reorganized the State militia system.

He was at first a Whig in politics, and was later one of the founders of the Republican party. He was one of the earliest abolitionists, and was a personal friend of John Brown, who was at many times a guest at his house. He was the Connecticut representative of the National Anti-Slavery Committee before the Civil War.



Maj. Gen. William Huntington Russell.

He was married August 29, 1836, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Hubbard, Professor at Yale University Medical College. She died December 10, 1890. Ten children were born to them: Lucy Gray, born July 17, 1837, died, April 2, 1838; Frances Harriet, born August 14, 1839, died December 29, 1889; Henrietta Lee, born August 2, 1841; Mary, born December 29, 1844, died June 7, 1847; Talcott Huntington, born March 14, 1847, A. B., Yale, 1869, LL. B. Columbia, 1871, resides and practices law in New Haven; William Huntington, born March 23, 1850, died February 27, 1851; Dr. Thomas Hubbard, born December 14, 1851, Ph. B. Yale, 1872, M. D., Yale, 1875, professor Yale University Medical College, 1883, to present time, and surgeon New Haven Hospital, 1878-1908, resides in New Haven; Philip Gray, A. B., Yale, 1876, LL. B. Yale, 1878, born February 14, 1854, died July 21, 1900; Edward Hubbard, born December 27, 1855, Ph. B., Yale, 1878, resides in London, England; Robert Gray, born September 17, 1860, died August 21, 1880, while a sophomore in Yale College.

ADOLPHUS SKRINE RUTHERFORD.

Adolphus S. Rutherford, son of Robert and Eliza Jane (Howard) Rutherford, was born in Milledgeville, Ga., March 4, 1810, and died in Montgomery, Ala., December 24, 1861.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1826 and graduated in 1828. He engaged extensively in planting in Milledgeville until he removed to Columbus, where he lived until his death.

He was a Whig in politics and held several offices; was sheriff of Muscogee Co., Ga., 1852; clerk of the Supreme Court, 1857-60; was a delegate to the State convention in Milledgeville in 1861, which passed the ordinance of secession in that year. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. Fraternity of Columbus, Ga.

He was married in 1830, to Susan Bird Thweatt, of Sparta, Ga., who died July 10, 1881. Six children were born to them: Elizabeth Peterson, born June 1, 1833, married Rouvele Ellis, resides in Columbus, Ga.; Robert Ropes, born in October, 1835, died about 1860; Augustus Howard, born February 14, 1837, died May 11, 1908; Mary Rutherford, born August 2, 1841, married Joseph W. Jones, resides in Columbus; Adolphus Skrine, born October 19, 1842, resides in Columbus; Sallie Howard, born, September 13, 1844, married Dr. William Foyle, resides in Columbus, Ga.

HON. WILLIAM RILEY SANFORD.

William R. Sanford, son of Clark and Rebecca (Conkey) Sanford, was born in Orwell, Vt., March 4, 1805, and died there September, 23, 1899.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1827.

He engaged in farming and sheep raising in Orwell, Vt., 1827-1899, being one of the best known and successful sheep raisers in this country; was one of the first to import the Merino sheep from Spain. He went to England, France, Spain and Germany in 1852, and imported many valuable cattle and sheep.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices in his town, county and State; represented Orwell in the House of Representatives in 1853 and 1854; was State senator in 1857 and 58; was doorkeeper, U. S. House of Representa-

tives, Washington, D. C., 1862-63. He was a member of the Congregational Church, Independence Lodge, F. and A. M., of Orwell.

He was married October 14, 1828, to Emily Bascom of Orwell, who died November 22, 1881. Seven children were born to them: William Clark, born August 31, 1829, died February 12, 1903; Oliver Bascom, born August 2, 1831, died December 5, 1891; Caroline, born March 19, 1834, married Charles Barrett, resides in Freeport, Ill.; Charles, born May 3, 1836, died October 24, 1908; Helen Elvira, born October 16, 1838, died March 3, 1860; Harriet Semantha, born March 13, 1841, married Walter O. Ray of Orwell, died January 22, 1863; Emily Clara, born June 16, 1849, married Charles Nelson Brainerd of St. Albans, Vt., resides in Orwell, Vt.

LIEUT. COL. RICHARD BEDON SCREVEN, U. S. A

Richard B. Screven, son of Dr. Richard Bedon and Alice (Pendarvis) Screven, was born in Grahamville, S. C., March 12, 1808, and died in New Orleans, La., March 16, 1851.

He entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1825. He entered the U. S. Military Academy, July 1825, and graduated in 1829; was commissioned second lieutenant, 2d United States Infantry, July 1, 1829; served at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1829-31; was transferred to the 4th Infantry, August 18, 1831; served at Baton Rouge, La., 1831-32; Fort Jessup, La., 1832, Baton Rouge, La., 1832-35; Bay of St. Louis, Miss., 1835; Fort Woods La., 1835-36; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, in 1836-37, being engaged in the skirmishes at Camp Izard, February 27-29, and March 27, the battle of Okoklikaha, March 31, 1836; on Indian duty, April 20 to August 7 1837; engaged in the battle of Okel-cho-bee, December 25, 1837; was commissioned captain, 8th Infantry, July 7, 1838; on duty at Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1839-40, during the Canadian Rebellion; on recruiting service, 1840; at the Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; Florida War, 1840-42; at Fort Brooke, Fla., 1842-44; Key West, Fla., 1844; in the military occupation of Texas, 1845-46.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he was ordered to Mexico with his regiment, where he performed distinguished services. He was engaged in the battle of Monterey, September 21-23, 1846; siege of Vera Cruz, March 9-20, 1847; battle of Cerro, Gordo, April 17-18, 1847; capture of San Antonio, August 20, 1847; battle of Cherubusco, August 20, 1847; battle of Molino del Rey, September 8, 1847. He was brevetted major, September 23, 1846, for "gallantry and meritorious conduct in the battle of Monterey;" and lieutenant colonel, September 8, 1847, for "gallant and meritorious conduct" in the battle of Molino del Rey. He was engaged in recruiting service at Albany, N. Y., 1848, until the latter part of 1850, and was then ordered to join his regiment in Texas. He was taken sick *en route* and died in New Orleans.

He was married June 27, 1831, to Louise Pintard Davidson, who died December 24, 1889. Five children were born to them; Richard Davidson, born July 6, 1832; Mary Hancock, born August 2, 1834, died in September, 1835; Eliza Ellen, born September 1, 1836, married a Mr. Janvier; Alice Cuthbert, born November 25, 1840, died unmarried, February 15, 1871; Julia, born February 20, 1843, was twice married first, to a Mr. Cushman, second to a Mr. Meredith.

LIEUT. AUGUSTINE FORTUNATUS SEATON, U. S. A.

Augustine F. Seaton, was born in Washington, D. C., in 1810, and died at Fort Gibson, Indian Territory, November 18, 1835.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He entered the U. S. Military Academy July 1, 1828, and graduated July 1, 1833; was brevetted 2d lieutenant, 7th United States Infantry, July 1, 1833; promoted 2d lieutenant, September 28, 1834. He was on detached service in New York City during 1833-34; on frontier duty at Fort Coffee, I. T., 1834, and Fort Gibson, I. T., 1834, until his death.

HON. PHILO COLLINS SEDGEWICK, A. B.

Philo C. Sedgewick, son of Benjamin and Olive (Collins) Sedgewick, was born in Cornwall, Conn., July 18, 1810, and died there, November 26, 1867.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1828; graduated A. B. from Union College in 1831.

He studied law at the Litchfield Law School, Conn., and practiced his profession in Harrisburg, Pa., 1835-55. He returned to Cornwall in 1858, where he resided until his death. He was very successful in his law practice; was clerk of the Circuit court in Pennsylvania for some time. He was a Republican in politics; represented his town in the State Legislature, 1861-65. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity.

He was married October 2, 1833, to Eliza, daughter of John Adams of Canaan, Conn. She died March, 1910. Five children were born to them: William, born November 7, 1834, died, March 12, 1835; Ada Louise, born March 16, 1836, died, December 2, 1866; John Benjamin, born January 24, 1840, died October 18, 1867; Emily Pamela, born April, 1842, married H. P. Tracy of Elmwood, Ill. now resides in Falls Village, Conn.; Harry, born May 6, 1848, died in Cornwall, Conn., June 26, 1906.

HON. THEODORE SEDGEWICK, A. B.

Theodore Sedgewick was born in Albany, N. Y., January 27, 1811, and died unmarried in Stockbridge, Mass., December 9, 1859. He was the son of the second Theodore of this distinguished family, a lawyer of marked ability. His mother was a grand-daughter of Gov. William Livingstone of New Jersey, and was an author of note. The first Theodore Sedgewick was the well known statesman of western Massachusetts, justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, member of Congress, and speaker of the House of Representatives. The subject of this sketch entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1826, and received the degree of A. B. from Columbia College, N. Y., in 1829.

He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1833. The following fifteen months, he passed in Europe, principally in Paris, as *attaché* to the U. S. embassy, under Edward Livingstone. On his return, he practiced law successfully in New York until 1850, when failing health forced him to retire from active professional labor. President Buchanan tendered him the mission to the Hague, in 1857, and he twice declined the office of assistant secretary of state. In January, 1858, he was appointed United States attorney

for the southern district of New York, which office he held until his death. He was president of the New York Crystal Palace Association in 1852. He was trustee of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York, 1842-59.

He was a frequent contributor to periodicals and newspapers, and published a number of books, mostly memoirs and works on law.

DANIEL MERRILS SEYMOUR.

Daniel M. Seymour, son of Thomas and Catherine (Merrils) Seymour and cousin of Thomas H. Seymour, '29, was born in Hartford, Conn., in 1800, and died there, October 12, 1870.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1827. He engaged in the wholesale leaf tobacco business in Hartford until his death.

He married Sarah Phelps of Hartford. Two children were born to them: Ellen, married Charles Beckwith, and died in St. Paul, Minn.; Catherine, married a Mr. Wheelock, and resides in Massachusetts.

HENRY SEYMOUR.

Henry Seymour, son of Moses, Jr., and Mabel (Strong) Seymour, was born in Litchfield, Conn., November 25, 1808, and died in Painesville, Ohio, November 25, 1857.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He was for some years employed in the Bank of Brattleboro, at Brattleboro, Vt., with his uncle, Epaphro Seymour. Later, he removed to Towleville, Ohio, where he was employed by an extensive iron and steel company until his death.

He married Lavina Hunt of Springfield, Mass., who died in a few years after her husband. No children were born to them.

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR, LL. D.

Horatio Seymour, the oldest son of the Hon. Henry and Mary Ledyard (Forman) Seymour, and cousin of Col. Thomas H. Seymour, '29, was born in Pompey Hill, near Utica, N. Y., May 31, 1810, and died there at the home of his sister, Mrs. Roscoe Conkling, February 12 1886.

In 1819, his parents removed to Utica, where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1828; received the degrees of LL. D. from his *alma mater* in 1859, and from Union College in 1873.

He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Utica, in 1832. The death of his father in August, 1857 devolved upon him the settlement and management of his large estate and withdrew him from the practice of the profession.

He was an ardent Democrat, and soon became a factor in the political affairs of his party; he held many minor positions; was elected to the State Assembly in 1844, and successively re-elected until 1847; was speaker of the House, 1845-47; was mayor of Utica in 1842. He was nominated for governor in 1850, but was defeated by the Whig candidate. In 1852, he was again his party's nominee for governor, and was elected by a large majority. In 1854, there were four candidates for the office and the Whig candidate was elected. He served again as governor during 1863-65.

In his inaugural address, on January 1, 1863, he said: "Under no circumstances can the division of the Union be conceded. We will put forth every exertion of power; we will use every policy of conciliation; we will guarantee them every right, every consideration demanded by the Constitution and by that fraternal regard which must prevail in a common country; but we can never voluntarily consent to the breaking up of the union of these states or the destruction of the Constitution."

During his term of office, Governor Seymour commissioned more than 13,000 officers in the volunteer service of the United States in the Civil War. In August, 1864, he presided over the Democratic national convention at Chicago, which nominated General McClellan for the presidency. He also presided over the convention of 1868, held in New York, which nominated him

as a candidate for President, and Gen. Francis P. Blair, Jr., for vice-president. This election shows his great popularity through the country, as Gen. U. S. Grant, the successful candidate, only received a plurality vote of 305,456.

In 1868, he was appointed on the first commission of State Fisheries; served on the State Board of Surveys in 1876-79, being president of the board in 1878; was presidential elector in 1876. He took deep interest in military affairs and served on staff of Governor Marey, 1833-39, with rank of colonel.

He was distinguished at the "Academy" for his oratorical ability. His tastes were rather for statesmanship than the law. He was one of the most eloquent speakers of his time. He was criticised for his actions during the Civil War, yet subsequent events showed he was

one of America's greatest statesman. No man of our country has passed through such a stormy political career, more perfectly immaculate in personal reputation. No man now of that party has subsided into patriotism, whose words were received by men of all political creeds with a greater assurance that they came from absolute purity of motive, and from a clearer sighted vision derived from the largest experience.

Many appreciative eulogies were published at his death: we quote from the *London Times*. "Death has of late dealt unsparingly with American notables, but there has been no other loss in recent years which has occasioned one tithe of the genuine mourning, or evoked one tithe of the heartfelt eulogies which will be called forth by the death of Horatio Seymour." He was a great political student, and possessed a fine library rich in historical and political works.

He wrote many articles for the various newspapers and magazines of the



Hon. Horatio Seymour.

country. His writings and reports, if collected, would prove very useful to the students of the history of our country.

In 1879, he retired to his Deerfield farm, "Glen Davie," near Utica, where he passed his last days among his books in the study of history, political and the natural sciences.

He was an able botanist and geologist, and took especial delight in the management of his farm, being popularly known as the "Deerfield Farmer." One of the last positions he held was road master in his town.

He served for some years as president of the National Dairymen's Association. He was the first president of the Oneida Historical Association; also a member of the American Prison Association. He was an active member of the Episcopal Church, and served as warden many years, also represented his parish and diocese at the Church conventions.

He was married at Albany, N. Y., May 31, 1835, to Mary, daughter of John R. and Hetty Bailey (Linn) Bleeker. She died in 1886; no children.

HON. THOMAS HENRY SEYMOUR, A. M., LL. D.

Thomas H. Seymour, son of Henry and Jane (Ellery) Seymour, and cousin of Horatio Seymour, '28, was born in Hartford, Conn., September 29, 1807, and died there, unmarried, September 16, 1868.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1829. The University conferred upon him the honorary degrees of A. M., in 1844, and LL. D., in 1855.

He was for some time after he returned to Hartford the commanding officer of the Hartford Light Guard. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1833. He soon attained a fair practice, but never aspired to a high position in his profession. In 1837-38, he was editor of a Democratic newspaper, the *Jeffersonian*. He was appointed judge of probate, and went into politics. In 1843, he was elected to Congress, and at the expiration of his term, declined a renomination.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he offered his services to the Government, and was commissioned major of infantry, March 16, 1847. On April 9, 1847, he was



Hon. Thomas Henry Seymour.

assigned to the 9th United States Infantry, the "Old Ninth New England." He was promoted lieutenant colonel, August 12, 1847; and upon the death of Col. T. B. Ransom, '25, in the assault on the fortress of Chapultepec, September 13, 1847, took command of the regiment. He scaled the heights with his command and was the first to enter the fortress. He was brevetted colonel, September 13, 1847, "for gallant and meritorious conduct" in the

Battle of Chapultepec. He served for a time with the 12th United States Infantry. He was mustered out of service, July 25, 1848.

In 1850, he was elected governor of Connecticut by a large majority, and was re-elected in 1851, 1852, and 1853. In 1852, he was presidential elector. In 1853, he was appointed United States minister to Russia, and resigning the governorship, filled the position four years. After a year of travel, he returned to America in 1858. When the Civil War broke out his sympathies were with the South, and he continued his opposition to the war until its close, as the leader of the Connecticut peace Democrats. In 1863, he was again a candidate for governor, but was defeated by William Buckingham, after an exciting contest, owing to the position he had taken during the war. He was a prominent member of the Masonic Lodge of Hartford, having attained the Knight's Templar degrees.

WILLIAM ELLERY SEYMOUR.

William E. Seymour, son of Henry and Jane (Ellery) Seymour, brother of Thos. Henry Seymour, '29, and cousin of D. M. Seymour, '27, was born in Hartford, Conn., March 10, 1810, and died in New Orleans, La., July 29, 1883.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

He engaged in business in Hartford, Conn., until 1836, when he removed to New Orleans, La., where he resided until his death. He taught English in the French schools during 1836-38. He then engaged in the wholesale paper and stationery business with Edward R. Stevens of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., under the firm name of Stevens & Seymour. In 1882, he retired from active business. He was a member of the Boston Club of New Orleans.

He was married in New Orleans, July 31, 1851, to Mary Jane Brooks, a native of Philadelphia, Pa., who died October 10, 1887. Two children were born to them: Helena Ellery, resides in New Orleans; William Harry, born April 18, 1854, resides in New Orleans.

FREDERICK BLOUNT SHEPARD.

Frederick B. Shepard, son of William and Mary (Blount) Shepard, was born in Newbern, N. C., 1803, and died in Mobile, Ala., 1865. He attended the schools of his city, and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1824. He engaged in planting in North Carolina and Alabama for many years.

He was married about 1830, to Susan Martin of Elizabeth City, N. C. Ten children were born to them: Frederick, Charlotte, Susan, Margaret, William, Richard, Sophia, Turgewell, Charles Martin, and Burns.

BARNARD SHIPP, A. M.

Barnard Shipp, son of William and Lucy (Barnard) Shipp, and brother of William O'Brien Shipp, '28, was born in the "Elysian Fields" five miles north of Natchez, Miss., April 30, 1813, and died unmarried, in Russum, Miss., November 26, 1904.

In 1814, his parents removed to New Castle, Ky., and in 1817, returned

to Natchez. He attended the schools of Natchez, and was for some time under the private instruction of Rev. Benjamin O. Peers, of Lexington, Ky. In 1824, he entered the "Academy" and graduated in August, 1827; was for a brief time in 1831 a student at Yale University. In 1898, "N. U." in recognition of his literary work, conferred upon him the degree of A. M.

He resided in Natchez, Miss., until 1850, when he removed to Louisville, Ky., where he made his home until his death. He traveled extensively in Europe in 1854 and 1857. While in St. Petersburg, in 1857, he visited Hon. Thomas H. Seymour, '29, then United States minister to that country. He inherited a large property, which enabled him at an early age to devote himself to travel and historical research.

He became an authority on the early Spanish explorations in America. He published in 1848, a volume of poems, *Fame and Other Poems*, which had an extended sale,¹ and gave him literary fame throughout the country. In 1852, he published the *Progress of Freedom and Other Poems*. His greatest works were along historical lines. In 1881, he published *De Soto and Florida*, an extensive work of 689 pages, embracing the period between 1512, and 1568. In 1897, *The Indian and Antiquities of America*, was published, a work of 451 pages and several illustrations.



Barnard Shipp.

He left several manuscript works, which he had nearly ready for the printer, among the number are: *The Events that Lead to the Discovery of India and America*, *The Lower Mississippi from its First Discovery*, *The Annals of Louisiana*, *The Settlements of North America*. He also wrote extensively for the press. He left a valuable historical library, valued upwards of \$100,000, which was willed to the University of Virginia.

CAPT. HENRY HOWELL WILLIAMS SIGOURNEY.

Henry H. W. Sigourney, son of Daniel and Martha (Williams) Sigourney, was born in Boston, Mass., August 21, 1807, and died in Milton, Mass., June 29, 1874.

He attended the schools of his city and private schools in Dorchester and Hingham, Mass. He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1825.

He engaged in the mercantile business in Boston from 1825, until 1842, when his health began to fail and he removed to Grafton, Mass., and engaged in farming for some years, also at Dedham and Milton, Mass.

He took great interest in military matters; was commissioned ensign

of a Boston company of Light Infantry, April 23, 1835; promoted lieutenant, May 3, 1836, and captain, April 4, 1838, resigned, December 4, 1838.



Capt. Henry Howell William Sigourney.

He was a Whig in politics, and represented Chelsea in the State Legislature in 1838; was justice of the peace for Norfolk County, Mass., 1860-66. He took great interest in literary matters; compiled the *Sigourney Genealogy*, which was published in 1857. He was a member of the Unitarian Church.

He was married at Chelsea, Mass., October 31, 1831, to Harriet Ardelia Williams, who died in Milton, Mass., August 15, 1902. Four children were born to them: Henry Howell Williams, born August 24, 1832, resides in Milton, Mass.; Harriet Ardelia, born February 16, 1834, died December 30, 1884; Eliza Williams, born October 14, 1838, resides in Milton, Mass.; Thomas Williams, born October 30, 1840, died unmarried, January 12, 1853.

REV. FREDERICK SILL.

Frederick Sill, son of Thomas and Clarissa (Treadway) Sill, was born in Middletown, Conn., June 27, 1813, and died in New York city, December 13, 1874.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1828.

He learned the jewelers' trade in Norwich, Conn., and engaged in the jewelry business in Middletown, 1830-44; Maiden Lane, New York city, 1844-47; with the manufacturing plant in Middletown, Conn., for some time.

He studied for the Episcopal ministry during 1846-49, under Rev. Samuel Farmer Jarvis of Middletown, Conn.; was ordained deacon in 1849, and priest in 1851; was rector of the churches in Durham and Killingworth, 1849-50; churches in North Guilford and North Haven, in 1850; St. Paul's Mission Chapel, New Haven, 1850-56, and under his service, the church so prospered that it was organized as the St. John's Parish; Christ Church, Red Hook, Dutchess County, N. Y., from November 15, 1856, to July, 1859; St. Thomas Mission Chapel, corner of Prince and Thomson Streets, which later became the Parish church of St. Ambrose, July 1859-December, 1874.

He was married June 29, 1837, to Margaret Ann Cocks, of New York city, who died May 11, 1885. Four children were born to them: Thomas Henry, an Episcopal clergyman in New York city; Frederick Augustus, died, May 28, 1869; Leonora Louisa, resides in New York; Amelia Huntington, married Rev. Amos Turner Ashton, D. D., now rector of St. James Church, Hyde Park, N. Y.

COL. SENECA GALUSHA SIMMONS, U. S. A.

Seneca G. Simmons, son of Alfred and Deborah (Perkins) Simmons was born in Windsor, Vt., December 27, 1808, and died of wounds received in battle, July 1, 1862; was buried in Richmond, Va.

He entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1829. He entered the United States Military Academy at West Point, July 1, 1829, and graduated July 1, 1834; was brevetted second lieutenant, 7th United States Infantry, same date; and second lieutenant, same regiment, December 31, 1834; was assistant to Maj. William G. McNeil, on the survey of the Apalachicola Harbor, Fla., August 22, 1834-1835; assistant engineer with Col. Stephen H. Long, on coast survey of Maine and on a contemplated railroad, Belfast to Quebec, Canada, 1835-36; was promoted first lieutenant, same regiment, January 19, 1837, serving as aide on the staff of General Matthew Arbuckle, on frontier duty in the Southwest, October 24, 1837 until May 11, 1842; served with his regiment in the Florida War, spring of 1842; stationed at Fort Pike, La., 1842-44; on recruiting duty, 1844-47, at Syracuse, N. Y.

He was ordered to Matamoras, Mexico, early in 1847, and served as assistant commissary and quartermaster at this post until October, 1847, when he was ordered to join his regiment; was promoted captain 7th Infantry, February 16, 1847; took part in the memorable march of the United States Army to the city of Mexico and distinguished himself at the battle of Huamantla, October 12, 1847; was stationed at the Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848-49; took part in the war against the Seminole Indians in Florida, 1849-50; was stationed at Fort Leavenworth for some time in 1850; on recruiting service, Pottsville, Pa., 1851-53; in command Fort Arbuckle, Indian Territory, 1853-57; was stationed at Fort Smith, Arkansas, 1857-58; Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1858; Newport Barracks, Ky., 1859; on sick leave, 1859-61.



Col. Seneca Galusha Simmons.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, though far from well, he obtained leave of absence from the army and offered his services to the State of Pennsylvania. He assisted for some time in organizing the volunteers, and on June 21, 1861, was commissioned colonel of the 5th Pennsylvania Regiment. He served in West Virginia in General Wallace's command for some time in 1861, and later in the same year in General McCall's command in the defences of Washington. On September 9, 1861, he was promoted major of the 4th United States Infantry but preferred to remain with the volunteer troops. He participated in the action at Drainesville, December 20, 1861; served with his regiment on guard duty on the Orange & Alexandria R. R., December

1861, until May, 1862; later served on picket duty at Fredericksburg, Va., and in the "Seven Days" fight before Richmond. He performed conspicuous duty especially at the battles of Mechanicsville and Gaines's Mills.

At the battle of Charles City Cross Roads, (White Oak Swamp) June 30, 1862, he fell in the thickest of the fight, while leading his brigade; was captured by the Confederates and carried to their hospital and died, July 1, 1862. He was a brave and efficient officer and but for his untimely death would have held a high command in the army. No braver man drew a sword in the defense of the Union. No nobler life was sacrificed in that fratricidal strife. He received medals from the United States government for gallantry in battle in the Mexican and Civil Wars; also a medal from Pennsylvania for gallant services. Col. Seneca G. Simmonds, Post No. 116 of Harrisburg, Pa., was named in his honor. He was a member of the Masonic Fraternity.

He was married in August, 1834, to Elmira Adelaide Simmons of Woodstock, Vt., who died February 6, 1886. Four children were born to them: Charles Francis, born December 21, 1835, a civil engineer, died March 16, 1856; Frederick Douglass, born in 1837, a civil engineer, died in February, 1860; Edward Courtney, born in 1840, died, June 29, 1848; Elmira Adelaide, born, December 27, 1842, married Daniel J. Attick, resides in Harrisburg, Pa.

HON. JAMES SINKLER.

James Sinkler was born at the Eutaw Plantation, Buckley County, S. C., about 1808, and died there about 1850.

He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1826. He engaged extensively in cotton planting until his death. At an early age he became prominent in the political affairs of his State. He represented his district in the State Legislature several times.

He was survived by three children: William, who resides in Charleston, S. C.; Mrs. William H. Irving of Virginia; Mrs. W. H. DeSanderson of Charleston, S. C.

CONSUL-GENERAL ISAAC TOWNSEND SMITH, A. M.

Isaac T. Smith, son of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Townsend) Smith, was born in Boston, Mass., March 12, 1813, and died in New York city, March 30, 1906.

He prepared for college in the Latin schools of the city of Boston, and entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829. In 1898 the University conferred upon him the degree of A. M.

He engaged in mercantile pursuits in Boston, until 1834, when he was appointed supercargo of one of the great merchant clipper-ships clearing from Boston to the East Indies, making from time to time, voyages to China, Singapore, Java and South Africa, and so getting acquainted with large parts of the world. After a successful business career in the East, he located in New York city in 1840, and engaged in the mercantile business until 1854, meeting with marked success. He was also an extensive ship owner and banker. He was interested in various business enterprises; was one of the incorporators and for twenty-five years president of the Metropolitan Savings Bank of New York city.

The first commercial relations between the United States and Siam were opened in 1852, when King Mongkut sent a commission to Mr. Smith to have prepared in this country and sent to Siam, models, drawings and specifications for two vessels to be constructed in Bangkok by native workmen; also to have steam engines and machinery made here and sent to Bangkok to be put in the vessels. These vessels were in due time built and made ready for the arrival of the machinery. Great difficulty was experienced in those days in finding transportation accommodations for sending the machinery. A. A. Low of New York, then engaged in the China trade, came to Mr. Smith's aid by furnishing room in one of his ships. When Mr. Low's ship arrived in the China Sea, he gave orders to go out of the regular course and go up the Gulf of Siam and land the machinery at Bangkok. One of the two vessels constructed was used as a yacht by the King, who named it the *Royal Seat*. The other vessel was made a ship of war for the Siamese navy, and was named the *Enemy Chaser*. This vessel, with her American armament, quickly cleared the Strait of Malacca and the adjacent waters of Malay pirates that preyed upon commerce.

In 1856, he was appointed by the Siamese Government as its financial agent in the United States, and later consul-general, which position he held until his death. In 1890, he visited Siam as the guest of the Siamese government, when he was decorated by His Majesty, the King, for his long and faithful services. He there, at that time, met the Crown Prince of Russia, now the Emperor, and Prince George of Greece, who were also guests of the King. In the summer of 1897, he visited Holland, Belgium, France, and England with the King of Siam.



Consul-General Isaac Townsend Smith.

He was an active member of the Madison Avenue Baptist Church of New York city. He was an earnest Christian and gave liberally of his time and money in the support of the church and benevolent enterprises. He assisted in founding the first mariners' church of New York city. One of the most interesting chapters in all the benevolent life of this noble man of God is that which tells of his splendid generosity toward the missionaries of the Southern Baptists, when during our Civil War, the Federal blockade of Southern ports cut these missionaries off from communication or support from the Board of Richmond. For three years, he supported them in foreign parts himself. This was only one of his many generous deeds.

He was a man of the broadest liberality. With him the church universal was more than the church local, and the church organic, more than the church organized. His heart went out in genuine Christian affection toward all who

love Jesus Christ in sincerity and truth. His loyalty toward his own church no more interfered with his co-operation with churches of other denominations than the wings of a bird interfere with its flying, or the organism of the sun with its shining. As a member of the Madison Avenue Church of New York City, he felt he differed not essentially from any who acknowledged the supremacy of Jesus Christ as Sovereign and Savior. This breadth coupled with the intensity and strong convictions, did not make him less a Baptist, but it did make him more a Christian—not less a denominationalist, but certainly less a sectarian.

He was a man of fine mental culture. After he retired from active business, he devoted much time to literary matters. He wrote many articles for the various periodicals; also delivered many addresses on historical topics. His pamphlet on *The Early Maritime Life of New England*, has been delivered as an address before military and naval organizations, universities, clubs and societies in different parts of our land. His treatise on *European Spoilation in the East* is a fine discussion by an intelligent and observing traveler and student of international matters, while his *History of the Underhill and Townsend Families* reveals touches of a really gifted biographer.

He was a Republican in politics and held several positions; was for several years commissioner of immigration for the State of New York; was a presidential elector in 1864, when President Lincoln was re-elected. He was a member of the Union League Club of New York city, Lotus Club of New York, Genealogical and Biographical Society, the New England Society, and the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

He married Eliza Palmer Putnam, daughter of Judge Henry Putnam, of Brunswick, Me. Three children were born to them, of whom a daughter, Mrs. George B. Loring, of New York city, survived her parents. A grandson, Hon. Loring Townsend Hildreth, succeeded Mr. Smith as the Siamese consul-general at New York.

JAMES MALCOLM SMITH, U. S. N., A. B., M. D.

J. Malcolm Smith was born in Turk Island West Indies, about 1808 and died at Flushing, L. I., New York, April 29, 1848.

At an early age his parents removed to New Haven, Conn., where he prepared for college. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, and remained until 1824. He then entered Yale College and graduated A. B. in 1826; also graduated M. D., from the college of Physicians and Surgeons of New York City in 1832.

On September 6, 1837, he was commissioned assistant surgeon, United States Navy; was promoted, passed assistant surgeon, March 14, 1843 and remained in the service until his death.

RICHARD DIMOCK SMITH.

Richard D. Smith, was born in Bristol, R. I., in 1807, and died at his plantation in Itobo, Cuba, in 1873.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1826. Soon after his graduation, he went to Cuba where his father had settled in 1824, and where he had acquired large plantation interests.

In 1834, he settled in Itobo, Cuba, in the jurisdiction of Cardenas, on the

"San Ricordo" plantation, a land grant of 1,500 acres. Here he made his home until his death. After several misfortunes, he became eminently successful in his business ventures and acquired a large fortune.

He was married in 1834, to Hannah Borden of Bristol, R. I., her mother being a descendant of the Winslows, who emigrated to this country in the *Mayflower*.

Five children were born to them: Two daughters, Mrs. Serafina B. Barclay of Stanford, Conn., and Mrs. W. H. Hodgkin, and a granddaughter, Mrs. Loftus Arkwright, Parndon Hall, Harlow Essex, England, survive him.

WALTON PEMBROKE SMITH.

Walton P. Smith, son of William Heaslie and Mary Bell (Madison) Smith, was born in Madison County, Va., August 7, 1810, and died in Missouri, August 28, 1866.

In 1820, his parents removed to Natchez, Miss., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1826.

Soon after graduating, he located on the extensive plantation, "Roth Gowen," Concordia Parish, La., which he had inherited from his father, and engaged extensively in agricultural pursuits. He met with marked success and became one of the large cotton planters and slave owners in the State. In 1850, he returned to Mississippi and located on the "Saragapa" plantation, near Natchez, now owned by his son, Austin W. Smith. He was also an extensive owner of plantations in Mississippi and Missouri. He took no active part in the Civil War, but was represented by his four sons, who served in the Confederate Army.

He was married June 6, 1839, to Anna Elizabeth, daughter of Austin and Caroline Matilda (Routh) Williams. She died October 4, 1889. Four children were born to them: John Davidson; Austin Williams, resides near Natchez, Miss.; William Madison, died about 1870; Healler Routh, died about 1875.

SAMUEL GRAY SOUTHMAYED, A. B., M. D.

Samuel G. Southmayd, son of Samuel and Sarah (Gill) Southmayd, was born in Middletown, Conn., October 30, 1811, and died there, October 9, 1877.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1829; graduated, A. B., from Yale University in 1834, and M. D. from Yale University Medical College in 1836.

He practiced his profession in Middletown, 1836-42. He located in New York City in 1842, where he continued the practice of medicine several years. He then became interested in a planing mill in New York city, the output of which, being manufactured by patented machines, yielded him a moderate fortune. He retired from active business and removed to Hoboken, N. J., where he made his home until his death.

He was twice married: first, November 11, 1838, to Sarah Esther Russell of Middletown, who died June 10, 1866; no children. He was again married, April 22, 1868, to Maria Cornelia Larned of Middletown, who survives him and resides in Middletown, Conn. One child was born to them: Alice Gray, born August 4, 1870, married Elmer Goodrich Derby, resides in Middletown, Conn.

HON. EDWARD STANLEY.

Edward Stanley, son of the Hon. John Stanley, was born in Newbern, N. C., in 1808, and died in San Francisco, Cal., July 12, 1872.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1832; practiced his profession in Washington, Beaufort County, N. C., 1832-37, 1844-48, meeting with great success.

He was a Whig in politics and later a Republican. At an early age he took a prominent part in political affairs of his State; represented his district in the United States House of Representatives, 1837-43, 1849-53, serving as chairman of the committee on military affairs, 1849-53; represented Beaufort County in the lower branch of the State Legislature in 1844, 1846 and 1848; and was speaker of that body in 1848. He filled this position with great ability and his decisions were characterized by impartiality and wisdom; also served as attorney general of the State in 1847. In 1851, he strongly advocated the admission of California as a State.

In 1853, he removed to San Francisco, Cal., where he practiced his profession until 1862, when he was appointed by President Lincoln, governor of North Carolina, filling that important position at that critical period with marked ability. He resigned that office in 1864, and returned to San Francisco, where he resided until his death.

In 1857, he was nominated by the Republican party for governor of the State, though he was not fully in accord with all the doctrines of the party. The State was largely Democratic, yet such was his popularity that he was defeated only by a small margin.

He was an eloquent speaker and a formidable rival in debate. He was distinguished for his fidelity and honesty of purpose, gaining for him the good will of even his opponents. He was an earnest christian, a true friend, and upright in all his dealings with his fellow men.

He was twice married: first, to a daughter of Dr. Hugh James of Hyde County. She died about 1855. He was again married about 1860.

REV. HARVEY STANLEY, D. D.

Harvey Stanley, son of James Green and Eliza (Harvey) Stanley, and cousin of Hon. Edward Stanley, '29, was born at Newbern, N. C., September 22, 1809, and died at Holy Trinity Rectory, near Collington, Prince George's County, Maryland, January 25, 1885.

He prepared for college in the schools of his native city, and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduating in 1828.

He afterwards studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1830 and went to Natchez, Miss., where he practiced his profession until 1835. In 1837, he was ordained an Episcopal clergyman. He was rector of the church in Elizabeth City, N. C., and in Saybrook, Conn. He located in Maryland in 1844, and was rector of the church in Princess Anne, Somerset County, 1844-48; of the church at old St. Mary's City, St. Mary's County, Maryland, 1848-51; of Holy Trinity Parish, Prince George's County, Maryland, from December, 1851, until his death.

He was for a number of years a member of the Board of Trustees of the General Theological Seminary in New York. He was the author of the work,

Pilate and Herod, published in 1850. This work was a history to a large extent of the early settlement of Maryland, and indirectly of the religious controversies prior to and just after the revolution.

He was married August 4, 1839, to Mary Ann Kinney, of Elizabeth City, N. C., who died at Laurel, Md., March 24, 1893. Eight children were born to them: Mary, born October 30, 1840, married Mr. Oscar Hinrich, a civil engineer, died October 25, 1891; Charles Harvey, born October 20, 1843, now a lawyer and bank president, resides in Laurel, Md.; James, born September 22, 1845, retired merchant, resides in Baltimore, Md.; George, born, March 27, 1848, died June 28, 1857; Eliza, born March 4, 1856, resides in Laurel, Md.; William, born, December 15, 1852, a lawyer, died, March 3, 1891; Annie Cogdel, born March 30, 1857, resides in Laurel, Md.; Sarah Gordon, born September 5, 1855, died, April 14, 1863.

BRIG.-GEN. ELIHU WILLIAM NATHAN STARR.

Elihu W. N. Starr, second child and eldest son of Nathan and Grace (Townsend) Starr, was born in New Haven, Conn., at the residence of his maternal grandfather, Ebenezer Townshend, August 10, 1812, and died in Middletown, Conn., June 14, 1891.

At the time of his birth, his father was a resident of New York city; but soon after returned to his former home, Middletown, Conn., which became the permanent residence of the subject of this sketch. At the opening of the "Academy" at Middletown, in August, 1825, he became one of the cadets and continued so until 1828.

The winter of 1828-29, he spent in New Haven attending lectures at Yale college. His father was a manufacturer of swords and fire arms and about 1830, he became a book-keeper. In 1837, he became interested with his father, under the firm name of N. Starr & Co., in the manufacture of muskets and rifles,

which continued until 1845, when the government ceased giving out contracts. Under the name of E. W. N. Starr & Co., he was for a short time engaged in the manufacture of plane irons.

By President Van Buren he was appointed postmaster of Middletown, February 20, 1841, and held the position until October 1, 1842. In December, 1850, he was appointed assistant town clerk and in October, 1851, was elected town clerk. This, with the office of registrar of births, marriages and deaths, to which he was elected in October, 1851, he held up to the time of his death, except from October, 1865 to October, 1866. He was city clerk and treasurer from January, 1856, to January, 1861, and judge of probate for the District



Brig. Gen. Elihu William Nathan Starr.

of Middletown for one year from July 4, 1866, and from July, 1868, to July, 1872.

In 1830, he enlisted in the State Militia, and on September 14, 1831, was commissioned as sergeant major of the 2nd regiment of light artillery and later quartermaster and adjutant of the same regiment. In 1836, he organized the "Middletown Cadets" and was elected captain, being commissioned July 12, 1836. The company was officially known as the First Rifle Company in the 6th Regiment. July 29, 1839, he was promoted to the lieutenant colonelcy of this regiment and to the colonelcy, April 19, 1841. This last position he held until his resignation, June 6, 1844.

In honor of his friend, Col. Joseph King Fenno Mansfield, of the regular army, he organized, in 1847, the "Mansfield Guards," the 7th Company of light Infantry of the 6th Regiment. He was commissioned captain, September 24, 1847, and held the office until again elected colonel of the 6th Regiment, August 2, 1853, of which he was in command until, July 10, 1860.

While captain of the "Guards," he was appointed adjutant-general, by his fellow cadet and lifelong friend, Governor Thomas H. Seymour, '29, holding office from May 2, 1850, to May 4, 1854.

July 10, 1860, he was given a commission as brigadier general of the 2nd Brigade, and held the rank until August 1, 1861, when the militia was disbanded, under an act of the State Legislature, approved, July 3, 1861. For a few weeks, from September 10, 1861, he held the position of division inspector, but as the law of July, 1861, disbanding the old and creating a new military force, was not deemed effective, he resigned his commission.

Soon after the breaking out of the Civil War, Governor Buckingham offered him the command of the 3d Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers. Owing to his delicate health, he was obliged to decline the commission. There were over thirty commissioned officers in the field, all considered proficient men, who owed their knowledge of military tactics to his gratuitous instruction. Two companies from Wesleyan University were drilled by him in the early morning before breakfast, and after the close of the office for the day. For some weeks, in 1862, he was in command of the 24th Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, which encamped at Middletown, before it left for the seat of war. This was the last military position held by him, ending a service in behalf of his State extending over thirty years.

He was five feet, ten and one-half inches tall, weighing about one hundred, forty pounds and very erect, making him a marked figure. He was considered a good drillmaster and a very fine horseman.

He was married, May 27, 1840, to Harriet Wetmore Bush, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., who died, February 20, 1904. Six children were born to them: three of whom are now living: William Edward, resides in Cranford, N. J., Frank Farnsworth, the well known genealogist and historian of Middletown, Conn.; and Grace Townsend, who resides in Middletown, Conn.

THEODORE BUEL STERLING.

Theodore B. Sterling, son of Gen. Elisha and Alma (Canfield) Sterling, was born in Salisbury, Conn., July 18, 1808, and died in Iron Ridge, Wis., June 16, 1857. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1823, and graduated in 1827.

He was superintendent of an iron furnace at Peekham, N. Y., for some years. In 1846, he removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he was in the employ of the Cuyahoga Steam Furnace Co., until 1847. He then engaged in the grocery business until 1849, when he removed to Iron Ridge, Dodge County, Wis. Here he made his home until his death, engaging extensively in mining, lumbering and farming. He represented his district in the State Legislature in 1854.

He was twice married: first, December 31, 1833, to Ruth Ann Smith of Beckman, N. Y., who died April 27, 1845. He was again married, August 14, 1846, to Mary Amanda Smith of Beckman, who died April 6, 1845. He was survived by several children.

JASON STIMSON.

Jason Stimson, son of Joel and Susan (Grow) Stimson, and brother of Col. Alba Stimson, trustee "N. U.," 1848-57, was born in Norwich, Vt., June 25, 1800, and died in Granger, Medina County, Ohio, October 11, 1838. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1822.

He removed to Mendon, N. Y., about 1825, where he engaged in the manufacture of wagons and blacksmithing until 1832, when he removed to Granger, Ohio, where he resided until his death. He engaged in mercantile business in Granger, Ohio, from 1832 until his death, which resulted from "Michigan fever," contracted while on a visit to his brother Horace, in Michigan. He was an able musician. He was a member of the Congregational Church, and a Republican in politics.

He was married, November 18, 1825, to Mary Jennett, daughter of Josiah and Roxanna (Newcomb) Phelps. She afterwards married Calvin Simmonds and removed to Winnebago County, Ill.

Six children were born to them: Alba Biers, born April 8, 1827, died in Parma, Ohio, March 7, 1868; Aurenda Munson, born January 29, 1829, married Mr. Edward Garretson Sheldon, died in Granger, Ohio in 1896; Clarissa Jennett, born July 4, 1831, married William G. Simmons, resides in Seward, Ill.; Milton, born December 29, 1833, resides in Manchester, Iowa; Miriam, born December 22, 1835, died in 1848; Jason, born November 14, 1837, resides in Manchester, Iowa.

CHAPLAIN JOSEPH STOCKBRIDGE, U. S. N., A. M., D. D.

Joseph Stockbridge, son of William R. Stockbridge, was born in Yarmouth, Me., July 14, 1811, and died in Philadelphia, Pa., November 16, 1894.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, remaining until 1824. He graduated A. B. from Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Me., in 1830, and received the degree of A. M. in course from that Institution and D. D. from the Western University, Pa., in 1868.

He studied law in Portland, Me., 1830-32; and at the Harvard Law School, 1832-33; was admitted to the Somerset County bar in June, 1833, and practiced his profession in Portland until 1840.

He was a student of the Theological Seminary, Newton, Mass., 1840-41; was commissioned a chaplain in the U. S. Navy, September 8, 1841, and served on the *Independence*, Commodore Stewart's flagship, for some time, when, owing

to failing health he was given a leave of absence and traveled extensively through the territory of Dakota and the Northwest; served five years at the New York Navy Yard; on the *North Carolina*; was ordered to the flagship of the Brazil Squadron in 1853; traveled extensively in South America; was retired from the Navy, July 14, 1873. He traveled in Europe with his family in 1874-75; besides his regular duties as chaplain, he preached in fifteen states.

He was a fine scholar and of decided literary taste; was assistant editor of the New York Record and was a correspondent of the *Daily Times*, New York, *New York Tribune* and the *Christian Reflector* of Boston.

He was married May 26, 1845, to Julia E. Everett of Portland, Me. Six children were born to them: Charles H., Elizabeth, John, Edwin E., and Grace.

TRISTRAM GILMAN STOCKBRIDGE, M. D.

Tristram G. Stockbridge, son of Dr. John and Theodosia (Gilman) Stockbridge, was born in Bath, Me., August 18, 1806, and died there, January 20, 1871.

He attended the schools of his city and Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and remained two years. He was a student for some time at the Harvard Medical College and graduated M. D. from the Bowdoin Medical College in 1828. He practiced his profession in Bath, Me., until his death.

LEMUEL GUSTAVUS STORRS.

Lemuel G. Storrs, son of Lemuel Gustavus and Eliza Watson (Cotton) Storrs, was born in Middletown, Conn., February 6, 1813, and died in Painesville, Ohio, March 31, 1830.

At an early age his parents removed to Painesville, Ohio, where he prepared for college. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He then returned to Painesville, and entered the employ of his father who was agent of the Connecticut Land Co.

WILLIAM F. STRUDWICK, M. D.

William F. Strudwick, son of Hon. William F. Strudwick, member of Congress from North Carolina, was born at "Long Meadows," near Hillsboro' N. C., in 1810, and died in Hillsboro in 1851, while there on a visit.

He prepared for college in the schools of Hillsboro and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He studied medicine and practiced his profession in Alabama from 1830, until his death. He was one of the most skillful physicians of his State.

He was married about 1830, to Betsey Webb of Hillsboro, N. C., a sister of Henry Webb, '28. Five children were born to them. A son, William, resides at Greensboro, N. C.

JAMES SWAN SULLIVAN, M. D.

James S. Sullivan, son of William and Sarah Webb (Swan) Sullivan, was born in Boston, Mass., February 18, 1809, and died in Savannah, Georgia, February 20, 1874.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating in 1826. He graduated M. D. from Harvard Medical College in 1832, and practiced his profession in Hopkinton, Galena, Ill., Darien, Ga., and Savannah, Ga. He was survived by several children.

BENJAMIN SWAN, A. B.

Benjamin Swan, son of Benjamin and Lucy (Gay) Swan, was born in Woodstock, Vt., August 22, 1805, and died in Colchester, Conn., August 24, 1852. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1824; graduated A. B. from the University of Vermont in 1825.

He studied law in Woodstock, Vt., and was admitted to the Windsor County bar in 1828; practiced his profession in Woodstock, under the firm name of Marsh & Swan, 1828-41. He engaged in mercantile business in Owaseo, N. Y. from 1841 until 1845, when he removed to Colchester, Conn., and engaged in the India rubber business until his death, being a member of the Hayward Rubber Co. from 1845 until 1852. He was a Whig in politics and was postmaster of Woodstock, Vt., 1830-39. He was a member of the Congregational Church and the I. O. O. F.

He was married, July 3, 1834, to Ann Isham of Colchester, Conn., who died in St. Louis, Mo., October 6, 1900. Four children were born to them: Ann Aylwin, born October 20, 1835, died in New York, October 29, 1867; Benjamin Ralph, born December 1, 1837, resides in San Francisco, Cal.; Lyndon Marsh, born July 10, 1839, died in New York, November 26, 1904; Joseph Isham, born October 24, 1841, resides in St. Louis, Mo.

HON. JOHN WILLIAM SYME.

John W. Syme, only son of the Rev. Andrew and Jean Mathewson (Camerson) Syme, was born in Petersburg, Va., January 9, 1811, and died there, November 26, 1865.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1828; graduated from William and Mary's College, Williamsburg, Va.

He studied law with Judge Frederick Nash, Hillsboro, N. C., and was admitted to the bar in 1834; practiced his profession in Petersburg. He was a Whig in politics and purchased the *Petersburg Intelligencer*, the leading organ of the Whig party in southern Virginia. He conducted this paper until 1856 when, at the earnest solicitation of leading Whig politicians of North Carolina, he purchased the *Raleigh Register*, an official Whig paper of



Hon. John William Syme.

that State. He labored for the triumph of Whig principles. He opposed secession until it became an established fact, and then unhesitatingly gave his allegiance to the South and became an active supporter of the cause. He represented Petersburg in the State Legislature. He resided in Raleigh until 1864, when he returned to his native town, where he resided until his death. He began the publication of the *Register* in 1864; but was soon forced to suspend publication, owing to the city becoming the center of the military operations. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge and the I. O. O. F.

He was married April 10, 1833, to Mary Cowan Modden of Petersburg. six children were born to them.

JOHN W. TAPPAN.

John W. Tappan, son of the Rev. John Tappan, was born in Claremont, N. H., in 1807, and died there, December 29, 1869.

He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy and entered the "Academy" in 1820, remaining three years.

He studied law with his uncle, Weare Tappan, of Bradford, and was admitted to the Sullivan County bar; but did not practice the profession, preferring instead, a business career. He met with success in his business ventures, and acquired a large property.

He engaged extensively in various business enterprises; was director in the Claremont Bank, 1842-46; president of the Connecticut River Bank, of Charlestown, N. H., for several years.

He married Harriet Erskine, who died October 3, 1873. She gave to the town of Claremont, \$30,500 for educational purposes. Two sons, who died in infancy, were born to them.

COMMODORE JOSIAH TATTNALL, C. S. N.

Josiah Tattnall, son of the Hon. Josiah and Harriette (Fenwick) Tattnall, was born at Bonaventure, near Savannah, Ga., November 9, 1795, and died at Savannah, Ga., June 14, 1871.

At an early age, he was left an orphan and at ten years of age, he was sent to England and educated under the supervision of his grandfather, Col. John Mulryne, until November, 1811, when he returned to Georgia. He then began the study of medicine in Savannah, but not finding the profession congenial, soon gave up the study and determined upon a naval career.

He was appointed a midshipman, United States Navy, April 1, 1812; served on the frigate *Constellation*, the favorite ship of our navy, August 1, 1812 until April, 1814. On June 22, 1813, he had his first engagement with the British fleet near Corney's Island, Norfolk, Va. In April, 1814, he commanded a company of recruits for the navy from Norfolk, Va., to the Lake Erie Squadron. He then returned to Washington, D. C., arriving in time to serve as a volunteer with a company of navy yard employees in the battle of Blandensburg, Md. He served on the frigate *Spervier*, in Decatur's squadron in the Algerian war, October 10, 1814, until June, 1815; served on the *Constellation*, Mediterranean Station, June, 1815, until January, 1817; on the corvette *Ontario*, January until December, 1817; was promoted lieutenant, April 1, 1818, and served on the frigate *Macedonian*, on a cruise in the Pacific ocean, from June 30, 1818, until 1821, when he was ordered to the United States.

He was granted a leave of absence in 1821, and entered the "Academy" graduating in 1823. His biographer in speaking of his work at the Academy says: "Then was securely laid the foundation of a mathematical education, which subsequently enlarged, enabled him to meet with accuracy and distinction all the requirements of the naval profession."

He served on the schooner *Jackall*, on a cruise in the West Indies, for the suppression of piracy, 1823-24; on the frigate *Constitution*, and the *Brandywine*, on the Mediterranean Station, 1824-26; was on leave, 1826, until October, 1828; served on the corvette *Erie*, October 1, 1828 until August, 1829, on a cruise in the West Indies and there captured the *Federal*, an Argentine boat, which had taken an American ship.



Commodore Josiah Tattnall.

He was engaged August 17, 1829-30, in the survey of the Tortugas reefs off the coast of Florida for a fort to suppress the piracy in that region. His efficient work was officially commended by the President of the United States and the Secretary of the Navy. He was in command of the *Grampus*, March 9, 1831, until December, 1832, in the West Indies where he did effective work in protecting American and English ships from Spanish interference; captured the Spanish ship, *Montezuma*. From December 1832, to 1835, he conducted experiments in ordnance construction and made tidal surveys.

He was in command of the barque *Pioneer*, from November, 1835, until 1838, and accompanied the United States Exploring Expedition to the South Sea; was commissioned commander, February 25, 1838; was detailed in 1838, by the United States Government to convey President Santa Anna, who had been captured by the Republic of Texas, from that country to Mexico, and give him protection. He was in command of the Boston Navy Yard during 1838-40; was engaged in making experiments in ordnance in 1840; was in command of flagship *Fairfield*, on the Mediterranean station, March 2, 1840-43. He was in command of the *Saratoga*, March, 1843-45; on service on the west coast of Africa in suppression of the slave trade; was on leave of absence, 1845-46.

He was given command of the *Spitfire*, on June 2, 1846, and served with the American fleet on the blockade of the Mexican coast; was given command of the bombardment of Vera Cruz, March 9, 1847; shelled the castle of St. Juan d'Ulloa on March 10, and March 23, 1847; assisted in the capture of towns along the Mexican coast. In the capture of Tuspan, he was severely wounded in the right arm, yet he retained the command of his ship until

that city was occupied. In June, 1847, he returned to the United States. The legislature of Georgia presented him an elegant sword for his gallantry in the Mexican war.

He was in command of the Boston Navy Yard from October, 1847, to October, 1849; was on leave of absence, October, 1849, until February, 1850; was promoted captain, February 5, 1850. He was in command of the frigate *Saranac*, February 26, 1850-1851 in the West Indies, where by his diplomacy was able to avert war between this country and Spain; was in command of the naval station at Pasco, Fla., July 1, 1851-1854, and during this time superintended the construction of extensive naval works at that station, expending large sums of money; was in command of the frigate *Independence*, and cruised along the coast of South America to San Francisco, September 1, 1854, to May, 1856; was in command of the naval station on the Great Lakes with head quarters at Sackett's Harbor, 1856-57.

On October 15, 1857, he was ordered to take command of the naval forces in the East Indies and the China Sea, with rank of flag officer. The relations between Japan and the United States were in a critical state and his selection for this important command shows the high regard placed on him by the Navy Department. In May, 1858, he transferred his flag to the *Powhatan*, and on May 21, he reached the mouth of the Pei-ho River, *en route* to Peking, with the American minister. Here the Chinese had thrown up fortifications and were keeping the English and French warships from passing up the river to Tienstin. One of the English gun boats had run ashore under the guns of the Chinese fort, and while trying to float the ship, was fired upon with great loss. Tattnall then offered his services and when it was suggested that the action would be a breach of the neutrality law, he replied with the famous saying "Blood is thicker than water." Without thought of danger to his life, he entered the fight, which was raging fiercely. The coxswain* of his boat was killed and several of his men wounded. Through his assistance the English ship was saved. The British Parliament gave him a vote of thanks and presented him a sword in appreciation of his gallant assistance. Soon after this incident, he sailed to Japan and assisted in consummating a treaty between that country and the United States. He was ordered to the United States, reaching New York in April. He was the recipient of many honors for his heroic work in China.

He was in command of the Lake Station with headquarters at Sacketts Harbor, from May 17, 1860, until February 20, 1861, when he resigned from the navy and gave his services to the state of Georgia.

He was an ardent lover of the Union, yet he felt it his duty to stand by his State. He was one of the ranking officers of the navy and he knew it meant promotion if he remained in the service of the Union. In a sense, he had everything to lose and nothing to gain, if he joined the Confederacy.

In February, 1861, he was commissioned senior flag officer of the Georgia navy and in March, as captain in the Confederate navy. He was in command of the naval defences in Georgia and South Carolina, March, 1861, until March 25, 1862. During December, 1861, March, 1862, he was especially active in his operations around Savannah.

On March 25, 1862, he was given command of the naval forces in the waters of Virginia, relieving Commodore Buchanan who had been wounded in the great naval fight on Hampton Roads. During April and May, 1862,

*John Hart, '27, (q. v.)

he made several attempts to engage the United States ship *Monitor*, and the Union fleet with the formidable *Virginia*; but without success, as the fleet was protected by guns of Fortress Monroe. He captured several valuable merchants' ships. On the retreat of the Confederate Army under General Johnson, to the Chickahominy in Virginia, Norfolk was evacuated, and being deserted by the Confederate army and the support of the extensive shore batteries, he was forced to destroy the *Virginia*, to keep her from falling into the hands of the Union Army. As a result of this action he was severely censured for destroying this vessel, without attacking the enemy's fleet. He thereupon demanded a regular court martial to pass upon his conduct, by the painstaking finding of which he was honorably acquitted.

He was given command of the naval forces in Georgia in April, 1862, which position he retained until the close of the war. In March, 1863, he was given charge of the construction of the *Savannah*. On the occupation of Savannah by the Union forces in 1865, he retreated to Augusta, Ga., where he surrendered in April, 1865, and on May 9 was paroled as a prisoner of war, and was allowed to return to Savannah.

Being unwilling to apply for a "pardon" from the President of the United States, for what he felt it his duty to perform, he was allowed to leave the country; and in June, 1866, he removed to Halifax, Nova Scotia, where he made his home until 1870, when he returned to Savannah.

He had expended all his pecuniary resources and at the age of seventy-five was forced to seek employment. In January, 1870, the city council of Savannah, created for him the office of inspector of the Port of Savannah, which position he held until his death.

He was one of the ablest seamen this country ever produced. In the language of Captain Whittle, he only lacked what Decatur called opportunity to have inscribed his name high among the great naval officers of the world.

He was married September 6, 1821, to Harriet Fenwick Jackson, of Middletown, Conn., who died January 15, 1873. Ten children were born to them: Charlotte, born June 26, 1822; died in 1864; Edward Fenwick, born March 17, 1824, died in 1850; Josiah Jr., born April 9, 1827, died in 1865; John Roger Fenwick, born September 27, 1829, died in 1908; Mary Selina, born February 12, 1821, died young; Paulding, died young; Mary, born in 1845, married Mr. E. T. Newfille, died about 1890; Harriet Fenwick, born about 1834, married E. T. Newfille, died December 31, 1904; Claudia and Ann Cooper died young.

BRIG. GEN. GEORGE WILLIAM TAYLOR.

George W. Taylor, son of Archibald S. and Ann (Bray) Taylor, was born near Lebanon, N. J., November 22, 1808, and died September 1, 1862, of wounds received in battle.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated, 1827. He was commissioned a midshipman in the U. S. Navy, November 1, 1827, and made a three years cruise in the Mediterranean Sea. Owing to failing health, he was forced to resign his commission, December 19, 1831.

He then located on a farm near his birthplace, where he resided until the Mexican War broke out. He offered his services to the Government and was commissioned a first lieutenant U. S. Infantry, March 8, 1847; was assigned to

the 10th infantry, April, 1847; was promoted captain same regiment, September 13, 1847. He served with distinction in Gen. Zachary Taylor's army; was honorably discharged August 23, 1848.

He located in California in 1849, where he engaged in mining until 1852, when he returned to New Jersey. He then engaged in mining and in the manufacture of iron in Lebanon, N. J., until 1861, when he again entered the service of his country.

He was commissioned colonel of the Third New Jersey Volunteers, June 4, 1861. He served under Gen. Theobald Runyon at the first Battle of Bull Run; and upon the promotion of Gen. Philip Kearney, the brigade commander, he was promoted brigadier general, May 9, 1862, and given command of the first brigade, first division, Sixth Army Corps. He performed conspicuous duty in the series of actions before Richmond, being especially distinguished for gallantry in the battle of Gaines' Mills, and White Oak Swamp. While leading an advance from Alexandria, August 29, 1862, for the protection of the stores at Manassas Jct., he encountered at Bull Run Bridge, Gen. A. P. Hill's division and in the encounter was mortally wounded and died in the Mansion House Hospital in Alexandria, September 1, 1862. He was a brave and efficient officer, and would have held a high command had his life been spared.

He was survived by two children: Caroline, married Mr. James A. Blauvelt, died in 1908, and Archibald S. "N. U.," '57 (q. v.)

COL. ROBERT EMMET TEMPLE, U. S. A.

Robert E. Temple, son of Robert and Clarina (Hawkins) Temple, was born in Castleton, Vt., September 24, 1808, and died in Albany, N. Y., July 20, 1854.

At an early age, his parents removed to Rutland, where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1821, and remained until June, 1824, when he left to enter the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. He graduated from that Institution, July 1, 1828, and was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 3d Artillery, same date.

He was assistant professor of Mathematics at the Military Academy, October 19, 1838-September 2, 1829, and assistant professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, September 2, 1829-February 1, 1830; served on recruiting service, 1830; in garrison at Fort Sullivan, Me., 1830-31; served at Fort Independence, Mass., 1831; Fort Monroe, Va., Artillery School for Practice, 1831-32; on staff duty at headquarters, Eastern Department, 1832-36, serving as *aide-de-camp* to General Scott, June 20, 1832-May 4, 1833. He served in the Seminole War in Florida; was engaged in the defence of Convoy at Wilika Pond, Fla., July 19, 1836; on ordnance duty, November 5, 1836, to July 9, 1838; was assistant ordnance officer at Arsenal, Watervliet N. Y., in 1838; in command of Arsenal, Baton Rouge La., 1838-39; was ordnance officer at Camp Washington, near Trenton, N. J., 1839. He was promoted first lieutenant, 3d Artillery, June 22, 1836; and first lieutenant, ordnance, July 9, 1838; resigned November 15, 1839.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he offered his services to the Government, and was commissioned colonel, 10th U.S. Infantry, April 9, 1847, and served with distinction with his regiment on the Rio Grande frontier, and was mustered out of service August 26, 1848. He was adjutant general of the

state of New York, February 4, 1846-January 1, 1847, January 4, 1853-July 20, 1854.

He was admitted to the bar in Albany in 1839, and practiced his profession in that city during 1839-47, 1853-54, meeting with success. In 1851, he was appointed commissioner to supply the city of Albany with a suitable water system and served in that capacity until 1854. He was a member of St. Peter's Episcopal Church of Albany.



Col. Robert Emmet Temple.

second, George Hunter of Scotland, resides Salisbury, Conn.; Henrietta Temple, born August 3, 1853, married Leslie Pell-Clarke, of Newport, R. I., and Levenswick, Otsego Co., N. Y.

He was married June 12, 1839, to Catherine Margaret James of Albany, N. Y. Nine children were born to them: Robert Temple, born November, 1840, died unmarried; William James, born March, 1842, killed in the battle of Chancellorsville, April 30, 1863; Katherine, born August 25, 1843, married Richard Stockton Emmet, died September 25, 1895; Mary Temple, born December 7, 1845, died, unmarried, March 8, 1871; Clara, Charlotte and Grenville, died in infancy. Ellen James, born October 2, 1850, married twice: first Christopher Temple Emmet of San Francisco, Cal., married

CHARLES EDWARD THOMPSON, A. B.

Charles E. Thompson, son of the Hon. Thomas W. and E. Elizabeth (Porter) Thompson, was born in Salisbury, N. H., June 19, 1807, and died in Schraalenburgh, N. J., November 3, 1883.

At an early age his parents removed to Concord, N. H., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1824; graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1828; was a sailor on whaling ships three years; read law with his brother, William C. Thompson, at Plymouth, N. H., and Hon. Joseph Bell in Haverhill, N. H.; was admitted to the bar and practiced in Haverhill, N. H., Mobile, Ala., Chicago, Ill., and Philadelphia, Pa. He removed to Schraalenburgh, N. J., about 1880, where he resided until his death.

He was married May 20, 1835, to Mary Porter, daughter of Mills and Sarah (Porter) Olcott of Hanover, N. H. Three children were born to them.

CAPT. SPEARE SPENCER TIPTON.

Speare S. Tipton, son of the Hon. John Tipton, was born in Croyden, Ind., September 30, 1814, and died in Pueblo, Mexico., July 18, 1847.

At an early age his parents removed to Logansport, Ind., where he prepared for college. He entered the "Academy" in 1830, and graduated in 1833.

He studied law and practiced his profession in Logansport until 1846. On the breaking out of the Mexican War he offered his services to the State and was commissioned first lieutenant, Mounted Rifles, Indiana Volunteers, May 27, 1846. On June 14, 1846, he was transferred to the First Indiana Infantry and commissioned captain. He served with his regiment in Mexico until his death. He was a brave and efficient officer. He was a prominent member of the Masonic Lodge at Logansport, serving as Master of the lodge in 1840, 1841 and 1844.

CHARLES STOCKBRIDGE THOMPSON.



Charles Stockbridge Thompson.

Sarasota, Fla.; Charles Otis, born June 19, 1849, now judge of probate, resides in Pomfret, Conn.

Charles S. Thompson, son of Ebenezer and Ruth Otis (Stockbridge) Thompson, was born in Pomfret, Conn., June 2, 1812, and died there April 10, 1891.

He attended the school at Plainfield, Conn., and entered the "Academy" in 1825, graduated in 1828; was a student at Trinity College, Hartford, Conn. 1828-29. He travelled extensively in Europe during 1874-75. He was a member of Christ Episcopal Church of Pomfret and served as vestryman and warden 1847-91.

He was married August 7, 1844, to Clara Grosvenor of Pomfret, daughter of Lemuel Putnam Grosvenor and great grand-daughter of Gen. Israel Putnam. She died, January 10, 1890. Two children were born to them: Ebenezer, born November 21, 1846, now an Episcopal clergyman in

ERASTUS CHASE TORREY, A. B., M. D.

Erastus C. Torrey, son of Dr. Erastus and Gratia Ann (Chase) Torrey, was born in Windsor, Vt. March 22, 1807, and died in Washington, D. C., January 17, 1879.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1824. He graduated A. B. Dartmouth College in 1827, and M. D. from Bowdoin Medical College, Maine, in 1830.

He practiced his profession in Keene, N. H., 1830-32; Windsor, Vt., 1832-50, and Detroit, Mich., 1850-61; was a clerk in the United States Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., 1861-79.

He was married, September 12, 1844 to Eliza Cabot, of Hartland, Vt.

GEORGE MUIRSON TOTTEN.

George M. Totten, son of Gilbert and Mary (Rice) Totten, was born in New Haven, Conn., May 28, 1809; and died in New York City, May 17, 1884. He attended the schools of his city and the Hopkins Grammar School, and entered the "Academy" in 1824, graduating in 1827.

He was assistant engineer on the Farmington Canal in Massachusetts, 1827-28 (later used as the roadbed for the New Haven & Northampton R. R.); was assistant engineer on the Juniata Canal in Penn, 1828-31; Delaware & Raritan Canal, 1831-35; chief engineer of the road from Reading to Port Clinton, 1835-36; was chief engineer on railroad work in Virginia, 1836-37. He constructed the Sunbury & Danville R. R. in Pennsylvania, 1837-40; was chief engineer of the Gaston & Raleigh R. R., in North Carolina, 1840-43. In this last year he was appointed chief engineer of the Canal del Dique, which connects the Magdalena River with the harbor of Carthagena in Colombia, South America. He held the position until 1850, when he was appointed chief engineer of the Panama R. R. This was one of the greatest engineering works of the time; and for twenty-five years, Mr. Totten labored under the greatest difficulties in the completion of his arduous task. After the completion of the road, he was appointed consulting engineer and served until his death. In 1879, M. de Lesseps invited him to accept a position on the commission that went to the Isthmus to decide upon the canal project and he was chief of de Lesseps' staff. He was the only American engineer on that commission which was comprised of eminent French and Dutch engineers.

He was chief engineer on surveys of the railroad from La Quayra to Caracas in Venezuela; served for some time as chief engineer of the Sassafraz Route, the Maryland and Delaware Ship canal; was also consulting engineer on many important works.



George Muirson Totten.

In recognition of his distinguished work as an engineer he received many testimonials from foreign powers. Napoleon III. of France, presented him a ring, bearing the Imperial crown in diamonds. General Guzman Blanco, president of Venezuela, presented him with a gold medallion of the bust of Liberator, Simon Bolivar, in appreciation of his work in that country.

Mr. Totten contributed numerous articles for various technical publications. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; American Philosophical Society; and many engineering societies.

He was married at Pottsville, Pa., July 12, 1835, to Harriet Seely, a native of Sunbury, Pa., who died August 12, 1898. Four children were

born to them: Henry Vethake, born November 19, 1838, died August 20, 1860; Gilbert Taveau, born March 4, 1840, was a surgeon during the Civil War, died May 21, 1872; Maria Elisa, born, February 10, 1846, married George Putnam Smith, son of Isaac T. Smith, '29, (q. v.), resides in New York city; Harriet Seely, born, January 23, 1848, died unmarried, September 17, 1885.

HON. CHARLES TRACY, A. M.

Charles Tracy, second son of William G. and Rachel (Huntington) Tracy, was born in Whitestown, Oneida County, N. Y., February 17, 1810, and died in New York city, March 15, 1885.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1828. He then entered Yale College and graduated A. B. in 1832, and later received the degree of A. M., from that Institution.

He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1834. He practiced his profession in Utica, N. Y., until 1849, when he removed to New York city, and continued his practice until his death. He was one of the most prominent members of the New York city bar.

He was an active member of St. Georges' Episcopal Church, New York City, serving as warden for many years; was also a member of the Century Club.

He was married August 30, 1837, to Louisa, daughter of Gen. Joseph Kirkland of Utica. Mrs. Tracy died in New York city, June 1, 1885. Seven children were born to them: Anne Huntington, born, 1838, married Dudley Hoffman Miller, died in 1863; Mary Kirkland, born in 1839, married Alfred Pell, died in 1882; Frances Louise, born in 1842, married Junius Pierpont, son of Junius Spencer Morgan, '26, (q. v.) resides in New York City; Clara, born in 1843, married Fred Street Hoppin, resides in Providence, R. I.; Charles Edward, born in 1846, died in 1900; Julia Ayres, born in 1850, married Francis Gordon Brown, resides in Flushing, Long Island, N. Y.; Louise Kirkland, born in 1857, died unmarried, in 1887.

LIEUT. THOMAS S. TRASK, U. S. A.

Thomas S. Trask was born in Windsor, Vt., in 1804, and died at Memphis, Tenn., August, 1, 1828.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1822. He entered the United States Military Academy, July 1, 1822, and graduated, July 1, 1827. He was commissioned on this last date, 2d lieutenant, 2d United States Infantry. He was stationed at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827-28.

THOMAS RUTHERFORD TROWBRIDGE.

Thomas R. Trowbridge, son of Henry and Harriet (Hayes) Trowbridge, and cousin of President R. B. Hayes, was born in New Haven, Conn., July 17, 1810, and died there, May 26, 1887. He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1824, graduating in 1826.

He was a clerk during 1826-31, for Trowbridge & Dwight, extensive and prosperous West India merchants, New Haven, Conn., of which firm his father was the senior member. He became a partner of the firm in 1831, under the firm name of Trowbridge, Son & Dwight. In 1837, his brother

Henry was admitted to the business and the firm name became, Trowbridge, Sons & Dwight. In 1847, Mr. Dwight retired from the business and the firm became H. Trowbridge & Sons. Upon the death of his father, in 1849, the firm name was changed to H. Trowbridge's Sons. In 1885, the firm removed their New Haven office from Long Wharf to the Mechanic's Bank, where the business was continued until the dissolution of the firm in 1891. He was a director of the Mechanics' Bank, 1847-87; New Haven Bank, 1859-60; Hartford & New Haven R. R., prior to its absorption by the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.; Security Insurance Co., of New Haven, 1875-87; was secretary and treasurer of the Long Wharf Co. for many years; secretary and director of the Tomlinson Bridge Co.; was a member of the New Haven Proprietors Committee, New Haven Chamber of Commerce, 1835-87, and its president, 1873-83.

He met with marked success in his business enterprises, and acquired a large fortune. He was a merchant of a type which honors the community, the city and State and his record adds another link to the long line of Connecticut's commercial leaders, whose names have reflected luster on that commonwealth.

He was a Republican in politics and in 1861 received the unanimous nomination of the party for lieutenant governor of the State, an honor he declined, much to the chagrin of his party. He took an active part in furthering the cause of the Union during the trying times of the Civil War, and was the first to generously give towards the support of soldiers' families. He presented the State flag to the 10th Connecticut Volunteers and to several other Connecticut regiments; also presented swords to numerous officers. He took an active part in forming the branch society of the United States Sanitary Commission in New Haven.

He was a fine scholar and was especially interested in historical research; was one of the founders of the New Haven Colony Historical Society, in 1862; and served as director, 1862-87; and vice-president for many years. He published *The History of Long Wharf in New Haven*, and was the projector of *The History of the Trowbridge Family*, published in 1872, defraying the expenses of compiling and publishing the book.

He was an active member of the First Ecclesiastical Society of New Haven, and a member of the First Congregational Church; was chairman of the committee having in charge the construction of the Bixwell Avenue Congregational Church and contributed liberally to its building fund.

He was married September 17, 1834, to Caroline, daughter of Captain Simeon and Polly (Harrison) Howley. She survives him and resides in



Thomas Ruthertord Trowbridge.

New Haven. Seven children were born to them: Henry, born August 14, 1836, died, June 29, 1900; Thomas Rutherford, born, March 3, 1839, died October 28, 1898; William Rutherford Hayes, born May 7, 1842, resides in New Haven; Caroline Hoadley, born, July 24, 1861, resides in Florence, Italy; Rutherford, born December 1, 1851, resides in New Haven; Emilie Eliza, born September 1, 1857, married George Bliss Rogers of Boston, resides in Florence, Italy; Francis, born July 24, 1861, died July 26, 1861.

MAJ.-GEN. STEPHEN S. TUCKER.

Stephen S. Tucker, son of Stephen and Ruth (Herrick) Tucker, was born in Randolph, Vt., October 16, 1807, and died of wounds received in battle, November 15, 1861.

He attended the schools of his town, and the Orange County Grammar school. He entered the University of Vermont in 1824 and remained about two years. He entered the "Academy" in 1829, and remained until 1831.



Maj. Gen. Stephen S. Tucker.

He then taught school in various places in the South. He served as an officer in the Army of the Republic of Texas, in the struggle with Mexico; was also an officer during the Seminole War. On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he offered his services to the State of Arkansas and was commissioned captain of mounted riflemen, May 27, 1846; was brevetted major for "gallant and meritorious services" at the battle of Chapultepec, Mexico. He resigned from the service, June 30, 1851.

He took part in the occupation of Sonora, Mexico, under command of the famous Gen. William Walker. He also served with General Walker in of the "Red Star Guard" with rank of major. General Walker in his *War in Nicaragua*, pays glowing tribute to the ability of Major Tucker. He states: "He was an excellent officer, punctual in the discharge of his duties and rigid in exacting from others the performance of theirs. * * * Tucker was strict with his men and aspired to make them the best soldiers in the Rivas." Major Tucker was prominent in several battles. On the downfall of General Walker's government, Major Tucker was captured, as were also several other "N. U." men, notably, Thomas F. Wright, '49; Frederick T. Ward, '48. On May 1, 1857, Major Tucker was one of officers selected by General Walker to accompany him to Panama, under the protection of the United States government. Very few details have been preserved of the work of this old cadet from 1857 until 1861.

He then taught school in various places in the South. He served as an officer in the Army of the Republic of Texas, in the struggle with Mexico; was also an officer during the Seminole War. On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he offered his services to the State of Arkansas and was commissioned captain of mounted riflemen, May 27, 1846; was brevetted major for "gallant and meritorious services" at the battle of Chapultepec, Mexico. He resigned from the service, June 30, 1851.

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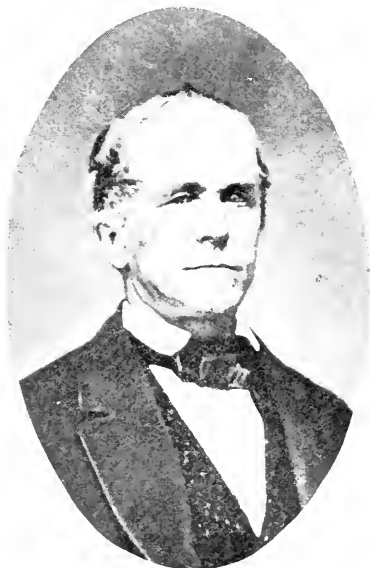
On the breaking out of the Civil War he offered his services to the Confederate Government, and was commissioned a colonel in April, 1861. He was in command of Fort Morgan, near Mobile, where he was shot on November 15, 1861. On the night of his death he received his commission as major-general, C. S. A.

COL. CHARLES TULLAR.

Charles Tullar, son of the Rev. Martin and Mrs. Charlotte (Clapp) (Whitney) Tullar, was born in Royalton, Vt., September 23, 1804, and died unmarried in Green Bay, Wis., in October 20, 1874. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, and graduated in 1823.

He clerked for a short time for Lawrence Bros., in Boston, Mass., and in 1825, located in Green Bay, Wis., where he was employed for some years in the store conducted by Daniel Whitney, a native of Gilsun, N. H. Later he engaged in the mercantile business alone, meeting with success.

He took great interest in military affairs and served as colonel during the Black Hawk War, being for a time in command of the Menominee Indians; he also served for some time during the Civil War as provost marshal.



Col. Charles Tullar.

PROF. BENJAMIN M. TYLER.

Benjamin M. Tyler was born in Andover, N. H., in 1792, and died in Franklin Falls, N. H., June 9, 1847. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823.

In September of the same year, he was elected principal of the "Noyes School," of Franklin, N. H., founded in 1822, by the provisions of the will of James Noyes of that town. The school was opened, September 15, 1823, with students from various parts of New Hampshire, also Maine and Vermont. The school soon became well known owing to the remarkable ability of its principal. The attendance constantly increased and the school gave promise of being one of the largest in New England, but on April 26, 1828, it was closed owing to the litigation over the school property which was begun in 1826 by the heirs of Mr. Noyes. The closing of this school was felt by the people of Franklin as a calamity to the town; and steps were at once taken to found another school. In 1830, a large brick building was erected and the famous "Instructors School" was opened in the fall of the same year. Thus was founded the first normal school in the United States.

We give some details of this school as its foundation and successful operation was the life work of Professor Tyler. The school building was described

as the best one in the State. The school was supervised by a board of directors of prominent men in various sections of the State. The studies were "confined to the English branches of education" and the students were divided into two divisions, the Senior and Junior departments. Definite instruction was given in the theory of teaching and school management; the students in the Senior department were given practical work in assisting in the instruction in the Junior department. We quote from the history of the school: "Mr. Tyler was a quarter of a century in advance of his time in his ideas and when the records of the school work of New England are justly made up this remarkable man will have an honored place. He published an arithmetic and also a grammar, which were greatly in advance of the common ways of teaching in that day. He was original in his methods, an exact thinker, delighting in mathematics and the sciences, giving much prominence to practical experiments in philosophy and chemistry, by means of the apparatus with which the school was supplied. His was the true idea of education to draw out not to pour in. A strict disciplinarian, his pupils thoroughly respected and more loved him. He left his enduring impress upon hundreds of young lives, developing in them character and intellectual attainments which in turn have influenced thousands of others." Many of his students became prominent as teachers in New Hampshire and other states. Owing to his failing health, he resigned his principalship in 1846, and began civil engineering in hopes the out-of-doors work would prove beneficial.

Soon after Noyes School was suspended in 1828, he accepted the professorship of Mathematics and Philosophy at the "Academy" which position he held until the "Academy" was discontinued at Middletown. He made surveys for a canal from the Connecticut River to the Merrimack, through New London, N. H., to Webster Lake. He located the railroad from Concord to Franklin, N. H., and owing to his persistency in the matter, this location up the Merrimack River was selected rather than the route along the Blackwater. In the spring of 1847 he caught a severe cold, while engaged in his engineering work, which resulted in his death. He was one of the founders of the "Lyceum," in Franklin in 1830. He was married in 1835, to Mary Weare of Andover, N. H., who died March 30, 1848.

REV. JAMES HIGGINSON TYNG, A. B.

James H. Tyng, son of the Hon. Dudley Atkin and Lydia (Higginson) Tyng, was born in Boston, Mass., May 12, 1807, and died in Brooklyn, N. Y., April 16, 1879.

He prepared for college under the tuition of Jared Sparks, LL. D., and George E. Emerson, LL. D. at Lancaster, Mass., and Rev. Dr. Anderson at Medfield, Mass. He entered the "Academy" in 1820, and remained until 1824. He graduated A. B. from Bowdoin College, Maine, in 1827.

He studied theology with Bishop Brownell at Hartford, Conn., and with Bishop Griswold at Bristol, R. I.; was ordained deacon in the Episcopal church about 1830; was rector of churches at Hopkinton, Mass.; Martinsburg, Va., Honesdale and Carbondale, Pa.; Tallahassee, Fla.; Newark and Morristown, N. J. For many years he conducted a school for boys at Brooklyn.

He was married in Boston, Mass., December 29, 1829, to Matilda Temple Degen, born in Leghorn, Italy. She died in Exeter, N. H., May 30, 1883. Ten children were born to them.

CASPER FREDERICK UHLHORN.

Casper F. Uhlhorn, son of Johann Frederick and Harriet (Shattuck) Uhlhorn, was born in St. Thomas, West Indies, April 27, 1811, and died in New York, December 5, 1862.

At an early age, his parents removed to New Haven, Conn., where he prepared for college. He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828.

He entered the employ of the Resolute Fire Insurance Co., of New York in 1829; was president several years previous to his death.

He was married in New Haven, Conn., June 3, 1835, to Sarah Maria Goodrich, who died in Hartford, Conn., May 4, 1897. Six children were born to them: John Frederick, born March 25, 1836, died December 30, 1876; Harriett Elizabeth, born June 24, 1838, married James B. Cone, resides in Hartford; Amelia Buckley, born July 30, 1844, married E. Hayes Trowbridge, died January 31, 1867; Maria Goodrich, born September 31, 1840, died unmarried; Frances Augusta, born August 22, 1842, married Jacob Lorillard, died August 1, 1896; Catherine Mason, born March 13, 1847, died unmarried.

HON. JAMES VAN NESS, A. M.

James Van Ness, son of the Hon. Cornelius Peter Van Ness, Governor of Vermont, 1821-23 and Rhoda (Savage) Van Ness, was born in Burlington, Vt., 1806, and died in San Luis Obispo, Cal., December 28, 1872.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and remained two years; graduated A. B. from the University of Vermont in 1825, and received the degree of A. M. from that Institution in 1831.

He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Burlington; practiced his profession in Burlington, Vt., and New Orleans, La., until 1850, when he removed to San Francisco, Cal., and continued the practice until 1861. He at once took a prominent part in the political affairs of the city; served on the board of Aldermen for some years and was instrumental in passing the famous "VanNess" ordinance, which secured the possessory titles after a certain date to all the lands within the charter limits of 1851; was elected the first mayor of the city in 1855 and was *ex officio* police judge during 1855 and 1856, and during the reign of the "Vigilance Committee" performed valuable service. Van Ness Avenue, one of the most beautiful streets in San Francisco, is named in his honor. In 1861, he removed to San Luis Obispo, where he continued his practice until his death. He was a Democrat in politics, and represented San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara counties in the State Senate in 1871.

He married Caroline Leslie of Georgia, who died in San Francisco in August, 1858. Two children were born to them: Thomas Casey Van Ness, born in New Orleans, La., February 15, 1847, resides in San Francisco; Eliza Bird, born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1838, married Hon. Frank McCoppin, of San Francisco, died in San Francisco, 1901.

INSP. GEN. HENRY VAN RENSSELAER, U. S. A.

Henry Van Rensselaer was born in Albany, N. Y., in 1810, and died in Cincinnati, O., March 23, 1864.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in

1823, and graduated in 1827; was a member of the Polemic society at the "Academy." He entered West Point, July 1, 1827, and graduated, 20th in his class, July 1, 1831.

He was brevetted 2d lieutenant. 5th United States Infantry, July 1, 1831; and was on leave until January 27, 1832, when he resigned. He served as colonel on the staff of Governor Seward of New York, during 1839-40.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the Government, and was appointed volunteer *aide-de-camp*, April 29, 1861; and regular *aide-de-camp*, August 5, 1861, and served on the staff of General Scott, at the headquarters in Washington, until November 12, 1861; was on leave of absence and awaiting orders, November 12, 1861, to March 20, 1862. He was inspector general, 1st Army Corps, March 20, until April 4, 1862, and of the Department of the Rappahannock, April 4-August 12, 1862; 3d Army Corps, August 12 until September 6, 1862; department of the Ohio, September 17, 1862, until his death.

He made his residence in Ogdensburg, N. Y., until 1852, when he removed to New York City, where he made his home until his death. He engaged extensively in farming near Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1834-59. He was largely interested in mining, was president of the American Mineral Co., the Port Henry Iron Ore Co., and the Consolidated Franklinite Co., 1855-60.

He was a Democrat in politics and represented his district in the United States House of Representatives, 1841-43.

A son, Stephen, became a Jesuit priest; a daughter, Euphemia, became a nun; another daughter married a Mr. Waddington of New York city.

PHINEAS FOX VARNUM.

Phineas F. Varnum, son of Gen. Phineas Varnum and Prudence (Fox) Varnum, was born in Portland, Me., September 22, 1806, and died there, January 24, 1892. He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1825.

He engaged in the mercantile business in Portland, with his father, for some years and later was a member of the firm of Moulton & Rogers. He met with success in his business ventures and acquired a valuable property.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; served in the city council of Portland, in 1835 and was president of that body in 1836.

He was married, January 1, 1834, to Elizabeth, daughter of Elias and Elizabeth (Widgery) Thomas of Portland. Eleven children were born to them: Charlotte Vivia, born January 14, 1835, died April 19, 1870; Elizabeth Widgery; Prudence Almira, born December 24, 1837, died August 14, 1839; Phineas Fox, born August 18, 1839, died June 7, 1840; Gertrude, born August 17, 1841, died October 8, 1841; Phineas Fox, born September 23, 1842, died in infancy; Lawrence Phineas, born September 22, 1843; Helen Josephine, born September 20, 1846; Elias Thomas, born August 27, 1847, died September 22, 1848; John Arkwright Marshall, born March 12, 1848; Georgiana Julia, born April 4, 1853.

THOMAS BEALE WALES.

Thomas B. Wales, eldest son of Thomas Beale, and Anne (Beale) Wales, was born in Boston, Mass., September 8, 1808, and died there, October 7, 1887.

His father was one of the old sterling ship owners and merchants of that city, in the days when her maritime commerce extended to every clime and her ships were known in all parts of the globe.

He attended the schools of his city, and entered the "Academy" in 1822, and graduated in 1825. He entered his father's counting house as a clerk in 1825, and in 1830, became a partner in the well known firm of Thomas B. Wales & Co., where he remained for many years, until the decline of American shipping, which followed soon after the War of the Rebellion. His father having died in 1853, leaving a large estate, he served as one of the trustees until his death. He made his residence in Boston until his death. He travelled extensively in Europe.

He was a member of the First Unitarian church of Boston, serving for some years as chairman of the Standing Committee.

He was married in 1835, to Maria Howe, of Boston, sister of Dr. Samuel G. Howe. She died June 2, 1846. Two children were born to them: Thomas Beale, Jr., born, February 14, 1839, resides Wellesley Hills, Mass.; Joseph Howe, born November 11, 1840; died in September, 1907.



Thomas Beale Wales.

CAPT. JAMES HARMON WARD, U. S. N., A. M.

James H. Ward, son of Col. James Ward, was born in Hartford, Conn., September 25, 1806, and was killed in the battle of Mathias Point, June 27, 1861.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1823; received from the University the degree of A. M., in 1836.

He was appointed a midshipman, United States Navy, March 4, 1823, and served on the U. S. S., *Constitution*, under the command of Captain Macdonough, in the Mediterranean sea, and on the coast of Africa, during 1824-28. He was promoted lieutenant, March 3, 1831, and commander, September 9, 1853.

He was one of the first officers to advocate the founding of a naval college, by the government. During 1812 and 1813, he delivered a course of lectures on "Gunnery," in Philadelphia, having as his main object the founding of the naval school.

When the United States Naval Academy was founded on October 10, 1845, he was appointed instructor in Gunnery and Steam Engineering, and served until 1849. He commanded the U. S. S., *Vixen*, home squadron, 1840-50.

During the Mexican War, he was attached to the Gulf Fleet. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was detailed to defend the water approaches to Washington. In May, 1861, he organized the Potomac Flotilla, and was most energetic in perfecting the defences of that city. He took part in the engagement at Aquia Creek, and on June 27, 1861, while sighting a gun on the Confederate battery at Mathias Point, was struck by a minie ball, which inflicted a mortal wound, causing his death in one hour. He was the first naval officer to die in the support of the Union. He was an heroic and efficient officer, and was considered the best educated officer in the navy. He was buried in Hartford, Conn., with one of the most imposing funeral pageants ever witnessed in that city.

He possessed great literary ability. He contributed many articles to the press on military subjects. His published works are: *Instructions on Naval Ordnance and Gunnery*, 1845; *Manual of Naval Tactics*, 1858, which was the standard work at the Naval Academy for years; *Steam for the Millions*, 1860. He was a member of the Catholic Church.

CAPT. ROSWELL BUTLER WARD.

Roswell B. Ward, son of Col. James Ward, and brother of Capt. James H. Ward, U. S. N., '23, was born in Hartford, Conn., September 18, 1804, and died in New London, Conn., September 8, 1883; was buried in Hartford, Conn.



Capt. Roswell Butler Ward.

He prepared for college at the Hartford Grammar School, and after two years study at Yale College, entered the "Academy" in 1822, graduating with high honor, in 1824. He showed remarkable aptitude for the classics and a strong liking for military drill and tactics. It was his ambition to enter the United States Army, but he was obliged to give up his plans, owing to his father's failing health, and assist him in the management of his large business interests. He continued in mercantile business in Hartford, until 1868, when he retired from active work and removed to New London, Conn., where he made his home until his death.

At an early age, he became identified with the State Militia. On the organization of the "Hartford Light Guard," he was elected its captain; and held the office for several years, when he was succeeded by Thomas H. Seymour, '29. He was an enthusiastic student in historical and genealogical research; and did much

to encourage the founding of genealogical societies in Hartford. He was a public spirited citizen and took a deep interest in all measures that tended to promote the welfare of his city.

He was married March 12, 1832, to Catherine Mary, daughter of Charles L. and Catherine C. Webb of Litchfield, Conn. Two daughters were born to them: Catherine Webb, and Mary Webb, who resided in Wethersfield, Conn.

WILLIAM ANDREW WARD.

William A. Ward, son of Col. James Ward, was born in Hartford, Conn., July 23, 1811, and died in New York city, February 8, 1884.

He attended the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. He engaged in business with his brother, R. B. Ward, '24, until 1844, when he removed to New York city, where he made his home until his death.

He married Ann C., daughter of Col. Solomon Porter of Hartford, Conn. He was survived by two sons, William Porter and Henry Sanford Ward, now residing in New York city.

MORTON WARING, M. D.

Morton Waring, second son of Col. Morton Alexander and Rebecca (Hamilton) Waring, was born at West Bank Plantation, on the Ashley River, S. C., January 8, 1809, and died in Florence, S. C., July 5, 1875.

At an early age he was placed under the teaching of Mr. John Ewe, who kept a famous preparatory school in Charleston. After passing creditably through this, he attended Mr. Courtney's Academy in Charleston, where he was prepared for college.

He entered the "Academy" in 1823. Choosing civil engineering as his profession, he graduated with distinction in 1827; but on reaching Charleston, S. C., his mother entreated him to choose a profession that would not take him so far from home. This was a great disappointment to both him and Captain Partridge, who had secured a fine situation for him in the West, and was feeling a keen interest in the success of his promising pupil; but the

young man with characteristic unselfishness yielded to his mother's wish, though he always felt it one of the greatest disappointments of his life.

He then decided to study medicine at the Medical College in Charleston. He graduated with distinction in 1830. The same year, he began to practice



Dr. Morton Waring.

in St. John's, Berkeley, where he was most successful. He was respected and beloved in his community for his great benevolence and force of character. While he was a member of no church, he was most active in all church work, and was always a member of the vestry of the Episcopal church. He was also an extensive and successful cotton and rice planter until the emancipation in 1865. He never planted after the close of the war. He moved to Florence, S. C., in October, 1869, and soon had a large medical practice, which he continued to follow until his death.

He was married December 25, 1830, to Anne Henrietta, daughter of Nathaniel Henry Rhodes, M. D. She died in 1896. Ten children were born to them: Morton Nathaniel, born September 6, 1831, died September 21, 1882; John Rhodes, born August 27, 1832, died December 25, 1901; Rebecca Hamilton, born, October 14, 1833, died May 7, 1855; Thomas Smith, born November 27, 1834, died November 2, 1838; Susan Edith, born February 5, 1837, died, November 4, 1907; Henry Rhodes, born April 16, 1838, died August 2, 1838; Thomas Smith 2d, born May 27, 1840, died October 14, 1840; Edward, born March 3, 1842, died June 25, 1842; Paul Hamilton, born November, 16, 1843, died May 7, 1845; Mary Rhodes, born April 13, 1849, married Robert Y. Henagan, resides in Columbia, S. C.

THOMAS BLACKBURN WASHINGTON.

Thomas B. Washington, son of Bushrod Corbin and Anna Maria (Blackburn) Washington, was born at Rock Hill, Jefferson County, Va., August 19, 1812, and died of Asiatic cholera at Albany, N. Y., August 3, 1854.

He entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829; was for some time a student at the University of Virginia.

He engaged in agricultural pursuits at his Claymont estate in Virginia, until his death. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; Malta Masonic Lodge and the Knights Templar.

He married Rebecca Janett Cunningham, a native of Frederick City, Md., who died in London, England, September 23, 1870. Five children were born to them: Bushrod Corbin, born May 14, 1839, resides near Almira, Douglas County, Washington; George, born February 22, 1842, died in the Confederate Army; James Cunningham, born September 14, 1847, died in the Confederate service; Thomas Blackburn, born January 11, 1851, resides in Washington, D. C.; Anna Maria, born October 22, 1854, married Mr. Joseph A. Erving of Cambridge, England, died in England in 1909.

JOHN HUBBARD WATKINSON.

John H. Watkinson, son of John Pevet and Hannah (Hubbard) Watkinson, was born in Middletown, Conn., about 1810, and died there November 6, 1891.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829.

He entered the employ of the Middletown Bank as clerk; was appointed cashier, October 12, 1844; president, February 8, 1847, until January 1, 1883, when he resigned. He was engaged in various business enterprises, meeting with marked success, and acquired a valuable property. He served for some years as city treasurer of Middletown.

He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Frank L. Norton, who resides in Middletown.

LIEUT. COL. HENRY WEBB.

Henry Webb, son of Dr. James and Annie Webb, was born in Hillsboro, N. C., June 9, 1808, and died in Gadsden, Ala., July 16, 1878.

He entered the "Academy" in 1825, and graduated in 1828. After graduating, he followed farming for a short time near Greensboro, Ala., but soon returned to North Carolina and studied medicine with his father. After completing his studies, he located in Gadsden, Ala., where he made his home until his death.

He served as lieutenant colonel in the Alabama volunteers in the Seminole War, and during the Civil War was an engineer in the Confederate Army. He married Maria Dickinson of Greensboro, Ala.

COL. THOMAS LADSON WEBB.

Thomas L. Webb, son of Daniel Cannon and Eliza (Ladson) Webb, was born in Charleston, S. C., in 1809 and died there, April 21, 1872. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1826.

He engaged for some time in cotton planting near Charleston and later removed to Charleston, where he was for many years a prosperous cotton factor. He took an active interest in the State Militia, serving as colonel for several years.

He was married, about 1832, to Susan Smith Waring, sister of Dr. Morton Waring, '27. Fifteen children were born to them. Five sons served in the Confederate Army.

HON. SUMNER ALLEN WEBBER, A. M.

Sumner A. Webber, son of Christopher and Electa (Storer) Webber, was born in Rutland, Vt., December 19, 1798, and died in Rochester, Vt., May 20, 1862.

His parents removed to Cavendish, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He entered the "Academy" in 1821 and graduated in 1824.

He studied law for some time in the famous law school in Litchfield, Conn., conducted by the Hon. James Gould; returned to Vermont and studied law with the Hon. Charles K. Williams in Rutland, Vt.; was admitted to the Rutland County bar in 1825, and located in Rochester, Vt., in 1826, where he practiced his profession until his death.

He was prominent in his profession; was a wise, safe and able counsellor; was one of the ablest lawyers of the Windsor County bar.



Hon. Sumner Allen Webber

He had convincing powers as a pleader and his appeals for justice were eloquent in their simplicity. He had a though knowledge of literature and was especially well versed in the English classics. Middlebury College conferred upon him, in 1830, the honorary degree of A. M.

He was early in life a Whig in politics, but later joined the Republican party. He held many offices in the town of Rochester; represented the town in the House of Representatives, 1856 and 1857, serving on the judiciary committee; was a candidate for Congress in the old third district, but failed of the nomination by a small margin; was active in the anti-slavery movement.

He was an active member of the Congregational Church of Rochester, and for some years taught a class of young men in the Sunday school; was a member of Rural Lodge, F. and A. M. He served for some years in the Vermont Militia.

He was married January 5, 1831, to Pheobe Jefferson Guernsey of Rochester, who died September 29, 1861. Five children were born to them: Sumner Jefferson, born in 1834, died in 1836; Christopher Allen, born August 8, 1837, died in August, 1878; Phoebe Augusta, born in January, 1840, died in September, 1849; Adeline Electra, born October 9, 1842, married Dr. Frederick Langdon Morse, died September 11, 1910; Charles Sumner, born in November, 1848, died in 1849.

GEORGE SAGE WEBSTER.

George S. Webster, son of Ephron and Maria (Sage) Webster, was born in Middletown, Conn., December 3, 1812, and died in New Haven, Conn., November 11, 1892.

He entered the "Academy" from Cuba, in 1825, and remained three years. He owned an extensive plantation near Colosso, Cuba, where he resided until 1864, when he returned to Middletown, Conn. In 1878, he removed to Hartford and in 1890, to New Haven. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married November 19, 1850, to Harriet Isham of New London, who died in Hartford, Conn., September 21, 1901. Five children were born to them: William Ephron, born June 4, 1853, died May 10, 1884; Eliza, born October 8, 1851, died October 6, 1863; James, born February 14, 1858, died September 20, 1877; Anita Eliza, born March 13, 1864, married Frederick R. Honey, resides Hartford, Conn. One child died in infancy.

HON. GIDEON WELLES, A. M.

Gideon Welles, son of Samuel and Ann (Hale) Welles, was born in Glastonbury, Conn., July 1, 1802, and died in Hartford, Conn., February 11, 1873.

He was a direct descendant of Thomas Welles, who was born in England in 1598; was one of the original settlers of Connecticut; treasurer of the Colony, 1639-51; commissioner 1649-55; and Governor, 1865 and 1868.

The subject of this sketch prepared for college at the Episcopal Academy of Connecticut, at Cheshire, and entered the "Academy" in 1823, graduating in 1826; received from the University the degree of A. M. in 1836. He went with the corps of cadets on their march to the White Mountains, (q. v.), in the fall of 1824, and was historian of the trip.

In 1826, he was editor and part owner of the *Hartford Times* with which he remained connected until 1854, although he vacated the responsible charge of

its columns in 1836. The paper was for many years the chief organ of the Democratic party in Connecticut. It advocated the election of Andrew Jackson to the presidency, and supported his administration. In 1827-35, Mr. Welles was a member of the legislature, and both in that body and in his journal attacked with severity a measure intended to exclude from the courts witnesses who did not believe in a future state of rewards and punishments. He also labored for years for the repeal of laws imprisoning debtors, opposed special and private legislation, and secured the passage of general laws for the organization of financial corporations. He began an agitation for a low postage law before the subject had attracted general attention.

He was elected comptroller of the State by the Legislature in 1835, and elected to that office by popular vote in 1842 and 1843, serving as postmaster of Hartford in the intervening years. He was chief of the bureau of provisions and clothing in the Navy from 1846 until 1849.

He had always opposed the extension of slavery, and upon the organization of the Republican party, in 1855, promptly identified himself with it, and, in 1856, was its candidate for governor of Connecticut. He was chair-man of the Connecticut delegation to the Chicago convention in 1860, which nominated Mr. Lincoln for president, and on his election was appointed Secretary of the Navy, being the first selection made by Mr. Lincoln of a member of his Cabinet. His executive ability and administration of his department was popular with the Navy and the country at large.

Owing to his facility as a writer, his state papers are more interesting than such documents usually are. In his first report, dated July 4, 1861, he announced the increase of the effective force of the navy from 40 to 82 vessels. This, and the subsequent increase in a few months to more than 500 vessels, was largely due to his energy. In the report that has just been referred to, he also recommended investigations to secure the best iron-clads, and this class of vessels was introduced during his administration. He was for years a member of the National Republican Committee and member of the Executive Committee.

In Cabinet councils, he always opposed all arbitrary measures, and objected to the declaration of the blockade of the Southern ports, holding that such declaration was equivalent to an acknowledgment of belligerent rights, and that the preferable course would be to close our ports to foreign commerce by proclamation. By request of the President, he presented his views in writing, but the cabinet finally yielded to the views of Secretary Seward.

Early in the war, on September 25, 1861, he ordered that negro refugees that made their way to naval vessels should be enlisted as seamen. He held



Hon. Gideon Welles.

his post of secretary until the close of President Johnson's administration in 1869. In 1872, he acted with the Liberal Republicans, and in 1876, he advocated the election of Samuel J. Tilden, afterwards taking strong grounds against the findings of the electoral commission.

In 1872, he published a paper claiming that the capture of New Orleans in 1862, was entirely due to the Navy, and in 1873, a volume entitled, *Lincoln and Seward*. He contributed many articles to the *Galaxy*, *Atlantic Monthly* and other periodicals on the events of the Civil War. His "Diary," now being published in the *Atlantic Monthly*, is a valuable contribution to the political history of the country and is attracting world wide attention.

Mr. Welles was a man of commanding figure, bearing himself through life with the graceful military carriage acquired on the parade of the Military Academy. His venerable and dignified bearing marked him at sight as a man not of ordinary type.

He was married June 16, 1835, to Mary Jane Hale of Lewistown, Pa., who died in Hartford, Conn., February 28, 1886. Nine children were born to them: Anna Jane, born August 27, 1836, died April 10, 1854; Samuel, born November 12, 1838, died July 27, 1839; Edward Gideon, born November 15, 1840, died September 18, 1843; Edgar Thaddeus, born August 27, 1843, resides 550 Park Ave., New York city; Thomas Glastonbury, born July 4, 1848, died March 19, 1892; John Arthur, born August 1, 1849, died November 8, 1885; Herbert, born August 16, 1852, died August 20, 1863; Mary Juniata, born September 2, 1854, died March 25, 1858; Hubart, born May 29, 1858, died November 18, 1862.

GEN. LEONARD ROBBINS WELLES.

Leonard R. Welles, son of Leonard and Prudence (Robbins) Welles, was born in Wethersfield, Conn., April 12, 1803, and died in Malden-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., March 5, 1883.

He attended the schools of his town and Middletown, Conn., entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1828. He made his home in Wethersfield, Conn., until about 1880, when he removed to Malden, N. Y., where he resided until his death. He was president of the Welles & Wilcox Co., manufacturers of tools in Rocky Hill, Conn., many years. He took an active interest in the State Militia; served as major-general in command of the State troops several years; was adjutant-general of Connecticut, 1852-53. He was a Democrat in politics; served as warden of the States Prison at Wethersfield several years. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He was married April 19, 1830, to Abigail Lane Pillsbury of Derry, N. H., who died in Malden, N. Y., March 26, 1886. Five children were born to them: Leonard Robbins, born October 22, 1832, died in Brooklyn, N. Y., February, 1897; Edwin Pillsbury, born April 29, 1835, died in Minneapolis, Minn., October, 1904; George Philippe, born February 4, 1837, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Charles Frederick, born March 27, 1842, resides in Minneapolis, Minn.; Mary Neal, born July 28, 1850, married John Isham, resides in Pasadena, Cal.

BRIG. GEN. HENRY WALTON WESSELLS, U. S. A.

Henry W. Wessells, son of Ashbel and Grace (Ward) Wessells, was born in Litchfield, Conn., February 20, 1809, and died January 12, 1889.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1826,

graduating in 1829. He entered the U. S. Military Academy in 1828, and graduated in 1832 with rank of brevet second lieutenant; was assigned to the 2d Infantry with which regiment he served many years; was stationed at Hancock Barracks, Maine, near the Canadian line, 1833-34; Boston, Mass., 1834-35; served in the Creek War in Georgia in 1835; was stationed at Green Bay and Fort Gratiot, Mich., until the breaking out of the Seminole War, November, 1835, when he was ordered to Florida with his regiment; served with distinction in this war until its close, August 14, 1842; was promoted 2d lieutenant, June 28, 1836, 1st lieutenant, July 7, 1838, and captain, February 16, 1847.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he sailed with his regiment to Vera Cruz, and served in General Scott's army. He took an active part in the battles of Vera Cruz, Cerro Gordo, Contreras, Churubusco, and at the capture of the city of Mexico; was especially distinguished for bravery at the battle of Contreras in which he was severely wounded; was brevetted major, August 20, 1847, for service in this battle and the battle of Churubusco; was ordered to California in November, 1848, where he served until 1855; served on the Northwestern Frontier, 1855-61, performing valiant service in the Sioux expeditions in 1855; was promoted major, June 6, 1861, and assigned to the 6th U. S. Infantry.

He recruited the 8th Kansas Infantry and was commissioned its colonel, September 29, 1861; resigned this commission, February 7, 1862, and on April 25, 1862, was commissioned brigadier-general of volunteers; performed gallant service at the battle of Fair Oaks, Va., May 30, 1862, and was brevetted lieutenant colonel, U. S. A., May 31, 1862, for service in this battle. He took part in the defense of Suffolk, Va., September-December, 1862; was transferred to North Carolina, December, 1862, and took part in the actions at Kingston and Goldsboro and the defense of Newbern. In May, 1863, he was assigned to the defense of Plymouth, N. C., which place he was forced to surrender in April, 1864, after a severe four day's fight; was a prisoner from April until August, 1864, when he was exchanged.

He was brevetted colonel, U. S. A., April 20, 1864, for his gallant defense of Plymouth; served as commissary of prisoners, November, 1864. He was promoted lieutenant colonel, February 16, 1865, and assigned to the 18th U. S. Infantry; was brevetted brigadier general, March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious services during the war;" served in the Northwest, 1865-69; was retired from active service, January 1, 1871. In May, 1849, the legislature of Connecticut, in recognition of his distinguished service to the country during the Mexican War presented him a sword, beautifully ornamented with gold and jewels.

He was three times married: first, in September, 1834, to Mary Tryphena, daughter of Chester Griswold. She died at Fort King, Florida, in the autumn of 1841. One child, Mary, born June 30, 1836, married Franklin A. Seely of Honesdale, Pa., died at Washington, D. C., July 13, 1876. He was married the second time in 1844, to Hannah Cooper, of Cooperstown, N. Y., a niece of J. Fenimore Cooper. She died in California in February, 1863. Three children were born to them: Henry Walton, born December 24, 1846, brigadier general, U. S. A., retired, resides in Washington, D. C.; Frank Ward, died in Omaha, Neb. in 1900; Morris Cooper, died January 14, 1896. He was again married, December 10, 1878, to Caroline Wadsworth of Litchfield, Conn., who died July 18, 1895.

MAJ. GEN. JAMES BRYAN WHITFIELD.

James B. Whitfield, son of the Hon. Bryan and Winnifred (Bryan) Whitfield, was born at Spring Hill, Lenoir County, N. C., May 16, 1809, and died at Burns Place, same county, October 1, 1841.

He prepared for college at the Newbern Academy, and entered the "Academy" in 1827, graduating in 1829. He engaged extensively in planting and in the mercantile business. He was connected with several business enterprises; owned the first line of steamers that plied the Neuse River in North Carolina. He was a Whig in politics, and held several positions; served as State senator in 1841. He took great interest in the State Militia, and held the various ranks up to and including that of major general.

He was married November 10, 1829, to Sallie Wooten of Sandy Bottom, Lenoir County, N. C., who died at Sunnyside, Wayne Co., N. C., November 20, 1865. Seven children were born to them: Winnifred Bryan, born November 1, 1831, resides Mt. Joy, N. C.; Richard Allen, born June 6, 1832, resides Tallahassee, Fla.; Lucy Wooten, born February 10, 1834, married Needham James Whitfield, resides Aberdeen, Miss.; Nathan Bryan, born December 14, 1835, resides Burns Place, N. C.; Sallie Eliza, born November 13, 1837, married Col. John P. Cobb, resides Tallahassee, Fla.; James George, born March 18, 1840, resides Whitfield, Ala.; Bryan, born April 18, 1842, resides New Haven, Conn.

HON. BENJAMIN WIGGIN.

Benjamin Wiggin, son of Joseph and Clarissa (Emerson) Wiggin, was born in Old Brighton, (now Newton) Mass., March 23, 1812, and died in Boston, about 1890.

At an early age his parents removed to Boston, where he attended the public schools, and in 1826 his parents removed to Bangor, Me. He entered the "Academy" in 1822, and remained two years. He graduated A. B. from Union College in 1832; studied at the Harvard Law School for some time and was admitted to the bar in Bangor in 1834. He practiced his profession in Bangor for many years. He was a Republican in politics and held many offices.

He married Sarah H., daughter of Judge William Crosby of Belfast, Me. One child, Ellen, married Frederick A. Hatch, '56, and resides in Boston, Mass.

CAPT. JOHN WILLIAMS.

John Williams, son of the Hon. John and Ann (Wray) Williams, was born in Salem, N. Y., May 30, 1809, and died at Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 1846, at the home of his brother-in-law, Rev. George W. Bethune, D. D., where he had gone for his health.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1824, graduating in 1828. He inherited a very valuable property. He made his home in Salem at the "Williams Homestead" until his death. He took great interest in military matters; served as captain of the Salem Co., New York Militia, some years. He was a faithful and active member of the "Associate-Reformed" Presbyterian Church in Salem, later known as the "Old White Church."

He was married September 9, 1835, to Harriet Byron Martin of Auburn, N. Y., who died June 10, 1890. Five children were born to them: John Martin,

born October 8, 1836, died June 70, 1905; Mary Bethune, born August 31, 1838, died January 2, 1842; Fanny Hunt, born February 10, 1841, died December 23, 1843; Harriet Martin, born January 22, 1843, resides in Salem; Fanny Hunt, born February 26, 1845, resides in Salem.

JAMES FRANKLIN WILLIS.

James F. Willis, son of James and Rachael (Patterson) Willis, was born in Enfield, N. H., July 20, 1808, and died in London, Ohio, February 22, 1874.

His father was a prosperous merchant and business man in Enfield, N. H. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1821, graduating in 1825. He accompanied the corps of cadets on a march from Norwich, Vt., to Concord, N. H., in June, 1822. The corps were royally entertained by his father at his home in Enfield.

He removed to Mt. Sterling, Ohio, in 1837, and engaged in the mercantile business until 1860, when he purchased a farm near Yanketown Fayette County, Ohio. In 1854, he sold his farm and removed to London, Ohio, where he resided until his death.

He was married in May, 1831, to Triphena Tinsdale Willis, a native of Hanover, N. H., who died December 10, 1878. Two children were born to them: Irving Franklin, born April 29, 1832, died December 7, 1881; Julia Frances, born September 18, 1845, married and died in Chicago, Ill., in 1906.

James Franklin Willis.



PROF. EBENEZER BANCROFT WILLISTON, A. M.

Ebenezer B. Williston, son of Rev. David Howe and Susan (Bancroft) Williston, was born in Tunbridge, Vt., in 1801, and died in Norwich, Vt., December 27, 1827.

He attended Dartmouth College for some time, and on the founding of the "Academy" in 1819, he was engaged as instructor in the Greek and Latin languages, at the same time carrying on his studies at the "Academy." The University of Vermont gave him the degree of A. B. in 1823. He was professor of the Latin and Greek languages at the "Academy" from 1820 to 1828. Feeble health forced him to spend most of the last nine years of his life in the South, where he was for some time president of Jefferson College, Mississippi. He published an edition of *Tacitus* (Hartford, Conn., 1826), and the *Eloquence of the United States*, five volumes (Middletown, Conn., 1827).

He was married in Middletown, Conn., July 13, 1826, to Emma Partridge and is survived by a son, Brig. Gen. E. B. Williston, U. S. A., "N. U.," '56, and a daughter, Mrs. Ellen Clark of Norwich, Vt.

HIRAM P. WOODWORTH.

Hiram P. Woodworth was born in Norwich, Vt., and died of cholera at Hennepin, Ill., in 1852.

He attended the schools of Norwich and entered the "Academy" in 1820, and graduated in 1825. He was instructor of Mathematics, and assistant professor of Natural Philosophy, 1825-27; vice-president and professor of Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Civil Engineering, Topographical Drawing, 1834-1836.

He was appointed in 1837, engineer with the Illinois State Internal Improvement Commission; and on April 1, 1839, was appointed chief engineer of the "Fourth District" with headquarters in Peru, which position he held until (about) 1841. He then engaged in mercantile business in Hennepin, Ill., until his death. He was survived by a widow and daughter.

DAVID MINTON WRIGHT, M. D.

David M. Wright, cousin of William A. Armistead, M. D., '28, was born in Plymouth, N. C., about 1818, and was killed in Norfolk, Va., July 11, 1863.

He attended the "Academy" in 1826, and graduated in 1829. He then entered the University of Pennsylvania Medical College, and graduated M. D. about 1833. He located in Norfolk, Va., where he practiced his profession until his untimely death. He became one of the most successful physicians in his State; and was greatly respected and beloved by the people of Norfolk for his efficient and heroic work during the yellow fever epidemic in 1855. He was also prominent in his services in caring for the Union soldiers.

In July, 1863, he was insulted by Lieut. Alanson L. Sanborn, a first lieutenant in the First United States Colored Infantry. Dr. Wright shot him on the spot. He was tried by the Federal authority and executed, July 11, 1863. Prof. N. B. Webster, '43, thus writes in regard to this unfortunate affair: "Dr. Wright was grossly insulted by Lieutenant Sanborn, and the offence was such as to give him strong provocation for the deed. He was a noble man and had done a great deal for our troops." An account of this affair is given in some detail in justice to the memory of a worthy old cadet, as the incident has been greatly exaggerated in certain of our Northern histories.

HON. EBENEZER E. WRIGHT.

Ebenezer E. Wright, son of John and Olive (Partridge) Wright, was born in Norwich, Vt., June 23, 1783, and died in Lancaster, Pa.

He entered the "Academy" in 1824, and graduated in 1825. He studied law and located in Lancaster, Pa., where he practiced the profession many years, becoming one of the best known lawyers in the State.

He was married, December 30, 1807, to Delia Redfield. A son, Franklin Wright, was a cadet at the "Academy" class of 1832.

FRANKLIN WRIGHT.

Franklin Wright, son of Ebenezer and Delia (Redfield) Wright, was born in Charlestown, N. H., March 22, 1809, and died at Battersea Place, near Petersburg, Va., February 16, 1886. His parents removed to Pennsylvania soon after his birth, where he fitted for college.

He entered the "Academy" in 1828, and graduated in 1832. He took up civil engineering, his first work being on the "tide water" canal; after which he was engaged on the Delaware and Rankin canal. He was chief engineer on the Southside Railroad in Virginia; the Alleghany Valley Railroad; the Steubenville Railroad; and chief engineer for the Pennsylvania Railroad in charge of the Bennetts Branch Division. He was also engaged for some years in the iron business in Pennsylvania.

He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in York county, Penn., in 1848; but was never actively engaged in that profession. In 1870, he retired from active work and bought Battersea Place, near Petersburg, Va., where he made his home until his death. He was married July 17, 1838 to Rebecca Stout, who died Aug. 18, 1889. Three children have been born to them; Sarah, Eliza and Amanda.

BRIG.-GEN. GEORGE WRIGHT, U. S. A.

George Wright, son of John and Olive (Partridge) Wright, was born in Norwich, Vt., about 1803, and was drowned in the Pacific Ocean, July 30, 1865.

He entered the United States Military Academy in 1818, and graduated in July, 1822, and on the same date was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 3d United States Infantry; served on frontier duty at Fort Howard, Wis., 1822-24 and for a few months in 1826; was on recruiting service, 1824-26, and for a portion of this time took advanced work under the instruction of Captain Partridge at the "Academy," in Norwich; was stationed at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826-28, 1829-31; was promoted 1st lieutenant, same regiment, September 23, 1827; was engaged in frontier duty at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., 1828-29; took part in an expedition to Council Bluffs, Iowa, in 1829; served as adjutant of regiment, 1831-36; on recruiting service, 1837-38; served on the Northern Frontier, during the Canadian Rebellion, in 1838; was transferred to the 8th United States Infantry, July 7, 1838; on duty at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838-1840; at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; took part in the Florida War, 1840-42; was stationed at Fort Brooke, Fla., in 1843; and at Key West, Fla., 1843-44; was brevetted major for "meritorious conduct, zeal, energy and perseverance in the war against the Florida Indians."

He was engaged in recruiting service from 1844 until the breaking out of the Mexican War in 1846, when he was ordered with his regiment to Mexico. He performed distinguished service at the siege of Vera Cruz, March 9 to 29, 1847; at the battle of Cerro Gordo, April 17-18, 1847; at the capture of San Antonio, August 20, 1847; and at the battle of Churubusco, August 20, 1847. He was brevetted lieutenant-colonel, August 20, 1847, for gallantry in the battles of Contreras and Churubusco. At the battle of Molino del Rey, September 8, 1847, he commanded the storming party, and was severely wounded. He was brevetted colonel for his gallantry in this battle.

In 1848, he was engaged in mustering troops out of service; was stationed

at Fort Ontario, N. Y., 1848-52; and at Fort Columbus, N. Y., in 1852. He was promoted major, January 1, 1848, and transferred to the 4th United States Infantry. In 1852, he was ordered to Benicia, Cal.; was in command of the Northern District of California, from September 17, 1852 to May 19, 1855, with headquarters at Fort Reading, Cal.

He was promoted lieutenant-colonel, same regiment, February 3, 1855, and colonel, March 3, 1855; and on this last date was given command of the 9th United States Infantry. He was stationed for some months at Fort Munroe, Va., in 1855; was on frontier duty at Fort Vancouver, Wash., in 1856; was in command of the Northern District of the Department of the Pacific, January 28, 1856 until July, 1857.

He was distinguished for gallantry in meeting an attack of Indians at the Cascades, Wash., March 27-28, 1856; later, in the same year, took part in the Yokama Expedition, and performed service at Fort Vancouver and at Walla Walla. He was stationed at Fort Dalles, Ore., in 1856-58; was in command of the Spokane Expedition, in 1858, taking part in battles at Four Lakes, September 1, 1858, at Spokane Plains, September 5, 1858; also participated in several engagements with the Indians. He was on duty at Fort Walla Walla, Wash., 1859-60, and at Fort Vancouver, 1860-61; was in command of the Department of Oregon, July 5, 1860, to September 13, 1861.

He was promoted brigadier general, United States Volunteers, September 28, 1861; was in command of the Department of the Pacific, from October 20, 1861 to July, 1864; and the district of California, from July 1, 1864 to July 27, 1865. He was brevetted brigadier-general, United States Army, December 19, 1864, "for long, faithful and meritorious services." He was drowned in the wreck of the steamer *Brother Jonathan*, off the coast of Oregon, July 30, 1865, while [on his way] to assume [command of the] Department of Columbia.

A son, Bvt. Brig. Gen. Thomas F. Wright, was a cadet at "N. U.," class of 1849.

MAJ.-GEN. HORATIO GATES WRIGHT, U. S. A., LL. D.

Horatio G. Wright was born in Clinton, Conn., March 6, 1820, and died in Washington, D. C., July 2, 1899.

He entered the "Academy" in 1834, remaining until 1836. He received from "N. U." the degree of LL.D., in 1897. He graduated from West Point, second in his class, July 1, 1841, and was commissioned 2d lieutenant, Corps of Engineers; was promoted first lieutenant, February 28, 1848; captain, July 1, 1855, major, August 6, 1861; brigadier-general, September 14, 1861; brigadier-general of volunteers, March 24, 1863; major-general of volunteers, May 12, 1864.

He served in the engineering corps, and in 1843-44, was assistant professor at West Point. He superintended the building of forts and improvements in Florida; and until the Civil War was assistant to the chief engineer at Washington, also serving on several special ordnance boards. He declined a major's commission in the 13th United States Infantry, May 14, 1861. He constructed several of the defences of Washington; took part in the battle of Bull Run, as chief engineer of Heintzelman's division; organized and served in the Port Royal expedition as chief engineer, July 24 until September 14, 1861.

He took part in the capture of Hilton Head, S. C., November 7, 1861; led the land forces in the Florida expedition from February to June, 1862.

He commanded the department of the Ohio, from August 19, 1862 until March 26, 1863; the District of Louisville, Ky., until April 26, 1863; and then led a division of the Army of the Potomac in Pennsylvania and Rapidan campaigns. After the death of Gen. John Sedgwick, May 9, 1864, he succeeded to the command of the Sixth Army Corps. While at Petersburg, he was ordered to the defence of Washington, during Gen. Jubal A. Early's invasion of Maryland in 1864, and here he did valuable service. He rallied the troops under his command, reformed the line and did much to retrieve the fortunes of the early surprise at Cedar Creek, October 19, 1864. His gallant Sixth Corps first broke the strong lines at Petersburg, on Sunday, April 2, 1865. General Grant in his official report said: "General Wright penetrated the



Maj.-Gen. Horatio Gates Wright.

his whole corps, sweeping everything before him, and to his left, toward sline Hatchers' Run, captured many guns and several thousand prisoners." He was brevetted brigadier-general United States Army on March 13, 1865, for gallantry in the battle of Cold Harbor and major-general for the capture of Petersburg, Va. On June 14, 1865, he received the thanks of the Connecticut Legislature for his efficient services in the Civil War. He was made lieutenant-colonel, U. S. A., November 23, 1865, and then served on various engineering boards, becoming colonel, March 4, 1879, and chief of engineers with the rank of brigadier-general, June 31, 1879. On March 22, 1884, he was retired from active service. He was the co-author of a *Report on the Fabrication of Iron for Defences*, Washington, 1871.

WILLIAM ELY WRIGHT.

William E. Wright, son of William and Mary (Ely) Wright, was born in Rome, N. Y., February 19, 1809, and died there May 16, 1886.

He prepared for college at the Grosvenor School, Rome, and entered the "Academy" in 1824, remaining two years; was a student at Hamilton College, New York, 1826-27.

He engaged in the general mercantile business in Rome, 1828-33; Akron, Ohio, 1833-43; Duluth, Minn., 1857-63; Superior, Wis., 1863-64; Cleveland, Ohio, 1864-65; Oil City, Pa., 1865-66; engaged in the manufacture of paper in Pulaski, N. Y., 1813-50. He was ticket agent for the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg, R. R., Rome N. Y., and Sackets' Harbor, for some years. He retired from active work in 1866 and made his home in Rome until his death. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and the I. O. O. F.

He was married August 23, 1832, to Maria Roberts of Rome, who died July 25, 1884. Four children were born to them: Jane Louisa, born July 9, 1844, married James Frazer, resides in Baldwinsville, N. Y.; Anna Maria, born February 18, 1848, died unmarried July 22, 1902; Mary Ely, born November 16, 1850, married Charles W. Ellis, resides in Rome, N. Y.; Robert Duxtater, born July 1, 1854, died January 26, 1860.

WILLIAM OTIS WRIGHT.

William O. Wright, son of Jacob and Dorcas (Walker) Wright, was born in Charlestown, N. H., October 27, 1817, and died in Chicopee, Mass., September 23, 1883.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1832, and remained two years. He taught school for some time in Charlestown and located in Danvers, Mass., in 1845, and engaged in shoemaking until 1861; removed to Chicopee, Mass., in 1861, where he resided until his death; was in the employ of the Ames Manufacturing Co., 1861-83. He was a member of the Methodist Church and Chicopee Lodge, F. and A. M.

He was twice married: first in 1845, to Martha Adelia Howard, sister of A. S. Howard, '37. She died in Danvers, Mass., October 18, 1846. They had one son who died in infancy. He was again married, September 18, 1851, to Margaret Jane Felton of Danvers, who died there October 11, 1905. No children. He is survived by an adopted son, G. Herbert Wright of Danvers, Mass.



William Otis Wright.

COL. FRANCIS YATES.

Francis Yates, son of John and Julia (Lovell) Yates, was born at "Walnut Grove," near Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., (now West Virginia,) September 24, 1811, and died at "Flowing Springs," January 1, 1892.

He fitted for college at the Charlestown academy, and entered the "A. L. S. & M. Academy" in the spring of 1827, and graduated in 1829.

He took an active part in the State Militia, and was commissioned major in 1839, and later was promoted colonel of the 55th regiment, 16th Brigade, 3d Division of Virginia Militia, and served in that capacity for some years. He represented his district in the State senate in 1855-56. While in that body, he took an active interest in the internal improvement of the State, and was instrumental in having a monument erected by the State over the tomb of James Madison. He was president of the Middleway, Charlestown, and Harper's Ferry Turnpike Co., for thirty years. He resided at "Flowing Springs," Charlestown, from 1840 until his death. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married June 23, 1840 to Anne Elizabeth Burwell, of Jefferson County, who died, June 28, 1862. Four children were born to them: Jeanette

Burwell, born September 1, 1843, married Charles Wagner, resides in New York; John Orfeur, born April 22, 1845, died in September, 1899; Octavia Latane, born November 9, 1846, married William S. Mason, resides in Woodville, Va.; Arthur Bacon, born July 28, 1848, resides in Fredericksburg, Va. He was again married, June 25, 1863, to Sydney Virginia Rooker, of Charlestown, who died April 22, 1899. One child was born to them: Mary Brooke, born January 8, 1866, married Adrian G. Wynkoop, resides in Charlestown, W. Va.

PRINCE AUGUSTIN JEROME DE YTURBIDE.

Augustin J. de Yturbide was born in Mexico, September 30, 1807, and died in New York city, December 14, 1866.

His father was a Mexican officer in the vice-royal army. In 1821, he proclaimed the independence of Mexico, and achieved it through a brilliant campaign of seven months. On May 18, 1822, the Mexican Congress, having to elect an emperor, according to the independence programme, elected Yturbide, who ascended the throne under the name of Augustin I. In 1823, he abdicated and went to live in Italy. In July, 1824, unaware that a law had been passed condemning him to death in case he should return to the country, he went to Mexico; was made a prisoner upon landing, and was shot on July 19, 1824. Later, a law of the republic decreed to him the title of Liberator. The mother of Prince Augustin was Dona Anna Maria Huarte, a native of Valladolid, in the State of Michoacan, Mexico, who died in Philadelphia, March 21, 1861. In 1824, after the death of her illustrious husband, the Empress Dona Anna Maria Huarte de Yturbide came to this country, where she educated her children.

The subject of our sketch entered the "Academy" in 1827, and graduated in 1829. Luther R. Marsh, a classmate, wrote to the historian of "N. U." in 1897, giving many facts as to the prince's cadet life. He was a fine student and popular with the corps of cadets.

Soon after leaving the "Academy" he was invited by Gen. Simon Bolivar to serve upon his staff with the rank of colonel, a service which Prince Augustin accepted and in which he remained until Bolivar's death in December, 1830. Don Augustin soon came to the United States, where he made his home, until the law of exile which had been passed against him and his family was revoked. He lived quietly in the city of Mexico, taking no part in politics until 1864, when he gave his support to the empire of Maximilian. It was chiefly through his influence that Maximilian adopted his nephew, Augustin, a son of his brother Angelo, as his successor to the throne.

In 1865, he went to Paris, France, where his health suddenly failing in the fall of 1866, he returned to New York city in November of the same year and died December 14th. He was buried in his mother's vault, No. 9, in the Church of St. John the Evangelist, in Philadelphia.

CHAPTER V.

SKETCHES OF ALUMNI AND PAST CADETS 1835-66.

ALONZO FLAGG ESTABROOK.

Alonzo F. Estabrook, son of Thomas and Sybill (Brown) Estabrook, was born in Reading, Vt., March 7, 1814, and died in Lavaca, Nebraska, April 3, 1892.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1832, and the University in 1834, receiving a certificate from the Civil Engineering Department in 1835.

He studied in the Albany Law School, 1835-36; but not finding this profession congenial, he entered upon the work of civil engineering.



Alonzo Flagg Estabrook.

In 1836, he was appointed assistant engineer on the New York Central R. R., and on the completion of the road to Utica, in 1837, he worked for some time making surveys in Central and Western New York for maps. He was assistant engineer on the Wabash & Erie Canal, under Andrew Young, 1837, to April, 1838, being engineer in charge of construction of the Western division with headquarters at Fort Defiance, April to December, 1838; assistant engineer from December, 1838, to April, 1840, on the Hocking Canal and the Muskingum River Improvement Commission, in charge of construction of the locks and dam at Marietta, Devals and Lowell, Ohio, the most important and difficult work on the canal; was engineer on improvement of the Marine Canal, with headquarters at Mercer, Pa., 1840-43; Miami Canal, Dayton, Ohio, 1843-45; Muskingum Canal, Chillicothe, Ohio, 1845-46. He was engineer on the Indianapolis & Vincennes R. R., 1847-48; Indianapolis & Bellefontaine with headquarters in Crawfordsville, Ind., 1848-50; was surveyor, Delaware County, Ind., 1850-53; chief engineer, Evansville & Crawfordsville R. R., in Indiana, 1853-54; engaged in general surveying, 1854-70; was swamp land commissioner for Sullivan County, Ind., 1855-59; was assistant engineer on the railroad from Rockville to Indianapolis in Indiana, 1863-64; was chief engineer, in

1870, on the construction of levees against the back waters of Buseros Creek and the Wabash River on "Shaker Prairie" in Sullivan and Knox Counties, Ind., thus reclaiming several thousand acres of the best farm land in the State; also made surveys and estimates for a large levee in the western part of Sullivan County against the Wabash River; was surveyor, Sullivan County, 1870-84; was engineer on the Bedford, Bloomfield, Switz City & Ellingham R. R., (narrow gauge) from Bloomfield to Switz City in Illinois, 1875-76.

He made his home on a farm near Carlisle, Ind., from 1854, until 1884, when he removed from Indiana to Antelope County, Nebraska and engaged in land surveying and locating claims. In 1892, he retired from active work and made his home with his son Joseph, near Lavaca, until his death. He was Democrat in politics; was notary public, Sullivan Co., Ind., 1855-59. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

He was married in 1844, to Elizabeth Ann, daughter of the Rev. John Sutcliffe of Carlisle, Ind. She died March 28, 1877. Three children were born to them: Alonzo A., resides in California; Joseph Sutcliffe, resides in Valentine, Neb.; John, resides in California.

CLASS OF 1836.

PROF. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN MARSH, A. M.

Benjamin F. Marsh, son of Otis and Julia (Ransom) Marsh, and nephew of Col. T. B. Ransom, '25, was born in Hartland, Vt., November 17, 1815, and died in Helena, Montana, April 2, 1903.

He attended the schools of Hartland and Woodstock, and entered the "Academy" in 1830, and graduated from the University by certificate in 1835. In 1845, the University conferred upon him the degree of A. M. as for 1835.

He taught school for a few months in 1835, in Macon, Georgia. In the summer of 1836, he entered the employ of Moncure Robinson, '24, on extensive surveys in North Carolina; was draftsman for the Southern Railroad Engineering Bureau of Georgia, 1837-39, and held a similar position with the Georgia Railroad Co. from 1839 until 1843, when failing health forced him to return to Vermont. He was engineer in charge of the construction of the Connecticut River R. R. north from White River Junction, Vt., during 1844-45. He was professor of Mathematics and Engineering at the University, 1845-46, and during this time retained general oversight of the construction of the Connecticut River R. R., also during 1845-46, gave his students practical field work.

He was superintendent of construction of the Concord & Lebanon R. R. (now Boston & Maine) in New Hampshire, 1846-47; was division superintendent of construction of the Rutland & Burlington R. R. 1847-48; chief engineer of the Jefferson R. R., in Indiana, 1848-50; was also engaged in various railroad work in Ohio until 1858; was engineer of a railroad from Indianapolis, Ind., to Louisville, Ky., and to St. Louis, Mo.; was chief engineer of the Eastern Texas R. R., 1858-61. In 1861, he had a severe attack of billious fever and by the time he had recovered, the Civil War had broken out and the sixty days limit, which he had been given by the authorities to return North, had expired. He was held in the South during 1861-63, and during this time was often placed in prison as a punishment for his outspoken loyalty to the United States Government. He was professor of Mathematics at Soule University, Texas, 1865-66; was principal of schools of Cambridge, Ind., 1866-67. In 1867,

he accepted a position with Solomon Meridith, the first U. S. Surveyor General of Montana, and entered upon the survey of public lands, under contract, making the first surveys in the Territory in the summer of the same year.

He was county surveyor of Clarke County, 1875-91. He made original surveys of the township of Butte, and served as the engineer of the town until its neorporation as a city in 1891. He engaged in private practice and civil and mining engineering for a number of years. In 1891, he was thrown from a carriage and incapacitated for active field work, but continued in office work until the time of his death. He opened the first school for young men in the Territory, teaching Mathematics and Engineering. He was a distinguished mathematician. His formula for determining the true meridian from an observation on Polaris, is the one in general use today. He compiled a short work on Mathematics, *Magic Squares*. He was for years an active member of the Methodist Church, being one of the founders of the church in Helena; was a member of Helena Lodge F. and A. M.

He was married, August 21, 1845, to Mary Dunham Bliss of Woodstock, who died in 1889. Five children were born to them: Franklin; John Mason, resides in Washington; Emma Julia; Flora Atwood, married Joseph Davis, resides in Helena; William Bliss, resides in Montana.

AMASA GLEASON, A. M.

Amasa Gleason, son of Solomon and Lucy (Miner) Gleason and cousin of Rev. Alonzo A. Miner, '33, was born in Dummerston, Vt., December 18, 1812, and died unmarried, in New Bedford, Mass., in 1880.

At an early age, his parents removed to Hanover, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1832, remaining until 1836. In 1846, the University conferred upon him the degree of A. M. as for 1836.

He was instructor of Mathematics and Military Tactics at the Unity (N. H.) Scientific and Military Academy, 1836-39, being associated with Rev. A. A. Miner, '33; was principal of the Middleboro, Mass., High School, also schools in New Bedford, Mass. He was for many years, principal of the Brush Street School for boys in New Bedford and, for several years previous to his death, was principal of a select school in that city.

BRIG.-GEN. ALONZO JACKMAN, A. M., LL.D.

Alonzo Jaekman, son of Joseph and Sarah (Warner) Jackman, was born in Thetford, Vt., March 20, 1809, and died in Northfield, Vt., February 24, 1879. In 1812, his father died and his mother again married, and in the same year moved to Strafford and in 1813. to New Boston, a village in Norwich. At the age of twelve he and his oldest brother, Enoch, were told they "must shift for themselves."

He worked for a farmer in Thetford six years, and in 1827 went with his brother Enoch to Chatham, now Portland, Conn., where they secured employment in the Red Sandstone quarries at that place. His opportunities for attending school were limited, yet the thirst for knowledge was so great, that he spent every moment of available time in study. At the age of eleven, he became much interested in religious matters, and in order to ascertain the truth he began to read the Bible by course, which took him three years. During the time he worked in the quarries in Portland, he found some time for attending school in the winter. At an early age he began to show wonderful ability in mathematics.



Brig-Gen. Alonzo Jackman.

In September, 1828, he shipped on a sloop at the quarries for New York city, where he reshipped on a brig bound for Mobile, Ala., and on reaching that city was discharged and worked there on boats until the spring of 1829, when he returned to Portland on a northern bound boat and again resumed his work as a stone cutter. In the winter of 1829, he returned to his home in Vermont and attended the Thetford Academy, and in the following spring again resumed stone cutting in Portland. On March 12, 1832, he, with his brother Enoch, went to Ohio with the idea of locating in that State. In Cincinnati they separated. Alonzo shipped on a steamboat running on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers and in the winter of 1832, went to New Orleans and worked on boats running between that city and Mobile. He became a very proficient sailor and was offered by the last company he worked for the position of business agent but, feeling he needed more education, he declined the position.

In the spring of 1833, he returned to Vermont and entered the Franklin Seminary, at Norwich, Vt., conducted by Mr. Buck. In 1834, the school was removed to Newmarket, N. H., and Jackman went with Mr. Buck as a student and instructor in his favorite subject, Mathematics. In the summer of 1835, he taught Mathematics in the academy at Kingston, N. H., also continuing his studies. In December, 1835, he entered the University, and passing the first three years work, entered the Senior class and graduated A. B. in 1836, being the first graduate of "N. U.;" received the degree of A. M. in 1840 and LL. D. in 1862. He was tutor in Mathematics, 1835-37; was professor of Mathematics, 1837-40, 1844-49, 1852-79; Natural Philosophy, 1837-38, 1858-67, 1870-79; Civil Engineering, 1837-38, 1870-79; Topographical drawing, 1837-38; instructor of Military Science and Tactics, 1837-38, 1848-49, 1852-66; librarian, 1845-46, 1854-62.

In the summer of 1840, in company with Josiah Swett, '37, he began editing and publishing in Norwich the *Citizen Soldier*, a weekly paper devoted to the interests of the State Militia. This project did not prove a success, and the paper was discontinued in the spring of 1841. In August, 1841, he resigned his professorship and with Josiah Swett, '37, opened the New England Seminary in Windsor, Vt., which they conducted until the summer of 1844. They both returned to their former positions in the "N. U." faculty in the fall of 1844. In August, 1849, he was granted a three years leave of absence. In October of the same year he sailed for San Francisco in the *Argonaut*, via Cape Horn, reaching his destination after many privations, on March 13, 1850. He was accompanied on this trip by President Wheaton of the University, and Stillman E. Dana, '50.

On reaching California, he joined a mining company and was appointed its engineer. Interesting details are given in his note book on turning a river from its source and the invention of tools and appliances for carrying on the work. Some gold was found, but not the amount expected. As the rainy season was coming on, General Jackman sold his interests. He was visited in this camp by John M. Stanyan, '50, who wrote in 1897, "General Jackman talked with me much about the prospects of old "N. U." and very little about gold." This shows how deeply General Jackman loved his *alma mater* which in after years was well shown by the many sacrifices he made to help keep the University alive.

Early in 1851, he went to Pacific County, Oregon in the section now included in Washington, and secured a claim of 320 acres of land near Pacific City

with the idea of making his home in that remote region. He soon gained the respect and confidence of the people of his county; was elected superintendent of schools and judge of probate. He also engaged in engineering and surveying. He was an able geologist and he believed that the formation of the country around his claim was gold bearing and that if the river, which flowed through his claim, could be turned, gold would be found in paying quantities, but not having the means to carry on the necessary work, had to give it up. He says "The opportunity had passed into eternity and my duty was to move on." In after years, gold was found here as he predicted,

His heart was with his beloved "old N. U." and he could not content himself to remain in Oregon and in April, 1852, he resumed his former position at the University. His connection with the University was not again broken until he was called to the Great Unknown. In this brief biographical sketch, justice can not be done to him, the greatest and best of the graduates of "N. U." Captain Curtis writes: "Few graduates who received instruction from him failed to love and respect him. He was a mathematician first and always, and a military tactician without a rival, teaching these branches with eminent success. On the parade ground generations of cadets have known him as a thoroughly competent instructor of infantry and artillery drills; bayonet, small sword and broadsword fencings; in the lecture room in all the details of the science and art of war. From youth to old age he was known to members of the corps at different periods as the 'Lieutenant,' the 'Captain,' the 'Colonel,' and the 'General,' and privately he was known by a name which was never uttered with disrespect, a name which as years have been added to those who sat under his instruction, has come to be synonymous of everything loving and tender, 'Old Jack.'"

At an early age he showed remarkable fondness for military affairs, and while in the University paid especial attention to the study of tactics. In 1838, during the Canadian Rebellion, he was appointed a lieutenant and drilled troops at Enosburg, Berkshire and Sheldon, in anticipation of trouble between this country and Canada. In 1847, he was appointed "brigade-drill-master" with rank of major of the New Hampshire Militia, by the governor of that state. In 1857, the corps of cadets being organized as an infantry company in the State Militia, he was commissioned its captain. On April 7, 1859, he was commissioned a colonel of the 2d Vermont Militia and in the fall of the same year a brigadier-general, in command of the State troops. On the breaking out of the Civil War his attention naturally turned to the field, but Governor Fairbanks earnestly requested him to remain at the University. We quote from the governor's letter: "There is a duty, a very patriotic duty for you to perform; that is, to remain at the Military College and qualify young men for duty as officers, and thus you will do your State the best service." During all the years of the war, General Jackman, accompanied by a number of highly proficient cadet officers, was everywhere present throughout the State, organizing and drilling the volunteers. At the time of the St. Albans raid, he took the corps of cadets by order of the governor to the Derby Line to repel invasion. It was with the deepest regret he gave up going to the front. His high sense of duty only kept him from entering the service and of all the cadets who are entitled to a place in the University "Roll of Honor" General Jackman should head the list.

He wrote many articles for the various papers on mathematical, scientific

and military subjects. He published in 1843 a treatise on Series. His demonstration on squaring the circle, issued in pamphlet form in 1872 and revised in 1874, was a masterly demonstration of that problem. He was also the inventor of the ocean telegraph. We quote from a letter received from Prof. J. D. Butler, (q. v.) the distinguished scholar, in 1897: "Jackman often expatiated to me on his plan of a sub-oceanic telegraph, told how he would construct the cable, and by what process he would stretch it from continent to continent. After thus describing his project more than once, he wrote it out and brought it to me for verbal corrections and suggestions. He then gave his secret to the world *in extenso* at Woodstock, through the *Vermont Mercury* on August 14, 1846. Thus, a decade before the era of Cyrus W. Field, 'coming events cast their shadows before' in a Green Mountain hamlet." He sent copies of this article on the ocean telegraph to the various scientific societies and to many of the great scientists of this and other countries. In most cases the matter was considered as visionary, but Cyrus W. Field, the practical man of affairs, saw its practicability and made use of it. General Jackman left several manuscript works on mathematics.

From early youth he was remarkably religious. In 1831, he joined the Methodist Church and in 1843 joined the Episcopal Church. He took an active interest in St. Mary's Church in Northfield, serving as senior warden for several years.

General Jackman died on the 24th of February, 1879, at his house in Northfield at 2 o'clock, P. M. Up to that day, he had regularly attended to his duties. That morning he sent word to the president of the college, Captain C. A. Curtis, '61, that he would be unable to go to his class room. Standing at a window, dressed in uniform, he suddenly fell dead, dropped like a soldier shot at his post of duty. The funeral of General Jackman occurred at St. Mary's Church, Northfield, February 28, 1879, Rev. Francis W. Bartlett, chaplain of the University, assisted by Rev. Howard F. Hill, '67, of Concord, N. H., conducting the services. Bishop Bissell and many prominent clergymen of the Episcopal Church were present, as well as a large number of distinguished civilians and military men. Two companies of the National Guard and the Northfield Cornet band did duty as escort, and the Artillery Platoon of the N. U. Corps of Cadets fired a funeral salute. In Elmwood cemetery rests the remains of our most beloved professor, a good soldier, and a worthy gentleman.

He was married June 1, 1856, to Charlotte Sawyer of Royalton, Vt., who died October 7, 1874. Two children were born to them: Alonzo, born February 12, 1857, died April 20, 1859; Helen, born April 10, 1867, died October 7, 1877.

MAJ. HENRY VILLIERS MORRIS, M. C. E., A. B.

Henry V. Morris was born at Glasgow, Amherst County, Va., April 7, 1819, and died in St. Louis, Mo., May 17, 1898. He was a cadet at the "Academy," September 1831-1834, and entered the University in 1834, and remained until the summer of 1836, receiving a certificate from the Engineering department. He received the degree of M. C. E., in course in 1838, and A. B. in course in 1811 as for 1836.

He was professor of Topographical Drawing and the Practical Use of Instruments in Field Operations at the school of Engineering, University of Virginia, 1836-37; was assistant engineer, Illinois State Internal Improvement

Commission, with Hiram P. Woodworth, '25, chief engineer, 1838-November 1840; was professor of Civil Engineering at "N. U." 1840-43; professor at the Captain Partridge's Military Academy, Bristol, Pa., 1843-45. He was engaged, during 1845-54, on railroad surveys and construction in Maryland and Ohio; was assistant engineer on the Ohio and Mississippi R. R., 1852-54. He removed to Cincinnati in 1855 and engaged in the manufacture of railroad supplies until 1861; was assistant engineer on the northern extension of the Chicago & Northwestern R. R., above Lake Winnebago, Wis., June-August, 1861.

He removed to Missouri in 1868, where for many years he was identified with the construction of railroads in that State, also in Kansas; was assistant and resident engineer on the construction of the St. Louis & Lexington R. R., (now the Lexington Branch of the Missouri Pacific R. R.) extending from Sedalia to Lexington, Mo., and on the St. Louis, Salem & Little Rock R. R., now a part of the St. Louis & San Francisco Ry., extending from Salem to Cuba, Mo., March 1868-November, 1872; was assistant engineer on the Tebo & Neosho R. R., (later the M. K. & T.) 1872-73; was assistant engineer, 1875-78, for the St. Louis, Kansas City & Northern R. R., on the construction of the Council Bluffs & St. Louis R. R., from Pattonsburgh, Mo., to Council Bluffs, now a part of the Wabash R. R., system; also on location and construction of the Union Depot Line, at St. Louis for the same road in 1879. On the consolidation in 1879, of the St. L. K. C. & N. Ry., with the Toledo, Wabash & Western R. R., forming the "Wabash System," he served as assistant engineer in the office of the chief engineer in St. Louis, which position he held until October, 1887, when owing to his advanced age, he was made custodian of the auditors records. He held this position until his death.

In October, 1861, he was commissioned military instructor at Camp Douglass, Chicago, "State Rendezvous" at that time, where he remained until February, 1862. In May, 1862, he was commissioned by Governor Solomon of Wisconsin, adjutant of the 20th Regiment, Wisconsin Infantry. He served with the regiment in the "Army of the Frontier" in Southwest Missouri and Arkansas, and participated in the battle of Prairie Grove, Ark., December 6 and 7, 1862. In May, 1863, the regiment was transferred to Vicksburg, Miss., and after the fall of that city was forwarded to Alabama, taking part in the operations about Mobile. In November, 1863, he was commissioned by President Lincoln in the "Veteran Reserve Corps." In May, 1864, he was assigned to the eighth regiment, V. R. C., which with the Sixteenth regiment, was per-



Maj. Henry Villiers Morris.

forming garrison duty and guarding prisoners of war at Camp Douglass, the number confined at that time being 16,000. He was appointed on the staff of the colonel commanding the post, and continued to discharge duties, involving the following: "charge of all passes, details for guard and picket duty, guard mounting, the consolidation of the tri-monthly and monthly post returns, receiving and forwarding recruits and deserters." He was brevetted major at the close of the war by President Johnson, for his services in the Twentieth Wisconsin, Volunteers; was commissioned major in the Veteran Relief Corps in 1865.

He removed to St. Louis in 1873, where he made his home until his death. He was a member of the Ransom Post, No. 131, G. A. R., of St. Louis. He is survived by a widow and two sons, and one daughter, now married.

CLASS OF 1837.

LIEUT. JOSEPH W. CURTIS, U. S. M. C., A. B.

Joseph W. Curtis, son of the Hon. Joseph G. and Aurelia Curtis, was born in Warren, Vt., in 1816, and died there, unmarried, August 16, 1858.

He entered the University in 1834, and graduated A. B. in 1837. He was commissioned, 2d lieutenant, U. S. Marine Corps, May 4, 1840; was promoted 1st lieutenant, March 16, 1847; discharged August 26, 1852. He resided in the South for some years and then returned to Warren, and engaged in farming on the old Curtis estate, until his death.

REV. CYRUS HYDE FAY, A. M., D. D., LL. D.

Cyrus H. Fay, son of Joseph Packard and Charlotte (Hyde) Fay and nephew of Capt. Alden Partridge, was born in Lebanon, N. H., November 18, 1815, and died at Stamford, N. Y., July 23, 1903, during a summer sojourn in that resort.

He prepared for college in the schools of Lebanon and entered the University in 1834, graduating A. B. in 1837, as valedictorian of his class; served as trustee of "N. U.," 1840-41. In August, 1839, he delivered the oration before the trustees of the University, the subject being, "The Changes of the Century," and again in August, 1850, "Principles better than Policy."

He taught school in Baltimore, Md., in 1838, and during this time studied Theology in preparation for the Universalist ministry; was ordained in 1839; preached in Hartford, Conn., in 1839, and supplied the Lombard Street Church, Philadelphia, Pa., 1839-40; was pastor of the North Universalist Church, Woodstock, Vt., 1840-41; Roxbury, Mass., 1841-49; Orchard Street Church, New York City, 1849-53; Nashua, N. H., 1853-55; Stamford, Conn., 1855-56; Middletown, Conn., 1856-58, 1869-73; First Church, Providence, R. I., December, 1858-May, 1869; assisted in establishing a memorial church in Washington, D. C., in 1873, remaining there until 1877, his last regular pastorate. He located in Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1877, where he resided until his death. The intervening years were by no means years of idleness, for besides supplying neighboring pulpits, he ably managed an important estate in New York city.

He took an active interest in the public schools and served on the school boards in Roxbury, Mass., Nashua, N. H., Middletown, Conn., and Providence, R. I. He assisted in founding the Athenaeum in Roxbury, Mass., and was one of its first directors; also assisted in establishing the Forest Hills Cemetery.

He was settled in Providence when the Civil War broke out and rendered

valuable assistance in stimulating the patriotism and courage of the people and aided in providing for the necessities of the soldiers in the field.

The University conferred upon him the degree of A. M. and LL. D. 1892; St. Lawrence University, New York, the degree of D. D.

The literary ability of Doctor Fay was of no mean order, his sermons and addresses being distinguished for their power, versatility, originality and application. His delivery was effective, and his remarkable reading of the scriptures and hymns attracted notice beyond the limits of his denomination. His poetical talent has been widely recognized by the Universalists, he having written many hymns for general and special services. He also has delivered poems on several public occasions, notably one at the hundredth anniversary of Lebanon, N. H., another at the semi-centennial of the Universalist Church at Roxbury, and a third at a similar church celebration at Providence.

He was twice married: first, October 3, 1839, to Anne Hyne Minifie of Baltimore, Md., born in Devonshire, England, who died June 18, 1850. Six children were born to them: Anne Gertrude, born May 9, 1842, died February 13, 1847; Franklin Parker, born February 5, 1844, died May 4, 1865; Charles Ernest, born March 10, 1846, since 1871, professor at Tufts College, Mass.;

Alice Hyne, born August 28, 1847, died June 5, 1860; Cyrus Hyde, born January 20, 1849, died August 17, 1902; William Wentworth, born April 6, 1850, now residing in Boston, Mass. He was again married, August 5, 1851, to Mrs. Betsey Ann (Smith) Blossom of New York city, who died December 13, 1898. Three children were born of this marriage: Charlotte, born July 13, 1852, now Mrs. Henry Brewster of Mt. Vernon, N. Y.; Julia Smith, October 28, 1853, now Mrs. Clinton S. Harris of Brooklyn; and Isabel, October 5, 1856, now Mrs. Cooper, of Westfield, N. J.



Rev. Cyrus Hyde Fay.

ROBERT FRAZER, A. B., M. C. E.

Robert Frazer, son of Robert and Alice Yarnell (Pennell) Frazer, and brother of John Fries Frazer, '26, was born in Newtown, Delaware Co., Pa., December 20, 1818, and died of apoplexy in Philadelphia, May 4, 1878. His father died January 20, 1824, and he lived with his mother at Edgemont Pa., until her death in 1830, when he was brought to Philadelphia. He attended Dr. Samuel Crawfords private school there and later went to the Pittsfield, Mass., Academy.

In 1831, he entered the University and graduated A. B. and M. C. E., in

1837. He was assistant engineer on the construction of the Philadelphia and Reading R. R., having charge of the second division above Reading, 1838-40. He traveled in Europe in 1840-41; studied law with Judge James Jones, 1841-43, and was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia in 1844. In 1845, he was appointed deputy attorney general for Delaware County, Pa. In 1852, he became consulting engineer for the Camden and Atlantic R. R.; from 1850 to 1863 was its secretary and treasurer, and from 1863 to 1873, its president; was president of the Wilmington and Reading R. R. from 1873 until his death.

He was a thorough scholar and was much interested in the natural sciences; microscopy and entomology had great attractions for him, and he was for a number of years president of the Entomological Society of Philadelphia. In 1866, he was elected a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences. He was also a member of the American Philosophical Society and of the Franklin Institute.

He was married in Pottstown, Pa., on March 26, 1848, to Jane Biddle Wood, daughter of Samuel and Fanny (Collins) Wood. She died August 29, 1879. Two children were born to them: Robert, born July 22, 1849, a civil and mining engineer and now president of the Bellefonte Central R. R.; and Fanny, born October 4, 1852, married Herbert Welsh. Both reside in Germantown, Pa.

HOPATIO GATES GILBERT, A. B.

Horatio G. Gilbert, son of Marinus Willett and Sally (Easton) Gilbert, was born in Watertown, N. Y., July 27, 1818, and died in New York city, May 26, 1891. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1834, graduating A. B. in 183.



Horatio Gates Gilbert.

He was assistant engineer with the Illinois Internal Improvement Commission, with his cousin, William B. Gilbert, '28, 1838-39. He then engaged as engineer on the construction of many of the railroads and canals of New York until about 1844. He was cashier and director of the Bank of the Capitol, Albany, N. Y., 1850 until 1860, when he located in Milwaukee, Wis., where he engaged in business until 1864. He then settled in Tarrytown, N. Y. In 1884, he removed to New York city, where he made his home until his death. He engaged in business in New York city from 1864 until 1891. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He was twice married: first, October 15, 1846, to Marie Antoinette Bacon of Albany, N. Y., who died in Milwaukee, Wis., April 16, 1862. Seven children were born to them: John Willett, born August 27, 1847, killed in a railway

accident September 2, 1900; Robert Lansing, born November 11, 1849, died February 22, 1852; Bradford Lee, born March 24, 1853, now a prominent architect in New York city; Elizabeth Bacon, born August 18, 1856, married Prof. Albert J. Moses of Columbia University, died September 19, 1902; Alice Knox, born July 3, 1860, died December 21, 1863; Henry Mayhew, born April 16, 1862, died October 28, 1862; George Easton, born April 16, 1862, died November 4, 1862. He was again married, October 21, 1863, to Susan Stevens of New York city, who died November 14, 1895. Seven children were born to them: Susan, born September 4, 1864, married Arthur V. Taylor, now supervisor of evening schools, Newark, N. J.; Alice Maud, born May 26, 1866, married Frederick D. Bell, resides in Glen Ridge, N. J.; George Stevens, born February 6, 1868, drowned in the Hudson River, June 15, 1885; Horatio Gates, Jr., born December 6, 1869, killed in a railroad accident in December, 1903; Edward Livingston, born September 2, 1871, resides Englewood, N. J.; Charles Bancroft, born June 10, 1874, resides in New York city; Lucy Easton, born November 14, 1876, resides in New York city.

CAPT. GEORGE WASHINGTON GILSON, A. M.

George W. Gilson, son of Nathaniel and Olive (Larkin) Gilson, was born in Stoddard, N. H., May 21, 1816, and died in Chicago, Ill., September 29, 1856.

He prepared for college at the Unity, (N. H.) Academy, under the principalship of Rev. Alonzo A. Miner, '33, and entered the University in 1834, graduating A. B. in 1837; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1851.

He located in Peru, La Salle Co., Ill., in the spring of 1838, where he made his home until the spring of 1856. He was assistant engineer under T. B. Ransom, '25, for the Illinois Internal Improvement Commission for some time. He served as city and county engineer for some years. He also laid out many town sites and was engineer on many of the railroads of the State. In 1856, he removed to Chicago and became a member of the firm of A. J. Galloway & Co. and engaged in real estate business until his death.

He was a Democrat in politics and held several positions; was mayor of Peru in 1855. He was a member of the Universalist Church, St. Johns Lodge F. and A. M., of Peru, and the I. O. O. F. He was much interested in military matters, organized and was captain of the "Madison Guards" of Peru, the first organization of Militia in the State.

He was a man of rare attainments, genial, frank, open hearted, and an able public speaker.

He was married in December, 1838, to Catherine Elizabeth Greenfield, sister of Mrs. T. B. Ransom. She died June 23, 1907. Four children were born to them: Emma Rosella, born September 2, 1841, married Col. Martin R. M. Wallace of Chicago, resides in Chicago, Ill.; George Washington, Jr., born May 17, 1843, died June 1887; Frances Rosalva, born April 11, 1846, married George E. Mann, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Ella Olive, born June 10, 1848, married William I. Russell, resides in Jessups, Md.

COL. EUGENE ECKEL McLEAN, A. B.

Eugene E. McLean, son of Cornelius Eliza (Espey) McLean, was born in Washington, D. C., March 5, 1821, and died in New York city, January 5, 1906; was buried in Syracuse, N. Y.

He entered the University in 1834, and graduated A. B. in 1837. He entered the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, July 1, 1838, and graduated in July, 1842; was brevetted 2d lieutenant and assigned to the 2d Infantry, 2d lieutenant, 1st Infantry, March 1, 1844; 1st lieutenant, 10th Infantry, June, 1850; captain and assistant quartermaster, August 29, 1855; resigned April 25, 1861. He served on frontier duty at Plattsburgh, N. Y., 1842-44; at Fort Crawford, Wis., 1844-45; at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., 1845-46. He served as acting assistant adjutant-general, 3d Military department at Mantanzas, Mex., March 29, 1847-July 22, 1848; was aid on the staff of Maj. Gen. Wool, July 22, 1848-November 15, 1853; served in office of the quartermaster general U. S. A., Washington, D. C., 1853-61.



Col. Eugene Eckel McLean.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he tendered his services to the Confederate States Government, and was appointed major and quartermaster C. S. A.; served on the staff of Jefferson Davis, at Richmond, Va., for some time; was promoted colonel, served in the campaigns in Virginia and Tennessee. He was often consulted by President Davis as to the conduct of military operations from an engineering standpoint.

At the close of the war, he went to Mexico and engaged in engineering until 1867, when he located in New York city, where he made his home until his death. He engaged in general engineering in New York city, 1867-81, and during this time held several engineering positions in the city government. In 1881, he received an appointment in the Real Estate department of the city; was soon appointed Civil Engineer for the comptrollers department and in this capacity had to pass on all payments for city construction work, a position he held until his death. He was distinguished for his integrity, and by his careful and honest work, saved the city large sums of money on construction work. One of the most important controversies was over the claim for \$7,000,000 for extra work on the new Croton aqueduct. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married at Carlisle, Pa., September 3, 1849, to Margaret Foster Sumner, daughter of Gen. E. V. Sumner. She died June 11, 1905; no children.

JUDGE WINFIELD SCOTT SHERWOOD, A. M.

Winfield S. Sherwood was born in Sandy Hill, N. Y., in 1819, and died in Allegheny, Sierra Co., Cal., June 25, 1870. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1834, and graduated A. B. in 1837; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1840.

He studied law and practiced his profession in New York. Early in 1849, he located in California and at once took a prominent part in the affairs of that State. He served as a member from the Sacramento District, at the convention held in Monterey which formed the State Constitution, in September, 1849, and took an important part in the deliberations of that body. In the fall of the same year he was a candidate for governor, but failed of election. In 1850, he was appointed a district judge for the district including Butte County and the northern part of the State, and served until 1853; was an elector on the Democratic presidential ticket in 1852. In 1853, he was a candidate before the Democratic convention for governor, but was ineligible, as he held a judicial office. He held a position in the U. S. Custom House in San Francisco for some years. In 1859, he was the Democratic nominee for State senator from Sierra County and received a very flattering vote. In 1869, he became interested in the opening and development of a gravel mine at Allegheny. He was a man of great kindness of heart and left a host of friends. He was an able judge.

HON. JOSEPH HERMAN STREETER, A. B., M. D.

Joseph H. Streeter, son of the Rev. Russell and Clarinda (Cook) Streeter, was born in Springfield, Vt., July 11, 1820, and died in Roxbury, Mass., May 30, 1891. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1834, from Woodstock, Vt., and graduated A. B. in 1837.

He began the study of medicine with Dr. B. R. Palmer of Woodstock; graduated M. D. from the Woodstock Medical College in 1841; practiced his profession in Providence, R. I., 1841-42; Shirley, Mass., 1842-45; Roxbury, Mass., 1846-91. He was an examining surgeon for the Massachusetts volunteers during the Civil War, and medical examiner for Norfolk County, Mass. He met with marked success in his profession. He was a Republican in politics represented Roxbury in the Massachusetts Legislature. He was a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society; Northfolk County Medical Society, and its president for some years.

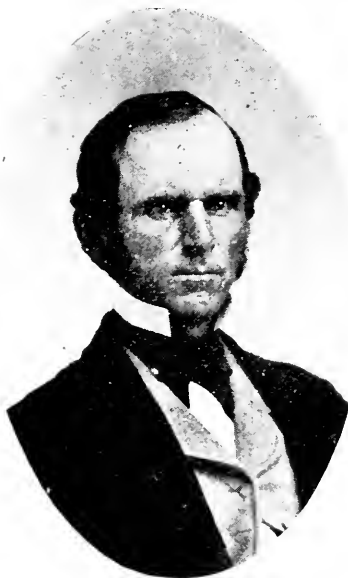
He was married December 18, 1845, to Julia Fowle of Roxbury, who died November 20, 1902. Five children were born to them: Joshua

Bently, born October 18, 1849, died July 30, 1869; Julia Lizzie, born June 20, 1852, died June 2, 1857; Angela Mellish, born January 11, 1857, resides in Roxbury, Mass.; George Herman, born June 10, 1860, resides in Lexington, Mass.; Frank Fowle, born May 10, 1862, resides in Roxbury, Mass.



Hon. Joseph Herman Streeter.

CAPT. SEBASTIAN RUSSELL STREETER, A. B.



Capt. Sebastian Russell Streeter.

Sebastian R. Streeter, son of the Rev. Russell and Clarinda (Cook) Streeter, was born in Springfield, Vt., June 1, 1818, and died in Woodstock, Vt., June 9, 1871. In 1834, his parents removed to Woodstock. He prepared for college in the schools of Springfield, Mass., and entered the University in 1834, and graduated A. B. in 1837.

He studied law with Tracy & Converse of Woodstock, Vt., and was admitted to the Windsor County Bar, May, 1841. He practiced his profession in Barnard, 1841-49, Providence, R. I., 1849-60; Roxbury, Mass., 1860-71. He was commissioned 1st lieutenant in the 61st Massachusetts Volunteers, October 17, 1864; promoted captain, November 9, 1864; resigned January 4, 1865.

He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. R. S. Dinsmore, who resides at 618 Union Street, Emporia, Kan.

REV. JOSIAH SWETT, A. M., D. D.

Josiah Swett, son of Josiah and Hannah (Healey) Swett, was born in Claremont, N. H., August 14, 1814, and died in Highgate, Vt., January 4, 1890; was buried in Burlington, Vt.

He prepared for college at the Chester, Vt., Academy and the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered the University in 1834, and graduated, A. B., in 1837; was instructor in the English Department, 1836-37; received the degree of A. M. in course from "N. U." in 1840, and the honorary degree of A. M. from Trinity in 1856.

He was principal of the Claremont, (N. H.) Academy, 1837-40. In February, 1840, he was elected professor of the Latin and Greek Languages at the University, which position he held until August, 1841. In the summer of 1840, in company with his friend and former roommate at the University, General Alonzo Jackman, he began the publication of the *Citizen Soldier*, in Norwich, Vt. The enterprise did not prove a success and in the spring of 1841 they discontinued the paper, and in August they resigned their professorships at the University. They soon established the New England Seminary at Windsor, which they conducted until the fall of 1844, when they both returned to their former positions at the University. In August, 1845, he resigned his professorship and became principal of the Claremont Seminary which position he held until 1847.

In 1843, he began studying for the Episcopal ministry and on March 12, 1847, was ordained deacon by the Bishop of New Hampshire in the church at



Rev. Josiah Swett.

Claremont; and priest by Bishop Hopkins of Vermont, September 15, 1847; was rector of the church in Bethel, Vt., 1847-65; was professor of Divinity in the Vermont Episcopal Institute, Burlington, Vt., 1865-67; was rector of churches in Royalton, Jericho, Fairfax, Fairfield, Swanton and Highgate. He made his home in Highgate from 1877 until his death. He took great interest in the welfare of his *alma mater*; served as trustee, 1857-88; was secretary of the board, 1862-76; acting president, August 12, 1875-October 19, 1876; received the degree of D. D. from the University in 1864.

He met with marked success as a clergyman and was greatly respected and beloved, not only by the members of his church, but also by the people of the communities where he lived; was president of the Standing Committee of the Diocese for twenty-five years and was for several years Dean of the Convention of Burlington; was deputy to the General Convention which met in Philadelphia in 1856. He also met with great success as a teacher, and for several years conducted the "Champlain Hall" in Highgate, Vt. He took great interest in military matters, served for some time as major in the militia, and for several years was secretary of the Military Convention of Vermont.

He was a fine scholar and an able writer. He published several sermons; *A Manual of Family Prayer, An Essay on the Firmament as the work of the Third Day of Creation; English Grammar*, a work which had an extensive sale, also an abridged edition of the same. He published an edition of *Thompson's Seasons* and *Pope's Essays on Man*, with notes for the use of schools. He contributed numerous articles to the various periodicals, and left many unpublished poems.

He was twice married: first, December 6, 1843, to Mary Jarvis Campbell, of Windsor, Vt., who died April 6, 1845. One child, Mary Campbell, born December 21, 1844, married John A. Fitch, resides in Brookline, Mass. He was again married, October 30, 1845, to Lucy Miranda Wheeler, of Newport, N. H., who died September 28, 1885. Nine children were born to them: Hannah Sibyl, married Theodore P. Lukens, resides in Pasadena, Cal.; James Wheeler, died December 31, 1876 ("N.U.," '72); Marilla Elizabeth, lives in Cambridge, Mass.; William Plummer, resides in Southern Pines, N.C.; Josiah, resides in New Hartford, Conn.; Hester Miranda, died March 19, 1884; Paul Flynn, resides in Garden City, Long Island; Katherine Healey, died April 2, 1901; Lois Jane, resides in Pasadena, Cal.

COL. THOMAS JEFFERSON WHIPPLE, A. M.

Thomas J. Whipple, son of Dr. Thomas and Phoebe (Tabor) Whipple, was born in Wentworth, N. H., January 30, 1816, and died in Laconia, N. H., December 21, 1889.

He prepared for college at the academies in New London, N. H., and Bradford, Vt. He entered the University in 1834, and remained two years. In 1879, the University in recognition of his work as a lawyer and soldier, conferred upon him the degree of A. B., as for 1837; he received the degree of A. M. from Dartmouth College in 1867. He studied law with Hon. Joseph Quincy of Rumney, N. H., and Solomon Wires of Johnson, Vt., and was admitted to the bar at Plymouth, N. H., in 1840. He practiced his profession in Wentworth, N. H., 1840-46; Meredith Bridge, N. H., 1848-55, Laconia, N. H., 1855-61, 1862-1889.

In 1833, he served as *aide-de-camp* on the staff of General Cook of the New Hampshire Militia. In 1837, he raised an independent company in Wentworth, N. H., known as the "Wentworth Phalanx," and served as its captain until 1847. He enlisted in the 9th New England Regiment, April 1847; was commissioned first lieutenant April 9, 1847; served as adjutant of the regiment, April 20-June 15, 1847; resigned February 23, 1848; was stationed for a short time at Fort Adams, R. I., served with his regiment in Mexico and was conspicuous for bravery in several battles. He was commissioned lieutenant colonel, 1st New Hampshire Infantry, April 29, 1861, and served in Virginia; was mustered out, August 9, 1861. On August 20, 1861, he was commissioned colonel of the 4th New Hampshire Infantry; served at Port Royal, S. C., November 4, 1861-January 26, 1862; took part in the capture of Fernandina, Jacksonville and St. Augustine, Fla.; he was forced to resign his commission May 18, 1862, owing to disability.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; was assistant clerk and clerk of the House of Representatives of New Hampshire; was secretary of the Constitutional Convention in 1850, and a member of the Convention, 1876. He was one of the most popular speakers in New Hampshire and took a leading part in many Democratic campaigns. He was very popular with the G. A. R. members and was many times the orator at military reunions. He was one of the ablest lawyers in the State and was very popular with the masses. He was very witty and humorous. He was a member of Mt. Lebanon Lodge, F. and A. M., of Laconia, I. O. O. F., and the G. A. R.



Col. Thomas Jefferson Whipple.

He was married October 14, 1842, to Belinda Butler Hoadley of Rumney, N. H., who died November 14, 1854. One child, Belinda Caroline, born August 8, 1846, married G. R. Somes, died in Laconia, February 27, 1895.

NON-GRADUATES

HORACE PARKHURST ALLEN.

Horace P. Allen, son of Jason and Lucy Ann (Parkhurst) Allen, and nephew of J. D. Allen, '25, was born in Eastport, Me., November 27, 1817, and died in Royalton, Vt., September 2, 1894.

His parents removed to Lebanon, N. H., in 1830, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1833 and remained three years, leaving to enter West Point; was appointed a cadet at the U. S. Military Academy.

September 1, 1836, and on account of sickness resigned October 5, 1837. He located in Royalton, Vt., in 1847, where he resided until his death. He was cashier of the Royalton Bank many years. He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; was justice of the peace, 1860-92; town clerk for several years; lister, 1853-90; notary public, 1853-90.

He was married June 7, 1842, to Susan Waldo, daughter of Phineas and Charlotte Stone (Parkhurst) Pierce. One child was born to them, Horace Parkhurst, born April 22, 1843, who resides in Boston, Mass.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. HENRY STANTON BURTON, U. S. A.

Henry S. Burton, son of Oliver G. and Almira (Partridge) Burton, was born in Norwich, Vt., September, 1818, and died at Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., April 2, 1869.

He entered the "Academy" in 1832, and the University in 1834, and remained until 1835. He entered the United States Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., July 1, 1835, and graduated, 9th in his class, July 1, 1839; was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 3d Artillery July 1, 1839; first lieutenant same regiment, November 11, 1839; served in the Florida War, 1839-40, 1840-42; Fort Moultrie, S. C., 1842-43; assistant instructor of Infantry Tactics, West Point, June 16, 1843-December 16, 1845, assistant instructor of Artillery same, December 16, 1845-August 5, 1846.



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Henry Stanton Burton.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he was commissioned lieutenant-colonel, New York Volunteers, and served in California; took part in the attack on La Paz, L. C., and the skirmish at Todos Santos, L. C., March 30, 1848. He was commissioned captain 3d Artillery, September 22, 1847; served on frontier duty at Monterey, Cal., 1848-51; San Francisco, 1851, Monterey, 1851 and 1852; San Diego, Cal., 1852-57; Fort Yuma, Cal., 1857-58; Fort Gaston, 1859; on Mojave expedition in 1859; Fort Columbus, N. Y., 1859; on leave of absence, 1860-61; stationed at the Artillery School of Practice, Fort Monroe, Va., 1861; was promoted major same regiment, May 14, 1861; served at Alcatraz Island, Cal., 1861-62; in command of prisoners of war, Fort Delaware, Del., June 1862-September, 1863; promoted lieutenant-colonel, 4th Artillery July 25, 1863; and colonel 5th Artillery, August 11, 1863; served on detached duty, District of Monongahela, Pa., September, 1863-June 21, 1864; in command of the Artillery reserve Army of the Potomac, January-May, 1864; inspector of artillery, Army of the Potomac, Richmond campaign, May-June 1864; in command of the Artillery 18th Army corps, June-July, 1864; in command of 5th Artillery and inspector of artillery, Department of the East, with

headquarters at Fort Richmond, N. Y., September 7, December 2, 1864; member of board for retiring disabled officers, at Wilmington, Del., December 2, 1864-May 15, 1865, October 31-November 27, 1865; in command 5th Artillery at Fort Richmond, N. Y., May 15-October 31, 1865; in command of 5th Artillery Fort Monroe, Va., November 27, 1865, where Jefferson Davis was a prisoner. He was breveted brigadier-general, U. S. A., March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious service at the capture of Petersburg, Va."

He was twice married: first, in 1840, to Elizabeth Furgurson Smith, daughter of Dr. Samuel Blair Smith, U. S. A., and sister of Gen. Charles T. Smith, U. S. A. She died at Fort Moultrie, S. C., in 1841. One child, Elizabeth Furgurson, born 1841, married Lieut. Edward P. Lull, U.S.N., died 1868. He was again married in 1849, to Maria Amparo de Ruiz of Mexico, who died August 12, 1895. Two children: Nellie, born July 4, 1850, married Don Miguel de Pedrona, of California, died February 5, 1910; Henry H., born November 24, 1852, resides in Los Angeles, Cal.

DANIEL BRYANT BLISS COBB.

Daniel B. B. Cobb, son of Daniel and Marinda (Bryant) Cobb, and brother of N. B. Cobb, '46, was born in Strafford, Vt., January 1, 1819, and died there, April 1, 1857.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in the spring of 1834, remaining the winter of 1835.

He was engaged in the mercantile business in Derby Line, Vt., 1836-51, first a clerk, then a partner in the firm of Baxter, Chamberlin & Cobb, then senior member of Cobb, Rollins & Co.; was appointed, in 1851, an officer in the U. S. Customs at Derby and served for several years; was director and cashier of the People's Bank, Derby, Vt., until 1856, when owing to illness was forced to resign his position.

He was married, July 28, 1851, to Diantha Isabel West of Derby Line, Vt., who married again and now resides in Philadelphia, Pa.; no children.

JAMES BRADLEY SMITH.

James B. Smith, brother of Franklin W. Smith, '37, was born in Bradford, Vt., May 15, 1815, and died in Tennessee, June 14, 1893. At an early age his parents removed to Hanover, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1833, and remained until 1836.

He was assistant engineer on the Utica & Schenectady R. R., 1837-40; Memphis & Rio Grande, R. R., in Miss., 1840-45. He located in Bolivia County, Miss., about 1845, where he resided until 1864; was extensively engaged in planting in this county, served as county engineer for some years, also represented his district in the State Legislature several terms. In 1864, he returned north and in 1874, located in Tennessee, where he made his home until his death.

CAPTAIN TIMOTHY DWIGHT SMITH.

Timothy D. Smith, brother of Franklin W. Smith, was born in Bradford, Vt., December 3, 1818, and died at Fort Abercrombie, Minn., May 6, 1875.

At an early age his parents removed to Hanover, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1835, and remained nearly two years.

He engaged in mercantile business in Hanover and Lebanon, N. H., until 1855, when he removed to St. Paul, Minn. He then engaged in the commission business until 1862. He served as colonel in the New Hampshire Militia, 1850-55; was commissioned captain and assistant quartermaster of volunteers, June 21, 1862; resigned May 1, 1865. He was then a sutler at Fort Abercrombie until his death.

HENRY BARZILLAI STREETER, M. D.

Henry B. Streeter, son of Rev. Russell Streeter, was born in Portland Me., September 11, 1822, and died in San Francisco, Cal., October 6, 1850.

In 1834, his parents removed to Woodstock. He prepared for college in Springfield, Mass. He was a student in the Primary department of the University, 1834-36, and entered the Collegiate department in 1836, remaining one year; studied medicine in Woodstock; graduated M. D. from Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, in 1846; was a sailor, 1840-42; went to California in 1849, where he died unmarried, in 1850.



Troop B, 1911.

CLASS OF 1838.

CAPT. JAY DYER, A. B.

Jay Dyer, son of Jonathan and Hannah (Dwinell) Dyer, and brother of W. N. Dyer, '39, was born in Clarendon, Vt., November 30, 1819, and died in Galena, Ohio, December 24, 1906. He entered the University in 1835, and graduated, A. B., in 1838.

He was assistant engineer on the Illinois Central R. R., with Col. T. B. Ransom, '25, on the survey of the road from Peru to Dixon, April 1839-40; was assistant engineer with "The Illinois Internal Improvement Commission" on survey of the Illinois River for improvement of navigation, H. P. Woodworth, '25, being chief engineer and Charles Slack, '39, resident engineer, 1840. He taught school in Illinois and Ohio, until the spring of 1850, when he crossed the Plains to the gold fields of California. He worked in the mines in California, until 1860, when he returned home via the Isthmus of Panama, then up the Mississippi and Ohio Rivers to Cincinnati, reaching Galena, Ohio, in March, 1861. He then served as county surveyor, Delaware County, until August, 1861.

He offered his services to the state of Ohio; was commissioned captain Co. I., 32d Ohio Volunteers, August 31, 1861, of which regiment S. M. Hewitt, '40, was major; served with marked distinction in the Army of Western Virginia until April 10, 1862, when owing to disability was forced to resign his commission; served as county surveyor, 1863-66; was assistant engineer on the construction of the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus R. R., 1870-72. He also engaged in farming and stock raising from 1862 until his death.

He was married at Berkshire, Ohio, October 4, 1847, to Hortensia Norton, a native of Connecticut, who survives him and resides in Galena. Two children were born to them: Alfred, a graduate of Kenyon College, and now an attorney at Kinsley, Kan.; David Norton, now an extensive farmer at Galena, Ohio.

CHARLES DENISON LEWIS, A. B., M. C. E., M. D.

Charles D. Lewis, son of Enos and Keturah (Denison) Lewis and brother of W. E. Lewis, '33, was born in Norwich, Vt., June 6, 1817, and died in Dry Ridge, Ky., August 3, 1895; was buried in Spring Grove Cemetery, Cincinnati, Ohio. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1834, graduating A. B. in 1838, and M. C. E. in 1839; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1841.

He began the study of medicine some time previous to his graduation; graduated M. D. from the Dartmouth Medical College in 1841. He began the practice of his profession in Norwich in 1841, but later in the same year moved to Randolph, where he practiced until 1842. He practiced in Fiskburg, Kenton County, Ky., for a few months in 1842; Dry Ridge, Ky., 1842-95. He was a successful physician. His life was a conscientious consecration to the interest of the afflicted and destitute humanity. He was honest in all his dealings and was highly respected by the citizens of his county.



Charles Dennison Lewis.

He was an active member of the Presbyterian Church, serving as an elder for many years; member of the North Kentucky Medical Society; I. O. G. T., holding the various offices of the order. He was a Republican in politics and was an ardent supporter of the Union during the Civil War.

He was married in Cincinnati, Ohio, March 24, 1847, to Caroline Matilda Cannon of Bourbon Co., Ky., who survives him and resided in Dry Ridge, Ky. Six children were born to them: Loo Emma, born January 2, 1851, resides in Dry Ridge, Ky.; Charles Converse, born April 17, 1852, died January 17, 1901; Walter Wendell Holmes, born May 16, 1855, resides in Dry Ridge, Ky.; William Kane, born July 28, 1862, resides in Dry Ridge, Ky.; two children died in infancy.

JEHIEL LILLIE, A. B.

Jehiel Lillie was born in Tunbridge, Vt., in 1812, and died in Selma, Ala., in 1875.

He entered the University in 1835, and graduated A. B. in 1838. He studied law and was admitted to the Orange County bar at Chelsea, Vt., in 1839; practiced his profession in Chelsea, 1839-41; Norwich, Vt., 1841-42; removed to Selma, Ala., where he practiced his profession many years, meeting with marked success. He was survived by a widow, who died about 1890; one child, a son, died in early youth.

CHARLES SLACK, M. C. E.

Charles Slack, son of Jesse and Betsey (Burnham) Slack, and brother of Allen B. Slack, '39, was born in Windsor, Vt., in 1817, and died in California in 1859. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, and graduated M. C. E., in 1838.

He was engineer in charge of surveys for the improvement of the navigations on the Illinois River, for the "Illinois Internal Improvement Commission" 1839-43, Hiram P. Woolworth, '25, being the chief engineer; was engineer on the Erie Canal, 1843-45. Details of his work from 1845 until his death in 1859 have not been preserved. He went to California in 1850 and on this trip was met by his classmate, Jay Dyer, '38, at the head waters of the Humboldt River.

JOHNSON SHEDD, A. B.

Johnson Shedd, oldest son of William and Jemima (Spaulding) Shedd, brother of Gen. Warren Shedd, '40, and Solon Shedd, '51, was born in Stoddard, N. H., May 1, 1815, and died of measles in Portsmouth, Va., February 3, 1842.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1836, graduating A. B., in 1838. He taught a school in Strafford, Vt., while a cadet; was assistant professor of Mathematics and English Literature at the University, 1837-39; superintendent of the Virginia Literary, Scientific and Military Academy, Portsmouth, Va., 1839-42.

He was a fine scholar, excelling in mathematics and was a successful teacher. He gave promise of a brilliant career in his chosen profession. His journal, composition and letters show depth of thought and literary ability.

He was not married.



Johnson Shedd.

NON-GRADUATES 1838.

AUSTIN DAVIS ARMS.

Austin D. Arms, son of Austin and Sally (Davis) Arms, was born in Montpelier, Vt., December 26, 1817, and died at East Montpelier, Vt., September 19, 1896. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, remaining until 1837, when he was forced to give up his course owing to poor health.

He studied law for a time with his uncle, Col. Jonathan P. Miller of Montpelier, but owing to ill health gave up this profession. He then tried the life of a merchant, for the same reason as above, but met with no better success. He finally bought a farm in East Montpelier, where he continued to reside until his death.

He was town clerk from 1856 until 1861, when he resigned to enter



Austin Davis Arms.

the quartermaster's department, U. S. Volunteers, under Gen. P. P. Pitkin, as assistant quartermaster. He was unable to enlist in the service, owing to his deafness, yet served with distinction doing all the duties of a soldier until the winter of 1864. He was with the troops at Fairfax Court House, Culpepper Court House, Richmond, City Point and Washington.

In 1864, he again tried mercantile life in Montpelier, but was forced to give it up owing to poor health. He held many positions of trust in his town. He was a member of the Aurora Lodge, F. and A. M. of Montpelier.

He was married January 14, 1841, to Fanny Dodge of Montpelier, who survives him and resides in Montpelier, Vt. Three children were born to them: Sarah Rebecca, born February 3, 1842, married N. P. Dodge, died in San Francisco, November 30, 1864; Stephen Wilfred, born September 21, 1844, died October 21, 1885; Fanny Ada, born July 31, 1855, married Fred W. Strong, and resides in East Montpelier, Vt.

GEORGE HENRY BISSELL, A. B., LL. B.

George H. Bissell, son of Isaac and Nina (Wimple) Bissell, was born in Hanover, N. H., November 8, 1821, and died in New York city, November 19, 1884. He prepared for college in the Hanover schools, and entered the University in 1836, remaining three years; graduated from Dartmouth College in 1845.

He was professor of languages at "N. U." for a few months in 1845; was the Washington, D. C., correspondent of the Richmond *Whig*, 1845-46; traveled in the West Indies in 1846; was principal of schools in New Orleans, La., 1846-48, and superintendent of schools, 1848-53; was associate editor of the New Orleans *Delta and Crescent*, 1849-50. He studied law with Charles M. Emerson in New Orleans, 1849-50, and graduated LL. B. from Jefferson College, Miss., in 1851. He removed to New York city in 1853, and practiced law there during 1853-59; was admitted to practice before the U. S. Courts in 1855.

In 1853, he bought a large tract of land in the oil region of Pennsylvania and was the first to recognize the value of petroleum as an article of commerce, and was the first to refine the oil for general use. He organized, in 1845, the Pennsylvania Rock Oil Co., in New York city, the first company of the kind in America and served as its first president for several years. He removed to Oil City, Pa., in 1859, and in 1863 returned to New York city, where he resided until his death; was the senior partner in the firm of George H. Bissell & Co., brokers, Oil City, Pa. He was very successful in his business and acquired a large property.

He was married, October 14, 1855, to Aphie Louise Griffin of New York city, who died April 25, 1867. Two children were born to them: Pelham St. George, resides in New York; Florence Wimple, died November 19, 1884.

STEPHEN BOSWORTH.

Stephen Bosworth, son of Jarvis and Barsheba Bosworth, was born in Royalton, Vt., in 1814, and died there June 2, 1854 of small pox.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, and remained two years.

He was a merchant in North Royalton for several years. He sold his

business and removed West, where he engaged in business for several years. He then returned to Royalton, where he resided until his death.

He married Eliza L. Foster of Tunbridge, Vt. Three children were born to them: Charles Bartell, born in August, 1847, died February 8, 1852; two children died in early youth.

JAMES WEEDEN BROWN.

James W. Brown, son of John and Sarah (Weeden) Brown, was born in Norwich, Vt., August 2, 1820, and died in Boston, Mass., October 23, 1904. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1836, and remained two years.

He engaged in mercantile business, Post Mills, Vt., 1837-45; Lowell, Mass., 1845-50. In 1850, he located in Boston and engaged as wholesale dealer and importer of dry goods until 1895, when he retired from active business. He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired valuable property. He was an extensive traveler and during the Civil War he made many trips South and West and after he was sixty years old made ten business trips to Europe.

He was a Republican in politics and was an active anti-slavery worker with Phillips, Garrison and Sumner and was prominent in the "underground railroad" work in freeing slaves. He was a man of decided literary tastes; was especially fond of history and possessed a very large and well selected library. He was a member of Theodore Parker's Unitarian Church and gave liberally in aid of the various church enterprises.

He was twice married: first, in 1840, to Sarah Riley Bruce of Post Mills, who died about 1850; no children. He was again married, August 10, 1858, to Sarah Elizabeth Sweet of Foxboro, Mass., who died in San Jose, Cal., December 23, 1890. Three children were born to them: Minerva Sweet, born October 7, 1860, resides in Cambridge, Mass.; Jeanie Bruce, born June 29, 1862, resides in Manchester, N. H.; Anne Brooks, born February 14, 1865, resides in Manchester, N. H.

GEORGE HENRY CLARK.

George H. Clark, son of Benjamin Franklin and Martha (Davis) Clark, was born in Sandy Hill, N. Y., June 3, 1820, and died in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 3, 1905. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, remaining two years.

He was assistant engineer on the survey of the Genesee Canal, in 1835. In 1843, he formed a partnership with Nathan J. Wyeth and engaged in shipping ice to the West Indies, making his residence in Cambridge, Mass. He surveyed the Eagle Bridge R. R., 1848, and was superintendent of the road, 1856-57; was resident engineer on the Erie Canal, from Albany to Sprakers Bridge, N. Y., 1858. He engaged in the grain business with headquarters in Buffalo, N. Y., 1862-63; conducted a supply store for soldiers in Memphis Tenn., 1863-65; engaged in the stock brokerage business in New York. He was a member of the I. O. O. F.

He was married, February 21, 1846, to Laura Ann Ball, sister of Charles Ball, '40. She survives him and resides in Brooklyn, N. Y. Six children were born to them: Sarah Elizabeth, born June 1, 1847, married William Kimball

Phelps, resides in Brooklyn; Roswell Benedict, born July 21, 1849, resides in Brooklyn; Charles Benjamin born December 24, 1831, died April 21, 1855; Martha Davis, born December 15, 1854, married Edgar Southworth Pratt, son of the Rev. Horace L. Edgar Pratt, rector of St. Mary's P. E. Church, Staten Island, for 18 years, resides in Brooklyn; Mary Grace, born October 29, 1858, married John Christopher Otteson, secretary of the Wabash R.R., died February 9, 1898.

GEORGE COTTON.

George Cotton, son of Nathaniel and Prudence Hubbard (Goodwin) Cotton, was born in Claremont, N. H., January 5, 1815, and died there December 8, 1886. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835 and remained two years.

He engaged in various mercantile pursuits in Claremont, N. H., until 1844, when he removed to Delavan, Wis., where he resided until 1885. He returned to Claremont in 1885, where he resided until his death. He studied law and practiced in Delavan, 1844-85; was president of the National Bank in that city for some years.

He was married May 8, 1845, to Mary Marion Chellis of Newport, N. H., who died March 27, 1887; no children.

CAPT. SIMON CHASE DOW, A. M.

Simon C. Dow, son of Chase and Lucy (Walker) Dow, was born in Strafford, Vt., October 26, 1818. He prepared for college in the schools of his town

and entered the University in 1835, and remained nearly three years; received the degree of A. M. in 1911.

He engaged in mercantile pursuits in Strafford, 1839 until 1846, when he located on a farm in Jo Daviess County, Ill. In 1847, he located on a farm near Wau-paca, Wis., his family being the second to settle in that county. In 1864, he removed to Alton, Waseca County, Minnesota, where he engaged in farming until 1887, when he moved to Lawrence Co., Tenn., and engaged in fruit raising. In 1892, he returned to Minnesota and located in Walecott, Rice County, near Fairbault. In 1899, he retired from active work and removed to Fairbault where he has since resided. During 1850-51, he prospected for gold in Colorado, Oregon and California.



Capt. Simon Chase Dow.

He is a Republican in politics and has held many offices; was justice of the peace in Wisconsin and Minnesota many years; postmaster, Greenwood, Wis., for several years; county superin-

tendent of schools, Waupaca County, Wis., 1851-53, and treasurer of same county, 1851-55. He was captain of the militia company, Strafford, Vt., 1839-46. He is a member of the Universalist Church and the Grange.

He was married March 11, 1845, to Mary Bliss Morse of South Fairlee, Vt., who died February 9, 1893. Two children were born to them: Frederick Morse, born December 1, 1848, died November 15, 1906; Marcella Chase, born April 2, 1851, married H. L. Grant, resides in Fairbault, Minn.

WILLIAM CHASE DOW.

William C. Dow, son of Jeremiah Dow, owner of the copper mines in Shrewsbury, Vt., and cousin of Simon Chase Dow, '38, was born in Shrewsbury, Vt., in 1820, and died there about 1850. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, remaining two years. He conducted his father's copper mines and engaged in general mercantile business until his death. He was survived by a widow; no children.

HON. SOLON FRANKLIN FRARY.

Solon F. Frary, son of Jonathan and Lydia Colcord (Blaisdell) Frary, was born in Strafford, Vt., January 27, 1822. He was a lineal descendant from John Frary, who came from England in 1638 and was among the earliest settlers of Dedham, Mass. He attended the public schools of his town and in 1835 entered the University, remaining two years.

He then began clerking for the Hon. Justin S. Morrill and Judge Jedediah H. Harris (q. v.) in their store in Thetford, Vt., where he remained three years. Returning to Strafford, he continued to engage in trade until 1890, when he retired from the active duties of life.

He is a Republican in his political belief and has held the offices of town treasurer, town agent, justice of the peace, and chairman of the board of auditors for sixteen years. He represented his town in the State Legislature in 1872, and in 1888 was elected from Orange County to the State senate. He was postmaster, 1860-1888, and has often been made chairman of the Republican town committee. He is a director of Goddard Seminary, Barre, Vt., and has been one of the auditors of their accounts and chairman of the investment committee.



Hon. Solon Franklin Frary.

He was married December 18, 1834, to Adeliza, daughter of Benjamin and Betsey (Kent) Gilman. Two children were born to them: Gertrude, born September 28, 1855, married Samuel B. Buck, resides in So. Strafford, Vt.; Bessie Jane, born September 17, 1858, resides in So. Strafford, Vt.

REV. JOHN HARVEY MOORE.

John H. Moore, son of the Rev. John and Mary (Alger) Moore, was born in Strafford, Vt., November 29, 1818, and died in Webster, Mass., March 2, 1901. In 1828, his parents removed to Lebanon, N. H., where he attended the public schools and the Lebanon Academy. He entered the University in 1835, and remained two years.



Rev. John Harvey Moore.

He studied for the Universalist ministry with his father, and Hosea Ballou 2d D. D.; was ordained, May 23, 1844. His pastorates were, Warren, Mass., 1844-49; 1862-74; South Reading, Mass., (now Wakefield) 1849-54; Stamford, Conn., 1854-55; Concord, N. H., 1855-62; Webster, Mass., 1874-78; Newark, N. Y., 1879-92. His health beginning to fail in 1892, he retired from the active work of the ministry and returned to Warren, where he resided until his death. He was one of the ablest clergymen of his denomination; was an eloquent and forceful preacher.

His life and character were such as to win the love and respect of his fellow men. He took a deep and active interest in all matters pertaining to the public good. During the trying times of the Civil War, he took an active part in the cause of

the Union and the abolition of slavery. He took an active interest in school matters, serving on the school board. He represented Warren in the State legislature in 1870. He contributed many articles to the various publications and many of his sermons were published in the church papers. He was a member of Quaboag Lodge, F. and A. M., Warren, Mass.

He was twice married; first, November 26, 1846, to Hannah Ann Moore of Warren, Mass., who died July 24, 1876. One child, a son, was born to them in 1848, who died in infancy. He was again married October 16, 1877, to Mary Baneroff of Petersham, Mass., who survives him and resides in Webster, Mass.

GEN. LEWIS SAMUEL PARTRIDGE.

Lewis S. Partridge, son of Abel and Alpha (Lewis) Partridge and nephew of Capt. Alden Partridge, was born in Norwich, Vt., March 10, 1818, and died there May 22, 1886. He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1833, and the University in 1834, and remained until 1837.

He was a clerk in stores in Hanover and Claremont, N. H., and then engaged in the mercantile business in Norwich many years; was proprietor of the "Union Hotel" in Norwich several years.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many positions; represented Norwich in the House of Representatives in 1852 and 1853; was his party's nominee for State senator and congressman; was a delegate to National Democratic convention in 1854; was United States marshal of Vermont, 1857-61; was post-master of Norwich, 1853, 1861, 1885-86. He took great interest in military matters; held several commissions in the State Militia; was adjutant-general of Vermont, 1852-54; also served for many years as marshal at the "N. U." Commencements.

He was twice married: first, June 16, 1846, to Harriet Baxter of Norwich, who died August 25, 1854. Three children were born of this marriage: Lewis Baxter, "N. U.," '68 (q. v.); Lizzie Adelia, born October 12, 1850, married Wales M. Ward of Athol, Mass.; Harriet Louise, born May 5, 1854, married James Brigham, resides Norwich. He was again married, May 27, 1856, to Elizabeth Jane Woodruff of Timmouth, Vt., who survives him and resides in Manchester, N. H. Eight children were born to them: Edward Irving, born November 12, 1859, resides in Manchester, N. H.; Alliston Lee, born January 13, 1862, resides in Manchester, N. H.; Charles Seymour, born June 28, 1864, died at Canaan, N. H., March 7, 1908; Robert Ashby, born January 21, 1866, resides in Manchester, N. H.; Marion Fenella, born October 8, 1868, resides in Manchester, N. H.; Mary Woodruff, born August 14, 1870, died August 20, 1870; Martha Josephine, born April 11, 1872, resides in Manchester, N. H.; William Woodruff, born August 5, 1875, resides in Boston, Mass.



Gen. Lewis Samuel Partridge.

HON. BENJAMIN POOLE, A. B.

Benjamin Poole was born in Gloucester, Mass., June 9, 1818, and died in Roxbury, Mass., September 10, 1906. He attended the schools of his city and finished his preparation for college in the Academy in Hampton, N. H. He entered the University in 1835, and remained nearly three years. He entered Bowdoin College in 1839, and remained three years. He then entered Union College, N. Y., and graduated A. B. in 1844.

He studied law with John P. Hale of Dover, N. H., and was admitted to the bar in Berwick, Maine, in 1844. He practiced law in Dover, N. H., 1844-45; Georgetown, Mass., 1845-49; Lowell, Mass., in company with Theodore Sweetser, 1842-55; Topsfield, Mass., 1855-60; Boston, Mass., 1860-1900, when he retired from active work. He was admitted to practice before the United States Supreme Court in 1865. He was associated in many business enterprises; was president of the Danvers & Georgetown R. R., 1856-60, and its attorney for several years; served as president of the Metropolitan Street Ry. of Boston,



Hon. Benjamin Poole.

1860-75; was president of the United States Ballot Box Co., of Topsfield, for many years. He made his home in Topsfield until 1903, when he removed to Boston.

He was at first a Whig in politics and later a Democrat; represented Lowell in the State Legislature in 1849-50. He was often urged to accept political positions, but refused; was trial justice of Topsfield for some years. He met with marked success in his profession and in his business ventures, acquiring a valuable property. He was a member of the Essex Bar Association.

He married Annie E. Bartlett of Eliot, Maine, who died April 30, 1892. Four children were born to them: Annie, married Herbert S. Hutchinson, resides in Topsfield; Mary, married Andrew L. Pierce, resides in Topsfield, Mass.

OLIVER P. REED.

Oliver P. Reed, son of Daniel Reed, was born in Windsor, Vt., in 1818, and died in San Francisco, Cal., about 1860. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, remaining nearly three years.

In 1839, he located in Saratoga, N. Y., where he engaged in the insurance business for some years. Later he removed to New York City, where he engaged in mercantile business. In 1850, he located in San Francisco, Cal., where he made his home until his death.

He was married in 1838, to Adeline O. Brown of Windsor.

SAMUEL ROBBE.

Samuel Robbe, son of Daniel and Betsey (Torrey) Robbe, was born in Peterboro, N. H., March 15, 1818, and died in Milton, N. Y., February 25, 1860. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, remaining two years. He engaged in business in Peterboro and later in Milton, N. Y.

He married Harriet N. Paul of Galway, N. Y.

GEORGE BARKER SHERRILL.

George B. Sherrill, son of Darius and Mary (Day) Sherrill, was born at Sandy Hill, N. Y., in September, 1822, and died there in September, 1889. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, remaining three years.

From early manhood, he took an active part in the politics of his State,

and held numerous offices of trust. He was librarian of the New York Assembly in 1850; postmaster of the senate in 1852-53. He also engaged in engineering and contracting. He was superintendent of the Salem and Champlain canal in 1869, 1877-79, 1883-89, resigning on account of failing health. He constructed several of the large public works of New York. He was one of Sandy Hill's most noted citizens, and an active member of the Presbyterian Church.

He was married May 11, 1848, to Angeline Piersons Bennett. Five children were born to them: George, now president of the Sherrill Hardware Co., resides in Sandy Hill, N. Y.; Robert Bennett, resides in Sandy Hill, N. Y.; three children died in infancy.

JASPER HAZEN SPRAGUE.

Jasper H. Sprague, son of Philo and Laura (Hazen) Sprague, was born in Hartford, Vt., June 6, 1812, and died in Shelbyville, Ind., about 1880. He entered the University in 1834, remaining nearly three years. He removed to Shelbyville, Ind., about 1850, where he made his home until his death.

He was married July 16, 1840, to Duleina C. Towne. Seven children were born to them: Laura Ann, born September 24, 1842, resides in Shelbyville; Harriet Louisa, born February 24, 1864, resides in Shelbyville; Charles T., born September 29, 1854, resides in Shelbyville; Carrie J., born in 1856, resides in Shelbyville. Three children died in infancy.

HON. EDWARD SAWYER STEBBINS, M. D.

Edward S. Stebbins, son of Seth and Gemima (Hutchinson) Stebbins, was born in Norwich, Vt., January 17, 1819, and died in Dowagiac, Mich., January 28, 1899.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1834, remaining three years. He was a student at the New England Botanical College, 1845-46; received the degree of M. D. from the U. S. Medical College in 1883.

In 1841, he located in Worcester, Mass., where he made his home until 1869; was assistant superintendent of the Quinsigamond Iron & Wire Works, now the South works of the American Steel & Wire Co., 1844-50; superintendent and part owner of the plant, 1850-69. He was the inventor of the first wire plating machine used in this country; also made many other inventions in the manufacture



Hon. Edward Sawyer Stebbins.

of wire. He practiced medicine in Dowagiac, Mich., 1869-77; East Liverpool, Ohio, 1877-91. In this last year, he returned to Dowagiac, where he made his home until his death.

He was a Republican in politics; represented Worcester in the Massachusetts Legislature, 1867-68. He was a member of Peninsula Lodge, No. 214 F. and A. M. of Dowagiac, and of Niles Commandery K. T.

He was married in 1844, to Harriett Goddard, of Worcester, who died at Dowagiac, Mich., December 3, 1869. Five children were born to them: Catherine Amelia, born November 4, 1846, married Mr. Lewis E. Wing, resides in Michigan City, Ind.; Mary Florence, born December 29, 1848, married Dr. H. S. McMaster, resides in Dowagiac, Mich.; Dorrance Edward, born February 10, 1851, died March 6, 1855; Waldo Goddard, born May 25, 1854, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Benjamin Woodbury, born July 21, 1861, died July 4, 1882.

SURGEON JOHN STONE, M. D.

John Stone, son of Luke and Sibyl (Adams) Stone, was born in Barnard, Vt., August 31, 1815, and died in Linton, Hancock County, Georgia, in 1868. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, remaining two years.

He then studied medicine and located near Tennill, Ga., about 1840, where he taught school until 1841. He then removed to Linton, Hancock County, Georgia, where he practiced medicine until 1856, when he took his second course of medical lectures in Philadelphia, graduating M. D. in 1857. He returned to Linton, and continued his practice until his death. He met with marked success in his medical work, becoming one of the most skillful physicians in his county. He owned a large tract of land, on the Buffalo Creek, Hancock County; was also an extensive owner of slaves. He acquired a large property. He served as a surgeon in the C. S. A. He was an active member of the Baptist Church. He gave one hundred acres of fine farm land to establish the Washington Baptist Institute.

He married Martha Anna Glenn, of Washington County, who died about 1870. Three children were born to them: Robert Glenn, resides in Linton, Ga.; Addie Julia; William S.

MILTON WADLEIGH.

Milton Wadleigh, son of Benjamin and Polly (Mastin) Wadleigh, was born in Sutton, N. H., February 13, 1810, and died in Galena, Ill., April 5, 1899.

He entered the University from Barrington, N. H., in September, 1834, and remained until the last of March, 1837, nearly completing the course in civil engineering. He went to Chicago, Ill., in May, 1837, and in June was appointed leveler with W. B. Gilbert, '28, resident engineer for the Illinois Internal Improvement Commission. During the summer and fall of 1837, he assisted in making preliminary surveys for three routes for a railroad between the Mississippi and Rock Rivers. In the spring of 1838, he was appointed junior assistant engineer in charge of a party on construction of a section of road from Dixon, Ill. Later, he had charge of surveys of the country between the Mississippi and Rock Rivers. In the summer of 1839, owing to lack of funds, construction work was suspended and Mr. Wadleigh returned

to New Hampshire early in 1840. In the fall of 1841, he went to Havana, Ill., where he had property interests and remained there until March, 1843, engaging in business and surveying. He then located in Galena, Ill., then a prosperous mining center, and engaged in mining for lead ore until 1846, when he was appointed city surveyor. He resurveyed the streets and lots, mapped in 1836-37, and through his accurate work, saved the property owners from vexatious law suits. He held the office of city surveyor until 1861, when owing to his firm stand for the Union, he lost his office. He was then elected by the Unionists, county surveyor of Jo Daviess County, which position he held with the exception of one year, until 1889, when he retired from active work.

He was married at Galena, Ill., Oct. 19, 1852, to Mrs. Elizabeth (Griffith) Oliver, a native of Long Buckley, Northhamptonshire, England. She died in Chicago, Ill., February 16, 1908. Three children were born to them: Ben, born July 25, 1853, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Grace born February 21, 1858, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Frank, born June 27, 1855, died February 23, 1888.

JAMES SMITH WOOLLEY.

James S. Woolley, son of Thomas and Betsey (Dix) Woolley, was born in Woodstock, Vt., October 6, 1817, and died in Troy, Vt., January 1, 1805. He prepared for college in the schools of Cavendish and Chester, Vt., and entered the University from Cavendish, Vt., in 1835, remaining nearly three years.

He taught schools in Plymouth, Vt., 1838-41; engaged in farming in Lowell, Vt., 1841-43; mercantile business, Compton, P. Q., 1843-45; Chicopee, Mass., 1845-56, 1861-62; Lowell, Vt., 1856-61; Pana, Ill., 1862-78. He resided in Troy, Vt., 1883-86, 1904-05; Greenville, N. H., 1886-97; Charleston, Vt., 1897-1904. During 1849-50, he travelled in California and the Western States. He retired from active labor in 1896.

He was twice married: first, July 18, 1841, to Susan S. Brown, of Plymouth, Vt., who died October 17, 1877. One child, Electa, born, June 14, 1842, married twice: first in 1868, to Mr. Albert Mich, second in 1876 to Mr. Joseph Zarnell of Pana, Ill., and resides in Atlanta, Ga. He was married the second time to Jennie Hayes, of Greenville, N. H., who died in 1897.

NATHAN SMITH YOUNG.

Nathan S. Young, son of Nathan and Hannah Smith (Avery) Young, was born in Strafford, Vt., August 21, 1818, and died in Batavia, Ill., in 1907.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835, and remained until 1838. He located in Blackberry, Ill., in 1839, and engaged in farming until 1850, when he moved to Batavia, Ill., where he resided until his death. He engaged in the grain and lumber business 1850-1907; was one of the organizers of the First National Bank of Batavia in 1864, and served as director 1864-79; in 1879, organized the bank of Coffin & Young, which did business until 1891, when it was absorbed by the new First National Bank; served as vice-president, 1891-1907.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices in the various towns where he lived; was city treasurer, Batavia, 1860-95; member of

the East Batavia Board of Education, 1870-1907; library director, 1893-1907. He was a fine scholar and a great reader. He possessed a large collection of rare books and manuscript.

He was married September 2, 1862, to Mary Ann Hollister of Batavia, who died about 1897. Three children were born to them: Edwin, died in infancy; Fanny Maria, resides in Batavia; Justin Holister, now assistant cashier, First National Bank, Batavia.

CLASS OF 1839.

GEORGE BRADLEY ADAMS, A. B.

George B. Adams, son of Tyler and Polly (Leland) Adams, was born in Barre, Mass., September 29, 1819, and died in Bowling Green, Ky., June 30, 1854. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1836, graduating A. B. in 1839.

He located in Bowling Green, Ky., in 1840, and was chief engineer of the Bowling Green & Tennessee R. R., (now the main line of the Louisville & Nashville) and later, served as president of the road. He also practiced law in Bowling Green for several years.

He was married June 23, 1841, to Caroline Eva Van Meter of Bowling Green, Ky., who died October 23, 1903. Six children were born to them: William Usher, born January 30, 1843, died in January, 1904; Mary Leland, born July 28, 1844, married Mr. John Jacob Hilburn, died March 2, 1893; Samuel Tyler, born July 12, 1846, died December 17, 1893; Julia Woodbury, born January 2, 1849, married Mr. William R. Carson, died February 9, 1910; Charles Joseph, born October 25, 1851, resides in Bowling Green, Ky.; George Bradley, born September 7, 1853, resides in Birmingham, Ala.

COL. CYRUS BARRETT BURNHAM, M. C. E.

Cyrus B. Burnham, son of John and Harriet (Barrett) Burnham, was born in Strafford, Vt., June 6, 1822. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in September, 1836, graduating M. C. E. in 1839.

He was a clerk for Hon. J. H. Harris and Hon. Justin S. Morrill, in their store in Strafford, from 1839 until September, 1842; engaged in the mercantile business in Stanstead, Canada, September, 1842, until September, 1847. He left Stanstead for St. Louis, Mo., in September, 1847, arriving in that city, November 6, where he has made his home to date. He was a clerk for Greeley & Gale, wholesale grocers, January, 1848 until 1850, when he became a member of the firm. He continued a member of the firm until 1893, when he retired.

He has been connected with many business enterprises in his city. He was one of the organizers, in November, 1862, of the present National Bank of Commerce, of St. Louis. The capital stock of the original corporation was \$200,000, and its present capital is \$10,000,000, with a surplus of \$5,000,000. He served as president of the bank from 1875 until 1883, and director from 1862 until 1893. Since 1893, he has been connected with the Washington Land & Mining Company.

From September, 1861, until August, 1862, he served successively as quartermaster-general, commissary-general and ordnance officer and paymaster of the Missouri volunteers, of a special force authorized by the President. (See order No. 96 of the Adjutant General, U. S. A). He was then commissioned colonel on the governor's staff, and served in that capacity until the close of the war. He was a member of the Commercial Club of St. Louis.

He was married in Stanstead, Canada, September 9, 1845, to Mary Jane Reed, a native of Wells River, Vt.; no children.

FRIEND PERRY FLETCHER, A. B.

Friend P. Fletcher, son of Paris and Anna (Minor) Fletcher, was born in Bridport, Vt., November 4, 1819, and died there January 21, 1875. He entered the University in 1836, and graduated A. B. in 1839. He engaged in mercantile pursuits in his town many years, meeting with success; was also largely engaged in farming and had large interests in the manufacture of iron and lumber at Port Huron and Westport, N. Y. He was a trustee of "N.U.," 1847-51.

He was married four times: first, October 4, 1842, to Frances A. Dyer of Middlebury, who died April 5, 1846. He was married the second time, August 17, 1847, to Ann Thomes of Crown Point, N. Y., who died May 7, 1855. He was again married October 9, 1856, to Emma E. Gifford of New Haven, who died December 13, 1858. He was married the last time, March 15, 1862, to Lottie A. Bussell of Middlebury.

JAMES ASHTON HALL, A. M.

James A. Hall, son of James Whorrall and Anna (Sawyer) Hall, was born in Reading, Vt., February 18, 1816, and died, unmarried, in Cavendish, Vt., January 27, 1845.

He prepared for college at the Cavendish (Vt.) and Chester (Vt.) Academies, and the Unity Scientific and Military Academy, Unity, N. H. He entered the University in 1836, graduating A. B. in 1839; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1842.

He was principal of the Unity Scientific and Military Academy, 1841-42. He studied law with Judge Fletcher Dutton in Cavendish, Vt., 1842-43, and during this time performed the duties of recorder in the probate office, Windsor District, at Cavendish; was admitted to the Windsor County bar in December, 1843, but never practiced his profession; practiced land surveying for some time in connection with his other work. He was a fine student and gave promise of a brilliant career.

SUMNER AFRICUS HOWARD, A. B.

Sumner A. Howard, son of Nathan and Martha (Brown) Howard, was born in Marlow, N. H., July 30, 1814, and died in Danvers, Mass., January 5, 1891.

At an early age, his parents removed to Charlestown, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1836, and graduated A. B. in 1839. He taught school in North Charlestown, N. H., 1839-44. He removed to Danvers, Mass., in 1844 and engaged in the shoe business. He was town

clerk from 1857 until 1886; served for a number of years on the school board; was librarian of the Danvers Public Library, 1867-1883. He was an active member of the Danvers Unitarian Church.

He was married, December 21, 1845, to Nancy Louise Converse of North Charlestown, N. H., who died February 12, 1875. They had no children, but an adopted daughter, Lizzie M., born December 16, 1856, now Mrs. Horace W. Howard, survives them and resides in Danvers, Mass.

WALTER BRADLEY HURLBUT, A. M.

Walter B. Hurlbut, son of Ashbel and Elizabeth (Stevens) Hurlbut, and brother of Lucius Hurlbut, '40, was born in Pawlet, Vt., October 26, 1818, and died in Granville, N. Y., June 8, 1849.

He entered the University in 1835, and graduated A. B. in 1839; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1843. He taught school in Western New York for several years and in 1848 located in Granville, N. Y., where he made his home until his death.

REV. WILLIAM LIVINGSTON, A. B.

William Livingston, son of James and Hannah (Clifford) Livingston, was born in Unity, N. H., October 12, 1815, and died in Galesburg, Ill., December 29, 1879. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1836, and graduated, B. S. in 1839.

He taught school for some time and studied for the Universalist ministry; was ordained in 1844 and preached in various towns in Vermont. He was pastor of the West Concord, Vt. church in 1854, when he was tendered the professorship of Mathematics at the Lombard University, Galesburg, Ill. He accepted the position and in the fall of that year, he removed to Galesburg. In 1872, he was chosen provisional president. Soon after, his health began to decline, and in 1875, was appointed financial agent. He was an earnest, bold and energetic worker, as was well shown all through his connection with Lombard University. He was especially distinguished for his unwavering, firm and honest disposition. He met with marked success in his work. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. fraternity.



Rev. William Livingston.

He was twice married: first, in 1845, to Eliza Pierce, who died in 1855. He was again married, in 1858, to Lucinda Stillman, a native of New York. Three children were born to them: Henry Stillman, died in 1895; William Hawley, resides in Kansas City, Mo.; Emma Jane, married Mr. Alva T. Wing, resides in Springfield, Mo.

THOMPSON LINCOLN, A. B., M. D.

Thompson Lincoln was born in Cornish, Me., April 30, 1819, and died there, October 4, 1881.

He prepared for college at the Limerick, and the Bridgton (Maine) Academies and entered the University in 1837, graduating A. B. in 1839. His name, while a cadet,^s was Joshua Thompson, but soon after graduating, he received authority from the State Legislature to drop the first name, Joshua. After leaving the University, he read law with C. R. Ayer of Cornish, and was admitted to the bar at Alfred, Me., in the spring of 1844. He afterwards studied medicine and was the inventor of numerous well known remedies.

He was married March 2, 1841, to Hannah Farwell Jenett Clark who died about 1900. Four children were born to them: Laura Farwell, born March 18, 1845, married John F. Rand, resides in Everett, Mass.; Fannie Clark, born March 18, 1849, resides in Cornish, Maine.; Martha, born October 31, 1853, died in infancy; Benjamin, born in Sept., 1860, resides in Boston, Mass.

LIEUT. COL. SAMUEL MARSH, A. B., M. D.

Samuel Marsh, son of Otis and Julia (Ransom) Marsh, and nephew of Col. T. B. Ransom, '25, was born in Hartland, Vt., March 11, 1819, and died, July 4, 1862, of wounds received in battle. He prepared for college in the schools of Woodstock, Vt., and entered the University in 1835, graduating A.B. in 1839.

He located in Ohio in 1839, where he studied medicine for some time. He then returned to Vermont and graduated M. D. from the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock in 1842. He then located in Potsdam, N. Y., where he made his home until his death. He practiced his profession several years, when he accepted the instructorship of Mathematics in the St. Lawrence Academy, Potsdam, N. Y. After teaching in this Academy a few years, he resumed the practice of medicine, which he continued until his death.

In the spring of 1861, at the earnest entreaty of the officers of the 16th New York Volunteers, he accepted the lieutenant colonelcy of that regiment; was soon offered the full command, but refused. He was with his regiment at the battle of Bull Run in 1861, where this regiment



Lieut. Col. Samuel Marsh.

was one of the few to return to camp in perfect order. He was in command of his regiment in the terrible battle before Richmond, June 27, 1862, where he distinguished himself for his bravery, but here his gallant career was cut short as he received a fatal wound in the neck, injuring the spinal cord and paralyzing his limbs. He lived one week and died on the hospital steamer,

S. R. Spaulding, on the James River July 4, 1862. His body was carried to Potsdam, for interment, where imposing ceremonies were held. The citizens of Potsdam erected a monument in his memory in Bay Side Cemetery, and the G. A. R. Post in that city was named for him. He was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He was married, March 5, 1846, to Hannah Spencer Ayers, who died April 13, 1886. Five children were born to them: George Ransom, born April 29, 1848, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Truman Henry, born May 25, 1852, resides in Milwaukee, Wis.; William Dixon, born August 2, 1854, now Methodist Episcopal clergyman, resides at Little Falls, N. Y.; Franklin Mason, born June 19, 1857, died March 15, 1858; Frederick Latimer, born June 19, 1857, died April 19, 1874.

COL. ASA CROSBY MARVIN, A. B.

Asa C. Marvin, son of William and Mercy (Crosby) Marvin, was born in Alstead, N. H., Sept. 26, 1811 and died in Sedalia, Mo., December 10, 1872. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1836, and graduated A. B. in 1839.

He taught school in Pennsylvania, 1839-40; taught a military school (q. v.) in Arrow Rock, Saline Co., Mo., for some time. He located in Clinton, Henry County, Mo., about 1842, and was admitted to the bar. He had previously studied law in New Hampshire and Pennsylvania. He at once met with success in his profession and soon became the leading attorney of the county.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; was elected representative from Henry County, to the Legislature in 1846 and 1852. He was U. S. register of lands, Warsaw, Mo., 1853-55; Clinton, 1855-57. In February, 1861, he was elected a delegate by the State Legislature to consider the existing relations of the general government to the several states. He was recognized as one of the most thoughtful, patriotic and far seeing members of that historic convention. He was elected State senator in 1862 and served until 1865, also served as president *pro tem* of the body.

During 1862-64, his brother, Levi C. Marvin was speaker of the House, thus the two legislative bodies of the State were presided over by brothers. Owing to the political disturbances, incident to the Civil War, he acted for some time as Governor of the State. He was author of the term, *Judicious Emancipation*, which was a current expression during the later discussion of the slavery agitation. The history of Henry County, states "He was a clear headed, safe and prudent law maker, and possessed more than ordinary statesmanship."

He took an active interest in military matters; was appointed a major in the State Militia in 1841. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he took an important part in organizing and drilling the State troops; was commissioned lieutenant and battalion adjutant, 7th Missouri Cavalry, May 1, 1862; was mustered out July 29, 1862; was commissioned colonel of the 60th Regiment, enrolled militia, October 13, 1862; mustered out March 12, 1865. This organization composed largely of men past the meridian of life, was designed for the purpose of protecting the State against invasion by the Confederates, was often called upon to do severe service. He was connected with many business enterprises; organized in 1868 the Tebo and Neosho R. R., now the M. K. & T. R. R., serving as its first president.

He was survived by three children.

SAMUEL NICHOLS, M. C. E., M. D.

Samuel Nichols, son of Thomas Jr., and Prudence (Thompson) Nichols was born in Walpole, (Drewsville) N. H., October 25, 1812, and died in Bellows Falls, Vt., July 8, 1887. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1836, graduating M. C. E. in 1839.

He was principal of the Harrisburg (Pa.) High School, 1839-43, and during this time studied medicine with Dr. Ortt graduated M. D. from Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Vt., in 1844. He practiced his profession in Bellows Falls, Vt., from 1847 until 1877, when he retired from active practice. He also engaged in the drug business for some years, being at first associated with Jonathan Brockway, 1847-52. He was a Democrat in politics; was postmaster of Bellows Falls, September 15, 1851-53. He was interested in the public library and for some years the books were kept in his drug store. We quote from the History of Rockingham: "He was pre-eminently the family doctor, thoroughly devoted to his profession, much loved for his kindness of heart."

He was married January 24, 1872, to Sophina C. Smith of Unity, N. H., who died August 9, 1905. Seven children were born to them: Emma Medora, born May 23, 1850, resides in Bellows Falls, Vt.; Ella Minora, born May 23, 1850, resides in Bellows Falls, Vt.; Sarah Adelaide, born November 27, 1851, died 1854; Jennie Sophia, born February 10, 1853, died February 25, 1853; Carrie Edna, born in 1854, died September 24, 1854; Hattie Louise, born in 1856, died July 14, 1856; William Henry, born April 30, 1858, resides in Bellows Falls, Vt.

BRIG. GEN. JONATHAN TARBELL, A. B.

Jonathan Tarbell was born in Moriah, N. Y., in 1820, and died in Washington, D. C., March 14, 1888.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1836, graduating A. B. in 1839. He studied law in Port Henry, N. Y., during 1839-42, and was admitted to the bar at Rochester, N. Y., in the latter year; but instead of practicing his profession, he entered upon an editorial career. He published the *Northern Standard*, in Keeseville, N. Y., 1842-57, and the *Oswego Times*, at Oswego, Orange County N. Y., 1857-1861.

He was much interested in military affairs; was adjutant of the 9th Regiment New York Militia, Ticonderoga, 1839-40; colonel, 1840-42; was assistant adjutant general of the state of New York under Governor Myron H. Clark. On the



Brig. Gen. Jonathan Tarbell.

breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State and performed valuable work in drilling and instructing the volunteers. He was commissioned major of the 24th New York Volunteers, May 17, 1861; was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the 91st New York Volunteers, December 26, 1861; colonel, February 11, 1865, and brigadier-general, March 13, the same year; was mustered out of service, July 3, 1865. He was a brave and efficient officer, and was only absent from his command once, when he was detached as a witness before a court-martial in New Orleans. He took an active part in the following battles: Port Hudson, La., Bailey's Cross Roads, Va., Ball's Cross Roads, Va., Falls Church, Va., Key West, Fla., Pensacola, Fla., Cox Plantation, La., Brashear City, La., Fort Jackson, La., Fort McHenry, Md., Fort Federal Hill, Md., Petersburg, Va., Gravelly Run, Va., Five Forks, Va., Jetersville Station, Va., Appomattox Court House, Va., Lee's Surrender (April 9, 1865.)

In 1865, he purchased a plantation in Mississippi which he conducted until 1880, when he removed to Washington, D. C., where he made his home until his death. He was a Republican in politics; served on the commission to ascertain the boundary line between New York and Canada, 1856-57; served on reconstruction duty in Mississippi; was chief justice of the Supreme Court of Mississippi, 1865-80; deputy first comptroller of the United States Treasury, 1880-85. He practiced law before the Departments, 1885-88 making a specialty of patent and pension claims. He was survived by a widow.

YOUNGS VAIL WOOD, A. B.

Youngs V. Wood, son of Amos and Eunice (Vail) Wood, was born in Pomfret, Vt., July 19, 1819, and died of consumption, July 19, 1865. He prepared for college at the Preparatory Department of the University, 1835-36, and entered the regular work of the University in 1837, graduating A. B. in 1839.

He located in Dayton, Ohio, in 1840; taught school in 1840-42, and during this time studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1842, practiced his profession in Dayton until his death. He was a Whig in politics; served as clerk in the county recorder's office; was first probate judge of Montgomery County; was prosecuting attorney, same county, 1863-65.

He achieved great success in his profession, and was highly esteemed by the citizens of his city and county. The County Bar Association passed glowing tributes as to his ability as a lawyer and his worth as a citizen. We quote: "Our brother has gone in the prime of life and in the midst of a useful career. He was a man of great talent and ability, discharging his duties with great integrity. * * * * He was a true man in all the relations of life, public and private and was loyal to his country and his God." He was a member of the Presbyterian church, of Dayton, Ohio.

He was married in 1846, to Julia A. Elliott Magie of Elizabeth, N. J., who died in 1888. Three children were born to them: Joanna C., married Jarvis Adams, died in 1872; Henrietta Elliott, married Oscar P. Applin, died in 1882; Emma E., married John W. McGeary, resides in Burlington, Vt.

MAJ. CHAUNCEY WRIGHT, A. B., M. C. E.

Chauncey Wright, son of Joseph and Martha (Camp) Wright, was born in the Wright Settlement, Rome, N. Y., April 18, 1818, and died unmarried, in Lexington, Miss., January 20, 1895. He prepared for college in the classical

school of Mr. Grosvenor in Rome village. He entered the University in 1836, and graduated A. B. and M. C. E. in 1839.

He engaged in engineering during 1839-42, and in the mercantile business 1842-45; engaged in lake and canal transportation from New York to the West at Oswego, N. Y., 1845-52. In 1852, he went to the gold fields of Australia, returning in 1854, *via* England, to New Orleans, and thence to Chicago, Ill.

He engaged in banking in Chicago, Ill., from 1854 until 1856, when he returned to Oswego and became associated with Thomas E. Mott, in the grain business. In 1865, he returned to Chicago and continued in the grain business until 1876; was a member of the Chicago Board of Trade. In 1876, he removed to Rockport, N. D., and engaged in cattle raising until 1893, when owing to failing health he located in Lexington, Miss., where he remained until his death. He took great interest in the State Militia, and served as *aide-de-camp* in the 48th New York Infantry, 1846-52; was major and brigade-inspector of the 22d Regiment in 1852.



Maj. Chauncey Wright.

NON-GRADUATES, 1839

HON. HENRY BAXTER, M. D.

Henry Baxter was born in Norwich, Vt., April 15, 1821, and died in Highgate, Vt., September 27, 1897.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1835; remaining three years. He graduated M. D. from the Castleton (Vt.) Medical College in 1841; and in 1842, located in Highgate, Vt., where he practiced his profession until his death.

He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices; represented his town in the House of Representatives in 1857, 1870 and 1881; served as State senator from Franklin County.

HIRAM MORRILL COUCH, M. D.

Hiram M. Couch, son of Samuel Couch, was born in Salisbury, N. H., February 16, 1818, and died December 22, 1862. He prepared for college at the Salisbury Academy and entered the University in 1837, and remained two years. He was principal of schools in Georgetown, Mass., 1840-42.

He studied medicine with Dr. Herbert and Dr. Robinson of Salisbury and Dr. Timothy Haines of Concord; graduated M. D. from the Dartmouth Medical College in 1847. He practiced his profession in Georgetown, Mass., from 1847 until his death.

He was married December 13, 1848, to Mahabea Tilton of Sanbornton, N. H. Two children were born to them.

HON. ISAAC NEWTON CUSHMAN, A. M.

Isaac N. Cushman, son of Hon. Isaac Newton and Charlotte (Hayden) Cushman, was born in Woodstock, Vt., March 21, 1821, and died in Irasburg, Vt., September 29, 1881.

He attended the schools of his town, the Academy in Ludlow, Vt., and entered the University in 1836, remaining until June 1838, when he received an appointment to the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. He remained at West Point until July 1840, when he resigned his appointment to return home to look after his father's business affairs, which demanded immediate attention. He worked on the home farm during 1840-41, and taught school in Hartland, in the winter of 1841-42, spending all his spare time in studying law in his father's office.

He went to Milwaukee, Wis., in October, 1842, where he taught a select school; also engaged in land surveying, same city, until October, 1843, when he was called home by his father's death. He purchased the home farm and undertook to pay off the mortgage, but in 1845, finding it impracticable to do this, began the study of law with the Hon. Timothy P. Redfield, in Irasburg, Vt.; [was admitted to the bar in 1847; practiced his profession in Glover, 1847-49; removed to Irasburg in December, 1849 where he resided until his death; was cashier of the Bank of Orleans, Irasburg, 1853-61.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; was town clerk of Glover, 1848-49; represented Glover in the House of Representatives in 1849; was judge of probate, Orleans district, 1849-54, 1880-81; was county auditor for several years, State senator, 1878-79; county clerk and treasurer, 1861-81.

He was a man of scholarly tastes and was highly respected by the people of his county; was an able mathematician, and occasionally practiced land surveying in his county; received the degree of A. M. from the University of Vermont in 1852. He was a charter member of Central Lodge, F. and A. M. of Irasburg, serving as Master for some time.

He was married May 13, 1854, to Sarah Geddes of Irasburg, who died September 2, 1898. Two children were born to them: Henry Bates, born December 29, 1855, resides in Newport, Vt., and John Geddes, born November 17, 1859, resides in Fargo, N. D.

HON. MITCHELL MOSES DAVIS, M. D.

Mitchell M. Davis was born in Sharon, Vt., August 27, 1820, and died in Baraboo, Wis., May 1, 1888.

In 1830, his parents removed to Tunbridge, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1836, remaining three years. He studied medicine for some time at the Dartmouth Medical College, and graduated M. D. from the Vermont Medical College in Woodstock, in June, 1846.

He practiced his profession in Norwich, Vt., from 1846 until 1854, when he removed to Janesville, Wis., and continued his practice for a few months, and later, for a brief time, in Baraboo, Wis. He located in Portage, Wis., in 1855, and practiced his profession until 1862; was resident trustee of the property donated by Congress to the Fox and Wisconsin River Improvement Co., 1862-72, making his residence in Appleton, Wis. Determining to resume the active duties of his profession and to make up for the time spent outside of his medical work, he took a thorough course at the Chicago Medical College, during 1870-72, and in this latter year, he resumed the practice of his profession in Baraboo, where he made his home until his death.

He was a Republican in politics and held many positions of trust. He took a prominent part in the anti-slavery agitation and served in the Vermont convention which nominated John P. Hale for the Presidency; was a delegate, in 1855, to the National Convention which nominated General Fremont to the Presidency, and Abraham Lincoln in 1860; represented Portage in the House of Representatives, 1855-57; served as State senator, 1857-60, serving as president *pro tem* of that body; was appointed by President Lincoln, in 1861; Indian agent for the Menominee and other Indians, living in the vicinity of Green Bay, and served until 1866; was a regent of the State University at Madison, 1856-70; trustee of Lawrence University, Appleton, 1863-70; trustee of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Mendota for several years.

He was married in 1848, to Eunice Emerson Dana, sister of S. E. Dana, '50, of Warren, Vt. Five children were born to them: Susan Dana, married George A. Follansbee, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Henry Chandler, born September 11, 1849, resides in New York City; William Mitchell, born in 1854, resides in Chickeo, Alaska; John Potter, born in 1857, died in infancy; Eva Dana, born in 1863, died unmarried, in 1882.

HANNIBAL HODGES FINNEY.

Hannibal H. Finney, son of Col. Levi and Orpha(Clark)Finney, was born in Shrewsbury, Vt., November 8, 1816, and died in Rockdale, Crawford County Pa., April 20, 1893.

He entered the University in 1835, remaining three years. He located in Meadville, Pa., in 1850 and Rockdale, Pa., in 1852, where he made his home until his death. He owned a large tract of timber land and engaged in farming and lumbering many years. He also engaged extensively in surveying town and county lines and in general engineering. He was a Republican in politics; served as justice of the peace for many years.

He was married January 9, 1845, to Mary Louise Willoughby, a native of Shrewsbury, Vt., who now resides in Mill Village, Erie Co., Pa. Ten children were born to them: John, born April 11, 1846, died August 25, 1907; Frank Clark, born February 6, 1848, resides in Cleveland, Ohio; Charley, born February 4, 1850, died June 8, 1857; Darwin Ashel, born February 10, 1852, resides in Cambridge Springs, Pa.; Fred Meech, born June 21, 1854, resides in Cambridge Springs, Pa.; Hannibal Hodges, Jr., born December 11, 1856, resides in Meadville, Pa.; Willoughby, born August 26, 1859, resides in Cambridge Springs, Pa.; Marion Elizabeth, born June 15, 1862, married V. P. Canfield, resides in Millvillage, Pa.; George Levi, born April 2, 1865, resides in Cambridge Springs, Pa.; Cassius Lowe, born December 10, 1870, resides in Canton, Ohio.

HON. GILMAN FOLSOM.

Gilman Folsom, son of Winthrop and Mary (Noyes) Folsom, was born in Dorchester, N. H., April 7, 1818, and died in Iowa City, Ia., July 15, 1872. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1836, remaining nearly three years.

He studied law with Hon. Josiah J. Quincy, and was admitted to the bar at Haverhill, N. H., in 1841. He located in Iowa City, Ia., the same year, where he practiced his profession until his death. He soon became the leading lawyer of Iowa. The Hon. James B. Edmunds of Washington, D. C., in a letter to the Hon. John P. Irish of San Francisco, thus speaks of Mr. Folsom: "By the way, I notice you speak of Mr. Folsom as having successors at the Iowa Bar. Much lenity should be shown toward kind impulses which you exhibit for friends that have gone or are present, but comptrollers, like the gods, cannot change the past. In the full sense of the word, Mr. Folsom had no successors at that bar. His proper arena was the bar of some large city, or, having gone West he should, like Benton and Douglas, have been sent to the U. S. Senate, where he would have honored his State. It is no disrespect for our friends who have passed on, or for the living you have named, or to their conspicuous merits, to say that they were not born giants. Mr. Folsom was."

He was a Democrat in politics and held several offices; served in the House of Representatives, 1848-51. He took an active part in the framing of the first code of Iowa. His part in the work as an able lawyer has made a lasting impression upon the institution of the State. He served as receiver of the U. S. land office at Iowa City, 1853-57.

He was an able scholar. His training was comprehensive. Every form of knowledge, from the law and allied sciences, to art, naval architecture, and the principles underlying economics and finance, was in his possession and part of his impressive intellectual equipment. His grasp of tactics and the art of war, and his knowledge of the campaigns of the great captains was complete.

He was married August 31, 1843, to Emily Arthur, a native of Cleveland, Ohio. Three children were born to them: Mary A., resides in Iowa City; Arthur; George J., resides in Iowa City.

JOHN C. HARRIS.

John C. Harris was born in Brattleboro, Vt., about 1822. At an early age, he went to live with an uncle, Howard Harris, in Wallingford, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1836, and remained two years. He then engaged in business with his uncle in Wallingford until 1849, when he went to the California gold fields, where he is supposed to have died as he was never heard from.

He was married, in 1844, to Mary Ann Glynn of Wallingford, who died December 16, 1860. Two children were born to them: Alfred, born in 1845; Ellen Maria, born in 1848, died October 11, 1860.

EDWARD MORTON LEWIS.

E. Morton Lewis, son of Dr. Lyman and Polly (Stiles) Lewis, and cousin of William E. Lewis, '30, was born in Norwich, Vt., in 1819, and died there, April 21, 1887. He entered the University in 1835, remaining three years. He engaged in mercantile business in Norwich for some years, and later was station agent for the Boston & Maine R. R. at Norwich.

He was married in 1844, to Louisa Tilden of Norwich. Five children were born to them: Lyman, chief of police in Chicago (retired), resides in Chicago, Ill.; George, died in 1908; Ransom Tilden, resides in Norwich, Vt.; Louisa; Edward, resides in Norwich, Vt.

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM NELSON.

William Nelson was born in Maysville, Mason Co., Ky., in 1825. He entered the University in 1837, remaining two years. He was commissioned a midshipman U. S. N., January 28, 1840, and passed midshipman, July 11, 1846. He served during the Mexican War in the blockading fleet and was conspicuous for his work in commanding a battery at the siege of Vera Cruz. He served during 1848-54, in the Mediterranean Squadron; was promoted master, September 19, 1854, and lieutenant, April 18, 1855. During 1858, he commanded the *Niagara*, and returned the slaves to Africa which were taken by the slaver, *Echo*.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was serving on ordnance duty in Washington, D. C.; and on July 18, 1861, he was given command of the gun boats patrolling the Ohio River. Desirous of having more active duty, he changed from the Navy to the Army and on September 18, 1861, was commissioned brigadier-general of volunteers. He organized a military camp near Garrondsville, and another at Washington, Ky. He took a conspicuous part in the many engagements in Eastern Kentucky and was active in raising and organizing regiments for the war. He commanded the 2d division of Gen. Don Carlos Buell's army, when it joined General Grant at the battle of Shilo. He was severely wounded in the engagement at Richmond, Ky., August 29, 1862. He was in command of the Union forces in Louisville, Ky., when General Bragg threatened the city. He was promoted major general of volunteers, July 17, 1862. On September 29, 1862, he was fatally shot in an affray at the Galt House in Louisville, Ky.

CHARLES HENRY SARGENT.

Charles H. Sargent, son of Levi and Rosamond B. (Harris) Sargent, was born in Cleveland, Ohio in 1819; and died in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1891.

He attended the schools of his city, also an academy in New Hampshire and entered the University in 1836, remaining two years. He returned to Cleveland, Ohio, where he engaged in business for some years; later removed to Cincinnati. He was, for many years a large stock holder and officer of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*.

JOHN HARRIS SARGENT.

John H. Sargent, son of Levi and Rosamond B. (Harris) Sargent, was born in Carthage, N. Y., March 7, 1811, and died in Cleveland, Ohio, October 20, 1893.

In 1817, his parents removed to Monroe, Mich., and in 1818, to Cleveland. In 1823, he went to live with his grandparents in New Hampshire and prepared for college in the schools of that State. In 1836, he entered the University remaining two years.

He then returned to Ohio, where he became prominent as a civil engineer. He was prominent in advocating the construction of railroads in his State; was

resident engineer during 1840 and 1841 on the construction of the Old Ohio Railroad, which was being built on piles, between Cleveland and Manhattan. He advocated the construction of a railroad from Cleveland to Columbus and Cincinnati, making a map of the route. He located this road and was engineer



John Harris Sargent.

in charge of constructing the portions from Cleveland to Wellington, in 1849; was engineer in charge of constructing the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana R. R., and its branch lines, 1849-55, from Toledo, Ohio, to Chicago, Ill. In 1855, he returned to Cleveland and in 1857 was elected city engineer, which position he held two years; was appointed sewerage engineer of the city in 1863, and during 1864 and 1865 served as city engineer; was a member of the Waterworks Board in 1869.

He engaged in the real estate and insurance business in Cleveland, 1866-93. He was interested in various business enterprises; assisted in organizing the People's Saving Bank of Cleveland, in 1871.

He was a man of excellent practical judgment and scientific acquirements. He was a member of the

Early Settlers Association of Ohio, serving for some time as vice-president; was also an active member of the Western Reserve Historical Society, serving for some time as a trustee; was a member and contributor to the Civil Engineers Club of Cleveland.

He was married June 6, 1857, to Mrs. Julia A. Hall, who died April 18, 1907.

ALLEN BURNHAM SLACK.

Allen B. Slack, son of Jesse and Betsey (Burnham) Slack and brother of Charles Slack, '38, was born in Windsor, Vt., February 5, 1810, and died in San Francisco, Cal., January 2, 1888. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1836, remaining until the spring of 1839, nearly completing the civil engineering course.

He engaged in engineering in Lowell during 1839-40, and was assistant chief engineer on the Erie Canal, with headquarters in Rome, N. Y., 1840-48. In this last year, he became chief engineer of the Illinois Central R. R. in Illinois which position he held until 1853. In October, 1852, the Lyons and Iowa Central R. R., was organized and in January, 1852, Mr. Slack was appointed chief engineer. Preliminary surveys were made from Lyons through Iowa City, Des Moines to Council Bluffs, during May-December the same year. The road was located to Des Moines and the grading practically completed from Lyons to Iowa City, during January-June, 1854, when the work was suspended owing to the dishonesty of the principal promoter. He was city

engineer of Lyons, Iowa, 1855-56, and during this period, the city was resurveyed; was county surveyor of Clinton County, Iowa several terms. In 1880, he removed to San Francisco, Cal., where he resided until his death; was draftsman for the Southern Pacific R. R., 1880-88. He was a member of the First Presbyterian Church and served as elder for some time; was a member of Lyons Lodge F. and A. M. of Lyons, Iowa.

He was twice married: first, in Lowell, Mass., in the spring of 1840, to Louisa Blanchard of New York city who died in summer of 1843. One child was born to them, now deceased. He was again married in May, 1846 in Magnolia, Ill., to Anna Maria Moore, a native of Pittsburg, Pa., who died January 2, 1885. Eighteen children were born to them of whom fourteen died in infancy. Ella Leonora, born January 18, 1852, married H. R. McIntyre; resides in San Francisco, Cal.; Hattie Marie, born August 14, 1857, married J. H.

Wickman of Waterloo, Iowa, died February 1, 1901, in Fair Oaks, Cal.; Charles Allen, born November 5, 1862, resides in San Francisco, Cal.; Iona Elsie, born September 12, 1865, married Harry Russell, resides in San Francisco, Cal.



Allen Burnham Slack.

HON. LEMUEL SHATTUCK.

Lemuel Shattuck, son of Peter and Ruxbey (Whiting) Shattuck, was born in Canaan, N. H., November 7, 1815, and died in Bridgewater, Vt., January 14, 1895.

At an early age, his parents removed to Lebanon, N. H., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparations for college at the Kimball Union Academy, and entered the University in 1835, remaining until 1839. In 1841, he located in Bridgewater, Vermont, where he made his home until his death. He engaged in teaching many years; taught Mathematics and the Natural Sciences at the Green Mountain Liberal Institute in South Woodstock, several years; also in the public schools in Bridgewater. In his later life, he engaged in farming.



Hon. Lemuel Shattuck.

He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices; was superintendent of schools for several years; represented Bridgewater in the House of Representatives in 1888; was State senator in 1894.

He was married March 8, 1840, to Sarah Ann Champion of Hartford, Vt., who died February 12, 1898. Three children were born to them: Helen Maria, born May 4, 1845, resides in Bridgewater, Vt.; Edward Herbert, born July 17, 1852, resides in Bridgewater; Henry Bacon, born November 22, 1857, resides in Chicago, Ill.

HON. WILLIAM MONROE WHIPPLE.

William M. Whipple, son of Capt. William and Judith (Putnam) Whipple, was born in Croydon, N. H., August 9, 1817, and died in Sheffield, Ill., December 15, 1885. He prepared for college at the Canaan, N. H., Academy, and entered the University, in 1836, remaining two years.



Hon. William M. Whipple.

he was taken sick and died at the home of his brother-in-law, B. M. Howard.

He was a Republican in politics; represented Canaan, N. H., in the Legislature; was postmaster of Sheffield, 1865-69; was a delegate to the National Liberal Republican Convention in Cincinnati, May, 1872, which nominated Horace Greely for the Presidency. He was a member of the Unitarian Church.

He was married in Berlin, Vermont, May 1, 1845, to Ednah Rebecca Cummings, who died in Sheffield, Ill., December 23, 1900. One adopted child: Annie L. Dewey Whipple, now Mrs. Anson L. Knox of Sheffield, Ill.

He engaged in mercantile business in Croydon from 1838 until 1840, when he removed to Canaan, N. H., where he engaged in manufacturing and selling machinery, 1840-43 and farming, 1843-55. In this last year, he removed to Chicago, Ill., and in 1857, to Sheffield, Bureau Co., Ill. In 1873, he removed to Princeton, Ill., where he made his home until his death. He engaged in mercantile business in Sheffield until 1869. He was an extensive land owner and from 1869 devoted himself to farming and money loaning. He was a stock holder and director of the Citizens National Bank of Princeton.

He met with marked success in business and acquired a valuable property. He was for years one of the leading men of his town and county in Illinois. He was a good adviser, a faithful friend and loyal citizen. While on a business trip to Sheffield in November 1885,

CLASS OF 1840.

MAJ. SYLVESTER MILLER HEWITT, A. B., M. D.

Sylvester M. Hewitt, son of Joseph Denison and Rebecca (Miller) Hewitt, was born in Pomfret, Vt., August 20, 1819, and died in Cincinnati, Ohio, May 17, 1905.

He attended the schools of the town and the Preparatory department of the University, 1835-37, and entered the Classical department of the University in 1837, graduating A. B. in 1840. He studied medicine with Dr. Benjamin R. Palmer of Woodstock and graduated M. D. from the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Vt., in 1843.

He aided Dr. Palmer in one course of lectures given at the Berkshire Medical College, Pittsfield, Mass., early in 1843. He practiced his profession at Chesterville, 1843-51; Mt. Gilead, 1851-61; Newton, Ohio, 1864, and in Cincinnati, 1872-1905.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Ohio and was commissioned Captain Co. I, 26th Ohio Volunteers, June 5, 1861; was commissioned major, 32d Ohio Volunteers, July 26, 1861. His regiment was captured at Harpers Ferry, Va., September 15, 1862, and paroled and sent to Chicago. He resigned his commission, December 13, 1863; was commissioned, July 5, 1864, surgeon of the 136th Ohio Volunteers and saw much service in the hospitals near Washington, D. C.; was mustered out of service, December 31, 1864.

He took part in the battle of Port Republic McDowell Cross Keys, Maryland Heights, Bolivar Heights, and in several minor engagements. He was a 32° Mason and a member of Syrian Temple, Mystic Shrine, of Cincinnati; Israel Ludlow Post, No. 76, G. A. R. of Ohio, and its commander several years.

He was twice married: first, June 2, 1845, to Catherine Guym Miles of Chesterville, Ohio, who died January 18, 1888. Three children were born to them: Minerva Elizabeth, born June 10, 1846, married Henry H. Vail, resides in New York; Herbert Miller, born December 5, 1847, died in St. Louis, March 8, 1902; Livonia Rose, born March 11, 1850, married Sheart Green, resides at Raymond, Ohio. He was married the second time, July 30, 1890, to Minnie Leota Johnson, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who survives him and resides in Cincinnati, Ohio; no children.



Maj. Sylvester Miller Hewitt.

PROF. LUCIUS HURLBUT, A. M.

Lucius Hurlbut, son of Ashbel and Betsey (Stevens) Hurlbut, and brother of Walter B. Hurlbut '39, was born in Pawlet, Vt., October 13, 1816, and died in Chicago, Ill., November 8, 1893; was buried in Fredonia, N. Y.

He received an academic education and entered the University in 1837, and graduated A. B. in 1840; received the degree of A. M., in 1843.

He was principal of the Norwich (Vt.) Institute, 1840-44; was instructor in Mathematics in the Fredonia (N. Y.) Academy, 1844-68; was school commissioner, same city, 1857-60; was a member of the Normal School Board at Fredonia, 1869-71; was justice of the peace, 1865-69; clerk of the county board of supervisors; took an active part in the organization of the Forest Hill Cemetery, Fredonia, in 1854; was one of its first board of trustees and its first secretary.

He removed to Waterloo, Iowa, in 1871, and engaged in banking with his brother-in-law, Mr. Couch, until 1876, when he removed to Chicago, where he made his home until his death. He was district assessor, Chicago, several years. He



Prof. Lucius Hurlbut.

was a fine scholar, especially in mathematics; was a *born teacher* and met with great success in his profession.

He was married, February 12, 1850 to Candace Brigham Couch of Westfield, N. Y., who died March 29, 1907 in Fredonia. One child was born, who died in infancy.

ALVIN ROUNDY, A. B.

Alvin Roundy, son of James and Rebecca (Smith) Roundy, was born in Goshen, N. H., December 10, 1819, and died in Unity, N. H., September 13, 1876. At an early age, his parents removed to Unity, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1837, and graduated A. B., in 1840. He was principal of schools in Essex, Mass., Claremont, N. H.; and Unity, N. H. In 1870, he gave up teaching and engaged in farming until his death.

He was married February 28, 1842, to Harriet Ladd of Unity, N. H., who died, March 22, 1898. Three children were born to them: Flora Gertrude, born January 16, 1851, died, February 2, 1852; Flora Gertrude, born May 20, 1855, died September 2, 1863; Carrie Bell, born March 5, 1859, died September 15, 1861.

PROF. JOSEPH WENTWORTH SHEDD, A. B.

Joseph W. Shedd, son of John and Lydia (Farnsworth) Shedd, and cousin of General Warren Shedd, '39, was born in Washington, N. H., August 4, 1817, and died at Fonica, Ill., September 11, 1886. He prepared for college at the Unity (N. H.) Scientific & Military Academy, 1834-37, and entered the University in 1837, graduating A. B. in 1840.

He taught school in Hanover N. H.; Jersey Shore, N. J.; Harrisburg, Pa.; Tennessee, Iowa, Fonica, LaSalle County, Ill. After nineteen years of consecutive labor as a teacher, failing health compelled him, in 1859, to seek out-of-door occupation.

He engaged in farming in LaSalle County, Ill., from 1859 until 1865, when he removed to Forrest, Livingstone County, Ill., where he made his home until his death. Besides a wonderful memory, he possessed in rare degree the happy faculty of imparting his knowledge to others; and his early education, increased by much reading, was aided and ripened by his wide experience, largely in private schools. "His life was honest and upright in the highest degree and his example and teachings such as would elevate all with whom he came in contact."

He was married September 19, 1849, to Sarah Jenkes, daughter of Livingston and Sallie (Buffington) Jenks of Warren, Pa. She died, October 5, 1898. Two children were born to them: Livingston Jenks, born April 16, 1853, died April 2, 1855; Emily, born March 26, 1861, graduated from the Hahneman Medical College, now a physician in Breham, Tex.

COL. SIMEON WHEELER, A. B., LL. B.

Simeon Wheeler, son of Simeon and Lucy (Putnam) Wheeler, was born in Newport, N. H., August 30, 1815, and died in Demopolis, Ala., in February, 1864. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1837, graduating A. B. in 1840, with the highest honors of his class; was distinguished at the University for his scholarship, oratorical and athletic ability.

Previous to his entering the University, he had taught several terms of school, meeting with success and soon after graduation was selected by Captain Partridge to teach in his Portsmouth (Va.) Military Academy. After teaching there a few years, he entered the University of Virginia Law School and graduated with high rank. He practiced his profession in Portsmouth, Va., 1854, when he removed to Demopolis, Ala., to look after the extensive property owned by his wife in that town and vicinity.

He took an active interest in politics; represented Portsmouth in the State Legislature. He was much interested in military matters; served as colonel in the New Hampshire militia.

He was married in 1851 to Mrs. Anna Cooke of Portsmouth, Va., who died about 1880; no children.

NON-GRADUATES, 1840.

 NAPOLEON BONAPARTE ATKINSON.

Napoleon B. Atkinson, son of Daniel C. and Mahala (Tilton) Atkinson, and cousin of Charles E. Tilton, '48, was born in Sanborton, N. H., April 14, 1819, and died in Athens, Ga., about 1900.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1837, remaining two years. He engaged in general mercantile business in Sanborton, from 1840 until 1850, when he removed to Athens, Ga. Here he made his home until his death. He engaged in the drug business in Athens many years.

He was married in 1842, to Zapherine D. Robinson of Boston, Mass., who survives him and resides in Athens, Ga.

CHARLES SOUTHWORTH BALL.

Charles S. Ball, son of Daniel and Laura Ann (Southworth) Ball, was born in Pittsford, Vt., January 12, 1822, and died unmarried, in Sandy Hill, N. Y., December 27, 1841.

At an early age, his parents removed to Sandy Hill, N. Y., where he attended the public schools. He entered the Preparatory Department of the University in 1835, and remained until 1836, when owing to ill health, he was forced to give up his course. In 1837, while engaged in fencing in Sandy Hill, with one of the "N. U." men who was at home on a vacation, he broke a blood vessel in his lung, which nearly caused his death. He never fully recovered from this accident. He had great talent as an artist and a musician. He took lessons for some time on the violin with a Mr. Hill, a noted musician in New York. When Ole Bull, the famous violinist, made his first visit to New York, he called at this school and honored Mr. Ball by playing with him. He complimented Mr. Ball very highly, and predicted for him a brilliant career as a violinist.

NIAL RUSS COLBURN.

Nial R. Colburn, son of David and Rebecca (Russ) Colburn, was born in Hartford, (Quechee) Vt., in 1820, and died in White River Junction, in 1890.

He prepared for college at the White River Junction (Hartford) Academy and in the Preparatory department of the University 1834-36; was a student of the Collegiate department, 1836-37. He taught school for some time, but owing to ill health was forced to follow out-of-doors employment; farmed in Hartland and Hartford, Vt., and in 1880, removed to White River Junction, where he resided until his death. He was a fine student and contributed many articles to the local papers.

He was married in 1838, to Sophia Sarah Lamphere, of Hartland, Vt., who survives him and resides in White River Junction. Ten children were born to them: Henry, resides in Boston; Clara Sophia, married Frank Carpenter, died in 1890; Willis, killed on the railroad; Maria S., resides in White River Junction, Vt.; Charles Lewis, resides in Brattleboro, Vt.; Herbert, resides in White River Junction, Vt.; Clement, died in 1900; Wilson, died about 1900; Wilbur, died 1901; one child died in infancy.

WILLIAM CALDWELL BELCHER, A. M.

William C. Belcher, son of Samuel and Anna Gray (Caldwell) Belcher, was born in Stockbridge, Vt., December 12, 1820, and died unmarried, in San Francisco, Cal., September 1, 1895.

He prepared for college at the academies in Royalton and Randolph and entered the University in 1837, remaining three years; graduated A. B. from the University of Vermont in 1843, and received the degree of A. M., in course from that Institution in 1847. He studied medicine, but never practiced the profession.

He was principal of the Bradford (Vt.) Academy, 1844-49; Plattsburg, (N. Y.) Academy, 1849-53; professor of the Natural Sciences "N. U." 1853-54. He studied law during 1851-55 with Judge Eli S. Denson, and was admitted to the bar in 1856. In the same year he located in Marysville, Cal., and formed a partnership with his brother, Judge Isaac S. Belcher, in the practice of his profession, which continued until 1874. He removed to San Francisco in 1874, and became a member of the firm of Mastick, Belcher & Mastick, Attorneys, and continued the practice of his profession until his death. He met with marked success in his profession, and acquired a large property.

"He was wise in council, bold in action and fearless in debate; conscious of the rectitude of his own intentions, he was ever ready to grant to others the same honesty of purpose that he claimed for himself. He was a profound jurist, learned in the science and ethics of the civil law, and by his scholarly attainments, his unflinching integrity and unyielding fidelity to every trust reposed in him, he left the impress of his genius upon the jurisprudence of his State." He founded and endowed the Belcher Library in his native town and made the University of Vermont his residuary legatee. He was a thirty-third degree Mason; was Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of California, 1862-65; chairman of the judiciary committee of the Grand Lodge, 1865-93; and grand commander of the Grand Commandery K. T. of California in 1882. He was an active member of the Native Sons of Vermont Association.



William Caldwell Belcher.

CAPT. JAMES MARTIN GILSON.

James M. Gilson, son of Samuel and Fanny (Pinney) Gilson, was born in Northfield, Vt., October 18, 1818, and died in Leavenworth, Kan., April 21, 1888; was buried in St. Joseph, Mo. At an early age, his parents removed to Stockbridge, Vt., from which town he entered the University in 1836, remaining three years.

He studied law with Hon. Levi B. Vilas, (q. v.) in Chelsea, Vt., and was admitted to the bar in 1841. He practiced his profession in Chelsea, 1841-45, being associated with Mr. Vilas during 1841-43; Cincinnati, Ohio, 1845-48; Central Square, N. Y., near Syracuse, 1848-50. In 1850, he went to California, where he worked in the gold fields for some time. He was assistant engineer with E. B. Kellogg, '45, June-July, 1851, on surveys of Vallejo, Cal. He returned to Central Square early in 1853, and in the fall of the same year, he removed to Knoxville, Ill., and was assistant engineer on construction of the Peoria, Oquawka & Burlington R. R.; 1853-55, division engineer, 1855-57. He then practiced law in Knoxville until 1862.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State of Illinois and was engaged for some time as drill master. He was commissioned captain in the 83d Illinois Volunteers in October, 1862; was especially distinguished for gallantry in the battle of Fort Donelson, February 3, 1863, being severely wounded; was mustered out of service in June, 1865. He removed to Brookfield, Mo., in the fall of 1866, where he practiced his profession until 1882, when he was appointed pension agent. Since that date he spent most of his time in Kansas.

He was married June 21, 1844, to Emily Ayres Waller, of Bethel, Vt., who died in Brookfield, Mo., April 26, 1894. Two children were born to them: Frances Mary, born May 22, 1847, resides in Charlestown, N. H.; Daniel Durell, born February 15, 1850, resides in Brookfield, Mo.

SUMNER KNIGHT.

Sumner Knight, son of Joseph and Roxana (Pitcher) Knight, was born in Stoddard, N. H., April 6, 1818, and died in Keene, N. H., September 26,

1903. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and the Hancock, N. H. and New Ipswich Academy. He entered the University in 1837, remaining nearly three years, not graduating with his class as he was teaching in the Hancock Literary and Scientific Institution and unable to take the final examinations.

He taught school for some years in various towns in New Hampshire, but making his home on the old farm in Stoddard, where he was born. He engaged in farming in Stoddard from 1845 until 1883, when he removed to Keene, N. H., where he made his home until his death. He engaged in land surveying for many years; served six years as county commissioner and for several years as deputy sheriff; was collector of internal revenue, 1861-66. He was a fine scholar, excelling in mathema-



Sumner Knight

tics and was a successful teacher. He was distinguished for his honesty and uprightness of character and filled the various positions he held with marked ability.

He was twice married: first, June 3, 1845, to Martha Phelps of Marlow, N. H., who died January 26, 1855. Three children were born to them: Abbie, born in 1848, died in 1852; Eva, born in 1849, died in 1852; Frank Herbert, born, January 29, 1852, died in Keene, N. H., March 13, 1907. He was again married in April, 1858 to Fannie Emily Whitney of Stoddard, who died July 10, 1887. Three children: Marcus Whitney, born July 7, 1861, now a physician in Milford, Mass.; Florence Sherman, born January 27, 1864, died November 1, 1889; Charles Sumner, born September 16, 1867, died February 22, 1889.

REV. JOSIAH MARVIN.

Josiah Marvin, son of William and Mercy (Crosby) Marvin, was born in Alstead, N. H., May 23, 1819; and died there, September 19, 1887; was buried in Brattleboro, Vt. He prepared for college at the Alstead Academy and entered the University in 1836, remaining three years, nearly completing his course.

He studied for the Universalist ministry during 1842-44, and was ordained in the latter year. He was successively pastor of Universalist churches in Stoneham, Saugus and Fitchburg, Mass., Springfield, Ill., and Springfield, Mass., and the First Church in St. Paul, Minn., February 3, 1867—September, 1869. In the latter year, he was appointed state missionary for Minnesota, by the Minnesota State Universalist Convention, holding this position several years. He then resided in Nashua, N. H., for some time. He returned to St. Paul, Minn., in 1880, where he made his home until 1886. He was an able business man and owned valuable real estate interests in St. Paul and Minneapolis. He was



Rev. Josiah Marvin.

elected chaplain of the Minnesota State senate in 1871, holding the office during several succeeding sessions.

He was a prominent member of the I. O. O. F., holding the various offices in the subordinate lodge; also served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota in 1884-85; and Grand Master in 1885-86. In February, 1886, he was grand representative to the Grand Encampment in Boston, Mass., and while attending the session was taken ill and went to his old home in Alstead, N. H. He rapidly failed and died there in 1887. He was married, in 1845, to Mary Jane Harris of Chesterfield, N. H., who died in St. Paul, Minn., July 14, 1885. Two children were born to them, who died in infancy.

JEREMIAH DEGROFF MERRILL.

Jeremiah D. Merrill, son of John and Sally (Degroff) Merrill, was born in Tunbridge, Vt., December 7, 1815, and died in Merrillville, N. Y., January 13, 1893. In 1830, his parents removed to the Adirondacks, New York, founding the settlement of Merrillville, which still bears the family name. Cadet Merrill attended the schools of Tunbridge and Chelsea and entered the University in 1837, remaining two years.



Jeremiah Degroff Merrill.

He taught school in Vermont several years. He became one of the best known land surveyors in Northern New York. He surveyed great tracts of forest lands in the Adirondack region and laid out public roads through the same. He was also for many years surveyor for the C. F. Norton Lumber Co., of Plattsburg, N. Y. He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices.

He was twice married: first, to Sarah Smith; no children. He was again married, March 14, 1860, to Louisa Washburn of Milton, Vt., who died November 20, 1909. Four children were born to them: Jed Scott, born July 9, 1861, died November 16, 1888; Sarah Louise, born June 8, 1863, married Mr. James Jay FitzGerald, resides in Harriettstown, N. Y.; Elmer Marcellus, born April 20, 1865, resides in Saranac Lake, N. Y.; Ina Adell, born July 27, 1870, resides in Merrillville, N. Y.

FRANKLIN TUCKER.

Franklin Tucker, son of Samuel and Alma (Rice) Tucker, was born in Lebanon, N. H., January 4, 1817, and died there, April 28, 1891.

At an early age, his parents removed to Northfield, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1836, and remained two years, when, on the death of his father, he was obliged to return home and care for the family. He worked the home farm in Northfield until 1853. He then engaged in the mercantile business in Northfield from 1853 until 1872, when he removed to Lebanon, N. H., where he continued in business until 1892.

He was married May 23, 1852, to Esther Maria Durkee of Lebanon, N. H., who died July 8, 1899. They had one child, Etta Marinda, born May 8, 1860, and an adopted son and daughter, Herbert Marion and Lulu M.

CYRUS GARDINER MYRICK.

Cyrus G. Myrick, son of Nathan and Harriet (Russell) Myrick, was born in Middlebury, Vt., April 26, 1817, and died in Lesueur, Minn., January 9, 1904.

He prepared for college at the Middlebury Academy and attended Middlebury College during 1836-37. He entered the University in 1837, and remained

nearly three years, leaving just before commencement to take an engineering position. He studied law and was admitted to the Addison County Bar at Middlebury; practiced his profession in Lesueur, Minn., 1858-64. He engaged in teaching for some years and taught the first school in Lesueur, Minn.

He served while a cadet as a drill master to the "Canadian Rebels" during the Canadian Rebellion, and during this time had many narrow escapes; served in General Scott's Army during the Mexican War; also served in the "Lesueur Tigers" during the Indian outbreak in Minnesota in 1862, taking part in the fierce battle at New Ulm.

He located in Lesueur, Minn., in 1857, where he made his home until his death; served over twenty years as county surveyor and several years

as city engineer of Lesueur. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married, November 20, 1860, to Margaret Christine Kuecheumeister of Lesueur who survives him and resides in that town. Three children were born to them: Emma Adeline, born March 26, 1862, married Herman Winterer, resides in Valley City, N. D.; Florence C., born April 20, 1866, married William Russell, resides in Shelby, Mich.; Harriett Russell, born December 24, 1878, now superintendent of schools, Elkton, South Dakota.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. WARREN SHEDD.

Warren Shedd, son of William and Jemima (Spaulding) Shedd, was born in Stoddard, N. H., February 22, 1821, and died at Tigersville, South Dakota, August 29, 1881; was buried in Rapid City, North Dakota.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1835, and the regular work of the Scientific department in 1836, remaining until 1839.

He removed to Illinois about 1840; was principal of the Rock Island high school for some time. He later removed to Aledo, Mercer County, Ill., where he made his home until 1850. In this year, he went to Clear Creek, Cal. where he engaged in mining until 1856. He was assistant engineer with Gen



Cyrus Gardiner Myrick.

S. M. Preston '45, in 1856 and 1857 on surveys in Iowa. He resided in Warrensburg, Mo., 1866-77; Black Hills, S. Dakota., 1878-79; Slate Creek, near Tigersville, S. Dakota, 1879-81, where he engaged in mining.



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Warren Shedd.

and held several positions; was treasurer of Mercer County Ill., 1858-61; U. S. land agent in Missouri for several years; was deputy clerk of United States Court at Warrensburg, Mo., 1870-77.

He was married July 23, 1858, to Antoinette Kelsey of Sterlingville, N. Y., who survives him and resides in Hill City, S. Dakota. Eight children were born to them: Philip Sheridan, Edward McPherson, Bertie P., Mary Talbert, Ethel Garnet, Mollie Sullivan, Jessie Logan, and Jennie Kelsey.

MAJ.-GEN. SETH WILLIAMS, U. S. A.

Seth Williams, son of the Hon. Daniel and Mary (Sawtelle) Williams, was born in Augusta, Me., March 24, 1822, and died unmarried, in Boston, Mass., March 23, 1866; was buried in Augusta. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1836, remaining until 1838, when he received an appointment to the U. S. Military Academy.

He graduated from West Point, July 1, 1842; was commissioned brevet 2d lieutenant, July 1, 1842, 2d lieutenant 1st U. S. Artillery, August 31, 1844; was assigned to Duncan's Battery and served in Texas; was promoted 1st lieutenant same regiment, March 3, 1847, and served during the Mexican War; was distinguished for bravery at the battles of Palo Alto and Cerro Gordo and at the siege of Vera Cruz; served for some time as military governor of Matmoras; served on the staff of General Patterson, on the march from Vera Cruz to the city of Mexico; was brevetted captain, April 18, 1847, for "gallant and meritorious conduct in the battle of Cerro Gordo, Mexico;" served as adjutant at West Point, 1850-August 16, 1853; was assistant adjutant general with head

quarters in Washington, August 1853-December, 1860; served in same capacity in the department of the West, December, 1860-May, 1861; was commissioned brevet major, May 11, 1861 and major, August 3, 1861; served as adjutant-general on Maj.-Gen. McClellan's staff during the Virginia campaign in 1861; promoted brigadier-general of volunteers, September 23, 1861; served at the department headquarters in Washington, July, 1861-March, 1862, and during this time labored night and day to systematize the work of the department. He was promoted lieutenant-colonel July 17, 1862.

He was adjutant-general of the Army of the Potomac from March, 1862, until November, 1864, serving in the Peninsular and Maryland campaigns with General McClellan; also in the Rappahannock, Pennsylvania and Rapidan campaigns with Generals Burnside, Hooker, and Meade successively. In November, 1864, owing to the severity of his labors and the necessary need of a change of duties, he was appointed inspector general and ordered to Savannah and other places South on a tour of inspection.

He was brevetted colonel, July 3, 1863, for "gallant and meritorious service at the battle of Gettysburg"; brevet brigadier-general, U. S. A., March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious service in the campaign terminating with the surrender of the insurgent army under Robert T. Lee"; major-general U. S. A., March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious service in the field, during the war"; and major-general U. S. Volunteers, August 1, 1864, for "highly meritorious and faithful service in the field on the several campaigns from Gettysburg to Petersburg, Va."

As inspector-general on the staff of General Grant, he accompanied that officer to Appomattox Court House, Va., and witnessed the surrender of General Lee. He continued on the staff of General Grant until February 9, 1866. He then served as adjutant-general of the division of the Atlantic, with headquarters in Philadelphia until March 1, same year, when he was obliged to give up his work and seek medical aid. The disease, an acute inflammation, progressed with fatal rapidity and he died March 23, 1866.

His last active duty was with the commission appointed by the Government to investigate the charges made by the Prussian Government in relation to the enlistment of their subjects in the Union Army. He was one of the ablest officers of the time. He had directly to do with those elements which determine whether an army shall be a mass of men in uniform or an effective army properly supplied and equipped and ready at any moment for action. He held the confidence and admiration of his commanders. Fort Williams, Portland, was named in his memory.



Maj.-Gen. Seta Williams, U. S. A.

CLASS OF 1841.

MAJ. ALVAN EARL BOVAY, A. M.

Alvan E. Bovay, son of John and Elizabeth (Earl) Bovay, was born in Adams, Jefferson Co., N. Y., July 12, 1818, and died in Brooklyn, N. Y. He prepared for college at the Watertown (N.Y.) Academy, and entered the University in 1838, graduating A. B. in 1841; was instructor of Ancient and Modern Languages, 1840-41; was librarian of the University, 1840-41; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1844.

He was principal of schools in Glens Falls, N. Y., 1841-43; Oswego, N. Y., Academy, 1843-44; was professor of languages at Captain Partridge's Military School in Bristol, Pa., 1844-45. He studied law during 1842-45, and was ad-

mitted to the bar in New York and practiced in that State until 1850, when he located in Ripon, Wis., where he made his home until 1890. In this last year, he removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., where he made his home until his death. He continued his practice of law in Ripon for many years. He took an important part in the political affairs of Wisconsin. He was an ardent Whig in politics and the honor of founding the Republican Party belongs to him. As early as 1852, he felt that the end of the Whig party, of which he was a member, was near, and while visiting in New York, expressed his forebodings to Horace Greeley, and stated that a new party would have to be organized. On being asked by Greeley, who thought the Whigs would win, what name should be given to this new party, answered "Republican."



Maj. Alvan Earl Bovay.

Henry Wilson's *Rise and Fall of the Slave Power*, published in 1874 gives an account of the founding of the party, and gives Major Bovay the distinction of having called the first meeting. This meeting was held at his call in the Congregational church in Ripon, Wis., February 28, 1854, and steps were taken to found a new party, and a committee of five, three Whigs, one Democrat, and one Free Soiler was chosen to begin the task of forming a new party. He held many town offices. He represented his district in the legislature in 1859 and 1860; refused a nomination to the senate in the latter year.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Wisconsin. He performed valuable service in drilling and recruiting troops for the service. He was commissioned major of the 19th Wisconsin Infantry,

December 31, 1861; was provost marshal of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., for some time. Owing to ill health, he was forced to resign his commission September 29, 1863. He was an active member of the Episcopal church and the G. A. R.

He was married November 25, 1846, to Elizabeth, daughter of Ransom Smith of New York city. She died March 12, 1890, leaving one child, Mary, who married Rev. Mr. Colt, an Episcopal clergyman.

COL. ANDREW JACKSON DORN, A. B.

Andrew J. Dorn, was born in Florida, N. Y., and died in Austin, Texas, about 1888. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1838, and graduated A. B. in 1841.

He was commandant of the Virginia, Literary, Scientific and Military Academy (q. v.) Portsmouth, Va., 1842-44. He opened a military school in St. Louis, Mo., in 1844. This was the first military school founded west of the Allegheny Mountains. James V. A. Shield, '41, a classmate, soon became associated with him in the school. In 1845, Captain Partridge visited the school and a torchlight procession was given in his honor by the cadets. He delivered his lecture on "Military Education for the Masses," at the city hall, which was listened to by a large audience. The school was very prosperous until the breaking out of the Mexican War, when Colonel Dorn, having been elected a first lieutenant in the Missouri Volunteers, gave the management of the school to Professor Shields. Owing to the unsettled conditions of the times, the school became reduced in numbers and the enterprise was given up in 1846.

He was distinguished at the University for his love of military affairs. He served during 1842-43, as major on the governor's staff of New York. On June 19, 1846, he was commissioned senior first lieutenant in Wrightman's Artillery Company, Clark's battalion Missouri Volunteers. He served with distinction in Mexico and at the battle of Sacramento his horse was shot under him; was mustered out, June 24, 1847. On August 28, 1847, he was commissioned second lieutenant in the "Third Dragoons"; was mustered out of service July 31, 1848.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he removed to Texas and was commissioned a colonel in the Confederate Army and was given command of the SACHEM Indians. He is said to have been promoted a brigadier-general. In 1848, he was appointed Indian agent of the Quopous and other Indians at the Neosha agency in Missouri, which positions he held until the Civil War broke out. In 1865, he located in Bonham, Texas, where he engaged in the mercantile business until 1874, when he removed to Austin, Texas, where he made his home until his death. He was Democrat in politics and held several offices; was state treasurer of Texas for several years; was an officer in the U. S. Senate, 1884-89.

He was married in 1848 to Emily White, daughter of a prominent business man of St. Louis and a native of Virginia. A son Robert was drowned in 1887.

DANIEL H. DUSTIN, A. B.

Daniel H. Dustin was born in 1819, and entered the University from Westworth, N. H., in 1838, graduating A. B., in 1841. He studied law in Boston and practiced in that city and in New York, until 1853, when he was

appointed U. S. district attorney for Minnesota. Mr. T. M. Newson states in his *Pen Pictures of St. Paul, Minnesota and Biographical Sketches of Old Settlers* published in 1886: "Mr. Dustin came to St. Paul in 1853 as U. S. district attorney and occupied a one story wooden building up upper Third St., near Eagle. He was a social gentleman and a lawyer of a good deal of ability. He was in perfect health and attended a Fourth of July celebration, 1854, when in six days after he was dead supposed to have died of cholera."

HON. EPHRAIM FLINT, A. B.

Ephraim Flint, son of Ephraim and Phoebe (Thompson) Flint, was born in Baldwin, Me., March 10, 1819, and died in Dover, Maine, June 17, 1884. He prepared for college at the Westbrook seminary, and at the academies in Parsonfield, Gorham, Bridgeton, and Fryeburg. He entered the University in 1838, and graduated A. B. in 1841.



Hon. Ephraim Flint.

He then studied law with Fessenden & Willis, in Portland, and at the Harvard Law School and was admitted to the bar in 1843. In 1844, he opened a law office in Monson, where he continued to practice until January, 1851, when, having been elected clerk of the county court, he moved to Dover, where he resided until his death. He held this office by subsequent elections until the close of 1862. He was a Republican in politics. In 1863, he served on the commission to locate the two Normal schools. He was secretary of state from 1864 to 1868, and filled the office with marked ability. In 1868, he was transferred to the executive council. In 1869, he was chairman of the commission for the revision of the statutes of the State. The result of his labor is embodied in the Revised Statutes of 1871. He then resumed the practice of law, in

Dover. In 1880, he was representative to the State Legislature from the district composed of Dover, Saugerville, and Parkman, and served on the judiciary committee during the session of 1881. He was a member of the Unitarian church; the Masonic Lodge and Kineo Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Dover.

He was married in June, 1844, to Laura Maria Riley of Norwich, Vt., who survives him and resides in Dover; two children were born to them: Henry Burton, now clerk of the Supreme court of Piscataquis County and resides in Dover; Clara Louise, married Mr. Walter Thomas, resides in Waltham, Mass.

HON. CALEB LYON, LL. D.

Caleb Lyon, son of James Lyon, was born in Creig, N. Y., December 7, 1822, and died at Rossville, Staten Island, N. Y., September 8, 1875.

In 1834, his parents removed to Lyonsdale, N. Y., where he attended the public schools. He entered the Civil Engineering department of the University in September, 1837, and graduated by certificate in 1841. In 1851, the University, in recognition of his political record, conferred upon him the degree of LL. D.

He traveled extensively in Europe during 1841-45, and in this latter year was appointed U. S. Consul at Shanghai, China, which position he held until 1849. He then traveled several months in South America, and located in California in the latter part of 1849. He at once took a prominent part in the affairs of that State; served as secretary of the convention called to frame the State Constitution in Monterey. He is said to have designed the State seal.

In 1850, he traveled in Europe and then returned to Lyonsdale. He was elected a representative to the State Legislature in November, 1850. Owing to a difference of opinion on the question of the enlargement of the Erie Canal of which project he was an advocate, he resigned his seat in 1851, and in the same year was elected a State senator. He then traveled in Europe and Asia until 1853. While visiting in Smyra in 1853, became involved in the Martin Koszta Affair, in which the Austrian Consul arrested Koszta, who had a short time before declared his intentions of becoming a U. S. citizen in New York.

He served as Congressman from his district in New York, December 5, 1853-March 3, 1855, as an "Independent." In 1864, he was appointed governor of Idaho by President Lincoln and held the office until 1866. In 1866, his residence in Lyonsdale was burned, and he moved to Rossville, N. Y., where he made his home until his death. He is said to have served for some time on the staff of General Scott in 1861. He was a fine scholar and a ready orator, whose memory and knowledge of history and statistics made him a formidable antagonist in debate; he is survived by two daughters, who reside in Rossville, N. Y.

LUKE E. MILLER, A. B., M. D.

Luke E. Miller, son of Andrew Miller, was born in Peterboro, N. H., in 1820, and died in Lanesboro, Minn., about 1890. He prepared for college in the school of his town and entered the University in 1838, and graduated A. B. in 1841. He entered the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Vt., in 1841, graduating in 1843; practiced his profession in Troy, N. H., Chatfield and Lanesboro, Minn.

He was a Republican in politics and represented Chatfield in the State Legislature in 1845 and 1846; was State senator in Minnesota, 1862-70; was State agent from Minnesota to look after their sick and wounded soldiers, 1864-66. He was one of the founders of the Minnesota Asylum for the Insane, and a trustee for many years. He was survived by a son, Luke Miller, who resides in Chatfield, Minn.

CAPT. AUGUSTINE LANGDON C. MAJOR, A. B.

Augustine L. C. Major was born on a plantation six miles north of Culpeper Court House, Va., and died at Brandy Station, Va., in 1900. He prepared for college in the schools of his State, and graduated A. B. from the



Capt. Augustine Langdon C. Major.

University in 1841. After leaving the University, he decided to study medicine; but, acting on his father's advice, decided to become a farmer. He owned a large farm near Brandy Station, Va., where he resided until his death.

He took an active interest in the State Militia, and was captain of a company for a number of years. At the breaking out of the Civil War, he was opposed to secession, and did not volunteer his services, although he had several applications to raise a company of troops. In 1864, when the Confederacy passed the law compelling every man capable of military service to enter the army, he joined Company E, "Mosby's Rangers," as a private, and served until the command was disbanded.

At the close of the war, he resumed farming. He met with success in this line of work, and was one of the most highly respected citizens of the county. He was an active member of the Baptist Church for forty-five years, and was county magistrate for a number of years.

He was married in 1849, to Mary Virginia Fickling. Eleven children were born to them.

COL. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN NALLE, M. C. E.

Benjamin F. Nalle, son of Jesse and Anne (Botts) Nalle, was born in Culpeper County, Va., in November, 1818, and died at Rapidan, same county, January 2, 1903. He prepared for college in the schools of his State and entered the University in 1839, graduating M. C. E. in 1841.

He then traveled for a few months in Canada, and returned to Virginia. He intended to follow the life of a civil engineer. At that time there was little demand for engineers, and possessing a fine farm in Culpeper Co., Va., he took to agricultural pursuits. Finding the work congenial, he continued in this vocation until his death. In 1845, he sold his farm and purchased another in Orange County, Va. In 1870, he removed to Rapidan, where he had large agricultural interests. Here he resided until his death.

He took great interests in military matters. In 1845, he was elected captain of a militia company enrolled in Orange County. In 1850, he was elected colonel and served in that capacity until 1861.

In politics he was a Henry Clay Whig, and was opposed in principle to the secession of Virginia from the Union, but, after the State seceded, he took sides with his people in the defence of the Southern Confederacy. He was at Harper's Ferry in command of his regiment on the morning of the 19th of April, 1861, after the armory and arsenal were burned by the Federal guard, and his regiment was thus the first in the field of active service in Virginia. The State Militia was under the control of the governor, who appointed all the officers. A. P. Hill, afterwards lieutenant-general, C. S. A., was appointed to command the regiment which was afterwards known as the Thirteenth Regiment, Virginia Volunteers, and Colonel Nalle was commissioned captain of Company A, and served in that capacity until the reorganization of the army, when the Virginia troops were turned over to the Confederate government. He was then appointed collector of tax in kind, (food supplies) by the Confederate government, and faithfully served in that capacity to the end of the war. He was a member of the Episcopal Church, serving as vestryman and warden over thirty years.

He was married June 5, 1862, to Martha Antrim, of Albemarle Co., Va., who died November 5, 1901. Six children were born to them: Haywood Botts, born June 14, 1863, resides in Leesburg, Va.; Cora Ritchie, born June 14, 1866, married Mr. Ellis Mills, resides in Rapidan, Va.; John Antrim, born June 29, 1868, died January 2, 1869; Margaret Lawson, born July 9, 1875, died August 11, 1876; Benjamin Franklin, born September 13, 1883, died August 6, 1884.

DAVID RICHARDSON, A. M.

David Richardson was born in Bethel, Vt., October 22, 1815, and died in Clinton, Ill., in 1895. In 1825, his parents removed to Woodstock, where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparations for college at the Winsdor Academy under the principalship of Charles B. Adams. He entered the University in 1838, and graduated A. B. August 19, 1841; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1844. He was professor of mathematics at the University, 1841-June 29, 1844.

In the fall of 1844, he located in Woodstock, McHenry Co., Ill., where he resided until 1853. He was principal of the public schools, 1844-49; and conducted a private school during 1849-52; served during 1848-52 as county surveyor of McHenry County; was an assistant engineer on railroads in Illinois, 1853-55. He located in Mill County in 1855, and served as county surveyor until 1857. In 1858, he was awarded the contract for constructing the stone work of the DeWitt County Jail at Clinton, and moved his family to that city, where he resided until his death. He taught in this county many years; was county surveyor, 1859-61, 1865-69, 1875-79, 1886-92. He was a member of the Clinton Lodge, F and A. M.

He was married in August, 1859, to Mrs. Malvina (Briggs) Hampton, a native of Woodstock, Vt., who died April 27, 1899. Seven children were born to them: Frank, Fred, Eva, Melvina, Mona, died in infancy; Locklin S., born November 1, 1869, resides in Clinton, Ill.; Harriet, born December 8, 1864, married and resides in Clinton.

LIEUTENANT JAMES VAN ALLEN SHIELDS, A. B.

James V. A. Shields, the only son of James Walsh and Sarah (Van Allen) Shields, was born in New York City, August 13, 1822, and died in Washington, D. C., March 12, 1903. His mother died in 1826, and he was taken to live in

Newburg, N. Y., where he lived until 1836, when he went to Washington, D. C. He prepared for college at the Brookville (Md.) Academy, and entered the University in the summer of 1839, and graduated A. B. 1841; was assistant in Mathematics in 1840-41.

In the summer of 1843, he went to Maseautah, Ill., and taught school until 1844, when he joined his classmate, Andrew J. Dorn, who had opened a military academy in St. Louis. In 1845, they were visited by Captain Partridge. A torchlight parade was given in his honor by their cadets and he was escorted to the City Hall, where he delivered an address to the citizens on the subject "Military Education for the Masses." He taught school in Alabama, 1845-46, and on the breaking out of the Mexican War, Dorn, having been elected senior first lieutenant in June, 1846, of an artillery company, engaged him to conduct the military school at St. Louis in his absence. The school becoming much reduced in numbers, he abandoned it in the fall of 1846, and became assistant to a Mr. Armstrong, who was at the head of a public school in that city.

In May, 1847, he enlisted as a private in a company commanded by Capt. William A. Barnes of Easton's battalion of Missouri Infantry Volunteers and was soon appointed sergeant-major. They at once began the nine hundred mile march to Santa Fe. The battalion wintered at Lemitar. He served in the command of Brig. Gen. Sterling Price in the spring of 1848 and did valuable service with the command on the Rio Grande, at Chihuahua, and the battle of Santa Cruz de Rosalies; was mustered out of service in Independence, Mo., October 1848.

He held a position in a New York mercantile house from 1849, to the winter of 1854, when he removed to Washington, D. C., and became a clerk in the Pension Office. He was appointed a "route book clerk" in the Post Office department in 1860, and in 1861 was appointed private secretary to General Rueker in the depot quartermaster's office, remaining there until the close of the war. When the city was threatened by the Confederates, McClellan's army being at Yorktown, the quartermaster's employees were mustered into service, and he was appointed adjutant and 1st lieutenant of the second regiment, receiving his commission from Secretary Stanton which bore this legend upon it: *Without pay or emoluments*. Since the war, he held office in the municipal government; was engaged as an expert accountant until 1897, when he retired from active work. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, serving as elder for many years.

He was married in Bloomingburg, N. Y., January 13, 1852, to Mary Banker Slater, a native of New York city, who died in Washington, D. C., February 23, 1904. Five children were born to them: Mary Slater, born March 6, 1856, married Mr. Martin P. Barr, died August 4, 1889; Anna Phoebe, born July 28, 1858, died March 20, 1901; Sarah Van Allen, born June 12, 1861, married Mr. Rufus P. Clarke, died March 1, 1897; Jane Clare, born March 1, 1868, married Mr. Norman T. Elliott, resides in Washington, D. C.; James Van Allen, born December 9, 1871, resides in London, England.

CHARLES ALEXANDER SILVER, A. B.

Charles A. Silver, fourth child of Alexander Simpson and Jemima (Peterson) Silver, was born in Norwich, Vt., August 21, 1821. He fitted for college in the schools of Norwich, and graduated A. B. from the University in 1841. He paid for his tuition by acting as drummer.

Ill health, the result of a hard cold, compelled him to seek a different climate, and in the fall of 1841, he left home to seek his fortune. While visiting friends in Brooklyn, N. Y., he was taken dangerously ill, and on his recovery determined to make that city his home.

As mercantile pursuits appealed to his taste more strongly than any other line of work, he obtained a situation as clerk in a grocery store where, by hard work and economy, he acquired sufficient means to warrant his entering business for himself. By close application and wise business management, he was enabled in 1865, to retire from active duties, having amassed a comfortable fortune, since which time he has resided in Brooklyn. He is a member of the First Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn League; Vermont Society and New England Society.

He was married August 26, 1847, to Helen L. Mann of Orford, N. H. Four children have been born to them: Charles Lewis, born May 14, 1848, died November 7, 1882; Henry Mann, born, March 2, 1841, A. B., Dartmouth College, 1872, and M. D., Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1875, now a surgeon and professor of surgery in a New York Medical College; Edward Vernon, born, July 24, 1860, A. B., Yale College, 1882, and M. D., College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York, 1885, now a physician in Salt Lake City, Utah; Lewis Mann, twin brother of Edward Vernon, born July 24, 1860, A. B. Yale College, 1882, and M. D., Bellevue Medical College, 1885, now a practicing physician in the city of New York.



Charles Alexander Silver.

SURGEON JUSTIN EDWARDS STEVENS, U. S. A., A. M., M. D.

Justin E. Stevens was born in Charlestown, Mass., March 15, 1822, and died in Boston, Mass., December 17, 1852. He prepared for college in the schools of Boston and entered the University from that city in 1838, graduating, A. B., in 1841; received from the University the degree of A. M., in course in 1851.

He graduated M. D. from Harvard University Medical College in 1844; and practiced his profession in Boston until March 3, 1847, when he was commissioned surgeon of infantry. He was assigned to the 9th U. S. Infantry of the "Old Ninth New England," April 9, 1847, and served with this regiment until August 26, 1848, when he was mustered out of service. He then continued his practice in Boston until his death.

COL. STEPHEN NORTHUP WARREN, A. B.

Stephen N. Warren, son of Philip and Electa (Northup) Warren, was born in Sehroon, N. Y., May 26, 1815, and died in Orwell, Vt., March 8, 1898.

In 1817, his parents removed to Orwell, Vt., where he prepared for college and he entered the University in 1839, and graduated A. B. in 1841; was instructor of Mathematics at the University, 1841-42.

He returned to Orwell in 1842 and engaged in farming until his death; was president and director of the First National Bank of Orwell, 1893-98. He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; represented his town in the House of Representatives, 1861 and 1862; was justice of the peace, 1850-90; also held nearly all the various town offices. He took great interest in military matters; served as colonel of the sixth regiment, Vermont militia, 1844-45.

He was married September 10, 1846, to Jane Ann Royce of Orwell, who died November 24, 1904. One child was born to them: Jennie Northup,

born February 3, 1861, married William A. Jennings, "N. U.," '81, resides in Orwell, Vt.



Col. Stephen Northup Warren.

CAPT. THOMAS WILLIAMS WHITE, A. B.

Thomas W. White, son of Benjamin Aspinwall and Jane Ellen (De Clensie) White, was born in Milledgeville, Ga., in 1823, and died there in 1878.

He entered the University in 1839, graduating A. B. in 1841. He taught school for a time in Ohio, after his graduation, and then returned to Milledgeville, and studied law with Col. A. H. Kenan. He was admitted to the bar, and practiced law in this city until 1849, when, on the breaking out of the gold excitement in California, he formed a company and went overland to the new El Dorado. On arriving in Southern California, he formed the acquaintance of a Spaniard who owned a large estate where San Jose is now located, and was employed by him to lay out his land for a city site, and thus San Jose sprang into existence. He followed engineering for some time, until the city and country had largely increased in population, when he began the practice of law.

He held various public offices; was the first mayor of San Jose and was county judge for some time. He remained in California until about 1854, when he returned to Georgia, and resumed the practice of law in Milledgeville.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he raised a company of troops

for the C. S. A., and after serving a little over a year as its captain, he was transferred to the corps of engineers. He planned and built Fort Pulaski and had charge of work along the Georgia coast line. He was taken prisoner at the capture of Fort Pulaski by the Union troops, and was confined in Park Island Prison, where he contracted a cold which eventually caused his death. After the war, he resumed the practice of law in Milledgeville, and held the office of county judge for some years. He was the inventor of a cotton gin, one of the best used in the South. His last mechanical work was a flying machine.

He was married in 1866, to the eldest daughter of Col. A. H. Kenan, who with a daughter, the wife of Mr. W. R. Locke, survives him and resides in Pawhuska, Osage Nation, Okla.

NON-GRADUATES, 1841.

BVT. MAJ. ELI B. BEAN.

Eli B. Bean, son of General Daniel and Shukanl (Bangs) Bean, was born in Brownfield, Me., June 11, 1821, and died there, June 25, 1909. He prepared for college at the Westbrook Academy, Fryburg and Parsonfield Academies and entered the University in 1838, and remained nearly three years.

He was commissioned captain and assistant quartermaster, United States volunteers, February 29, 1864; was brevetted major, October 30, 1865, "for faithful services"; was mustered out of service, October 30, 1865. He served in the Shenandoah Valley and superintended the obtaining of supplies and the transportation of over one thousand contrabands, and several thousand prisoners of war from the Valley to Harper's Ferry, Va.; served also on the staff of Col. E. E. Otis, 6th U. S. Cavalry; served for some time at Fort Seldon, New Mexico.

He engaged extensively in the mercantile business in Brownfield, Me., until he retired from active work. He was well posted in law, and although never admitted to the bar, did considerable law business for the town; settled many estates, and was the adviser of the town in all legal matters.

He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices; was justice of the peace and notary public, 1848-61, 1865-1908, represented his town in the State Legislature in 1848; was postmaster for several years. He presented his store building to the town for a library. He wrote the history of Brownfield, Me., and the genealogical record of the Brownfield families, 1792-1890; corresponded for several of the State papers. He was a member of the Universalist Church; a charter member of the local lodge, F. and A. M.; I. O. O. F.; G. A. R.

He was married June 8, 1846, to Mary Osgood Spring of Hiram, Me., who survives him and resides in Brownfield; no children.

ALFRED AYERS BURNHAM.

Alfred A. Burnham, son of John and Harriet (Barrett) Burnham, was born in Strafford, Vt., February 7, 1819, and died in New York city, February 26, 1864; was buried in Strafford.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1839, remaining two years. He engaged in business in Strafford until 1851, when he located in New York city. He engaged in the wholesale liquor business from 1860, until his death.

He was married, April 2, 1847, to Mrs. Percy E. Woods of Strafford.

SIMEON SHELDON CUSHMAN.

Simeon S. Cushman, son of Simeon and Mary (Sheldon) Cushman, was born in Bernardston, Mass., January 6, 1821, and died in Santa Barbara, Cal., December 13, 1905. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1838, remaining two years.

He taught school in Massachusetts until 1850, when he removed to Fairfield, Iowa, where he resided until 1865. He then moved to a farm near Bedford, Ia., where he made his home until 1897, when he removed to Santa Barbara, Cal. He engaged extensively in farming and sheep raising in Iowa.

He was married three times: first, May 16, 1850, to Sybil Sheldon Snow, of Bernardston, Mass., who died December 10, 1855. Three children were born to them: Mary Angelina, born August 20, 1851, married Mr. Ray, resides in Santa Barbara, Cal.; Harriet Maria, born February 22, 1853, died November 12, 1903; Sybil Sheldon, died in infancy. He was again married in



Simeon Sheldon Cushman.

1860, to Mrs. Armanda Parmenter, of Bernardston, Mass., who died March 5, 1862; no children. He was married the third time in August 1863, to Mrs. Elizabeth (Cume) Parmenter, of Brattleboro, Vt., who died October 10, 1884; no children.

COL. ROBERT BRADFORD EATON.

Robert B. Eaton, son of Page and Roxanna (Bradford) Eaton, was born in Hemiker, N. H., July 10, 1820, and died in Woburn, Mass., October 19, 1900. He was buried in the Mount Auburn Cemetery, Cambridge. He attended the schools of his town and a private school in Hopkinton, and entered the University in 1838, remaining nearly three years; was vice-president of the Boston Alumni Association of "N. U."

In 1841, he entered his father's store in Hemiker and engaged in the mercantile business until 1845, when he removed to Boston, and engaged in the wholesale paint and dye stuff trade, with the firm of Nelson, Bradford & Co., later known as Eaton, Hill & Chandler. In 1857, owing to business reverses, the company was forced to suspend.

In 1850, he began the manufacture of chemicals and in 1853 bought a large tract of land in the north part of Woburn, where he erected an extensive chemical plant. In 1860, he incorporated the company, having as partners, John W. Chandler and Charles G. Kellogg. In 1863, the plant became the property of the Merrimac Chemical Co., one of the largest concerns of the kind in the country. He was superintendent and manager of the plant until 1870, when he retired from active management, still retaining a large share of the stock of the company.

He was also largely interested in a chemical factory in Troy, N. Y., and an extensive owner of land and live stock in Nebraska. He met with marked success in his business enterprises and acquired a large property. He served as colonel of a New Hampshire regiment of militia, 1841-45; was postmaster of Henniker for some years. He was a man of broad enlightenment and high ideals, and bore himself in a most modest manner; his acts of charity were manifold and generous. He was a noted pedestrian and in middle life it was usual for him

to walk to and from Boston to Woburn, a distance of twenty miles, to superintend his chemical business. He was senior warden of the Trinity Episcopal Church, Woburn, for many years.

He was married December 3, 1856, to Adeleide Abigail, daughter of Franklin Elmore of Peru, N. Y. She died March 24, 1874; one child, a son, was born to them, who died in infancy.



Col. Robert Bradford Eaton.

REV. LUTHER JACOBS FLETCHER, D. D.

Luther J. Fletcher, son of David and Polly (Wakefield) Fletcher, was born in Croydon, N. H., November 25, 1818, and died in Franklin, Mass., January 20, 1884; was buried in the Forest Lawn Cemetery, Buffalo, N. Y. He prepared for college at the Unity, N. H. Academy and entered the University in 1838, from Langdon, N. H., in advance standing and remained two years, receiving the certificate from the Classical department.

Soon after leaving the University he began studying for the Universalist ministry. In early life he was a Baptist, and later joined the Methodist Church, but while a cadet he became converted to Universalism. He was ordained, in 1843, pastor of the church in Swanzy, N. H., where he remained until 1845; supplied in Brattleboro, 1843-45, and was pastor August, 1845-46. His pastorates were: Cambridgeport, Mass., 1846-48; Shattuck Street Church, Lowell, 1848-50, 1859-January, 1863; Brooklyn, N. Y., January, 1863-May, 1865; Bath, Me., May, 1865-May, 1867; Gardner, Me., May 1867-October,

1868; Grand Rapids, Mich., 1868-70; Church of the Messiah, Buffalo, N. Y., 1870-79; Fort Plain, N. Y., 1879-81; Franklin, Mass., 1881-84.

At an early age, he began teaching district schools in various New Hampshire towns. During 1841-43, he was principal of the Surry (N. H.) Academy. In 1842, the once famous Mt. Caesar Seminary was founded in Swanzev, N. H., and opened September 13, 1843. He was elected its first principal and served until 1845. The history of this seminary is of especial interest to the University as so many of our graduates entered from that institution. Rev. S. H. McCollister, '51, was principal during 1853-58, and several of our graduates served there as instructors. He was principal of the Chelmsford (Mass.) Academy and Tyngsboro, (Mass.) Academics, 1853-55; principal of the Clinton Liberal Institute, Fort Plain, N. Y., May 1, 1879-81; served as chairman of the Executive Board of the Massachusetts Universalist State Convention during 1881-83; served for some years on the school board of Lowell; was trustee of Dean Academy, Franklin, Mass., 1881-84 and of St. Lawrence University.



Early in March, 1852, he sailed to California, via Cape Horn and worked in the gold regions until early in 1853, when he returned to Lowell. He wrote from Acapulco, Mexico, in April, 1852, to a Lowell newspaper "Our passage of 43 days was one of unprecedented privation and suffering; we are still suffering from recent excessive hunger and thirst."

Rev. Luther Jacobs Fletcher.

In 1853, he returned to Lowell and began the study of law and was admitted to the bar, May 9, 1855; practiced his profession with Adolphus R. Brown and Edwin A. Alger until 1856.

He took an active part in all matters that pertained to the public welfare. He joined the "Know Nothing" party on its organization and soon became prominent in the party; represented Lowell in the State Legislature in 1856; was appointed Judge of the Court of Insolvency in July, 1856, and held the office until it was abolished, May 13, 1858. He was an active temperance worker and delivered many lectures through the New England states for the cause. He traveled in Europe and the Holy Land in 1873.

He wrote many articles for publication in the papers and magazines; was the author of several school books: *Gloria Patri for Public Worship*, *Chant for Public Worship*; *Moss Agate*, a *Doctrinal Sabbath School Book*, also several plays. His Sunday lesson books were: *The Infant Mind*, *Key to the Young Heart*, *Guide to Salvation*, *The Manual and Harp*, *Lives of the Apostles*, *Universalism*. He met with remarkable success in his church work and was one of the ablest preachers of his denomination.

He was a man of versatile talent and whatever line of work he was en-

gaged in, he made marked success. He was a remarkably eloquent and brilliant speaker. His style was graceful and polished and his choice of words most happy. He was a formidable rival in debate. He was a member of DeMolay Lodge, F. and A. M., and the Royal Arch Masons of Buffalo; he later joined the Franklin Lodge of Franklin, Mass.; was also a member of various societies. He received the degree of D. D. from St. Lawrence University in 1876.

He was married three times: first, November 28, 1838, to Amanda P. Jennison of Langdon, N. H., who died February 19, 1846. One child, Rosabel Amanda, born June 30, 1840, died April 5, 1857. He was again married to Lovisa, daughter of Rev. Thomas Whittemore, D. D., of Cambridge, Mass. No children by this marriage. He was married the third time, April 27, 1849, to Caroline Greenwood of Brighton, Mass., who died March 14, 1907. Two children were born to them: Eugene Elton, born April 27, 1851, died December 4, 1879; Ella Francis, born January 21, 1850, married Charles Allen Partlett, resides in Auburn, Mass.

BRIG.-GEN. FREDERICK WILLIAM LANDER.

Frederick W. Lander, son of Edward and Eliza (West) Lander, was born in Salem, Mass., December 17, 1821, and died in camp on the Cacapon River, Va., March 2, 1862. He attended the schools of his city and the Dummer Academy, Byfield, Mass. He entered the University in the class of 1841 and remained two years.

He was assistant engineer on railroad surveys in Massachusetts. He was then employed by the United States government "to conduct explorations and surveys across the country to determine a route for a railroad to the Pacific Coast." He conducted a second reconnoissance and survey across the country at his own expense. He surveyed and constructed the great overland wagon route in 1858, and while engaged in this work, his party of seventy men were attacked by the Piute Indians, over whom they gained a decisive victory. He made five trans-continental explorations altogether, as an engineer, chief engineer or superintendent, and for his efficient services received praise in the official reports of the Secretary of the Interior.



Bri.-Gen. Frederick William Lander.

When the Civil War began in 1861, he was employed on important secret missions in the Southern states; served as a volunteer aide on General McClellan's staff; was commissioned brigadier-general, May 17, 1861, and participated with great credit in the capture of Philippi, and the battle of Rich Mountain. He led one of the two columns that set out June 3, 1861, to surprise the enemy at Philippi, and after marching all night, opened the attack

with an effective artillery fire and soon put the Confederates to flight. In July, 1861, he was given command of one of the three brigades of General Stones's division on the upper Potomac. Heading off the disaster of Ball's Bluff, he hastened to Edwards' Ferry, which he held with a single company of sharp shooters, but was severely wounded in the leg. Before the wound was healed, he reported for duty at Hancock, and on January 5, 1862, he repelled a greatly superior Confederate force that besieged the town. Though much debilitated by his wound, he made a brilliant dash upon the enemy at Blooming Gap, February 14, 1862, for which he received a special letter of thanks from the Secretary of War. Increasing ill health compelled him to apply for temporary relief from military duty, but while planning an attack on the enemy, he died with congestion of the brain, March 2, 1862. His death was announced in a special order, issued by General McClellan, March 3. His body was buried in Salem, Mass., with imposing ceremonies. In a letter, dated July 19, 1861, General McClellan, in reporting on the disastrous action at Scary Creek, says: "In Heaven's name give me some general officers who understand their profession. Give me such men as Marey, Stevenson, Sackett and Lander, and I will answer for it with my life, that I meet with no disaster."

He wrote many stirring patriotic poems on incidents of the campaign which were printed in the leading papers. General Lander, Post No. 5, G. A. R., of Lynn, Mass., was named in his honor.

He was married, October 12, 1860, at San Francisco, to Jane Margaret Davenport, a noted actress, and a native of Wolverhampton, England. Soon after his death, she with her mother took charge of the hospital department at Fort Royal, S. C., where for over a year she did valuable service.

MOSES LANE, A. M., PH. D.

Moses Lane, son of Joshua and Katherine Greene (Hubbart) Lane, was born in Northfield, Vt., November 16, 1823, and died in Milwaukee, Wis., June 25, 1882.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1835, and the regular work of the Scientific department in 1837. He remained in this department two years. Though one of the youngest cadets, he soon gained high rank in his mathematical work. While at the University, he acquired the sound foundations in mathematics and practical engineering work, which in after years was to make him famous as an engineer. He graduated A. B. from the University of Vermont in 1845; received the degree of A. M. from that Institution in 1849 and Ph. D., in 1875.

He was an assistant engineer on the Sullivan County, R. R., in New Hampshire a few months in 1845; Central Vermont R. R., 1845-49; was principal of the Springville New York Academy, 1849-53; resident engineer Albany & Susquehanna, R. R., having in charge the Albany Division, 1853-54; was principal of the Academy in Clarence, Erie County, N. Y., 1854-57; principal assistant engineer, Nassau Waterworks system for Brooklyn, 1857-62, chief engineer, 1862-69; chief engineer of the Brooklyn waterworks, 1869-71, also during this time was associated with Mr. Chesborough of Chicago, as practicing engineer; was also consulting engineer during 1869-71, for Indianapolis, Ind., Patterson, N. J., and several other cities.

In 1871, he was appointed chief engineer of the Milwaukee waterworks which position he held four years; served during 1871-75, as consulting engineer on construction of the waterworks at Toledo, Ohio, and Oil City, Pa. In 1875, he was appointed city engineer of Milwaukee, having also in charge the water works and other public works of the city. This position he held until 1878. During 1878-81, he was extensively engaged in hydraulic and sanitary engineering, throughout the country; was engineer in charge of the new water supply system of New Orleans, La., the sewerage system of Buffalo, N. Y., Pittsfield, Mass., and a number of other cities. He was a member of the commission appointed by the city of Memphis, Tenn., after the yellow fever scourge to perfect the drainage system of that city; also consulting engineer for the cities of St. Louis and Boston; was engineer in charge of the extension of the waterworks system of Kansas City in 1880. In 1881, he was re-appointed city engineer of Milwaukee, which position he held until his death.

Mr. Lane became one of the best known engineers of this country and was a recognized authority on water works and sewer construction. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and the Masonic Fraternity; American Society of Civil Engineers; Engineer's Society of the Northwest and its vice-president in 1882.

He was married June 4, 1852, to Marinda Ingalls, of Springville,

N. Y., who died in Milwaukee, Wis., November 25, 1909. Four children were born to them: Kate Naomi, born April 12, 1853 married Mr. Henry Turvill, resides in Madison, Wis.; William Ingalls, born December 13, 1857, resides in Milwaukee, Wis.; Helen Durkee, born, February 24, 1863, married Mr. William B. Roberts, died in Rock Island, Ill., April 16, 1907; Florence Williams born, June 10, 1867, resides in Milwaukee.



Moses Lane.

PHILANDER MANCHESTER.

Philander Manchester was born in Manchester, Vt., in 1815, and died in Goshen Twp, Anglaize county, Ohio, February 9, 1889.

At an early age, his mother removed to Bethel, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1838, remaining nearly three years. He located in Raymond, Ohio, where he was in business with his brother-in-law, W. H. H. Titus, '41, from 1853 until 1859. He then located in Goshen Twp, where he made his home until his death. He was a Republican in politics and held several town and county offices.

He was married, September 7, 1812, to Minerva Hewett of Pomfret, Vt. He was survived by several children.

WILLIAM McCLAY.

William McClay, son of Stephen and Margaret (Hill) McClay, was born in Woodstock, Vt., July 3, 1818, and died in Winfield, Mo., June 20, 1870. He prepared for college in the schools of his town; entered the University in 1838, and remained nearly three years, paying his way largely by teaching school, winters.



William McClay.

He was justice of the peace and school director at Capaugris, Mo., many years.

He was married, April 8, 1850, to Malinda Catherine Stuart, of Troy, Lincoln County, Mo., who survives him and resides at Winfield, Mo. Four children were born to them: Gustavus Henry, born April 24, 1851, and died at Winfield, Mo., April 8, 1885; Ida Ruth, born February 19, 1854, married John S. Bray, and resides in Bloomington, Ill.; Stephen Lewis, born October 4, 1856, resides at Moore Okla.; Eva Margaret, born March 30, 1865, married C. Morton Forbush and resides at Winfield, Mo.

WILLIAM H. MOORE.

William H. Moore was born in Wentworth, N. H., in 1818, and died there, unmarried, in 1889.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1838, remaining two years. He engaged in business in Wentworth, until 1849, when he went to California. He returned to Wentworth in 1856, where he made his home until his death. He was one of the most successful farmers of his town.

He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices; served as town clerk and selectman many years; was also town superintendent of schools, several years; represented his town in the State Legislature, several terms.

In the fall of 1841, he went to St. Charles County, Mo., and taught at Cuttsville and other places in that county, and in Lincoln County, until 1850; spent 1842 and 1846 in Woodstock, Vt. He purchased a farm in McHenry County, Ill., and carried it on from April, 1850, until fall, 1851; returned to Lincoln County, Mo., and taught from the fall of 1851 until the spring, 1853; worked his wife's farm near Troy, Lincoln County, Mo., spring, 1853-1860. He sold his farm and moved to Winfield, Mo., near Capaugris, where he resided until 1863, when owing to his active interest in the Union cause, he was forced to sell his farm. He moved to Delaware County, Iowa, and in 1864 bought a farm near Coburg, which he worked until 1865, when he sold out and returned to his old farm at Winfield, Mo., where he resided until his death.

LIEUT. ASA HAYES SNOW.

Asa H. Snow, son of Martin and Lydia (Hayes) Snow, and cousin of Gustavus Snow, '41, was born in Pomfret, Vt., July 26, 1823, and died at the National Soldiers' Home at Sawtelle, Cal., February 15, 1901. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1837, and remained three years.

He engaged in farming in Pomfret, Vt., until 1849, when he went to California, where he engaged in mining until 1851, when he returned East. He clerked in Boston, Mass., 1851-56; Manchester, N. H., 1856-58; engaged in farming, Pomfret, Vt., 1858-62, 1864-66; foreman Monadnock Mill Co., Claremont, N. H., 1866-72; bookkeeper, Remington Gun Works, Ilion, N. Y., 1872-76; accountant, Minneapolis, Minn., 1876-81. He located in Wahpeton, Richland Co., North Dakota, in 1881, where he served as city clerk and deputy county treasurer until 1890. In this last year, he located in California, where he was employed several years as an accountant.

He enlisted in Perkinsville, Windsor Co., Vt., in Co. D, 9th Vermont Regiment, June 17, 1862; was promoted corporal, June 27, 1862; sergeant December 4, 1862; 2d lieutenant, May 25, 1863; resigned December 11, 1864.

He was married in Cambridge, Mass., to Abbie Hastings, who died in December, 1855. One child, Clarence Armine, born May 1, 1853, resides in Oakland, Cal.

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON TITUS.

William H. H. Titus was born in Bethel, Vt., November 20, 1817, and died in Raymond, Ohio, March 20, 1883. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1838 and remained two years.

He taught school in Mount Vernon, Knox County, Ohio, 1841-44; engaged in business in Bethel, Vt., until November, 1853, when he located in Raymond, Ohio, where he made his home until his death. He engaged in the general mercantile business in Raymond with his brother-in-law, Philander Manchester, '41, until 1859. He then engaged extensively in the cattle business and farming. He was a Republican in politics; was deputy sheriff, Windsor County, Vt., 1841-53. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

He was married, October 14, 1841, to Eliza Crane of Bethel, Vt., who died February 18, 1894. Two children were born to them: Corilla Edgerton, born September 12, 1847, married Mr. Courter, resides in Raymond, Ohio; Alonzo, born October 17, 1856.



Lieut. Asa Hayes Snow.

GUSTAVUS SNOW.

Gustavus Snow, son of Nathan and Rhoda (Miller) Snow, was born in North Pomfret, Vt., January 13, 1822, and died in Holyoke, Mass., January 4, 1881. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1838, remaining nearly three years.



Gustavus Snow.

born August 26, 1861, died August 10, 1862. He was again married, November 20, 1866, to Sarah Elizabeth Haynes of Chicopee, Mass., who survives him and resides in Malden, Mass. One child was born to them: Mary Elizabeth, born April 2, 1870, married Edward S. MacGregor, resides in Malden, Mass.

He was engaged in mercantile business in Pomfret, Vt., 1841 until 1849, when he located in Holyoke, Mass., where he resided until his death; engaged in the hardware business, Holyoke, 1849-74; assisted in organizing the Holyoke Savings Bank in 1850 and was its treasurer, 1850-67. He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; was town clerk and treasurer of Holyoke, 1851-67. He was a fine scholar; a man of integrity and held the respect of the citizens of his city.

He was twice married; first, in Holyoke, Mass., December 19, 1853, to Mary Louisa Cavis, a native of Hopkinton, N. H., who died June 1, 1864. Two children were born to them: Melvin Nathan, born December 25, 1855, now quartermaster sergeant of the 2d Regiment M. N. G., Holyoke, Mass., and Emma Louisa,

JOHN WALES STRONG.

John W. Strong, son of Phileas and Anne (Field) Strong, was born in Pawlet, Vt., September 10, 1815, and died in Cincinnati, Ohio, December 23, 1879. He entered the University in 1837, and remained two years.

He taught school for some time in Vermont, and in Chautauqua Co., New York. In 1862, he located in Cincinnati, Ohio, where he made his home until his death. He taught school for several years in Cincinnati and then engaged in the book business until his death.

He was married May 15, 1860, to Margaret Jeanette Knox, born in England, and lineal descendant of John Knox of Scotland; she died about 1880; no children.

CLASS OF 1842.

ADJ. OEL ALFRED BUCK, A. M., M. C. E.

Oel A. Buck, relative of Daniel A. A. Buck, member of Congress from Vermont, entered the University from Hanover, N. H., in 1839, and graduated A. B. and M. C. E. in 1842; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1849.

He was professor of Mathematics at the Virginia Literary, Scientific and Military Academy (q. v.) from 1842 until 1844, when he was appointed professor of Mathematics, Military Tactics, and associate principal of the North Carolina Literary, Scientific and Military Academy (q. v.). In 1846, he resigned his position and enlisted in the North Carolina Volunteers for the Mexican War; was commissioned 1st lieutenant and adjutant of his regiment and served until the close of the war. During his service, he had a severe attack of Mexican measles and never fully regained his health. He was employed by the U. S. Government in Washington from 1848 until about 1854, when owing to failing health, he resigned his position and located in Raleigh, N. C., where he made his home until his death.

He was married in 1849, to Lucia Dow of Strafford, Vt., who survived him and resided in the South for many years.

HIRAM CLARK, M. C. E., M. D.

Hiram Clark, son of Robert and Sally (Wyman) Clark, was born in Acworth, N. H., in 1817, and died in Lawrence, Kansas in 1855. He entered the University in 1839, and graduated A. B. and M. C. E. in 1842.

Soon after graduating, he was appointed assistant engineer on the Northern railroad in New Hampshire, now a part of the Boston & Maine system. After this work was complete, being in poor health, he decided to go South. He engaged in teaching in Georgia, where he was married in 1851. Two years after his marriage his wife died, and he at once commenced the study of medicine, taking a part of his course in New Orleans, La. He practiced his profession for a time in Georgia. He moved to Kansas, when that State was first being settled, and located in Lawrence, where he commenced the practice of his profession, being the first physician in that city. Cholera breaking out in 1855, he did efficient and valuable service in saving lives, but he fell a victim to the plague, and died in the thirty-eighth year of his age.

CAPT. CHARLES B. CROWNINSHIELD, M. C. E.

Charles B. Crowninshield, son of Capt. John and Maria (Crowninshield) Crowninshield, was born in Salem, Mass., January 26, 1824, and died, unmarried in Boston, Mass. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1839, graduating M. C. E., in 1842.

He engaged in Civil Engineering in Boston, until the breaking out of the Mexican War, when he offered his services to the State of Massachusetts, and was commissioned captain, Co. E, First Massachusetts Infantry, December 4, 1841. He served in General Scott's Army in Mexico; was mustered out of service August 24, 1848.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. WILLIAM WATTS HART DAVIS, A. M., M. M. S.

William W. H. Davis, son of Gen. John and Amy (Hart) Davis, was born in Davisville, Southampton township, Bucks Co., Pa., July 27, 1820, and died in Doylestown, Pa., December 29, 1910.

He prepared for college at the classical school in the Southampton Baptist Church; the private school conducted by Samuel Long near Davisville; the Newtown Academy and Samuel Aarow's boarding school in Burlington, Vt. He entered the University in 1840, graduating A. B. and M. M. S. in 1842; received the degree of A. M. in course from the University in 1846; delivered the Commencement address in 1873.



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. William Watts Hart Davis. He was professor and superintendent of the Virginia Military, Scientific and Literary Academy (q. v.), Portsmouth, Va., 1842-44, being associated with William L. Lee, '42, and O. A. Buck, '42. He returned to Pennsylvania in 1844 and taught school in his native county until 1845. He then studied law with Judge John Fox of Doylestown, Pa. from 1845 until September, 1846, when he was admitted to the bar. He then entered Harvard Law School, but the Mexican War breaking out he left to enter the service. He enlisted as a private in Co. E, First Massachusetts Infantry, December 5, 1846, Charles B. Crowninshield, '42, being the captain; was promoted first lieutenant, December 31, 1846; first lieutenant and adjutant, January 16, 1847; *aid-de-camp*, June 1, 1847; acting assistant adjutant-general, July 18, 1847; acting commissary of subsistence October 9, 1847; capt. Co. I, Massachusetts Infantry, March 6, 1848; mustered out of service July 24, 1848. His regiment served in General Scott's Army. He took part in all the engagements leading to the capture of the city of Mexico. He was one of the officers who took part in a night ride of seventy miles and captured General Valencia.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State, and recruited and organized Co. I, 25th Pa. Volunteers; was commissioned its captain, April 18, 1861; was mustered out of service July 26, 1861. He then organized the 104th Pennsylvania Volunteers, and a battery for three years' service; was commissioned its colonel September 5, 1861; was made a provisional brigade commander, November 11, 1861; commanded the First Brigade, Casey's Division, 4th Army Corps, November 30, 1861-May, 1862; was severely wounded at Fair Oaks, May 31, 1862; commanded First Brigade Second Division, 18th Army corps, January 11-March 10, 1863; commanded Second Division, 18th Army corps, March 10-May 27, 1863; commanded the U. S. forces at Port Royal, S. C., May 27-June 14, 1863; in command of Post of Beaufort,

S. C., June 14-July 8, 1863; commanded first brigade Terry's division, July 8-January, 1864, taking part in the siege of Charleston, S. C.; commanded the U. S. forces at Morris Island, S. C., January 19-April 18, 1864; was in command of District of Hilton Head, Fort Pulaski, St. Helena, and Tybee Islands, S. C., April 18-July 4, 1864; commanded first brigade Hatch's division, July 4, July 6, 1864; was wounded at the siege of Charleston, July, 1864; was mustered out of service September 30, 1864. He was a brave and efficient officer as shown by his distinguished service. He acted as a brigadier and major-general during most of his service, but being a Democrat in politics, was not promoted. He was brevetted brigadier-general March 13, 1865, for "meritorious services during the operations against Charleston, S. C."

He enlisted in the "Liberty Guard" in 1839; served as captain of the "Diller Artillerists" in 1849; and the Doylestown Guards" in 1858.

He practiced law in Doylestown, 1848-53, meeting with success. He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; was U. S. district attorney for New Mexico, 1853; acting attorney general for New Mexico, 1853-54; secretary of the Territory, 1854-57; acting governor and superintendent of Indian affairs 1855-57; candidate for auditor general of Pennsylvania, 1866; commissioner to the Paris Exposition, 1867; U. S. Pension Agent, Philadelphia, 1885-89; member of State Board of Charities, Pa., 1886-88; member of State Board of Commissioners to conduct Geological surveys, Pa., 1891-92; candidate for Congress, 7th District, 1882, candidate for Congress-at-Large, 1884; was tendered the U. S. Consulship at Nice, Italy, by President Pierce. During his term of office in New Mexico, 1853-57, he published the *Santa Fe Gazette* in Spanish and English.

In 1857, he purchased the *Doylestown Democrat*, which he conducted until 1890, when he sold the paper to the Doylestown Publishing Co., retaining the editorship until June, 1901. He was one of the founders of the Bucks County Historical Society in 1858, and served as its president from its organization until 1910. He was an able writer and published many articles. He published the following books: *El Gringo of New Mexico, and Her People*, 1857; *The Spanish Conquests of New Mexico*, 1869; *History of the 104th Pennsylvania Volunteers*, 1866; *History of the Hart Family of Bucks' County*, 1867; *Life of General John Lacey*, 1868; *History of Bucks' County*, 1876; *Life of John Davis*, 1886; *Boylestown's Guards*, 1887; *Campaign of 1861 in the Shenandoah Valley*, 1893; *The Fries Rebellion*, 1899; *Doylestown, Old and New*, 1904; *History of Buck's County, revised*, 1905.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church, Aztec Club, Society of the War of 1812, Loyal Legion, G. A. R., Society of the Army of the Potomac, Society of Foreign Wars, Sons of the American Revolution, Mexican Veterans, Historical Society of Pennsylvania, New York Genealogical and Biographical Society, the Western Reserve Historical Society, Historical Society of New Mexico.

He was married at Brooklyn, N. Y., June 24, 1856 to Anna Carpenter, who died April 3, 1881. Eight children were born to them: Amy Hart, born April 17, 1857, died April 20, 1857; Jacob Carpenter, born August 23, 1858, resides in Doylestown; Margaret Sprague, born August 12, 1860, resides in Doylestown, Pa.; John, born October 26, 1862, died January 1, 1868; William Hart, born December 4, 1868, died April 11, 1869; Eleanor Hart, born May 26,

1878, resides in Doylestown, Pa.; Oliver Watts, born August 29, 1873, died September 12, 1873; Margaret Sprague, married Samuel A. W. Patterson, now Capt. U. S. Marine corps, retired, resides in Doylestown.

GEORGE WASHINGTON FRANKLIN EMERSON, A. B., M. M. S.

George W. F. Emerson, son of Josiah and Sarah (Merriam) Emerson, was born in Alstead, N. H., November 3, 1820, and died in Harrisburg, Pa., in 1865.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1839, graduating A. B. and M. M. S., in 1842.

He was principal of the Pembroke, N. H., Academy, 1843-46. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Harrisburg, February 6, 1849; practiced his profession in Harrisburg, Pa., 1849-65. He is said to have served in the Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war.

He married Eliza Warner, of Harrisburg, Pa.

BVT. BRIG-GEN. JOSEPH WASHINGTON FRIZELL, M. M. S.

Joseph W. Frizell was born in Kentucky and died in Owensville, Ohio, in 1897. He entered the University from Vanceburg, Ky., in 1840, and graduated M. M. S. in 1842. He settled in Ohio, and engaged in various business enterprises.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State of Ohio; was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the 11th Ohio Volunteers, July 5, 1861. The colonel of the regiment soon resigned and Colonel Frizell was in command until a new one was elected by regiment. In the first battle this colonel, who was afterwards dismissed for incompetency, was fortunately captured by the enemy and Colonel Frizell commanded the Eleventh in many important battles.

His excellent record from Pocotagio to Sewell's mountain and back to Ganley bridge was attributed to his skill and bravery. Upon the return of his colonel to duty, he resigned, December 21, 1861. The following July, he was recommended by prominent military officers for the colonelcy of the 94th regiment and soon after took the field with it. The regiment took part in opposing the advance of Kirby Smith into Kentucky, doing gallant service; also a prominent part in the battle of Perryville and the pursuit of Bragg in his retreat to Tennessee. At Stone River he was so badly wounded that he was forced to resign. In the language of a military writer of those times, "In Colonel Frizell's retirement the service lost a brave officer and his men a good commander and faithful friend. He was brevetted brigadier-general for meritorious service, March 13, 1863.

JOHN FULLER JENNISON, A. B., M. D.

John F. Jennison, son of Levi and Prudence (Fuller) Jennison, was born in Walpole, N. H., August 13, 1813, and died in Keene, N. H., December 15, 1864.

He entered the "Academy" and remained until 1833; entered the University from Langdon, N. H., in 1840, and graduated A. B. in 1842; graduated M. D., from Dartmouth Medical College in 1843. He practiced his profes-

sion in Swanzey, N. H., 1843-54; Keene, 1854-80. He engaged in farming near Keene until his death.

He was married, March 25, 1857, to Elizabeth Eliza, daughter of Amos and Abbie Rebecca (Green) Ross of Keene, N. H., who survived him with a daughter.

JUDGE WILLIAM LITTLE LEE, A. M., M. C. E.

William L. Lee, son of Stephen and Mary (Little) Lee, was born at Sandy Hill, N. Y., February 8, 1821, and died at Honolulu, May 28, 1857. He entered the University in 1839 and graduated with the degree of A. B. and M. C. E. in 1842.

In company with W. W. H. Davis, '42, he went to Portsmouth, Va., and conducted Captain Partridge's school for one year. He was a student at the Harvard Law School, 1843-44, under Professor Greenleaf and Judge Story. He practiced his profession in Troy, N. Y., 1844-46. Being threatened with pulmonary consumption, he decided to try residence on the Pacific slope.

At this time public attention was strongly directed toward the new territory of Oregon which was supposed to offer unusual advantages. Deciding then to cast his fortunes in that young country, Mr. Lee embarked with a friend, Charles R. Bishop, at Newburyport in the brig, *Henry*, bound for the Columbia River, by way of the Sandwich Islands. After a tempestuous voyage of about eight months, the vessel arrived at Honolulu on the 12th of October, 1846. The time of his arrival and the long delay of the vessel here caused by the extensive repairs which were found necessary, seemed providential. It was a critical period in the affairs of this young nation. The government was engaged in a controversy with some of the foreign residents which had embroiled nearly the whole of the



Judge William Little Lee.

community and had menaced its very existence. The only officer of the government of legal education and profession was ill calculated to conciliate the contending parties or to inspire that confidence in the government, which was necessary to its peace and prosperity. It was at this period that Mr. Lee, accidentally arrived there and subsequent events showed him to be the very man for the emergency as he settled the matters in dispute so wisely that the King offered him the post of Presiding judge. After some persuasion he consented to accept this post, provided his friend, Mr. Bishop, could also find some employment. This was done and they made their home in Honolulu.

Mr. Lee was in time made Chief Justice, chancellor, and privy counselor to the King, with some other minor offices connected with the crown, which

he retained during life. Among his labors were the framing of the revised constitution of the Kingdom, and the drawing up of its civil and criminal codes. He strenuously urged upon the King and chiefs the policy of giving up to the common people a third of their land, and when a law to that effect was passed, he was appointed president of the commission to carry out its provisions, but he declined to accept any compensation for his services.

His health, always delicate, gave way as a result of undue exposure in attendance upon sick natives during an epidemic of smallpox in 1853. This brought on a return of his early malady, and in 1855, in order to obtain medical advice, he accepted an appointment as minister plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary to negotiate a treaty with the United States by which sugar from the islands was to be admitted free of duty in return for the admission to the islands of lumber, fish, and some other productions of the Pacific states. Finding that he was not benefited by his sojourn in this country, he returned to the Sandwich Islands, where he died.

He was one of the ablest lawyers of his time and did much toward civilizing the inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands. He had a wonderful influence over them, and was respected and beloved by them. The record of his work should be preserved with that of the great missionaries, who have given their lives for the advancement of the church and civilization. On his death, "N. U." lost one of her ablest sons.

He was married on board ship in Honolulu, March 11, 1848, to Catherine E. Newton of Albany, N. Y.; no children.

DANIEL THOMPSON, M. C. E.



Daniel Thompson.

Daniel Thompson, was born in Westbrook, Maine, June 1, 1824, and died at Patterson, La., in 1897. He attended the public schools of New York city, and finished his preparations for college at the Academies in Limerick, Fryeburg and Gorham, Maine. He entered the University from Baldwin, Maine, and graduated M. C. E. in 1842. His full name while a cadet was Daniel Josiah Pierce Thompson, but soon after leaving the University, he dropped the names "Josiah Pierce." He then engaged in civil engineering until 1861.

In 1862, he was offered the lieutenant-colonelcy of the 72d Illinois Volunteers of which his classmate, Joseph C. Wright, was to be the colonel, but owing to failing health was obliged to decline the position. In 1866, he located in Louisiana and

soon bought the Calumet Plantation, at Patterson, La., where he resided until his death. Through his business like management, this plantation became one of the finest in the State. He met with marked success in his business enterprises, and acquired a valuable property.

He was married December 4, 1851, to Georgiana Wibray of New York city, who died about 1890. One son, Wibray, now resides on the home plantation in Patterson.

CAPT. OTIS MASON MARSH, A. B., M. C. E.

Otis M. Marsh, son of Otis and Julia (Ransom) Marsh, and nephew of Col. T. B. Ransom, '25, was born in Hartland, Vermont, about 1821, and died in Lake Charles, La., December 26, 1892. At an early age his parents removed to Woodstock, Vermont, where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1839, graduating A. B. and M. C. E. in 1842.



Capt. Otis Mason Marsh.

He then entered the profession of civil engineering in which he gained distinction. Owing to the loss of the family papers, full details of his work cannot be given. He was engineer on railroads in many of the states of the Union, and in Mexico. He was engineer with his brother, B. F. Marsh, '35, on the construction of the Connecticut River R. R., 1844-46, Concord & Lebanon R. R., in N. H., 1846-47. He was engaged in the construction of railroads in Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois previous to 1857. He surveyed and laid out the city of Lawrence, Kan.

He located a railroad from Sabine Pass to Beaumont, Tex., also from Beaumont to Houston, and a railroad along the coast of Texas in 1860. In 1861, he was engaged in engineering work at Sabine Pass, Texas.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was elected captain of Co. A. Spreight's Battalion, consisting of two companies of cavalry, Co. A., and Co. F., and two companies of infantry. This battalion was soon consolidated with Colonel Griffen's battalion, and known as Spreight's regiment. Captain Marsh was given command of the two companies of cavalry, which were known as "Marsh's Squadron." Captain Marsh acted as major of the regiment, and was often placed in command of the regiment. He took part in several engagements; captured the U. S. Gunboat, *Harriet Lane*; was discharged with his regiment in 1865. Soon after the war, he located in Acadia Parish, La., where he made his home until 1876, when he removed to Lake Charles, where he resided until his death. He engaged in engineering until about 1865, when he retired from active work.

During the last years of his life he suffered with a disease of the throat and lungs. He was an active member of the Methodist Church from early youth. He organized the Sunday School in Lake Charles in 1876, and served as its superintendent until 1882; was a charter member of the Lake Charles Lodge I. O. O. F., and the Encampment; member of the Confederate Veterans Association.

He was married January 18, 1861, to Laura Olivia Powell, who survives him and resides in Lake Charles, La. Eight children were born to them: Cora Alice, born June 17, 1866, married Ulyssess Grant Mutersbaugh, resides in Lake Charles, La.; Jennie Olivia, born November 2, 1868, married Harper F. McLaurin, resides in Lake Charles, La.; Ida Laura, born, September 2, 1870, married George A. Edgar, died in Los Angeles, Cal., in 1894; Mary Emma, born June 26, 1872, died July 7, 1888; Alma Orpha, born October 2, 1874, died November 17, 1889; Benjamin Otis, born October 7, 1877, resides in Lake Charles; Bertha Amanda, born May 31, 1879, died unmarried in Hondo, Texas, September 8, 1899; Florence Josephine, born January 25, 1882, married James W. Baker, resides in Beaumont, Texas.

COL. JOSEPH CORNWALL WRIGHT, A. B.

Joseph C. Wright, son of Joseph and Martha (Camp) Wright, was born in Rome, N. Y., January 7, 1821, and died in Chicago, Ill., July 6, 1863, of wounds received in battle. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1839, graduating A. B. in 1842.



Col. Joseph Cornwall Wright.

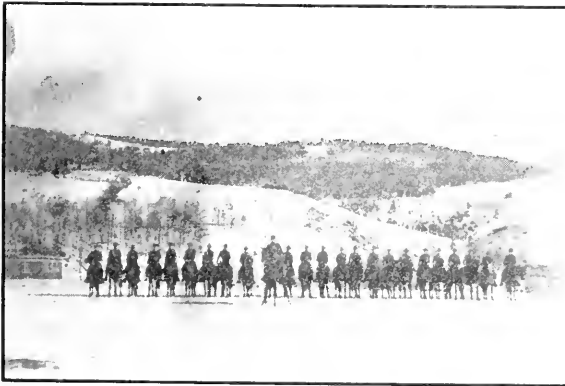
He studied law in Rome, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in Oswego in 1843, and practiced his profession in that city until 1853, meeting with success. In 1853, he became interested in the grain business and built the continental elevator in Oswego. His business interests requiring a partial residence in Chicago, he removed his family to that city in 1853, where he continued to reside until his death. He soon became prominently interested in the business affairs of Chicago; was a member of the Chicago Board of Trade.

He was a successful merchant, acquiring a valuable property; was distinguished for his integrity. As a lawyer he was eminently successful, his natural and acquired attainments having fitted him specially for an advocate, and as such he was engaged in some of the most important cases in New York state.

He eloquently advocated at the meetings of the Board of Trade, in 1862, the organization and equipment of regiments for service in the Civil War. His

suggestions were adopted and he was offered the colonelcy of the first regiment, the 72d Illinois volunteers, sent out by the Board of Trade. He modestly declined this honor, but patriotically accepted the lieutenant-colonelcy of the regiment at a great pecuniary loss to himself. He was distinguished in camp for his thorough military bearing, his gentlemanly conduct and consideration for the needs of his men. He was highly respected and loved by the officers and men of his command. The regiment performed no active duty until May 22, 1863, when it was ordered to make an assault on Vicksburg. Owing to the illness of Col. Starring he was obliged to take command of the regiment. He heroically led the regiment to the rifle pits where he was severely wounded in the left arm. His arm was amputated on the field, and as soon as possible he was taken to Chicago for treatment. He grew worse and died July 6, 1863. His heroic service in this battle reflects lasting honor on his name and the name of the regiment. In his death, Illinois lost one of her most promising officers.

He was married in July, 1846, to Adeline F. Gay, daughter of Calvin B. Gay, of Rome, N. Y.; she died May 1, 1895. Two children were born to them: John Hammond, born January 24, 1850, resides in Oswego, N. Y.; Addie Gray, born November 20, 1853, married Elisha B. Powell, resides in Oswego, N. Y.



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NON-GRADUATES 1842.

JOHN LEONARD HAMMOND.

John L. Hammond, son of Thomas Denny and Pauline (Austin) Hammond, was born in Orwell, Vt., May 16, 1822, and died in Middlebury, Vt., February 3, 1882.

He prepared for college at the Shoreham Academy, and entered the University in 1838, remaining two years.

He returned to Orwell, where he made his home until his death. He was interested in several business enterprises; served as president of the First National Bank of Orwell for many years. He was a member of Independence Lodge F. and A. M., of Orwell. He was married, October 3, 1849, to Janet Lucinda Thomas of Orwell, who died July 11, 1858. Three children were born to them: Thomas Austin, born September 23, 1851, died June 16, 1887; Jessie, born July 16, 1853, married Thad M. Chapman, resides in Middlebury, Vt.; Adelia Fletcher, born June 8, 1855, died, unmarried, August 19, 1908.

HON. ROSWELL HUNT.



Hon. Roswell Hunt.

Roswell Hunt, son of Arad and Sally (Newell) Hunt, was born in Vernon, Vermont, May 27, 1823, and died unmarried, in Elmira, N. Y., October 10, 1877. He received an academic education and entered the University in 1828 and remained three years.

In 1846, he located in Brattleboro and engaged in business for some time; was a member of the firm of Hines and Newman, Machinists in Brattleboro, 1850-60; was a deputy sheriff of Windham Co., 1854-57; represented Brattleboro in the State Legislature 1852, and 1853; was engaged in the hotel business in Northampton, Mass., 1867-70; Elmira, N. Y., 1870-77.

HENRY CLAY LONGNECKER, A. B.

Henry Clay Longnecker, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Kendig) Longnecker, was born in Allen, near Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County, Penn., April 20, 1820, and died in Allentown, Pa., September 16, 1871, from disease contracted in the Civil War.

He prepared for college at an academy in Wilbraham, Mass., and entered the University in 1839, and remained two years. He then graduated from Lafayette College, Easton, Pa. He studied law with the Hon. James M. Porter, and was admitted to the bar in 1844

He practiced his profession in Allentown, Lehigh County, Pa., from 1844 until 1847, when he enlisted in the Mexican War; was commissioned first

lieutenant of infantry, February 16, 1847; was transferred to the voltiguer regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, April 9, 1847, and served as adjutant of his regiment, August 27 until October 27, 1847; took part in all the engagements under General Scott, ending with the capture of the City of Mexico; had a severe attack of the Rio Grande fever, and was confined in a hospital in Mexico for some time, being unable to return to the North with his company; was honorably discharged, August 29, 1848. On his return home, he resumed the practice of his profession which he continued until his death.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he took an active part in organizing the Pennsylvania troops. He was commissioned colonel of the 9th Pennsylvania Volunteers, April 24, 1861, and commanded his brigade in Western Virginia, taking part in the battles of Chancellorsville and Antietam; was mustered out of service, July 29, 1861; was commissioned colonel of the 5th Pennsylvania militia, September 11, 1862, and served until September 27, 1862, when, owing to a disability, he was forced to resign. He was a brave and efficient officer and would have attained high rank in the service, had his health permitted.



Col. Henry Clay Longnecker.

He was a Democrat in politics until 1856, when he joined the Republican party; was an earnest anti-slavery worker; was district attorney of Lehigh County, Pa., 1848-50; served as delegate to the Democratic State Convention in 1851 and 1854; was United States Congressman, December 5, 1859 until March 3, 1861, serving on the committee of Military Affairs.

He was a fine student, an able lawyer, and a faithful public servant. His counsel was often sought by those in power during the Civil War. He was a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity, of Allentown, having attained the Knights Templar degrees; was a member of the Union League Club of Philadelphia.

He was married June 27, 1866, to Mary Jane Lewis of Allentown, who died in that city, January 12, 1905. Three children were born to them: Kendig Lewis, died in infancy; Elizabeth Bessie, born, 1869, married Mr. Ralph R. Metzger, resides in Allentown; Reginald, born, 1870, resides in Allentown, Pa.

THOMAS BUCKINGHAM LOVELAND.

Thomas B. Loveland, son of Elijah and Mary (Buckingham) Loveland and cousin of Charles E. Ensworth, '46, was born in Kingston, Pa., December 20, 1817, and died in Lock Haven, Pa., June 11, 1891. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1838, and remained three years.

He held a responsible position with the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., during 1836-38. He managed the extensive agricultural interests of John Bennet of Kingston, during 1841-46; settled his father's estate, 1846-47. In 1848, he bought a large tract of forest land on the west branch of the Susquehanna River, above Lock Haven, Pa.; built a saw mill and engaged in lumbering until 1870. Also during this time he conducted a grist mill on this river. In 1870, he removed to Lock Haven and formed a partnership with John Y. Cossler which continued until his death, engaging in the manufacture of doors, sash and blinds. He also conducted large lumber yards in Lock Haven, Scranton and Philadelphia. He met with marked success in his business and acquired a valuable property, much of which, however, was swept away by fire and flood. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Presbyterian church, serving as elder for many years.

He was twice married; first, October 21, 1852, to Sarah Baird of Hiner's Run, Pa., who died April 3, 1863. Two children were born to them: Mary, born May 24, 1855, married Heman Dowl, U. S. A., resides in Orange, N. J.; Nannie, born June 7, 1858, died July 14, 1860. He was again married May 4, 1864, to Emily Cady, a native of Almond, N. Y., who survives him and resides in Lock Haven, Pa. Six children were born to them: Edmund Cady, born February 17, 1866, resides in Harrisburg, Pa.; Helen Stoddard, born February 3, 1868, served as kindergarten missionary in Japan for some years; Lester Cady, born July 9, 1870, died, May 8, 1877; Robert Buckingham, born April 24, 1873, resides in Rouse, Colorado; Ruth, born September 6, 1875, married Prof. G. P. Singer, resides in Lock Haven, Pa.; Palmer Cady, born October 25, 1877, resides in Crisman, Col.

DANIEL PEASLEE.

Daniel Peaslee, son of Daniel and Luey (Pepper) Peaslee, was born in Washington, Vt., in 1825, and died in Waterbury, Vt., in 1854. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1838, remaining three years. He engaged in various business enterprises in Waterbury until his death.

He was married at Waterbury, Vt., to Lucia Stevens, a native of Newbury, Vt., who died in Newbury, January 1, 1906. One child, Edward Stevens, born September 7, 1850, died September 19, 1900.

JOHN PETTIS, JR.

John Pettis, son of Maj. John and Luey (Richards) Pettis, was born in Windsor, Vt., in 1827, and died unmarried at Grass Valley, Cal., in 1865.

He worked for a few years in Hartford, Conn., as bookkeeper and private secretary to Hon. Philip Ripley. In 1849, he sailed with a party of New York friends for California, *via* Cape Horn, reaching San Francisco after a voyage of six months. He engaged in business in San Francisco for a few years and then located in Sacramento, where he resided until about 1864. He was bookkeeper for Swett & Arnold for some years. About 1864, he removed to Grass Valley, Cal., and engaged in the grocery business under the firm name of Clark & Pettis.

He held several offices; was a trustee of Grass Valley. He was a member of the Episcopal Church. He was one of the founders of the Pioneer Association of California, and was an active member of the I. O. G. T.

HENRY H. WHITCOMB, M. D.

Henry H. Whitcomb was born in Quechee, (Hartford) Vt., September 2, 1817; and died in South Royalton, Vt., September 16, 1884.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the "Academy" in 1831, remaining three years. In 1839, he entered the University, remaining until 1841. He was a student at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York city, from 1841 until 1842, when owing to ill health he had to give up his studies and return to Vermont. He graduated M. D. from the Vermont Medical College in 1844, and practiced his profession in West Hartford, Vt., until 1851. He then located in South Royalton, Vt. where he continued his practice until his death.

He was survived by several children.

ALBERT GALLATIN WHITE.

Albert G. White, son of Ruluff and Alta (Fuller) White, was born in Orwell, Vt., July 8, 1819, and died in New York City, May 27, 1856.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1838, remaining until 1841. He lost his right arm by a premature explosion of a cannon in a Fourth of July celebration in Norwich in 1841. He studied law and practiced in Shoreham, Whitehall, N. Y., and New York city.

He was married January 28, 1845, to Caroline Fisher. Two children were born to them: Edward Fisher; Ellen C., married George E. Royce, resides in Rutland, Vt.

HON. DECATUR E. NICE.

Decatur Nice was born in Hamberg, Berks County, Pa., March 5, 1819, and died in Pottsville, Pa., July 25, 1898. In 1835, his father moved to Pottsville, Pa., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparations for college at the Milton Academy, and entered the University in 1838, remaining three years, when owing to sickness, he was obliged to give up his college course. He graduated in 1842, from the law school in Carlisle, Pa., and practiced his profession in Pottsville, Pa., until his death. He was interested in several business enterprises in Pottsville; served for many years as secretary of the Pottsville Gas Company.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many positions; served as district attorney, 1843-44; represented his town in the State Legislature, 1867-68; was a member of the town council, three years, serving as president of that body. He was a delegate to several State and national conventions of his party; served as delegate to the convention which nominated Samuel J. Tilden for the Presidency. He was a member and past Master of Pulaski Lodge, No. 216, F. and A. M., of Pottsville.

He was twice married; first, February 14, 1814, to Susan Silliman of Pottsville, who died in 1861. Two children were born to them: Sarah Eliza, born May 10, 1851, married William Ramsey, died May 25, 1908; Elizabeth Hughes, born January 12, 1853, resides in Pottsville. He was married the second time in 1863, to Annetta Silliman, sister of his first wife. She died, April 27, 1905; no children.

CLASS OF 1843.

HENRY HAMILTON CARY, A. M., M. D.

Henry H. Cary, son of Denis and Elizabeth (Cady) Cary, was born in Weathersfield, Vt., December 4, 1820, and died in La Grange, Georgia, March 27, 1899. He prepared for college in the Unity (N. H.) Scientific and Military Academy and entered the University in 1840, graduating A. B. in 1843; received the degree of A. M., in course, in 1846.



Henry Hamilton Cary.

He was principal of the Norwich Institute, 1843-45, and during the time studied medicine with Dr. S. Converse of Norwich and attended one course of lectures at the Dartmouth Medical College in the fall of 1844. He removed to Augusta, Ga., early in 1845 and entered the Medical College of Augusta, graduating M. D. March 4, 1846.

He located in La Grange, Ga., in 1846, where he made his home until his death; practiced his profession there until 1868. He served as director of the La Grange First National Bank, until his death. He was a Democrat in politics; was elected judge of probate, 1868 and served until 1872; was chairman of the board of commissioners, Troup County; was chairman of the State Fish Commission a number of years. He was an active member of the Methodist Church.

He was married January 16, 1849, to Mary Jane Prouty of Augusta, who died at La Grange, June 6, 1872. Six children were born to them: Ella Caroline, born January 19, 1852, resides in La Grange, Ga.; Henry Ernest, born January 7, 1854, died October 30, 1903; Mary Ida, born April 29, 1855, married James A. Browne, resides in La Grange, Ga.; Eva A., born September 13, 1856, married J. W. Chapman, resides in Washington, Ga.; Lula Hamilton, born May 30, 1861, married Howard R. Callumay, resides in Atlanta, Ga.; Ashton Hall, born February 2, 1865, resides in La Grange, Ga.

CAPT. JABEZ CUSHMAN CROOKER, A. B.

Jabez C. Crooker, son of James and Mary (Palmer) Crooker, was born in Woodstock, Vt., January 16, 1820, and died in Lincoln, Neb., January 13, 1901. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1840, graduating A. B. in 1843.

He was principal of the Academy in South Woodstock, Vt., 1843-44, and the Barnard Institute, fall of 1844. He studied law with Tracy & Converse of Woodstock, during portions of 1843-45. He was professor of Mathematics, Military Science and Tactics at the Pennsylvania Military Academy (q. v.) Harrisburg, Pa., 1845, until December, 1846, when he became professor at Captain Partridge's Military School in Wilmington, Del. He succeeded Maj. O. S. Tenney, '45, as principal in April, 1847. In September, he resigned this position, being desirous of resuming his law studies, and returned to Vermont. He was principal of schools in Newport, N. H., 1847-48, and during the time continued his law studies and was admitted to the bar in 1848. He practiced his profession in Newport, N. H., 1848-49; Windsor, Vt., 1849-51; Stoneham, Mass., 1851-56; Mendota, Ill., 1856-November, 1879; Lincoln, Neb., 1879-1901.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State of Illinois and was commissioned recruiting officer and drill master. He recruited over 500 men for the service. He was commissioned captain Co. I, 55th Illinois Volunteers, July 1861. His regiment was ordered South, and on the trip down the Mississippi River, he contracted a severe cold which so impaired his health, that he was forced to resign his commission in the spring of 1862. He was a member of the Masonic and Odd Fellows Lodges.

He was married, December 11, 1848, to Sarah Bailey Slayton of South Woodstock, Vt., who died November 19, 1896. One child was born to them: Mary Abba, married Mr. Joseph Hunter, resides in Lincoln, Neb.

MAJ. HENRY HANCOCK, A. B.

Henry Hancock, son of Thomas and Luey Shattuck (Smith) Hancock, was born in Bath, N. H., in July, 1822, and died at Santa Monica, Cal., January 9, 1883. He prepared for college at the Newbury (Vt.) Methodist Seminary, now the Montpelier Seminary. He entered the University in 1840, and graduated A. B. in 1843.

He engaged in civil engineering in Missouri until the breaking out of the Mexican War, when he enlisted as private; was promoted to the staff of General Donaldson for gallantry in delivering despatches under fire. At the close of the war he entered the Harvard Law School, but left three months before graduating, in 1849, to go to California. He engaged in placer mining for some time taking out \$20,000 in six weeks. He located in San Diego in 1850, serving for a time as collector of the port.

In 1853, he located in Los Angeles, Cal., where he resided many years. He later removed to Santa Monica, where he made his home until his death. He was associated with Colonel Washington in surveying, many years. In 1853, he made the second survey of Los Angeles and urged the city council to have the streets made wider as "Los Angeles would become a city of 300,000." He surveyed most of the large ranches in southern California. In 1860, he began the practice of law in Los Angeles which he continued until his death. He made a specialty of land cases in which branch he became one of the leading authorities in the State.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State and enlisted a company for the 4th Regiment, California Volunteers; was commissioned major and served at Benicia and Wilmington, Cal. He had great faith in the future of California and acquired large tracts of land in Los Angeles,

Ventura and San Buenaventure counties. In 1866, he began the development of the asphaltum deposits on his Rancho La Brea, a tract of nearly 5000 acres of land between Los Angeles and Santa Monica (the present sites of Hollywood, Colegrove and Sherman), which he had purchased from the Spanish grantees. He used the asphaltum for sidewalks and paving purposes in the various cities of California. The brown asphaltum was used as fuel by the Los Angeles manufacturing establishments during the eighties. Later this property became very valuable owing to the discovery of petroleum. The Rancho La Brea Oil Co., was formed to develop the property in 1900. He met with marked success in his business ventures and acquired a large property. He also met with success as an attorney. We quote from the resolution passed by the Los Angeles Bar Association: "That in the death of Major Hancock, the community in which he lived, the State and nation, have lost the service of a pure and upright citizen, an able lawyer and patriotic soldier."

He was a Democrat in politics, and held several positions; represented San Diego in the State legislature in 1852-53. He was a member of the Mexican War Veterans Association, and Los Angeles County Bar Association.

He was married in Sonoma, Cal., June 7, 1866, to Ida, daughter of Agostin Haraszthy, a count of Hungary, exiled in 1840, and his property confiscated for taking part in an effort to free the country from the rule of Austria. He is survived by three children.

ASA HOWE, A. B., M. D., C. E.

Asa Howe, son of Abijah and Hannah (Bridgeman) Howe, was born in Middletown, Mass., May 25, 1816, and died in Northfield, Vt., September 29, 1894.



Asa Howe.

In 1834, his parents removed to Northfield, where he attended the public schools. He followed the sea during 1838-40, and entered the University in September of the latter year, graduating A. B. in 1843.

He entered Dartmouth Medical College in 1844, and graduated M. D. in 1845. He was division engineer on the Central Vermont R. R. from 1846 until 1850, when he went to Paris, France, where he attended medical lectures. He returned to Northfield in 1854, and resumed civil engineering; was assistant engineer on the Saratoga & Whitehall R. R., 1854-55; Passumpsic R. R., 1856-57; was agent for the Central Vermont R. R., in Montreal, Canada, 1858-59; engaged in engineering practice in Northfield, 1859-60. He was assistant engineer for the Passumpsic R. R., at Barton Landing and Newport,

1862-64; Huntington & Broadtop R. R., in Pennsylvania, 1864-66; was division engineer Chicago & Northwestern R. R., 1866-68; was chief engineer on the construction of the Montpelier & Wells River R. R., 1874-75; engaged in general engineering practice in Northfield, 1875-78; was engaged in engineering at Langevill, P. Q., 1878-79; was resident engineer of the Montpelier & Wells River R. R., 1880-94.

In 1880, he was appointed professor of Engineering Field Work, at the University, which position he held until his death. From 1866 until 1891, he held the chair of Civil Engineering. He did much to strengthen the engineering work at the University, and many of the cadets of this period owe much to him for their success as engineers for his painstaking instruction in field work on the Wells River R. R. and on other practical engineering work. He was a member of the *A Σ II* Fraternity.

He was married, March 7, 1844, to Lucy Ann Cummings of Norwich, Vt., who died November 5, 1906. Three children were born to them: Henry John Skinner, "N. U.," '69; Malvern Abijah, "N. U.," '82; Ella Theoda, born June 18, 1852, married William Clayton Claggett, resides in Northfield, Vt.

MAJOR STEPHEN BERRY LEE, A. B.

Stephen B. Lee, son of Stephen and Mary (Little) Lee, and brother of William Little Lee, '42, was born in Sandy Hill, N. Y., January 29, 1824. He entered the University in 1840, and graduated A. B. in 1843.

He was engaged in real estate and manufacturing interests in Sandy Hill, N. Y., and was one of its leading citizens. In 1862, he was in partnership with U. Cornell Allen and the firm of Allen & Lee and ran a woolen mill at Bakers Falls, which is the local name for the water power on the Hudson River at Sandy Hill.

On account of ill health, he was forced to retire from business and he went to the sanitarium at Battle Creek, Mich., hoping for relief, but he died there September 30, 1862. His body was interred in the family burying ground in Sandy Hill, and his monument bears this inscription: "Generous to a fault, he forgot himself in remembering God's poor."

He served as a delegate to the National Republican Convention in Chicago in 1860.

He married Mrs. Adelaide Carman in New York City, March 16, 1859. They had one child, Stephen B. Jr., born at Sandy Hill, N. Y., August 9, 1861, now connected with the Erie County Savings Bank of Buffalo, N. Y.; a stepson, Dr. Albro Carman, a physician in New York City.



Major Stephen Berry Lee.

MAJ.-GEN. ROBERT HOUSTON MILROY, A. B., LL. B.

Robert H. Milroy, son of General Samuel and Martha (Houston) Milroy, was born near Salem, Washington County, Indiana, June 11, 1816, and died in Olympia, Washington, March 29, 1890. His ancestor, the Earl of Amandale, in Scotland, and a lineal descendant of Robert Bruce, having taken part in a revolution in that country, settled in the north of the island and from there came to the United States and settled in Carlisle, Pa. At an early age, his parents removed to Delphi, Ind., where he prepared for college.

He entered the University in 1840 and graduated A. B., and M. M. S. in 1843; was distinguished at the University for his scholarship and love of military duty; was valedictorian of his class; was also distinguished for his athletic ability; was one of the most powerful men ever at the University, being nearly six feet three inches in height.



Maj.-Gen. Robert Houston Milroy.

He engaged in business in Delphi until the breaking out of the Mexican War, when he offered his services to the State; was commissioned captain Co. G. 1st Indiana Volunteers June 20, 1846, and served in Mexico; was mustered out of service June 16, 1847. He entered the University of Indiana Law School in 1849, and graduated LL. B. in 1850; practiced his profession in Delphi, 1850-54; Rensselaer, Ind., 1854-61; 1865-68.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he took an active part in the support of the Union; was commissioned captain Co. G. 9th Indiana Volunteers, April 23, 1861, promoted colonel April 27, 1861, and performed distinguished service in West Virginia under Generals McClellan and Rosecrans, his regiment becoming known as the "Bloody Ninth." He was commissioned brigadier-general September 3, 1861, and served in Virginia with Generals Fremont and Segel until November 29, 1862, when he was promoted major-general. He was given command of the second division of the Eighth Army Corps, and was stationed at Winchester, Va.

On June 15, 1863, he was attacked by Lee's Army, then on its famous march to Pennsylvania, and for three days successfully held the army in check. His ammunitions and provisions giving out, and being overwhelmed with a superior force, he was obliged to retreat. He successfully escaped by a heroic charge through the enemy's lines, but with a large loss of his troops. His work at the time was criticised and he demanded a court of inquiry and was acquitted of all blame. He appealed for reinforcements from the commanding officers but none were sent to his relief. If forces had been promptly sent, as requested, Lee would have been held in check.

It was claimed by General Milroy that by his holding the Confederate Army in check it enabled Gen. Meade to concentrate his forces at Gettysburg, instead of at a point further north, and making it possible to defeat Lee at that time.

General Milroy became famous for his decisive action in suppressing the "Guerilla warfare" in West Virginia, when he was in command of the mountain department. He issued an order to the effect that whenever the property of a loyal citizen was taken or destroyed or a loyal citizen was killed by rangers or guerillas, an appraisal would be made by Federal officers, of the property taken or destroyed, or the lives taken, and the Confederate neighbors, within twenty-four hours after notice given them, must make up the amount assessed against them to be paid to the owner or widow or heirs as the case might be, and those failing to comply would be shot, and their property burned.

This order at once put a complete and effective end to the guerilla warfare. The situation was made the subject of complaint at Richmond, and Jefferson Davis authorized General Lee to correspond with Gen. Halleck on the subject of "General Milroy's atrocities" with the result that Halleck ordered Milroy to revoke his order. Convinced that he was right, General Milroy did not do so, but wrote a detailed history of the depredations committed by the guerillas in his department with an argument on the necessity for continuing his order. His position was sustained, and the order was not revoked. President Davis made this order the subject of a special message to the Confederate Congress, which offered \$100,000 reward for General Milroy, dead or alive.

In 1872, he removed to Olympia, Washington, where he made his home until his death. General Milroy was a brave and efficient officer and greatly respected and beloved by his men. In 1909, his home in Rensselaer, Ind., was purchased and dedicated as "Milroy Park." On July 4, 1910, a statue of General Milroy was unveiled with imposing ceremonies in the park. The statue was designed and executed by Miss Mary Washburn. He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was a member of the Indiana Constitutional Convention, 1849-51; judge of the circuit court, 1851-53; trustee of the Wabash & Erie Canal 1868-72; was superintendent Indian affairs, Washington Territory, 1872-74; was Indian Agent with head-quarters in Olympia, 1875-85. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and a prominent member of the Masonic Lodge, G. A. R. and Loyal Legion.

He was married May 17, 1849, to Mary Jane Armitage, a native of Alexander, Pa., who died in Olympia, February 23, 1904. Seven children were born to them; Edwin Bruce, born March 3, 1850, died May 12, 1851; Ella Gertrude, born December 25, 1851, died March 1, 1870; Edgar Whitefield, born, November 21, 1853, died March 18, 1856; Valerius Armitage, born August 17, 1855, resides in Olympia, Washington; Walter Judson, born August 24, 1857, resides in Victoria, British Columbia; Robert Bruce, born September 25, 1859, resides in North Yakima, Wash.; Samuel Clay, born January 28, 1866, died December 9, 1875.

MAJ. WILLIAM PATTERSON PAUL, A. B.

William P. Paul, son of Bela and Mary (Briggs) Paul, was born in Hanover N. H., December 18, 1824, and died of yellow fever, at Memphis, Tenn., September 8, 1878. In 1831, his parents removed to Woodstock, Vt., and to

Barnard, Vt., in 1840, from which town he entered the University, in the fall of the same year and graduated A. B. in 1843.

He located in Kentucky, and taught school in Williamstown until 1844, when he removed to Dry Ridge and taught school, and studied medicine with Charles B. Lewis, '38, until the fall of 1846. Clerked in a store, September, 1846 to July, 1847; was superintendent of the store operated by the Tenn. Rolling Mills, at Empire Iron Works, Twigg County, Tenn., July, 1847-1849; was an officer in the Tennessee states prison at Nashville, 1849-50; was agent for R. Morris, Robinson & Co., of Nashville, book dealers, 1850-51; engaged in grocery business, Nashville, 1851-52; superintendent with Wilson & McIntosh, contractors, and had charge of construction of a section of the Charleston & Nashville R. R., 1852-53.

He engaged in mercantile business, Nashville, 1853-54; was with the Etna Furnace Co., Centerville. Hickman Co., Tenn., February 1854-56; in mercantile business Memphis, 1856-61. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he joined the Memphis "Light Dragoons;" was appointed first sergeant, and on the organization of the regiment, he was elected 1st lieutenant, and soon after the battle of Shiloh, was promoted regimental quartermaster, with rank of captain. Gen. W. H. Jackson, C. S. A. writes: "He served on my staff as division quartermaster with rank of major. He was a painstaking conscientious, honorable officer. He discharged the onerous duties of said office with entire satisfaction to me and credit to himself. I admired his qualities as an officer and his business methods." He returned to Memphis in June 1865, and was engaged in business for some years, then became a police officer, which position he held until his death. He was a Democrat in politics, and was a member of the Masonic lodge.

He was married March 9, 1854, to Lucy H., daughter of John McIntosh, a rich planter of Nashville. She died, May 2, 1857, at Memphis, Tenn. Two children were born to them: Sally Taylor, born May 7, 1855, died May 20, 1865; William Bela, born April 6, 1857, now engaged in the real estate business in Nashville, Tenn.

NON-GRADUATES, 1843.

WILLIAM WALLACE CHANDLER.

William W. Chandler, son of William Brown and Electa (Owen) Chandler, was born in Randolph, Vermont, January 7, 1821, and died in Chicago, Ill.

He prepared for college at the Orange County Grammar School, at Randolph Center, Vermont, and entered the University in 1840, remaining five terms.

At an early age he showed a remarkable ability as a penman and at the age of fifteen, he taught a class of thirty-eight in Randolph. He was proficient in making the old fashioned quill pen and in the fall of 1843, he taught nearly every member of the State Legislature the mystery of making these pens. He taught writing at the Orange County Grammar School; continued giving instruction in penmanship until 1845, teaching in most of the large towns of Vermont and also in New York; was advance agent for a concert troupe June,

1845-September, 1846; taught at the Bakersfield (Vt.) Academy, 1846-47; also in St. Albans and other towns in Northern Vermont, 1847-51; agent for the famous Cheney Family concert troupe, 1851-52; and another concert company 1852-53.

On March 3, 1853, he entered the employ of the Cleveland, Pittsburg and Wheeling R. R., as clerk in their freight office in Cleveland; was soon promoted chief clerk and in 1855, became general freight agent of the road, which position he held until 1864. In this last year, on the organization of the Star Union Line, through freight car system, he removed to Chicago as general agent for the company, which position he held until his death. He was the inventor of, and the first to put into operation, the first refrigerator cars ever built in this or any other country.

He was married three times. Two children were born of the first marriage, who died in infancy. Two children were born of the second marriage; William Wallace, Jr., born, November 3, 1856, resides in New York; Fred Brown, born November 30, 1859, resides in New York. He was married the third time, August 18, 1881, to Lavinia B. Penelton, of Boston.

CAPT. GEORGE HORATIO DERBY, U. S. A.

George H. Derby, son of John Barton Derby, was born in Dedham, Mass., April 3, 1823; and died in New York city, May 15, 1861. He entered the University from Medfield, Mass., in 1839, remaining until 1842, nearly completing the course in civil engineering.

He entered the U. S. Military Academy in 1842, and graduated, seventh in his class, in 1846; was commissioned 2d lieutenant of ordnance, July 1, 1846. He was transferred to the Topographical Engineers, on August 12, the same year, and was assistant engineer on the survey of the New Bedford harbor, Mass., in 1846. He was ordered to Mexico in 1846, and took part in the siege of Vera Cruz, March 9-29, 1849, and the battle of Cerro Gordo, where he was severely wounded; was brevetted, April 18, 1847, first lieutenant, for "gallant and meritorious conduct" in the latter battle. He was on sick leave, during April 18-October, 1847; was assistant engineer in the Topographical Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1847-48. He was engaged in explorations and surveys in Minnesota Territory, 1848-49; and in the Department of the Pacific and in Texas, 1849-52. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, Topographical Engineers, August 4, 1851, and had charge of the surveys and improvements of San Diego Harbor, Cal., 1853-54; served on the staff of the commanding general of the Department of the Pacific, 1854-55; was promoted, 1st lieutenant of Topographical Engineers, October 2, 1855; was in charge of the military roads in this department, 1855-56; was on coast survey duty from April 30 to June 9, 1859; served as light-house engineer, from May 15, 1857, to November 2, 1859, was on sick leave, December 20, 1859-May 15, 1861; while in charge of building light-houses on the coast of Florida and Alabama, he suffered a sunstroke, which resulted in softening of the brain and the loss of his eyesight. He was removed to New York city, in 1859, where he resided until his death. He was promoted captain of Topographical Engineers, July 1, 1860, "for fourteen years of continuous service."

While at the University, he displayed remarkable talent, as a humorous writer and artist. He was known by the cadets as "John Phoenix." Many tales have been preserved of his escapades at the University. General Davis,²42,

stated, "If the pictures drawn by Derby on the black boards at the University, could be reproduced they would cause a smile on the country from Maine to California." He became one of the best known of American humorists, under the pen-name of "John Phoenix." He wrote many articles for the various papers of the country. His published works were: *Phoenixiana; or Sketches and Burlesques*, in 1856; *Squibob Papers*, 1859.

He married Mary A. Coons. He is survived by a son, George McClellan, born November 1, 1856, a retired captain U. S. Engineer Corps, now residing in New Orleans, La

NORMAN ELIOT PERKINS.

Norman E. Perkins, son of Josiah and Alice (Burk) Perkins, was born in Windsor, Vt., November 19, 1823, and died in White Hall, Ill., March 23, 1890.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1840, remaining two years; played in the University band.

He was a clerk in Shedsville, West Windsor, 1843-48; Brownsville, Vt., 1848-53; with M. B. Perkins & Co., W. Windsor, 1853-59. He removed to White Hall, Ill., in 1869, where he managed a store until his death.

He was married December 15, 1845, to Catharine Savage of West Windsor, who survives him and resides in White Hall. Five children were born to them: Alma Alice, born January 8, 1847, died September 18, 1849; Ella Susan, born June 4, 1849, married Jacob Painter, resides in Davenport, Oklahoma; Charles Henry, born October 12, 1850, resides in White Hall, Ill.; Alda Kate, born August 21, 1852, married Israel Decker, resides in White Hall,



Norman Eliot Perkins.

Ill.; Clara Hulett, born August 11, 1854, married John Peters, resides in White Hall, Ill.

FIRST SERGT. FREDERICK STEELE POST.

Frederick S. Post, son of Dr. Lewis and Theodosia Ann (Steele) Post, was born in Elizabethtown, N. J., and died in Mexico in 1887. At an early age his parents removed to Chicago, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1840, and remained two years.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he offered his services to the State of New York; was mustered into service in Co. H, Stevenson's 7th New York volunteers (later the First New York Volunteers) as first sergeant, August 1, 1846. The regiment was soon ordered to California, where he served

until October 21, 1848. He was honorably discharged, October 27, 1848, at Monterey.

He located in San Francisco about 1856; was employed in the office of the chief of police of San Francisco, 1858-71; was clerk in the San Francisco Post Office, 1871-85. He removed to Mexico about 1887. He married Ann Eliza Houghton of Rahway, N. J. He was survived by a son and a daughter.

EUGENE JEROME POST.

Eugene J. Post, son of Dr. Lewis and Theodosia Ann (Steele) Post, was born in Elizabethtown, N. Y., March 15, 1826, and died near Vienna, N. J., November 18, 1895, and was buried at Danville, N. J. At an early age, his parents removed to Chicago, Ill., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1840, and remained two years, after which he was a salesman in a Chicago store

He engaged in farming near Vienna, N. J., 1849-50; engaged in the jewelry business in Easton, Pa., 1860; was in the employ of the Wagner, Victor, and Weed Sewing Machine companies 1869-1884; conducted a storage warehouse on Broadway, New York, until 1893, when he retired from active business and removed to his farm near Vienna, where he resided until his death. He was a charter member of Independence Lodge, F. and A. M., of Hackettstown, N. J.

He was married January 26, 1849, to Elizabeth Lyon Freeland, who died December 27, 1907. Four children were born to them: Louis Freeland, born November 15, 1849, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Edward Seymour, born August 7, 1854, resides in New York city; Sarah Theodosia, born October 28, 1856, married Dr. L. B. Hoagland, January 12, 1882, resides in Oxford Furnace, N. J.; David Judson, born January 28, 1861, resides in Hartford, Conn.



Eugene Jerome Post.

CAPT. HARRISON STEBBINS.

Harrison Stebbins, son of Jarius and Sally (Crowell) Stebbins, was born in Westfield, Vt., June 8, 1820, and died at Cooksville, Rock County, Wis., September 7, 1882.

He received a fine preparatory education and taught school for some time; entered the University in 1837, and remained one year. He then taught school in South Hardwich, Mass., until 1840, when he again entered the University in the class of 1843, and remained one year, receiving a certificate from the Civil Engineering Department.

In June, 1841, he went to Janesville, Wis., *via* the Erie Canal and the Great Lakes; he taught school for a time, then engaged in surveying in Rock County and vicinity, laying out roads, plotting villages and cemeteries, and running town and farm lines. In 1842, he built a pioneer stone house in Janesville and in 1844, removed to a fine farm in Cooksville, about twenty miles northwest of Janesville, where he made his home until his death. In the sixties, he built a grist mill on the Catfish River, near his home, which enterprise he conducted in connection with farming and surveying.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices in his town and county; served several years on the county board; was chairman of the building committee on the erection of the county court house in 1867; represented his district in the State Legislature, 1852-53; was county surveyor, 1844-46, and later, for a term. He was a captain in the Massachusetts militia, 1838-40.

He was married, June 5, 1841, at East Montpelier, Vt., to Mary Amanda, daughter of Daniel and Polly (Morse) Bassett. Three children were born to them: Shapley P., born May 14, 1842, now residing near Edgerton, Wis.; Mary T., born March 22, 1850, married E. P. Savage, resides in Madison, Wis.; Flora A., born March 5, 1853, married William Gilley, resides near Edgerton, Wis.

URBANE DERBY WATKINS.

Urbane D. Watkins, son of John and Miranda (Derby) Watkins, was born in South Reading, Vt., September 13, 1820, and died in Akron, Ohio, December 25, 1899.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1840, remaining two years. He located in New Portage, Ohio, in 1847, and in Johnson, Ohio, in 1849. In this last year he removed to Akron where he made his home until his death. He engaged in contracting and building in Akron many years. He was a member of St. Paul's Episcopal Church; Summit Lodge and the Encampment, I. O. O. F., of Akron; Akron Scientific Club.

He was married August 11, 1848, to Rebeckah Ann Richey of Chippewa, who died January 11, 1901. Five children were born to them: John Richey, born April 14, 1849, died August 9, 1854; Laura Martha, born August 6, 1850, died October 1, 1852; Amasa Wallace, born February 13, 1851, died September 16, 1854; Ida May, born June 27, 1855, died May 12, 1859; Grace, born October 20, 1867, resides in Los Angeles, Cal.

PROF. NATHAN BURNHAM WEBSTER, A. M.

Nathan B. Webster, son of John and Betsey (Burnham) Webster, was born in Unity, N. H., June 13, 1821, and died in Vineland, N. J., December 27, 1900. He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and at the Claremont High School. He taught school in Ludlow, Vt., 1838-39.

He entered the University in 1839 as a cadet, and tutor in Latin and Greek, and remained until 1841, when he went to the Virginia Literary, Scientific and Military Academy (q. v.) at Portsmouth, Va., as professor of Latin and Greek; was superintendent, February, 1842, until June, 1843; June, 1844-46. In 1846, he resigned and located in Richmond, Va., where he was principal of a preparatory school until 1848, also lectured during this time on Physics, Chemistry, Astronomy, and Biology at the Richmond, Va.,

Baptist College; was civil engineer of the Gosport Navy Yard, for the United States Government, 1848-50.

In 1850, he returned to Portsmouth, Va., and founded the Virginia Collegiate Institute, as a successor of the Virginia Literary Scientific and Military Academy, founded in that city by Captain Partridge in 1840, and which was discontinued in 1849. Professor Webster's Institute soon became very popular. In 1862, he was forced to close the institution owing to the Civil War. In this year, he was allowed by the Federal authorities to return North. In 1863, he opened a school in Ottawa, Canada, which he conducted with success until 1867, when he removed to Norfolk, Va., and again opened the Virginia Collegiate Institute, but under a new name, the Webster Institute. In September, 1885, owing to failing health, he was forced to retire from the active management of the school. He removed to Vineland, N. J., where he resided until his death.

He was a member of the Presbyterian Church; was the founder of the Ottawa Natural History Society, serving as its president four years; honorary life member of the Ottawa Orphan's Home; was a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1874-1900; was the founder of the Vineland, N. J., free public library; member of the Vineland Historical Society, and other literary and scientific societies.



Prof. Nathan Burnham Webster.

He was the editor of the Scientific Department of the *Reveille*, 1874-75; contributed to *Notes and Queries*; was also on the editorial staff of *Chamber's Encyclopedia*; also of the revised edition (American Edition) *Encyclopedia Britannica*; was the author of the *Outlines of Chemistry*; the scientific lessons in the once popular *Wilson's Readers*; contributed regularly to the local newspapers, scientific articles on agriculture and topics of general information. He was a popular lecturer on education, also scientific and agricultural topics. He was one of the ablest educators of his time. He was a born teacher and was able to inspire the dullest boy with the ambition for an education. Many of the prominent men of the country received instruction from Professor Webster.

He was twice married: first, August 7, 1845, to Isabella Frances Hobday, of Portsmouth, Va., who died September 19, 1885. Three children were born to them: Ella Hobday, born September 1, 1846, married Hon. Erskine H. Brownson, resides in Ottawa, Canada; John Nathan, born July 12, 1849, died in Norfolk, Va., November 27, 1908; Franklin Pierce, born March 4, 1853, died in Norfolk, Va., April 25, 1907. He was again married, July 26, 1893, to Euphemia Mary Cowper, of Norfolk, Va., who survives him and resides in Vineland, N. J.; no children.

CLASS OF 1844.

LIEUT.-COL. EDWARD MARCUS BROWN, A. M.

Edward M. Brown, son of Charles and Hannah (Bartlett) Brown, was born in Hartland, Vt., June 22, 1821, and died in St. Paul, Minn., July 31, 1903.

He prepared for college at the Norwich (Vt.) Institute and entered the University in the spring of 1842, remaining until April, 1844, when he was appointed instructor of Mathematics at the Pennsylvania Literary, Scientific and Military Academy (q. v.) in Bristol, Pa. He nearly completed his course and had been appointed valedictorian of his class, but was unable to return to the University for the graduating exercises. In 1898, the University, in recognition of his work as a soldier and editor, conferred upon him the degrees of A. B. and A. M., as for 1844.



Lieut.-Col. Edward Marcus Brown.

He taught in Bristol, Pa., until 1845, when he located in Alstead, N. H., where he conducted the *American Citizen and Military Advocate*, until 1847. In the spring of that year, he became editor and publisher of the *Spirit of the Age* in Woodstock, Vt. In December, 1860, he sold his paper and removed to Montpelier, Vt., to take editorial charge of the *Vermont Patriot*, which position he held until the Civil War broke out, when he entered the service.

He was an officer in the Vermont Militia, but was unable to accept a commission in the First Regiment. His knowledge of military affairs made his services especially valuable to the State. He assisted General Jackman, '36, in organizing and drilling the State troops. He was commissioned adjutant of the 5th Vermont Infantry, August 24, 1861, and remained with the regiment until January 9, 1862, when he was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the 8th Vermont Infantry at the date of its organization, and proceeded with it to Ship Island and New Orleans. At New Orleans, he was placed upon special service by General Benjamin F. Butler, and, among other duties was the publication and management of the *Delta*, a newspaper taken possession of as a military necessity, for the benefit of the department, and the promotion of Union sentiment. At the close of this service, and the retirement of General Butler as commander of the department of the Gulf, he returned to Montpelier in April, 1863, having, under medical advice, received an honorable discharge from the army, on December 23, 1862. In February, 1864, by re-

quest of General Butler, who was then in command of the department of Virginia and North Carolina, he went to Fortress Monroe, and arranged to publish a daily newspaper, and execute department printing at Norfolk, Va., which, under joint management with Capt. John Clark, a member of General Butler's staff, was continued until after the close of the war. He returned to Vermont in the spring of 1866, and devoted several years to much needed recuperation of health, filling in some time with slight newspaper work for the local papers, mostly on the Vermont *Watchman*.

In July, 1873, he moved with his family to Yankton, Dakota Territory, and was soon appointed United States deputy land surveyor, retaining the position until 1876. He was one of the publishers and editor-in-chief of the *Press and Dakotian*, during 1874-76; and largely through his able work, the warring factions of the Republican party were united and the election of Judge J. P. Kidder, '34, as delegate to Congress, was secured. During 1883-85, he made the survey of the old Fort Rice military reservation in Dakota. In 1890, he removed to St. Paul, Minn., where he made his home until his death. He was first a Democrat in politics and, later a Republican, and held many offices; was postmaster of Woodstock, Vt., June, 1852-60. He was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention held in Charleston, S. C., in 1860, and served as a member of the committee on platforms and resolutions. He was official reporter of the Vermont Senate, 1886-71; was receiver of the United States land office at Bismark, N. D., 1875-83.

He was married May 2, 1846, to Jerusha Benton Haywood of Hartford, Vt., who survives him and resides in St. Paul, Minn. Five children were born to them: Etta, married Arthur Linn, resides in Canton, N. D.; William Colamer, now editor of the *Herald*, at Hurley, S. D.; Frank Pierce, now in the employ of the Northern Pacific Express Co., resides in St. Paul, Minn.; Edward Marcus, a railway postal clerk, resides in St. Paul, Minn.; Loo Loo, married Eugene Spicer, resides in St. Paul.

NON-GRADUATES. 1844.

LIEUT. COL. THOMAS CLARK.

Thomas Clark, son of Robert and Sally (Wyman) Clark, was born in Acworth, N. H., December 4, 1821, and died in Cambridge, Mass., August 12, 1894.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1841, remaining two years. He taught school in Truro, Mass., the Academy at Lempster, N. H., and other New Hampshire towns, 1843-50; Fitchburg, Mass., 1850-57; commission business, Cleveland, Ohio, 1857-'61. He took much interest in the New Hampshire Militia, serving as colonel for some time.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Ohio, and was appointed State drill master at "Camp Cleveland" where he did efficient work in drilling and instructing the 19th Ohio Volunteers; served with this regiment as drill master in the field, June to August, 1861, taking part in the battle of Rich Mountain, Va. He was appointed major of the 29th

Ohio Volunteers, Giddings Regiment, August 13, 1861, and assisted in recruiting and drilling the regiments at Jefferson, Ashtabula Co., Ohio; was promoted lieutenant colonel, December 1, 1861. The regiment was ordered to Virginia, December 25, 1861, where he took part in the battles of Winchester, Chancellorsville, and Port Republic. He was captured in this last battle and held as prisoner at Lynchburg, Va., Salisbury, N. C., Libby Prison, Richmond, Va., and Belle Isle. His sword which was presented to him by the "Sons of Temperance" of Cleveland, Ohio, was taken from him and in 1884, was returned by a Southern lady into whose hands it fell, and is now preserved as a precious memento of those perilous times.



Lieut.-Col. Thomas Clark.

He was exchanged November 5, 1862, and returned to his regiment and took part in several engagements. During the battle of Chancellorsville, May 3, 1863, he was prostrated by a shell passing near his head, which rendered him unconscious for four hours. He was for the remainder of his life troubled with dizziness. He resigned his commission June 19, 1863, owing to impaired health and returned to his old home in New Hampshire, where his family had moved. In 1866, he removed to Cambridge, Mass., where he resided until his death. He was variously engaged as an accountant until 1878, when he received an appointment in the U. S. Customs House, Boston, where he remained until 1887, when owing to failing health, he was forced to resign his position. He was a member of the Third Unitarian Church, Cambridge; Post 30, G. A. R., Cambridge.

He was married May 15, 1851, to Cordelia Almena Richardson of Lempster, N. H., who died April 27, 1902. Four children were born to them: Ellen Louisa, born November 18, 1855, died September 25, 1857; Walter Thomas, born October 26, 1861, Harvard College, '86, died September 24, 1908; Ida Elmna, born October 17, 1864, resides in Cambridge, Mass.; Ernest Robert, born August 17, 1867, died March 1, 1869.

COL. EDGAR ADISON KIMBALL.

Edgar A. Kimball, son of Eliphalet and Nancy (Hall) Kimball, was born in Pembroke, N. H., January 3, 1822, and died in Suffolk, Va., April 12, 1863.

He was a student for a short time at the Pembroke Military Academy, conducted by Capt. Alden Partridge, and during the time of the organization, November, 1846-April, 1847, of the 9th New England Regiment for the Mexican War; received instruction in drill and military tactics from Col. T. B. Ransom at the University. He was in the employ of the Baptist Register,

Concord, N. H., 1843-44; foreman of *Spirit of the Age*, Woodstock, Vt., conducted by Charles G. Eastman, 1844-December, 1845; editor December, 1845-May 10, 1847.

He took an active part in the support of the government on the breaking out of the Mexican War, and on March 8, 1847, was commissioned captain in the U. S. Infantry; and assigned April 9, 1847, to the command of the company recruited from Vermont for the Ninth Regiment, commanded by Col. T. B. Ransom, '25 (q. v.). He served with distinction, performing gallant service in the battles of Contreras and Churubusco for which he was brevetted major, August 20, 1847. He especially distinguished himself at the storming of Chapultepec, September 13, 1847, in which battle Colonel Ransom was shot while leading the regiment in the charge. Captain Kimball and Maj. Thomas H. Seymour, '29, were the first to scale the walls of the citadel, and the regiment was the first to enter the castle. On the return march of the army to Mexico, he acted as paymaster; was mustered out of service at Fort Adams, R. I., August 26, 1848.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of New York; was commissioned major of the 9th New York Volunteers, "Hawkins Zouaves." He served with his regiment at Fort Monroe, and Newport News, Va., forming a part of General Mansfield's Brigade. He took part in General Burnside's expeditions to North Carolina. He commanded the regiment in the storming of a Confederate fort on Roanoke Island, February 7, 1862. He was especially conspicuous for his bravery in this charge, and was promoted lieutenant-colonel, February 14, 1862 for his services. He took part in the Battle of Newberne, N. C., March 14, 1862; was given the command of the regiment April 3, 1862, and led in the charge on Fort Macon, N. C., April 25, 1862. The regiment was soon after assigned to the 1st Brigade, 3d Division, 9th Army Corps; commanded the regiment at the battle of South Mountain September 14, 1862, Antietam, September 17, 1862, and Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862. In February, 1863, the regiment was moved to Newport News and on April 11, 1863 to Suffolk, Va., where on this date, he was shot by Col. Michael Corcoran of the 69th New York, a rival "Zouave Regiment." Corcoran claimed he was detained by Kimball, when trying to pass through the lines on urgent business. Col. Kimball died on the next day. He was a brave and efficient soldier, and would have held a high command had his life been spared.

He engaged in editorial work on the *New York Herald*, 1848-53. He was a Democrat in politics; was postmaster of Woodstock, January 31, 1846, until May 10, 1847; employ of U. S. Customs, New York, 1853-61.

He was married in Cabot, Vt., November 1, 1849 to Helen Lucretia McLean, who survives him and resides in Washington, D. C.; no children.



Col. Edgar Adison Kimball.

BVT. MAJ.-GEN. TRUMAN SEYMOUR, U. S. A., A. M.

Truman Seymour was born in Burlington, Vt., September 24, 1824, and died in Florence, Italy, October 30, 1891.

He entered the University in 1840, remaining until 1842, when he was appointed a cadet at the U. S. Military Academy. He graduated from that Institution, July 1, 1846, and on the same date was appointed a brevet second lieutenant, 1st U. S. Artillery. He was stationed at Fort Pickens, Fla., until the Mexican War, when he was ordered to Mexico. He was promoted second lieutenant, 1st Artillery, March 3, 1847. He took part in the battle of Cerro Gordo, April 17-18, 1847; the skirmish at La Hoya, June 20, 1847; battle of Contreras, August 19-20, 1847; battle of Churubusco, August 20, 1847; and assault and capture of the City of Mexico, September 13-14, 1847. He was brevetted first lieutenant for "gallant and meritorious conduct in the battle of Cerro Gordo," and captain for gallantry in the battle of Contreras and Churubusco, Mexico; was promoted first lieutenant, 1st Artillery, August 6, 1847.



Bvt. Maj.-Gen. Truman Seymour.

He was stationed at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., 1848-49, and Fort Columbus, N. Y., 1849-50. He was assistant professor of drawing at West Point, April 22, 1850-November 26, 1853; was stationed at Fort Moultrie, S. C., 1853-55, 1855-56 and in 1860. He served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1856-58; was on recruiting service, 1858-59; was promoted captain, 1st Artillery, November 22, 1860; was on leave of absence in Europe, 1858-59.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was ordered into active service; was engaged in the defense of Fort Sumpter, S. C., from December 26, 1860, to April 14, 1861, when it was evacuated; was brevetted major for "gallant and meritorious services" in the defense of Fort Sumter; was stationed at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., April 18-June 28, 1861; was transferred to the 5th Artillery, May 14, 1861; was on regimental recruiting service, July 5-September 24, 1861; was in command of camp of instruction at Harrisburg, Pa., September 24-November 30, 1861; was in command of his regiment in the defense of Washington, D. C., December, 1861-March, 1862; was chief of Artillery of General McCall's Division, March 5, 1862-April 28, 1862.

He was commissioned brigadier-general of volunteers, April 28, 1862, and commanded his brigade in the department of the Rappahannock until June 10, 1862; commanded his brigade in the Army of the Potomac in the Peninsular campaign, June-August, 1862, taking part in the battles of Mechanicsville, June 26, Gaines' Mills, June 27, Glendale, June 30. At the battle of Malvern

Hill, July 1, 1862, he commanded his brigade. He commanded his brigade in the battle of Manassas, August 29-30, 1862, and in the Maryland Campaign, September-November, 1862, being engaged in the battles of South Mountain, September 14, Antietam, September, 17, and the march to Falmouth, Va., October-November, 1862. He was brevetted lieutenant-colonel, September 14, 1862, for "gallant and meritorious services" in the battle of South Mountain, and colonel, September 17, 1862, for "gallant and meritorious services" in the battle of Antietam. He served in the Department of the South, November 18, 1862-March 28, 1864; was chief of staff and artillery to the commanding general from January 8 to April 23, 1863; was in command of a division on Fally Island, July 4, 1863; took part in the assault on Morris Island, July 10, 1863; commanded the assault on Fort Wagner, July 18, 1863, where he was severely wounded; was in command of the forces at Hilton Head, S. C., Fort Pulaski, December 5, 1863, to February 5, 1864.

He was in command of the expedition to Florida, February 5-16, 1864, which took possession of Jacksonville, Fla., February 7, 1864; was in command of the district of Florida from February 16 to March 28, 1864, taking part in the battle of Olustee, February, 20th. During the Richmond campaign, he was in command of a brigade in the Sixth Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, May 4-6, 1864, being engaged in the battle of the Wilderness, May 5-6, where he was captured; was a prisoner of war from May 6, until August 9, 1864, when he was exchanged at Charleston, S. C. He was in command of a division in the Sixth Army Corps in the Shenandoah Valley, October 28-December, 1864. He was in command of a division, same corps, December, 1864-April 16, 1865, being engaged in the siege of Petersburg, Va., including the assault on the Confederate picket lines, March 26, 1865; also in the general attack on the enemy's works, April 2, 1865, which terminated the siege. He took part in the pursuit of the Confederate Army, April 3-9, 1865; the battle of Sailor's Creek, April 6, 1865; and the capitulation of General Lee at Appomattox Court House, April 9, 1865. He was on duty around Washington, D. C., April 10-August 24, 1865.

He was brevetted major-general, U. S. Volunteers, March 13, 1865, for "ability and for gallantry and valuable services in action;" brevetted brigadier-general, U. S. Army, March 13, 1863, "for gallant and meritorious services at the capture of Petersburg, Va.;" major-general, U. S. Army, March 13, 1865, "for gallant and meritorious services in the field during the Rebellion!"; was mustered out of the volunteer service, August 24, 1865. He was on a leave of absence from August 24, to October 8, 1865; was in command of Key West, Fla., October 8, 1865-April 5, 1866, and Pensacola, Fla., April 11-16, 1866; was promoted major, Fifth U. S. Artillery, August 13, 1866.

He was a member of the Artillery Board from July, 1868, to April, 1869. He was in command of Fort Warren, Mass., April, 1869 to September, 1870; Fort Preble, Maine, September, 1870-November, 1875; and Fort Barancas, Fla., November, 1875, to September, 1876. He was retired from the army, November 1, 1876, on his own application, after thirty years of continuous service. The degree of A. M., was conferred upon him by Williams College in 1865. He was survived by a widow.

ALBERT I. WADHAMS.

Albert I. Wadhams, was born in Massachusetts, June 19, 1819, and died in Goshen, Mass., May 25, 1884. At an early age his parents removed to Litchfield, Conn., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1842, and remained nearly three years.

He studied law in Litchfield and was admitted to the bar and practiced his profession in Albany County, N. Y., for some years. In 1865, he removed to Goshen, Mass., where he practiced his profession until his death. He enlisted in Company I., 11th Connecticut Infantry, November 27, 1861; was captured, July 6, 1863, at Hanover Court House, Va.; was paroled, July 8, 1863; was wounded June 3, 1864, at Cold Harbor, Va.; was discharged November 26, 1864.



Base Ball Team Returning from the West Point Game, 1911.

CLASS OF 1845.

MAJ. CHARLES EDWARD DENISON, U. S. A., A. M.

Charles E. Denison, son of Henry Champlin and Amy (Smith) Denison, was born in Woodstock, Vt., May 30, 1827, and died in the hospital at Murfreesboro, Tenn., January 15, 1863.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1842, graduating A. B. in 1845; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1846; was tutor in Latin and Greek, 1843-46; was distinguished at the University for his mathematical ability.

He was chief draftsman for the Vermont Central R. R., 1846-48; assistant engineer, Connecticut and Passumpsic R. R., 1849-51; Marietta & Columbia R. R., 1851-53; first assistant engineer, Peoria & Oquawka R. R., and the Peoria & Burlington R. R., 1853-55; was chief engineer of this road, 1855-56 and constructed the line east from Washington, Ill., to Logansport, Ind. This portion of the road was later known as the Toledo, Peoria & Western, and was the first line across the prairies of Illinois; was chief engineer of the Tunica Petersburg R. R., from Jacksonville to Delevan, Ill. He removed to Peoria, Ill., in 1853 where he resided until his death; was city engineer of Peoria, 1856-61.

He organized the "Peoria National Blues," Illinois militia, and served as captain until 1861. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State, and he and his company were mustered into the State service April 22, 1861, his company becoming Co. E. 8th Illinois Volunteers; was stationed for a



Maj. Charles Edward Denison.

time at Cairo, Ill., and took part in several engagements in Kentucky; had the honor of capturing the first Confederate flag in Kentucky. He was commissioned captain 18th U. S. Infantry, May 14, 1861, and served in General Thomas' corps during the campaigns in Tennessee and Kentucky; performed gallant service in the battle of Mill Springs, Ky., January 1862, and at Shiloh, Tenn., April 1862; was severely wounded in the battle of Murfreesboro, Tenn., December 31, 1862, losing a leg and died in the hospital there, January 15, 1863; was buried in the Springdale Cemetery, Peoria, Ill.; was brevetted major U. S. Army, December 31, 1862, for "gallant and meritorious services at the battle of Murfreesboro, Tenn." He was a civil engineer

of exceptional ability and a gallant officer. Had his life been spared, he would no doubt, have held a high command.

He was twice married: first, November 20, 1849, to Harriet Hubbard Stevens of Newbury, who died September 21, 1852; one child, Harriet Stevens, born September 18, 1850, now Mrs. William Hall Walker of New York City. He was again married, March 29, 1854, to Mary Jane Stevens, sister of his first wife. Two children were born to them, Charles, born April 17, 1856, resides in Boston; and John, born in 1860, died in 1900.

EDMUND BRUSH KELLOGG, A. B., C. E.

Edmund B. Kellogg, son of the Rev. Ezra B. Kellogg, D. D., and Sabrina (Brush) Kellogg, and brother of T. H. Kellogg, M. D., '62, was born in Chillicothe, Ohio, November 8, 1824, and died in Knoxville, Ill., January 24, 1855.

At an early age, his parents removed to Flushing, L. I., N. Y., where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1842, and graduated A. B. in 1845.

He was assistant engineer, Northern R. R., in New Hampshire, 1845; division engineer, Passumpsic, R. R., in Vermont. He went to California, *via* Cape Horn in 1849, and located in Santa Cruz, where he soon became prominent in the political affairs of that city; served as county engineer, 1850-51; represented the city in the State Legislature, which met in San Jose in January, 1851. He made the first survey for the city of Vallejo, Cal. He left Vallejo, Cal., for Vermont, July 15, 1851, and in September of the same year removed to Knoxville, Ill., where he made his home until his death. He was chief engineer of the Peoria, Oquawka & Burlington, R. R., September, 1851, until his death, being succeeded by his classmate, Charles E. Dennison, '45.

He was one of the ablest of the graduates of the University. He had great ability as a mathematician and engineer and though a young man, he achieved great distinction in his chosen profession. He was a fine musician, being an expert on the flute, and played in the Norwich Band.

He was married at Norwich, Vt., July 13, 1847, to Susan Jackson Morris, sister of Ephriam Morris, '51. She died in Hanover, N. H., November 4, 1900. Three children were born to them: Arthur Morris, born May 24, 1848, died, May 11, 1859; Susan Weston, born July 11, 1852, married William T. Smith, died March 26, 1902; Edmund Brush, born June 10, 1854, resided at 325 West 28th Street, New York city.

REV. ORLANDO DANA MILLER, M. M. S., A. M., D. D.

Orlando D. Miller, son of Aaron Smith and Sarah Cobb (Pratt) Miller, was born in Woodstock, Vt., October 18, 1821, and died at South Ferrisburgh, N. H., October 11, 1888. At an early age, his parents removed to Pomfret, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1841, graduating A. B., and M. M. S., in 1845; received the degree of A. M., in course in 1853; received the degree of D. D. from Tufts College in 1882.

He was assistant engineer on the Vermont Central R. R., for a few months in 1845; but not finding the work congenial, he began the study of law with Judge Peck, of Burlington, Vt. Not finding the profession suited

to his aspirations, he determined to enter the ministry. While studying law in Burlington, he became acquainted with the Rev. John Gregory, the popular Universalist clergyman, and became converted to his faith; studied for the Universalist ministry with him during 1846-47; was ordained in 1847; was pastor of the Universalist churches in East Middlebury, Vt., 1847-49; Republic, O., 1849-50; Albany, N. Y., 1850-52; North Adams, Mass, 1852-57; Nashua, N. H., 1857-60, supplying in Alstead, N.H., for a portion of this time.

He resided in Nashua until October, 1869, when he removed to Wellesley, Mass. In 1877, he removed to a farm he had bought near Nashua. In 1886, he sold his farm and moved to South Merrimac, N. H., where he resided until his death.

He wrote many articles for the general magazines, church papers, archaeological publications; his papers were read before the Victoria institute and learned societies of Europe; was editor of the Oriental Department of the *American Antiquarian Journal*, for some years. During 1880-82, he wrote the following articles for the *Oriental and Biblical Journal*: *The Assyrio-Babylonian Doctrine of the Future Life, following the Cuneiform Inscriptions*; *The Antiquity of Sacred Writings in the Valley of the Euphrates*; *Accadian or Sumerian*; *The Gan-Eden of Genesis*; *The Pyramidal Temple*; *Solar Symbolism in the Ancient Religions*; *Symbolic Geography or the Ancients*; *Dr. Brugsch-Beyon, the Origin of the Egyptians, and the Egyptian Civilization*; *The*



Rev. Orlando Dana Miller.

Divinity of the Hearth; *Testimony of the Cuneiform Texts to the Antediluvian Period of the Mosiac History*. His chief work was the *Har-Mood of the Mountain of Assembly*, a series of Archaeological studies, chiefly from the Cuneiform inscriptions published in 1892. He was a member of the American Oriental Society, 1875-88; Archaeological Institute of America; honorary member of the Victoria Institute of London, England.

He was a fine classical scholar, and during the years of his ministry gave much time to the study of the languages. He became deeply interested in Archaeology, and although eminently successful in his church work, he felt there was a broader field for him in the study of his favorite subject; and in 1860, he gave up his ministry and began the study of ancient languages, especially the Cuneiform and kindred tongues, that he might become his own interpreter of oriental thought. He had wonderful talent along this line and could read with ease the various modern languages of Europe. His library was large and very valuable, containing many rare and costly works, and numbering over 3,000 volumes and many pamphlets. This valuable collection was given to the University by his daughters, and now occupies

a special room in the Carnegie Library Building. He was a member of the Morning Star Lodge, F. & A. M., and the Nashua Chapter, R. A. M., of Nashua, N. H. He was a profound student of Masonry and contributed many articles to the fraternity.

He was married July 24, 1848, to Cornelia Matilda Burton of Norwich, Vt., sister of W. S. Burton, '55. She died August 9, 1895. Three children were born to them: Evelyn Burton, born December 3, 1849, married Edward Ramsey, quartermaster, U. S. N., resides in Bowling Green, Fla.; Lizzie Baxter, born December 28, 1854, resides in Bowling Green, Fla.; Stella Minerva, born April 25, 1860, died March 25, 1861.

CAPT. WILLIAM ADDISON NEWMAN, M. M. S., A. M.

William A. Newman, son of Eliphalet and Lovey (Drew) Newman, was born in Strafford, Vt., November 10, 1821, and died in Toronto, Canada, March 5, 1870. He entered the University in 1842, and graduated A. B. and M. M. S. in 1845; received the degree of A. M., in course, in 1851. He was commissioned second lieutenant, 9th United States Infantry, the "Old Ninth New England," April 9, 1847, and served with distinction in the Mexican War. He was brevetted first lieutenant, August 20, 1847, for "gallant and meritorious conduct" in the battle of Contreras and Churubusco, Mexico. In the last battle, he lost his left arm; was honorably mustered out of service, August 26, 1848. He was military store keeper of ordnance at Vergennes, Vt., from December 29, 1848, to April 21, 1856. During 1856-64, he held various government positions. He served as chief of the United States Capitol police, from 1864 to 1867, with rank of captain. He was then appointed United States inspector of customs at Toronto Canada, and held the position until his death.

He married Louisa Halsey of Vergennes, Vt. A son, William E. Newman, resides in Washington, D. C.

REV. DANIEL SMITH M. POTTER, A. M., D. D.

Daniel S. M. Potter was born in Manlius, N. Y., March 5, 1819, and died in Morrilton, Arkansas, October 8, 1896. He entered the University from Bath, N. Y., in 1842, and graduated A. B. in 1845; received the degree of A. M. in course, in 1848, and the honorary degree of D. D. in 1884.

He was a teacher in the Pennsylvania Literary, Scientific and Military Institute, at Harrisburg, Pa., for some time previous to 1847; was a tutor in Latin and Greek at "N. U.," August, 1847-April, 1848; assistant professor April-August, 1848. He taught school in Massachusetts several years, and later graduated from a theological school in Pennsylvania. He was ordained a deacon in the Episcopal ministry in New York in 1877; was rector of the church in Mt Sterling, Ky., for several years; was ordained priest in St. Andrews church at Marianna, Ark., April 15, 1888, and was rector of that church for some years previous to his ordination; was rector of the church at Mattapoisett, Mass., 1888-89; Morrilton, Ark., 1889-96.

We quote from the sermon delivered by the Bishop of Arkansas on his death: "Dr. Potter was not a man of little reading and shallow thought. Much of his earlier life had been spent in teaching and nothing tends to fill the mind with much and definite information, as does the conscientious in-

struction of others. Though the simplicity of his character forbade all ostentatious display of learning, yet Dr. Potter was not only a well informed, but a scholarly man. In his theology, he was sound, evangelical and thoroughly Catholic in the true sense of that much misapplied word. In the pulpit he always had something to tell of Christ and His Church worth the hearing."

BRIG.-GEN. SIMON MANLY PRESTON, A. M.

Simon M. Preston, son of Warner and Esther (Brown) Preston, was born in Strafford, Vt., April 14, 1821. He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at the Norwich (Vt.) Institute; entered the University in 1843, and graduated A.B. in 1845; received the degree of A. M. in course, in 1849.

He was instructor in Mathematics and Taetics in the Raleigh Classical Scientific and Military School in Raleigh, N. C., 1846-48; was professor of Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Natural Science and Military Science at the University, 1849-50, and had full charge of the University; was assistant engineer on the Connecticut River Valley R. R., to Wells River, 40 miles of line, in 1845; Northern N. H. R. R., 1845; Chicago & Northwestern R. R., 1850-54, in Illinois; was chief engineer and superintendent of construction, Chicago, Burlington & Pacific R. R. surveys and located the Toledo, Oskalvoosa & Western R. R. in Iowa, making 208 miles of surveys, 1883; engineer on construction of 100 miles of road in Kansas for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, 1886-87.



Brig.- Gen. Simon Manly Preston.

On the breaking out of the Civil War he offered his services to the State of Illinois, and was drill master for the 15th, 16th and 52d Regiments, Illinois Volunteers; was appointed by President Lincoln, assistant adjutant general of the U. S. Volunteers with rank of captain, August 9, 1861, and served on the staffs of Generals Halleck, Hurlburt and Wright; was appointed colonel, April 25, 1864, and placed in command of colored troops; was brevetted brigadier-general of U. S. Volunteers, December 30, 1865, for "long and faithful service"; was mustered out of service April 30, 1866.

He was appointed by President Grant, collector of internal revenue for the first district of Mississippi, April 16, 1869, and served until June 23, 1873; was chief engineer of the Natchez, Jackson and Columbus R. R., 1871-73. He resided in Newton, Iowa, from 1876 to 1890, engaging in farming, engineering work, and mercantile business. He has resided in Seattle, Washington, since 1890, and has retired from active business.

He was married at Louisburg, N. C., December 12, 1848, to Martha Harriet Sargent of Thornton, N. H. Six children were born to them: Betton Manly, born October 1, 1849, died December 26, 1849; Frank Eugene, born April 6, 1851, died August 24, 1852; Edward Livermore, born September 27, 1853, died October 14, 1906; Harold, born September 29, 1858; Clarence Stanley, born June 9, 1861; Alice Pauline, born December 4, 1865. married Gen. E. M. Carr, '79, resides in Seattle, Wash.

MAJOR OTIS SETH TENNEY, A. M., LL. D.

Otis S. Tenney, son of Capt. Seth and Esther (Miller) Tenney, was born in Hanover, N. H., December 4, 1822. He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at the Norwich Institute. He entered the University in 1842, and graduated A.B. in 1845; received the degrees of A.M. in course, in 1847, and LL. D. in 1891.



From an early photograph.



From a recent photograph.

Major Otis Seth Tenney.

He taught in Partridge Military School in Wilmington, Del., 1845-47; removed to Kentucky in 1847 and established a military school at old Fort Mason, Mt. Sterling, and conducted it until 1849. He began the study of law in 1847, with Col. Walter Chiles of Mt. Sterling, and in March, 1849, was admitted to the bar; practiced his profession in Mt. Sterling, 1849-62. He enlisted, October 14, 1862, in the C. S. A., and was commissioned major in the 2d Kentucky Cavalry, served with distinction until the close of the war, when he returned to Kentucky and was paroled at Lexington.

He attempted to resume practice, but was not permitted to do so by the presiding judge, who decided he was not a citizen according to the expatriation act, passed by the legislature in 1861-62. He appealed to the higher court, at Frankfort, and Judge Robertson rendered a decision by which not only he,

but other Confederate soldiers, were allowed to practice at the bar. He continued his residence at Mt. Sterling, actively and successfully engaged in his profession, and in 1868, was a candidate for circuit judge of his district, and again in 1874, but was defeated by small majorities. He moved to Lexington in 1882, where he has practiced his profession to date.

He has been very successful in his profession and is recognized as one of the leading attorneys of central Kentucky. He is a member and commander of John C. Breckenridge Camp No. 100, Confederate Veterans Association of Kentucky; member and president of the Sons of the Revolution of Kentucky.

He was married May 18, 1848, to Junia Maria, daughter of Dr. James Warner of Wilmington, Delaware. Only one child of their large family is living, Lillian Hillyard, now Mrs. Joseph B. Russell of Cambridge, Mass.

NON-GRADUATES, 1845.

MAJ. JOHN MILLS BARNARD, A. M.

John M. Barnard, son of Moses and Polly (Gove) Barnard, and cousin of Jesse Gove, '49, was born in Acworth, N. H., August 21, 1820, and died in Rochester, N. Y., December 12, 1877. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1841, remaining nearly three years; was librarian of the University 1842-44; received the degree of A. M. from the University in 1850.

He taught school in Jackson, Butts Co., Georgia, 1845-46, and Brenhan, Texas, in 1846, until he enlisted in Col. Jack Hay's Regiment, the 1st Texas Mounted Volunteers in May; was promoted captain and major; served at the storming of Monterey, and at the siege of Vera Cruz; later served as quartermaster general of Volunteers. He was discharged in 1847 or early in 1848, and soon located in Des Moines, Ia., where he was admitted to the practice of law. He practiced his profession in Des Moines until about 1856, and during this time also engaged in civil engineering, and the real estate business; was also for some time a land agent. After his marriage in 1856, he removed to Rochester, N. Y., where he resided until his death; also practiced his profession in that city for several years.

He was married November 18, 1856, to Eliza Jane Gove, of So. Weare, N. H., a cousin of Col. Jesse Gove, '49. She died in Des Moines, Ia., September 12, 1905. Five children were born to them: Nora Mills, born July 12, 1858, married A. J. Maughlin, resides in Snohomish, Wash.; Charles Gove, born January 9, 1861, died unmarried in Des Moines, May 26, 1902; William Henry, born March 11, 1867, resides in Des Moines; Kate Belle, born April 24, 1870, married Charles H. Morse, resides in Cambridge, Mass.; John Argyle, born September 29, 1876, died unmarried in Des Moines, Ia., February 17, 1896.

CHARLES EDWARD BLAISDELL.

Charles E. Blaisdell, son of Tracy and Fanny (Howes) Blaisdell, was born in Norwich, Vt., December 12, 1825. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1842, and remained two years. He engaged in farming and business in Norwich, Vt., for many years.

He was married June 17, 1847, to Mary Hutchinson, of Norwich, who died in July 1885. Four children were born to them: Charles; Emma, died in 1894; Bertha; James.

FIRST SERGT. JULIUS CONVERSE CHANDLER.

Julius C. Chandler, son of William B. and Electa (Owen) Chandler, was born in Randolph, Vermont, August 23, 1833, and died in Baraboo, Wis., August 30, 1878. He attended the schools of his town and was a student at the University in the class of 1845.

He learned the printers' trade in Montpelier, Vt., and located in Quincy, Mass., in March, 1852, where he worked at his trade until November, 1853. He then removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he worked on a newspaper until 1855. He then located in Portage, Wis., and in company with his brother, John A. Chandler, published the *Independent* from January, 1856, until 1858, when he sold out his interest in the paper. He then founded *The Adams County Independent* at Friendship, Wis., which he conducted until 1861.

He enlisted in Co. G, 2d Wisconsin Volunteers, April 10, 1861; was promoted sergeant; participated in the first battle of Bull Run; was discharged for disability, November 5, 1861. He enlisted in Co. A, 40th Wisconsin Volunteers, May 12, 1861; was promoted 1st sergeant, June 14, 1861; mustered out of service with his company at Madison, Wis., September 16, 1864. He published the *Sauk Co., Independent*, Baraboo, Wis., 1867-78. He was an able editor and his papers were very influential in his county. He was a Republican in politics, but never held office. He was a member of the I. O. O. F.

He was married November 22, 1853, to Helen Woodward Adams, of Quincy, Mass., who survives him and resides with her children.

Nine children were born to them: Irene Adams, born December 10, 1854, died in January, 1855; Seth Adams, born May 4, 1856, died February 10, 1857; Frank Hilton, born December 5, 1857, resides in Duluth, Minn.; Don Carlos, born September 6, 1859, died May 9, 1901; Mary Joslyn, born February 20, 1861, married Mr. M. P. Stroube, resides in Alameda, Cal.; James Lewis, born April 21, 1863, resides in Alameda, Cal.; Theodore Reed, born January 18, 1864, resides in Davenport, Ia.; Martha Bell, born September 3, 1868, died July, 1895; Robert Adams, born January 5, 1875, drowned, May 9th, 1892.

SAMUEL WEBSTER COBB.

Samuel W. Cobb, son of Daniel and Marinda (Bryant) Cobb, and brother of N. B. Cobb, '46, was born in Stratford, Vt., March 2, 1822, and died in Hanover, N. H., February 28, 1898. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1842, and remained nearly two years.

In 1844, he began clerking for George W. Kibling of Hanover, N. H., and continued in the mercantile business there until his death. He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; was selectman and auditor many years;

justice of the peace over twenty-five years; police justice several years; member of the school board; was postmaster 1857-61, 1885-89; director, vice-president and investing agent, Dartmouth Savings Bank for many years.

He was married three times: first, August 8, 1819, to Almira W. Ripley of Barre, who died April 4, 1867. Three children were born to them: Mary Ellen, born May 21, 1850, married Royal A. Hatch of Strafford, died, July 3, 1885; Laura Maria, born October 22, 1851, married Lemuel S. Hastings, Dartmouth, '70; Julia Marinda, born March 31, 1854, married Dr. Charles E. Quimby, Dartmouth, '74. He was married the second time, April 28, 1868, to Caroline E. Davis of Cornish, N. H., who died May 16, 1879; one son, Walter Davis, born August 13, 1870, Dartmouth College, '91. He was married the third time, August 2, 1880, to Luella C. Hutchinson of Norwich, who died June 23, 1909.



Samuel Webster Cobb.

CAPT. JOHN C. CROWNINSHIELD.

John C. Crowninshield, son of Capt. John and Maria (Crowninshield) Crowninshield was born in Salem, Mass., December 21, 1820, and died unmarried in Andover, Mass., in April, 1898; was buried in Salem. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1842, remaining nearly three years.

He studied law and practiced in Boston until the Mexican War broke out, when he offered his services to the state of Massachusetts; was commissioned junior 1st lieutenant Co. E, 1st Mass., Infantry, December 15, 1846, and served with distinction in General Scott's army in Mexico. He is said to have been promoted captain for gallantry; was mustered out of service, August 24, 1848.

He was editor of the *Salem Advertiser*. He removed to Andover, Mass., about 1890, where he made his home until his death. He was a fine scholar and contributed many articles to the Salem, Boston and Andover papers, and to the publications of the "Essex Institute." He possessed a valuable collection of papers and relics of the famous Crowninshield family of Salem.

LIEUT. CHARLES K. DEAN.

Charles K. Dean, was born in South Glastonbury, Conn. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1842, and remained two years. He located in Boscobel, Wis., about 1851, and was one of the original owners of the site of that city. He was prominent in the affairs of the city

and held many positions of trust. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State. On April 16, 1861, he circulated a call for volunteers, and assisted in organizing a company for the service, which became Co. C, 2d Wisconsin Infantry; was appointed sergeant, April 22, 1861; 1st lieutenant, April 23, 1861; served as adjutant of the regiment for some time; was severely wounded in the battle of Antietam and the Wilderness; resigned May 18, 1863. Soon after the war, he returned to his old home in Connecticut, where he died about 1890.

HON. ROSWELL DOW, A. M.

Roswell Dow, son of Agrippa and Polly (Storrs) Dow, was born in Hanover, N. H., January 14, 1824, and died in Sycamore, Ill., October 2, 1901. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in March, 1843, and remained two years, being obliged to give up his college course owing to ill health. The University in recognition of his work as a scholar conferred upon him the degree of A. M. in 1891.



Hon. Roswell Dow.

He taught school in Hanover, N. H., 1841-43. He located in Sycamore, DeKalb Co., Ill., in 1846, and organized the first graded school in De Kalb County, Sycamore, winter 1847-48. In 1848-49, he taught a private school in the old court-house, and in 1849-50 in the Temperance Hall. In 1850, he built Dow's Academy, which he conducted until 1855; engaged in the manufacture of brick for some time. In 1861, he located on his farm near Sycamore, where he resided until 1892, when he returned to the city and engaged in the real estate business for some time.

He was a trustee of the Sycamore Public Library, and of Wheaton College. He contributed articles to the newspapers on anti-slavery, and prohibition topics, and for some time conducted an "Agricultural Department," in an Illinois paper. He took

great interest in scientific study and was for a number of years a voluntary observer for the U. S. Weather Bureau at Sycamore. He was an active Prohibitionist; was a candidate for State representative in 1870 and State senator in 1886, being defeated by only a small majority; was county treasurer, 1855-59; town supervisor, 1862-65; superintendent of schools of Sycamore, 1873-74. He was a member of the First Congregational Church, Sycamore; president of the Union League, 1861-65.

He was married, September 6, 1851, to Theresa Emilia Richards of Hamilton, N. Y., who survives him and resides in Wheaton, Ill. Five children were born to them: Thirza Richards, born September 1, 1852, married Mr. Manilius Rogers, resides in Bellingham, Wash.; Flora Jeannette, born February,

1855, died June 29, 1905; Edmund Terry, born May 4, 1857, resides in Blanea, Colo.; Elsie Storrs, born September 30, 1859, resides in Wheaton, Ill.; Ray Storrs (q. v.) "N. U." '95.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. BERNARD GAINS FARRAR, A. B.

Bernard G. Farrar, son of Bernard Gains and Ann (Thurston) Farrar, was born in St. Louis, Mo. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1842, remaining two years. He was a student at the St. Louis University for some time, and graduated A. B. from the University of Virginia. He travelled extensively through Europe and Asia and on his return home devoted himself to his extensive plantation interests.

Although a large slave owner, yet in 1854, he became a Free Soiler and a strong Union man, and up to 1861, fought with F. P. Blair and others, the political battles on this line. On

May 12, 1861, he was commissioned a major in the Missouri State troops, serving until July 27th, same year, when he was commissioned lieutenant-colonel and served on the staff of General Nathaniel Lyon. In the fall of 1861, he assisted in organizing the loyal citizens and equipping them with arms, and did much to prevent the capture of the St. Louis arsenal by the Southern sympathizers. He took part in the capture of Camp Jackson: served with General Lyon up to his death at Wilson's Creek, August 10, 1861. He was soon appointed provost marshal-general; served on the staff of Major-General Halleck, Department of the Mississippi for some time; was promoted colonel in the State troops, December 4, 1862, and served until September of the same year. On October 29, 1862, he



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Bernard Gains Farrar.

was commissioned colonel of vounteers and raised and organized the 30th Missouri Infantry. He served in Gen. F. P. Blair's brigade, commanding the brigade at the siege of Vicksburg.

His regiment becoming much reduced in numbers, owing to sickness and death, he obtained permission to organize a regiment of colored troops. He was commissioned colonel U. S. colored troops on January 21, 1864. He proceeded to Natchez, Miss., and there recruited and organized the 6th U. S. Colored Heavy Artillery, 1800 men strong. He took with him his regiment, the 30th Missouri Infantry, to facilitate the work. His regiment of colored troops soon became noted in the army for its efficient work. He was in command of the post at Vidalia, and through efficient and honest services, saved the U. S. government thousands of dollars worth of property. In December, 1863, he was given command of the district of Natchez having under his command five thousand men. He made many raids into the surrounding country,

securing valuable supplies. He was brevetted brigadier-general of volunteers, March 9, 1865; resigned his commission on May 8, 1865. He then retired to his plantation in St. Louis County, where he made his home until 1880, when he removed to St. Louis, where he has since resided. During the street railway strike in St. Louis, in 1899, he was placed in command of the *posse comitatus* and through his efficient service, order was soon restored.

He is a Republican in politics, and has held several positions. In 1899, he was appointed U. S. Assistant Treasurer at St. Louis, Mo., and held the position until 1904.

ASAHEL CLARK FINNEY.

Asahel C. Finney, son of Col. Levi and Orpha (Clark) Finney, was born in Shrewsbury, Vt., in 1822, and died in Kansas City, Mo., about 1885. He entered the University in 1841, remaining three years. He engaged in business in Shrewsbury, Vt., until 1850, when he located in Meadville, Pa., and continued in mercantile pursuits. Later he moved to Clearfield, Pa., and engaged in the lumber business. In 1872, he located in Williamsport, Pa., where he continued in the same line of work, being a partner in the Star Lumber Co., until 1882, when he moved to Kansas City, Mo. Here he made his home until his death.

He is survived by a son, A. M. Finney of Charlestown, W. Va.

JOHN AUGUSTUS HALE.

John Augustus Hale, son of Ebenezer and Sarah (Cornwall) Hale, was born in Glastonbury, Conn., March 30th, 1821, and died August 21, 1855. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1841, remaining three years.

He was a clerk in the post office at Hartford, Conn., 1844. He entered the employ of the Aetna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford in 1846, and remained with them until his death, holding the various positions of clerk, general traveler, adjuster, and general agent. He was a Democrat in politics. He was a member of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Glastonbury, Conn.

He was married June, 1845, to Henrietta S. Moseley of Glastonbury, Conn. Four children were born to them: George Henry, born October 15, 1850, resides in South Glastonbury; John Howard, born November 25, 1853, resides in South Glastonbury, Conn.; Isabel Cornwall, born June 5, 1846, died August 1876; Mary Moseley, born November 5, 1848, died December 7, 1881.

STILLMAN RANSOM HEMENWAY.

Stillman R. Hemenway, son of Phineas and Jennie (Fay) Hemenway, was born in Woodstock, Vt., September 5, 1822, and died in Lamoille, Ill., November, 1862. He entered the University in 1841, and remained until 1844.

He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1845; practiced his profession in Wilmington, Vt., 1845-47; Fair Haven, Vt., 1847-50, Lamoille, Ill., October 1850-November, 1862. He met with marked success in his profession; was much interested in literature; wrote several poems and a novel, *The Grecian Cadet*. He was a Republican in politics and took a prominent part in the public affairs of his county.

He was married March 19, 1853, to Julia Mandana Boyd, who survives him and resides in Wilmington, Vt., no children.

EDWIN McNEILL.

Edwin McNeill, son of Isaac and Mabel (Clark) McNeill, was born in Litchfield, Conn., September 10, 1822, and died at West Point, N. Y., September 13, 1875. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1842, and remained until 1845, receiving a certificate from the Engineering department.

He taught Mathematics in an academy at Ellicott's Mills, Md., 1845 until 1847, when he began work in his chosen profession of civil engineering. He began work as a chainman on the construction of the Erie R. R., at Great Bend, Penn. His competence and excellent training soon disclosed itself and he was quickly promoted. The next summer, he was placed in charge of the construction of the Starrucca Viaduct. This is one of the finest pieces of work on that road and is still in use. He carried out this work with great vigor. On the completion of this work in the fall of 1846, he was appointed a division engineer on the New Jersey Central R. R., which position he held until 1848; was division engineer on the Cayuga & Susquehanna R. R., 1848-49. In this last year, he was appointed chief engineer of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. The northern division from Scranton to Great Bend was the first built; then the southern, through the famous Delaware Water Gap to Hampton, N. J. This last work was one of the most difficult engineering feats executed in the East and gained for Mr. McNeill great prominence as an engineer. The road was completed in 1856.



Edwin McNeill.

During 1849-56, he also constructed the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg, extending from Scranton, through the Wyoming Valley coal fields, to Northumberland. Late in 1856, he accepted the position of chief engineer of the Macon & Brunswick, and the Brunswick & Western Railroads, and remained in the South until 1859, when he returned north to become president of the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., which position he retained until 1865. He then returned to his native town of Litchfield, Conn., where he made his home until his death.

The remaining ten years of his life were devoted to the restoring of his broken health in the South and in the West India Islands and in the advancement of his native town. In the former, he was unsuccessful, but in the latter he accomplished much. The most noteworthy of his numerous efforts in this direction was the founding of the First National Bank of Litchfield, Conn., and the giving the town the railroad communication by the projecting, locating and building of the Shepaug Valley R. R. (now the Litchfield Branch of the

N. Y., N. H., & H. R. R.) and at his death, he was president of the bank and of the railroad.

In 1875, while on his way to Colorado, to take up his residence, he stopped at West Point to see his son Edwin, then a cadet at the National Academy; was taken suddenly ill and died there, September 13. Mr. McNeill was one of the ablest engineers of his time, yet his personal preference was for Mathematics and he always regretted that he did not accept the professorship of Mathematics tendered him by Columbia College. He possessed keen sagacity, indomitable will, untiring energy, fearless enterprise and great executive ability. He met with success in his business enterprises and left a large property.

He was married in 1856, to Emily Dotterer of Scranton, Pa., who survives him and resides in Litchfield, Conn. Seven children were born to them: Edwin, born December 31, 1856, graduated at West Point, died January 23, 1901; Mabel, born January 2, 1859, died January 24, 1860; Elmore Bostwick, born September 4, 1860, a graduate of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (C. E.), died November 20, 1894; Anne Emeline, born 1862, married Thomas H. Langford, resides Litchfield, Conn.; Alexander, born August 7, 1864, Lafayette College (C. E.), banker and broker in New York City; George Scranton, born July 3, 1865, studied civil engineering at Phillips Academy, resides in Litchfield, Conn.; Ruth Edwina, born December 28, 1867, resides in Litchfield, Conn.

MAJ. JOHN BROWN MILROY.

John B. Milroy, son of Gen. Samuel and Martha (Houston) Milroy, and brother of Gen. R. H. Milroy, '43, was born near Salem, Washington County Ind., June 8, 1820, and died there about 1900. At an early age, his parents removed to Delphi, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1842, and remained two years, receiving a certificate from President Ransom showing he had completed the military course. He engaged in farming near Delphi for many years. He took an active interest in the state militia; was commissioned colonel of the 77th Indiana Regiment, State Militia, in 1846.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he took an active part in recruiting troops for the service; and on August 20, 1861, was commissioned captain of Company A, 9th Indiana Volunteers, the famous "Bloody 9th," commanded by his brother, Robert H. Milroy. He did valiant service in the battle of Green River, West Virginia, Fort Donelson, and Pittsburg Landing, and was commissioned major, for bravery in the field. At the battle of Buffalo Mountain, Colonel Moody, then commander of the 9th, becoming ill, turned his command over to him. The colonel of the 2d Virginia (Union) Volunteers, Owen by name, fled the field and was afterwards cashiered for cowardice. The action of the officer, left him in command and had it not been for his bravery and ability, the regiments would have been annihilated; but in this trying time he proved equal to the occasion, and was able to withdraw his troops with little loss. He took part in the Allegheny fight and in a number of raids. He was chosen colonel of this regiment but did not serve, as in July, 1862, he was forced to resign his command, owing to sickness contracted from exposures in the service.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; represented his district in the State Legislature in 1852, 1863, 1865 and 1866; was treasurer

and auditor of Carroll County, 1865-72. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge of Delphi; also the G. A. R.

He was married, June 18, 1844, to Matilda Alice Stansel of Delphi, who died June 7, 1884. Five children were born to them of whom two survived their parents: Martha, married a Mr. Willison, resides in Washington; Carrie, married a Mr. Simms, resides in Delphi, Ind.

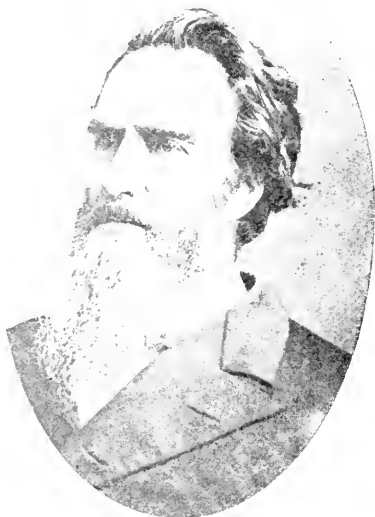
LIEUT.-COL. DAVID KNOX NOYES.

David K. Noyes, son of Enoch and Mary Ann (Knox) Noyes, was born in Tunbridge, Vt., October 28, 1820, and died November 24, 1900, at his home in Baraboo, Wis. He prepared for college in the Royalton and Chelsea Academies and entered the University in 1842, remaining two years. In 1844, he removed to Iowa County, Wis., his parents following him the next year.

He worked for a time in the lead mines of Wisconsin, being associated with Gen. Amasa Cobb; and on the breaking out of the Mexican War, helped organize and drill a company of volunteers for the service, which was not accepted as at that time no further troops were required. In 1846, he removed to Dodgeville, and began the study of law with Hon. David Noggle, and was admitted to the bar in 1847. In June, of the same year, he began the practice of his profession in Baraboo, Wis., being its first attorney.

In 1855, he established the *Baraboo Republic*, the first paper to be printed in Baraboo, which he conducted for several years in company with a brother. He was the owner of much property in and about Baraboo, and in 1852, built a residence which has been one of the landmarks of the city since that time. He continued to live in this residence until his death, with the exception of one summer, that of 1855, that he spent on one of his farms, four miles north of the village.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to his country, and was commissioned 1st lieutenant, Co. A, 6th Wis. Vols., to rank from April 26, 1861. He served in the famous "Iron Brigade" in the Army of the Potomac with distinction, and at the battle of Antietam, while in command of his company, having been commissioned captain, lost his right foot by an explosion of a shell that killed or wounded seventeen of his company. He was confined to the hospital for several weeks and on his recovery served for about a year as a recruiting officer. He was commissioned major of the 49th Wis. Inf., Vols., January 28, 1865, and entered upon the service the same



Lieut.-Col. David Knox Noyes.

day; was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the same regiment, November 14, 1865, to rank same day.

He served at St. Louis and Rolla, Mo., and later was on court martial duty in the city of St. Louis; resigned his commission shortly thereafter, and returned to his home in Baraboo, Wis. He was a Republican and held many offices; was post master in Baraboo from 1867 until 1883, when he resigned the place owing to his severe lameness. He served in the Wisconsin Assembly in 1856; was a justice of the peace in his younger years in Baraboo, Wis., and was the first state treasury agent in the state of Wisconsin, and was also the first town clerk in the town of Baraboo.

He retired from active business when he resigned from the post office in Baraboo, Wis. He was an active member of the Presbyterian church. He was a member of the F. and A. M., I. O. O. F., the G. A. R., and Loyal Legion, and was a delegate at the Boston Reunion.

He married Lucinda Barnes of Chelsea, Vt., June 18, 1848. Four children were born: Clara Lucinda, wife of Howard J. Huntington of Green Bay, Wis.; D. Walter Knox Noyes, Baraboo, Wis.; Arthur H. Noyes, attorney at Minneapolis, Minn., and Rolla E. Noyes, attorney at Billings, Mont.

EDWARD ALTAMONTE PARTRIDGE, A. B.

Edward A. Partridge, son of Prof. John Milton Partridge, (q. v.), and Lois (Newton) Partridge, was born in Norwich, Vt., March 26, 1826, and died in Buffalo, N. Y., May 23, 1855.

He attended the schools of Norwich and entered Dartmouth College in 1842, graduating A. B. in 1846. During 1844-46, he studied civil engineering with President Ransom at "N. U." He was engineer on several railroads in New York. He was survived by a daughter, Elizabeth, who resides in Claremont, N. H.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. FREDERICK WILLIAM PARTRIDGE.

Frederick W. Partridge, son of Cyrus and Mary (Loveland) Partridge, and brother of William Partridge, '49, was born in Norwich, Vt., August 19, 1824, and died in Sycamore, Ill., January 22, 1899.

He attended the schools of his town, Dartmouth College for a brief period, and the University, 1842-44. He studied law in Albany, N. Y., for a few months in 1844, then with Hon. Franklin Pierce, Concord, N. H., until 1846, when he gave up his profession to engage in teaching. He was instructor at the Harrisburg (Pa.) Military Academy, 1846-47.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he raised a company at Harrisburg, Pa., for the service, and in January, 1847, went to Mexico; was employed by the United States Government as a secret agent to the Mexican Government, was captured as a spy and imprisoned in San Juan, d'Ulloa, for some time. He located in Milford, Kendall County, Ill., in 1848, and engaged in farming until 1856. In this last year, he resumed his law studies with Hon. Isaac N. Arnold, of Chicago; was admitted to the Chicago bar in 1857, and practiced his profession in Sandwich, Ill., 1857-61, and for a few months in 1864.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was a captain in the State Militia. He offered his services to the State, and was appointed a recruiting officer.

He recruited a company which became Company E, 13th Regiment, and was commissioned its captain, May 24, 1861; was promoted major, June 23, 1861; lieutenant-colonel, February 17, 1863; brevetted colonel and brigadier general of volunteers for "gallant and meritorious services at the battle of Lookout Mountain, Chattanooga, Tenn., and Ringold Gap, Ga.,"; was mustered out of service, June 18, 1864.

He was originally a Democrat, but joined the Republican party in 1860; took a prominent part in the political campaign in Illinois that year; was post master, Sandwich, Ill.; was clerk circuit court *ex-officio* recorder, at Sycamore, 1864-68. He was appointed United States consul at Bangkok, Siam, in 1869, and held the position until July 4, 1876. He met with much success in the mission and greatly added to the prestige of the American flag in that country: received the official thanks of the Secretary of State for his work; was special examiner of pensions with headquarters in Rushville, Ind., and Tiffin, Ohio, 1882-89. He travelled extensively in Asia in 1875-76. He removed to Sycamore, Ill., in 1864, where he made his home until his death.



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Frederick W. Partridge.

He was a personal friend of General U. S. Grant. They first met in Vera Cruz, during the Mexican War. He was instrumental in securing, in 1861, the commission for General Grant, when his appointment was held in the balance. When General Grant became president, he appointed him consul in Siam. He was a member of St. Peter's Episcopal Church of Sycamore.

He was married at Milford, Ill., January 16, 1852, to Mary Hitchner Coombs Paullin, who died September 20, 1882. Five children were born to them: Frederick Paullin, born July 10, 1853, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Arthur Paullin, born November 8, 1855, died, December 12, 1855; Blanche, born in Sandwich, Ill., October 1, 1860, died February 22, 1898; Frank Paullin, born October 15, 1862, died July 10, 1864; Clarence Paullin, born December 27, 1864, died March 4, 1865.

HENRY LEWIS PARTRIDGE.

Henry L. Partridge, son of Samuel and Matilda (Lewis) Partridge, was born in Norwich, Vt., about 1822, and died in Massachusetts. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1841, and remained three years.

He removed to Canton, Mass., and engaged in the druggist business for some time; served as a hospital steward in the Massachusetts Volunteers during the Civil War.

CAPT. MILAN HEBARD SESSIONS.

Milan H. Sessions was born in Randolph, Vt., December 4, 1821, and died in Minneapolis, Minn., in 1898. He prepared for college at the Randolph Academy and entered the University in 1842, remaining two years. He read law with Judge Edmund Weston, (q. v.) trustee of "N. U.," and was admitted to the bar at Chelsea, Vt., June 17, 1846.

He practiced his profession in Randolph, Vt., 1846-January, 1850; Waitsfield, Vt., January, 1850-May, 1855; Waupaca, Wis., May, 1855-April, 1871; Lincoln, Neb., April, 1871-May, 1884. On this last date, he moved to Minneapolis, Minn., where he made his home until his death. He was Republican in politics and held many offices; was state's attorney, Washington County, Vt., in 1852 and 1853; was district attorney for Waupaca County, Wis., 1857 and 1858; State senator in 1865 and 1866; served in the Wisconsin House of Representatives in 1869; was a member of the State Legislature from Lincoln, Neb., in 1873-74, 1879, and 1883, serving as speaker of the House in 1873-74.



Capt. Milan Hebard Sessions.

In August, 1862, he was commissioned by the governor of Wisconsin to raise a company for the 21st Regiment. He enlisted eighty-seven men for the company in twenty-four hours. On August 26, 1862, he was commissioned captain of this company, which became Co. G, 21st Regiment. He left Oshkosh for the front, September 15, 1862. He served with distinction with his company, participating in many battles and engagements, and taking part in General Sherman's famous March to the Sea. He was mustered out of service in 1864.

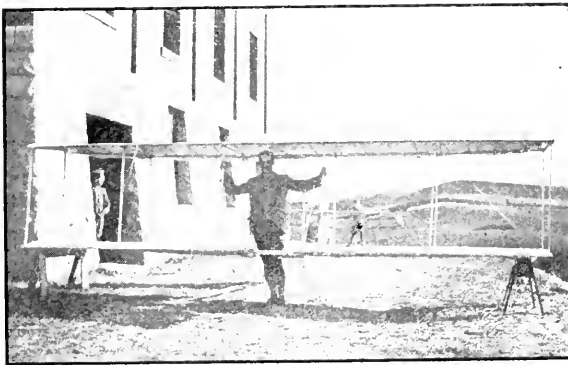
He was a prominent member of the G. A. R., serving as delegate from the Department of Minnesota to the National Encampment in Portland, Maine in 1885; at St. Louis, Mo., in 1887; and in Columbus, Ohio, in 1888. At this last encampment, he served as aid on the staff of John B. Read, commander in chief.

He was twice married: first, November 3, 1847, to Caroline B. Chandler of Randolph, Vt. She died in Waupaca, Wis., March 17, 1857. Three children were born to them: John Hebard, born November 6, 1848, resides in Minneapolis, Minn.; Caroline Wallace, born May 31, 1852, resides in Hillsboro, N. D.; Mary Willis, born April 6, 1854, resides in Hillsboro, N. D. He was married the second time in Madison, Wis., June 21, 1866, to Caroline Wilson, who survives him and resides in Minneapolis, Minn. One child was born to them: Alice Thorn, born September 5, 1868, married W. H. Boutelle, resides in Minneapolis.

HON. WILLIAM EVERETT TUTHERLY.

William E. Tutherly, second son of Samuel Tutherly, was born in Unity, N. H., January 27, 1823, and died in Claremont, N. H., January 8, 1893. His parents removed to Claremont, N. H., in 1833, where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1842, and remained two years. He was selectman for seven years; county commissioner, 1876-85; was town representative in the State Legislature in 1865, 1866, and 1878; was a member of the Governor's Council in 1867 and 1868. He was for several years a director of the Claremont National bank. When not occupied with public duties, he gave his attention to farming. He was a careful, painstaking, and successful business man.

He was married, June 1, 1847, to Lorette Collins, daughter of Sherman Rossiter, of Claremont. She died January 8, 1888. Three children were born to them: Herbert Everett, captain U. S. A.; Mary Elizabeth, married Fred W. Haubrich, resides in Claremont; William, major 1st N. H. Vols., Spanish American War; now a lawyer in White River Junction, Vt.





Alexander Moses Bennett.

CLASS OF 1846.

ALEXANDER MOSES BENNETT,
A. M.

Alexander M. Bennett, son of Moses and Nancy (Wheeler) Bennett, was born in Westmoreland, N. H., in October 1823, and died unmarried, in Tampa, Florida, January 16, 1853.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1843, and graduated A. B. in 1846; received the degree of A. M. in course, in 1850. He taught school in La Grange, Ga., from 1846 until 1852, when his health failing, he returned to Westmoreland. The change did not prove beneficial and in December, 1853, he went to Tampa, Fla., where he died.

CHARLES WILLARD BURT, A. B.

Charles W. Burt, son of Willard and Martha (Wood) Burt, was born in Westmoreland, N. H., November 6, 1820, and died in Detroit, Mich., April, 11, 1859. He was a direct descendant on his father's side from James Burt, who settled in Newport, R. I., in 1639 and on his mother's side, from John White, who settled in Salem, Mass., in 1639.

He attended the schools of his town and the Mt. Caesar Seminary, Swanzev, N. H., in 1843, and the Academy in Lebanon, N. H., in 1844. He entered the University in the spring of 1845, with advance standing, and graduated A. B. in 1846. He studied law with Hon. Levi Chamberlain, Keene, N. H., and was admitted to the Cheshire County bar in 1848.

He practiced his profession in Colebrook, N. H., from 1848 until 1854, when he removed to Detroit, Mich., and continued his practice until his death. In 1855, he formed a partnership with A. B. Maynard, Esq. He met with marked success in his profession. He was a young man of rare promise, of extra legal ability, of great purity of character and remarkable for his industry. He was offered a judgeship, which he declined, preferring to continue in the regular practice.

He was married January 28, 1852, to Julia A. Loomis, of Colebrook, N. H., who died in Clinton, Iowa, May 3, 1859; no children.

HON. NATHAN BRYANT COBB., A. M.

Nathan B. Cobb, son of Daniel and Marinda (Bryant) Cobb, and brother of Daniel B. B. Cobb, '37, and Samuel Webster Cobb, '45, was born in Strafford, Vt., October 14, 1827, and died there, May 20, 1906. He prepared for

college in the school of his town and entered the University in September, 1843, and remained until May, 1846. In 1874, the University conferred upon him the degree of A. B. and A. M. as for 1846.

He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices; was town clerk 1863-1906; trustee of public moneys, 1863-1906; justice of the peace, 1866 until his death; assistant judge of Orange County Court, 1874-75; represented his town in the House of Representatives 1870 and 1880; was superintendent of schools nine years. He took an active interest in the Harris Library and served a librarian for several years. He was a member of the Congregational church, serving as deacon for many years.

He was twice married: first, November 1, 1861, to Emily Cabot, daughter of Hyde and Mary (Wiggin) Cabot of Chelsea, Vermont. She died April 14, 1872; no children. He was again married, December 9, 1873, to Mary Jennie Gardner of Thetford, Vermont, who died March 17, 1879.

One son, Gardner Nathan, born March 1, 1879. Dartmouth College, 1901, and now a physician in White River Junction, Vermont.



Hon. Nathan Bryant Cobb.

LUCIUS DARWIN PIERCE, A. M.

Lucius D. Pierce, son of Ezekiel Porter and Susannah (Porter) Pierce, was born in Chesterfield, N. H., August 9, 1820, and died in Winchendon, Mass., May 8, 1858.

He prepared for college at the Chesterfield Academy and entered the University in 1842. In 1844, he went to Portsmouth, Va., and served as professor of languages in the Virginia Literary, Scientific and Military Academy (q. v.) one year; returned to the University in 1845, and graduated A. B. in 1846; received the degree of A. M., in course, in 1849.

He studied law with Hon. William P. Wheeler, Keene, N. H., 1846-49; was admitted to the bar in 1849, and practiced his profession in Marlow, N. H., 1849-November, 1853. He removed to Winchendon, Mass., in November, 1853, and formed a partnership with Benjamin O. Tyler and practiced law with him until 1854, when he withdrew from the partnership and continued his practice until his death. He met with success in his profession and acquired a valuable property. He held several offices; was justice of the peace many years; was U. S. Commissioner of New Hampshire and Vermont, 1850-53.

He married Lucy C., daughter of John H. Fuller of Keene, N. H.; no children.

HENRY LOUIS SHAFTER HASKELL, A. M.

Henry L. S. Haskell, son of Roger and Hannah (White) Haskell, was born in Weathersfield, Vt., December 12, 1818, and died near Bloomington, Ill., December 5, 1902. He attended the schools of his town until 1834, when he went to New York and became a steward on a packet boat on the Erie Canal; after working in this capacity three years, he returned home and resumed his studies. He finished his preparation for college at the A. S. & M. Academy, Unity, N. H., 1842-43, and at the New England Seminary, Windsor, Vt., March-May, 1844. He entered the University May 6, 1841, and graduated A. B. July 9, 1846; received the degree of A. M., in course, from the University in 1850.



Henry Louis Shafter Haskell.

He then studied law with Judge William Pingree, Perkinsville, Vt., until November 4, 1847; taught school in Randolph Co., Georgia, January-November, 1848; continued the study of law with Perkins & Couske, Cuthbert, Ga., 1848-49. He removed to Bloomington, Ill., July, 1849, and studied law with Gen. A. Gridley, July 5, 1849-August, 1850; taught school near Bloomington fall of 1849; was admitted to the bar August 17, 1850. He practiced his profession in Bloomington, 1850-51; Metamora, Ill., August, 1851-May, 1861. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he enlisted, May 26, 1861, in Co. K, 11th Illinois Infantry, in the battalion commanded by T. E. G. Ransom, '51; and owing to ill health, was mustered out of the service July 30, 1861; was offered the second lieutenantcy of his company, but was unable to accept the commission. He bought a farm in Woodford Co., in 1861, which he conducted until March 15, 1865, when he sold out and bought a farm in Dale, Ill., just west of Bloomington, where he resided until his death. He took great interest in educational matters; took an active part in organizing the public schools of Bloomington; and in raising funds to found the Illinois Wesleyan University; was a public speaker of more than ordinary ability; was a Republican in politics, served as chairman of the Republican central committee during 1860-61.

He was twice married: first, August 14, 1851, to Mary Melvina Spaulding of Bloomington, who died November 2, 1854; no children. He was again married, December 25, 1862, to Sarah Jane Banta of Metamora, who died August 16, 1879; no children.

He then studied law with Judge William Pingree, Perkinsville, Vt., until November 4, 1847; taught school in Randolph Co., Georgia, January-November, 1848; continued the study of law with Perkins & Couske, Cuthbert, Ga., 1848-49. He removed to Bloomington, Ill., July, 1849, and studied law with Gen. A. Gridley, July 5, 1849-August, 1850; taught school near Bloomington fall of 1849; was admitted to the bar August 17, 1850. He practiced his profession in Bloomington, 1850-51; Metamora, Ill., August, 1851-May, 1861. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he enlisted, May 26, 1861, in Co. K, 11th Illinois Infantry, in the battalion commanded by T. E. G. Ransom, '51; and owing to ill health, was mustered out of the service July 30, 1861; was offered the second lieutenantcy of his company,

NON-GRADUATES, 1846.

HON. HORACE EVERETT BARRON.

Horace E. Barron, son of William and Hannah Davis (Brooks) Barron, was born in Bradford, Vt., March 21, 1826, and died in Faribault, Minn., February 26, 1892. He prepared for college at the Bradford Academy, and entered the University in 1843, remaining two years.

He was assistant engineer on the first survey for the railroad from White River Junction to Derby Line, Vt. In 1850, he removed to Chicago and was a traveling man for a wholesale house until 1855. He removed to Faribault, Minn., in 1855, where he made his home until his death. In 1856, he built the Barron House, which he managed until 1879; was engaged during 1862-64 in Chicago settling his brother William's estate.

He was a Republican in politics and held many offices; was elected to the first board of Aldermen in 1872, and served as its president until 1874; represented his city in the House of Representatives 1873-75, and served on the committee of Ways and Means. He took an active interest in the establishment of the State Charitable institutions; was a member of the state board of directors, 1866-80, and its president, 1876-80; was State steward of the various charitable institutions in Faribault, 1881-92. "Barron Hall" at the



Hon. Horace Everett Barron.

State school for the deaf is named in his honor. He was a member of Faribault Lodge No. 9, F. and A. M. of Faribault, Minn.

He was married in St. Louis, Mo., February 22, 1876, to Kate Winton Gray, who survives him and resides in Faribault, Minn. They had four children: twin girls, born in 1877, and died in infancy; Elsie, born June 5, 1878, died July 7, 1878; Mary Bellah Grey, born January 26, 1880, resides in Faribault, Minn.

NORMAN WILLIAMS BRIDGE.

Norman W. Bridge, son of John Bridge, was born in Pomfret, Vt., in November, 1822, and died there unmarried, September 3, 1861.

He entered the University in 1843, remaining until 1845, when receiving a paralytic stroke, he was forced to give up his college course. He never recovered his health and remained practically helpless, until his death. At an

early age, he showed great ability as a writer, and but for his physical condition, would have gained distinction in the field of literature. He with the aid of an amanuensis, contributed several stories and poems to the various papers of the State. Several of his poems were published in the *Poets of Vermont*.

LIEUT.-COL. LINUS DEWEY BISHOP, A. M.

Linus D. Bishop, son of Linus and Eliza Newton (Lee) Bishop, was born in Sandy Hill, N. Y., April 19, 1828, and died in Fort Edward, New York, June 3, 1879.



Lieut.-Col. Linus Dewey Bishop.

He prepared for college at the Glens Falls, (N. Y.) Academy, and entered the University in 1843, and remained two years; graduated A. B. from Union College in 1850, and later received the degree of A. M. in course.

He taught school in Massachusetts, 1850-52; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in Massachusetts in 1854. He removed to Kewanee, Ill. in 1854 and practiced his profession until the Civil War broke out. He offered his services to the state of Illinois; was commissioned captain of Co. H, 9th Illinois Cavalry, September 2, 1861; was promoted major, February 11, 1863, and lieutenant-colonel in 1864; was mustered out of service, October 26, 1864. He served for some time as provost marshal of Memphis, Tenn., and Aberdeen, Miss. He returned to Fort Edward, N. Y., in 1867, where he resided until his death. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married, November 20, 1851, to Frances J. Hulbert of Great Barrington, Mass., who survives him and resides in Oakland, Cal. Five children were born to them; of whom Eben Fox Bishop resides in Honolulu, H. I., and Frances Elizabeth, resides with her mother in Oakland, Cal.

DEWITT CLINTON CLEAVER.

DeWitt C. Cleaver, son of Nathan Cleaver was born in Pottsville, Columbia County, Pa., April 14, 1831, and died unmarried, in Cambra, Luzerne Co., Pa., May 18, 1884.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1842, and remained nearly four years. He was an engineer for the Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., for a number of years and later was engineer for his uncle, the Hon. Kimber Cleaver, on the construction of railroads in the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania; also engaged in mining engineering in Pennsylvania.

CAPTAIN JOHN OLIVER CLEAVER.

John O. Cleaver, son of Nathan Cleaver, was born in Columbia County, Pa., 1824, and died in Mauch Chunk, Pa., October 24, 1853. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1843, and remained nearly three years.

He was lessee and operator of the Coleraine Colliery, Beaver Meadow, Pa., 1846-53. He was much interested in military matters. He organized in 1850, the "Cleaver Artillerist" battery of Mauch Chunk, Pa., and served as its captain until his death. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married February 17, 1847, to Elizabeth Newton of Norwich, Vt., who survives him and resides in New York City. Two children were born to them: Albert Newton, born February 25th, 1848, now resides in South Bethlehem, Pa., and a daughter who died in infancy.

DANIEL BAEHR COLE.

Daniel B. Cole, eldest son of Benjamin and Sally (Wright) Cole, was born in Salem, N. Y., December 20, 1822, and died there in November, 1884, of paralysis. He prepared for college at Washington Academy, Salem, N. Y., and entered the University in 1842, remaining nearly four years.

After leaving the University, he became connected with the printing business at his home, and for the remainder of his life was prominently identified with the press of the State. From 1850 to 1869, he was editor of the *Salem Press*. In 1877, he established the *Salem Review* and continued its editor and publisher until his death. In 1856, he became connected with the civil service of his State, and served continuously until 1872, holding positions under the state comptroller; serving in the adjutant general's office, during the war, and later with the superintendent of insurance. He was all his life an earnest Democrat, and by his editorial utterances and constant endeavor, he did much to hold together in his county, the party with which he was affiliated, during the trying times of the war. He was a vestryman of St. Paul's Episcopal church for many



Daniel Baehr Cole.

years, and a life member of the board of trustees of Washington Academy. As late as 1877, he was elected supervisor of his native town, a great honor for a Democrat. During his long service in Albany, Mr. Cole enjoyed the personal friendship and confidence of many of his political party leaders.

He was married, in November, 1856, to Maria Brown of West Rupert, Vt., who died in November, 1877. Three children were born to them: Beverly, died in Washington, D. C., in February, 1889; H. E. Cole, of New York City; and Mrs. W. E. Stay of Salem, N. Y.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN DOW.

Benjamin F. Dow, son of Asahel and Dolly (Blaisdell) Dow, and cousin of S. C. Dow, '38, was born in Stafford, Vt., and died in Buffalo, N. Y., about 1880. In 1836, his parents removed to Bethany, N. Y., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1842, remaining until 1845. He engaged in manufacturing threshing machines in Bethany for several years, and then moved the business to Buffalo, where he continued in the same line of work for many years.

ALBERT RALMOND DUTTON.

Albert R. Dutton, son of Marvin and Ruhama (Barrows) Dutton, was born in Stowe, Vermont, November 20, 1827. He entered the University in 1842, and remained nearly four years. He took an active interest in music and was a member of the cadet band.

He made his plans in 1847 to enlist in Col. T. B. Ransom's regiment, the 9th New England, then serving in Mexico, but learning of Col. Ransom's death in September of that year, he changed his plans and bought a store in Waterbury Centre, Vt. He remained there until 1850, when he sold out his business and went to California in company with four other young men from Stowe. He engaged in mining in Todds Valley, Cal., until his death, September 5, 1852, of typhoid fever.

He was married in Stowe, October 21, 1848, to Mary Marcella Lovejoy, who died April 8, 1910. They had one son, Fred Albert, born July 24, 1850, who now resides in Stoneham, Mass., and is a merchant in Boston, Mass.

CHARLES EGBERT ENSWORTH.

Charles E. Ensworth, son of Waterman and Luey (Loveland) Ensworth, was born in Norwich, Vt., January 11, 1825. He attended the schools of his town, and prepared for college at the Norwich Institute, under Lucius Hurlbut, '40. He entered the University in September, 1843, and remained three years, nearly completing the course in civil engineering.

He taught school in Litchfield, Conn., winters of 1845-46, 1846-47, and in Norwich, 1847-48. He engaged in lumbering with his cousin, T. B. Loveland, '42, in Potter County, Pa., 1848-53; May, 1854, until December, 1857. He was leveler for Edwin McNeill, '45, on construction of the Laekawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., Plymouth to Shickshinney, 1857-61. He returned to Norwich, and engaged in mercantile business, 1861-67 and in the lumber business, Pittston, Pa., May, 1866 until May, 1867. Since this last date, he has engaged in farming and land surveying in Norwich. He is a Republican in politics and has held many town offices.

LIEUT. ROSWELL ELIJAH MERRICK.

Roswell E. Merrick was born in South Glastonbury, Conn., December, 25, 1826, and died there in 1900. He entered the University in 1843, remaining two years. He engaged in farming in South Glastonbury many years. He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices. He served as adjutant of the 6th Regiment, Connecticut Militia, 1850-56.

He was married, September 25, 1858, to Adeline Sanford of Portland, Conn., who died some years ago. He is survived by several children.

MAJ.-GEN. JOSEPH ANTHONY MOWER, U. S. A.

Joseph A. Mower, son of Nathaniel and Sophia (Holmes) Mower, was born in Woodstock, Vt., and died in New Orleans, La., January 6, 1870. He entered the University in 1843, remaining two years. He enlisted in the United States Engineers, March 29, 1847, and served during the Mexican War; was honorably discharged, July 25, 1848. He was appointed a second lieutenant, 1st United States Infantry, June 18, 1855; promoted first lieutenant, March 13, 1857. He served in Texas until the breaking out of the Civil War.

He was promoted captain, September 9, 1860; was in command of the fortifications at New Madrid, under General Pope for some time. He was commissioned colonel of the 11th Missouri Infantry, May 3, 1862; and was soon placed in command of his brigade. At the battle of Corinth, he was severely wounded and was captured; but, escaped the same day by a feat of personal daring. He was commissioned brigadier-general, November 29, 1862; performed distinguished service at Young's Point and in the sieges of Vicksburg and Jackson. During the Red River campaign, he commanded two divisions and captured Fort de Russy. He captured a regiment and battery at Henderson Hill; fought at the battle of Pleasant Hill; and in aid of Gen. A. J. Smith, fought at the battle of Bayou de Glaize with 4,000 men, against a largely superior force. He performed conspicuous service at the battle of Tupelo, Miss. He then served against General Price in Arkansas and Missouri; was commissioned major-general of volunteers, August 12, 1864. He was in command for a time of the First Division of the 17th Corps. He was later given command of the 20th Corps and performed gallant service in the siege of Savannah, Ga., and the passage of the Salkehatchie River, where he caught a severe cold and brought on a pulmonary disease that added complications to his illness in 1870. He was conspicuous for his service at the battle of Bentonville, where he made a fierce charge upon the forces of General Hordee. For his work in this battle, he received the praise of General Sherman. He was mustered out of the volunteer service, February 1, 1866; was commissioned colonel of the 39th Infantry, July 28, 1866; was transferred to the 25th Infantry, March 15, 1869.

He was brevetted major, May 9, 1862, for "gallant and meritorious service" at the battle of Farmington, Miss.; lieutenant-colonel, September 19, 1862, for "gallant and meritorious service" at the battle of Iuka, Miss.; colonel, May 14, 1863 for "gallant and meritorious service" in the capture of Jackson, Miss.; brigadier-general, March 13, 1865 for "gallant and meritorious service" at the battle of Fort de Russy, La.; and major-general, March 13, 1865 for "gallant and meritorious service" at the passage of Salkehatchie, Ga. After the war, he was given command of the New Orleans district, where he died of congestion of the lungs.

He was a brave and efficient officer. One of his associate officers paid the following tribute to his worth: "the concurrent experience of the officers who were near General Mower, from first to last, was that he was directly under fire of the enemy more than any other officer in the service. He loved to be ahead of his skirmishers, when essential to clear observations, knowing that plenty of generals could always be found."

He was married at New London, Conn., June 6, 1851, to Betsey A. Bailey, who survives him and resides in New London, Conn.

LIEUT. JOSEPH NAPOLEON PENNOCK.

Joseph N. Pennock, son of Cyril Pennock, '23, the first cadet to enroll in the "Academy" and Sarah (Wetherbee) Pennock, was born in Norwich, Vt., August 1, 1830, and died in St. Louis, Mo., April 14, 1865; was buried in St. Louis, Mo.. He attended the schools of Norwich and Randolph, Vt. He entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1842, and remained until 1845.

He located in Boston in 1831 and engaged in harness making until 1859, when he removed to Clinton, Mo. Here he engaged in teaching and newspaper work until 1862, when he entered the army. He was commissioned 1st lieutenant & adjutant of the 7th Missouri (Militia) Cavalry, December 24, 1862. He served with distinction in southwest Missouri, taking part in the battles of Wilson Creek, Lone Jack and several other battles. He was forced to resign his commission, March 31, 1865, owing to failing health. He then went to the home of his wife's parents, where he died April 14. He was a brave and efficient officer. During his residence in Boston, he served as major in the State Militia.

He was married in St. Louis, Mo., about 1861 to Elizabeth Colow, a native of Pennsylvania: no children. His widow married again and died about 1890.

SURGEON MARSHALL PERKINS, M. D.

Marshall Perkins, son of James and Anna (French) Perkins, was born in Croydon, N. H., May 13, 1823, and died in Marlow, N. H., June 11, 1902.

He prepared for college at the Unity, and Kimball Union Academies in New Hampshire and entered the University in 1842, remaining three years. He studied medicine with Dr. Baker of Plainfield, N. H.; was a student for a short time at the Tremont Medical College, Boston, Mass., and graduated from the Harvard Medical College, M. D., in July, 1850, with honor, writing a prize essay.

He practiced his profession in Marlow, N. H., until his death. He was very successful in his profession. He was commissioned assistant surgeon of the 14th New Hampshire Infantry, September 23, 1862; was mustered out of service, July 8, 1865. He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices. He was a member of Henry H. Stevens, Post 86, G. A. R., also belonged to Connecticut Valley Medical Association.

He was married in December, 1862, to Harriet Adelaide Fisk, who survives him, and resides in Marlow, N. H. Nine children were born to them: James Marshall, born September 11, 1853, resides in Marlow, N. H.; Annie Elizabeth, born November 27, 1857, married H. D. Upton, resides in Solano New Mexico; Hattie Fiske, born February 20, 1859, married A. W. Mitchell, M. D., resides in Epping, N. H.; Waldo Henry, born March 9, 1862, resides in Marlow, N. H.; Martha, born September 18, 1864, died March 30, 1866; Daniel Herbert, born September 27, 1866, died, September 6, 1875; Kate Louise, born July 23, 1869, resides in Marlow, N. H.; Charles Amos, born April 24, 1872, resides in Manchester, N. H.; Jessie May, born May 9, 1878, married W. A. Brady, M. D., resides in Fort Rock, Oregon.

CAPT. HORACE TRUMAN HANKS PEIRCE.

Horace T. H. Peirce, son of Ezekiel Porter and Susannah (Porter) Peirce was born in Chesterfield, N. H., February 22, 1822, and died in Keene, N. H. January 7, 1877. He prepared for college at the Chesterfield Academy; entered the University in 1843, and remained three years, nearly completing the Civil Engineering course. He located in Keene, in 1847 and worked for some years as a mechanic, and later engaged in the manufacture of bricks.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of New Hampshire, and was commissioned as a recruiting officer. He enrolled Co. G., First New Hampshire Volunteers; was commissioned its first lieutenant, April 20, 1861; served with his regiment in the Department of Washington, May 27-July 10, 1861 and in the Seventh Brigade, Third Division, Department of Pennsylvania, July 10-August, 1861; was mustered out of service with his regiment at Concord, N. H., August 9, 1861. He recruited Co. F, Fifth New Hampshire Infantry; was commissioned its captain October 12, 1861; served with distinction in the Peninsula Campaign of 1862, and at the battle of Antietam, September 11, 1862; owing to disability was forced to resign his commission, January 29, 1863. He was a brave and resolute officer, cared for and beloved by his men. He fearlessly discharged his duty with dignity and honor, and if he had been able to continue in the service would have held a high command. He continued the manufacture of brick at Keene, until 1870, when he was obliged by failing health to retire from active work.

He was married, June 12, 1880, to Sophia E. Dickinson of Hinsdale, N. H. Three children were born to them: Julia L., born March 17, 1851, married Frank A. Hardy, died April 30, 1875; William E., resides in Chicago; Frank D., born in 1853.

CAPT. JOHN SABIN PIERCE, A. M.

John S. Pierce, cousin of N. B. Cobb, '46, was born in Strafford, Vt., February 2, 1828. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1843, remaining nearly three years. He was a student at the Dartmouth Medical College for some time and graduated A. B. from the Classical department in 1851; later received the degree of A. M. in course.

He taught in Shepherdstown, W. Va., for some years; served as captain in the commissary department of the C. S. A. He later removed to Baltimore, Md., where he engaged in business for many years. His address is 1017 Cathedral St., Baltimore.

AMOS RICHARDSON.

Amos Richardson, son of Amos and Sophia (Cummings) Richardson, was born in Cornish, N. H., November 27, 1817, and died there September 19, 1901. He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy and entered the University in 1842, remaining two years. He attended medical lectures at the Dartmouth Medical College in 1845, but never practiced his profession.

He taught school for some years in the south and later engaged in mercantile business in Jacksonville, Fla. He returned to Cornish about 1853, where he made his home until his death. He engaged in farming in Cornish 1853-1901. He was a member of Cheshire Lodge No. 23, F. and A. M.

He was twice married; first, May 4, 1845, to Salome Richardson of Cornish, who died May 17, 1850. Two children: Sidney Knight, born June 29,

1846, resides in Cornish; Frank, born December 14, 1848, resides in Cornish. He was married the second time, April 20, 1857, to Sarah Jane Hilliard of Cornish, who survives him and resides in Cornish. Three children: Fred Hildreth, born October 1, 1859, resides Claremont, N. H.; Flora Ella, born January 2, 1861, died unmarried August 19, 1886; Nellie Salome, born May 26, 1867, married and resides in Claremont, N. H.

REV. JAMES WELLINGTON PUTNAM.

James W. Putnam, son of John and Almira Putnam, was born in Croydon, N. H., December 16, 1822, and died in Danvers, Mass., November 4, 1864. He prepared for college at the Kimball Union and Unity (N. H.) Academies and entered the University in 1842 and remained nearly three years.



He studied for the Universalist ministry during 1846-48, at the Clinton Seminary, Clinton, N. Y., then under the presidency of the Rev. T. J. Sawyer; was ordained at Meredith, N. H., in 1848; was pastor of the First Church, Danvers, Mass. from 1849 until his death in 1864. He was one of the ablest clergymen of his denomination and met with marked success in his church work. He contributed many articles to the various periodicals and many of his sermons were published in *The Universalist*.

He was a Republican in politics and took an active interest in public affairs; represented Danvers in the State Legislature in 1861, and 1862, serving on several important committees; served several years on the Danvers School Board.

Rev. James Wellington Putnam. He married Harriet Osborn of Peabody, Mass., who survives him and resides in Danvers, Mass. Two children were born to them: James Herbert, a civil engineer in Hattiesburg, Miss.; Eliza, now Mrs. John Langdon Heaton, resides in Brooklyn, N. Y.

FREDERICK BARNARD STARR.

Frederick B. Starr, son of Nathan and Grace (Townsend) Starr, and brother of E. W. N. Starr, '28, was born in Middletown, Conn., July 2, 1829, and died in Cromwell, Conn., April 13, 1865. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1842, remaining two years. He was the proprietor of the Macdonough House in Middletown, Conn., for a short time and then removed to Cromwell, where he resided until his death.

He was married October 31, 1855, to Frances Elizabeth, daughter of Charles and Catherine Chauncey (White) Kirby of Cromwell, who died about 1890. Two children were born to them: Charles Frederick, born March 18, 1858, died about 1890; Harry W., born March 22, 1861, died July 24, 1863.

CLASS OF 1847.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. GEORGE WILLIAMSON BALLOCH, A. M., LL. D.

George W. Balloch, son of George Williamson and Amanda (West) Balloch, was born in Claremont, N. H., December 3, 1825, and died in Washington, D. C., May 17, 1907. In 1826, his parents removed to Cornish, N. H., where he attended the public school. He prepared for college at the New England Seminary, Windsor, Vt., and entered the University in September, 1844, and remained until November, 1846; received the degrees of A. B. and A. M. in 1865 as for 1847, and LL. D. in 1897; member of the *Α Δ Η* Fraternity.

He was assistant engineer on the Sullivan County R. R., April 1847-January 1, 1850; was station agent, Boston & Maine R. R., Somersworth, N. H., January-August, 1850; same Wakefield, Mass., August, 1850-April, 1851; same Great Falls, N. H., April, 1851-January, 1855; general freight and ticket agent, Great Falls & Conway R. R., January 1855-57; was engaged in the grocery and drug business, Great Falls (Somersworth), 1857-61.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of New Hampshire; was appointed recruiting officer and recruited a company for the 5th New Hampshire Volunteers, which became Co. D, same regiment; was commissioned its first lieutenant, October 23, 1861; was assigned to Gen. O. O. Howard's brigade, Army of the Potomac, October 31, 1861, and from

this time until the close of the war and for some years afterwards was closely associated with this distinguished officer. He was detailed November 11, 1861, as acting commissary of subsistence of the brigade; was promoted captain c. s. July 21, 1862 with same brigade; was promoted lieutenant colonel c. s. May 13, 1863 and served on the staff of General Howard, commander 11th Army Corps. This corps was ordered to re-enforce the army of the Cumberland, October 1, 1863; took part in the Chancellorsville and Gettysburg campaigns; also in the battles of Wauhatchie and Atlanta, and from Atlanta to the sea, from Savannah, Ga., to Goldsboro, N. C., and from thence to Washington, D. C. and the "Grand Review" May 24, 1865, and during this time served with General Howard.

He was a brave and remarkably efficient officer. General Howard, while speaking to the corps of cadets at "N. U." in 1897, paid General Balloch a



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. George Williamson Balloch.

glowing tribute for his services rendered during the Civil War. He served as commissary of subsistence until May 9, 1867; was brevetted colonel of volunteers, March 13, 1865, for "efficient and meritorious service," and brigadier-general for "faithfull and meritorious service in the commissary department during the war"; was mustered out of service, September 1, 1868.

He was appointed by Gen. O. O. Howard April 26, 1865, as chief disbursing officer of the newly created Freedmen's Bureau, which position he held until October 11, 1871. He was one of the founders of the Second National Bank, Washington, in 1870 and served as director until 1907. He conducted a patent insurance and claim business, Washington, 1874-1907; was a trustee of Howard University, Washington, 1866-1907; president of the Glenwood Cemetery Co., Washington.

He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was town clerk, Somersworth, N. H., 1857-59; police judge, same, 1858; was superintendent of streets, Washington, D. C., October 1871-July 1, 1874; was a notary public, 1880-1907.

He was a member of the First Congregational Church, Washington, D. C.; was prominent in the Masonic Lodge, having attained the 33^o; served as Master of Libanus Lodge, Somersworth, N. H., and its secretary, 1856-61; was captain general, St. Paul Commandery, Dover, N. H.; senior warden of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire; was senior warden, Hughes Army Lodge connected with the 5th N. H. Volunteers; first Master Stansbury Lodge, Washington; generalissimo of De Molay Commandery K. T., Washington, was Grand representative of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire near the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia; was a member of the G. A. R.

He was married, April 18, 1849, to Martha Jane Palmer of Charlestown, N. H., who died March 3, 1900. Eight children were born to them: Martha Louise, born February 14, 1850, died January 1854; George Stuart, born May 23, 1853, died July 24, 1909; Emily, born September 27, 1854, died in infancy; Willie Palmer, born September 18, 1855, died in infancy; Edward Arthur, born January 2, 1857, resides in Washington, D. C.; Herbert Webster, born July 21, 1858, died April 19, 1873; May Lincoln, born December 5, 1860, married George H. Safford, resides in Washington, D. C.; Lester, born October 11, 1861, died in infancy.

COL. NAPOLEON BOARDMAN, M. C. E.

Napoleon Boardman, son of Henry and Sabra (Weeks) Boardman, was born in Grand Isle, Vt., January 31, 1825, and died in Fond du Lac, Wis., December 21, 1899. At an early age, his parents removed to Colchester, Vt., where he attended the district schools. He worked as rodman on the Vermont Central, from 1844 until April, 1845, when he entered the University to complete his civil engineering education; was on leave of absence, April, until September, 1846, conducting an exploring expedition in the Northwest for the American Exploring and Mining Co., of Detroit, Mich. He went to the present site of Duluth, explored the region along the Brule River, then through the wilderness to Chippewa Falls, Wis.; and from there by canoe to Galena, Ill.; then by prairie schooner to Chicago and to Detroit, covering a distance of over 2,000 miles. His work was highly commended by the company, and the results of his exploration showed that the confidence placed in him, a boy

barely twenty-one years of age, was not misplaced. He returned to the University in September, 1846, and graduated M. C. E., in 1847.

He was assistant engineer, first division of the Lake Champlain and Connecticut R. R., (now the Rutland R. R.) 1847-48; division engineer same, 1848-51; engineer in charge of surveys of the Lebanon Springs R. R., Bennington, Vt., to Chatham, N. Y., 1851-52; resident engineer, 1852-57, on the Rock River Valley R. R., (now the C. & N.) Fond du Lac to Chicago, 177 miles; also during this time surveyed the Sheboygan, Fond du Lac & Mississippi R. R., Sheboygan to Princeton, 78 miles; was chief engineer, Milwaukee & La Crosse R. R., (now the C. M. & St. P.) on location and construction, Beaver Dam to Kilburn City, 1857-58; during 1858-61 made over 200 miles of preliminary surveys for various companies, many of which have been completed and are now branches of the C. & N. W., and the C. M. & St. Paul Railroads.

He enlisted, October 8, 1861, in Co. A, 2d Wisconsin Cavalry and was commissioned first lieutenant, November 14, 1861; served as chief of the ordnance on the staffs of Generals Brown, Heron and Totten; was assistant chief of ordnance on the staff of General Schofield and General Rosecrans; was in command of the ordnance train at the Battle of Prairie Grove, Ark.; and on the road to Van Buren in that State.

He was promoted captain of Battery M, 2d Missouri Light Artillery, February 23, 1864. After participating in the raid upon General Price, he went to Cape Gerardeau with his battery, after which, he rendezvoused at Pacific Junction and Omaha in June, 1865, preparatory to entering the Indian country with one of the United States expeditions, for the Powder River country, which he did in 1865; his route lay up the Platte and Loup rivers, across the Sand Hills and Bad Lands, through the north end of the Black Hills. An Indian fight was participated in on the Powder River with Sitting Bull and his allies, the same bands that in a later battle, killed General Custer and his entire command; after which the command continued to march to Fort Reno and to the Sweetwater on the old South Pass Trail, thence to Forts Laramie, Kearney, and Leavenworth, and finally to St. Louis, where it was mustered out, December 23, 1865.

He returned to Fond du Lac in 1865, where he made his home until his death. He was chief engineer of the Michigan Air Line R. R., now part of the Michigan Central & Grand Trunk, 1866-77; surveyed the extension of the Sheboygan & Mississippi R. R., Princeton to Necedah, Wis., 1870; also the Niles & South Bend R. R., in Michigan, 1873; Fond du Lac and Lake Superior (now the C. & N. W.) 1874; Chippewa Falls & Eastern Grand Trunk,



Col. Napoleon Boardman.

(now the Chippewa Falls & Abbottsford) 1876; Wisconsin Midland, 1889-96; served for several years as city engineer of Fond du Lac, Wis. He was a member of the Wisconsin Commandery, Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the Grand Army of the Republic and the Union Veteran League.

He was married November 14, 1853, to Mary L. Tallmadge, daughter of Governor Tallmadge of Wisconsin. She died, February 15, 1893. Two children were born to them: C. R., born in 1860, now Adjutant General of Wisconsin; Mary M., born in 1857, married George W. Yancy, resides in Seattle, Wash.

COL. GUSTAVE ARVILIEN BREAUX, A. B., LL. B.

Gustave A. Breaux, son of Aurelian and Modeste (Bernard) Breaux, was born near Scott, Lafayette Parish, La., December 28, 1828, and died in Lafayette of hemorrhage of the brain, February, 24, 1910. He prepared for college at the St. Charles (Jesuit) college, La.; was a student at Wesleyan University, Conn., 1843-45. He entered the University in 1845 and graduated A. B. in 1847; later received the degree of A. M. in course.



Gustave Arvilién Breaux.

He attempted to enlist in the 9th New England regiment for the Mexican War, but being a minor was not accepted. He entered Harvard University Law School in 1848, and graduated LL. B. in December 1849. He continued his law studies, during 1849-50, with Bonford and Sigur of New Orleans; was admitted to the bar in New Orleans in January, 1850; practiced his profession in New Orleans, 1850-98. In 1865, he formed a partnership with Judge Charles Fenner under the name of Breaux & Fenner. In 1871, Mr. Harry Hall was admitted to the firm. This partnership continued until 1886, when Judge Fenner retired from the firm. Colonel Breaux and Mr. Hall continued in partnership until 1898, when the former retired from active duty and removed to his plantation near Lafayette, where he made his home until his

death. Colonel Breaux was one of the leading lawyers of his State; was attorney for the New Orleans Opelousas & Great Western R. R., now the Southern Pacific; was counsel for the State in the case of Louisiana *vs.* Williams and Guion, winning the suit and saving the State \$2,500,000 in bonds, together with the interest.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was one of the first to offer his services to the Confederacy. He raised a battalion for the service, which became a part of the 30th Louisiana Regiment; was commissioned colonel

early in 1861. He commanded his regiment in the battle of Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, and in the rear of Vicksburg, distinguishing himself for bravery and military ability. In 1863, owing to physical disability, he was forced to resign his commission.

He was an extensive plantation owner and did much to promote the cane industry; was one of the original promoters of the Lafayette Sugar Refinery, the first established in that city. He was a Democrat in politics, and held several offices; represented New Orleans in the State senate in 1878 and 1884; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1879; was attorney for the public administrator for several years. He opened the New Orleans Cotton Centennial in 1888.

He was a member of the St. John's Catholic Church of Lafayette; Louisiana Educational Society; Louisiana Historical Society; Louisiana Bar Association; Bar Association of the United States; Pickwick Club of New Orleans; was a director of the Metairie Cemetery Association. He was greatly interested in educational matters. He made valuable donations of books to the Lafayette Industrial Institute.

He was twice married: first, July 1, 1858, to Emilie Locke, of New Orleans, who died May 29, 1872. Three children were born to them: Modeste Emiline, born June 11, 1877, married Charles T. Ballard, resides in Louisville, Ky.; Samuel Locke, born Feb. 13, 1860, resides in New Orleans, La.; Gustave Arvillen, from Oct. 23, 1869, resides in Louisville, Ky. He was again married, Dec. 24, 1874, to Josephine Marr of Pennsylvania, who survives him and resides in Lafayette; no children.

ALBERT BUSWELL, A. B., M. D.

Albert Buswell, son of Sylvanus and Chloe (Evans) Buswell, was born in Hartland, Vt., August 15, 1821, and died in Togus, Me., March 11, 1883. He attended the schools of his town, a select school and the New England Seminary, Windsor, Vt., conducted by Gen. A. Jackman, '36, and Josiah Sweet, '37. He entered the University in June, 1844, and graduated A. B. in 1847. He taught in the Canaan, N. H., Academy, 1847-48.

He studied medicine with Dr. Mitchell M. Davis, "N. U." '39, in Norwich, Vt., 1848-49; attended a private course of lectures given by Dr. Rush Palmer in Woodstock, in the winter of 1850; graduated M. D. from the Castleton Vt., Medical College in November, 1851; graduated from the Pennsylvania Homeopathic Medical College, Philadelphia, in February, 1869. He practiced his profession, Strafford, Vt., 1852-60; Norwich, Vt., 1860-61; Lowell, Mass.,



Col. Gustave Arvillen Breaux.

1866-68; 1869 until 1881, when he was stricken with paralysis of which he died in 1883.



Surgeon Albert Buswell.

He enlisted as a private in Co. D, 5th Vermont Volunteers, January 4, 1864, was detailed as assistant surgeon of the 12th Maine Volunteers; was mustered out of service, June 28, 1865. He was an excellent student, excelling in mathematics. He was a member of the I. O. O. F., and the K. P. Fraternities.

He was twice married: first, about 1853 in Woodstock, Vt., to Florida Brewster of Woodstock, who died in 1854; no children. He was married the second time, March 15, 1857 to Lucia McIntire Carpenter of Norwich, Vt., who died August 11, 1886. Three children were born to them: Albert Russell, born April 21, 1858, died March 20, 1863; Emogene Wight, born November 13, 1860, died unmarried, August 30, 1865; Inez Alberta, born June 11, 1874, married Stephen Spaulding, resides in North Buckfield, Me.

FRANCIS XAVIER CHASE, M. C. E.

Francis X. Chase, son of Bela and Alice (Chikls) Chase, was born in Cornish, N. H., June 23, 1824, and died in St. Paul, Minn., September 13, 1866. He attended the schools of his town and the New England Seminary at Windsor, Vt., 1843-44. He entered the University in 1844 and remained until November, 1846, but continued his work and received the degree of M. C. E. in 1847; was an accomplished musician and was leader of the University band; was a fine scholar and a remarkable mathematician.

He was assistant engineer on the Sullivan County R. R., in New Hampshire from January until April, 1847; division engineer on second division Charlestown, N. H., to Bellows Falls, Vt., April 1847 to April, 1849; was engaged for a few months in 1849, as an expert to settle a dispute between the Rutland R. R. Co., and the contractors, as to the amount of work done. He went to Illinois in 1850 and was chief engineer and contractor on several railroads in that State; was chief engineer of the Chicago & Galena Union R. R., (now Chicago & Northwestern) in Illinois; and as a contractor, built a portion of the road; was chief engineer of the Illinois Central R. R., and surveyed the road south from Chicago and as a contractor built a portion of the road; was chief engineer of the Rockford, Rock Island & St. Louis R. R., and built the bridge across the Rock River at Oregon, Ill.; was chief engineer of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago, with headquarters at Bucyrus, Ohio, 1863-65.

On account of failing health, he was forced to give up his engineering work in 1865 and the same year, removed to St. Paul, Minn., where he engaged in the drug business until his death. He resided at Oregon, Ogle County, Illinois, 1850-62, where he owned a farm; Bucyrus, Ohio, 1864-65.

He was twice married; first, in 1851, to Laura Eliza Harlow of Charlestown, N. H., who died, May 25, 1865. Four children were born to them: Fred Willis, born in 1852, died, December 24, 1898; Mary Alice, born in 1853, died in infancy; Mary Alice, 2d, born in 1856, died about 1880; Nettie Laura, born in 1861, died in Pasadena, Cal., July, 1895. He was married the second time, to Jennie E. Wetherbee of Madison, who survives him and resides in Columbus, Ohio. One child was born to them: Frank Linton, resides in Columbus, Ohio.

LIEUT. PAUL RAYMOND KENDALL, A. B.

Paul R. Kendall, son of Paul Raymond and Jane (Nickerson) Kendall was born in Phillipston, Mass., August 27, 1822, of a long line of New England ancestry, dating back on one side to the *Mayflower*, and on the other to the founders of the Salem colony. He died of paralysis at the home of his daughter in Canton, N. Y., April 4, 1897, and was buried at Galesburg, Ill. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1844, graduating A. B. in 1847.

Soon after, he went to Sharpsburg, Ky., where he entered upon his long and successful career as an educator. In 1849, he was invited to the principalship of the Western Liberal Institute, at Marietta, Ohio. His success here, led to the founding of a similar institution in Galesburg, Ill., to the principalship of which he was called in 1852. He soon conceived the idea of converting it into a college, which he did by raising the funds for its endowment, erecting a fitting building and securing a college charter in 1853, naming it "Lombard University" in honor of Benjamin Lombard, the most liberal contributor.

He became the first president in 1854, retaining this office until

1857. He then went to the Weston Liberal Institute, at Weston, Mo., where the breaking out of the Civil War in 1861, found him. His patriotism and military education led him to engage in the recruiting service, in which service he raised the greater part of several regiments, the 83d, 92d, and 103d Illinois Infantry; the 8th Kansas Infantry, and the 12th Missouri Cavalry. He also served for some time at Fort Henry in the quartermaster service. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 12th Missouri Cavalry, September 29, 1863; was promoted 1st lieutenant and quartermaster, October 14, 1863. In 1864, he was detached



Lieut. Paul Raymond Kendall.

as brevet regimental quartermaster, and assigned to Gen. Edward Hatch's staff as quartermaster of his division of the Army of the Tennessee. At the close of the war he was ordered to Fort Leavenworth, as recorder of a military commission, on which he served until April 9, 1866, when he was mustered out of service.

In 1868, he resumed teaching, becoming principal of the Clinton Liberal Institute at Clinton, N. Y. In 1870, he became president of Smithson College at Logansport, Ind., where he remained four years. After which, he returned to Clinton and effected the removal of the Institute to Fort Plain, N. Y., by raising the funds and securing a new charter for the institution, in which he further served as a professor. In 1881, he retired from school work and engaged in private business until disabled by paralysis. Professor Kendall was a man of great energy, both of body and mind. His special work was in the line of education, for which he always inspired his students with great enthusiasm.

He was twice married: first, November 6, 1847, to Abigail Ann Weaver, of Rockingham, Vt., who died early in 1853, leaving one child, Sarah Abby, born July 29, 1850, married Frank Nash Cleveland, and resides in Canton, N. Y. He was again married, November 6, 1853, to Caroline Sophia Woodbury of Bethel, Vt., by whom he has three daughters: Marion Alice, Flora Caroline, and Gertrude Viola who died November 17, 1881.

MAJOR JAMES EDWIN LINDSAY., B. S.

James E. Lindsay, son of Robert Daniel and Elizabeth (Churchill) Lindsay, was born in Schroon, Essex County, N. Y., April 12, 1826. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in May, 1845, remaining until November, 1846. In 1910, the University in recognition of his work as a business man, conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1847.

He was employed in his father's lumber mill during 1847-56, where he learned the details of the lumber business. In 1856, he formed a partnership with Eliphalet Harris of Schroon and in September of the same year, went to the Black River Falls region in Wisconsin, where he purchased a large tract of timber land and engaged in lumbering until 1861, when he located in Davenport, Iowa, where he has since resided. In 1862, John B. Phelps purchased Mr. Harris' interest in the company, the firm being known as Lindsay & Phelps. In 1890, the company was incorporated as the Lindsay & Phelps Co., and since this date Mr. Lindsay has served as president. His company have erected extensive lumber mills in Davenport.

In 1882, in company with C. R. Ainsworth of Moline, Ill., he formed the Lindsay Land & Lumber Co., and personally located the first holdings of the company in Arkansas. He was president of this company until 1905, when the company's interests were closed out, part of their holdings being taken over by the Southern Lumber Co. Mr. Lindsay in company with Hon. D. N. Richardson and others formed the Richardson Land & Timber Co., in 1891 with holdings of about 50,000 acres in Mississippi. Mr. Lindsay has served as director of this company to date. He is a director of the Cloquet Lumber Co., of Minnesota since its formation in 1884.

He early became interested in the big timber of the Pacific Coast and, in December, 1899, in company with F. I. Weyerhaeuser, Fred C. Denkman and

others organized the Sound Timber Co., with holdings of over 50,000 acres of timber land in Washington and Oregon; has served as director of this company to date. In May, 1901, in company with Weyerhaeuser and Denkman and others he formed the Southland Lumber Co., with holdings of over 130,000 acres of valuable pine timber lands in Louisiana; has served as director from 1901 to date. In January, 1902, the Southern Lumber Co., of Arkansas was organized by Mr. Lindsay, Weyerhaeuser and others with holdings of 70,000 acres of pine timber land in that State; Mr. Lindsay has served as director of the company 1902 to date.

He was major of the 31st Regiment, New York Militia, 1851. He has always given his active support to the various local enterprises and to the religious and charitable institutions of the community; is an active supporter of the Baptist church and the Y. M. C. A. He is a member of the Commercial and Outing Clubs and the Academy of Sciences of Davenport.

He was married July 8, 1858, to Mary Helen Phelps of Schroon, N. Y. Three children have been born to them: Ralph Edwin, born August 20, 1861, resides in Davenport, Iowa; Millie, born March 14, 1863, married Fred Wyman of Davenport, Iowa, died December 27, 1905; George Francis, born February 27, 1871, resides at Davenport, Iowa.



Major James Edwin Lindsey.

CALEB OLIVER, B. S.

Caleb Oliver, son of George and Deborah (White) Oliver, was born in Athol, Mass., January 3, 1825. He attended the schools of the town and when eighteen years of age began to work in the cotton mills in Nashua, N. H., where in a few months he had the misfortune to lose his right fore-arm by having it caught in the machinery. He then moved to Peterboro, N. H. and attended the Academy in that place, and later one in Hancock. In 1845, he entered the University and graduated B. S. in 1847. He then entered the profession of teaching and was principal of a high school in Kentucky one year; Nashua N. H., high school one year; was connected with the St. Louis, Mo., schools from 1850 to 1864, when he entered the mercantile business in New York city, which he followed with much success. Later, he became a traveling salesman, and in 1883 retired to Nashua, N. H., where he resided with two of his sisters until 1893, when they removed to Lawrence, Mass., to the home of his brother, Moses, where he died December 1, 1896.

JAMES GARFIELD MURPHY, B. S., M. D.

James G. Murphy, (name originally McMurphy) son of John and Theresa (Garfield) Murphy, was born in Alstead N. H., August 4, 1823, and died in Brattleboro, Vt., July 6, 1855.



James Garfield Murphy.
 February 13, 1851, died January 14, 1889; Julian Leland, born November 23, 1855, resides in Mt. Dora, Fla.

JOHN GIDEON PARKER, A. M., M. D.

John G. Parker, son of James and Sarah (White) Parker, was born in Peterboro, N. H., July 2, 1818, and died in Warner, N. H., September 12, 1869.

He entered the University in 1844 and graduated A. B. in 1847; received the degree of A. M., in course, in 1851. He was principal of the Peterboro Academy for some time. He studied medicine with Albert Smith, M. D., of Peterboro, attended the Vermont Medical College in Woodstock and graduated M. D., from Dartmouth Medical College in 1852. He practiced his profession in Dublin, N. H., from August 12, 1852, until 1865, when he removed to Warner N. H., and continued his practice until his death. He gained a high reputation for his skill as a physician and was greatly respected by the people of the community in which he lived.

He was married May 17, 1873, to Isabel E. Hurd of Lempster, N. H., who died about 1870. One child was born to them: James Frederick, born in April, 1854, survived his parents.

DR. STEPHEN HERSEY NICHOLS, A. M.

Stephen H. Nichols, son of Seth Nichols, was born in Weathersfield, Vt., November 8, 1823, and died in Alton, Ill., August 9, 1902.

He attended the schools of his town; was a student at Middlebury College,

1844-45. He entered the University in 1845, and graduated A. B. in 1847; received the degree of A. M. in course, in 1850. He studied dentistry and in 1849, went to California and prospected for gold.

In 1851, he located in Jacksonville, Ill., and practiced his profession with James Cardwell until 1852, when he removed to Waverly, Ill., where he practiced his profession, 1852-55; was superintendent of the Waverly schools, 1855-60; engaged in mercantile and banking business in the firm of Crain, Manson & Co., 1860-68. In 1868, he moved to Springfield, Ill., and conducted a china store until 1871, when he located in Alton, Ill., where he resided until his death. In company with his brother, Francis Nichols, conducted the Alton Woolen Mills, 1871-81; was the western buyer for Nichols, Dupee & Co., of Boston, wool dealers 1881 until 1890, when he retired from active work. He was a member of the Congregational Church and the Masonic Lodge.



Dr. Stephen Hersey Nichols.

He was twice married: first, in 1853, to Amanda Nanson of Waverly, who died in August, 1863. He was again married October 10, 1866, in Boston, Mass., to Helen Josephene Daggett, a native of New Haven, Conn., who died March 28 1907. Two children were born to them: Ada born May 20, 1870, married Dempsey Chase Crain, resides in Pueblo, Colo; Grace Daggett, born September 21, 1876, married Harry L. Dickenson, resides in Alton, Ill.

FREMAN PARKER, C. E.

Freman Parker, son of Ebenezer Pratt and Laura (Flanders) Parker and brother of Wilder W. Parker, '47, was born in Orange, Vt., April 5, 1822. In 1827, his parents removed to Washington, Vt., where he attended the district schools. He prepared for college at the Brownington Academy, Brownington, Vt., and at the Newbury Seminary, Newbury, Vt., paying his way by teaching. In 1844, he entered the University and remained nearly three years, paying his way by giving instrumental and vocal music lessons to the cadets and by furnishing music for the drills; was distinguished at the University for his mathematical ability; received the degree of C. E. in 1910 as for 1847.

On leaving the University, he returned to Washington and engaged in farming and lumbering and was also interested in a starch factory. In 1849, he sold his property and started for California; after a delay of two months in Panama, he obtained passage to San Francisco in the steamship *Senator*, arriving there late in October. Here he was sick for some months with the "Panama" fever. He mined for gold on the Yuba and Tuolumne Rivers 1850 until the great fire in San Francisco, when he returned to that city; was

in the employ of his brother, Wilder Parker, for several months. He then purchased a farm in Marin Co., Cal.



Fremman Parker.

6, 1864; George Washington, born July 4, 1860. He was again married, January 18, 1879, to Mrs. Eliza Ann Jones, a native of Ryegate, Vt.

PROF. JOHN VAN NESS STANDISH,

A. M., PH. D., LL. D.

John V. N. Standish, son of John Winslow and Caroline W. (Myrick) Standish, was born in Woodstock, Vt., February 26, 1825. He is a lineal descendant of the sturdy "old Pilgrim," Capt. Miles Standish. His early years were spent on a farm, yet a love for knowledge and for books seemed to be the ruling passion of his life. After gathering what instruction he could from the common schools, the private, and high schools, he spent several years at the "Liberal Institute," Lebanon, N. H. He entered the University in 1844, and graduated A. B. in 1847; received the degree of A. M., in course, in 1855.

He chose for his calling the teacher's profession, and for more

In December, 1852, he returned to Vermont and in June, 1853, he returned to California, with his family. In December of that same year, he located on a farm in Petaluma, where he has since resided. He has also followed land surveying for over sixty years and has kept up his study in mathematics. For over fifty years he has advocated a reform in spelling and was among the first to adopt the "phonetic" spelling and while a cadet gave lessons in "Phonography."

He was twice married: first, October 14, 1847, to Cynthia Adaline Roberts of Williamstown, Vt., who died June 4, 1867. Five children were born to them: Pitman Wilder, born October 1, 1848; Gelo Freman, born January 17, 1854, Alma Ruzella, now Mrs. James Hynes of Petaluma, born February 14, 1856; Laura Ada, born January 25, 1858, died October



Prof. John Van Ness Standish.

than a half century he has been a noted instructor. The private school, the public school and the college have been the field of his operations. Thoroughness has ever been Dr. Standish's motto, hence his instruction has always made a lasting impression upon his pupils.

In 1854, he was elected professor of Mathematics and Astronomy in Lombard University, Galesburg, Ill., a position which he held until 1892, when he was chosen president. He resigned the presidency in June, 1895. He was also acting president from 1854 to 1857. He with his wife, who taught many years in the University, have traveled quite extensively, not only in his own country but also in foreign lands. Three times he has visited the Old World, in 1879, in 1883, and in 1892, and during his second visit, he traveled over 40,000 miles, visiting nearly every country of Europe, Northern Africa, from the Mediterranean to the Sahara, Egypt, Syria and Palestine. Both Dr. Standish and his wife are lovers of art, and have visited all the principal museums and picture galleries of the world. In June, 1883, he received the degree of Ph. D., from Knox College, and in June, 1893, the degree of LL. D., from St. Lawrence College. He was a member of the Universalist church and a Republican in Politics.

He was married, March 24, 1859, to Harriet Augusta, daughter of Francis and Rebecca (Stowe) Kendall, of Phillipston, Mass.; no children.

SOLOMON MASON WHIPPLE, A. B., M. D.

Solomon M. Whipple, son of David and Sally (Cutting) Whipple, and a descendant of the eighth generation from Matthew Whipple, who settled in Ipswich, Mass., prior to 1638, was born in Croydon, N. H., July 28, 1820, and died in New London, N. H., January 16, 1884.

He prepared for college at the Lebanon, N. H., Academy, and entered the University in 1843, graduating A. B. in 1847. He began the study of medicine with Dr. Sanborn, of Newport, N. H.; studied for a time at the Dartmouth Medical College, and graduated M. D., from the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, in 1849.

He practiced his profession in New London from 1849 until his death. He met with marked success in his practice and was considered a practitioner of rare skill. He was a member of the New Hampshire Medical Society, serving as its president in 1876, also on many of its important committees. He contributed many articles to the medical journals and published several pamphlets on medical subjects.

He was a Democrat in politics.



Dr. Solomon Mason Whipple.

He took an active interest in the affairs of his town, but never accepted public office. He was a member of the King Solomon Lodge, F. and A. M., of New London.

He was married in New London, N. H., June 9, 1850, to Henrietta Kimball Hersey a native of Tilton, who survives him and resides in New London. Three children were born to them: Ashley Cooper, born, February 4, 1852, a physician, and died in Ashland, N. H., April 4, 1880; Amos Hersey, born June 21, 1857, now proprietor of the Copley Square Hotel, Boston, Mass.; Sherman Leland, born March 4, 1862, an attorney in Boston, and now residing in Brookline, Mass.

CHARLES ROLLA WRIGHT, A. B.

Charles R. Wright, son of Brigham and Urania (Murray) Wright, was born in Williston, Vt., February 17, 1825, and died in Forrest City, Ia., September 13, 1859. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1844, and graduated A. B. in 1847.

He studied law for a time with Judge N. W. Westgate of New Hampshire, but owing to failing health was forced to give up his practice. In 1856, he located in Forrest City, Ia., where he resided until his death; was admitted to the bar and was county surveyor and surveyor of "swamp lands" for the State for several years. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He was married, August 28, 1851, to Elsie M. Johnson, of Enfield, N. H., who survives him and resides in Fergus Falls, Minn. One child, Charles Johnson, born November 2, 1852, resides in Fergus Falls, Minn.

NON-GRADUATES, 1847.

JAMES WOODWARD BURTON.

James W. Burton, son of William Smith and Nancy (Russel) Burton, and brother of Major W. S. Burton, '55, was born in Norwich, Vt., July 14, 1830. He prepared for college in the schools of Norwich and entered the University in 1844, remaining two years.

He removed to Republic, Ohio, and engaged in business in Castalia, Ohio, as foreman in a cotton mill. In May, 1852, he sailed from New York for California, *via* the Isthmus of Panama; was taken sick after leaving the Isthmus, rapidly grew worse and died unmarried, May 11, 1852; was buried in the Pacific Ocean.

ASAHEL CHAMBERLIN NEWMAN.

Asahel C. Newman, son of Eliphalet and Lovey (Drew) Newman, and brother of W. A. Newman, '45, was born in Strafford, Vt., September 26, 1828, and died in Grinnel, Iowa, January 21, 1900. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1843, remaining nearly three years.

He resided in Vergennes, Vt., for some time. He was engaged in farming in Strafford, Vt., from 1848 until 1856, when he removed to Grinnell, Iowa, where he made his home until his death. He was an auctioneer and collector,

1876-1900. He served during 1863-64 as civilian clerk in the United States Quartermaster's Department, Memphis, Tenn. He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was deputy sheriff and first constable at Grinnell, Iowa. He was a member of the I. O. O. F., Vergennes.

He was married December 22, 1851, to Charlotte B.¹ Preston, sister of S. M. Preston, '45. She survives him and resides at San Diego, Cal. Three children were born to them: Justin Manley, born December 3, 1856, died March 16, 1858; Lovey Esther, born February 16, 1859, married George F. Mahler, resides at San Diego, Cal.; William Herrick, born June 14, [1866, resides at Long Beach, Cal.

HON. WILDER WEBSTER PARKER.

Wilder W. Parker, son of Ebenezer Pratt and Laura (Flanders) Parker, was born in Orange, Vt., October 29, 1823, and died in Astoria, Ore., 1899. His parents removed to Washington, Vt., in 1827. He prepared for college at the Newbury Seminary and entered the University in 1843, and remained nearly three years, receiving a certificate from President Ransom.

He was civil engineer for the Norwich copper mine, Lake Superior, 1847-48. In this last year, he went to California, *via* Panama, reaching San Francisco, February 28, 1846. He at once entered the hotel business, meeting with marked success. His hotel was burned in June, 1850, which caused him a loss of about \$20,000, but he soon rebuilt. He was the first to open up a soda fountain in the city. In 1850, he was elected to the board of aldermen, which became known as the "Honest Council." The city at that time was \$2,000,000 in debt and this council, through their wise and honest management, greatly reduced the debt. This council also established the free school of the city.

In February, 1852, he sold out his hotel property, and removed to Oregon, leasing the 'old' Harrell saw-mill on the Lewis and Clarke. Later, he purchased the Simpson saw mill in Astoria and managed it until 1860, when he was appointed United States deputy collector of customs at Astoria. He remained in the service until 1871, when he engaged in the real estate business until his death.

He held many positions of trust; was one of the first to urge a free school system; was superintendent of schools, school director, member of the city council; served a term in the State Legislature; was county assessor several years; was member and chairman of the water commission; mayor of the city; member of the Chamber of Commerce; was the founder and promoter of



Hon. Wilder Webster Parker.

the fine water supply system of Astoria and in commemoration of his distinguished services in its behalf, the citizens of the city have had his name carved on the stone gate to the great reservoir, which overlooks the city.

He was married, July 4, 1863 to Inez Eugenia, daughter of A. J. Adams and Olivia (Goodell) Adams; no children.

CHARLES HENRY POTTER.

Charles H. Potter, son of Erastus B. and Elizabeth (Root) Potter, was born in Schroon, N. Y., October 3, 1837, and died in Jamestown, Chautauqua County, N. Y., October 7, 1896. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1844 and remained two years.

He engaged in lumbering in North Hudson, 1866-1879; was baggage master on the Erie R. R., Jamestown, N. Y., 1879-96. He was a member of the Baptist Church; Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 145, F. and A.M. of Jamestown, N. Y.

He married Caroline Fenton Wheeler of Schroon, N. Y., who died in Jamestown, N. Y., April 7, 1895. Three children were born to them: Erastus Wheeler, resides in New York city; two children died in early youth.

SERGT. JUDSON SLAFTER.

Judson Slafter, son of John and Persis (Grow) Slafter, was born in Norwich, Vt., January 3, 1822, and died in a hospital in Knoxville, Tenn., December 31, 1863. He prepared for college in the schools of Norwich and entered the University in 1844 and remained two years. About 1850, he removed to Michigan. He enlisted in Company D, 23d Michigan Infantry, August 12, 1862; was promoted sergeant; was severely wounded at Campbells Station, Tenn., November 16, 1863, and died December 31. He was married and left three daughters.

QUARTERMASTER WILLIAM HOWARD TUCKER.

William H. Tucker, son of Alvan and Abigail M. (Tossey) Tucker, was born in Sharon, Vt., June 19, 1826, and died of brain trouble, in Brattleboro, Vt., November 13, 1895.

He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy at Meriden, N. H., and entered the University in 1844, remaining until 1846, when he entered the employ of Col. James Moore, chief engineer of the Vermont Central Railroad. He was assistant engineer on this road two years. He was assistant engineer on the Plattsburg & Montreal Railroad, 1851-53. In the fall of 1853, he was first assistant engineer on the surveys for the extension of the Connecticut & Passumpsic Railroad, from St. Johnsbury, Vt., to the Canada line, after which he held a similar position on the survey of the railroad between Plattsburg and Whitehall, N. Y. He then worked for some years for the Tucker Manufacturing Company of Boston.

During 1857-60, he was travelling salesman for Mitchell & Raumelsburg, Cincinnati. He was chief clerk in the freight office of the Pan Handle Railroad in Cincinnati, from 1860 to March, 1862, when he was appointed chief clerk and cashier of the commissary department of the Army of the Cumberland, after which date he continued to hold the same office in the following departments of the military service: at Huntsville, Ala., with Capt.

S. S. Sloeum, A. Q. M., May 1 to July 21, 1862; with same officer in ordance department, Cincinnati, O., August 1, 1862, to April, 1863. He then served with Capt. A. M. Tucker, where he filled the following offices: assistant quartermaster, in charge of the construction of United States military railroads, at Louisville, Ky., October 3 to November 30, 1863; quartermaster, United States military railroads for the department of the Cumberland, Ohio and Nashville, Tenn., December 1, 1863, to March 1, 1864; disbursing quartermaster in Louisville, Ky., and in charge of the examination and payment of all railroad accounts for transporting of government supplies, May 7, 1864, to December 7, 1865, and, finally, with Capt. V. R. Del Vacchio, quartermaster of transportation, Louisville, Ky., December 8, 1865, to August 1, 1866. During his term of service as cashier in the above named department, the cash disbursement was not less than \$15,000,000. He was mustered out of the service, December 7, 1865. From 1875 to 1880, he was engaged in the wholesale lumber business at White River Junction, Vt.

He was Vermont manager of the New York Associated Press from 1876 until April, 1887. From January 1, 1880, to August 1, 1885, he was general agent of the Morris & Ireland Safe Company of Boston. He had marked ability as a writer, and during the war contributed largely to the press. In 1869, he prepared the history of Hartford, for Miss Hemmenway's, *Vermont Gazetteer*, but the crowning work of his life was the publication of the *History of Hartford*, begun September, 1885, and completed May, 1889. He devoted much of his life after the war to musical conventions and teaching. He was a Royal Arch Mason.

He was twice married: first, August 29, 1849, to Susan Jane Hazen of Hartford, Vt. Four children were born to them: William Herbert, "N. U." '75; Flora Abbie, born May 1, 1854, married F. Hazen of Anaheim, Cal.; Anna K., born December 15, 1859; Louise Lincoln, born February 28, 1862. He was married the second time, July 22, 1885, to Evagene Ryder of Hartford.

CAPT. GEORGE TUCKER.

George Tucker, son of Samuel and Alma (Rice) Tucker, was born in Northfield, Vt., in 1825, and died in Denver, Col., in May, 1885. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1844, remaining two years.

In 1847, he removed to New York, where he engaged in business until 1850, when he went to Indiana and was assistant engineer on railway construction until 1851. In this last year, he returned to Northfield and formed a partnership with Dr. Edwin Porter (q. v.) in the drug business, which continued one year. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1858; practiced his profession in Barton, Vt., 1858-61.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the



Capt. George Tucker.

state of Vermont; was appointed recruiting officer and enrolled Company D, of the 4th Vermont Volunteers; was commissioned its captain, September 4, 1861. He served with distinction in the Army of the Potomac until February 22, 1862, when he resigned his commission. In 1866, he was appointed drill master general and superintended the drilling of several regiments of the Army of the Potomac.

In 1864, he settled with his family in Alexandria, Va., where he made his home until 1868, when he located in Danville, Pittsylvania County, Va. In 1871, he removed to Washington, where he practiced his profession before the departments and the southern claims commission. He was a special agent for this commission during 1871-89 to investigate the claims of the loyal citizens of the States that seceded. In 1880, he removed to Denver, Col., where he practiced his profession until his death. He also engaged in mining in Colorado, becoming interested in several mining properties.

He was a Republican in politics and held many positions of trust; served as clerk of the House of Delegates of the loyal legislature of Virginia which met in Alexandria during 1864-65; was attorney for Fairfax County, 1865-68. He discharged his duties with great impartiality and to the satisfaction of all parties. He was the nominee of his party for the Danville Congressional district, Virginia in 1868 and claimed his election by a vigorous contest in the National House, but failed of admission.

He was married in 1848 to Sophronia, daughter of Elijah Burnham of Northfield. She died in 1897. He is survived by a daughter, Alma, who resides in New York City.

LIEUT. GEORGE HERBERT WYMAN.

George H. Wyman, son of John and Abigail (Potter) Wyman, was born in Schroon, N. Y., May 4, 1824, and died in Boise, Idaho, September 15, 1902. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1844, remaining two years.

He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1852, practiced his profession in that city until 1877, when owing to failing health he was forced to give up active work. From 1877, he resided in California, Utah, Colorado and Idaho. He met with marked success in his profession; was attorney for several railroad companies and corporations; was considered the ablest cross-examiner of witnesses in northern Ohio.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, ill health prevented him from entering active service. He, however, spent much time in drill-



Lieut. George Herbert Wyman.

ing and instructing recruits for the army. He organized and became a lieutenant of the "Squirrel Shooters," a company of expert riflemen of volunteers, which performed valuable service in southern Ohio and northern Kentucky. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church for twenty-five years.

He was married, April 18, 1854, to Lucy Dix Mahan of New York, who died in Cleveland, Ohio, October 31, 1880. Five children were born to them: Florence Maude, born February 22, 1855, married Mr. John Jaques, resides in Sevilla, Spain; George Herbert, born October 6, 1856, resides in Boise, Idaho; Charles Mahan, born April 13, 1860, died August, 1902; Harry Clarence, born May 6, 1864, resides in Boise, Idaho; Frank Theodore, born October 1, 1868, resides in Boise, Idaho.



CLASS OF 1848.

LIEUT.-COL. JULIUS P. ATWOOD, A. M.

Julius P. Atwood was born in Monkton, Vermont, in 1825, and died in Denver, Col., November 30, 1880. He entered the University in 1845, and remained two years. In 1853, the University in recognition of his work as an attorney gave him the degree of A. M.

He studied law and was admitted to the bar. In 1851, he located in Madison, Wis., and practiced law for some time in company with Hon. Levi B. Vilas (q. v.).

He became prominent in establishing the Militia in that State. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was captain of the "Governor's Guard" of Madison, and on the 18th of May, the company offered its services to the State. On May 28, 1861, he was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the 6th Wisconsin Infantry, but owing to failing health, he resigned his commission, September 14, 1861. He took an active part in enrolling the troops for the Civil War.

He practiced law in Chicago, Grand Rapids, Mich., and Deadwood, South Dakota. He met with success in his profession; was a popular public speaker. He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was county judge, Dane County, 1854. He took an active interest in the support of the University of Wisconsin, serving as State regent in 1854-55.

He was married August 22, 1849, to Louise Smilie of Cambridge, Vt., who died at Saratoga, N. Y., November 15, 1852. One child, a daughter was born to them; died in infancy.

COL. WILLIAM PITT KELLOGG, LL. D.

William P. Kellogg, son of Rev. Sherman and Rebecca (Eaton) Kellogg was born in Orwell, Vt., December 8, 1830. He prepared for college at the Montpelier Academy and entered the University in 1845, and remained until the spring of 1848, when he was obliged to leave the University to accompany his parents to Peoria, Ill.; received the degree of LL. D. from the University in 1904. He taught school winters in Peoria County, and read law during the summer months, with Elbridge Johnson of Peoria, and was admitted to the bar in 1852, and practiced his profession in Fulton, Ill., until March, 1861, when he was appointed Chief Justice of Nebraska.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, Governor Yates of Ill., requested him to return to his old district, and raise a regiment of cavalry. He received a leave of absence of six months from the Attorney General of the United States and returned to Illinois. He recruited the 7th Illinois Cavalry and was commissioned its colonel in July, 1861. He reported to General Grant at Cairo, and was given command of the military post at Cape Girardeau, Mo. He served at this post for some time, and then reported to General Pope at Fort Madrid, participating in the capture of Fort Thompson. After the battle of Shiloh, he was ordered to Pittsburg Landing and at the battles of Farmington, Corinth, Island No. 10, Fort Madrid, he was in command of the brigade, consisting of part of the 7th Illinois Cavalry, 3d Michigan, and a part of the 2d Iowa. In

the summer of 1862, he had a severe attack of typhoid fever, and on account of failing health, resigned his commission. He then returned to his judicial duties in Nebraska, which position he held until 1863, when he returned to Illinois, at the request of Governor Yates, whose adjutant-general, A. A. Fuller, had become incapacitated. He accompanied Governor Yates on the tour of inspection of the Illinois troops in the field, and continued with Governor Yates until 1864, when he resumed his duties in Nebraska. In 1865, he resigned his position as Chief Justice of Nebraska and accepted the appointment of collector for the port of New Orleans, which position he held from April 13, 1865, until July, 1868.

He is a Republican in politics and has held many offices. He was chairman of the delegation from Fulton County, to the Convention held in Bloomington, Ill., May 28, 1856. He was candidate for the legislature on the Lincoln Republican ticket, 1856-58, being defeated by only a small majority. He served as delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1860, which nominated Abraham Lincoln for the Presidency; served as collector of the Port of New Orleans, May 13, 1865 to July, 1868. He was elected U. S. Senator from Louisiana in 1868 and served until November 1, 1872, when having received the nomination for governor of Louisiana, by the Republican party, he resigned. He served as governor of Louisiana from January 5, 1873, to January 5, 1877. He was again elected to the

U. S. Senate as a Republican, and was admitted to his seat, December 1, 1877, and served until March 3, 1883. He represented his district in the U. S. House of Representatives from the 3d Louisiana, district, known as the "Sugar District," from December 3, 1883, until March 3, 1885, when he retired from politics. He has served as a delegate to every Republican National Convention up to and including that of St. Louis, which nominated McKinley for the Presidency. He was chairman of the delegation from Louisiana, in 1880, and voted for General Grant continuously, being one of the "three hundred and six" who voted for him until the last.

He is engaged in many business enterprises. He owns extensive plantations in Louisiana, and large real estate holdings in Washington, D. C. He is a member of the Masonic Fraternity, and the Loyal Legion of the District of Columbia.



Col. William Pitt Kellogg.

NON-GRADUATES, 1848.

MAJOR HENRY OTIS BRIGHAM, U. S. A.

Henry O. Brigham, son of Hastings and Nancy (Spear) Brigham, was born in Norwich, Vt., September 2, 1831, and died in Detroit, Mich., January 22 1868. He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at the Norwich Institute, and the Preparatory department of the University, 1841-45. He entered the University in 1845, and remained until April, 1847, when he was discharged to enlist for the Mexican War.

He offered his services to the Government, but, being too young to enlist as a regular soldier, was enrolled April 10, 1847, as a drummer boy in Co, D., 9th U. S. Infantry, commanded by T. B. Ransom, '25. Although but a boy, he distinguished himself for bravery; received the praise of Gen. Franklin Pierce for his gallantry in action at the battle of Pueblo. At the time of the storming of Chapultepee, he was ill with the Mexican fever and was confined to his tent near the battle field. The terrific cannonading in that battle caused an injury to his ear drums, which resulted in a partial deafness, which lasted all his life and prevented him from entering the regular service. He was promoted drum major and was mustered out of service, August 26, 1848.



Major Henry Otis Brigham.

He engaged in various business enterprises until 1853, when he received an appointment as clerk in the Patent Office, Washington, where he remained until, 1861. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he raised a company of volunteers in Washington and drilled them for some time; was offered a brigadier-generalship by President Lincoln, but owing to deafness was unable to accept the commission; was appointed paymaster, U. S. A., June 10, 1861, and was stationed in Washington, until the spring of 1863, when he was ordered to the Department of the Gulf as paymaster general with headquarters in New Orleans. He retained this position until September 30, 1864, when he resigned his commission.

He was commissioned paymaster, U. S. A., with rank of major, January 17, 1867, and served in the department of the Great Lakes, with head quarters in Detroit, Mich., until his death. He was a gallant soldier and but for deafness would have held a high command in the army. He was distinguished for his integrity and uprightness of character. He performed his duties at New Orleans in the trying time of 1863-64, with great credit, being respected not only

by those in authority, but also by the residents of the city. He made his home, summers, at Marlboro, Mass., where his parents removed in 1848. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge.

He was married May 30, 1852, to Mahala Jane Bigelow of Marlboro, Mass., who died March 11, 1886. One child was born to them: Hattie Josephine, born August 21, 1860, married Edward C. Hawks and resides in Amherst, N. H.

ABNER KNEELAND BRUSH.

Abner K Brush, son of Abner and Laura (Hubbard) Brush, was born in Jeffersonville (Cambridge) Vermont, March 7, 1822, and died at Antigo, Wis., May 18, 1910. At an early age, his parents removed to Monkton, Vermont, from which town he entered the University in 1844, and remained nearly three years. He studied law and was admitted to the bar. He practiced his profession in Oshkosh and Waukau, Winnebago Co., Wis., 1862-67; Omro, Wis., 1867-91; Antigo, Wis., 1891-98. He served as drafting officer at Omro, Wis. during the Civil War.

He was twice married: first in September, 1851, to Caroline Eno, of New Haven, Vermont, who died in January, 1853; one son died in infancy. He was again married to Mary Ruby Morse of Mt. Morris, who died at Antigo in 1898. One child, Caroline Eno, born August 6, 1863, married Mr. Amasa Clinton Campbell, of Antigo, Wis., died September 15, 1909.

HOSEA BALLOU BURNHAM, M. D.

Hosea B. Burnham, son of Miles and Salome (Hall) Burnham, was born in Chester, (now Auburn) N. H., October 15, 1829. He prepared for college at the Gilmanton and Pembroke (N. H.) Academies and at the Tilton Seminary. He entered the University in 1845; remaining until 1846; was a student at Wesleyan University, 1849-50; and at Brown University, 1850.

He studied medicine with Dr. William D. Buck at Manchester, N. H.; attended lectures at the Berkshire Medical College, Pittsfield, Mass.; was a student at the Harvard Medical College; graduated M. D. from the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Vt., in 1853; took a post-graduate course at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York. During his student days, he taught for some time in the schools of Manchester, N. H.

He practiced his profession in Epping, N. H., from 1854 until 1887, when he removed to Manchester, N. H., where he practiced his profession until 1901. He was a physician of Rockingham county for seventeen years; member of the examining board of the United States Pension Department for twenty years. He was a member of the first staff of physicians of the Elliot Hospital of Manchester, N. H., serving for some years. He served as medical examiner for several life insurance companies. He was for some years in charge of the Rockingham County Institution and the Insane Hospital connected with it. He was the first treasurer of the Epping Savings Bank and chairman of the investment committee until 1887; served as justice of the peace, 1854-1909. He is a Unitarian and a Democrat in politics. He is a member and past Master of Sullivan Lodge, No. 19, F. and A. M. of Epping; later a member of LaFayette Lodge F. and A. M., of Manchester, N. H.; member of Saint Albans Chapter, R. A. M. of Exeter, N. H.; Rockingham and Hillsboro County Medi-

cal Associations, serving for some years as president of the former society; New Hampshire Medical Association, 1856-1911.

He was married January 29, 1892, to Mrs. Lilla D. Toue, a native of Nashua, N. H.

HON. GILBERT WINSLOW COLBY.

Gilbert W. Colby, son of Charles Warren (Winslow) Colby, was born in Bradford, N. H., May 5, 1825, and died in San Francisco, Cal., August 20, 1881; was buried in Benicia, Cal. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1844, remaining three years.

In the fall of 1848, he sailed for California *via* Cape Horn, reaching San Francisco in the spring of 1849. He took law books with him and studied while on the voyage. He engaged in business in Sacramento until 1865, when he removed to "Colby's Landing," Nord, Butte Co., Cal. In 1875, he removed to Benicia, where he made his home until his death. He owned many thousand acres of land in Northern California, and engaged extensively in

agricultural pursuits and in raising cattle. He was connected with various business enterprises; for some years owned and managed a lumber mill near Sacramento; was president of the Granger's Bank of San Francisco; was director of the State Agricultural Society.

He was county surveyor of Sacramento county, 1854-55; was assistant engineer on the construction of the Central Pacific R. R., in the sixties; also engaged extensively in land surveys, 1860-80. He was a Democrat in politics and held several offices; represented his district in the State Legislature in 1852; was State senator in 1854 and 1855; served some years as State railroad commissioner. He was a member of Chico Lodge No. 111, F. and A. M., Chapter, R. A. M., Chico Commandery, No. 12, K.



Hon. Gilbert Winslow Colby.

T., Chico, Cal., and the Eastern Star; I. O. O. F.; Pioneers of California; State Granger Association.

He was twice married; first, in San Francisco, December 8, 1866, to Caroline Amelia Smith, a native of Garland, Me., who died October 24, 1879. Five children were born to them: Gilbert Francis, born September 3, 1867, died December 1, 1878; Julia Caroline, born May 17, 1869, married Mr. O. W. Mellin, resides in Vallejo, Cal.; Charles Warren, born March 24, 1872, resided in Spokane, Wash.; William Edward, born May 28, 1875, resides in Berkeley, Cal.; Mary Josephine, born April 14, 1878, resides in Yreka, Cal. He was again married in 1880 to Julia A. Rappleye of Benicia, Cal., who died in 1881.

SURGEON DAVID LAWRENCE MORRILL COMINGS, M. D.

David L. M. Comings, son of Uriel and Sarah (Robinson) Comings, was born in Cornish, N. H., October 14, 1825, and died in West Swanzey, N. H., August 1, 1863.

He attended the schools of his town and the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H. He entered the University in 1844, and remained nearly three years. He studied medicine during 1847-48, with Dr. Samuel Jarvis of Claremont, N. H., and graduated M. D. from the Castleton Medical College in 1850.

He practiced his profession in Plainfield, N. H., 1850-51; West Swanzey, N. H., 1851-62. He was commissioned assistant surgeon, 4th New Hampshire Infantry, August 13, 1862. He had entire charge of the regiment for some time; served for some time at Hilton Head, where after some months of faithful and devoted service to the sick and wounded, his health failed. He was compelled to return to his home in New Hampshire, where after a few weeks of painful sickness, he passed away. He was an able physician and performed his duties with integrity and fidelity.



Surgeon David Lawrence Morrill Comings.

He was a Democrat in politics; represented his town in the legislature; took an active interest in the schools of his town. He was a member of the New Hampshire and Connecticut River Medical Societies.

He was married, November 4, 1851, to Eleya Wardner of Plainfield, N. H., who survives him and resides in Keene, N. H.; no children.

JUDGE LUTHER SWIFT DIXON, LL. D.

Luther S. Dixon, son of Col. Luther and Mrs. Sarah (Pearl) (Segar) Dixon, was born in Milton, Vt., June 17, 1825, and died in Milwaukee, Wis., December 6, 1891. He attended the schools of his town, and studied in the law office of Albert G. Whittenmore of Milton, during 1842-45. He entered the University in 1845, and remained two years, nearly completing the regular classical course. He was distinguished at the University for his scholarship and athletic ability. He was six feet, four inches in height, and was one of the strongest men ever at "N. U."

He studied law, 1847-50, with Hon. Luke Poland, a noted jurist of Vermont, and was admitted to the bar in 1850. Later in the same year, he located in Portage, Wis., and soon took a prominent place among the lawyers of his county and state. In 1851, he was elected district attorney of Columbia county and held the position until 1858, participating in the trial of many of the cases, famous in the early history of the State.

In 1858, he was appointed judge of the Ninth Judicial Circuit of Wisconsin, and filled the position with such marked ability that in 1859, he was appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, assuming his seat April 19. We quote from the memorial spread upon the records of the Supreme Court of the State; "He came to the bench at an important and critical time in the history of the State and Nation. Questions involved in the contentions of political parties must be decided, and the judgments of courts could not provoke fierce criticism. Questions were pending which directly affected the interests of large classes of citizens, arising out of the early efforts in the railway development and the involvement in that behalf of public-spirited men. Fortunes and even homes were imperiled. Decisions were demanded favorable to those in jeopardy, and judges were threatened with the displeasure of the masses if decisions gave disappointment. The then recent adoption of the code had displaced the ancient familiar practice, and thrown much labor on the court in settling the new procedure. New and important questions sprang up in the period of rapid development during the following war; and the growth of the state largely increased the labors of the court. Chief Justice Dixon and his illustrious associates in that formative period worked with noble diligence for the welfare of the State. 'Looking far behind them and far before them' they wrought with master hands in building a system of jurisprudence, mild and benign, of which the materials were the excellencies of the common law, the enlightenment, progress and humanity of later times legislation."

Early in 1859, he had to pass upon the constitutionality of the famous "fugitive slave law," passed by Congress and so repugnant to the people of the North. Judge Dixon had no sympathy for the law, but as a judge could not affirm a decision which declared that a state could nullify an act of Congress. His decision was opposed by the dominant wing of the Republican party of Wisconsin, headed by Carl Schurz and an active campaign was carried on to prevent his re-election to the supreme bench. Judge Timothy O. Howe actively supported his re-election before the Republican convention, but he failed of nomination, but when the election came on he was triumphantly elected as an independent candidate. Thus the citizens of Wisconsin placed themselves on record as upholders of law and order, and showed their unwillingness to sacrifice an officer for doing his duty.

Judge Dixon was three times elected to the Supreme bench, and held the office until 1874, when he resigned to resume the practice of law in order to better his financial condition. In 1874, he removed to Milwaukee, where he made his home until his death. He at once became extensively engaged in important litigation, being retained as government counsel in the whiskey fraud cases of 1875, and by the state of Wisconsin in the noted "granger" railroad cases," involving the right of the State to regulate railroad corporations chartered by the legislature.

Later he represented the Santa Fe Railroad Company in much of its litigation with the Denver & Rio Grande Railway over the possession of the Arkansas Pass in Colorado. The conduct of this case took him to Colorado frequently, and finding that the climate of Denver affected his health beneficially he established a law office there in 1881, and devoted the remaining years of his life mainly to the business of this office, although he retained a residence in Milwaukee. Associating with himself a son, who had been admitted to the bar, he built up a large practice in Colorado, and became almost

as widely known in the Rocky Mountain region as he had been in Wisconsin and adjoining states. After spending several weeks in attendance upon the sessions of the United States Supreme Court in Washington, in November, 1891, he returned to his home in Milwaukee, much exhausted by his professional labors, and died suddenly on the 6th of December. He was a lecturer and professor of Law at the University of Wisconsin, 1868-74; received the degree of LL. D. from that Institution.

Judge Dixon was much interested in military matters. In all probability, he would have finished his college course but for the breaking out of the Mexican War and the departure for Mexico of President Ransom. He went to New York city in 1847, to enlist for the service, but was persuaded by his brother to return home. He was the captain of the "Hickory Guards" of Madison in 1861, and on the breaking out of the Civil War, he wanted to enter the service but was urged by Governor Randall to retain his position on the bench, as he could do more for the State and Nation in that capacity, than in service in the field. He reluctantly consented, yet he gave much aid in recruiting and drilling troops for the service.



Judge Luther Swift Dixon.

Judge Dixon possessed a genial, sympathetic and kindly nature; was plain mannered and affected nothing; was at all times frank and courteous and had a keen sense of humor; was fond of anecdote and reminiscence and was a delightful companionable man. Many incidents are given as to many acts of generosity. He was one of the leading lawyers of his time. We quote from the memorial read before the bar association of the State at his death: "Among the many distinguished names on the roll of our profession in Wisconsin, none shines with brighter lustre than his, none is more prominently associated with the judicial history; and he has graven deep and lasting lines of influence upon the jurisprudence of the State. Among our great jurists none will be longer remembered for the qualities that command admiration and kindle warm attachment than he, whose manly personality won the regard and confidence of men in every walk of life."

"His decisions will ever attract and charm the profession, for they were wise expositions of the law, profound in learning, logical in strength and never wanting in an unstudied eloquence and beauty of expression. His decisions embraced in twenty-six volumes of our court, constitute a record imperishable and his ennobling influence upon the body and law will be felt and acknowledged as it is now in the long future. His private, like his public life, was stainless; his domestic life happy, and his record as a citizen unapproachable.

He never took part in partisan politics. He was often urged to take political positions, and at one time was offered by his party the United States senatorship. His appointment to the United States Supreme Court was advocated and would have been granted by President Lincoln but for some minor political reasons."

He married Mary Woods of Colchester, Vt., who died about 1880. Four children were born to them: Henry; William; Edward; Daisy, died unmarried in Mukwonago, Wis., August 3, 1906.

SURGEON FREDERICK PERKINS DREW, U. S. A., M. D.

Frederick P. Drew, son of Dr. Oliver W. and Lucretia (Arms) Drew, was born in Waterbury, Vt., in April, 1829, and died at Fort Riley, Kan., in March, 1864.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1844, and remained nearly three years. He studied medicine at the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Vt., and graduated M. D. from the College of Surgeons of New York in the spring of 1859.

He practiced his profession at Attica, Franklin County, Ind., May, until September, 1859; Junction City, Kan., September, 1859, until September, 1861; was appointed post surgeon U. S. A., at Fort Riley, Kan., in September, 1861, where he remained until his death of pneumonia.

He was married in December, 1861, to Nelly Chaney of Attica, Ind.; no children. His widow married Mr. T. D. Griffith and resides in Lawrence, Kan.

HENRY FLOYD.



Henry Floyd.

Henry Floyd, son of Benjamin and Marcia (Whitmore) Floyd, was born in Lebanon, N. H., October 29, 1823, and died in Eureka, Wis., April 17, 1905. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1845, remaining two years; accompanied the corps of cadets on their march to Boston, spring of 1846.

He was engaged in surveying in the Lake Superior region of Michigan, 1847-48; was assistant engineer on the Michigan Central R. R. on reconstruction and extension work, 1847-48; on preliminary surveys, Chicago, Milwaukee R. R., in Wisconsin, 1848-49; was county surveyor, Waushara County, Wis., several years; practiced surveying in connection with his other work, 1849-1900. He located in Aurora, Waushara County, Wis., in 1849 and engaged in farming until

1894, when he rented his farm, and removed to Eureka, where he resided until his death. He was an independent in politics, and held many offices; was county superintendent of schools, Waushara County; town treasurer, Aurora. He was a member of the Wisconsin Horticultural Society.

He was married March 1, 1847, to Sophia Green Houston, of Fredonia, Mich., who survives him and resides in Eureka, Wis. Three children were born to them: Russell Green, born July 30, 1851, resides in Eureka Springs, Ark.; Charles Elbridge, born November 23, 1855, resides in Eureka, Wis.; Anna Houston, born July 10, 1857, married twice: first, Mr Henry B. Mathews, and second, Edward C. Jones, resides in Eureka, Wis.

GEORGE WILLIAM ENSWORTH.

George W. Ensworth, son of Waterman and Lucy (Loveland) Ensworth was born in Norwich, Vt., December 17, 1828, and died there September 15, 1860. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1845, remaining two years. He worked for some years as a cabinet maker.

He was married December 17, 1854, to Harriet Frances Messenger, who survives him and resides in Ardmore, Okla. One child, Edward Foster, born November 12, 1855, resides Ardmore.

CHAUNCEY GRAY.

Chauncey Gray, son of Anson and Roxanna (Cleveland) Gray, was born in Dorset, Vt., November 12, 1824. He attended the schools of his town and the Burr & Burton Academy, Manchester, Vt. He entered the University in 1846, in the class of 1848.

He went to Milwaukee, Wis, in September, 1848, and in March, 1849, located in Washington County, Wis., where he has since resided. He has engaged in farming in Washington County to date. He also taught in the public schools several years; served as clerk of the county board of supervision, January, 1855 until January, 1859. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and the Masonic Lodge.

He was married in Menomance, Wis., July 18, 1850 to Caroline Ostrander, a native of Phelps, N. Y. Six children were born to them, three of whom died in childhood; Mary Elizabeth, born August 16, 1857, resides in West Bend, Wis.; Sarah Jane, born October 4, 1859, married John Ross, resides Barton, Wis.; Albert Ellis born January 16, 1865, resides in West Bend, Wis. His present address is West Bend, Wis.

CAPT. WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON HALL.

William H. H. Hall, son of Edward and Sarah (Downer) Hall, and grandson of Capt. John Hall, of Braintree, Mass., a "Minute Man" of the Revolutionary War, was born in Randolph, Vt., April 8, 1823, and died in Chelsea, Vt., June 27, 1907. In 1825, his parents removed to Chelsea, Vt., where he attended the public schools and entered the University in 1841, remaining nearly three years.

In 1847, he purchased a farm in Warren, Vt., where he established his parents. He taught school in Campbellsburg, Ky., September, 1847, until 1848, when he returned to his home in Warren.

On May 1, 1849, he sailed for California, *via* Cape Horn, arriving in San Francisco, October 11 of the same year. He served as a bookkeeper in a hotel from October, 1849, until February 1850, when he went to Mormon Gulch and began mining for gold, but in a short time was taken sick and returned to San Francisco. On June 14, 1850, he came near being a victim of the great fire which swept over that city. Soon after this fire, he went to



Capt. William Henry Harrison Hall.

Milwaukee, Oregon and assisted in the construction of the steamer, *Lot Whitcomb*, on which he served for a short time as purser, and later, as pilot until 1854, being the first commissioned pilot on the Columbia and Willamette rivers; was captain of the *Fashion* and *Iris* until 1861, when he returned to Warren, Vt.

He soon offered his services to the State and raised a company for the service, which became Company G, 6th Vermont Infantry; was commissioned its captain, October 9, 1861; served with distinction at the battle of Warwick Creek; was taken sick with a fever and was forced to resign, April 18, 1862. He returned to Oregon in 1863 and was captain on various steamers running on the Columbia River until 1866, when he located in the oil region of Pennsylvania to assist

his brother in the prosecution of a \$300,000 law suit in which they were successful. He then managed two oil farms in the Pit Hale section; leased and sold land and operated various oil wells. In 1873, his health failing, he located in Chelsea, where he made his home until his death.

He was vice-president of the First National Bank of Orange County, Chelsea, 1874-1907. He was a Democrat in politics; was selectman and overseer of the poor in Chelsea for several years. He was a charter member of Waterson Post, G. A. R., and its commander for nine years; member of George T. Hebard Command, No. 1, United Veterans Association; New England Associated California Pioneers of 1849.

He was married in 1856, to Sarah A. Foster of Warren, Vt., who died September 15, 1897. Two children were born to them: Sarah Ada, married John B. Bacon, resides in Chelsea, Vt.; Henry Edward K., born April 1, 1868, killed by an accidental gun shot, in Chelsea, October 22, 1882.

ENOCH GIBSON HOOKE, A. B.

Enoch G. Hooke, son of Enoch Brown and Clarissa (Gibson) Hooke, was born in Poplin, now Fremont, N. H., September 5, 1826, and died in Denver, Col., January 21, 1905.

He prepared for college at the Pembroke, N. H., Academy, and entered the University in 1845, and remained two years; graduated A. B. from Dartmouth in 1851; was principal of the Fitchburg, Mass., High School, 1851-52; read law with Harvey Jewell of Boston, 1852-53; practiced his profession in Chicago, 1854-70; Colorado Springs, Col., 1870-1900. He was survived by a widow and one son, residing in Colorado Springs.

REUBEN SMITH LOVELAND.

Rueben S. Loveland, son of William and Sally (Hutchinson) Loveland, was born in Norwich, Vt., October 30, 1830, and died in Hartford, Vt., in 1898. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1845, remaining three years. He engaged in farming in Hartford, Vt., until his death.

He was married May 1, 1851, to Maria Hutchinson, who died in 1890. Five children: Ellen Maria, born March 23, 1852, died January 9, 1864; William Jerome, born January 27, 1854, died December 13, 1863; Charles Eugene born May 13, 1859, died December 5, 1863; Isabella French, born March 13, 1861, died November 4, 1863; Ellen Eliza, born November 22, 1865, married Justin Smith, resides in Hartford (Wilder) Vt.

GEORGE BRIGGS LYMAN.

George B. Lyman, son of George Lyman, '23, and Minerva (Briggs) Lyman, was born in Royalton, Vt., October 19, 1829, and died unmarried in Hartford, Vt., August 21, 1865. He attended the schools of his town until 1842, when his parents removed to Norwich, Vt. He entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1843, and the regular work of the Scientific department in 1846; was honorably discharged in 1848. He went to San Francisco *via* Cape Horn in 1850, and was agent for the American Express Co. from 1850 until 1861, when he returned to Hartford, Vt., where he resided until his death.

GEORGE WASHINGTON PARKER.

George W. Parker, son of Ebenezer Pratt and Laura (Flanders) Parker, was born in Washington, Vt., May 26, 1827, and died at sea, June 21, 1889. He prepared for college at the Thetford (Vt.) Academy and entered the University in 1845, remaining two years. He located in Trempealou county, Wis., where he engaged in farming for some years. He later located in Astoria, Oregon.

He was married in Trempealou county, Wis., to Celia Ursula Seger, who died February 22, 1884. Four children were born to them: Georgiana Louise; Frank Lynn, now in the United States Custom House service at Astoria, Ore.; Bennie and Minnie.

JAMES WILLIAMS PARKER.

James W. Parker, son of Israel Stoddard and Adelaid (Taft) Parker, was born in Annesville, Oneida County, N. Y., September 1, 1828, and died in Atehison, Kansas, January 21, 1899. In 1844, his parents removed to Rome, N. Y., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1845, and

remained until the fall of 1847, when owing to business misfortunes of his father, he was obliged to give up his course.

He then engaged in business. His first enterprise was the purchasing of a canal boat and equipment and carrying grain from Buffalo to Albany before the canal froze for the winter. In 1848, he began enrolling a company for the Mexican War, but was taken ill with typhoid fever and did not recover until the war was nearly over. On February 27, 1849, in company with several men from Rome he sailed for California on the small barge *Meszepp* (234 tons) *via* Cape Horn, and after a tempestuous voyage, he reached San Francisco in the spring of 1850. He engaged in mining until 1854, when he returned home *via* the Isthmus of Panama.



James Williams Parker.

was largely identified with all the prominent "express" men throughout the country.

In 1866, he sold his express business to the Adams Express Company and engaged extensively in carrying the United States Mail in regions away from the railroads, having at times over 1500 routes under contract at one time. During 1875-80, he operated one route from Kelton, Utah to Dallas, Oregon, a distance of 750 miles, carrying express matter as well as the mail, also passengers; another line was from Roseburg, Oregon to Reading, Cal., a distance of 300 miles. The names of the various companies under which he had his business were the Southwestern Stage Co., the Kansas Stage Co., the Wyoming Stage Co., and the National Mail Co. This last company was organized by him in 1876, and was the one by which his business was most widely known. He retired from the business in 1896.

He was one of the chief owners of the Wachita Cattle Co., which operated a large cattle ranch known as the "7 K Ranch" in the Texas "Panhandle," 1883-88. He was also extensively interested in horticulture, owning an

In 1855, he went West, and engaged as an express messenger from Chicago to Des Moines, Iowa, for the Wells Fargo Express Co. In 1856, he entered the employ of the United States Express Co., was soon promoted division superintendent with headquarters in St. Louis, Mo. (1859). In 1862, he resigned this position and organized the Parker's Express Co., operating on the river boats from St. Joseph to St. Louis, Mo., and by stage lines from Leavenworth to Lawrence, Kansas, and through the Southwest. During the Civil War, his company did an extensive business in carrying parcels to the soldiers at the front, and during this time, Mr. Parker witnessed many stirring events. He was with General Grant on the boat that passed Vicksburg after the siege of that city. He

orchard of some 2,600 acres of land near Parker, Lynn Co., Kansas, also an extensive orchard at Atchison, Kansas. The town of Parker, was named in his honor. In company with Sylvester Watts, under the firm name of Parker & Watts, he built the water works at Tucson, Arizona and El Paso, Texas. He was also connected with the following companies: Whiteoaks Mining Co., White Oaks, N. M.; Lawrence (Kansas) Street Railway Company. He removed to Atchison, Kansas, in 1860, where he resided until his death. He was a member of Atchison Lodge F. and A. M.; of Atchison Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals and Children, and its president.

He was married October 18, 1866, to Mrs. Ann Amelia (Terry) Pratt of Leavenworth, Kans., who survives him and resided in Atchison, Kans. Twelve children were born to them: Adelia, born March 26, 1868, died July 14, 1868; Israel Stoddard, born June 17, 1869, died December 17, 1871; Leroy Terry, born November 1, 1870, LL. B. Columbia University Law School, '94, lawyer, New York City; Ruth Gwendolyn, born April 19, 1872, married Jared Copeland Fox, resides in Atchison, Kansas; Joanna Stoddard, born January 1, 1874, Wellesley, '96, married Rev. Oscar C. Helming, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Minnie, born July 2, 1875, died in infancy; Nellie, born May 22, 1877, died in infancy; Minnie Mildred, born November 28, 1877, married Leslie M. Green, resides in Atchison; a son born September 13, 1881, died in infancy; Gladys, born January 1, 1885; Majorie, born August 18, 1886; Lois Amelia, born January 5, 1889. The last three children reside in Atchison, Kansas.

JOSEPH SYLVESTER RICHMOND, M. D.

Joseph S. Richmond, son of Job and Mary Howard (Marey) Richmond, was born in Pomfret, Vt., August 24, 1828, and died in Windsor, Vt., October 22, 1902. At an early age, his parents removed to Woodstock, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1845, and remained nearly three years.

He attended the Castleton, Vt., Medical College, and graduated from the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock in 1853. He practiced his profession in Woodstock, excepting for a brief time in Randolph and Derby, Vt., until 1888. From August 1, 1869, until 1888, he was a partner with Dr. O. W. Sherwin. In 1888, he removed to Windsor and formed a partnership with his son Deane, which continued until his death.

He was a Republican in politics. He was a member of the Universalist Church; Woodstock Lodge, F. & A. M.; Ottaquechee Chapter, R. A. M.; Windsor Council, Vermont Commandery K. T.; Windsor Lodge of Perfection;



Dr. Joseph Sylvester Richmond.

Attepho Temple, Mystic Shrine; was a prominent member of the Vermont Medical, Connecticut Valley, White Mountain and the White River Medical Societies. He wrote many articles for the various Medical journals.

He was married July 23, 1856, to Julia Weed, of Hartland, Vt., who died May 26, 1903. Four children were born to them: Deane, born August 20, 1861, a physician in Windsor Vt., until his death; Kimball Russ, born May 23, 1863, resides in Windsor, Vt.; Alice, born December 18, 1858, married Dr. E. S. Munger, resides in Woodstock, Vt.; Robert, born October 16, 1869, resides in Windsor, Vt.

HON. ASA REYNOLDS.

Asa Reynolds, son of John and Lucy Reynolds, was born in Alburgh, Vt., in April, 1823, and died there June 17, 1877. He entered the University in 1845, and remained two years.

He engaged in the mercantile business in his town until his death; was also largely interested in the manufacture of lumber and iron in Clinton County, New York. He was a Republican in politics and held many town and county offices; represented his town in the House of Representatives; served as State senator.

He was twice married: first, in January, 1848, to Mary Reynolds of Grand Isle, Vt., who died April 27, 1861. Two children: John Franklin, born October 15, 1835, resides in Victor, Col.; Arthur, born January 14, 1857, resides in California. He was again married in 1863 to Frances Hyde of Alburgh, Vt.

TRUMAN LELAND SLAYTON.

Truman L. Slayton, son of Leland Slayton and Cassandana (Ransom) Slayton, sister of General Truman Ransom, was born in South Woodstock, Windsor Co., Vermont, May 13, 1828, and died in Hartland, Vt., October 18, 1902. He was educated in the district schools of his town, and entered the University in the spring of 1846, remaining until 1847.

He engaged in field work in 1847, with his cousin, Benjamin Franklin Marsh, "N. U." '35, on the Burlington & Rutland R. R. On the death of his brother in 1847, he was obliged to return home and assist his father, in the management of the home farm. In 1848, upon the death of his father he was forced to give up his plans for following the profession of a civil engineer, and remained at home to care for the dependent family. He became a successful farmer, establishing reputation as a breeder of merino sheep. He taught school winters for a time, gaining a reputation for maintaining good order and ability to teach his pupils the intricacies of mathematics.

He was married March 14, 1850, to Lucy Bartlett, a native of Croydon, N. H., who survives him and resides in Woodstock, Vt. Six children were born to them: Ella Cassandana, born May 14, 1852, died January 2, 1864; Addie, born February 22, 1854, died January 10, 1882; Edwin, born May 20, 1856, resides in Hartland, Vt.; Samuel, born March 4, 1848, resides in San Francisco, Cal.; Fred Ellsworth, born February 7, 1860, died March 22, 1898; Mae Louise, born August 30, 1866, married Harry W. Goodwin, resides in North Attleboro, Mass.; Maud Luella, born August 30, 1866, married Charles S. Hossington, resides in North Attleboro, Mass.

CAPT. GEORGE CONANT SMITH.

George C. Smith, son of James Jr., and Elizabeth (Dyer) Smith and brother of E. F. Smith, '61, was born in Meriden, N. H., November, 1828, and died in St. Paul, Minn., August 2, 1898. He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered the University in 1847 and remained nearly three years. He taught school several years in New Hampshire, Ohio and Indiana.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was residing in Ohio, but enlisted in an Indiana regiment and was commissioned first lieutenant and adjutant, August 20, 1862, also served as assistant adjutant-general. He was severely wounded in the battle of Chicamauga and returned to his old home in New Hampshire; resigned, August 21, 1864. He then engaged in business in Peoria, Ill., until 1869, when he removed to St. Paul, Minn., where he made his home until his death. Later in the same year, he was appointed principal of the Franklin school and after nine years' service was appointed principal of the Madison school, which position he held until his death.

He was an efficient and popular teacher and for years the Madison school was the largest in the State. Principal H. S. Baker of the St. Paul schools paid the following tribute to Captain Smith: "His pupils were his friends. Many a boy remembers him like a father. When he went into that district there was a change in the morals

of the whole neighborhood that could be noticed within the year. He brought to his work a wider mental equipment than any other man in the city, a wondrous warmth of sympathy, a power of intellect that would have won success in any pursuit. But that is not why we remember him, nor why his pupils loved him. It was because of the man behind the teacher." He was an active member of the Methodist Church, serving as superintendent of the Sabbath School many years.

He married Margaret Buck of St. Paul, who survives him and resides in that city. One child was born to them; Elias Frost, now principal of one of the St. Paul schools.



Capt. George Conant Smith, (Sitting).
Capt. Eliast Frost Smith '61, (Standing).

CHARLES ELLIOTT TILTON.

Charles E. Tilton, son of Hon. Samuel Tilton, was born in Sanbornton, N. H., September 14, 1827, and died in Tilton, N. H., in 1899. He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at the Sanbornton Academy,

under the principalship of Prof. Dyer H. Sanborn. He entered the University in 1844, and remained three years.

On the breaking out of the Mexican War, he was offered a captaincy in President Ransom's regiment, which honor, through the influence of his father, was declined. About this time he left home, going to New York, where he remained with a brother for some time. He then sailed for the West Indies and South America in pursuit of a fortune. At this point a business career was inaugurated, which for thirty years called for untiring labor. He visited all the islands, prospected the Orinoco and Amazon rivers to their head waters, went overland to Caracas and La Guayra, thence to Maracaibo, St. Martha, Carthagena, and Chagres. Here he heard of the gold discoveries in California



Charles Elliott Tilton.

and at once proceeded to San Francisco, *via* Panama. A hasty survey of the outlook satisfied him that "merchandizing" rather than digging for gold afforded better chances for success, and on this foundation, he determined to build his fortune. In 1850, he went to Oregon and in the succeeding year formed a co-partnership with W. S. Ladd, Esq., for general mercantile pursuits, which continued until 1859. That his operations were diversified and on a large scale, the public press of that day bears ample evidence. He was interested in establishing a line of vessels to run between Oregon and China, one of which, the *C. E. Tilden*, made one of the quickest passages on record between New York and Oregon. This boat was subsequently sold to the Japanese government and by them converted into a man-of-war, and was finally sunk in an encounter with the U. S. ship, *Powhattan*.

In 1859, the banking house of Ladd & Tilton, Portland, was organized. He remained a member of the firm until 1880. During this period, he was interested in many other enterprises on the Pacific coast and frontier. Among these may be mentioned, the navigation of the Columbia and Willamette Rivers. He was one of the five who controlled what has developed into the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, with a capital of \$24,000,000. He had an interest in the banking firm of Ladd & Bush, Salem; in the First National Bank of Portland and Walla Walla, Washington. At the same time, he was largely engaged in transportation across the plains. He fully understood the requirements for merchandise in Utah, Montana, Wyoming, and Colorado. He furnished and dispatched large trains from San Bernardino, Cal., to Utah, and from St. Joseph, Mo., to Colorado, and from there to Montana, giving his personal attention to them all. This was no pastime thirty years ago. A country largely held by hostile Indians had to be traversed, and few trains reached their destination unmolested. Realizing what the great West was sure to

become, he purchased land in all the territories, which investments proved advantageous. He engaged in many other transactions which his keen perceptions led him to believe would be remunerative, so that, in fact, there were but few enterprises of importance connected with the growth and development of the Pacific slope, whether pertaining to its finance, internal improvement or its foreign and domestic commerce in which he was not a participator. He returned to his old home, now named "Tilton" in honor of his father. He was interested in many business enterprises in his native State; was one of the heaviest stockholders of the Boston & Northern and the Concord & Northern railways, now part of the Boston and Maine system, serving as director for many years. He was a public-spirited citizen and spent many thousands of dollars in beautifying his town. Among his many gifts, are a fine town hall, and a public park, which cost over forty thousand dollars. His residence was considered one of the finest in New Hampshire. He was cordial and pleasant in his intercourse with his neighbors, and remembered his cadet days at "Old Norwich" with affection.

He was twice married: first, January 11, 1856, to Louisa P. Tilton. Three children were born to them: Myra Ames, born February 18, 1858, married Mr. Frost, resides in Fitchburg, Mass.; Alfred Edwin, born June 15, 1861, resides in Tilton, N. H.; William Ladd, died in infancy. He was again married in 1896; his widow survives him and resides in Tilton, N. H.; one son, Charles Elliott, resides in Tilton, N. H.

CAPT. JOHN W. L. TYLER.

John W. L. Tyler, was born in Chesterfield, N. H., June 17, 1826, and died in Rome City, Ind., in 1900. He entered the University in 1845, and remained two years. He served in the artillery during the Mexican War. He then removed to Ohio, and was a teacher of special branches in the public schools of three large cities, introducing and organizing a corps of cadets in each and bringing them up to a high state of discipline and drill. Seven of his cadets were assistant adjutant generals in the Civil War, and others held rank from lieutenant to major general. He was the first to offer the State a company of cavalry and a battery of artillery. He was commissioned captain and drill master by Governor Salmon P. Chase, and performed valuable service as an instructor in drill and tactics in various camps. Since the war, he taught writing in various cities in Indiana and for over twenty years in Fort Wayne. He resided in Rome City until his death.

HERMON GILSON UTLEY.

Hermon G. Utley, son of David and Amy (Beekwith) Utley, was born in North Western, N. Y., June 21, 1828, and died in Syracuse, N. Y., June 25, 1899. In 1847, his father removed to Rome, N. Y., his mother having died in 1834 in North Western, N. Y. He attended the Rome and the Cazenovia Academies and entered the University in 1844, remaining three years.

He was connected with several business enterprises in Rome; served as teller of the Fort Stanwix National Bank, 1848-82; director, 1858-98; president, 1882-98. He was a member of the Episcopal Church, the Masonic Lodge and the Knights Templar of Rome, N. Y.; was a life long Democrat of the old school, but never held political office.

He was married September 29, 1852, to Sarah Augusta Hathaway of Rome, who died March 6, 1897. Five children were born to them: Amy, born November 11, 1853, married Mr. John Boardman, Jr., resides in New York city; Mary Denison, born May 13, 1856, married William B. Stewart, resides in Pomona, Cal.; Jay Hathaway, born July 13, 1858, resides in Los Angeles, Cal.; George Hermon, born February 2, 1861, resides in Cleveland, Ohio; Susan Cleveland, born February 1, 1863, married Chauncey Pratt Biggs, resides in Ithaca, N. Y.

JACOB AUGUSTUS VOGELL.



Jacob Augustus Vogell.

Jacob A. Vogell, son of the Rev. Henry Carrier and Amelia Melissa (Grant) Vogell, was born in Vernon, N. Y., July 16, 1828 and died unmarried at Rome, N. Y., July 24, 1853.

He prepared for college at Bartlett's School, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and entered the University in 1844, remaining four years. He was especially distinguished at the University for his aptness in military work; was offered a captain's commission in the 9th United States Infantry in 1845, by Col T. B. Ransom, but was unable to accept the commission.

He travelled extensively in Europe during 1848-49; was a student at the Yale Law School, 1849-51 and was admitted to the New York State bar at Albany in 1851. He was an enthusiastic student of Shakespeare and possessed decided ability as an actor. He obtained a very desirable

position in the old Park Theatre in New York, but gave up his cherished profession at the request of his father. He contracted a severe cold while on a pedestrian tour from Norwich to Rome, N. Y., which resulted in tuberculosis and his death.

GEN. FREDERICK TOWNSEND WARD.

Frederick T. Ward was born in Salem, Mass., December 29, 1831, and died in Ningo Po, China, October 23, 1862, of wounds received in battle. He attended the schools of his town and in 1846 entered Captain Partridge's military school in Norwich, remaining nearly two years.

Soon after leaving Norwich, he became a soldier of Fortune. He went to South America in 1849 and joined the forces of Garibaldi in establishing the Roman Republic, which was abolished in the later part of the same year. He joined the French army in 1853, and served with distinction in the Crimean War until its close in March, 1856. He then joined the famous Gen. William

Walker in his occupation of Nicaragua. Here he was associated with Col. Thomas F. Wright, '49, and Gen. Stephen S. Tucker, '28. For a short time, he engaged as a ship broker in New York city; but finding this life too dull for his impetuous nature, he crossed America, on horse back, alone, and shipped as a sailor at San Francisco. In the fall of 1859, he reached Shanghai, China, in search of adventure. The Taiping rebellion was at its height and the Taiping rebels were overrunning the country. The Shanghai merchants through Tae Kee, a wealthy banker, offered a reward of \$200,000 to any one who would protect the city. Here was Ward's chance and he took it. He raised a company of one hundred whites, two hundred Filipinos, and two hundred Chinese, and after some reverses defeated a force of 10,000 rebels and captured the walled city, San Kiang, blowing open the wall of the city with gun powder. The fight was so severe that out of five hundred men, only 128 survived and but twenty seven escaped without wounds. General Ward especially distinguished himself in this battle. The success of this brave New Englander aroused the envy and fear of the English. They declared he was a dangerous free booter and arrested him on a slight pretext. He was confined in Admiral Hope's flag-ship, but his ready wit devised a means of escape. He disappeared for a time, to return with a force of natives, he had organized and carefully drilled, and inspired with his own daredevil spirit. With this force, he cleared the country of the rebels in a radius of thirty miles around Shanghai, receiving large sums of money from the delighted merchants.



Gen. Frederick Townsend Ward.

The English and French then recognized his work and took him into their councils. He was condemned because the rebels he had crushed were Christians, but he excused his work on the ground that they were fanatics. Ward placed his army under iron discipline and led it with consummate skill and daring. His campaigns were among the most bloody of modern times. He met with great success in his battles, winning from the Chinese the term "Ever Victorious."

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was anxious to return home and offer his services to President Lincoln; but such was the needs of his services in China, he could not leave. He gave ten thousand dollars to United States Minister Burlingame for the cause of the Union. Soon after the Trent affair, and England threatened to declare war upon the United States, General Ward made plans to seize every English sailor and ship in the Chinese waters. For his services, he was made a mandarin of the highest order, and an admiral-general in the service of the Emperor. He planned to capture the stronghold

of Nankin, and was ambitious to overthrow the Tartar dynasty and became a prince of the royal blood.

At the battle of Tae Ki on October 22, 1862, he was severely wounded; but refused to leave the field until the battle was won. The Chinese held him in high regard and honored him by burying him in the Confusian cemetery at Sang Keang, and to this day burn incense before his tomb. The Government has further honored him by erecting monuments to his memory on the sites of his many victories. In 1903, a sum of ten thousand dollars was willed to the Essex Institute of his native town, to found a Chinese library in his memory.

He married a daughter of an influential Chinaman. He became a Chinese citizen and assumed the Chinese dress, being known as Hwa. He was succeeded in command by Maj. Charles G. Gordon, who later became famous as "Chinese Gordon."

COL. STANLEY MORRIS WARNER.

Stanley M. Warner, son of Thomas Jefferson and Cornelia (Clark) Nevins, was born in Pen Yan, N. Y., August 12, 1830, and died in Inglefield, Ind., January 31, 1875. About 1842, he removed to Norwich with his father, where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1844, and remained two years. In February, 1847, he had his name changed from Morris Stanley Nevins to Stanley Morris Warner by the Legislature of Indiana.



Col. Stanley Morris Warner.

In 1846, he enlisted in Co. I, 4th Ohio Volunteers, for the Mexican War, and served with his regiment in Mexico. Soon after the war, he went to Evansville, Ind., where he resided until July, 1849, when he removed to Canandaigua, N. Y., and studied law with Judge Sibley until about 1851. He then located in Evansville, Ind., and was admitted to the bar, March 29, 1851. He practiced his profession in Evansville, 1851-55 and in Tyler, Texas, 1856-61.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was drafted for service in the Confederate army, and was commissioned an officer in the Texas Volunteers. At the battle of Fort Donelson, Tenn., in August, 1862, he was captured by his old classmate at "N. U.," Gen. T. E. G. Ransom. He was sent to Camp Douglass at Chicago, Ill., where he escaped a few months afterwards. He returned to service in the Confederate Army; was commissioned a colonel, and for some time served as drill master. Later, he was placed in charge of the Federal prisoners at Camp Ford, near Tyler, Texas. He showed many kindnesses to the prisoners. An appreciative letter on his work was written to Mrs. Warner,

September 30, 1863, by Finley Anderson, correspondent of the *New York Herald*, then a prisoner at Camp Ford.

In 1866, he located in New York City, where he practiced his profession until 1868, when he removed to Evansville, Ind., and continued his practice until 1875, but residing in Inglefield, Ind. He was editor of the *Tyler (Texas) Reporter*, 1856-61.

He was married July 7, 1859, to Julia Mason of Canandaigua, N. Y., who survives him and resides in Canandaigua. Four children were born to them: Alanson Mason, born October 14, 1860, died April 7, 1862; Euphemia Jane, born January 12, 1864, died August 12, 1864; Walter Clark, born February 27, 1866, resides in Des Moines, Ia.; Cornelia Clark, born May 13, 1870, resides in Canandaigua.

CAPT. EDMUND WESTON, M. D.

Edmund Weston, son of Edmund and Sarah (Edson) Weston, was born in Randolph, Vt., February 6, 1830, and died in Washington, D. C., July 3, 1901. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1845, and remained nearly three years. He studied dentistry and practiced the profession with Dr. A. B. Child, the leading practitioner, in Boston, 1852 until 1857.

He was a member of the famous "Boston Cadets" for some years. He became an expert with the rifle. He entered the Medical Department of the University of Vermont and graduated M. D. in 1859; practiced his profession in Randolph until 1861, when he was commissioned captain by Governor Fairbanks to organize and drill a company of sharpshooters for Berdan's Regiment. His company was mustered into service as Co. I, 1st United States Sharpshooters, and he was commissioned its captain, August 15, 1861. He served with distinction in the Peninsular Campaign until August 2, 1863, when owing to physical disability was forced to resign his commission; was tendered the lieutenant-colonelcy of the regiment, which he had to decline, owing to illness.



Capt. Edmund Weston.

He returned to Randolph and practiced his profession until 1885, when he removed to Washington, D. C., and held a clerkship in the War Department until his death. He was a member of the Incarnation Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., and its senior warden for many years. He was a 32^d Mason holding several offices. He was a brave and capable officer, and was beloved by all his command. Through long years of physical suffering and professional reverses, resulting from his bearing arms in his country's cause, he was brave, patient and cheerful. He died, a perfect Christian gentleman.

CLASS OF 1849.

PROF. CLINTON SPAULDING AVERILL, B. S., A. M.

Clinton S. Averill, son of Calvin and Eunice (Spaulding) Averill, was born in Milford, N. H., September 22, 1847, and died there, December 18, 1891. He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at the Hancock and Pembroke Academies. He entered the University in 1846, and graduated B. S. in C. E. in 1849, and A. M. in 1852. He was professor of Natural Science and Tactics at the University, 1849-53, 1860-62; trustee of the University, 1875-79; was principal of the Western Liberal Institute, Marietta, Ohio, 1853-54.



Prof. Clinton Spaulding Averill.

He began the study of law with Oliver W. Lull of Milford, N. H., in 1854, and was admitted to the bar in 1858; practiced his profession in Milford until his death; was treasurer, Milford Savings Bank, 1875-91; director, Sauhegan National Bank, Milford, and president, 1882-91. He was greatly interested in educational matters; was superintendent of the public schools, Milford, many years; trustee, State Normal School; superintendent, public schools, Nashua, N. H., 1873-75.

He was married, March 10, 1852, to Catherine Frances Hutchinson of Milford, who died April 4, 1878. One child, Catherine, was born to them, who died in infancy. He is survived by an adopted daughter, Ellen L. Tuck, now Mrs. John McLane of Milford, N. H.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. NEWELL GLEASON, C. E.

Newell Gleason was born in Wardsboro, Vt., August 11, 1827, and died in Chicago, Ill., in 1886. He prepared for college in the Swanzy (N. H.) and the Townshend (Vt.) Academies. He entered the University in the year 1846, and graduated B. S. in 1849. He taught school until 1851, when he entered the profession of civil engineering, his work in this line being as follows: assistant engineer on the Jeffersonville Railroad; Columbus, Piqua & Indiana; chief engineer of the Cincinnati, Peru & Chicago Railroad. In 1857, he was engineer for Lewis Broad, railroad contractor, and had charge of the construction of the Dubuque Western Railroad, and the western division of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad. In 1866, he was chief engineer of the Ionia & Lansing Railroad; in 1867 and 1868, chief engineer of that part

of the Indianapolis & Chicago Railroad, which lies between Plymouth and Peru, in Indiana.

In 1869, he was chief engineer of the Grand River Valley Railroad in Michigan and subsequently he held similar positions on the Grand Rapids & Lake Shore Railroad; Mansfield, Coldwater & Lake Michigan Railroad; Chicago, Danville & Vincennes Railroad.

On August 28, 1862, he was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the 87th Indiana Volunteers; was promoted colonel, March 22, 1863. He commanded his regiment in the campaign against Tellahoma, ending with the great battle of Chickamauga, where he especially won distinction for his bravery and coolness. In this battle, he lost nearly one half of his regiment. On June 24, 1864, he was promoted to the command of his brigade, the 2d Brigade, 3d Division, 14th Army Corps, which command he held until the close of the war. He participated in the famous "March to the Sea." He was made brevet brigadier-general of volunteers, March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious service during the war." In the fall of 1865, he represented his district in the Indiana Legislature.



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Newell Gleason.

He is described as "a man of fine personal appearance, standing six feet, three inches." He was a member of the I. O. O. F., G. A. R., Northwest Club of Civil Engineers in Chicago, and Society of the Army of the Cumberland. In 1875, failing health causing him to retire from his profession, he removed to Chicago, Ill., where he resided until his death.

He was married in 1855, to Nancy, daughter of Judge Mitchell of Piqua, Ohio. A daughter was born to them. Mrs. Gleason, resided for some years at 306 Belden Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

COL. JACOB PARKER GOULD, B. S.

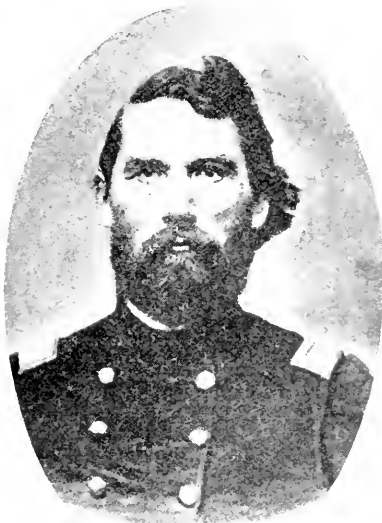
Jacob P. Gould, son of Jacob and Pheobe (Parker) Gould, was born in Stoneham, Mass., May 15, 1822, and died of wounds received in battle, August 21, 1864. He attended the local schools and afterwards learned the shoemaker's trade, and by industry and economy earned the means to carry him through college. He graduated B. S. from the University in 1849; served as tutor in Mathematics at the University in 1849-50.

He then taught school for some time in Stoneham and Wilmington. He served as a member of the school committee of Stoneham in 1852 and 1853. He then followed the profession of civil engineering in Vermont, New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts, but keeping his residence in Stoneham. He was chief engineer of the New York Central R. R., and the Stone-

ham branch, Massachusetts R. R. He also built several of the horse railroads centering in Boston. He represented his town in the general court of 1855 and 1859. He took great interest in military matters, and was elected third lieutenant, Co. C, Seventh Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, May 15, 1852; promoted second lieutenant, April 8, 1853, and first lieutenant, July 23, 1853; resigned, December, 1853.

At the breaking out of the Civil War, he organized and drilled the company known as the "Grey Eagles," which afterwards became Company G, 13th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, in which regiment, he was commissioned, major, July 16, 1861. His appointment as major was at first received unfavorably by the majority of his regiment, but they soon learned to love and respect him for his soldierly qualities and noble traits, and he soon earned for

himself the *soubriquet* of the "fighting major." He resigned his commission as major, April 21, 1864, and was commissioned colonel of the 59th Massachusetts Volunteers. After the battle of the Wilderness, he was taken sick and did not take the command of his regiment again. Upon his return to duty in June, 1864, he was assigned to the command of the brigade and acted as brigadier-general until relieved by General Bartlett, on the evening of July 29, 1864. Although relieved of his command, yet the next morning, he again took the field, commanding the left of the brigade in the charge at the mine explosion in front of Petersburg, Va., where he received the wound, which proved fatal. During his service, he was engaged in the following battles; second Battle of Bull Run, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Wilderness, Petersburg,



Col. Jacob Parker Gould.

Weldon Railroad, Poplar Spring Church, Hatcher's Run, and the Mine Explosion.

He was wounded, July 30, 1864, at the Mine Explosion and sent to City Point Hospital, where it was found necessary to amputate a leg, on account of a compound fracture of the left knee joint, caused by a bullet wound. He was transferred to Officer's Hospital at Philadelphia, Penn., where he arrived August 20th, suffering greatly from the effects of the amputation. On the following morning a large artery burst in the wound, and although the bleeding was soon checked, he had not strength to recover from the shock, but gradually sank away, and died August 21, 1864.

The respect and love in which he was held by his comrades-in-arms cannot be better expressed than by giving the following resolutions on his death, which were passed by the officers of his regiment.

HEADQUARTERS 59TH REGIMENT MASSACHUSETTS INFANTRY.

BRICKS STATION, VA., September 13, 1864.

At a meeting of the officers of this regiment convened at regimental headquarters this 13th inst., of which Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Colburn was president, and Second Lieutenant Charles P. Welch, secretary, the following resolutions were unanimously passed.

WHEREAS, it has pleased God in the mysteries of His providence to remove from our midst one of our most valued and best loved officers, therefore:

Resolved, That in Colonel Gould we all recognize a man of more than ordinary conscientiousness, guided in all his actions by the highest principles to which he always adhered, a brave, able, and faithful officer, a patriot in the highest and broadest significance of the term, a Christian gentleman, and that in him the service has lost one of its staunchest adherents and most trusty defenders.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the *Boston Daily Journal* and *Daily Advertiser*, and that copies of them be sent to the family of the deceased.

J. COLBURN,

Lieutenant-Colonel, commanding regiment, President.

CHARLES P. WELCH,

Second Lieutenant, Acting Adjutant, Secretary.

In December of 1868, a few of his comrade-in-arms, believing that it was for the best interest of the surviving veterans that a Post of the Grand Army of the Republic should be organized in Stonham, met with that object in view, when by unanimous consent they resolved to name the Post in honor of their departed comrade, and on January 15, 1869, a charter was issued to J. Parker Gould Post 75, Department of Massachusetts, G. A. R., and while honoring the memory of their departed comrade, Post 75 has honored itself by taking the name of one of nature's noblemen.

COL. JESSE AUGUSTUS GOVE, B. S.

Jesse A. Gove, son of Squire and Dolly (Atwood) Gove, was born in Weare, N. H., December 5, 1824, and was killed in battle, June 27, 1862. In his youth, he showed great ardor for warlike pursuits, and was accordingly sent to the University in 1845. In March, 1847, he was appointed second lieutenant in the 9th United States Regulars, Col. T. B. Ransom's regiment; was promoted first lieutenant December, 1847, and served in the Mexican War. At the close of the war, he resumed his studies, and graduated B. S. in 1849.

He then entered, as a student, the law office of Pierce & Minot, in Concord, N. H., and in 1851 was admitted to the bar, and soon after opened an office in Concord. From 1850 to 1855, was deputy secretary of State. In 1855, when the regular army was increased by two cavalry and two infantry regiments, he was made captain of Co. 1, 10th United States Infantry. After recruiting his company, he was ordered to Minnesota Territory, and was stationed in Forts Snelling and Ridgely, where he did active service against the Sioux Indians. In 1859, he was ordered to Utah Territory soon after the "Mountain Meadow Massacre," and served there under Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston until the Civil War. While in Utah, he was constantly at work.

In addition to his military occupations, he made researches in botany and mineralogy, and beguiled his hours of labor and study with his pencil and brush, showing himself an accomplished draftsman and painter. He was selected by the government to take command of the 22d Massachusetts Volunteers, a regiment recruited and organized by Hon. Henry Wilson, member of Congress from Massachusetts, who had requested the War Department to send him the most capable captain in the service for his regiment.



Col. Jesse Augustus Gove.

He took command of the regiment, at Yorktown and the Twenty-second Massachusetts scaled the ramparts, in advance of all, Colonel Gove being the first Union man on the fortifications after the war opened. On June 27, 1862, at the battle of Gaines' Mills, the 22d Massachusetts, under his command, occupied the centre of the battle line, and a great portion of the time was in the hottest of the fight and among the last to leave the field. On this occasion, as ever, he was brave and determined, and here, as he was rallying the regiment for a final stand, he was shot through the heart by a minie ball, a noble end to a noble life; a life sacrificed on the altar of his country.

On the retreat that followed Sergeant Marshall Pike passed the body and recognized it, but was unable to remove it, and the remains were

never recovered. We quote a verse from "He Sleeps Where He Fell," composed by Sergeant Pike in honor of his beloved colonel:

"He sleeps where he fell' mid the battle's roar,
 With his comrades true and brave;
 And his noble form we shall see no more.
 It rests in a hero's grave;
 When the rebel foe in his might came forth,
 With all his power and pride,
 And our gallant men from the rugged North,
 Like patriots fought and died."

He would undoubtedly have attained a high rank, as his great worth was recognized by the commanding general, as evidenced by his being called by him to give advice on numerous occasions.

Hon. Henry Wilson says: "I am anxious that Colonel Gove's name shall be placed among the noble sons of our country in the annals of time. If I had cared less for the men over whom I had placed him, I should, months ago, have seen to it that he was made a brigadier-general." Brig.-Gen. Philip St. George Cooke, U. S. A., writes: "I can say with truth, rarely have I met so zealous, energetic and accomplished an officer. He was the soul of honor,

generosity and hospitality. I was with the colonel in his last battle. He fell at the head of his regiment; certainly a glorious death." He was a member of Mount Horeb Commandery, Knights Templar, of Concord, N. H.

He was married October 6, 1852, to Maria Louise Sherburne of Concord, N. H., who died February 24, 1906. Two children were born to them: Jessie, now Mrs. James M. Killeen, resides in Concord, N. H.; Charles Augustus, graduate of the United States Naval Academy, '76, now captain, U. S. N.

CAPT. WILLIAM PARTRIDGE, B. S.

William Partridge, son of John Milton and Charlotte C. (Emerson) Partridge, was born in Norwich, Vt. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1846, and graduated B. S. in 1849.

He was assistant engineer on the Sullivan County R. R. in New Hampshire, and the Treverton, Mahanny & Susquehanna R. R. in Pennsylvania; was engaged in surveying mineral lands in the mountain region of Pennsylvania for the Hon Kimber Cleaver; was assistant engineer on preliminary surveys and construction of the Sunbury & Erie R. R. in Pennsylvania.

He entered the employ of S. W. Hall, bridge builder, of Philadelphia, Pa., in 1858, and was sent to Wisconsin to superintend the construction of their bridges in that State. He retained this position until September, 1864, when he enlisted for the Civil War; was commissioned first lieutenant Co. A, 43d Wisconsin Infantry, September 14, 1864, and was soon detailed to the topographical engineering department under Captain Ruger and served in this capacity until June 24, 1865, when he was mustered out of service at Nashville, Tenn. He was commissioned captain, June 19, 1865, and under Act of Congress of February 7, 1900, and was mustered out with that rank to date from June 19, 1865.

In 1865, he removed to Peru, Ill., where he made his home until 1868; was superintendent of coal mines, 1865-68. Since this last date, he has engaged extensively in farming. He made his home at Normal, Ill. from 1868 until 1897, when he removed to Cornell, Ill., where he has since resided.

CALVIN LEWIS ROBINSON, A. M.

Calvin L. Robinson, son of Lewis and Sarah (Manning) Robinson, was born in South Reading, Vt., June 3, 1828, and died in Jacksonville, Fla., July 4, 1887. He prepared for college at the Newbury, (Vt.) Seminary and the Wesleyan Seminary, Springfield, Vt.; entered the University in 1846, and



Capt. William Partridge.

remained two years; was a student at the University of Vermont, 1850-52, being obliged to give up the course on account of poor health, he received from that Institution the degree of A. M. in 1869.

He taught school in Springfield, Vt., 1852 until 1854, when, owing to ill health was forced to give up this profession. In 1853, he entered into partnership with his brother-in-law, Alden Speare, of Boston, in the firm of Speare, Burke & Co., oil merchants, Boston. The climate of New England proving too severe for his impaired health, he withdrew from the firm in 1857, and in December, 1857, he located in Jacksonville, Fla., where he opened a general store, which he conducted until the opening of hostilities in Florida in 1862, when the store and his doek were burned, and he was forced to leave the city. He returned to his old home in Vermont.



Calvin Lewis Robinson.

He returned to Jacksonville, in 1864, and conducted a mercantile business until 1870. He was a loyal Union man, but was unable to enter the active service owing to ill health. He assisted in raising troops for the Civil War, and did valuable work in drilling them for the service; served as provost marshal of Jacksonville, Fla.

He began the study of law in 1869, and was admitted to the bar in Jacksonville in 1870, practicing the profession until his death. He was a Republican in politics; was United States commissioner; was delegate to the National Republican Convention at Baltimore, Md., 1864; postmaster, Jacksonville. He was an active member of the Methodist Church and assisted in establishing the church in Jacksonville; was a lay delegate to the general church conference in 1876; member of Solomon Lodge, No. 20, F. and A. M. of Jacksonville.

He was married at Burlington, Vt., March 1, 1855, to Elizabeth Seymour, who died August 20, 1909. Eight children were born to them: Luella, born in 1856, died in infancy; Arthur Seymour, born December 2, 1857, civil engineer, resides in Guthrie, Okla.; Edward Irving, born November 12, 1859, resides in Kingsley, Boone Co., Arkansas; George Lewis, born November 2, 1861, died November 7, 1861; William Calvin, born May 7, 1864, died December 17, 1865; Annie, born September 1, 1869, married Roland Woodward, resides in Jacksonville, Fla.; Alice Manning, born July 12, 1872, married David A. Mayfield, resides in Jacksonville, Fla.; Ruby Elizabeth, born June 15, 1875, died September 9, 1877.

NON-GRADUATES 1849.

MAJOR WILLIAM WALLACE BENJAMIN.

William W. Benjamin, son of William Bates and Sallie (Williams) Benjamin, was born in Bridport, Vt., September 8, 1830, and died in Sing Sing, N. Y., July 19, 1882. He prepared for college in the schools of Port Henry, N. Y., and Concord, N. H., and entered the University in 1846, remaining nearly three years.

He was instructor in Captain Partridge's school, Norwich, Vt., 1849-50, principal of the Pembroke, N. H., Academy, 1850-53; was assistant superintendent and professor of Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Military Tactics in Captain Partridge's school, the National Scientific and Military College, at Brandywine Springs, Del., 1853-54; the same, at Mt. Pleasant Military Academy, Sing Sing, N. Y., 1854-62, principal, 1863-82.

He was president of the First National Bank, Sing Sing, for some years; also the Sing Sing Gas Co., and a trustee of the Sing Sing Savings Bank, 1862-82. He was a fine student, excelling in mathematics. He met with marked success in his educational work. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married, August 5, 1863, to Delia Ann Flint of Sing Sing, who died in 1875. Three children were born to them: Sallie Blanche, born June 7, 1864, married George L. McAlpin and resides in New York City; William Wallace born April 5, 1866, died November 15, 1901; Flora G. born August 21, 1868, resides in New York City.



Major William Wallace Benjamin.

HENRY ORVILLE COMSTOCK.

Henry O. Comstock, son of Levi and Maria (Lewis) Comstock, was born in Shelburne, Vt., July 29, 1826, and died in Mercedes, Cal., December 25, 1849. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1846, remaining two years.

In February, 1849, he left Vermont for California, *via* Vera Cruz, the City of Mexico and Acapulco. While in the City of Mexico, he visited the grave of Col. Truman B. Ransom. He reached California in May, 1849. In December, the same year he was taken ill and died at Mercedes, December 25th.

IRVING SESSIONS CARPENTER.

Irving S. Carpenter, son of Charles and Ann (Pierce) Carpenter, was born in Randolph, Vt., December 16, 1829, and died in Salem, Mass., September 24, 1870, while there on a visit. He prepared for college at the Orange County Grammar school and entered the University in 1846, remaining two years.



Irving Sessions Carpenter.

He engaged in business in Randolph, Vt., from 1848 until 1855, when he removed to Salem, Mass., and engaged in the clothing business with D. P. Carpenter until 1865. In this last year, he removed to Milwaukee, Wis., and continued in the same line of business as partner in the firm of Carpenter & Steele, until his death. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was commissioned an officer in the Commissary department and after serving about two years, was forced to resign, owing to ill health.

He was married September 6, 1867, to Mary M. Woodbury of Gloucester, Mass., who survives him and resides in Malden, Mass. Two children were born to them: Willis Irving and Ralph Woodbury, who died in infancy.

CHAPLAIN SAMUEL AUGUSTUS HOLMAN.

Samuel A. Holman, was born in Pennsylvania. He entered the Pennsylvania Military Institute, Harrisburg, Pa., 1845, and remained two years; was a cadet at Norwich, 1847-49. He studied theology and was a clergyman many years. Last residence, West Philadelphia, Pa. He was appointed chaplain of Pennsylvania Volunteers, August 20, 1861; was mustered into service at Camp Hamilton, Fortress Monroe, Va., October 1, 1861, as chaplain of the 48th Pennsylvania Infantry; resigned, January 2, 1863.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS HOWARD.

William A. Howard, son of William Augustus and Harriet Howard, was born in Providence, R. I., in 1831, and died about 1890. He prepared for college at the Lanesboro Academy and entered the University in 1846, and remained two years. He was interested in several business enterprises; was manager and owner of the Arkwright Cotton Mills.

He was married December 25, 1852, to Emily M. Shaw of Lanesboro, Mass. Five children were born to them: Caroline Brenton, married Mr. Horace H. G. Tarr, a former resident of Northfield, Vt., now resides in Philadelphia, Pa.; William Augustus; Ellen; Mabel; and Henry Tyler.

SURGEON LYMAN COUCH GRANGER, U. S. N., M. D.

Lyman C. Granger, son of Chester and Mary Page (Smith) Granger, was born January 12, 1822, and died unmarried in Whitehall, N. Y. September 26, 1864.

He prepared for college at the Salem, N. Y., Academy and the Burr & Burton Seminary, Manchester, Vt. He entered the University from Pittsford, Vt., and remained nearly three years. He studied medicine with Dr. Theodore Woodward of Castleton, Vt., for some time and graduated M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City. He was then a physician on a line of ships running between New York and Liverpool, until the breaking out of the Civil War, when he was appointed assistant surgeon, U. S. N., and served with Farragut's fleet on the U. S. S., *Cambridge*. He was severely wounded in the attack on Fort Jackson and was taken to Norfolk, Va., and on August 26, 1864 was granted a leave of absence. He then went to Whitehall, N. Y., where he died September 26.



Surgeon Lyman Couch Granger.

EDWARD WESTON MORRIS.

Edward W. Morris, son of Sylvester and Susanna (Weston) Morris and brother of Ephraim Morris, '52, was born in South Strafford, Vt., December 5, 1829, and died in Hartford, Vt., October 18, 1905. In 1837, his parents removed to Norwich, Vt., where he attended the public schools and the Preparatory department of the University, 1842-46; entered the Scientific department in 1846, and remained two years.

He was a clerk in his father's shoe store, Hanover, N. H., 1848-49; was assistant engineer, Passumpsic R. R., 1849-50; Peoria & Burlington R. R., with headquarters in Peoria, 1851-56. He returned to Vermont in 1856, and in 1857 became a member of the firm of E. W. and E. Morris, in the manufacture of chairs, Hartford, Vt. He continued in business until 1886; was secretary of the Ottaquechee Woolen Co., North Hartland, Vt., 1874-1903; president, 1903-05; was secretary of the Hartford Woolen Co., 1886-1900 and its president, 1901-05. He was a republican in politics; served as justice of the peace in Hartford, for many years.

He was married May 31, 1865, to Martha Lord Fry of Troy, N. Y., (Lansingburg) who survives him and resides in Hartford. No children. One adopted daughter, Grace, born September 18, 1875, married Edwin L. Cushing, resides in Newark, N. J.

CAPT. ERASMUS GODFREY REHRER.

Erasmus G. Rehrer entered the Pennsylvania Military Institute, Harrisburg, Pa., from West Philadelphia, in 1845, and remained two years; was a student at Norwich, 1847-49. He was associated with Prof. J. B. Batchelder in Captain Partridge's Military and Scientific Collegiate Institute, (q. v.) Reading, Pa., 1850-52.

He served as 1st lieutenant in the 28th Pennsylvania Infantry three months; was commissioned captain of Co. E, 129th Pennsylvania Infantry, August 1, 1862; was mustered out of service, May 18, 1863. He was a brave and efficient officer; was severely wounded in the battle of Fredericksburg. He now resides in Florida.

MAJ. WILLIAM SAMUEL STRUDWICK, M. D.

William S. Strudwick, eldest son of Edmund Strudwick, was born in Hillsboro, N. C., in May, 1830, and died there, in July, 1907. He attended the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1845, remaining two years; was a student at the University of North Carolina, for some time in the class of 1853. He graduated M. D. from the Pennsylvania Medical College; practiced his profession at Hillsboro, 1850-55. He offered his services to the Confederate Government, and was commissioned captain; was later promoted major and served with distinction until the close of the war. After the close of the war, he resumed the practice of his profession at Hillsboro, which he continued until his death. He gained great distinction as a physician and surgeon. He was an active member of the Presbyterian church.

He was married to Caroline Walters of Clarendon, near Wilmington, N. C., who survives him and resides in Hillsboro. Nine children were born to them.

FREDERICK TRACEY WAITE.

Frederick T. Waite, was born in Hartford, Vt., April 24, 1824, and died in El Paso, Ill., December 20, 1889. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1845, and remained nearly three years.

He taught school in Hartford, Vt., 1849-50; was agent for the Delaware & Hudson R. R. Co., at Tarrytown, N. Y. from 1850 until 1856. He removed to Illinois in 1857, and engaged in farming near El Paso until 1883, when he moved to the town and engaged in the hardware business until his death. He drilled several companies for the Illinois Volunteers for the Civil War.

He was twice married: first, January 3, 1852, to Susan Hazen of Hartford, Vt., who died August 12th, 1883. Six children were born to them: Frank Hazen, born June 26, 1854, died December 9th, 1877; Emma C., born in 1856, married Walter Bennett, resides in Phoenix, Ariz.; Marietta Starr, born in 1858, died in 1863; Martha Lillie, born in 1859, married Harry J. Jessup, resides in Phoenix, Ariz.; Azro Hazen, born in 1863, resides in El Paso, Ill.; Fred Hazen, born in 1867, resides in Winslow, Ariz. He was again married, February 5, 1885, to Miss Melvina C. (Howard) Hazen of Pomfret, Vt., who died about 1890; no children.

GEORGE WHITE WEBB.

George W. Webb, son of Christopher Wheaton and Susan (White) Webb, was born in Weymouth, Mass., May 4, 1831, and died in Berkeley, Cal., September 15, 1905. He prepared for college at the academies in Weymouth and

Leicester, Mass., and entered the University in 1846, where he remained two years. He studied medicine with Dr. Daniel Gibbons, 1848-50, but deciding to give up this profession, he went to California, *via* Cape Horn in 1851.

He was a clerk for Webb, Lord & Mendon in San Francisco, 1851-53; was engaged in mining on the Frazer River for some time; was engaged with a brother in the management of a large cattle ranch at Yreka, Cal., until 1868, when he sold his interest in the business to his brother, and moved to Berkeley, Cal., where he resided until his death. He was a fine scholar, and a great lover of books; was a Republican in politics. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He was married in Halifax, Mass., August 16, 1870, to Evaline Standish Holmes of Halifax, Mass., who survives him and resides in Berkeley, Cal. Four children were born to them: George Standish, born February 22, 1873, resides in Lovelocks, Nevada; Susan Holmes, born October 10, 1871, married Dr. Willard English, resides in Berkeley;

Margaret, born March 20, 1877, now a teacher in the public schools of Berkeley; Christopher Clark, born September 18, 1882, resides in San Rafael, Cal.



George White Webb.

WILLIAM MANNING WILLIAMS.

William M. Williams, son of Samuel and Polly (Manning) Williams, and cousin of C. L. Robinson, '49, was born in Royalton, Vt., April 6, 1824, and died in New York City, May 19, 1897. He attended the common schools, and entered the University in 1846, remaining two years.

He engaged in cabinet business in South Reading, for some years, then removed to New York state, and in 1868 located in New York City, where he resided until his death. He was in the employ of the Stevenson Car Co., New York, for several years previous to his death.

He was married September 7, 1853, to Laura Melvina Keyes, daughter of Washington Keyes of Reading, Vt., who died August 9, 1904. Four children, were born to them: Arthur, Lizzie and Frank, died in infancy; Flora Ella, born October 31, 1866, married first, Capt. William Wallace White, and second, George Samuel Hayes, C. E., Lehigh University, '87, resides in New York City.

HENRY BARNETT WHITE.

Henry B. White, son of Laveter Sproat and Polly (Tabor) White, was born in Shelburne Point, Vt., March 19, 1827, and died in Massena, N. Y., May 19, 1896. He prepared for college at the Troy Conference Academy at

Poultney, Vt., and entered the University in 1846, remaining nearly three years.

He engaged in farming in Shelburne until 1855, when he removed to Massena Springs, N. Y., and bought the United States Hotel, which he managed until 1863. He then bought a hotel in Massena village, which was burned in January, 1864. He rebuilt on the same site the house known as "White's Hotel," which he managed until 1879, when he gave the management to his son-in-law, Samuel S. Danforth. He was a Republican in politics; held an important position in the United States Custom house in New York City, 1878-1886; he was supervisor of the town of Massena many years. He was a member of St. John's Episcopal Church of Massena; member of the Masonic Lodge and of the Knights Templar.



Henry Barnett White.

He was married, September 27, 1849, to Caroline Morse of Shelburne, Vt. One child was born to them, Jennie Caro, now Mrs. Samuel S. Danforth of Massena, N. Y.

OSCAR AMOS WILLARD.

Oscar A. Willard, son of Amri and Eliza (Ralph) Willard, was born in South Woodstock, Vt., February 9, 1829, and died in Houghton, Mich. He prepared for college at the Green Mountain Liberal Institute, South Woodstock, and entered the University in 1846, and remained two years. He engaged in the wool business in Woodstock from 1849 until 1865, when he removed to Boston, Mass., where he was a wool and real estate dealer and broker for many years. In 1899, he removed to Houghton, Mich., where he made his home until his death. He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Carrie Willard Reese of Houghton, Mich.

BREV. BRIG.-GEN. THOMAS FOSTER WRIGHT, U. S. A.

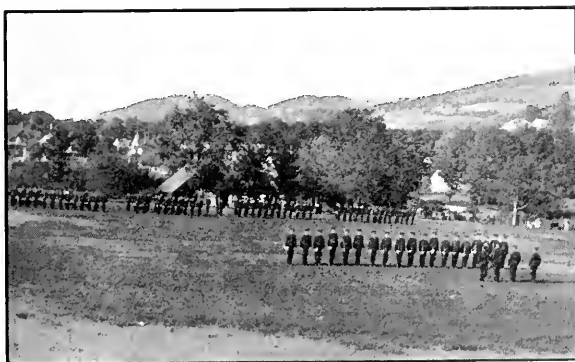
Thomas F. Wright, son of Brig.-Gen. George Wright, U. S. A. (q. v.), was born at the Jefferson Barracks, near St. Louis, Mo., in 1830. He removed to Norwich, Vt., in 1846, and lived with his grandparents. He entered the University in 1845, and remained until 1848. He was a cadet at West Point, July 18, 1848-November 17, 1849.

He joined the company of the celebrated William Walker, in 1851, and took part in his filibustering expedition against Nicaragua and remained in that country until the expulsion of General Walker. In 1860, he again joined the command of General Walker, in his unsuccessful attack on Honduras, and

was severely wounded. On the execution of General Walker, he with others of the command, was allowed to return to the United States.

He soon went to California, and on the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to that State. He was commissioned first lieutenant and regimental quartermaster, 2d California Infantry, October 2, 1861; resigned, January 31, 1863; was commissioned major of the 6th California Infantry, February 1, 1863; was transferred to the 2d California Infantry October 3, 1864. He was promoted lieutenant-colonel, November 23, 1864, and colonel, January 6, 1865; was brevetted brigadier-general United States Volunteers, March 13, 1865, for "faithful and meritorious services throughout the war;" was mustered out of service April 16, 1866.

He was commissioned 1st lieutenant, 32d United States Infantry, July 28, 1866; was regimental quartermaster, July 15, 1867-May 12, 1869; waiting orders, May 12, 1869-January 31, 1870; was assigned to the 12th United States Infantry, January 31, 1870; was adjutant of this regiment March 8-June 8, 1870. He took part in the expedition against the Modoc Indians in 1873, and was killed in the Lava Beds in Oregon, April 26.



Evening Parade, Commencement, 1910.

CLASS OF 1850.

OBED FOSS, M. S.

Obed Foss, son of Moses and Hannah (Googins) Foss, was born in Buxton, Me., June 11, 1828. He prepared for college at the St. Albans (Me.) Academy,

and entered the University from St. Albans, in 1847, graduating B. S. in C. E. in 1850 with the highest honors of his class; received degree of M. S. in course in 1910.



Obed Foss.

He was instructor in a boy's school at West Point, N. Y., 1851; taught in Yarmouth, Me., 1858; engaged in the mercantile business in Pittsfield, Me., 1860-73, meeting with success. In 1873, he became a member of the firm of Hawthorn, Foss & Co., and engaged in the lumber business and the manufacture of orange and lemon boxes for the trade in Italy and Sicily, practically controlling the business in this line. He also has an extensive orange orchard at Altamont, Fla., where he spends his winters.

He has been twice married: first, December, 1852, to Chloe Elizabeth Smith of St. Albans, Me., who died in August, 1879; no children. He was again married in June, 1882, to Lelia Bethia Smith of Houlton, Me.; no children.

CAPT. HENRY HOBART GILLUM, B. S.

Henry H. Gillum, son of George and Pamelia (Johnson) Gillum and brother-in-law of George C. Jarvis, '52, was born in Portland, Conn., August 19, 1832, and died in the City of Mexico, February 29, 1888.

He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1847, graduating B. S. in 1850. After leaving the University, he worked for a time in the Brownstone quarries of Portland. Later he removed to St. Louis, Mo., and from there to Kansas, where he remained until the Civil War. He enlisted in the Kansas Volunteers; was promoted captain and quarter-master, August 22, 1862, and was mustered out of service, October 11, 1865. Soon after the war, he engaged in business in Clarksburg, W. Va., and later in St. Louis, Mo. About 1882, he located in the city of Mexico, where he made his home until his death.

He was twice married: first, to Isabella Gildersleeve of Portland, who died in a few years, leaving one daughter, Ida, now Mrs. Frank Brainard of Portland, Conn. He was married the second time to Emma Glimme of St. Louis, who died about 1882. One son was born to them, Henry Vinton, who died in Chillicothe, Ohio, in 1897.

ORMANDO WYLLIS GRAY, C. E.

Orlando W. Gray, son of Wyllis and Emily (Newell) Gray, was born in Townshend, Vt., March 3, 1829. In 1835, his parents removed to Bernardston, Mass., where he attended the public schools. He prepared for college at the Goodale Academy, and entered the University in 1847, and remained two years; received the degrees of B. S. and C. E. in 1851 as for 1850.

He taught school for nearly two years, and then engaged in civil engineering and local land surveying, but early turned his attention to the preparation of maps in which line of work, he gained distinction.

He mapped Sullivan County, N. H., in 1857, measuring every road and by-way in the county. He formed a partnership in 1857 with Prof. F. H. Walling, later of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, with offices in Boston and New York. He made many town and county maps in New England, the Middle States and Canada. Also a number of state and general maps were issued, prepared mainly from reductions of the new county and other large scale local maps, and being drawn on the lately introduced rectangular polyconic projection and based on the elaborate trigonometrical work of the coast and other government surveys, they were greatly in advance in accuracy and usefulness to any previously published. By a contract with the State of Massachusetts made in 1869, Walling and Gray assumed the management of the state maps, the plates of which are owned by the Commonwealth, and aided by the commissioners of the several counties, the plates were carefully brought up to date and a large edition published in atlas form, the result being satisfactory, financially and otherwise to all concerned. In 1871, the firm removed to Philadelphia and became still more extensively engaged in a general map making and publishing business, atlases being made of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Maryland, and other states and Canadian provinces, and a large number of town and city maps in the South and West were issued.

In 1875, Prof. Walling retired from the firm and Mr. Gray conducted the business until a little later, when his son, Frank A. Gray, who had been for some years in charge of the drawing and engraving department, became a member of the firm, under the name of O. W. Gray & Son, and so continued until the death of the son in 1886. The firm published a general atlas which is a standard work today. He retired from business in 1890. He removed to Bernardston in 1884, where he has made his home to date.

He was married, September 5, 1851, to Roxeena Loye Arnold of Dexter, Mich., who died in Bernardston, Mass., June 13, 1901. Four children were



Orlando Wyllis Gray.

born to them: Frank Arnold, born September 4, 1852, died September 17, 1886; Mary Swift, born August 26, 1857, married Irvine Chittick Beatty of Camden, N. J., resides in Moorestown, N. J.; Nellie May, born December 7, 1866, married Dr. Willard Henry Pierce, resides in Bernardston, Mass.; Annie Newell, born March 3, 1873, resides in Bernardston, Mass.

SURGEON FRANCIS MINOR LINCOLN, B. S., M. D.

Francis M. Lincoln, son of Minor Sprague and Almira (Shepard) Lincoln, was born in Boston, Mass., January 29, 1830, and died unmarried at Lincoln's Hill, Wareham, Mass., May 3, 1868. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1847, graduating B. S. in 1850.

He graduated A. B. from Trinity College in 1852, and the same year, he entered the Tremont Medical College, Boston, Mass. After a few months study in this school, he entered the Harvard Medical College, and graduated M. D. in 1854. He then continued his studies in Paris, until the spring of 1855, when he returned to Boston. He was surgeon on the ship, *Underwriter*, on a voyage to Liverpool, England in the fall of 1856, and during the spring and summer of 1858. He again studied in Paris during November-June, 1856-57. The immediate periods between his services as surgeon on vessels and his study in Paris, was spent in the practice of his profession in New York and Boston, until 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the United States Government and in the summer of 1861, was commissioned surgeon of the gunboat, *Pembroke* on the Potomac River. On August 12, 1861, he was commissioned assistant surgeon of the 9th Massachusetts Infantry, and served during General McClellan's Peninsula campaign; was commissioned surgeon of the 35th Massachusetts Infantry, July 28, 1862, and performed conspicuous duty at the Battle of Sharp's Mountain, Fredericksburg, and Antietam, being the ranking surgeon of his division in the latter battle.

Owing to failing health, he was forced to resign his commission, March 10, 1863. He was later commissioned assistant surgeon, U. S. A., his commission dating from March 10, 1863. He was in charge of military hospitals in Washington, D. C.; Danville, Va., and Baltimore, Md.; was for a short time surgeon of the 4th United States Infantry; was stationed for some time at Richmond, Va., after its capture and later at Petersburg, Va.; was honorably discharged from the service, December 1, 1864. He contracted pulmonary consumption in the service, of which he died.

HON. RICHARD SULLIVAN LITTLE, C. E.

Richard S. Little, was born in Grafton, N. H., May 12, 1859 and died in Littleton, Col., in 1900. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1847, and graduated B. S. in 1849; received the degree of C. E. in course, 1898.

He was assistant engineer with Gen. George Stark on construction of the railroad from Danforth Corner to Wilton, N. H., September, 1850, until March 1851; made surveys for the Rock River Valley R. R. (now the Chicago & North Western) from Jonesville, Wis., to Chicago, Ill., 1851-52; made surveys for the Milwaukee & Mississippi R. R., from Milwaukee to the Wiscon-

sin River, and had charge of construction from Whitewater to the Rock River in Wisconsin, 1852-53; made surveys for railroad from Milwaukee to Fondu-Lac, 1853; located the Milwaukee & Watertown R. R., (now part of the C. M. & St. P.) and had charge of the construction to Columbus and continued the survey through Columbia county to the Wisconsin River, 1853-55.

In 1860, he located in Colorado, a few miles below Denver, in a town named in his honor, Littleton, where he resided until his death. He engaged largely in wheat raising and built several large flour mills. He was a Republican in politics, represented his district in the State Legislature in 1873, receiving all but 100 of the 4,000 votes cast.

He was married September 21, 1854, to Angeline Harwood of Nashua, N. H.



Hon. Richard Sullivan Little.

LAFAYETTE WASHINGTON PIERCE, A. M.

Lafayette W. Pierce, son of Ezekial Porter and Susanna (Porter) Pierce, was born in Chesterfield, N. H., May 20, 1825, and died at Gainesville, Ga., January 1, 1899. He prepared for college at the Chesterfield Academy and entered the University in 1847, graduating A. B., in 1850; received the degree of A. M., in course in 1860.

He was principal of the Wilmington, Vt., school, 1850-51; Mt. Caesar Seminary, Swanzey, N. H., 1851-53; Alstead, N. H., High School, 1853-54. While teaching school, he studied law with Hon. F. F. Lane of Keene, N. H., and with his brother, L. D. Pierce, '46, and was admitted to Worcester county, Mass., bar in April, 1854. He located in Winchendon, Mass., and practiced his profession in the Massachusetts and New Hampshire courts and before the departments at Washington, D. C., 1854-90.

He removed to Gainesville, Ga., in 1890, where he resided until his death; practiced his profession there and continued his work as claim agent before the departments at Washington. He held several offices in Massachusetts; served as justice of the peace several years. He was a member of the Monadnock Lodge, I. O. O. F., Winchendon, Mass., and held the various offices in the order.

He was married three times: first, September 15, 1859, to Cleopatra Smith Barry of Saxton's River, Vt., who died November 12, 1861. Two children were born to them: one died in infancy; Charles Lucius, born March 6, 1861, resides in Hollbrook, Mass. He was again married October 5, 1865, to Lydia M. Brooks, of Baldwinsville, Mass., who died May 15, 1872. One child was born to them: John Alberto, born July 11, 1866, resides in Gaines-

ville, Ga. He was married the third time, March 29, 1875, to Harriet Elizabeth Derby of Ashburnham, Mass., who survives him and resides in Gainesville, Ga. One child Thirza Belle, born July 21, 1876, married, resides in Gainesville, Ga.

CAPT. JOHN MINOT STANYAN, A. B.

John M. Stanyan, son of John and Ann (Abbott) Stanyan, was born in Andover, Mass., March 23, 1828, and died in Milford, N. H., January 6, 1905. In 1833, his parents removed to Pembroke, N. H., where he attended the public schools, and the "Gymnasium" under the principalship of George W. F. Emerson, '43. He went to Perrysburg, Ohio, in 1844 and taught school; attended Oberlin College, and in 1846 returned home; was a student at Professor Russell's Academy in Reed's Ferry, and at the Thetford, (Vt.) Academy. In 1847, he entered the University, remaining two years, nearly completing the regular classical course. He was an able student in mathematics and in the classical languages. In recognition of his work as a scholar and soldier, the University, in 1904, conferred upon him the degree of A. M., in course, as for 1850.



Capt. John Minot Stanyan.

In October, 1849, he sailed for California, *via* Cape Horn, on the clipper ship, *Reindeer*; worked in the gold fields for some time meeting with success. While in California, he met General Jackman and several "N. U." men. After working a few months in the mines, he followed the sea, until 1853. He doubled Cape Horn four times, and circumnavigated the globe once, visiting the various ports in South and Central America, the Indian Ocean, Australia, Wales, England, and Africa. One year, 1853-54, was spent in Nicaragua. He located in Milford, N. H., in 1854 and was employed in Robert Knight's furniture factory, in Milford until 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of New Hampshire; was appointed a recruiting officer and opened a station in Milford and recruited and drilled twenty-six men, who were enrolled in Co. B, 8th Regiment; was commissioned captain, September 14, 1861. The regiment was ordered to Louisiana in February, 1862, where he served with distinction in the Department of the Gulf. He was especially distinguished for bravery at the siege of Port Hudson, where in the second charge, June 14, 1863, he led the regiment. The 8th New Hampshire and the 4th Wisconsin, were placed by order of General Banks as the "tried troops" at the head of the attacking column of 3,000 troops. He advanced within fifteen yards of the enemy's fortifications when he was severely wounded in both thighs.

The attacking column was repulsed, but Captain Stanyan was captured and held a prisoner until the surrender, July 8, 1863. He then returned home and owing to disability was mustered out of service, October 16, 1863. He was presented with a service sword by the citizens of Milford. He was a brave and efficient officer.

He was superintendent of David Heald's furniture factory in Milford in the seventies. He was an ingenious inventor and in the seventies, he conducted in Milford, N. H., the business of manufacturing a patent and employed some twenty-five men. During 1880-86, he was interested in a patent in Hopedale, Mass.

He was a ready public speaker and took a prominent part in the "Old Lyceum" in Milford. He wrote many poems of merit, which were published by his son, Edward M. Stanyan in 1908. He was the historian of his regiment and published in 1892, the *History of the 8th Regiment*, a work of 689 pages; also wrote the *History of Post Lull, G. A. R.*; served on the staff of the *Milford Daily Pointer*, 1894-1904. In this last year, he retired from active work. He was a Republican in politics, and took an active part in the affairs of his town; served for some time as superintendent of schools. He was for some years clerk of the Baptist Church and superintendent of the Sabbath School; a member of Custos Morum Lodge, I. O. O. F., and its Noble Grand in 1861 and 1865; was a charter member of Post Lull, G. A. R., and its commander in 1892; honorary member of the A. U. A. M.

He was married May 4, 1854, to Julia A. Walker of Winchester, Mass., who survives him and resides in Milford. Four children were born to them: Edward Minot, editor of the *Milford Daily Pointer*, Milford, N. H.; Frank Henry, an editor on the staff of the *Boston Globe*; Annie Mabel, resides in Milford; Bertha Gertrude, resides in Boston.

JOSEPH ESTABROOK YOUNG,
C. E.

Joseph E. Young, son of Abner and Lucy (Estabrook) Young, was born in Athol, Mass., August 14, 1830. In 1840, his parents removed to Lowell, Mass., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1847, and graduated B. S. in 1850. He received the degree of C. E. in course from the University in 1910.

He was transitman on the survey of the Allegheny Valley R. R., 1850-51. He located the Canton & New Philadelphia [R. R., 1851-52; was engineer in charge of the construction of the Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. (now the western division of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.) September, 1852-December, 1858:



Joseph Estabrook Young.

organized and built the Chicago & Great Eastern R. R., 1861-65, serving as vice-president and general manager. In 1866, he consolidated the Chicago & Great Eastern R. R., with the Columbus & Indiana Central R. R. The consolidated road, 604 miles in length, now forms a part of the Pennsylvania R. R. Co's Pittsburg & Chicago, and the Pittsburg & St. Louis divisions, between Columbus and Chicago, Columbus and Indianapolis, and Chicago and Cincinnati. Of this line, he was vice-president, 1867-69. During the years, 1869-71, he organized and built the Chicago, Danville & Vincennes R. R., extending from Chicago to the coal fields, 125 miles south of Chicago, and forming a part of the railroad system between Chicago and Nashville and other southern points. During 1871-73, he built the Michigan Air Line R. R. and also the South Bend & Niles R. R., 130 miles in length, now part of the Michigan Central System. During 1878, he built the Kansas City, Emporia & Southern R. R. from Emporia to Edward county, now a part of the Santa Fe system. He also built the Caney Valley, now a part of the Missouri Pacific system. Since leaving the construction and operation of railroads, he has devoted his time to mechanical engineering.

He was married October 23, 1863, to Mary Theresa Tyler of Ira, N. Y. Two children have been born to them: Josephine Estabrook, born September 14, 1866, resides in Chicago; Abner Tyler, born February 24, 1871, resides in Cheyenne, Wyoming.

NON-GRADUATES, 1850.

REAR-ADMIRAL CHARLES CARROLL CARPENTER, U. S. N.

Charles C. Carpenter, son of David Newcomb and Phoebe Maria (Newcomb) Carpenter, was born in Leyden, Mass., February 27, 1834, and died in Portsmouth, N. H., August 24, 1900. In 1835, his parents removed to Greenfield, Mass., where he prepared for college. He also attended the Deerfield Academy. He entered the University in 1848, remaining two years.

He was appointed a midshipman, United States Navy, October 1, 1850; was attached to the sloop *Portsmouth*, Pacific Squadron, 1851-54; was a student at the Naval Academy, 1854-56; was promoted passed midshipman, June 20, 1856. He served on the steam frigates, *Merrimac*, *Roanoke*, *Colorado*, and the brig *Dolphin*, of the Home Squadron, 1856-68. He was commissioned lieutenant, on January 23, 1858; on the receiving ship at Boston, 1858-59; on the steamer *Mohawk*, blockading duty, 1861; steamer *Flag*, 1862. He was commissioned lieutenant-commander, July 16, 1862; served on the ironclad *Katskill*, 1863; was stationed at the Naval Academy, 1863-65; served on steam sloop *Hartford*, 1866-67; commanded the steamer *Wyoming*, in 1868; at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., 1871; commanded the *Nantasket*, 1871-72; was on equipment duty, Portsmouth, N. H., 1872-75; commanded the *Huron*, 1875-76; was stationed at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., 1878. He was commissioned captain, March 25, 1880; was on equipment duty, Boston Navy Yard, 1880-82; commanded the *Hartford*, 1882-84; commanded the receiving ship *Wabash*, at Boston, 1888-90. He was in command of the Portsmouth Navy Yard, 1890-94; was promoted commodore, May 15, 1893, and rear admiral, November 11, 1894. He was in command of the Asiatic

fleet, 1894-96, during the Chinese and Japanese War; was retired from active service, February 27, 1896. In May, 1898, he was placed in command of the Portsmouth Navy Yard, where he served during the Spanish-American War. He was a member of the G. A. R. and the Loyal Legion.

He was married December 13, 1862, to Anna Browne of New York City, who died August 24, 1900. Seven children were born to them: Henry Augustus born September 8, 1864, resides in Winnetka, Ill.; Fanny Bayard, born December 5, 1865, married Capt. J. H. Shipley, U. S. N.; Anna Maria, born December 6, 1868, married F. M. Sise, resides in Portsmouth; Josephine Mortimer, born April 26, 1870, married John Dabney, resides in Seattle, Wash.; Charles Carroll, Jr., born August 31, 1872, now captain United States Marine Corps; Dudley Newcomb, born June 28, 1874, surgeon U. S. N., now stationed at Annapolis, Md; Reginald Thorne, born October 21, 1881, died in November, 1903, while a midshipman at the United States Naval Academy.



Rear-Admiral Charles Carroll Carpenter.

CAPT. EDWARD HOLYOKE CUTTS.



Capt. Edward Holyoke Cutts.

Edward H. Cutts, son of the Hon. Hampden and Mary Pepperrell Sparhawk (Jarvis) Cutts, and brother of C. J. Cutts, '65, was born in Portsmouth, N. H., May 21, 1831, and died in Faribault, Minn., October 11, 1887. In 1834, his parents removed to Hartland, Vt., where he attended the district schools. He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and the Thetford, Vt. Academy. He entered the University in 1846, and remained three years, receiving a certificate from the Engineering department.

He engaged in civil engineering, 1850-51, and worked on his father's farm in Hartland, 1851-52. He went to Racine, Wisconsin, early in 1853, and in December of that year followed the old Indian trail from Hastings, Wis., to Mankato, Minn., making the

trip on foot. He staked out a claim in Walcott, near Mankato, and returned to Wisconsin in January. In February, he returned to his claim with oxen and supplies, and began improving his land and built the first house in town. In 1875, he removed to Faribault, where he made his home until his death. He was an extensive owner of farm land in Rice and Lyon counties, Minnesota.

He enlisted in 1862, in Co. B, 8th Minnesota Infantry; served against the Sioux Indians two months. In June, 1864, he was commissioned captain of Co. C, 55th United States Colored Infantry and served until the close of the war. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; Rice County Old Settlers Association, serving as its vice-president several years.

He was married January 10, 1855, to Anna Sherwood of Rockford, Ill., who survives him and resides in Omaha, Neb. Nine children were born to them: William Jarvis, born October 25, 1856, died October 25, 1863; Edward Hampden, born January 15, 1863, died March 12, 1863; Mary Sherwood, born March 1, 1858, died unmarried in 1877; Elizabeth Bartlett, born November 25, 1858, married A. F. Powell, died in 1907; Katherine Anna, born October 6, 1866, died February 22, 1878; Lillian Ursula, born September, 1868, resides in Des Moines, Iowa; Hampden, born July 26, 1871, died unmarried February 24, 1892; Winifred Jarvis, born June 9, 1875, married Rev. W. J. Mitchell, died June 24, 1901; Margaret Appleton, born in 1877, married Harry C. Judson, resides in Omaha, Neb.

COL. STILLMAN EMERSON DANA.

Stillman E. Dana, son of Foster and Priscilla (Dutton) Dana, was born in Warren, Vt., May 6, 1827, and died in St. Paul, Minn., February 20, 1894. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1847, and remained until the fall of 1849, leaving to go to California in company with President Wheaton and General Jackman.

In October, 1849, they sailed from Boston in the *Argonaut* via Cape Horn, reaching San Francisco in March, 1850, after a tempestuous voyage of one hundred and thirty-three days. He worked in the mines a short time, and then conducted a store for the sale of miners' supplies in the town now known as Auburn. He returned to Vermont in 1851; engaged in farming in Thetford, Vt., from 1852 until 1856, when he located in Portage, Wis., where he resided until 1872. He removed to St. Paul, Minn., in April, 1872, where he resided until his death. He was engaged in civil engineering in Portage, laying out several town sites, and doing general work, 1856-57; was superintendent of the locks and canal, Portage, 1857-60. He engaged in the railroad business in St. Paul, 1872-94, serving as general baggage agent of the Great Northern R. R., 1882-92.

He was commissioned first lieutenant, Portage "Light Guards," February 6, 1861; colonel, 21st Regiment Wisconsin State Militia, March 20, 1861. When the call came for volunteers for the Civil War, he went to Madison, and assisted in drilling and instructing the volunteers for service. He was unable, owing to duties at home to go to the front with his regiment, but spent some time in the State service as a drill master.

He was a Republican in politics; represented Portage in the State Legislature, 1869-71; member of the City Council, 1858; member of the board of

education, 1871-73; county board of supervisors, 1858; postmaster, 1861-70. He was an active member of the Presbyterian Church.

He was married, October 4, 1852, to Arabella Gleason of Thetford, Vt., who died in St. Paul, Minn., October 7, 1907. Five children were born to them: Katherine Gleason, born February 6, 1854, married John W. Stone, resides in Minneapolis, Minn.; Caroline Duncan, born February 23, 1856, died unmarried, February 15, 1873; Charles Francis, born December 20, 1857, drowned in Lake Superior, July 26, 1894; Mary Louise, born October 9, 1859, married George A. DuToit, resided in Chaska, Minn.; Susan Eleanor, born April 24, 1861, married Edward Payson Sanborn, resides in St. Paul, Minn.

JOHN STEPHEN DAY.

John S. Day, son of Stephen and Sarah Maria (Hayner) Day, was born at Sand Lake, N. Y., April 14, 1830, and died in Brookline, Mass., October 21, 1896. In 1854, his parents removed to Gilsun, N. H., and in 1845, to Keene, N. H. He attended the public schools of Keene, N. H., and entered the University in 1845, and remained three years.

He went to California in 1852, and opened a miners supply store in Downieville, Sierra County, which he conducted until 1863, when he located in San Francisco and engaged in the grocery business until 1869. In this last year, he located in Boston, where he engaged in various business enterprises; he was extensively interested in the manufacture of pulp in Maine. In 1890, he removed to Brookline, where he made his home until his death. He was very successful in his business and acquired a valuable property. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity.

He was married May 4, 1859, in San Francisco, Cal., to Evelyn Pauline Young of Sunapee, N. H., who survives him and resides in Brookline, Mass. One child was born to them: Stanton, born October 11, 1861, and died in Niagara Falls, N. Y., December 26, 1899.

RALPH SMITH DORR.

Ralph S. Dorr, son of Ralph Smith Dorr, '24, and Eliza (Davis) Dorr, was born in Roxbury, Mass., June 21, 1835. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1846, remaining two years.

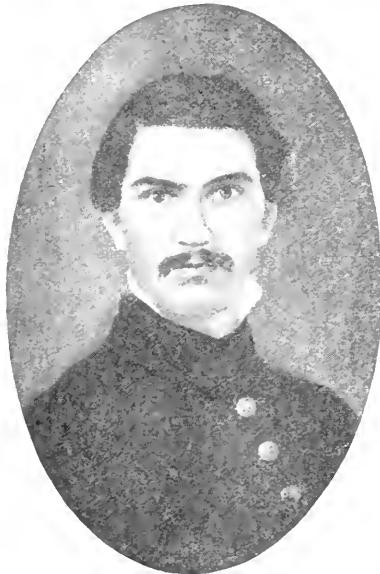
He made several voyages to various parts of the world and then located in San Francisco, where he engaged in business until about 1890, when he removed to Colorado City, Col., where he continued in business several years.

CAPT. SAMUEL NEWELL FIFIELD.

Samuel N. Fifield, son of Israel B. and Judith (Taylor) Fifield, was born in Franklin, N. H., October 10, 1826 and died of tuberculosis at Elkhorn, Neb., October 1, 1859. At an early age, he removed to Sullivan, N. H., where he attended the public schools; prepared for college at the Mt. Caesar Seminary, Swanzey, N. H., and in a select school taught by L. M. Ward of Westminster, Vt. He entered the University in 1848, and remained two years, receiving a certificate from the Civil Engineering department; was adjutant of the corps, 1849-50; was a brilliant student and very popular with the cadets.

At a Fourth of July celebration, previous to entering the University, he lost his left hand by an explosion of a cannon which he was recklessly firing;

a few years after leaving the University, he again lost a portion of his left arm by an accident while hunting; yet he became an expert with the rifle. General Dodge, a classmate, states he was one of the finest shots he ever saw.



Capt. Samuel Newell Fifield.

Elkhorn region, Neb. She was an expert with the rifle and was often obliged to defend her home from the attack of the Indians; no children. He is survived by a sister, Mrs. Susan L. Boyer, of Fremont, Neb.

He engaged in engineering for a short time and in 1854, crossed Iowa with General Dodge and in the same year located a claim on the Elkhorn River in Nebraska, near what is now Elk City, near claims owned by General Dodge. He built a log cabin near the river and conducted the ferry across the river at that point, also engaged in ranching until his death.

He was commissioned captain by the Governor of the territory and led his fellow settlers in their struggles with the Indians. His life on the plains was a constant warfare with the Indians. He was a brave and capable officer.

He was married in Brattleboro, Vt., October 19, 1852, to Celestine Keith of Sullivan, N. H., who died October 15, 1890. She was a highly educated and capable woman; was the first white woman to settle in the

MAJ.-GEN. EDWARD HATCH, U. S. A.

Edward Hatch, son of Nathaniel and Mary Elizabeth (Scott) Hatch, was born in Bangor, Me., December 23, 1832, and died in Fort Robinson, Neb., April 11, 1899. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1846, remaining two years. Soon after leaving the University, he determined to become a sailor, but after making one voyage, decided to enter the lumber business. He engaged in the lumber business in Muscatine, Iowa, for some years previous to the Civil War.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Iowa, and was appointed State drill master to instruct the volunteers at Davenport in 1861; was commissioned captain, 2nd Iowa Cavalry, August 12, 1861; major, September 5, 1861; lieutenant-colonel, December 11, 1861; colonel, June 13, 1862; brigadier-general, April 27, 1864.

He led his regiment in the battles at New Market Island, November 10, 1862; Cornish, April 8-25, 1862; Booneville, Miss., May until July, 1862; Tulsa in September, 1862. He commanded the regiment in Grant's army and had charge of raids through Central Mississippi, April 17-26, 1863, and destroyed the railroad from Columbus to Macon. This raid was planned to cover General Grant's movement at Vicksburg; was given command of a division

of cavalry and made many raids in Alabama, May-December, 1863; was seriously wounded, December 15, 1864, in the battle before Nashville, Tenn., and was brevetted major-general United States Volunteers from same date, for "gallant and meritorious services" in this battle; was brevetted brigadier-general U. S. A., March 2, 1867 for "gallant and meritorious services" at the Battle of Franklin, Tenn., in which he had commanded a division of cavalry; and major-general, U. S. A., March 2, 1867, for "gallant and meritorious services" in the Battle of Nashville, Tenn., December 15, 1864; was mustered out of the volunteer service, January 15, 1866.

He was commissioned colonel 9th United States Cavalry, July 28, 1866, and held the command until 1869; was in command of the department of Arizona and New Mexico, 1869. He was president in 1880, of the commission to investigate the Ute uprising and arranged a treaty with the tribe; was in command of the expeditions in New Mexico, against Victorio, the notorious Apache chief. Col. S. H. M. Beyers of Iowa, writes of General Hatch: "Hatch was a man born to be a soldier. He had military instinct, the war genius, the quick comprehension, the resolve to act and the personal bravery that led to victories. He was every inch a soldier, and the men of his command, taking on the military spirit of their leader, became one of the best cavalry regiments in the American service. * * * By virtue of military merit, he so won the approbation of high commanders as to gain promotion after promotion until, when the war ended, men saw him brevetted for gallantry as a major-general in the regular army. He was in forty engagements, and as a rule, the 2d Iowa was with him. It's record is his record."



Maj.-Gen. Edward Hatch.

He married Evelyn Barrington of Philadelphia, Pa. Three children were born to them: one child died in infancy; L. Barrington; Elizabeth, married Mr. Edgar Hubert.

HON. JOHN ELLIOT WRIGHT HAMMOND.

John E. W. Hammond, son of John and Fannie (Day) Hammond, was born in Gilsum, N. H., May 11, 1825, and died of pneumonia in Salem, Ill., December 16, 1893. He prepared for college at the Marlow, N. H., Academy and the Mt. Caesar Seminary, Swanzey, N. H. He taught district schools in Langdon, N. H., and the Center District school in Keene, N. H. He entered the University in September, 1846, and remained three years, nearly completing the regular college course in literature.

He engaged in the mercantile business with his uncle Stephen Day, Jr., in Perkinsville, Vt., until 1853, when he removed to Chicago, Ill., where he engaged in business until 1862. He then located in Omega, Ill., where he



Hon. John Elliot Wright Hammond.

conducted a large general store, meeting with marked success. In 1879, he removed to Salem, the county seat of Marion county, Ill., and continued in trade; also conducting a store in Sandoval and continuing the business in Omega until his death. He was a director of the Sandoval Coal and Mining Co., 1879-93, and was largely interested in the coal mines operated by that company in Sandoval, Ill. He also extensively engaged in farming.

He was a Democrat in politics; represented this district, consisting of Marion, Fayette and Jefferson counties in the State Legislature, 1878-80; was supervisor of his town three years; member of the county board of supervisors of Marion County.

He was twice married: first, to Louisa H. Thayer, daughter of Charles and Mary A. Thayer of Perkinsville, Vt., who died in Chicago in 1856; one child, Frank, died in infancy. He was again married November 13, 1863, to Mary Hensley Lovell of Omega, Ill., who survives him and resides in Salem, Ill. Two children were born to them: Lula, born September 19, 1864, married Charles H. Hull, resides in Salem; Frank Elliott, born March 16, 1868, died October 26, 1874.

CAPT. HENRY WHITCOMB HOLLEY.

Henry W. Holley, was born in Pierrepont Manor, N. Y., May 5, 1828, and died suddenly in a mining camp on Berry Creek, near Fort Steele, B. C., June 26, 1897. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1847, remaining nearly three years.

He was assistant engineer on the Cleveland & Pittsburg R. R., 1850-52; Parkersburg & Cincinnati R. R. in Ohio, 1852-54; Ohio, Crawfordsville & Fort Wayne R. R., in Indiana, 1854-56. In this last year, he located in Chatfield, Minn., where he was editor and publisher of the *Chatfield Republican* until 1861, when he removed to Winnebago City, Minn. He resided in that city until 1891, when he removed to Spokane, Washington. In 1893, he located in Everett, Washington, where he made his home until his death.

During the Indian troubles in Minnesota in 1862, he organized the Winnebago City Guards and was commissioned its captain, August 23, 1862, and served on the frontier until September 7, 1862; later served with Col. Charles E. Flandras on the frontier. He was appointed chief engineer of

the Southern Minnesota R. R., now one of the divisions of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, R. R., in 1867, and on its completion in 1870, served as its superintendent and general manager until 1874. As contractor, he built the Omaha R. R., from Gordon to Superior, Wis., 1874-76.

He had extensive interests in Golden, Spokane, Kettle Falls, Fairhaven, Everett and the Triune Mine on Palmer Mt. in Washington. He also possessed large farm holdings in Minnesota, Tennessee and Florida. He was a Republican in politics and held many positions; was receiver of the United States Land Office at Winnebago City, 1861-68; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of Minnesota in 1857; State senator, 1859-61.

He possessed great literary ability. He was a frequent contributor to the press of the country. He published the following poems: *Higginsville Papers, Moods and Emotions in Rhyme*, in collaboration with his old cadet comrade, F. W. Russell, '51, published in 1855; *What I Think: A Satire*, 1859; *The Politicians and Other Poems*, 1885; *Random Shots at Living Targets*, 1889; *Odd Spell Verses*, 1891; *The Rare Problem and Other Critiques*, 1891.

He was married in 1855, to Eliza Jane Christie, a native of Ohio, who survives him and resides in Everett, Washington. Five children were born to them: Mrs. A. O. Denne of Everett, Wash.; Mrs. Stauffer of Everett; Maud, Mabel, and Harry, now superintendent of a mine in Mexico.



Capt. Henry Whitcomb Holley.

ELIAS LYMAN, 1st.

Elias Lyman, son of George Lyman, '23, and Minerva (Briggs) Lyman, was born in Royalton, Vt., January 5, 1831, and died in Kewanee, Ill., December 15, 1904. He attended the schools of his town and the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and the Thetford, (Vt.) Academy. He entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1844, and the regular work of the Scientific department in 1846; was discharged in 1847.

He was a clerk in Boston, Mass., 1847-49; clerk and later a partner in his father's store, White River Junction, Vt., 1849-55; employe of his grandfather, E. D. Briggs, in his store in Rochester, Vt., 1855-58; engaged in the dry goods business in Rochester, 1858-62. In 1862, he sold his interests and removed to Kewanee, Henry Co., Ill., where he made his home until his death. He engaged in the mercantile business in Kewanee, until 1884, when he retired from active labor. In 1874, he organized the First National Bank of Kewanee, and served as its president until 1876.

He was married December 14, 1858, to Adelaide Trask of Rochester, Vt., who survives him, and resides in Kewanee. Two children were born to them: Nellie, born in 1863, married Frederick A. Smith, resides in Rockford, Ill.; Lillie Louise, born in 1870, married Mr. Charles I. Pierce of Kewanee, Ill., died June 17, 1901.

ELIAS LYMAN, 2d.

Elias Lyman, son of Lewis and Mary Blake (Bruce) Lyman, and cousin of Elias Lyman, 1st, was born in Hartford, Vt., November 19, 1831, and died there, unmarried, January 21, 1850.

He attended the schools of his town and entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1844, and the regular work of the University in 1847. He was honorably discharged in 1848. He was an express agent on the Passumpsic R. R. from 1848 until his death.

GEORGE WILLOUGHBY NEVINS.

George W. Nevins, son of Thomas Jefferson and Cornelia (Clark) Nevins, was born in Penn Yan, New York, September 10, 1834. He entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1844, and remained three years.

In 1850, he embarked on a vessel from New York, advertised to sail for San Francisco, with a view of joining his father there. The vessel was really bound on a "fillibustering" expedition to Cuba; the ship was wrecked on the shores of Cuba, and the crew and passengers were seized and shot at Mantanzas, Cuba, May 25, 1850.

STEPHEN AUGUSTUS SCRIPTURE.

Stephen A. Scripture, son of Isaac and Lydia (Mead) Scripture, and cousin of J. B. T. Mead, '51, was born in Lowell, Mass., August 30, 1833, and died there December 2, 1900. He prepared for college in the Lowell Schools, the Derry, N. H. and Westford, Mass., Academies, and entered the University in 1847, remaining two years.

In the fall of 1849, he sailed for San Francisco *via* Cape Horn, reaching there after a tempestuous trip of six months. He engaged in mining and lumbering in California, until 1853, when he returned to Lowell, and worked about two years in his father's bakery; engaged in lumbering in Northern Minnesota, 1855-59.

He returned home in 1859, and later in the same year, located in Concord, N. H., where he engaged in the bakery business until June 5, 1861, when he enlisted in Co. D, 1st New Hampshire Infantry; was mustered out, August 9, 1861; was detailed to take charge of the regimental bakery, and later was placed in charge of the extensive army bakeries in New Orleans, La., by Gen. B. F. Butler, and served in this capacity until 1863. He engaged in the bakery business in Montreal, Canada, from 1863 until 1864, when he returned to Lowell and continued in the same business until 1893, when he retired from active labor. He was a member of the First Universalist Church; Lowell, Post, G. A. R., No. 185.

He was married April 26, 1868, to Martha Maria Carey of Waltham, Mass., who died December 6, 1903; no children.

GEORGE STEPHENS SHEPARD.

George S. Shepard, son of Isaac and Lucy (Wheat) Shepard, was born in Royalton, Vt., October 4, 1827, was drowned in Fox Lake, Wis., June 18, 1865. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1847, remaining two years. He was a school teacher; and some years later studied dentistry; was an accomplished musician. He resided in Wisconsin for several years previous to his death.

He married Catherine Smith. Six children were born to them: George Franklin, Elsie, Lizzie, John, Lucy, and Isaac F.

CAPT. DANIEL STONE STANWOOD.

Daniel S. Stanwood, son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Stone) Stanwood, was born in Augusta, Me., August 31, 1836, and died in Boston, Mass., February 6, 1864. At an early age, his parents removed to Boston, Mass., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1846, remaining two years. He then became a sailor, and for many years was a sea captain.

He is survived by a brother, Charles F. Stanwood, "N. U.," '67.

CHARLES JAMES FOX STONE.

Charles J. F. Stone, son of Deacon Peter Stone, was born in Boscawen, N. H., April 21, 1827, and died in Plymouth, N. H., April 19, 1860. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1847, and remained nearly three years. He studied law with Austin F. Pike of Franklin; was a student at the Harvard Law School, 1854-55. He was admitted to the bar in 1856, and practiced his profession in Plymouth from 1857 until 1860.

He was married September 10, 1855, to Abby A. Weare of Andover, N. H. Two children were born to them: George Weare, born November 11, 1857, Dartmouth College, '78, now a lawyer in Andover, N. H.; Charles William, born August 6, 1859, Dartmouth College, '78, now resides in Andover, N. H.

CLASS OF 1851.

COL. LUTHER LOREN BAXTER, B. S.

Luther L. Baxter, son of Chauncey and Philena (Peet) Baxter, was born in Cornwall, Vt., June 8, 1832. He attended the schools of his town and the Castleton, Vt. Seminary, and entered the University in 1848, remaining two years. In 1899, the University in recognition of his work as a soldier and judge, conferred upon him the degree of B. S., as for 1851.

He studied law with Lindsley and Beckwith of Middlebury, Vt., 1851-52, and with Hon. Horatio Seymour of Middlebury, 1852-53. In September, 1853, he removed to Chicago, Ill., where he was admitted to the bar in March, 1854. He removed to Geneva, Wis., in 1855, and continued the practice of his profession until 1857, when he removed to Chaska, Minn. He practiced his profession in Chaska, 1857-61, 1865-76; at Minneapolis, 1876-82; at Fergus Falls, 1882 to date.

He enlisted in Co. A, 4th Minnesota Infantry, in 1861; was commissioned its captain in 1861. He was assigned with two companies to the command of Fort Ridley, remaining there until March, 1862. He then rejoined his regiment at Fort Snelling, and was promoted to the rank of major. In April, 1862, he was



Col. Luther Loren Baxter.

ordered South with his regiment, where he participated in many battles, but owing to sickness was compelled to resign in October, 1862. He re-entered the service, November 21, 1864, as major of the 1st Minnesota Heavy Artillery; was promoted lieutenant-colonel, February 25, 1865, and colonel later in the same year. He participated in the battle of Nashville. He was elected to the State Senate in the fall elections of 1864, and was granted leave of absence to take his seat. Returning to the army in March, 1865, he was assigned to duty as chief of artillery of Chattanooga, remaining with his regiment until mustered out of service September 27, 1865.

Judge Baxter is a staunch Democrat, and as such has held many positions of honor and trust; was judge of probate for Carver County in 1858; prosecuting attorney for the 4th judicial district, 1859; county attorney of Scott County, 1863; senator from Scott County, 1865-69; member of the House from Carver County, 1869; senator from 1869 to 1876; county attorney of Carver County, 1877-79; and member of the Legislature, 1879-81. At the hands of the Republican governor, Hubbard, he received the appointment of judge of the

7th judicial district, in March, 1885, to fill an unexpired term, and was elected to the same position for a term of six years at the elections of 1886, notwithstanding the fact that the district cast a Republican majority of 3,500. He was re-elected at the election of 1892 without opposition, and still holds the position.

MAJOR-GENERAL GRENVILLE MELLEN DODGE, C. E., LL. D.,
M. M. S.

Grenville M. Dodge, son of Sylvanus and Julia (Phillips) Dodge, was born in Danvers, Mass., April 12, 1831. His early advantages for acquiring an education were quite limited, having only the benefits of the district schools during the winter months, but possessing a great desire for education, he spent all his spare time in study. Between the ages of ten and seventeen, he worked at market gardening, farming on the celebrated Lander farm in South Danvers; also in clerking in his father's and Lambert & Merrill's store in the same place. He attended the Durham (N. H.) Academy in the winter of 1845 and 1846, and in September, 1848, entered Norwich University, remaining until the winter term of 1850-51, graduating from the Scientific department. He then entered Captain Partridge's private school for practical instruction in field engineering, where he remained until July, 1851, receiving a diploma as a military and civil engineer.

He immediately went to Peru, Illinois, where he joined his two classmates, Thomas E. G. Ransom, '51, and Dunbar R. Ransom, '51, who were engaged by George W. Gilson, '37, in general land surveying. He was in the employ of Mr. Gilson, until November, 1851. He then entered the engineer corps of the



Cadet Grenville Mellen Dodge.

Illinois Central Railroad as axe man and took part in the survey from LaSalle to Dixon. His training at Norwich soon placed him in charge of the transit and he assisted in making the surveys from LaSalle to Bloomington, including the long bridge crossing over the Illinois River at LaSalle. He was employed in March, 1852, by Peter A. Dey, division engineer, as rodman on the Rock Island Railroad, and was assigned to the section extending from Tiskilwa to Sheffield. He was given charge of the surveys of the Peoria branch of this road from Peoria Junction to Peoria. In 1854, he prophesied the building of the great transcontinental line and outlined its location to Council Bluffs and from there to the Pacific coast.

In the spring of 1853, Mr. Peter A. Dey was appointed chief engineer of the Mississippi & Missouri Railroad and he selected Mr. Dodge as his principal

assistant engineer. In March, 1853, he was given charge of the preliminary surveys and location of the road from Davenport, to Iowa City. Early in September, 1853, he began the surveys across Iowa through Marengo, Newton and Des Moines, reaching Council Bluffs in the fall, this being the first survey across the State. In order to determine where the Pacific Railroad would cross the Missouri River, he was instructed to make surveys west of the Missouri river to the Platte Valley. These surveys determined that Council Bluffs was that point and the Mississippi & Missouri Railroad made that their terminus. Construction work on the M. & M. R. R. was continued until 1854, when owing to a lack of funds, the work was suspended.

On November 11, 1854, he removed with his family to Council Bluffs and later in the same month to a claim on the Elkhorn River adjoining the claim of his "N. U." associate, S. N. Fifield, '51, (q. v.). Here he made his home until February, 1855, when owing to Indian attacks upon the settlers, he moved his family to Council Bluffs, where he has made his home to date.

During 1855-61, he engaged extensively in mercantile business in Council Bluffs and freighting on the plains, and travelled and traded with the Indians. He sent the first train through to Denver and opened there, on Cherry Creek, one of the first mercantile houses under the name of Baldwin, Pegram & Co. The experience thus gained proved of great value to him when, in 1865-66, he conducted the Indian campaigns, and when engaged in the surveys of the Union Pacific and the Texas Railroads. He organized the banking house of Baldwin & Dodge, which became in 1868, the Pacific National Bank of which he was president. This was merged in 1878 into the Council Bluffs Savings Bank of which he has been a director to date.

In the fall of 1855, he returned to Iowa City and took part in the construction of the M. & M. R. R., until 1857, when work was again suspended. He then returned to Council Bluffs and continued his reconnoissances and surveys west of the Missouri River, under the patronage of Henry Fernam and T. C. Durant, covering the territory along the 41st and 42d parallels of latitude, west to the Rocky Mountains. He also made the surveys for the St. Louis, Chillicothe & Council Bluffs Railroad, now a part of the Wabash system.

During his services in the Civil War, 1861-66, he was often called upon to use his engineering skill in destroying and reconstructing railroads and bridges that had been destroyed by the Confederate army. In the fall of 1861, he rebuilt a portion of the Missouri & Pacific Railroad from Rolla to Gasconade river. In 1862, he rebuilt the Mobile and Ohio Railroad from Columbus to Corinth. The work was pushed through with such vigor that by September, trains were running over the road to Corinth. In this work, he was ably assisted by Colonel George E. Bryant, "N. U.," '55, and his regiment, the 12th Wisconsin Volunteers. In the fall of 1863, when General Grant was ordered to Chattanooga, he ordered General Sherman, who was marching towards Chattanooga with General Dodge's corps, to stop him on the Nashville & Decatur Railroad as he discovered it would be necessary to rebuild this line of road in order to supply his army with provisions.

General Grant in his *Memoirs* describes this work as follows: "Sherman's force made an additional army, with cavalry artillery and trains all to be supplied by the single-track road from Nashville. All indications pointed also to the probable necessity of supplying Burnside's command in East Tennessee, of twenty-five thousand more, by the same route. A single track could not do

this. I gave, therefore, an order to Sherman to halt General G. M. Dodge's command of about 8,000 men at Athens, and subsequently directed the latter to arrange his troops along the railroad from Decatur north toward Nashville, to rebuild the road. The road from Nashville to Decatur passes over a broken country, cut up with innumerable streams, many of them of considerable width and with valleys far below the road bed. All the bridges over these had been destroyed, and the rails taken up and twisted by the enemy. All the cars and locomotives, not carried off, had been destroyed as effectually as they knew how to destroy them. All bridges and culverts had been destroyed between Nashville and Decatur and thence to Stevenson, where the Memphis and Charleston and the Nashville and Chattanooga roads unite. The rebuilding of this road would give us two roads as far as Stevenson over which to supply the army. From Bridgeport a short distance farther east the river supplements the road.

"General Dodge, besides being a most capable soldier, was an experienced railroad builder. He had no tools to work with except those of the pioneers—axes, picks and spades. With these, he was able to intrench his men and protect them against surprises by small parties of the enemy. As he had no base of supplies until the railroad should be completed back to Nashville, the first matter to consider, after protecting his men, was the getting in of food and forage from the surrounding country. He had his men and teams bring in all the grain they could find, or all they needed, and bring in all the cattle for beef and such other food as could be found. Millers were detailed from the ranks to run the mills along the line of the army. When these were not near enough to the troops for protection they were taken down and moved up to the line of the road. Blacksmith shops with all the iron and steel found in them were moved up in like manner. Blacksmiths were detailed and set to work making the tools necessary in railroad and bridge building. Axemen were put to work getting out timber for bridges and cutting fuel for locomotives when the road should be completed. Car builders were set to work repairing the locomotives and cars. Thus every branch of railroad building, making tools, to work with and supplying the workmen with food, was all going on at once, and without the aid of a mechanic or laborer except what the command itself furnished. General Dodge had the work assigned him finished within forty days after receiving his orders. The number of bridges to rebuild was one hundred and eighty-two, many of them over deep and wide chasms. The length of road repaired was one hundred and two miles."

In the Atlanta campaign, when General Sherman's army faced the Chattanooga River, he determined to attack Atlanta by moving his force by the left and cross a portion of it at Roswell, Ga., and instructed General Dodge with his corps to move there immediately and build a bridge across the Chatahoochee River. Dodge's corps arrived there on Sunday evening and on Wednesday evening, three day's time, had built a bridge 14 feet high and 710 feet long upon which the Army of the Tennessee crossed that evening. Material for the bridge was obtained by tearing down some factories located at that place. After the Atlanta campaign, General Dodge was assigned to the command of the Department and Army of the Missouri. He was offered the position of chief engineer of the Union Pacific Railroad in January, 1855, but owing to the disturbances on the plains, General Grant was unwilling to spare his services.

On May 1, 1866, he was given a leave of absence from the army and on the same date assumed the duties as chief engineer at Omaha. On May 30, 1866, his resignation from the army was finally accepted. He at once took charge of the engineering forces in the field and extended the surveys to the California State line. Few people at the present time can appreciate the difficulties that attended the construction of this great road. No railroad had then reached Council Bluffs. All supplies had to be shipped by boat from St. Louis and St. Joseph up the Missouri River to Omaha. The country through which the road passed was occupied by Indians and the engineering parties had to be organized as military companies and did all their work under military escorts; practically all the construction work was carried on under the protection of the military forces. The graders and track-layers went to their work carrying

arms, which they stacked along side of their work and although often attacked, many of them killed and the stock captured, the organization was so carefully planned that the construction was carried on without interruption and with unprecedented rapidity.



Major-General Grenville Mellen Dodge.

Ground was broken at Omaha, on December 1, 1863, and in 1864 a few miles were graded. In 1865, track was laid forty miles west of the Missouri River to Fremont; in 1866, 260 miles; in 1867, 240 miles; and from April 1, 1868 to May 10, 1869, 556 miles were built and 180 miles of temporary track and siding were added. The rapidity of building on this line has never been exceeded in this country; the entire cost of the road was \$57,000,000. On May 10, 1869, the last rail was laid, completing the connection of the road with the Central Pacific road at Promotory Point, Utah, thus making a continuous line from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean. On this day appropriate ceremonies were held which were witnessed by many of the prominent men of the country. Many tributes were given General Dodge for his work on this road. To accomplish this work, some 15,000 miles of instrumental line were run and over 25,000 miles of reconnoissance made. The road was so well located that within the last few years, when the road was rebuilt under the direction of Mr. E. H. Harriman, and as much money expended in lowering its grades and in shortening the alignment as it cost to build the road, only thirty miles of distance has been saved, and Mr. Harriman and the engineers who had charge of this reconstruction, have, in their public statements, given great credit to the ability shown in the original location and construction.

During 1867-69, surveys were made for the Oregon Short Line from Salt Lake to Portland Oregon, and also from the Humboldt Valley through the Beckwith Pass to California. During 1867, he had charge of the survey and

construction of the road now known as the Chicago Northwestern, from Boyer Valley to Council Bluffs, in order to hasten its connection with the Union Pacific Railroad at that point. On January 25, 1870, he resigned the position as chief engineer of the Union Pacific, and was appointed chief engineer of the California & Texas Construction Co., for the purpose of building a railroad from Shreveport to San Diego, California, a great part of which is now known as the Southern Pacific. During 1870, he conducted the surveys for the Colorado Central R. R.

During 1871 and up to 1874, he built the Texas Pacific Railroad from Shreveport to Dallas, Texas, and from Marshall *via* Texarkana to Sherman; also located the line to San Diego, Cal., and commenced at that point building east. The panic of November, 1874, caused a suspension of this work, until 1880. During this time, he visited Europe for his health, and was consulted by the engineers of Germany and Italy, who were building the St. Gotthard tunnel, through the Alps; and also by the French government, who was considering the question of building a system of cheap railways through France. In January, 1880, he became president of the Pacific Railway Improvement Co.; and during 1880-85, built the Texas Pacific Railroad from Fort Worth to El Paso. He also made surveys by the way of Prescott, Arizona, crossing the Colorado River at Lee's Ferry, then northwest to the southwest corner of Utah; thence west, across the Nevada desert to Mono Lake and Pass, over the Sierra Nevada Mountains to the San Joaquin Valley and to San Francisco, it being the intention of the Texas Pacific and Union Pacific to join in a joint line from south-west Utah to California.

In 1880, he organized and became president of the American Railway Improvement Co., and built the New Orleans & Pacific R. R., from Shreveport to New Orleans. He also became president of the International Railway Improvement Co., building the present M. K. & T. line from Fort Worth to Taylor, Texas, and the International Railroad of Texas from San Antonio to Laredo. He was president of the Colorado Railroad Construction Co., and in 1881, he built the Fort Worth and Denver City Ry. from Fort Worth to Wichita Falls. In October, 1882, he became president of the Oriental Construction Co., and made the surveys and constructed a portion of the line from Laredo, Texas, *via* Meir and Victoria to the City of Mexico.

In 1882, he was appointed vice-president of the Mexican & Southern R. R., of which Gen. U. S. Grant was president, and succeeded him as president in 1885. He supervised the survey of this road from the city of Mexico through the State of Oaxaca to the Pacific Ocean, which, during the year 1910, has been connected with the E. H. Harriman system, building south along the gulf of California. In 1884, he conducted the surveys for the Cheyenne & Northern R. R. During 1883, he built the Des Moines Northern, which is now a part of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul system. On November 20, 1886, he became president of the Panhandle Construction Co., and built the Fort Worth & Denver City R. R., from Harold to Texline. In 1867, he organized and became president of the Colorado & Texas Railway Construction Co., and built the Fort Worth & Denver City R. R., to Trinidad, Col.

In 1869, Mr. Burlingame was appointed Minister to China by General Grant. After visiting China, he returned to this country with authority from the Chinese government to inaugurate a system of Internal improvement in that country. He asked General Grant to recommend an engineer for

that purpose. General Grant recommended General Dodge and Mr. Burlingame arranged with him to take the position. Mr. Burlingame then visited Europe, and while making negotiations for China, died; and none of his plans were carried out. In 1883, when General Dodge was engaged in railroad construction in Texas, the Chinese government again took up the question of internal improvements and their representative in Washington communicated with General Dodge, referring to the appointment of Burlingame, and offered him the appointment; but he could not then leave the works he was connected with in Texas, and had to decline.

In 1868, General Dodge made plans for the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River between Council Bluffs and Omaha. The Missouri River is a quicksand stream and very changeable. It was then thought that piling could not be used for foundation of the piers; therefore, iron columns, eight feet in diameter were sunk from sixty to ninety feet below the surface of the water, which was more than twice as far as any foundation had ever been sunk in this country under air, and was really the beginning of the employment of air in foundation construction, which has grown now to be used in all kinds of foundations of great depth. When the Colorado Southern R. R., was organized, General Dodge was elected director the same year; was later made chairman of the board, which position he held until 1909, when the road was sold to the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. General Dodge then retired from active railroad work. Since 1896, he has not engaged in building new road, but has developed the various properties with which he has been connected. He supervised the construction of the Wichita Valley, the Trinity & Brazos Valley Roads and other extensions of the Colorado & Southern system.

His service with various companies, not mentioned before is as follows: Union Pacific R. R., director, 1869-97; Missouri, Kansas & Texas R. R., president; Fort Worth & Denver City R. R., director and president, vice-president several years; St. Louis, Des Moines & Northern R. R., president, 1884-90; Iowa Steamboat Co., director 1882 to date; Des Moines Union Railway Co., 1884-92; Denver, Texas & Fort Worth R. R., 1889-90; Des Moines & Northern Railway Co., 1890-92; Western Industrial Co., 1891 to date; Wichita Valley R. R., 1891-1909; Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf R. R., 1891-92; Abeline & Southern, vice-president, 1909 to date.

Soon after locating in Peru, Ill., General Dodge, with cadets T. E. G. Ransom and Dunbar R. Ransom, organized an artillery company. Its first actual service was in the suppression of a serious mob in Vermillionville. On his removal, in 1855, to Council Bluffs, he organized the Council Bluffs Guards, one of the first military companies organized in that State; was commissioned its captain in July, 1856, and served until July 6, 1861. He advocated and urged the passage of an effective militia bill by the State Legislature in 1856, but failed to get it adopted.

In April, 1861, he tendered the services of this company to the Governor of Iowa for service in the Civil War, this company being the first to offer its services to the State. Its services were declined by the Governor, because it was the only military company on the frontier, and he was unwilling to withdraw it from that border. Captain Dodge was appointed an A. D. C., on the staff of Governor Samuel Kirkwood, and in April, 1861, was sent to Washington to procure the necessary equipment for the volunteers. Through

his energy and zeal, he obtained six thousand stands of arms with ammunition. The secretary of war recognizing his ability, offered him a captain's commission in the regular army, which was declined, as he felt his services were needed by his State. Secretary of War Cameron, then telegraphed Governor Kirkwood, requesting that Captain Dodge be given command of one of the State regiments. Governor Kirkwood responded and on July 6, 1861, appointed him colonel of the 4th Iowa Volunteers with authority to organize and recruit it and put it in camp at Council Bluffs, Iowa. The Council Bluffs Guards became Co. B of that regiment.

While the regiment was being organized, Colonel Poindexter organized a Confederate force in Northwest Missouri, on the Iowa border, threatening that State. Colonel Dodge, with a portion of his regiment and a section of artillery, moved against Colonel Poindexter, reaching Clarinda, when the Confederates retreated, destroying their transportation. Colonel Dodge then returned to Council Bluffs and completed the organization of his regiment, and the 2d Iowa battery. Great delay was experienced in obtaining the necessary clothing and equipment, and Colonel Dodge, unwilling to wait longer, pledged his own security to obtain the necessary supplies. He moved with his regiment and battery on August 13, 1861, and reported to General Fremont at St. Louis; on August 24, 1861, was sent to Rolla, Mo., and on October 9, 1861, was assigned to the command of this important post. During his service at Rolla, he sent out expeditions to Houston and Salem, November 1, meeting and defeating the enemy in both engagements. He was wounded in the left leg on December 15, 1861.

During December and January, the army of the Southwest was concentrated and mobilized at Rolla under Brig.-Gen. S. R. Curtis. On January 21, 1862, Colonel Dodge was assigned to the command of the 1st brigade, 4th Division, Army of the Southwest; one of the companies of the 4th Iowa was the first to occupy Springfield, Mo., on February 13, 1862. His brigade took part in the engagements at Sugar Creek on February 17, 1862, and at Cane Creek, February 20, 1862. He defeated Gates' command at Blackburn's Mills on February 27, 1862; took possession of and ran the mills at this point for the purpose of feeding the army.

In the battle of Pea Ridge, March 6-8, 1862, Colonel Dodge's brigade held the extreme right, and the fact that it was enabled to maintain its position until night, while all the other forces of the right wing of the army were driven back, gave it the credit of having saved the day. In this battle, every field officer in his command and one-third of the rank and file were killed and wounded. Colonel Dodge was wounded in the side. He was commissioned brigadier-general, March 31, 1862, for his services in this battle.

Upon recovery from his wounds, he reported to Maj.-Gen. H. W. Halleck at Corinth, Miss., June 6, 1862, and was assigned to command of the Central Division of the Army of the Tennessee, and ordered by him to report to Brig.-Gen. W. F. Quimby, commanding the District of Columbus. During June-August, 1862, he re-built the railroad from Columbus, Ky., to Corinth, Miss.; also constructed earth works and block houses at bridges and railway stations and other important works. During his services here, he organized and mustered into service the 1st Tennessee Cavalry. He also captured Dyersburg, Huntington and O'Brien, and General Villipigue was defeated by him on the Hatchie River.

On September 29, 1862, by order of General Grant, he was assigned to the command of the District of Columbus, Ky.; captured Colonel Faulkner and his command at Island No. 10; also captured the State troops and conscripts, some 1,400 in number, twenty-three miles west of New Madrid. On October 30, 1862, he was assigned, by order of Maj.-Gen. U. S. Grant, to command the 2d Division, Army of the Tennessee, at Corinth, Miss.; was assigned, on November 15, 1862, to the command of the District of Corinth, by order of Maj.-Gen. U. S. Grant; extensive fortifications and important works in and around Corinth were finished while holding that command.

On December 1, 1862, a combined movement was made from Holly Springs and Corinth, in which his troops captured Tupelo and Okolona, Miss., defeating the enemy and capturing the stores at these places. In December, 1862, by order of Maj. Gen. U. S. Grant, he moved to Lexington and Spring Creek, Tenn., driving General Forrest across the Tennessee River.

In February, 1863, he attacked Van Dorn's column at Tuseumbia, Ala., which was moving against General Rosecrans; was in command in April, 1863, of the 2d Division, part of 5th Division and a portion of the Cavalry Division of the 16th Army Corps, and made an expedition into Northern Alabama, defeating the forces of the enemy in the Tuseumbia Valley. During this movement, the fights at Bear Creek, Cherokee, Burton Station, Leighton and Town Creek occurred; also destroyed immense quantities of stores for Bragg's army, that were along the Memphis & Charleston Railroad and in the Tennessee Valley; also during this movement Colonel Straight's noted raid through Georgia occurred. On returning from this expedition, April, 1863, General Chalmers and Ruggles were attacked and defeated at Tupelo. In June, 1863, his forces crossed the Tennessee River at Savannah, and gaining General Van Dorn's rear, captured the town of Florence and defeated its garrison. On June 19, 1863, he attacked General Furgeson's command on the Big Muddy, and stopped the raid on the Memphis & Charleston, R. R., after much severe fighting and heavy loss.

During the Vicksburg campaign, General Grant left General Dodge and his command at Corinth for the purpose of holding that flank and preventing General Bragg from detaching any of his forces for the purpose of reaching the Mississippi River, and cutting General Grant's communications. He performed this duty so well that on July 5, 1863, General Grant, in sending his recommendations for promotions, placed General Dodge's first, requesting that he be made major-general; on July 8, 1863, he was assigned to the command of the left wing of the 16th Army Corps, with headquarters at Corinth. On July 14, 1863, his forces defeated a portion of Roddy's command at Jackson, Tenn., and captured a large number of prisoners. On August 15, 1863, his forces made a raid on Grenada, Miss., capturing a large number of locomotives, cars, railroad stock, stores, etc., which were destroyed; also defeated the enemy at Water Valley and Grenada. While in command at Corinth, he organized and mustered into the service the 1st Alabama Cavalry, the 1st Alabama Colored Infantry, and several companies of colored troops for siege artillery. On October 30, 1863, he reported with his command to Major-General Sherman, then moving into middle Tennessee; and took part in his movement to Chattanooga.

During the months of November and December, 1863, he rebuilt the Nash-

ville & Decatur R. R., from Nashville to Decatur, Ala.; also constructed and laid pontoon bridges across the Tennessee, Duck, and Elk rivers in Alabama, and constructed good and substantial earthworks and stockades at all the important points. During this time, his forces held the north side of the Tennessee River from Decatur, Ala., to a point opposite Tusculum; the command also took part in several engagements with the enemy, and captured and fortified Decatur, Ala. During this command, he organized and mustered into service, the 2d and the 3d Regiments of Alabama colored infantry.

On May 1, 1864, in command of the 16th Army Corps in the field, he moved to Chattanooga and took part in the Atlanta campaign. He led the advance of the Army of the Tennessee on May 5th; took part in the battles and engagements at Ships Gap, May 6th; Snake Creek Gap, May 9th; Resaca, May 11th; captured on May 11, Lay's Ferry on the Estoumula river, and laid pontoon bridges and reached the flank of Johnson's army; on May 12th, on the retreat of Johnson's army, attacked and defeated Walker's division near Rome Cross Roads; took part in the engagement at Kenesaw Mountain, Roswell, Dallas, Decatur, July 21; Atlanta, July 22, and Ezra Church on July 28.

At the battle of Atlanta on July 22d, General Hood, while making his celebrated movement to the rear of the Army of the Tennessee, encountered the 16th Army Corps under command of General Dodge, and a great battle took place. General Dodge held Hardee's corps and frustrated General Hood's attempt to gain the rear of the Union Army. General Dodge received the commendation of the officers for his valuable services on that day. One brigade of his command, under General Sprague, held Decatur against the attack of the entire cavalry command of the Confederate army and saved all the trains of the Army of the Tennessee.

General Grant, after his first recommendation for the promotion of General Dodge, renewed it several times and on June 7, 1864, he was successful, and General Dodge was commissioned major-general of Volunteers. On August 19, 1864, General Dodge, while out on his line arranging to make an attack in front of Atlanta, was wounded in the head. He gave the command of his corps to his old classmate at "N. U." Brevt. Maj.-Gen. T. E. G. Ransom, '51. After recovering from his wound, on October 14, 1864, he was ordered to City Point, Va., to visit General Grant. He spent two weeks at General Grant's headquarters and had an opportunity to see the Army of the Potomac and the Army of the James.

On November 3, 1864, he was assigned to command of the District of Vicksburg and to the command of the left wing, 16th Army Corps. On December 2, 1864, he was assigned to the command of the Department and the Army of Missouri; was commissioned on December 9, 1864, major-general of the Missouri State Militia, which was serving in the United States Army. At this time, General Grant wired him to know if a campaign could be made against the Indians on the plains in the winter. He answered "Yes," and immediately, on January 30, 1865, the Department of Kansas was added to the Department of Missouri. All the overland routes were in the possession of the Indians and he was ordered to open them. Gen. Jeff C. Thompson's Confederate forces in Arkansas, some seven thousand strong, surrendered to him on White River, Arkansas.

During January-March, 1865, his forces made Indian campaigns on the plains, opening up the stage and mail lines and rebuilding the telegraph lines, which had been destroyed by the Indians. To accomplish this work, his troops fought several severe battles with the Indians. From July, 1865, to May, 1866, he made the Indian campaigns extending from the Arkansas River on the south, to the Yellowstone on the north. In these campaigns, several battles with Indians were fought by forces under Generals Sanborn, Ford, Conner; and Colonels Cole, Walker and others. Treaties of peace were made with the Comanches, Apaches and southern Cheyennes and other southern tribes. A council was held with the Northern Cheyennes, Arapahoes and the Sioux at Fort Laramie, and a basis for a treaty agreed upon. For services in this campaign, General Dodge received the thanks of the Legislature of Iowa.

He resigned his commission in the army on March 1, 1866, and on May 30, 1866, it was accepted. General Grant was very desirous of retaining General Dodge's services in the regular army and in his bill, placing a certain number of generals of volunteers in the regular army, General Dodge was placed at the head. At the breaking out of the Spanish War, General Dodge was tendered, by President McKinley, a major-general's commission and the command of the first corps organized. General Dodge thought that the young men of the army should be given command in the field, and said if the war developed so that it was necessary for officers of the Civil War to take part, he would accept. President McKinley appreciated this and held the appointment in abeyance, often consulting General Dodge during the progress of the war. General Dodge is the last living Army and Department Commander of the Civil War.

General Dodge is a Republican in politics and has taken an active part in all the Presidential elections from 1861 to date. He was a delegate-at-large from Iowa to the National Republican convention held in Chicago in 1868; Philadelphia in 1872; Cincinnati in 1876. In July, 1866, he was nominated by his party as Congressman from the Fifth District of Iowa; and was elected by over 4,500 majority. He proved an active and efficient representative. He rendered valuable service to the country, particularly the bill for the re-organizing of the army. He was also noted for his attention to legislation affecting his own State, and was instrumental in procuring the passage of the act reimbursing the State for its expenditures in raising and equipping troops and in defending her border. He declined a re-nomination in 1868, as he wished to devote all his energies to the construction of the Union Pacific R.R.

He is a member of the I. O. O. F. and the P. O. Elks of Council Bluffs. On the death of General Sherman in 1892, he succeeded that officer as president of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, which office he has held to date. He has served as vice-president of the Grant Monument Association and president of the Grant Birthday Association from 1890 to date. He is a member of Lincoln Post, G. A. R., and the Union Veteran League of Council Bluffs. He was one of the first organizers of the Loyal Legion, serving as commander-in-chief in 1907-09; was also commander of the New York Commandery for some time. He is an honorary member of the Union League Club of New York City; and member of the United Service Club; Coney Island Jockey Club; Commercial Club of Council Bluffs; Boston Club of New Orleans; Republican Club and the Army and Navy Club of New York City; Military Service Institution; State Historical Societies of Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska.

General Dodge has proven a loyal son to his *Alma Mater*. He has been for many years a liberal supporter of the many interests of the Institution. He has served as a trustee since 1882. He assisted in organizing the Norwich University Alumni Association of New York City in 1883 and served as its president until 1909. He was elected an honorary member of the *ΑΣΗ* Fraternity in the early sixties and has taken an active interest in the welfare of the Fraternity.

He has been a frequent contributor to the periodicals of the country on subjects relating to engineering, military and historical matters. He published in 1911, *How We Built the Union Pacific Railway, and other Railway Papers and Addresses*; also in the same year, *The Battle of Atlanta*. He has delivered many addresses in various parts of the country on historical, engineering, and military subjects.

He was married at Salem, Mass., May 29, 1854, to Annie Brown, a native of Peru, Ill. Three children have been born to them: Lettie, born June 17, 1855, married Robert E. Montgomery, resides in Council Bluffs, Iowa; Ella, born December 12, 1858, married Frank Scott Pusey, resides in New York City; Annie, born March 7, 1866, resides in New York City.

REV. SULLIVAN HOLMAN MCCOLLESTER, A. M., D. D.

Sullivan H. McCollester, son of Silas and Aehsah (Holman) McCollester, was born in Marlboro, N. H., December 18, 1826. He prepared for college at the Mt. Caesar Seminary, Swanzey, N. H., Dublin Select School, Winchendon, Mass., and the Melrose Academy, Brattleboro, Vt. He entered the University in 1848, and graduated A. B. in 1851. The University conferred upon him the degree of A. M. in 1855; St. Lawrence University the degree of D. D., in June, 1874, and Buchtell college the degree of D. Lit.

He attended the Cambridge (Mass.) Divinity School, during 1851-53. He was then principal of the Mt. Caesar Seminary from 1853 to 1858. In 1858, he became pastor of the Westmoreland Universalist Church, and also one in West Chesterfield. During a portion of the time, he taught a select school, and held the office of school commissioner for Cheshire county four years. In 1861, he became principal of the Westbrook (Maine) Seminary, a position he held eight



Rev. Sullivan Holman McCollester.

years. In 1864, he obtained from the Maine Legislature a charter for a woman's college, in connection with the Seminary, the first of the kind in New England. In 1866, he traveled extensively through Europe, and in July, 1868,

in company with Rev. John S. Lee, D. D., of St. Lawrence University, visited the Bible Lands; and on his return in February, 1869, lectured extensively, and contributed articles to several of the leading magazines and papers.

In the summer of 1869, he resigned the principalship of the Westbrook Seminary, and in the fall became pastor of the Universalist Church in Nashua, N. H. In 1872, he was elected to the presidency of Buchtell College, Akron, Ohio, and in the fall of this year entered upon his duties. He held this position six years. Since then, he has traveled extensively on this continent and in the Old World. He has crossed the Atlantic Ocean eleven times, and has been around the globe once.

He has written the following works on travel: *Round the Globe in Old and New Paths*, 1870; *Afterthoughts of Foreign Travel*, 1872; *Babylon and Nineveh Through American Eyes*, 1872; *Mexico, Old and New, A Wonderland*, 1896; *Autumn Leaves from Mapleside*, 1909. *The Journal of Education* places his writings on a par with Charles Carleton Coffin and Maturin M. Ballou. He has resided in Marlboro, N. H., since 1878, where he has spent his time in preaching, lecturing, writing and farming.

He is a Republican in politics, and has held several offices; represented his town in the State Legislature in 1892; served as chairman of the New Hampshire Board of Education, 1892-96; was superintendent of the public schools of his town, 1880-1905. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge of Marlboro, the Granger, New Hampshire Historical Society, Universalist Historical Society.

He has been married three times: first, November 23, 1852, to Sophia F. Knight of Dummerston, Vt., who died in 1899. Three children were born to them: Eda S., born in 1853, died in 1856; Carrie Knight, born in 1855, died in 1861; Lee Sullivan, born in 1859, now a Universalist clergyman in Detroit, Mich.; Edwin F., born in 1864, died in 1866. He was again married in 1902, to Emma Jane Parker of Natick, Mass., who died in 1902. He was married the third time in 1904 to Elizabeth E. Randall of Keene, N. H., who died in 1911.

BVT. COL. DUNBAR RICHARD RANSOM, U. S. A., B. S.

Dunbar R. Ransom, son of Col. Truman Bishop Ransom, '25, and Margaretta Morrison (Greenfield) Ransom, was born in Fayetteville, N. C., January 10, 1831, and died in Fort Worth, Tex., July 11, 1897. In 1834, his parents removed to Norwich, where he attended the public schools. He entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1843, and the regular work of the Scientific department in 1846; was discharged in June, 1847, to enter the United States Military Academy at West Point; was a student at West Point from July 1, 1847, until September 30, 1850, when he resigned. He then returned to "N. U." and graduated B. S. in 1851.

He went to Peru, Ill., in the summer of 1851, where he was assistant engineer with his uncle, George W. Gilson, '37, until 1853. He then became assistant engineer with E. B. Kellogg, '45, on the construction of the Peoria, Oquawka & Burlington, R. R. In the fall of 1853, he returned to Vermont, where he resided until he entered the army. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 3d United States Artillery, June 7, 1855; promoted 1st lieutenant, December 31, 1856; captain, November 1, 1861; was brevetted major, December

13, 1862, "for gallant and meritorious services at the Battle of Fredericksburg, Va.;" lieutenant-colonel, July 3, 1863, "for gallant and meritorious services in the Battle of Gettysburg, Pa.;" colonel, August 25, 1864 for "gallant and meritorious services in action at Kearneyville, Va." He served with his regiment in California, August 1, 1855 until October, 1856; in Washington Territory, October, 1856 until November, 1857; in California, November, 1857 until June, 1858; Washington Territory, June, 1858 until June, 1859, taking part in an expedition against hostile Indians in 1858, in the Battle of Four Lakes, September 1, 1858; *en route* and stationed with his battery at Fort Ridgely, Minn., June, 1859, until April, 1861.

He served in the defenses of Washington, D. C., April to October, 1861; served in the Department of the South, October, 1861, until June, 1862. He was transferred to the Army of the Potomac in June, 1862, and commanded Battery C, 5th Artillery for some time; was then in command of a brigade of artillery until July 2, 1863, when he was severely wounded at the battle of Gettysburg; was on sick leave until September, 1863; commanded his battery in the Army of the Potomac, September, 1863 until August, 1864; served in the Middle Military Division until April, 1865; in Maryland and the District of Columbia, April to October, 1865; St. Louis, Mo., October until November 1865; Fort Sullivan, Me., November, 1865 until April, 1867; Fort McPherson Neb., April, 1867, until May, 1868; Fort Kearney, Neb., May, 1868 until January, 1869; Fort Adams, R. I., January to February, 1869; Fort Macon, Ga., February to March, 1869; Fort Polaski, Ga., March, 1869 until his dismissal from the army, December 20, 1872.

He participated in the following named engagements: First Bull Run, Secessionville, S. C., second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Kilpatrick's raid to Richmond, Mechanicsville, Wilderness, Hanover Court House, Ashland, Bethesda Church, White House, Winchester, Kearneysville, Fort¹ Royal, Woolperts Cross Roads, Shepherdstown, Smithfield, Laurel Hill, Cedar Creek, Mount Jackson, and in many other minor engagements.

In order to do justice to this gallant officer, it is necessary to explain the "dismissal" which was one of the most deplorable incidents ever perpetrated by the United States War Department, upon a faithful and gallant officer. In 1868, government supplies were stolen by civilians in Fort McPherson, Neb., and to reimburse the government, the pay of the officers commanding the post was held until the amount of loss was covered. The various officers in command shifted responsibilities until the loss was saddled upon Ransom. Owing to financial embarrassment, caused by the stoppage of his salary, he borrowed money of a hospital steward at Fort Sullivan, Me., in May, 1867. This was against the law of the War Department and in March, 1869, he was arrested and after a long and tedious trial and without sufficient proof was dismissed from the service. This unjust action was brought to the attention of Congress in 1873, and during the next twenty-one years, several attempts were made to have Captain Ransom restored to the army. In 1881, Ransom's friends were successful in their appeals to Congress and by Act of Congress, August 1, 1894, he was restored to the army, and placed on the retired list with the rank of captain.

The full account of the findings of the committee of military affairs, is given in Report No. 518, 53 Congress, 2d Session. We quote from the report:

"Dunbar R. Ransom served over seventeen years as an officer of the Army. His record as set forth in the report of the adjutant general of the Army, is one of great brilliancy, showing that he was in twenty-four battles and many minor engagements, and had in every way proven himself to be not only a gallant, but a faithful and efficient officer. Following the close of the war his services covered a large part of the country. In one year (1869), he was stationed with his battery in four different places. Constant moving from points widely separated and the transportation of his family and household effects, caused him to go into debt. * * * It appears from the sentence of the court martial that the offense on the part of Captain Ransom in borrowing money from a private soldier was too great to be palliated. He was dismissed from the service and thus suffered an injustice which has broken him in health.



Bvt. Col. Dunbar Richard Ransom.

He is now over sixty years of age, entirely dependent upon his own exertions. He has borne his unmerited disgrace 'all these years, and his conduct has been exemplary. The debt which he contracted, and which he never denied and for which he was court martialed, has long been paid. In the old days, when persons were imprisoned for debt and Fleet street prison was crowded full to overflowing, no person then suffered greater punishment than has been imposed upon Captain Ransom by the court-martial which blighted a career which had been brilliant and full of promise. * * * The committee are 'of the opinion, after carefully examining all the evidence adduced that the court erred in its findings as well as the law of the case. * * * There is no evidence even tending to show that Ransom practiced any fraud or deceit in obtaining the loan, nor is there any circumstance attending the negotiation of the loan from which the slightest inference can be drawn that Captain Ransom had any other intention than that of re-paying the money borrowed when called upon; indeed, that is not charged. Your committee are not aware that it is a crime, in either civil or military life, for a debtor who has contracted, honestly and in good faith, a debt which, by reason of misfortune, unforeseen, accident, or mistaken business management, he fails to pay at the appointed time; certainly not such as to incur so severe a penalty as that inflicted upon Captain Ransom in this case. * * * So it will be seen that the charge and specification of the accused making false representations to avoid payment are utterly disproved by the evidences of the prosecuting witnesses. Your committee are of opinion that a great wrong has been done Captain Ransom, who for seventeen years preceding this event, had served his country faith-

fully.

fully and without blemish on his character, and therefore report the bill back with an amendment, and recommend its passage."

He entered the employ of the Southern Pacific R. R., under General G. M. Dodge, '51; was for a number of years in charge of the supply department at Fort Worth, Texas.

MAJ.-GEN. THOMAS EUGENE GREENFIELD RANSOM.

Thomas E. G. Ransom, son of Col. Truman B. Ransom, '25, and Margareta Morrison, (Greenfield) Ransom, was born in Norwich, Vt., November 29, 1834, and died unmarried near Rome, Ga., October 29, 1864. He attended the schools of Norwich, the Newbury Seminary (now the Montpelier Seminary), and the Preparatory department of the University, 1846-48. He entered the regular work of the Scientific department in 1848, and graduated by certificate in the spring of 1851.

In the summer of 1851, he went to Peru, Ill., where he was assistant engineer for his uncle, George W. Gilson, '37, on general engineering work until 1853; was city engineer of Peru and county surveyor of LaSalle County, 1853-55. In December, 1855, he entered the employ of A. J. Galloway & Co., of Chicago, land agents for the Illinois Central R. R., of which his uncle, G. W. Gilson, '37, was a partner; and engaged in general land surveying until 1857. He then removed to Farina, Fayette Co., Ill., as agent for the Illinois Central R. R., having in charge the surveying of the company's land in that county. He held his position until he entered the army.



Maj.-Gen. Thomas Eugene Greenfield Ransom.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Illinois, and raised a company in Fayette County, which became Co. E, 11th Illinois Volunteers. He was commissioned captain, April 26, 1861, and major, June 1, 1861; mustered out, June 29, 1861. On the re-organization of the regiment for three years' service, he was commissioned lieutenant-colonel, July 30, 1861; promoted colonel, February 15, 1862. He performed gallant service in the charge at Charleston, Mo., August 19, 1861, receiving a severe wound. He took part in the capture of Fort Henry and led his regiment in the assault on Fort Donelson, February 16, 1862, where he was severely wounded and narrowly escaped death, his clothes being pierced by six bullet holes, and his horse being shot under him. Though suffering from his wound, he insisted on remaining with his command. He led his regiment in the battle of Shiloh, April 6, 1862, being wounded in the head in the early part of the engagement.

He was commissioned brigadier-general, November 29, 1862, and commanded a brigade in Logan's Division of the 17th Army Corps, and performed heroic service at the siege of Vicksburg.

The following extract from a letter in the *Chicago Tribune*, printed during the war, gives an interesting account of a very brilliant charge by General Ransom at Vicksburg, and shows his ability as an officer and his heroic qualities. "Conspicuous among the brilliant charges upon the rebel works on May 22, 1863, was that of General Ransom's brigade supported on the right by the 8th Missouri and the 116th Illinois under Colonel Smith of the 8th Missouri. The charge assigned to this brigade was made through a network of ravines full of thick undergrowth and fallen timber. General Ransom had formed his brigade in line of battle by battalions closed in mass, the 11th, 9th, 72d Illinois, 14th Wisconsin with the 17th Wisconsin in advance, all under cover of a ravine within sixty yards of the rebel works. At the concerted signal for the grand assault, he moved his brigade forward with a unanimous shout, which could be heard above the roar of artillery for miles around. Before advancing twenty steps, he encountered a deadly fire from the enemy, massed behind earth works in vastly superior numbers, and a terrific storm of grape and canister from enfielding battery, which appalled, and for a moment checked, his advancing column. Colonel Humphries, leading the 95th Illinois, fell stunned, and apparently killed, from the concussion of a shell. His color bearer also fell. Colonel Nevins, of the 11th Illinois, was killed and Lieutenant-Colonel Wright ("N. U." '42), of the 72d Illinois, was seriously wounded. All, who were conspicuous on the field, fell at the instant. The column wavered, General Ransom rushed to the head, seized the colors of the 95th, and waving them high above his head, shouted, 'Forward men, we must and will go into that fort! who will follow me?' The tide was turned. The column advanced to the impassable ditch before the works, and fought most desperately for full thirty minutes across the breastworks, when General Ransom, satisfied that the position could not be carried at that point, that his promised support had not come up, and that his brigade would be sacrificed by a further continuance of the unequal contest, regardless of all personal danger, took a conspicuous position, where he could be heard by his whole command, and thus in clarion tone addressed them: 'Men of the 2d Brigade we cannot maintain this position; you must retire to the cover of the ravine one regiment at a time, and in order. The 17th Wisconsin will remain to cover the movement. The 72d Illinois will move first, and move now; move slowly. The first man who runs, or goes beyond that ravine, shall be shot on the spot. I will stand here and see how you do it.' The movement was executed as coolly by every regiment as if upon an ordinary battalion drill, and the command was re-formed in the ravine within a hundred yards of that fearful battle ground, without confusion and without a single straggler."

Early in August, 1863, he was ordered with his brigade to occupy Natchez, Miss., and was soon transferred to the 13th Army Corps in the Department of the Gulf. He took part in the brief occupation of the Texas coast by General Banks, November, 1863. In the engagements before Fort Esperanza, Texas, December 4, 1863, he was especially distinguished for bravery and received the praise of Gen. C. C. Washburn in his official report. He took part in Banks's ill-fated Red River Expedition, commanding divisions in the right wing of the 16th Army Corps, under Maj. Gen. A. L. Smith. At the battle



Maj.-Gen. T. E. G. Ransom, '51. Capt. L. M. Strobel, '51. Unknown.

of Sabine Cross Roads, on April 8, 1863, he was so severely wounded in the knee, that the surgeons were divided in their opinion on the question of amputation. He was ordered to Chicago, and upon his partial recovery, he applied to Maj.-Gen. G. M. Dodge, for duty in his corps, and joined Sherman's Army, August 3, 1864, in the operations against Atlanta. He was assigned to the command of the 4th Division, 16th Army Corps, under Gen. G. M. Dodge, '51. On August 19, 1864, General Dodge was severely wounded, and General Ransom took command of the Corps. A month later, General Sherman transferred the 2d Division of the 16th Army Corps to the 15th Army Corps and the 4th Division of the 17th Corps, replacing them with two divisions of the 17th Corps, there on the Mississippi River and at Vicksburg to the 16th Army Corps.

General Ransom, being the ranking officer after the transfer to the 17th Army Corps, assumed the command of the 17th Corps about September 27, 1864, and retained the command until his death. In the last of October, General Ransom, though unwell, personally conducted a reconnoissance toward Fairtown to observe the movements of the enemy. For the further account of the work of this gallant officer, we quote from the speech delivered before Ransom Post, G. A. R., by General Sherman: "It was day and night work. We had no tents or ordinary comforts of even camp life. Generals and private soldiers alike slept on the bare ground and shared the same food. This was no place for a sick man, but it was the crisis of the war, and human life was accounted as little in comparison with the mighty issue at stake. Pausing for a few days at Gaylesville, I learned that General Ransom was very sick, and accompanied by my chief surgeon, John Moore, of the regular army, I rode to the camp of the 17th corps, and found General Ransom in a negro cabin. He lay on a rude improvised bunk, tried to be cheerful, and insisted that he was 'all right,' or would be in a day or so, but I noticed that his hand was dry and feverish, his forehead cold and clammy, and the pupils of his eyes distended, just as I had noticed in my own son, Willie, a few days before his death. Dr. Moore asked a few questions of his attendants and gave some general directions when he left. Outside the cabin I asked the doctor what he thought. He said little, but I read in his face that Ransom's time on earth was short. Time was then so important that the movements already ordered must go on; part of that army was ordered back to Chattanooga and Nashville and part to Atlanta and Savannah. The 17th Corps formed an essential quota of the latter column, and as General Ransom could not mount his horse, he was carried toward Rome, the nearest point for a railroad, in a litter. He was attended by his personal staff. The litter was carried by four men at a time, and these four were relieved every hour by a fresh set. This was on the 28th of October, 1864, and I started from Gayville for Rome the next day, and overtook the cortege on the road. The men had constructed a sort of canopy to screen his face from the sun, and as my party approached, they set the litter down on the road. Dr. Moore and I alighted and again examined Ransom. There was little change since our previous visit. He certainly had a perfect memory and full consciousness of all that was passing. I remember to have joked him at travelling in a style of Oriental luxury in his palanquin, while we had to jog along on tired horses. He smiled and made some pleasant reply and we mounted and rode on. The next morning the party reached Rome, carrying the dead body of

General Ransom. They reported that he died shortly after we had passed him in the afternoon of the 29th of October, 1864. Observing fatal symptoms, his kind attendants carried him to a farmhouse, by the roadside, and there, lying on a bed, he said: 'As a soldier I have tried to do my duty. I do not claim that all I have done was owing to patriotism alone, though I believe I have as much of that as most men.'

General Ransom was a brave and efficient officer. He had gained the confidence of Generals Grant and Sherman, and but for his untimely death, would have later held a high command in the army. General Dodge, under whom Ransom served, has often commended his work. General Howard, the commander of the Army of the Tennessee, paid the following glowing tribute to his memory in a speech in Fair Haven, Vt., in August, 1908: "It was in 1864 that I first met General Ransom. He had recovered sufficiently from his wounds, such men as he never waited for complete restoration, to be able to join us at the front. One Sunday morning, soon after I had taken command of the Army of the Tennessee, in early August, Ransom, who was then commanding a division, came with several members of his staff to my headquarters, where a brilliant and eloquent chaplain gave a faithful sermon. We had lively singing, music by the band, and on the whole, for the field, a very enjoyable religious occasion. I felt great satisfaction in seeing the young commander at the service. He was about the height of General Hooker, apparently not more than twenty-six or twenty-seven years of age, of handsome build, strong and muscular, with a figure that artists like to look upon. His head, covered with a lightish brown hair, in itself a model, well proportioned with a high forehead, and a broad brow. His eyes were of a darkish cast, which gave a quick piercing expression to his face; pleasant when at rest, but severe and decided when under excitement. He was dressed in a full uniform that day, neat and tidy throughout; and it struck me that I had never in my life seen in appearance a nearer approach to perfection; and, indeed, he was a handsome young man. His manners were gentlemanly and tempered with kindness; but he gave the idea of great decision of character. He was well informed upon everything that concerned public affairs and public duty in those days. Such is my first recollection of Ransom. After that he was with me, now having the rank of major general."

General Howard after giving an account of General Ransom's work in the operations around Atlanta, said: "He rode his horse as long as he could, then he had himself drawn in an ambulance, and when that became too hard for him, from the pain occasioned by the jolting vehicle, he had his men carry him at the head of the column on an army stretcher, and thus on the 29th of October, 1864, passed away this magnificent soldier and man. Where can we find one who more completely laid his life upon the altar of sacrifice than Ransom? It appears to me to be altogether proper for us every now and then to recall such a history as Ransom's—spotless, high-toned. Strength and beauty combined in him, gave promise for his some day becoming the chief leader of this country."

He was brevetted major-general, September 1, 1864. A short time after his death, his mother received his commission as major-general from President Lincoln, which, but for its awaiting the sanction of Congress, would have reached him before his death. General Ransom lies buried in the Rose Hill

Cemetery, Chicago, and above his last resting place stands a beautiful monument, erected in his memory by the grateful citizens of Chicago. Ransom Post, G. A. R., of St. Louis, Miss., was named in his honor, on the suggestion of Gen. W. T. Sherman.

ADJT. JOHN BALDWIN THAYER MEAD, B. S.

John B. T. Mead, son of John and Mary Stratton (Jones) Mead, was born in Lowell, Mass., January 19, 1834, and died, unmarried, April 20, 1862. He prepared for college in the Lowell schools and entered the University in 1848, and graduated B. S. in 1851. He then located in Bunker Hill, Ill., as a civil engineer. He was chief engineer of the Terre Haute & Alton Railroad, and on the completion of the road in 1857, was presented with a fine gold watch by the company in recognition of his services. He also engaged as engineer on other roads in the West, but the details we are unable to give.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he drilled troops for the state of Illinois at Springfield; and later he was commissioned first lieutenant and adjutant of the 28th Illinois Infantry. He served with his regiment with marked distinction, and at the battle of Shiloh, he was adjutant on the staff of General Hurlbut. He had two horses killed under him, and at last was disabled by a ball in the right arm. The wound was not fatal,



Adjt. John Baldwin Thayer Mead.

but owing to insufficient care disease set in and he was sent to the hospital in St. Louis. Here he was recognized by a friend, (J. M. Clark, '50,) and taken to his house for better treatment, but he rapidly grew worse, and died April 20, 1862. He was very popular with the people of his town, who erected a monument to his memory, bearing the following inscriptions:

In memory of
JOHN B. T. MEAD,

ADJUTANT OF THE 28TH ILLINOIS VOLUNTEERS.

Born in Lowell, Mass., died in St. Louis, Mo., April 20, 1862, in the 28th year of his age from wounds received in the battle of Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., on April 6, while gallantly engaged with his Regiment in maintaining his country's honor and defending his Flag.

On the opposite face of the monument:

An education received at the Vermont Military Academy at Norwich peculiarly fitted him for the times. At an early day, after the breaking out of the Rebellion, he tendered his services to the state of his adoption; was com-

missioned by General Yates and attached to the 28th Regiment Illinois Volunteers.

This monument

Erected to his memory by his Fellow-citizens testifies to their appreciation of his virtues as a Man, a Soldier, and a Patriot.

SOLON SHEDD, B. S.

Solon Shedd, son of William and Jemima (Spaulding) Shedd, and brother of Gen. Warren Shedd, '40 and Johnson Shedd, '38, was born in Stoddard, N. H., October 19, 1826, and died of apoplexy at his home in Preempton, Ill., August 17, 1860; was unmarried. In 1839, his parents removed to Preempton, Ill., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1849, graduating B. S. in C. E. in 1851.



Solon Shedd.

In 1852, he went across the "Plains" to Oregon; and in a short time went to the gold fields at Clear Creek, Cal., where his brother, Warren Shedd, '40, was engaged in mining. He worked in the mines until 1856, when he returned to Illinois. He was assistant engineer, 1856-57, with General Preston, '45, in the selection of government lands in Iowa and Minnesota for investors.

General Preston thus speaks of his work: "A year my pupil at the University, several months my competent assistant on railroad construction, and a year my trusted employee in the real estate business, locating homes and entering same at the local offices, intrusted with all monies invested. He was like his brothers, a thorough scholar, excelling in mathematics and an excellent engineer, a thoroughly reliable man."

CAPTAIN LEWIS M. STROBEL, B. S.

Lewis M. Strobel, son of John and Margaret (Inabonite) Strobel, was born near Charleston, S. C., September 16, 1831, and died at Lake Jackson Plantation, Brazoria County, Texas, February 4, 1869. In 1841, his parents removed to Brazoria County, Texas, where he prepared for college. His father at one time owned the largest plantation in Texas and several hundred negroes. He entered the University in 1847, and graduated B. S. in 1851. He then engaged in planting in Brazoria County, Texas, until 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he entered the Confederate service, and raised a company for the 8th Texas Cavalry or Terry's "Texas Rangers."

He was commissioned captain of Co. F, and on September 1, 1861, was sworn into the service at Houston, Texas, for the war, by J. W. Sparks. He served in Kentucky, and for a time was in command of the regiment. Resigning his commission, he returned to Texas, and raised a company for a regiment, which served in Eastern Texas and Louisiana. At the close of the war, he moved to Mexico, where he resided for some time. He returned, in 1868, to his old home, "Jackson Plantation," Brazoria County, where he made his home until his death.

He was married February 14, 1854, to Bettie Washington of Nashville, Tenn., daughter of Gilbert Gray Washington, a relative of the Washington family of Virginia. Mrs. Strobel now resides at Chenango, Brazoria County, Texas. Two children were born of this marriage: Abner Jackson, born September 6, 1858, now resides at Angleton, Texas; Asenath, born February 9, 1863, married Mr. Horace E. Kelly, resides at Angleton, Texas.



Capt. Lewis M. Strobel.

NON-GRADUATES, 1851.

CAPT. WILLIAM ROWE BAXTER, A. B.

William R. Baxter, cousin of Col. L. L. Baxter, '51, was born in Cornwall, Vt., January 2, 1833, and was killed in battle, June 10, 1861. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1848, remaining until 1850. He entered Williams College in 1853, and graduated A. B. in 1856.

He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1857, and located in Chaska, Carver County, Minn., where he practiced his profession with Colonel Baxter, '51. He was a Democrat in politics, and soon took a prominent part in the affairs of his county; represented his district in the State Legislature in 1861.

He was commissioned captain Co. H, 9th Minnesota Infantry, August 22, 1862, and served for a time against the Indians. In December, 1863, he accompanied his regiment to St. Louis, Mo., and from there was ordered to Rollo, Mo., to join in the expedition against General Steele. He saw much active service. He was killed in the battle of Guntown, Miss., June 10, 1861. He was survived by a widow and one child.

JOHN PERKINS BURTON.

John P. Burton was born in Norwich, Vt., July 15, 1831, and died in Upper Alton, Ill., in 1908. He attended the schools of Norwich, and entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1844, and the regular work of the Scientific course in 1846; was discharged in 1848. He located in Upper Alton, Ill., where he engaged in business many years.

He was married October 9, 1856, to Delight Hatch Messenger of Norwich, Vt. Three children were born to them: Joseph Edward; Harry Messenger; Della May, born October 21, 1871, married Rev. William A. Mathews, resides in Chicago, Ill.

GEORGE E. DAVIS.

George E. Davis was born in Lowell, Mass., February 12, 1832, and died in North Chelmsford, Mass., October 18, 1896.

He prepared for college in the schools of Lowell, and entered the University in 1848, remaining two years. He was proprietor for several years of an extensive riding school in Lowell; and later was superintendent of several quarries in Massachusetts.

NORMAN ALLEN FLETCHER.

Norman A. Fletcher, son of Paris and Anna (Miner) Fletcher, was born in Bridport, Vt., December 2, 1828, and died there January 26, 1867. He prepared for college at the Shoreham Academy, and entered the University in 1848, remaining two years. He engaged in farming in Bridport, until his death. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge.

He was married in New York City, October 20, 1853, to Charlotte White, a native of Watertown, N. Y., who died September 22, 1889. Two children were born to them: Thomas White, resides in Bridport, Vt.; Gertrude, married Perez Stewart, resides in New York City.

COL. CHARLES HUNSDON.

Charles Hunsdon, son of John and Susannah (Turner) Hunsdon, and cousin of Lieut. R. E. Hitchcock, '59, was born in Shoreham, Vt., in May, 1830, and died in Nyack, N. Y., in 1900. He attended the schools of his town and was a cadet at the Pennsylvania Military Institute (q. v.) Harrisburg, Pa., 1846-47; Norwich, Vt., 1847-50.

He engaged in mercantile business in Shoreham, Vt., until 1862; served as post master of Shoreham, July 12, 1859-September, 1861; represented Shoreham in the House of Representatives, 1861-62, and 1865. He was commissioned captain Co. B, 11th Vermont Volunteers (1st Regiment Heavy Artillery), August 13, 1862; major, November 2, 1863; lieutenant-colonel, September 2, 1864; colonel, May 23, 1865; was mustered out of service with his regiment, August 25, 1865. His regiment served in the northern defenses of Washington, D. C., until May, 1864, being employed in constructing and garrisoning Forts Slocum, Stevens and Totten. Four other forts were also occupied making a line of seven miles, facing north from East Creek to Rock Creek. The regiment numbered 2,320 officers and men, and was noted for its proficiency for drill and thorough discipline. The works mounted 200 heavy guns and mortars.

Soon after the Battle of the Wilderness, the regiment was ordered to the 6th Army Corps, and formed a part of the "Old Vermont Brigade." Colonel Hundson took part in the following battles in 1864: Spottsylvania, Va., May 15-18; Cold Harbor, June 1-12; Petersburg, Va., June 18; Weldon Railroad, June 23; Fort Stevens, Md., July 11; Charleston, W. Va., August 21. He commanded the regiment in the following battles: Gilbert's Ford, Va., September 13, 1864; Opequan, Va., September 19, 1864; Fisher's Hill, Va., September 21-22, 1864; Cedar Creek, Va., October 19, 1864; Petersburg, Va., March 25-27 and April 2, 1865. He commanded the regiment in the Grand Review in Washington at the close of the war.

He removed to Albany, N. Y., in 1866, and engaged in the insurance business for some years, meeting with success. About 1880, he was ordained a Methodist clergyman and preached in various parts of the country. He was a member of Simond's Lodge F. and A. M., of Shoreham, Vt.

He was married in Albany, N. Y., in 1875 to Imogene Pollok.

CHARLES ALPHEUS JARVIS.

Charles A. Jarvis, son of George Oglevie and Philamela (Marshall) Jarvis, and brother of George C. Jarvis, '52, was born in Colebrook, Conn., February 2, 1828, and died in Portland, Conn., August 8, 1900. He prepared for college at the Episcopal Academy of Connecticut, Cheshire, 1844-47, and entered the University in 1847 from Portland, Conn., and remained two years.

He was secretary and treasurer of the Middlesex Quarry Co., in Portland, Conn., for many years. He was an active member of Trinity Episcopal Church at Portland, serving as clerk twenty-four years; was a member of Warren Lodge, F. and A. M., of Portland.

He was twice married: first, January 17, 1854, to Statira Gildersleeve of Portland, Conn., who died November 7, 1864. Two children were born to them: Cora Elizabeth, born October 13, 1854, married Rev. F. W. Harriman, D. D., of Windsor, Conn.; Charles Lavallette, born May



Charles Alpheus Jarvis.

17, 1857, manufacturer, resides in Portland, Conn. He was married the second time, October 7, 1868, to Ellen Janet Smith of Portland, Conn., who survives him and resides in Portland, Conn. Three children were born to them: Janet McNary, born February 4, 1872, died August 15, 1872; George Oglevie, born January 5, 1873, now a physician in Philadelphia, Pa.; Edward Winslow, born November 20, 1877, now a dentist in Hartford, Conn.

JOHN CLINTON JACKSON.

John C. Jackson, son of Abner and Mrs. Margaret (Inabonite) (Strobel) Jackson, and half-brother of Lewis M. Strobel, '51, was born near Charleston, S. C., in 1835, and died in Brazoria County, Texas in 1868. In 1841, his parents removed to Brazoria County, Texas, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1847, and remained three years. He then engaged in planting until 1861, when he enlisted in the company commanded by his brother, Capt. L. M. Strobel, '51, in the 8th Texas Cavalry. He served about one year, until his father's death, when he returned to Texas to manage the large plantation at Sandy Point, Texas, known as Darlington Plantation.

CHARLES FRANKLIN KINGSBURY, M. D.

Charles F. Kingsbury, son of William and Temperance (Leonard) Kingsbury, was born in Gilsun, N. H., June 11, 1824, and died in West Medford, Mass., in 1910. He prepared for college at the Mt. Caesar Academy, Swanzey, N. H., and at the West Brattleboro (Vt.) Academy. He entered the University in 1848, remaining nearly three years. In 1851, he began the study of medicine with Dr. James G. Murphy, '47, in Brattleboro, Vt. He attended the Vermont Medical College in Woodstock, Vt., 1852-53, and the Dartmouth Medical College, 1853-55 graduating M. D. in the latter year. While carrying on his studies, he taught school in Marlboro, Alstead and Walpole, N. H. He practiced his profession in Gilsun, N. H., 1855-56; and Stoddard, N. H., from 1856 until March, 1860, when he located in Lyme, N. H. Here he continued his practice, until 1890, when he retired from active work and removed to West Medford, Mass., where he made his home until his death. He was one of the best known physicians in New Hampshire. His success in the treatment of disease brought him an extensive practice and being possessed of an iron constitution, was enabled to battle with winter's cold and summer's heat, in riding over the hills and valleys of his State. He was a Republican in politics and held several positions; was a member of the State Board of Agriculture from 1872 until 1879; was county commissioner, 1882-84; He was a member of the Congregational church; the New Hampshire and the Connecticut Valley Medical societies.

He was married March 4, 1857, to Sarah Ann Pierce of Cavendish, Vt., who survives him and resides in West Medford, Mass. One child was born to them, Ella Smith, wife of John Walter Bean, M. D., of West Medford, Mass.

DANIEL MCFARLAND.

Daniel McFarland was born in Boston, Mass., in 1820. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and the Pembroke (N. H.) Academy. He entered the University in 1847, remaining two years. He then graduated from Captain Partridge's school in 1850. During 1851-54, he was professor of Logic, *Belles-Lettres* and Eloquence at the National Scientific and Military College at Bristol, Pa. He studied law and practiced in Wisconsin for several years and then located in New York City.

HON. CALVIN MAY, JR.

Calvin May, Jr., son of Calvin and Salome (Adams) May, was born in Gilsum, N. H., April 7, 1823, and died in Keene, N. H., September 20, 1862. He prepared for college at the Mt. Caesar Academy, Swanzey, N. H.; studied for the Universalist ministry with Rev. Luther J. Fletcher, '41, of Brattleboro, Vt., was ordained June 23, 1846, and served as pastor of the Hindsale Universalist Church from June, 1846 until 1848, when he was obliged to give up the ministry, owing to a throat trouble.

He entered the University in 1848 and remained two years, taking high rank in his class. He located on a farm in Gilsum, where he resided until 1856, working his farm summers and teaching school in the fall and winter; taught in Sullivan, Fitzwilliam, Gilsum and Keene, N. H. He removed to Keene, N. H., in 1856, where he resided until his death.

He was a Republican in politics and held many public offices; was moderator of Gilsum several years; superintendent of schools, same town, 1845, 1849-52; and selectman in 1855; was clerk of the New Hampshire Senate, four years; registrar of probate, Cheshire Co., 1857-59; registrar of deeds, 1859-62; was for several years chairman of the Keene School board; was appointed assessor of U. S. Internal Revenue, third district of New Hampshire in 1862.

He remained an active worker in the Universalist Church; took great interest in the temperance movement, being a leader in the Sons of Temperance. He was an accomplished scholar and an able speaker.

He was married December 31, 1854 to Jane Elmira Bemis of Gilsum, N. H., who died in Dublin, N. H., April 5, 1904, as widow of J. W. Powers. One child, Mabel Estelle, was born to them, May 21, 1859, and now resides in Munsonville, N. H.

HON. CAPTAIN ALBION JABEZ MOWER.

Albion J. Mower, son of Jabez and Ruth W. Mower, was born in Calais, Vt., December 14, 1828, and died there in 1898. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1848, remaining two years. He engaged in farming in Calais until his death, becoming the largest real estate owner in the town. He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Vermont and was appointed recruiting and drill officer. He recruited companies for the 3d, 6th and 9th Vermont regiments. He was commissioned captain of Company I, 9th Vermont Infantry, June 30, 1862, and served until July 8, 1863, when owing to disability was forced to resign his commission.

He was married March 1, 1867, to Relief W. Smith of Cabot, Vt. Five children were born to them: Ira Rich, "N. U.", '90; Nora D.; Lilla B.; Alice Jessie; and Albion Jabez, Jr.

HON. FREDERICK WILLIAM RUSSELL.

Frederick W. Russell, son of Daniel and Mary (Wilcox) Russell, was born in Portland, Conn., September 24, 1831, and died in Hartford, Conn., July 25, 1895. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1847 and remained two years.

He was connected with the Middlesex Quarry Co., Portland, 1852-95. He removed to Hartford, where he resided until his death, but continued his connection with the Middlesex Quarry Co.

He served in the Civil War as captain in the Connecticut Volunteers.

He wrote several stories and one book. *Moods and Emotions in Rhyme* in collaboration with Henry W. Holly, '50. He was a Republican in politics and held several town offices; served as State senator one term; was a member of the Hartford Club.

He was married November 4, 1852, to Anna Jane Hudson of Hartford, Conn., who died April 26, 1907. Five children were born to them of whom three, Mary Robinson, Henry and Annie died in early childhood. Two survived him; Frederick Grenville, born September 24, 1857, died October 8, 1902; Mary Wilcox, born October 15, 1872, married Mr. J. Davenport Cheney, resides in So. Manchester, Connecticut.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. HENRY ADAMS SMALLEY, U. S. A., A. M.

Henry A. Smalley, son of the Hon. David Allen, and Laura (Barlow) Smalley, and brother of Jacob M. Smalley, '59, was born in Jericho, Vt., February 28, 1831, and died in New York, May 13, 1888. In 1837, his parents removed to Burlington, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the

University in 1848 and remained until the fall of 1849; was a student at the University of Vermont, 1849-March, 1850.



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Henry Adams Smalley.

He entered the U. S. Military Academy in July, 1850, and graduated with high honors in July, 1854; was brevetted second lieutenant of Artillery same date; second lieutenant, Second Artillery, October 2, 1854; was stationed at Fort Monroe, Va., 1854-55; Baton Rouge, La., 1855; Fort Mifflin, Md., 1855-57; Fort Lafayette, N. Y., 1857; on frontier duty. Ft. Brady, Mich., 1857, 1860-61; Ft. Snelling, Minn., 1857-58; Fort Mackinac, Mich., 1858; Plattsburg Barracks, 1859-60; he took part in the campaign against the Sioux Indians, in Minnesota.

He was promoted 1st lieutenant, 2d U. S. Artillery, April 25, 1861, served on headquarters guard of the general-in-chief, Washington, D. C., May 14-June 19, 1861; was mustering office of Lamson's Brigade of Loyal Virginians and acting quartermaster and commissary at Williamsport, Md., June, 1861; aide to Maj.-Gen. Dix, July, 1861. He was granted a leave of absence from the army on May 17, 1861, and was commissioned colonel of the Fifth Vermont Infantry, July 30, 1861; assisted in organizing the regiments in St. Albans, Vt., August-September, 1861; served in the defenses of Washington, [September 1861, to August, 1862, at "Camp Griffin," Va., and in the Peninsular Cam-

paign, Army of the Potomac, until September 10, 1862, when he was ordered back to the service of the regular army.

He was principal assistant professor of French at the U. S. Military Academy, November 11, 1862, to August 11, 1863; promoted captain, 2d Artillery August 1, 1863; was assistant inspector-general of the District of West Florida, November, 1863-May, 1864; in charge of mounting 15 and 20 inch, J. Rodman guns in outer battery, Fort Hamilton, N. Y., June 16-July 10, 1864; on mustering duty at Albany, N. Y., July 10-September 18, 1864; recruiting service, Troy, N. Y., July 10-September 18, 1864; was stationed in New York City, September, 18, 1864 to February 11, 1865; resigned, March 8, 1865; was brevetted brigadier-general, for "gallant and meritorious services during the war," March 3, 1869.

The University of Vermont, conferred upon him the degree of A. M., in 1872. He engaged in Civil Engineering for some years after the war. During December, 1865-January, 1866, he made an extensive examination of the mineral resources of California and Nevada and published a series of articles in the *Boston Post*, giving an account of his researches. He traveled extensively in Europe in 1866 and in the fall of that year, was appointed engineer of the Aqueduct Department of the City of New York and had charge of the construction of a storage reservoir on the west branch of Croton river; also of work on the alteration of the water system in the city. He retained his position in New York until his death. He wrote several articles on the problems of the engineering work in New York City for the "*New York Herald*" and "*New York Tribune*."

He was married July 23, 1863, to Julia Frances Overton; no children.

CHARLES SWEATT.

Charles Sweatt, son of Dr. William and Zilpha (Baxter) Sweatt, was born in Norwich, Vt., May 30, 1832, and died in Minneapolis, Minn., January 27, 1903. In 1837, his parents removed to Thetford, Vt., where he attended the Thetford Academy. He entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1845, and remained two years. He then entered the Scientific department, where he remained one year.

He was in the employ of Morrill J. Walker, Union Village, Thetford, 1848-51; Alonzo George, Post Mills, 1851-53; Baxter & Hall, Derby Line, 1853-51. In 1851, he located in West Mitchell, Mitchell Co., Iowa, and formed a partnership with his elder brother, John Sweatt, in conducting an extensive mercantile and real estate business. In 1872, he retired from



Charles Sweatt.

the business and established a bank, which he managed until 1878, when he removed to Fargo, N. D., and established the banking firm of Charles Sweatt & Co. He continued in this business until 1886, when he retired from business and removed to Minneapolis Minn., where he made his home until his death. In politics he was a strong Republican.

He was married January 1, 1865 at Mitchell, Iowa, to Cornelia Elizabeth Lyons, a native of New York who died March 30, 1904. They had one child, a son, William Richard, a graduate of the Shattuck Military Academy, Fairbault, Minnesota, now president of the Electric Heat Regulator Co., Minneapolis.

BVT. MAJ. EVAN W. THOMAS, U. S. A

Evan W. Thomas was born in North East, Md., in 1837. He entered the University in 1847, remaining until 1849. He resided for some years previous to the Civil War in Washington, D. C.

He was commissioned second lieutenant, 4th U. S. Artillery, April 9, 1861; was promoted first lieutenant, May 14, 1861, and captain, August 31, 1864. He was brevetted captain, December 13, 1862 for "gallant and meritorious service" at the battle of Fredericksburg, Va., and major, July 3, 1863 for "gallant and meritorious service" in the battle of Gettysburg, Pa. He was killed, April 26, 1873, in action with the Modoc Indians at the Lava Beds of California.



Roman Riding, Commencement, 1910.

CLASS OF 1852.

CHARLES YOUNG DENNISTON, A. B.

Charles Y. Denniston, son of John Calvin and Ann (Young) Denniston, was born in Plattsburg, N. Y., August 18, 1832, and died in Hudson, Wis., April 29, 1895. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1849, and graduated A. B., 1852.

Soon after graduating, he removed to Hudson, Wis., where he made his home until his death. He was engaged in civil engineering for some time, and then engaged in the real estate and land abstract business until his death.

He was married November 19, 1856, to Maria A. Coit of Norwich, Vt., who died August 31, 1886. Three children were born to them: John Calvin, born February, 1859, resides in Hudson, Wis.; Elmer Ellsworth, born June, 1857, resides in Hudson; Mary Coit, born April, 1869, married James B. Goss, resides in St. Paul, Minn.



Charles Young Denniston.

LIEUT.-COL. HARVEY WEBSTER EMERY, A. B.

Harvey W. Emery, son of Moses and Eunice (English) Emery, was born in Lisbon, N. H., November 8, 1827, and died there October 13, 1862. He attended the schools of his town, and prepared for college at the Newbury (Vt.) Seminary (now Montpelier Seminary), and entered the University in the fall of 1850, graduating A. B. in 1852.

He was principal of the Danville, Vt. Academy, 1852-53; Morgantown, (Va.) Female Seminary, 1853-55; studied law with Senator Waitman T. Wiley of Morgantown, 1853-55, and was admitted to the bar in 1855; removed to Portage, Wis., and formed a partnership with Edgar P. Hill, and practiced his profession until 1861, meeting with marked success.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Wisconsin and was appointed drill master and drilled the State troops at Madison and Milwaukee; was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the 5th Wisconsin Infantry May 28, 1861, and mustered into the United States service July 13, 1861. His regiment soon left for Washington and was assigned to the Army of the Potomac. He took part in the siege of Yorktown and in several skirmishes. In the battle of Williamsburg, May 4-5, 1862, he dis-

tinguished himself for his bravery, his regiment winning the honors of the day. He was compelled by sickness to ask for a furlough, and was for some time in the hospital at Fortress Monroe. In August, though not fully recovered from his sickness, he rejoined his regiment and performed gallant service at the second Battle of Bull Run, August 29-30, 1862.



Lieut.-Col. Harvey Webster Emery.

He was married August 23, 1853, to Mary Jane, daughter of the Rev. James Dow. She is a graduate of the Newbury Seminary and at present resides in Chicago. Two children were born to them: Evelyn, born in Portage, Wis., now Mrs. L. L. Jones, resides in Chicago; Harriet May, born in Portage, Wis., now Mrs. B. W. Brennan, resides in Champaign, Ill.

COL. WILLIAM HENRY GREENWOOD, B. S.

William H. Greenwood, youngest son of Asa and Luey (Mason) Greenwood, was born in Dublin, N. H., March 27, 1832, and was murdered near Rio Hondo, Mexico, August 29, 1880. In 1834, his parents removed to Marlboro, N. H., where his boyhood days were passed and where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1850, and graduated B. S. in 1852; was distinguished at the University for his proficiency in mathematics and natural philosophy, being one of the ablest mathematicians that ever graduated from the University.

He was assistant engineer on the Central Military Tract R. R., now a part of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, from Mendota to Galesburg, Ill., September, 1852-May, 1854; was assistant engineer on the American Central R. R., in Illinois, May 1854-December, 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Illinois; was commissioned 1st lieutenant, 51st Illinois Volunteers, December

28, 1861; and was promoted captain, same company, March 18, 1863. Soon after the Battle of Stone River, General Rosecrans made inquiry for a competent topographical engineer officer, and Captain Greenwood being recommended to him, he ordered him to report at once to General Stanley, chief of cavalry of the Army of the Cumberland. The relation immediately established between these officers continued until the close of the war, when General Stanley's command was mustered out in Texas. General Stanley was appointed to the command of the 4th Corps, in July, 1864, and Captain Greenwood was advanced to the grade of lieutenant-colonel, August 25, 1864. He was by education and experience a master of topography. His coolness and daring especially fitted him for carrying out orders in the face of danger. He was a master of the subject of field fortification and many times this gallant young officer spent the night overlooking the construction of works necessary for the coming day; served as inspector general, 4th Corps, July, 1864-September, 1865. The principal battles in which Colonel Greenwood was engaged were: Perryville, Stone River, Horner's Gap, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, the three months' Atlanta campaign, which was an almost continuous fight, including Peach Tree Creek and the assault on Kenesaw; finally, in the last great service of the 4th Corps, the action at Spring Hill, battle of Franklin, and the battle of Nashville, the last battle, which, with the destruction of Hood's army, ended the mission of the Army of the Cumberland. In July, 1865, General Stanley's corps departed for Texas and served at Victoria, Lavaca, and San Antonio. Colonel Greenwood was put in charge of the Gulf & San Antonio Railroad, which had been destroyed by General Magruder. He was mustered out of service September 17, 1865, but was retained by General Sheridan to complete the construction of this road. He was brevetted colonel of volunteers, March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious services at the battles of Franklin and Nashville, Tenn."

He returned to Vermont in April, 1866, and in May, went West as assistant engineer of the Kansas Pacific R. R.; was appointed chief engineer in May, 1867, which position he held until the road was completed to Denver, Col. in 1870. While engineer on this road, he constructed one hundred and fifty miles of road in one hundred working days, and on the last day laid ten and one quarter miles in ten hours, an engineering feat perhaps never equaled. During 1867-70, he made surveys on the thirty-second and thirty-fifth parallels to the Pacific coast; was consulting engineer for the Denver Pacific R. R., 1866-70.

Upon the completion of the Kansas Pacific R. R., he was appointed general manager of the Denver & Rio Grande R. R., and supervised the construction of the road to Pueblo and Canon city. He resigned this position in December, 1874. He then went to Mexico in the interest of the International & Inter-Oceanic Co., which desired to build a railroad in that country. He visited England and the Continent in the interests of this company. Failing to obtain the necessary concessions from the Mexican Government, he returned to his home in Dummerston, Vt., in 1875; was consulting engineer on the West River R. R. from Brattleboro to Londonderry. He resided in Philadelphia during 1876, and in 1877, he established himself in New York city as an engineer.

In May, 1878, he became chief engineer on the construction of the Pueblo & Arkansas Valley R. R. (now the Denver & Rio Grande) for the Atchison,

Topeka and Santa Fe R. R. He carried on this work with remarkable energy and ability. During the construction of this road many seemingly insurmountable obstacles were overcome. The building of the road through the Royal Gorge and the bridging of the Arkansas River by the famous "hanging bridge" has placed Colonel Greenwood among America's distinguished engineers. He continued the construction of the road to Leadville. He resigned this position in January, 1879, to become chief engineer of the Marion & McPherson R. R., in Kansas. In the spring of 1880, he was made chief engineer of the Mexican National R. R., then under control of Messrs. Sullivan & Palmer. He left New York on May 19, 1880, for Mexico, arriving in the City of Mexico on May 31st. He at once began the active work of making surveys. In the last of August the preliminary lines had been surveyed and locations made



Col. William Henry Greenwood.

between the city of Mexico and Toluca, a distance of about forty-four miles. On Sunday, August 29th, 1880, the camp of Colonel Greenwood and his party was near Toluca. He, with an assistant and a servant, started toward the city of Mexico, and had proceeded to within fifteen miles of that city when the assistant and boy left the Colonel temporarily, but found upon following him that he had ridden quite a distance ahead. He was followed rapidly, but after crossing a deep ravine at a small mill at the top of a plateau on the Mexican side, his dead body was found lying in the trail with a bullet hole through the left hand which also passed entirely through the body. He was also wounded upon the right wrist and slightly upon the head. His horse and arms were missing, but his watch, money and some valuable papers were untouched. The murder

of Colonel Greenwood excited intense indignation and grief in the City of Mexico. His funeral was very largely attended and he was buried at the American cemetery in the city of Mexico. In 1881, his remains were removed to the cemetery in Dummerston, Vt.

Colonel Greenwood was one of the most distinguished railroad engineers of this country, having constructed over 4,000 miles of road and conducted many thousand miles of preliminary surveys. Most of his work in the West was carried out when the Indian and the buffalo held the plains. His engineering parties had to be organized as military companies. He engaged in many fierce encounters with the Indians. He was a prominent member of the American Society of Civil Engineers. The William H. Greenwood Post, G. A. R. of Putney, Vt., and Greenwood Post No. 10 of Canon City, Colo. were named in his honor.

He was married May 19, 1857, to Evaline Duncan Knight of Dummerston, Vt., who survives him and makes her summer home in Dummerston, and her winter home in Marlboro, N. H.; no children. Mrs. Greenwood was the constant companion of her husband in his work in the West.

COL. HENRY HUBBARD HOWARD, A. B.

Henry H. Howard, son of Jasper and Judexine Howard, was born in Thetford, Vt., November 4, 1825, and died in Lawrence, Kan., November 13, 1906. He prepared for college at the Thetford and Newbury (Vt.) Academy and the Springfield (Vt.) Wesleyan Seminary. He entered the University in 1849, graduating A. B. in 1852.

He was principal of schools for some time and then studied law and was admitted to the bar. He practiced his profession in Jerseyville, Ill., until 1861, when he entered the army; served as provost-marshal with rank of colonel for some time. Soon after the close of the war, he located in Lawrence, Kan., where he made his home until his death. He was a Republican in politics, and held several offices; was police judge in Lawrence, several years, also held several other offices in that city. He was a member of the I. O. O. F.

He was married at the close of the war; his wife died about 1880; no children.

WILLIAM HENRY HUBBARD, B. S.

William H. Hubbard, son of Isaac Watts Hubbard, for many years a merchant in Windsor, Vt., was born in that town, February 26, 1834, and died in Duluth, Minn., February 8, 1898, of heart disease, while reading an article on Hall Caine's *Christian*, before a ministerial association at the Y. M. C. A. rooms in Duluth.

He attended the schools of his town and the Thetford (Vt.) Academy. He entered the University in 1849, and graduated B. S. in 1852. The following year he continued his studies at West Point under the tuition of his brother-in-law, Maj. E. C. Boynton, then the assistant professor of chemistry at the Military Academy.

He went to Ohio in 1853, and was assistant engineer on the Cincinnati Western Railroad, 1853-55. He was cashier of the Washington State Bank at Iowa City, 1861-63; also the First National Bank of Iowa City, of which he was one of the incorporators, 1863-81.



William Henry Hubbard.

He left Iowa in 1881, spent four years in St. Paul; then moved to Chicago, as superintendent of agencies for the Provident Assurance Company of New

York. In 1890, he moved to Duluth, Minn., where he resided until his death. He was secretary of the Stone Iron Company and vice-president and treasurer of the Schiller-Hubbard Company for some years. During 1890-98, he engaged in business with Jesse Norton. He was president of the St. Paul board of trade for some time. He was an active member of the Episcopal Church, the Masonic lodge, the Sons of the Revolution, and an enthusiastic lover of old Vermont and his *Alma Mater*.

He was married at Muscatine, Iowa, February 1, 1859, to Mary Williams Stone, a native of Shrewsbury, Mass., who died August 19, 1895. Two children were born to them: Ellen, born July 5, 1861, married Mr. Charles E. DeWitt, resides in Duluth, Minn.; Sarah born November 10, 1866, resides with Mrs. DeWitt in Duluth.

HON. EPHRAIM MORRIS, A. M.

Ephraim Morris, son of Sylvester and Susanna (Weston) Morris and brother of E. W. Morris, '49, was born in South Strafford, Vt., May 11, 1832, and died in Hartford, Vt., August 29, 1901. In 1837, his parents removed to Norwich, Vt., where he attended the public schools and the Preparatory department of the University 1845-48. In 1848, he entered the Scientific department of the University and remained three years; received the degrees of A. B. and A. M. in course from the University in 1897 as for 1852.



Hon. Ephraim Morris.

He was a clerk for B. P. Spaulding & Co., Boston, wholesale boot and shoe manufacturers and dealers, July, 1851 to March, 1854. In 1854, he returned to Hartford and became a partner of his father, under the firm name of S. Morris & Son, in the manufacture of chairs for the South American trade. This partnership continued until 1857, when his father retired from the business and E. W. Morris, '49, was admitted to the firm, under the name of E. W. & E. Morris, they continued the business until 1886. He was manager and chief owner of the Ottaquechee Woolen Co., North Hartland, Vt., 1874 to 1901; was president and manager of the Hartford Woolen Co., Hartford, Vt., 1886-1901; vice-president of the White River Junction National Bank, 1885-1901. He met with marked success in his business enterprises, and acquired a large property.

He was a Republican in politics and represented the town in the House of Representatives, 1896-98. He gave liberally toward the various public enterprises of his town and built and endowed the Hartford Public Library. He traveled extensively in this country, Europe and the Orient. He was a member of the Congregational Church; the Vermont Historical Society.

He was married September 14, 1854, to Almira Miller Nickerson of South Dennis, Mass., who died March 25, 1909. Three children were born to them: Kate Eugenia, born September 19, 1857, married Charles W. Cone, resides in Hartford, Vt.; infant daughter, born and died, January 6, 1867; Annie Louise, born March 1, 1871, married Roland E. Stevens and resides in Hartford, Vt.

SAMUEL CURTIS SIMONDS, B. S.

Samuel C. Simonds, son of Samuel Curtis and Mary (Coit) Simonds, was born in Hooksett, N. H., August 17, 1831, and died in Hudson, Wis., May 22, 1905. At an early age his parents removed to Charleston, Mass., where he attended the "Bunker Hill" school. About 1840, his parents removed to Norwich, Vt., where he attended the village schools. He entered the University in 1849, and graduated B. S. in 1852.

In 1853, he removed to Hudson, Wis., where he made his home until his death. He taught school and studied law for three years; was admitted to the bar in 1856, and practiced his profession in Hudson for many years. He was a Democrat in politics and held many town offices; was town clerk, city superintendent of schools, county clerk, clerk of the circuit court, county judge, postmaster of Hudson, June 23, 1886-90.

He was married June 6, 1860, to Mary C. Bloomer, who survives him and resides in Prattsburg, N. Y. Three children were born to them: Irvine Curtis, born August 10, 1861, died December 30, 1881; William Bloomer, born July 21, 1863, died June 20, 1908; Merton Herrick, born October 19, 1871, died September 2, 1882.

JOHN PARKER TOWNE, A. B.

John P. Towne, son of Jonathan and Clarissa (Hoyt) Towne, was born in Milford, N. H., June 12, 1826. He attended the public and private schools of his town and also Pembroke, N. H. Academy, and entered the Civil Engineering department of the University in the fall of 1848; but as delicate health unfitted him for the life of a civil engineer, he changed to the Classical department in 1849, and graduated A. B. in 1852.

In April, 1853, he removed to Johnson County, Indiana, and taught school in Edinburg and Franklin and at the same time studied law with H. H. Hatch in Edinburg. In April, 1856, he went to Milwaukee and continued the study of law one year and then removed to Palmyra, Wis. In 1858, he located in Edgerton, Wis.; was admitted to the bar of Dane County, and to the supreme court of Wisconsin, and practiced his profession until 1868, when he retired from active business. He served as a bank director of the bank of Edgerton, from 1880 to 1897; was vice-president from the organization of the bank in 1880 to 1893 and president from 1893 to 1897.

He has taken an active interest in public affairs, serving as a trustee of the Methodist Church; has been an active and generous supporter of the Congregational Church, and for twenty-one years a member of the school board of his town. He has also served as justice of the peace twenty years and town clerk several years; is a life member of the New England Historic Genealogical Society. Without aspiring to office, he has sought to faithfully discharge the duties which have been cast upon him so continuously.

He was married December 19, 1860, to Rozella Ford of Dane County, Wis. Three children have been born to them: Louis Harvey, born April 7, 1863, now a highly respected lawyer of Edgerton; Angie Fedelia, born November 6, 1870, married E. L. Rothe, resides in Edgerton; Metta, born December 19, 1872, married L. S. Dickinson, resides in Edgerton.

CAPT. LEONARD JARVIS WRIGHT.

Leonard J. Wright, son of Lieutenant John Wright, U. S. A., and Almira Kidder (Green) Wright, was born in Norwich, Vt., September 15, 1831, and died in Newtown, Conn., March 20, 1889. He fitted for college in the private school of Dr. Curtis at Haddam, Mass., and entered the University in 1847, and remained four years, receiving the diploma of civil engineering.

He was division engineer on the Northern Central Railroad of Pennsylvania, September, 1852, until 1855, when he formed a partnership with Major Dickinson, chief engineer of the Poughkeepsie bridge. He was engineer of the road between Quakake and Catawissa, Penn.

He located in Niles, Mich., in 1859, and engaged in business until the Civil War broke out, when he enlisted as second lieutenant, Ninth Michigan Cavalry, December 13, 1861. This regiment was the trusted body-guard of General George H. Thomas. Colonel Duffield in his report of the engagement at Murfreesboro, Tenn., where Captain Wright and his company were captured by the Confederates under General N. B. Forrest, says: "I am reliably informed that Company B, 9th Michigan Volunteers, under command of 1st Lieutenant Wright, held the court house against an incessant attack by a greatly superior force for four hours, and did not surrender until the enemy had possession of the lower story of the building and had started a fire, with the evident intention of burning them out." He was mustered out of the service as captain, November 23, 1864.

He was division engineer on the Alleghany Valley Railroad, 1866-68, his cousin, Franklin Wright, "N. U.," '34, being the chief engineer. He removed to Newton, Conn., in 1868, where he continued to reside until his death. He was associated with William Hoy in the construction of the Connecticut Valley Railroad, and in 1869 engaged in the location of the Boston, Hartford & Erie Railroad from Waterbury to Newtown in Connecticut. In 1872-74, he did contract work on the Connecticut River Railroad. In 1877, he built a large dyke at Bridgeport, Conn., for P. T. Barnum, which reclaimed many acres of land, most of which is now included in the "Seaside Park." He was division engineer on the New York & New England Railroad, 1880-83; he then engaged in contract work. He built the dams for the Hamburg water-works at Danielson, Conn. He was a member of Hiram Lodge F. and A. M. of Newtown.

He was married in 1858 to Mary Josephine, daughter of Charles and Eliza Weaver of Sunbury, Penn., she died April 11, 1898. Nine children were born to them: Eliza Josephine, born September 18, 1860, married George Allen of Harrisburg, Penn.; Annie Chattanooga, born May 17, 1863, married Lucien P. Jones, resides in Hawleyville, Conn.; Frank, born September 31, 1866, resides in Newtown, Conn.; Jennie Benton, born March 21, 1870, married James J. Fraser, resides in Charlestown, Wash.; John, resides in Parnasus, Pa.; Leonard Benton, born December 16, 1873, resides in Steelton; Alden Partridge, born December 25, 1882, resided in Seattle, Wash.; Francis Boyer, born April 30, 1875, died September 16, 1875; one child died in infancy.

NON-GRADUATES 1852.

JUDGE ROYAL LADD BURGE.

Royal L. Burge, son of Almon and Tabitha (Rice) Burge, was born in Alstead, N. H., July 22, 1828, and died in Clinton, Mo., October 19, 1868. He prepared for college at the academies in Alstead, N. H., and Saxton's River, Vt., and entered the University in 1849, remaining three years. He studied law with a Mr. Watt in Alstead, N. H., 1851, until September, 1853, when he located in Sedalia, Mo.; was associated with A. C. Marvin, '39, in the U. S. Land office in Sedalia, 1853-55; Warsaw, Mo., 1855-56.

He located in Clinton, Mo., in 1856, and practiced his profession until his death. He was a director, treasurer and attorney of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas R. R., for several years previous to his death. He was a Democrat in politics and held several offices; was treasurer of Henry county and judge of the circuit court.

He was a very successful lawyer and business man. The Clinton Bar Association paid him a glowing tribute; from the resolution presented at the time of his death, we quote the following: "that the legal profession



Judge Royal Ladd Burge.

of this city and of the 7th Judicial Circuit is now deprived of one of its oldest and most distinguished and successful members; one who in all his social and professional relations was ever kind hearted, generous and honorable."

He was married October 12, 1854, to Mary Lucinda Penneck, daughter of Cyril Penneck, the first cadet enrolled in the "Old A. L. S. & M. Academy". She died in Clinton, Mo., January 12, 1910. Two children were born to them: Royal Joseph, born August 11, 1859, died in Clinton, Mo., January 7, 1880; Frederick Everett, born November 28, 1832, resides in St. Paul, Minn.

GEORGE ATWOOD CHURCHILL.

George A. Churchill, son of Capt. Henry Ulford, and Emily Green (Hall) Churchill, was born in Portland, Conn., October 22, 1833, and died there June 17, 1856.

He entered the University in 1848 and remained nearly two years; was a cabinet maker in Portland, Conn., and died there of a disease contracted from working over tropical wood.

SURGEON SAMUEL HAMMOND CURRIER, M. D.

Samuel H. Currier, son of Samuel Quimby and Mahala (Blaisdell) Currier, was born in Norwich, Vermont, June 7, 1835, and died there May 24, 1895. He attended the schools of his town and the Thetford (Vt.) Academy. He entered the Preparatory department of the University in 1848, and the regular work of the Scientific department in 1850, remaining until 1852.

He was a student at the Dartmouth Medical College, and graduated M. D. from the University of Vermont Medical College in June, 1857. He practiced his profession in Shelburne, Vt., 1857, until 1861, when he entered the army. He served as hospital steward of the Eighth Vermont Volunteers, December 10, 1861-February 18, 1862; and assistant surgeon, June 25-November 30, 1862, when he resigned his commission. He then located in Norwich, Vermont, where he practiced his profession until his death. He was a Republican in politics and held several town offices; represented Norwich in the House of Representatives, 1880-81. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge and the G. A. R.

He was twice married: first, May 16, 1858, to Abbie Kimball Hersey of Salisbury, N. H., who died October 8, 1870. One child, William Hale, born May, 9, 1859, now a druggist in Pittsfield, Mass. He was again married, September 21, 1871, to Emily H. Hersey of Goffstown, N. H., who survives him and resides in Syracuse, N. Y. One adopted child, Helen M., born April 19, 1874, married D. C. Wedgeworth, resides in Syracuse, N. Y.

COL. GEORGE HENRY ELLIOT, U. S. A.

George H. Elliot, son of George Perkins and Elizabeth (Tidd) Elliot, was born in Lowell, Mass., March 31, 1831, and died at Marmion, King George County, Va., March 23, 1900. He prepared for college in the schools of Billerica and Lowell, and entered the University in September, 1848, and remained until 1851. He entered the United States Military Academy at West Point, July 1, 1851, and graduated fourth in his class, July 1, 1855; was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 1st Artillery, same date; served at Fort Columbus, N. Y., a few months in 1855; at Fort McIntosh, Texas, 1855-56; took part in an engagement with the Lipan Indians, at the headwaters of the Nueces River, Texas, April 13, 1856; served at Fort McHenry, Md., 1856, Jan. 26, 1857; was transferred to the Engineers, January 26, 1857, and during the remainder of his active life served in that arm of the service.

He was ordered to San Francisco, where he remained until 1870; was assistant engineer in the construction of the defences of San Francisco Harbor 1857-61; was superintending engineer of the fortifications at Fort Point and Alcatraz Island, San Francisco, July 20-November 7, 1861; was assistant engineer on the defences of the Pacific Coast, November 7, 1861, until November 23, 1865; was engineer in charge of the construction of the fort at Fort Point, Cal., January 1, 1867, to February, 1870; in charge of surveys of San Francisco, Peninsula, January 1, 1867, until April, 1869; member of the Pacific Board of Engineers, December 4, 1866 until February, 1870; engineer secretary of the Light House Board, April 12, 1870, until May 21, 1874.

He inspected, from April 28, until September 11, 1873, the lighthouse systems in Europe and published his report, making many suggestions for the improvement of our system, which have been carried out; was assistant

to the chief of engineers at Washington, D. C., May 21, 1874, until October 26, 1882; in charge of various works of defense in Massachusetts and Rhode Island, and of river and harbor improvement and removal of wrecks in Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, November 1, 1882, until April 1, 1887; member of the advisory council to the Rhode Island State Board of Harbor Commissioners, February 27, 1884, until April 1, 1887; was on sick leave in Europe, 1887-89; in charge of the Washington aqueduct, increasing the water supply of Washington, and the erection of fishways at Potomac Falls, July 17, 1889 to March 30, 1895.

He was promoted 1st lieutenant, August 3, 1861; captain, March 3, 1863; major, March 7, 1867; lieutenant-colonel, August 8, 1882; colonel, May 18, 1895; was brevetted major, March 13, 1865, for "meritorious service during the war"; was retired from active service, May 31, 1895, having reached the age limit for service. After his retirement, in virtue of a special law, he remained in charge of the Delecarlia Reservoir, until its completion, October 25, 1895. He was an efficient officer of strict integrity, devoted to his duty, just and kind to all. He was one of those officers who never obtruded their merits and claims on others, but who, nevertheless, made a high and enduring reputation in the arm of the service to which they belonged. He was a generous, high minded, courtly, christian gentleman, and an accomplished engineer of high scientific attainments.



Col. George Henry Elliot.

He made his home in Washington from 1887 until his death. For several years previous to his death, his health had been impaired, and to ill health was added the great sorrow of the death of his two children. He was the author of *Lighthouse Establishments in Europe*, 1874; and *The Presidio of San Francisco, California*, 1874. He was a member of the Catholic Church, and the Sons of the American Revolution.

He was married in San Francisco, Cal., April 21, 1862, to Ellen Ritchie, who survives him and resides in Washington, D. C. Two children were born to them: William George, born May 22, 1863, lieutenant U. S. A., died of malignant fever in Santiago, Cuba, August 11, 1898; Lidia, born May 2, 1869, married Mr. Fielding Lewis, died at Marmion, King George Co., Va., February 23, 1900.

COL. ALBERT AUGUSTUS FLETCHER.

Albert A. Fletcher, son of Paris and Anna (Miner) Fletcher, was born in Bridport, Vt., August 17, 1835, and died in Middlebury, Vt., October 2, 1907. He attended the schools of his town, and prepared for college at the Newton

Academy, Shoreham, Vt. He entered the University in 1849, and remained nearly three years.

He engaged in farming in Bridport until 1882, when he removed to Middlebury, Vt., where he resided until his death. He was president of the National Bank, Middlebury, 1882-1907. He met with marked success in his business and acquired a valuable property.



Col. Albert Augustus Fletcher.

born July 7, 1863, died September 7, 1908; John Albert, born June 7, 1865, resides in Middlebury; Harry Hale, born October 14, 1869, resides in St. Paul, Minn.; Anna Miner, born October, 15, 1878, married Theodore Donald Wells, resides in New York City.

CHARLES ABRAM FRENCH.

Charles A. French, son of Abram and Elizabeth (Simonds) French, was born in Lexington, Mass., April 18, 1832. In 1835, his parents removed to Lowell, Mass., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1848 and remained two years.

He engaged in business in Lowell, Mass., until 1860, when he entered the employ of the Merchant's Dispatch Express Co.; was soon promoted agent of the company for Boston, which position he held until 1900, when he retired from active work. His address is 71 Westland Ave., Boston, Mass.

He was married in Boston, Mass., June 19, 1873, to Elizabeth Miller Holbrook; no children.

CAPT. CHARLES JACKSON FORD, D. D. S.

Charles J. Ford, son of Daniel G. and Sarah (Jackson) Ford was born in Uley, Gloucestershire, England, October 5, 1830, and died unmarried in St. Louis, Mo., October 28, 1868. His parents moved to Middlebury, Vt., about 1840, where he attended the public schools and the Middlebury Academy.

He entered the University in 1849 and remained two years; studied pharmacy in Troy, N. Y., for some time; also studied medicine in Philadelphia and later graduated D. D. S. from a dental college in Philadelphia.

He located in Dubuque, Iowa, in 1856, and practiced his profession until 1861, when he enlisted as a private in the 6th Iowa Cavalry; was soon assigned to duty as assistant surgeon with rank of captain; served in an expedition under General Sully against the hostile Indians in the Northwest, and had charge of a hospital at Fort Rice and Fort Randall. He took part in the following engagements: White Stone Hills, September 3, 1863; Tash-Ku-o Kutz, July 28-29, 1864; and Bad Water Lands, August 7, 1864. He was honorably discharged October 16,

1865. Soon after the war, he opened an office as dental surgeon in St. Louis, Mo., where he lived until his death. He was a member of the Masonic and I. O. O. F. orders.



Capt. Charles Jackson Ford.

MAJOR GEORGE CYPRIAN JARVIS, M. D., A. M.



Major George Cyprian Jarvis.

George C. Jarvis, son of Dr. George Oglevie and Philanela (Marshall) Jarvis, was born in Portland, Conn., April 24, 1834, and died in Hartford, Conn., May 7, 1901. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1849, remaining two years, completing the work in the English department. He studied, during 1851-52, at Trinity College, completing the regular college work in Latin and Greek; took special work in Chemistry and Biology and studied Materia Medica and Pharmacy, 1853-58; studied medicine and surgery with his father at his private hospital at Portland, 1856-58; entered the Medical department of the University of the City of New York in 1858, and graduated M. D., in 1861, with high rank.

On the breaking out of the Civil

War, he offered his services to the state of Connecticut; was commissioned assistant surgeon. First Regiment Connecticut Volunteer Cavalry, December 11, 1861, was mustered into the U. S. Service February 17, 1862; was appointed surgeon with rank of major, 7th Connecticut Infantry, October 10, 1862; was mustered out of service July 20, 1865. He was for some time chief surgeon 1st Division 10th Army Corps. He served in many battles, often accompanying the troops in their assaults. Here he made use of his knowledge of military affairs, gained at "N. U." He was an efficient surgeon and was distinguished for his bravery; was often commended in the reports of the various officers under whom he served.

He began practice in Hartford, Conn., in 1865, and soon achieved remarkable success. He performed many operations, being one of the first in the country to operate for appendicitis. He invented many surgical instruments. He was an examining surgeon for pensions for Connecticut 1869-84, being president of the Board some years; was a member of the examining board for conferring degrees at Yale University, 1870-80; was one of the founders of the Connecticut State Board of Health. In 1895, Trinity College conferred upon him the degrees of A. B., and A. M., as for 1855. He was a member of many medical societies, member of the Hartford Lodge, F. and A. M., and the Knights Templar of Hartford, Conn.; member of the G. A. R. and the Loyal Legion.

He was married in 1869, to Martha Gillum, sister of Henry H. Gillum, '50, of Portland, Conn. One child was born to them, Martha Louise, wife of Dr. Charles E. Taft of Hartford, Conn.

BVT. COL. SOLOX H. LATHROP, U. S. A.

Solon H. Lathrop was born in Keene, N. H., and died October 7, 1867. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1848, remaining two years.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was residing in New Mexico. He offered his services to the Government, and was commissioned on August 5, 1861, captain, 17th U. S. Infantry; was promoted lieutenant-colonel and assistant inspector-general U. S. Volunteers, August 20, 1862, serving in this capacity until August 1, 1865. He was brevetted colonel, U. S. Volunteers, March 13, 1865, "for meritorious service in the Northern Department". On September 21, 1866, he was transferred to the 35th U. S. Infantry and served with this regiment until his death.

CHARLES JULIUS LINSLEY.

Charles J. Linsley, son of Charles and Sarah White (Chipman) Linsley, was born in Middlebury, Vt., March 28, 1831, and died of typhoid fever at Kankakee, Ill., August 17, 1853. He prepared for college at the Middlebury Academy and entered the University in 1848, remaining two years. He was assistant engineer on the Illinois Central Railroad, 1851-53. He was a member of St. Stephens Episcopal Church of Middlebury, Vt.

EDWARD BAGLEY MERRILL, A. M.

Edward B. Merrill, son of Edward and Mary (Converse) Merrill, was born in New Bedford, Mass., January 23, 1835. He prepared for college at the Phillips Exeter Academy and entered the University in 1849, remaining two years; entered Bowdoin College in 1853 and graduated A. B., in 1857, and A. M. in 1860.

He studied law in the office of Hon. W. W. Crapo, New Bedford, Mass., and at the Harvard Law School; was admitted to the New York City bar, in May, 1860, and has practiced his profession in New York City to date. He has written many articles for genealogical and historical publications. He is a member of the *Φ B K* Bowdoin College; New York University Club; New York Prison Association; New York Colonization Society.

He was married September 12, 1861, to Mary Elizabeth Gibbs, of New Bedford, Mass. One child was born to them, Edward Gibbs, born June 20, 1875, Columbia College, '97.



Edward Bagley Merrill.

PEVERIL STEDMAN PEAKE.

Peveril S. Peake, son of Royal Willis and Jane Ann (Holly) Peake, was born in Bristol, Vt., in 1832, and died in Maplewood, Ill., in 1874. He prepared for college at the Troy Conference Academy, Poultney, Vt., and entered the University in 1848, remaining two years. He graduated from Captain Partridge's School in 1851. He intended to follow civil engineering; but, owing to poor health, he was forced to change his plans.

Soon after leaving the University, he went to Augusta, Ga.; but, after a short residence in that city, returned North and located in Middlebury, Vt., where he served as teller in the Bank of Middlebury until 1855. He was chosen cashier of the Bank of Milwaukee in this last year, and removed to that city. His health failing, he resigned his position in 1860, and returned to Vermont. He purchased a fine farm at Larabee's Point on Lake Champlain, where he resided until 1865, when, regaining his health, he moved to Burlington, Vt. In 1868, he removed to Chicago, and in 1869, to Maywood, Ill., where he made his home until his death. In 1860, his business interests had been transferred to Chicago and in 1869, the firm of which he was a silent partner, retired from business. He, with several gentlemen from Vermont, became interested in developing Maywood, a suburb of Chicago. He was one of the original incorporators of the Maywood Company; was elected its treasurer, April 8, 1869, which position he held until his death. He was a Republican in politics, but never held office.

He was married in 1859, to Mary Laura North, a native of Shoreham, Vt., who died August 31, 1902. One child was born to them: Anna Jane, born 1862, married Mr. J. Edward Sherwin, resides in New York City.

CHARLES PHELPS, A. M., M. D.

Charles Phelps, son of Thaddeus and Mary Phelps, was born in Milford, Mass., December 12, 1834. At an early age, his parents removed to Attleboro, Mass., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1848, remaining nearly three years. He graduated A. B. from Brown University, in 1855, and later received the degree of A. M., in course, from that Institution; graduated M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, in 1858.

He practiced his profession in New York City from 1858, until 1909, when he retired from active work. He was for some years physician at the Bellevue and St. Vincent's hospitals in New York City. He has been a frequent contributor to the various medical journals of the country; was the author of *Traumatic Injuries of the Brain, and the Membranes*; also many monographs on medical subjects. He has traveled extensively in Europe.

SAMUEL HARRISON PORTER.

Samuel H. Porter, son of Vine and Hannah (Pike) Porter, was born in Morristown, Vt., November 20, 1825, and died in Rensselaer, Ind., in 1908. In 1840, his parents removed to Alstead, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1848, remaining until 1850. He taught school in various places in New Hampshire until 1872, when he located in Walpole, N. H., and engaged in mercantile pursuits until 1890. He then engaged in farming in Walpole, until 1903, when he removed to Rensselaer, Ind., where he made his home until his death.

He was a member of the Unitarian Church.

He was married August 7, 1852, to Harriett Amelia Emerson, sister of George W. F. Emerson, '42. She died in 1905. Three children were born to them: Emma, born November 7, 1853, married Mr. S. S. Shedd, resides in Rensselaer, Ind.; Frank Winslow, born October 7, 1855, resides in Chicago, Ill.; John Lincoln, born July 2, 1869, resides in Chicago.

CHARLES RICE.

Charles Rice, was born in Glens Falls, N. Y., April 5, 1833, and died there February 25, 1883. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1848, remaining nearly three years.

He engaged in general mercantile business in Glens Falls, until 1870, when he removed to Grand Rapids, Mich., where he was the owner of extensive flour mills. In 1882, he returned to Glens Falls, where he made his home until his death.

He was married in 1861, to Sarah E. Van Deusen of Glens Falls, who survived him for several years.

WILLIAM STANCLIFF.

William Stancliff, son of Joseph Stancliff, was born in Portland, Conn., in 1836, and died there March 25, 1863. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1842, remaining two years. He engaged in the livery business in Portland, from 1849 until his death.

He was married in 1860, to Addie Clark of Danielson, Conn., who died in 1890. One child, a daughter, died several years ago.

LIEUT.-COL. EDWIN SHERWOOD STOWELL.

Edwin S. Stowell, son of Chauncey Hooker and Melinda (Sherwood) Stowell, was born in Cornwall, Vt., January 27, 1829, and died there September 11, 1880; was buried in Cornwall, Vt. He attended the schools of his town and finished his preparation for college in Poultney, Vt. He entered the University in 1848, and remained two years.

He engaged extensively in farming in Cornwall until his death; also extensively engaged in raising blooded horses and fine sheep. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Vermont; was commissioned, captain Co. F, 5th Vermont Infantry, September 4, 1861; was promoted major, 9th Vermont Infantry, June 21, 1862, and lieutenant-colonel, same regiment, March 20, 1863; resigned, May 11, 1863. He was a member of the Congregational Church of Cornwall, Vt., and Union Lodge, No. 2, F. and A. M., of Middlebury, Vt.

He was married in Salisbury, Vt., May 16, 1853, to Julia Van Eustis Daggett, who died March 24, 1877. Four children were born to them: Flora Elizabeth, born December 15, 1855, married C. R. Witherell, resides in Shoreham, Vt.; Anna Julia, born October 21, 1858, married first, L. E. Sunderland, second, W. H. Bingham, resides in Cornwall, Vt.; Caroline Minerva, born January 4, 1861, married E. B. Beaudry, M. D., died October 29, 1897; Agnes Gertrude, born October 1, 1869, married H. W. Trask, resides in Deadwood, So. Dakota



Lieut.-Col. Edwin Sherwood Stowell.

NOBLE ADOLPH THOMPSON.

Noble A. Thompson, son of Joseph and Mary (Bennett) Thompson, was born in Cornwall, Vt., April, 19, 1830, and died of apoplexy in Chicago, Ill., November 21, 1879. He entered the University in 1849, and remained nearly three years. Soon after leaving the University, he removed to Boston, Mass., and entered the dry goods house of George Warren, now Jordan, Marsh & Co.; after remaining in their employ for some time, he resigned to

take charge of the estate of his brother, Capt. S. B. Thompson, at Lincoln Mass.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was very desirous of entering the army, and in making preparations to this end, he overworked and was taken sick with brain fever. On recovering from that sickness, he was totally blind, but notwithstanding that misfortune, he continued in business, never losing his cheerfulness or interest in public affairs. In 1874, he retired from business and removed to Chicago, Ill., where he resided until his death.

He was married in 1854, to Martha Stearns of Cornwall, Vt., who died May 28, 1908, at Poplar Grove, Ill. Two children were born to them: Robert Lincoln, born April 5, 1855, an officer in the post office of Chicago; Edith Cornelia, born September 15, 1870, married Mr. Ralph W. Hull of Poplar Grove.

CALVIN KEYES TUPPER, A. M.

Calvin K. Tupper, son of Silas and Sally (Keyes) Tupper, was born in Barnard, Vt., September 11, 1825, and died in Lockport, N. Y., February 27, 1891. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1848 and remained two years.



Calvin Keyes Tupper.

He studied medicine and practiced the profession for a short time. He engaged in teaching many years. He was principal of the Onondaga, (N. Y.) Academy, and the Union school, Lockport, N. Y. He worked for some years in compiling the *Tupper Genealogy*.

He was twice married: first, September 1, 1859 to Marietta Smith of Lockport, N. Y., who died about 1870. Two children were born to them: George Washington, born March 9, 1862, resides in Lockport, N. Y.; Marietta Smith, resides in Lockport, N. Y. He was again married, September 25, 1864, to Mrs. Caroline A. Rich, of Nashua, N. H., who died about 1890; no children.

LIEUT. GEORGE ROWLAND WHITE.

George R. White, son of Henry and Elizabeth Cora (Clark) White, was born in Windsor, Vt., May 19, 1831, and died in Muscatine, Iowa, July 31, 1900. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1848 and remained until 1851.

He located in Muscatine, Iowa, in 1855, where he made his home until his death; engaged in the lumber business for some years and later in the grain business. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Iowa; was commissioned 2nd lieutenant, Co. II, 11th Iowa Infantry; was adjutant of the regiment at the battle of Shilo; was detailed to the signal service on the Ohio River; was recruiting officer in Iowa for some months in 1862; was quartermaster at Camp McClellan for some time; was mustered out of service in October, 1864. He was a member of Trinity Episcopal Church; Iowa Legion of Honor.

He was married at Muscatine, Iowa, September 28, 1858, to Maria Marcia Humphryes who survives him and resides in Muscatine. Six children were born to them: Elizabeth Cora, born June 16, 1859, married Fred Julius Mark, died September 21, 1886; Luther Clark, born November 5, 1861, died January 26, 1863; Sarah Eneray, born July 18, 1863, married James Henry McKimmell, resides in Mathews, Va.; George Rowland, born October 5, 1864, died in infancy; Josephine Eliza, born August 8, 1873, married Henry W. Miller, resides near West Liberty, Iowa; Laura Eleeta, born December 3, 1866, resides in Muscatine.

BVT. MAJOR SOLOMON ERSKINE WOODWARD, U. S. A.

Solomon E. Woodward, son of Solomon and Lydia (Learned) Woodward, was born in Millbury, Mass., April 21, 1835, and died, April 3, 1876, at a sanitarium in Danville, N. Y., where he had gone for his health. In 1847, his parents removed to Woodstock, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1849, and remained two years.

Soon after leaving the University, he entered the employ of his father in the manufacture of woolen goods in Woodstock. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Vermont: was commissioned 2d lieutenant Co. B, 1st Vermont Infantry, April 27, 1861; was promoted 1st lieutenant, July 19, 1861; was mustered out of service August 15, 1861. He served with marked distinction at the battle of Big Bethel, Va., June 10, 1861. He was commissioned 1st lieutenant, 15th U. S. Infantry, August 5, 1861, and served as quartermaster on the staff of General Rosecrans for some time; was commissioned captain, March 13, 1865; brevet major, December 31, 1862, for "gallant and meritorious services in the battle of Murfreesboro, Tenn.," and major, September 1, 1864, for "gallant and meritorious services during the Atlanta campaign." He resigned his commission, September 30, 1866. He was present in many battles and was especially distinguished in the battles of Pittsburg Landing, Murfreesboro and Lookout Mountain. He returned to Woodstock and continued in the manufacture of woolen goods until his death. He was a member of Ottaquechee Lodge, F. and A. M. of Woodstock.

He was married October 17, 1867, to Elizabeth Collamer Johnson of Woodstock, Vt., who survives him and resides in that town. One child was born to them: Edith Rose, born June 15, 1870, died March 17, 1875.



Bvt. Major Solomon Erskine Woodward.

CLASS OF 1853.

CAPT. JAMES EDWARD AINSWORTH, C. E.

James E. Ainsworth, son of Ralph and Polly Drury (Chase) Ainsworth, was born in Claremont, N. H., June 3, 1830, and died in Williamstown, Vt., August 30, 1909. He attended the public schools of his native town, and prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H. He entered the University in 1850, and graduated B. S. in 1853; was adjutant of the corps in the last term of his senior year; was a volunteer tutor in Mathematics for General Jackman, the last two terms of his course. The University in recognition of his work as an engineer conferred upon him, in 1898, the degree of C. E. in course.



Capt. James Edward Ainsworth.

In the fall of 1854, he removed to Dubuque, Iowa, and the next year was engaged on government surveys in what are now Millelacs and Isanti Counties, Minnesota, where for months he saw no white men except those of the party, and often had to pack their camp outfit and supplies through tamarack swamps to their work. In 1856, he commenced service with the Dubuque & Pacific, later known as the Dubuque & Sioux City, then, again, that portion west from Iowa Falls, was changed to Iowa Falls & Sioux City, first on surveys, and then in 1857, as resident engineer in charge of construction work. On the completion of the road to Jessup, Iowa, in 1858, he was appointed chief engineer; and constructed the road through to Sioux City, Iowa, together with the Cedar Falls & Minnesota, a branch line from Cedar Falls Junction up the

valley of the Cedar river to Mona at the Minnesota state line, all now operated by the Illinois Central. During this time he made a survey from Sioux City, Iowa, up the valley of the Big Sioux River to Sioux Falls, South Dakota. He also constructed a portion of the Dubuque & Southwestern in Linn County, Iowa, and that portion of the Chicago, Dubuque & Minnesota along the west bank of the Mississippi River from Dubuque to North McGregor, also the Iowa Eastern (narrow gauge) from Beulah Junction to Elkader in Clayton County, Iowa, all now operated by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

He made a survey from Dubuque up the Mississippi and Turkey Rivers, then northwesterly to near Mankato, Minn. Then, for a little over a year,

he was with the Chicago & Northwestern in Northern Michigan, building branches to the iron mines. He was chief engineer on surveys for the St. Louis & Hannibal in Lincoln County, Mo., 1876-78. From 1878 until 1893, he was chief engineer of the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley, and Sioux City & Pacific, one system, and built for the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley, some 1,250 miles of railroad in Nebraska, South Dakota and Wyoming, being the Omaha and Arlington connection, the three branches south of the Platte River, and all beyond Wisner, Neb., to the Black Hills of South Dakota, and to Casper, Wyo.; also built 120 miles of the Maple River Railroad in Iowa, all now operated by the Chicago & Northwestern. In addition to the road built for the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley, he extended the surveys west, beyond Casper, Wyo., up the Sweetwater Valley, through the South Pass to a point near Pacific Springs, the head of the Big Sandy in Wyoming; also the Black Hills of South Dakota branch, northwesterly to Powder River in direction of Miles City, Mont., and westerly, up the Redwater valley to and over the summit at Sun Dance, Wyo. As chief engineer, he built over 2,000 miles of railroad, and in 1867-68, as assistant chief engineer, he constructed the iron railway bridge across the Mississippi River at Dubuque, Iowa.

In the fall of 1861, he enlisted a company for the 12th Iowa Infantry Volunteers, and was elected its captain. Being unable to endure the exposure and privations of camp life, he resigned his commission soon after the battle of Shiloh. In 1893, he retired from active engineering work, and removed to Moline Ill., where he resided until June, 1897. He then removed to Williamstown, Vt., where he made his home until his death. He was a director for several years of the Moline Trust & Savings Bank of Moline, Ill.

He was married December 19, 1867, to Miss Laura Lucretia, daughter of Calvin and Laura (Lynde) Ainsworth, of Williamstown, Vt. Mrs. Ainsworth resides in Williamstown.

HON. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN GEORGE, B. S.

Benjamin F. George, son of Animi Moores and Eliza (Bickford) George, was born in Hillsboro, N. H., April 17, 1832. In 1845, his parents removed to Nashua, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in September, 1849, remained until April, 1852, nearly completing the course in Civil Engineering. In 1910, the University in recognition of his work as an engineer conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1853.

He studied architecture from 1852 until 1853; was assistant engineer on the Marietta & Cincinnati R. R., in Ohio, 1853-54, having in charge the construction of 60 miles of road; was assistant engineer on the Racine & Mississippi R. R. in Wisconsin, 1855 and 1856, having in charge the construction of 90 miles of road from Racine to Freeport, Ill.; was assistant engineer on the Iowa & Nebraska R. R., 1857-59, having charge of the construction of the road from Clinton to DeWitt in Iowa.

He returned East in 1859, and engaged in mercantile pursuits in Boston until 1866, when he was appointed principal assistant engineer on the Boston, Lowell & Nashua. He was promoted chief engineer of the same road in 1873, and held the position until 1876, when he was appointed chief engineer of the Manchester & Keene, R. R. He held this position until the completion of the road in 1880, when he was appointed superintendent, serving until 1883.

In this last year, he removed to Bennington, N. H., where he has made his home to date.

He is a Republican in politics and has held several positions of trust; served as selectman several years; was justice of the peace, 1890-1900; represented his district in the New Hampshire Legislature in 1885-86. He is a member of the Ancient York Lodge, F. and A. M., of Nashua, N. H.

He was married June 6, 1856, to Joanna Elizabeth Johnson of Nashua; no children.

MAJ. GEORGE PRESTON GREELEY, B. S., M. D.

George P. Greeley, son of Ezekiel and Sarah (Pollard) Greeley, was born in Nashua, (Nashville) N. H., April 9, 1833, and died in St. Augustine, Fla., December 26, 1892. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1849, remaining nearly three years; received from the University in 1870, the degree of B. S., as for 1853.



On February 15, 1853 he sailed as a supercargo of the barque, *Daniel Webster*, from New York for Port Philip, Australia, continuing the voyage to Port Jackson, Sydney and Batavia *via* Sombaya; returned to Port Phillip in March, 1854, and then sailed for Boston *via* Singapore, arriving September 2, 1854. While on this voyage, he determined to become a physician. He studied medicine with Dr. George Gray of Nashua, N. H., September, 1854, until April, 1855; he attended the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Vt., April to August, 1855; Dartmouth Medical College, August to October, 1855; graduated M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York in 1857; was house surgeon at Chelsea, Mass., hospital, 1857-58. He practiced his profession for a brief time in Peterboro and

Maj. George Preston Greeley.

Manchester, N. H., in 1858, when he located in Hollis, N. H., where he continued in practice until 1861.

He was much interested in military matters and in 1860, was one of the organizers of the "Hollis Phalanx," New Hampshire Militia, serving as captain, 1860-61. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State and was commissioned assistant surgeon of the 2d New Hampshire Volunteers, May 3, 1861; but owing to sickness in his family, he was unable to serve and resigned June 3, 1861; was appointed assistant surgeon, 4th New Hampshire Infantry, August 20, 1861; was promoted surgeon, October 8, 1862, and was discharged October 23, 1864. He was in charge of hospital No. 4, Beaufort, S. C., November 1862, until April, 1863; served with his regiment in the field in the campaign around Richmond in 1864,

and was on June 8, 1864, detailed as assistant operator at the 18th Corps, Battlefield Hospital; August 1, 1864, was appointed chief medical officer of the 3d Brigade, 2d Division, 10th Army Corps. On February 26, 1865, he was commissioned surgeon of the 9th Regiment, United States Veteran Reserve Corps and was assigned to the first corps, and served at Washington, D. C., from February until April 7, 1865; Elmira, N. Y., from April 7 to 26, 1865, acting surgeon of board of enrollment, 29th District, Lockport, N. Y., April 26 to June 14, 1865; Camp Stonemen, D. C., June 23 to October 5, 1865; at the post hospital, Burnside Barracks, Indianapolis, Ind., October, 1865, until May 3, 1866, when he was mustered out of service. On his return from the war, he took a post graduate course at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in New York and at the Bellevue Medical College Hospital, New York city, during the winter of 1866-67, making a specialty of diseases of the eye, ear and throat. He practiced his profession in Montpelier, Vt., September, 1867-68; Boston, Mass., 1868-72; Nashua, N. H., 1872 until 1883, when owing to failing health, he was forced to give up his professional duties. He removed to St. Augustine, Fla., where he made his home until his death. He was city and county physician in Nashua, 1872-80. He was medical examiner for the National Life Insurance Co., in Boston, also the Empire Mutual Life Insurance Co., 1868-72. He was a 32° Mason; member of the Massachusetts Medical and the New Hampshire Medical Societies.

He was married January 10, 1861, to Mary Perrin Dewey of Montpelier, daughter of Dr. Julius Y. Dewey, and sister of Admiral George Dewey, U. S. N., "N. U." '55. Mrs. Greeley resides in Montpelier, Vt.; no children.

HENRY OSGOOD HERRICK, A. B.

Henry O. Herrick, son of Henry and Lydia Grover (Dodge) Herrick, was born in Reading, Vt., February 26, 1829. He prepared for college at the Green Mountain Liberal Institute, 1848-50. He entered the University in 1850, and graduated A. B. in 1853.

He then taught school in various places in South Carolina, until about 1860, when he located near Anderson, S. C., where he resided many years, engaging extensively in planting.

MAJOR JOHN QUINCY ADAMS McCOLLISTER, A. M., M. D., LL. D.

John Q. A. McCollister, son of Silas and Achsah (Holman) McCollister, and brother of S. H. McCollister, '51, was born in Marlboro, N. H., May 3, 1831. He attended the schools of his town and a select school in 1846; prepared for college at the academies in Fitzwilliam and Walpole, N. H., and Saxton's River and South Woodstock, Vt. He entered the University in 1851, and graduated A. B. in 1853. His work as a student was excellent, winning for him the honor of salutatorian, and the highest praise from President Bourns, as he recommended him to an instructorship in the Green Mountain Institute. He received the degree of A. M., in course, from the University in 1856, and LL. D. in 1896; has served as a member of the Board of Trustees of the University from 1891 to date; member of the $\Gamma \Sigma \Pi$ Fraternity.

Subsequent to his graduation, he began the study of medicine; took one course of lectures in Dartmouth Medical College, fall of 1854; was an assistant at the Deer Island Hospital, Boston Harbor, in 1855; entered the Jefferson

Medical College in 1855, and graduated M. D. in 1856. He practiced his profession in South Deerfield, Mass., 1856-57; Groton Jet., (now Ayer) Mass., 1857-62, 1863-69; Harvard, Mass., 1869-87, and Waltham, Mass., 1887 to date.



— [Major John Quincy Adams McCollister.

Ayer; past Grand of Governor Gore Lodge, I. O. O. F. of Waltham. He is a past commander of George S. Boutelle Post, G. A. R., Groton and E. P. H. Rogers Post, Waltham, Mass.; also a member of several medical societies. He is a member of the Boston Alumni Association of Norwich University, and has served as its president and in other official capacities. As a physician and surgeon during a long life of active practice, he has well developed the high character of his youth, gained much reputation in his profession and withal has won a fair fortune therein.

He has been twice married: first, May 6, 1856, to Sarah E. Hazen of Shirley, Mass., who died May 5, 1858. One child, Anna, was born to them. He was again married August 2, 1859, to Georgiana Lydia Hunt of Groton. Six children were born to them: Lucretia Isabelle, born August 26, 1860; Edward Quincy, born January 28, 1863; Harvey Grey, born August 5, 1864; Edith Emma May, born September 1, 1867; John Fred, born July 27, 1871, and Helen Hortense, born July 2, 1878.

At the commencement of the Civil War, he was assistant surgeon, 6th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers. In September, 1862, he was commissioned surgeon 53d Massachusetts Infantry, with rank of major. He served as medical director of the hospitals at Yorktown and in the field for two years. He was United States examining pension surgeon from 1864 until 1875; was again appointed to this office in 1898 with headquarters at Waltham, which position he now fills, and has served as president of the board. His entire war record gives evidence of professional skill and executive ability.

He served as a member of the school board of Groton, seven years, and Harvard, three years. He is a charter member and past Master of Caleb Butler Lodge, F. and A. M. of

NON-GRADUATES, 1853.

ADDISON RICHARDSON BALDWIN.

Addison R. Baldwin, son of Erastus and Lucinda C. (Richardson) Baldwin, was born in Topsham, Vt., August 6, 1832, and died in Charlotte, N. Y., July 12, 1896.

He prepared for college at the Newbury Seminary, and entered the University from Wells River, Vt., in 1849, and remained two years. He removed to Ogdensburg, N. Y., and from there to Charlotte, N. Y., where he resided until his death. He engaged in business in Charlotte for some years and was agent for the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad for two years. He engaged in business with his sons in Boston from 1891 to 1896. He was president of the Massachusetts Chemical Company, and of the Swanee River Railroad Company of Florida at the time of his death.

He was married January 2, 1856, to Caroline Wheeler of Genessee, Monroe County, N. Y. Five children were born to them: Charles Addison, Frank Erastus, Alvi Twing, Caroline Lucinda, and Mary Daisy.

LIEUT.-COL. ALBERT V. COLBURN.

Albert V. Colburn was born in Castleton, Rutland County, Vt., in 1831, and died in St. Louis, Mo., June 17, 1863. He entered Captain Partridge's school in Norwich in 1849, and remained two years. He then entered the United States Military Academy at West Point. July 1, 1851, and graduated 17th in his class, July 1, 1855; was brevetted 2d lieutenant 1st United States Cavalry, July 1, 1855; second lieutenant, same regiment, October 1, 1855, and first lieutenant, January 31, 1861.

He served on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1855; Fort Leavenworth, Kan., 1855-56, and for some time in 1857; on service quelling Kansas disturbances, 1856-57; adjutant of regiment, February-April, 1857; served in the Cheyenne expedition in 1857, taking part in the fight at Solomon's Fork of the Kansas River, July 29, 1857; Fort Riley, Kansas, 1857-58, taking part in the Utah expedition later in this last year; adjutant of regiment June 11, 1858-July 1, 1861; on duty St. Louis, Mo. 1858-60, and at Fort Leavenworth a short time in 1860; Fort Riley, Kan., 1860-61. He was brevetted captain, July 1, 1861, and appointed assistant adjutant-general; promoted captain and assistant adjutant-general August 3, 1861, and major same service July 17, 1862; lieutenant-colonel and additional aide-de-camp, September 28, 1861; served on the staff of Major-General McClellan at the headquarters in Washington, D. C., July 31, 1861 to March 10, 1862; served in the battles of the Army of the Potomac in the Virginia campaign, March-August, 1862; Maryland Campaign, September-November, 1862; waiting orders November 10-December 1, 1862; adjutant-general of the department of the Missouri from December 1, 1862 until his death.

HON. CHARLES THOMAS CROCKER, PH. B.

Charles T. Crocker, son of Hon. Alvah Crocker, trustee of "N. U." (q. v.) and Abigail (Fox) Crocker, was born in Fitchburg, Mass., March 2, 1833, and died there January 5, 1911. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1849, remaining two years. He then graduated Ph. B. from Brown University in 1854.

Soon after graduating from college, he became associated with the firm of Crocker, Burbank & Co. He soon displayed the remarkable business tact that distinguished his father. He was soon made a member of the firm, and became interested in his father's extensive interests in Turners Falls, Mass. He was a director of the Fitchburg and the Vermont & Massachusetts Rys., for



Hon. Charles Thomas Crocker.

many years, when these roads were operating their own lines, serving on the executive committees; was president of the Crocker National Bank of Turners Falls, many years, also serving as director until his death; was for several years a director of the Fitchburg National Bank, and the Fitchburg Savings Bank; was one of the organizers of the Nochege and the Orswell Mills corporations, serving as director and president; was a director of the Putnam Machine Co., and the Fitchburg Gas & Electric Co., of Fitchburg. He continued until the time of his death, in the active management of the extensive paper manufacturing business, established by his father; was president and director of the Turners Falls Co., which controls all the water power in that town, also much real estate; was a director of the John Russell Cutlery Co., of Turners Falls, one of the largest companies of its kind in the United States; was a director of the Keith Paper Co., of Turners Falls. He was one of the best known business men and manufacturers of his city, and met with marked success in his business enterprises, acquiring a large property

He was a Republican in politics, and held many positions; served as alderman of Fitchburg in 1873, and 1877; was persistently urged to be a candidate for mayor; represented his district in the Legislature in 1879-80; was State Senator in 1880-81, serving on important committees. He was an active supporter of the cause of temperance, being a member of the Citizens Temperance party as long as it lasted; was a trustee of the Burbank Hospital and one of its most generous supporters; a member and liberal supporter of the Fitchburg Benevolent Association and the Fitchburg Associated Charities. He was a member of the Episcopal Church, serving as vestryman for many years; Fitchburg

Merchants Association; Fitchburg Board of Trade; Fitchburg Manufacturers Association; the Park Club.

He was twice married: first, October 14, 1857, to Helen Eliza Tufts of Charlestown, who died June 21, 1877. Six children were born to them: Alvah Crocker, born in 1858, resides in Fitchburg; Emma Louisa, married Rev. E. W. Smith, resides in Fall River, Mass.; William Tufts, born in 1862, now rector of the Church of the Epiphany of New York; Kendall, born in 1863, resides in Fitchburg; Charles Thomas, born 1866, resides in Fitchburg; Paul, born in 1872, now train master of the Boston & Main R. R., resides in Boston. He was again married June 1, 1861, to Helen Trowbridge Bartow of Brooklyn, N. Y., who survives him and resides in Fitchburg. Two children were born to them: Edith Bartow, married Mr. Walter Prentice Sanger, resides in New York City; Bartow, born in 1866, resides in Fitchburg.

HON. JOHN BRYANT PIKE.

John B. Pike, son of Ebenezer and Sarah (Chase) Pike, was born in Cornish, N. H., February 10, 1831, and died in Lebanon, N. H., September 8, 1909. At fifteen years of age, he began teaching, and at the end of five terms of school, became a student at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1849, remaining two years. He then made a trip to the West, where he engaged in civil engineering work connected with the government road, then being constructed from Baltimore to Cincinnati.

He afterwards found employment in St. Louis and Chicago, but the financial depression of 1857, caused him to return to New England, and he located in Chelsea, Vt., where he became the proprietor of the village hotel. Remaining there several years, he moved to Plainfield, N. H., and during the Civil War, served as deputy provost marshal. At the close of the war, he became United States Railway mail clerk, running from Boston to St. Albans, a position that he held nineteen years. In 1871, he moved to Lebanon, N. H., where he continued the insurance business he had already engaged in at his old home town, from which he retired in 1908. He was a staunch Republican, but not an office seeker. He represented Lebanon in the State Legislature in 1903.

He was twice married, first, December 29, 1858, to M. Louise Parker of Plainfield, N. H., who died in May, 1895. Two children were born to them: Chester John, born November 8, 1859, resides in Medford, Mass., and Henry Luther, born in October, 1860, resides in Bristol, N. H. He was married the second time, October 15, 1896, to Mary A. Emerson of Lebanon, who survives him and resides in Lebanon; no children.

LIEUT. GEORGE MERRICK RICE.

George M. Rice, son of George Merrick and Rutha Jane (White) Rice, was born in Worcester, Mass., March 29, 1833. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1849, remaining two years.

He served for several years in the United States Navy, and on the breaking out of the Civil War, was acting as a master's mate; was discharged, June 3, 1862. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 2d Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, August 14, 1863, and served until January 26, 1864, when he was discharged. He then re-enlisted in the navy and served until about 1865, when he died of yellow fever.

EBER RICHARDS.

Eber Richards, son of Orson and Julia Ann (Fisk) Richards, was born at Schroon Lake, N. Y., May 6, 1836, and died in Sandy Hill, N. Y., February 23, 1910. In 1837, his parents removed to Sandy Hill, N. Y., and in 1845, to Plattsburg. In 1850, they returned to Sandy Hill, where Mr. Richards made his home until his death. He prepared for college in the schools of Sandy Hill and Plattsburg, and entered the University in 1850, where he remained two years.



Eber Richards.

After leaving college, he engaged in the lumber business at Sandy Hill, during 1852-73, with his father, under the firm name of O. Richards & Son; and from 1873 to 1882, he conducted the business alone. During this time, he operated a railroad connecting his mill with the piling grounds on the banks of the canal. In 1882, he sold his lumber business and engaged in the manufacture of paper at Bakers' Falls, (the falls on the Hudson River at Sandy Hill) from 1882-1883, under the firm name of N. W. Wait, Son & Co.; and from 1883 to 1892, with J. W. Wait under the firm name of Wait & Richards. In 1892, he sold the paper mill at Sandy Hill and engaged in the manufacture of wood pulp at Ticonderoga, under the firm name of E. Richards & Son. He retired from active business in 1905.

He was a gold Democrat in politics, and held several local offices. He was supervisor of the town of Kingsbury in 1866; president of the village of Sandy Hill, 1883 and 1884, and was also trustee several terms; was trustee of the Union Free School, No. 1, from the time it was formed in 1867 until 1906. He was a member of the Methodist Church and a trustee for many years; Sandy Hill Lodge, No. 372, F. and A. M.; Sandy Hill Chapter, No. 189, R. A. M. Washington Comman lary, No. 33, K. T., Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; Society of Mayflower Descendants. He was the pioneer cottage owner at the now flourishing summer colony of Pilot Knob, on Lake George, and was for many years one of the best known summer residents on that lake.

He was married September 24, 1857, to Mary Eliza, daughter of James and Kezia (Lee) Culver of Sandy Hill. Four children were born to them: Caroline Berry, born July 23, 1858, died October 2, 1890; Nelson James, born December 14, 1861, died May 5, 1862; Frederick Barnard, born August 1, 1865, resides in Glens Falls; Orsen Culver, born June 7, 1873, resides in Sandy Hill.

NELSON RICHARDS.

Nelson Richards, son of Orson and Julia Ann (Fisk) Richards, was born in Schroon Lake, N. Y., August 2, 1833. In 1837, his parents moved to Sandy Hill, N. Y., and with the exception of a residence in Plattsburg, N. Y., between 1845-50, Sandy Hill has been the home of this branch of the Richards family ever since.

In 1849, he entered the University, remaining two years. In 1851, went to Lockhaven, Pa., to manage a saw mill in which his father was interested, and where he was instantly killed while superintending some repairs, on May 12, 1854.

He was married September 28, 1853, to Eric White of Lockhaven, Pa., Mrs. Richards afterwards married Everett Baker, a prominent resident of Plattsburg, N. Y.

FIRST LIEUT. NATHAN ABIEL CHAUNCEY SMITH.

Nathan A. C. Smith, son of Chauncey Smith, was born in Chelsea, Vt., September 23, 1833, and died in Washington, D. C., in 1900. He prepared for college in the schools of Washington, D. C., and entered the University from that city in 1850, remaining two years.

He studied law and practiced in Green Bay, Wis., until 1861. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Wisconsin, and was commissioned, October 25, 1861, 1st lieutenant of Co. H, 12th Wisconsin Infantry, commanded by Gen. George E. Bryant, '55. He served with distinction with this regiment until August 4, 1862, when owing to disability, he was forced to resign his commission. He later served as 1st lieutenant in the 32d Wisconsin Infantry.

He entered the employ of the Post Office Department at Washington, D. C., in 1865. He received many promotions. He served as chief of the bond division for many years, until his resignation from the service in 1900. He travelled extensively in Europe.



First Lieut. Nathan Abiel Chauncey Smith.

He was twice married; first, in 1882 and again in 1890; no children.

FIRST SERGT. JAMES MONROE STANCLIFFE.

James M. Stancliffe, son of George and Mary Nott (Selden) Stancliffe, was born in Portland, Conn., May 4, 1831, and died there May, 19, 1875, of disease contracted in the Civil War. He attended the schools of his town

and entered the University in 1849, and remained three years. He was employed in the Brainerd and Co's quarry in Portland, 1854-61, 1865-75. He enlisted in Co. D, 20th Connecticut Infantry for the Civil War, August 4, 1862; was promoted 1st sergeant and served until the close of the war.

He was married November 19, 1856, to Frances Emma Ransom of Portland, who died June 26, 1904; no children.

MAJ.-GEN. GEORGE CROCKETT STRONG, U. S. A.

George C. Strong, was born in Stockbridge, Vt., in 1833, and died in New York City, July 30, 1863 of wounds received in battle. He was a student at the University from 1851 until 1853, when he entered the United States Military Academy at West Point. He graduated, July 1, 1857, and on the same date was commissioned brevet 2d lieutenant of ordnance; was assistant at the Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1857-58 and at the Fort Monroe Arsenal, Va., in 1858; was in command of the Mount Vernon Arsenal, Ala., 1858-59. He was promoted 2d lieutenant of ordnance, July 31, 1859; 1st lieutenant, same, January, 25, 1861; captain, March 3, 1861; was assistant at the Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1859-61.

He was in temporary command of the Watervliet Arsenal, May to July 1, 1861; served as ordnance officer on the staff of Brigadier-General McDowell, July 11-27, 1861, in the Marassas campaign, being engaged in the battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861; was ordnance officer on the staff of Major-General McClellan at Washington, D. C., July 27 to September 25, 1861, and on the staff of Major-General Butler, September 25, 1861 to March 20, 1862, being engaged in the organization of expedition of New Orleans, La. He was commissioned major and assistant adjutant-general, United States Volunteers, October 1, 1861. He was chief of staff and of ordnance to Gen. B. F. Butler, Department of the Gulf, May 20 until December 16, 1862; was in charge of the expedition from Ship Island to Biloxi, Miss., in April, 1862; took part in the capture of the city of New Orleans, La., May 1, 1862; was on sick leave, June to September, 1862; was in command of the expedition to Ponchatoula, the headquarters of Gen. Jeff. Thompson, September 13-23, 1862, destroying a large train and inflicting much damage to the enemy.

He was commissioned brigadier-general, United States Volunteers, November 29, 1862; was on sick leave in New York City in December, 1862 to June, 1863, being attached to the staff of Gen. B. F. Butler; was in command of his brigade, June to July, 1863, in operations against Charleston, S. C., comprising the descent upon Morris Island, July 10, 1863 and the siege of Fort Wagner, July 10-18, 1863. He was commissioned major-general of volunteers, July 18, 1863. He was conspicuous for gallantry in the assault on Fort Wagner, July 18, 1863, where he was mortally wounded, while leading and inspiring the storming column. He was removed to New York city, where he died July 30th.

MAJ. SEWALL TRUAX.

Sewall Truax, son of Elias and Lucinda (Holden) Truax, was born in St. Armand, Canada, April 23, 1831, and died in Spokane, Wash., February 6, 1894. His parents removed to Franklin, Vt., in 1832, where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1850, remaining two years; was distinguished at the University for his mathematical ability.

He taught school in Massachusetts in 1852-53, and in the latter year went to Omaha, Neb. He was assistant engineer on the early preliminary surveys of the Union Pacific R. R. He then crossed the plains to Oregon City, Oregon, where he taught school, 1855-56. He was connected with the Government surveys of Oregon and Washington until 1860, when he returned to Vermont. In April, 1861, he went to Oregon *via* the Panama route, settling in Jacksonville, Jackson County.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he recruited a company for frontier service, which became Co. A, 1st Oregon Cavalry; was commissioned captain, November 29, 1861; major, April 4, 1863; served at Fort Walla Walla, Wash., and at Fort Lapwai; resigned November 19, 1864.

He then conducted a general store on the Nez Percé Indian reservation, near Fort Lapwai, Idaho, 1864-65; and at Lapwai on the Clearwater River, same State, 1865-70. In this last year, he located in Walla Walla, and resumed civil engineering. In 1875, he was chief engineer on the first railroad, the Walla Walla & Columbia River, built in the Territory, connecting the city of Walla Walla with Columbia river, thirty miles distant. In 1878, he located in Washington near Lewiston, Idaho, on a large tract of land, which he farmed until 1891. He then located in Spokane, Wash., where he made his home until his death. He was a 33° Mason, becoming a Blue Lodge member in Oregon city, Ore. He devoted much time and money to advance the interests of the lodge.



Maj. Sewall Truax.

He devoted much time and money to advance the interests of the lodge.

He was married February 13, 1861, to Sarah Eliza Chandler of St. Armand, Canada, who survives him and resides in Tacoma, Washington. Seven children were born to them: Mary Pauline, born June 3, 1862, married David B. Crocker, resides in Tacoma, Wash.; Harmon Chandler, born in 1864, died in 1867; Edward Holden, born in 1866, now a civil engineer at Canon City, Col.; Eleanor Hibbard, born in 1868, married Capt. Floyd W. Harris, U. S. A., resides in Washington, D. C.; Henry Chandler, born 1870, resides in Turlock, Cal.; Harlam Elias, born in 1871, now an electrical engineer at Bremerton, Wash.; Sewall, born 1876, now a mining engineer in Canon City, Col.

CLASS OF 1854.

THOMAS STANTON BROWNELL, B. S.

Thomas S. Brownell, son of Thomas Brownell, was born in Colchester, Vt. in 1835, and died in Greenville, S. C., in 1906. He attended the schools of his town, and finished his preparation for college at the Burlington, (Vt.) High School. He entered the University in 1851, and graduated B. S. in 1854.

He engaged in farming and in business in Colchester until 1878, when he removed to Greenville, S. C., where he made his home until his death. He engaged extensively in farming in Greenville, many years; was also interested in oil wells at Florence, S. C.

He was married in 1863, to Angie L. Baldwin of Bradford, Vt.; one child.

CAPT. WILLIAM H. ENSIGN, U. S. A., M. D.

William H. Ensign was born in Middletown, Conn., May 10, 1834, and died in New York city, October 25, 1884; was buried in Middletown, Conn.



Capt. William H. Ensign.

He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and graduated B. S. from the University in 1854. He graduated M. D. from the New York Medical College in 1861, and was appointed house surgeon at the Bellevue hospital, remaining there one year.

He was appointed assistant surgeon at the Emery and Harewood hospitals, Washington, where he rendered such valuable aid, that in 1865, he was appointed surgeon in the United States Army, and was ordered to Sitka, Alaska, where he remained one and one-half years. He was post-surgeon successively at Forts Prescott, Verde, and State Creek, Arizona. He returned to New York in 1872, and served as police surgeon until his death.

He was married in 1861, to Emma J. DeMerritt of New York City, who died in 1900. One child, Mrs. Minnie Ensign Roeder, resides in New York City.

COL. HENRY OAKES KENT, A. M., LL. D.

Henry O. Kent, son of Richard Peabody and Emily (Oakes) Kent, was born in Lancaster, N. H., February 7, 1831, and died there March 20, 1909. He prepared for college at the Lancaster Academy, and entered the University in 1851, and graduated B. S. in 1854; received the degree of A. M. in course

in 1865, and LL. D. in 1896; was a member of the famous "University Regulators" (q. v.); *A Σ H* Fraternity; was one of the organizers of the Alumni Association in 1860, serving as president during 1860-80; composed several University poems, which are still popular at the University; served as trustee of the University, 1854-1909.

He studied law with the Hon. Jacob Benton of Lancaster and was admitted to the bar in 1858, but never practiced the profession. He, early in life, became identified with many of the business enterprises of his town and county. He was owner and manager of the Lancaster Paper Co. He organized in 1868, the Lancaster Savings Bank and served as its president until his death; organized the Lancaster Trust Co. in 1891, and served as director and president until 1909.

He took great interest in military matters; was commissioned major in the 42d New Hampshire Militia, December 1, 1855; was promoted lieutenant-colonel, March 20, 1857; colonel and division inspector, June, 1857; major of the "Governor's Horse Guards," January 11, 1860; colonel, March 17, 1864. He was appointed aide to the adjutant-general of the state of New Hampshire, April 16, 1861, with the rank of colonel, and was detailed to organize the recruiting in Coos County, for the Civil War. He opened the first recruiting office in Lancaster on April

22, 1861, and in a short time enrolled a nearly full company; served at the fortifications at Portsmouth, aiding in the organization of the 2d Regiment; was commissioned colonel and assistant adjutant-general of the State, April 30, 1861, and served until July same year. He was commissioned colonel of the 17th New Hampshire Infantry October 30, 1862; was mustered out of service April 16, 1863. He was desirous of going to the front, but his services were so valuable to the State in organizing and superintending the enrolling of troops that he was kept in the State service. His services were officially recognized by a special act of Congress, July 21, 1892.

He was a Republican in politics until 1874, then a Democrat; and held many offices; was assistant clerk of the House of Representatives, 1855-56; clerk, 1857-60; served during June 28-October 13, 1858, as the New Hampshire member of the commission appointed by the states of Maine and New Hampshire to ascertain survey, and mark the boundary between the states; represented the town in the House of Representatives, 1862-1868, 1869 and 1882-1884; was postmaster of the United States Senate, 1863-61; was a delegate-at-large to the Republican National Convention in 1860, which nominated Abraham Lincoln for the Presidency; presidential elector 1864; was bank commissioner of New Hampshire 1866-69; delegate-at-large to the Cincinnati convention, which nominated Horace Greeley for the Presidency in 1872; member of the National, and chairman of the State "Liberal Republican" committee, 1872-73; was a candidate for Congress third district, 1874-1877 and 1878; was



Col. Henry Oakes Kent.

a chairman of the Democratic State conventions 1877 and 1884; State senator 1884, delegate-at-large to the National Democratic Convention in Chicago, 1884; and to the convention in Kansas city in 1900, which nominated W. J. Bryan for President; Democratic candidate for governor, 1894 and 1896; was rendered the office of assistant secretary of war in 1893. This office was held for him until the fall of 1894, awaiting his decision; but owing to responsibilities of his business cares, was unable to accept the office; was naval officer of the Port of Boston, 1886-90; served as town moderator, 1859, 1863-65, 1867, 1869-72, 1874-75, 1877-80, 1883-85, 1891-94.



Col. Henry Oakes Kent.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church; was a 33^d Mason, serving as Master of the Ancient North Star Lodge of Lancaster; Grand Secretary, Deputy Grand Master, Commander and Grand Commander of the Knights Templar; member of the G. A. R., and served as commander of Lancaster Post, and Department Commander of New Hampshire; Sons of the Colonial Wars of New Hampshire, and its governor, 1894-95; Sons of the American Revolution, and a member of its board of management; New Hampshire Historical Society.

He was married January 11, 1879, to Pernice Adaline Rowell of Lancaster, who survives him and resides in Lancaster. Two children were born to them: Bernice Emily, born October 21, 1886, resides in Lancaster; Henry Percy, C. N. U., '90.

LIEUT.-COL. WILLIAM DAY MUNSON, B. S.

William D. Munson, son of William Brownell and Angelina (Day) Munson and cousin of Thomas S. Brownell, '51, was born in Colchester, Vt., February 7, 1833, and died there October 28, 1903. He attended the schools of his town

He took an active interest in agricultural matters; was one of the founders of the Agricultural Society of the counties of Coos, N. H., and Essex, Vt., serving as treasurer for some years. Colonel Kent might have gained distinction as a literary worker, had he chosen that field. He was a fluent writer of prose and wrote many poems, which possess true merit. He was editor and publisher of the *Coos Republican*, 1858-70. He was a frequent contributor to the press of the State. He was one of the most popular orators of his State and delivered many lectures and addresses. He was greatly interested in historical matters and gave much assistance to the author of the *History of Lancaster*; served on the committee of publication of this work.

He was a member of the Episcopal Church; was a 33^d Mason, serving

and entered the University in 1851, graduating B. S. in 1854. He was one of the organizers of the "University Regulators" (q. v.); also one of the editors of the paper published by the Society.

He was assistant engineer, 1854-56, on the St. Croix & Lake Superior R.R., from Point Prescott, on the Mississippi river to Superior, on Lake Superior, a distance of 156 miles, having charge of the preliminary surveys and the final location of the road. He was county surveyor of St. Croix County, Wis., 1856-58. In this last year, he returned to Vermont and engaged in surveying and farming until 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Vermont and was appointed recruiting officer. He recruited one hundred men for a battery of Artillery, early in 1861 and was elected captain; and after drilling the company one month, it was disbanded by order of Governor Fairbanks, as he believed the war was nearly over. He then recruited a company at Winooski, Vt., for the 13th Regiment, which became Co. D. He was commissioned its captain, September 6, 1862; was promoted lieutenant-colonel, May 5, 1863.

His regiment under the command of the gallant Col. Francis V. Randall, vice-president "N. U.," 1883-85, did valiant service at the battle of Gettysburg, July 1-3, 1863. His regiment formed a part of the famous "Stannards Brigade" and to this Brigade and especially to the 13th Regiment, belongs the honor of repulsing General Pickett's famous charge. Lieutenant-Colonel Munson performed conspicuous duty in this battle, and was in command of the left wing of the regiment, comprising five companies, until he was wounded.

On the second day of the battle, his command was ordered forward to support a battery in the front line on the west face of Cemetery Hill. He held this perilous position until evening, when he was relieved. He served as brigade-provost-marshal and rendered important service at Fairfax Court House, Wolf Run, Shoales, and Ocoquan. He was appointed by Governor Smith, July 27, 1864, to recruit volunteers in the states of Georgia and Alabama for the State of Vermont, under the call of President Lincoln, July 18, 1864, for 500,000 men.

After performing this service, he returned to Colchester, Vt., and engaged in farming and surveying until 1870, when he purchased the Bay House at Mallets Bay, Vt., which he conducted until 1871. In 1878, he and his son, William H., went South, where they spent seven years in teaching music and playing with concert orchestras in South Carolina and Georgia. In 1885, he returned to Colchester and engaged in farming and surveying until his death.



Lieut.-Col. William Day Munson.

He served for some time in the State Militia; was brigadier-general in command of the First Brigade, First Division, Vermont Militia in 1868.

He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was town clerk of Colchester, 1865-66 and sheriff of Chittenden county, 1868-72. He was a member of Webster Lodge, F. and A. M. of Winooski; member and past commander of Burlington Commandery K. T.; G. A. R. of Essex Junction.

He was married January 22, 1857, to Julia A. Henderson of Sherbrook, Can., who died in 1878. Two children were born to them: a daughter, Mrs. Charles Wright, and a son, William Henderson, who resides in Colchester.

ZEPHANIAH PLATT, B. S.

Zephaniah Platt, son of Col. Lemuel Bostwick and Clara Amy (Munson) Platt and cousin of Col. William D. Munson, '54, was born in Milton, Vt., December 15, 1836, and died of apoplexy in Hudson, Wis., February 22, 1880. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1851, graduating B. S. in 1854.

He located in Hudson, Wis., in 1857, where he made his home until his death. He was engaged for many years in buying wheat at all the large stations along the lines of railroads in Wisconsin. He met with marked success in his labors and acquired a valuable property. He was a Republican in politics and an enterprising and public spirited citizen. He served as alderman of Hudson, 1876-80, and was president of the board in 1880.

He was married December 10, 1867, to Susan Chubbuck, a native of Pennsylvania, who survives him and resides in Burlington, Vt. Two children were born to them: Elvira Clara, born October 8, 1869, married Edward A. Benedict, resides in New York city; Ada Susan, born October 21, 1871, married James D. Benedict, resides in Burlington, Vt.

NON-GRADUATES, 1854.

HON. WALTER AIKEN.

Walter Aiken, son of Herrick and Ann Matilda (Bradley) Aiken, was born in Draeut, Mass., October 5, 1831, and died at Havre de Grace, Md., December 13, 1893, from pneumonia and complications caused by a gun shot wound while on a hunting trip in that place. In 1838, his parents removed to Franklin, N. H., where he attended the village schools; also attended the Gilmanton Academy at New Hampton, and the Tilton Seminary. He entered the University in 1850, and remained two years.

Possessing strong inventive faculties, he early turned his attention to the improvement of the machinery used in his father's shops. He was a pioneer in the invention of knitting machines and received forty patents on them. He invented a machine for making gimlet pointed screws; also a machine for making latch needles, which had an extensive sale in this and foreign countries. His numerous inventions, which he patented, yielded him a handsome fortune. He early turned his attention to the scheme of building a railroad on Mt. Washington, and, in company with Sylvester Marsh, carried

the work through to completion. He was engineer in charge of the work, and made the design for the first locomotive. This railroad was the first of the kind in the world, and its successful completion has caused similar roads to be built on various mountains in our own and foreign countries. On the completion of the road in 1869, he was made general manager, and served in that capacity until his death.

He constructed the "Tip-Top" house on Mt. Washington in 1872, and managed it for a number of years. He also built the United States Signal Station on that mountain in 1873. He owned the "Hamilton Hotel," Bermuda Islands, and managed it for many years. He was a director of Franklin National Bank, and a trustee of the Franklin Savings Bank; was a director and president of the Franklin Gas and Electric Light Co., 1880 to 1893; was also interested in various companies and enterprises in New Hampshire. He was one of the ablest inventors of the country. He met with marked success in his various business enterprises and acquired a large fortune.

He was a Democrat in politics and held several offices; represented his city in the State Legislature, 1863-1864, 1876-77 and 1886. The service of Mr. Aiken in the Civil War was unique, we quote from the *History of the First New Hampshire Regiment*. "The boys in blue will never forget the timely visit to the camp in Pcolsville of Walter Aiken of Franklin. He came with his pockets full of money, which he distributed among the boys with a liberal hand. He did not enlist, but took up a musket and did military service as a private during the remainder of the campaign." His work was officially recognized by the New Hampshire Legislature, September 30, 1887, in the following joint resolution: Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court continued: Whereas, Walter Aiken of Franklin served with Co. D, 1st Regiment, New Hampshire Volunteers during substantially the whole term of service of the organization, at the front, as a citizen volunteer and without pay; therefore, Resolved: that the adjutant-general be requested to place the name of Walter Aiken of Franklin with those of the enrolled members of that regiment in the forthcoming *Revised Records of New Hampshire Soldiers in the War of the Rebellion*, in such manner as to give him due credit on that record for his said service, and furnish him with a soldier's testimonial. He was a member of Meridian Lodge F and A. M., Franklin, Trinity Chapter, R. A. M., Mt. Horeb Commandery K. T. of Concord; the I. O. O. F.; G. A. R.



Hon. Walter Aiken.

He was twice married: first, in 1853, to Susan Colby of Warner. Two children were born to them: James born February 15, 1854, resides in Frank-

lin; Frederick, born November 5, 1855, resided in West Newton, Mass. He was again married January 1, 1867, to Mary Dodge of Hampton Falls, who survives him and resides in Hampton Falls, N. H.

MIDSHIPMAN LEONARD JARVIS ADAMS, U. S. N.

Leonard J. Adams, son of Joseph Thornton and Susan Pierce (Jarvis) Adams, was born in Boston, Mass., October 15, 1837, and died in Claremont, N. H., June 16, 1862. He entered the University from Claremont, N. H., in 1850 remaining until December, 1852, when he left to enter the U. S. Naval Academy.



Midshipman Leonard Jarvis Adams.

He was appointed a midshipman, January 31, 1853, and at once took high rank in his work. During a boat drill in May, 1855, he ruptured a blood vessel, and was on sick leave from May 13, 1855, until April 7, 1856, when, not regaining his health, he resigned from the Navy.

In 1861, though still an invalid, he accepted the management of the Dahlenega Gold Mines in Georgia, where his work was most successful till the breaking out of the Civil War, when work at the mine was suspended. Soon after, he was taken ill again with hemorrhages from the lungs; received a passport through the Southern lines and after much suffering reached his old home in Claremont in May, 1862. He was a fine student and gave promise of a brilliant military career; stood fifth in his class at the Naval Academy at the June Examination in 1854.

HOWARD CORNELIUS BANCROFT.

Howard C. Bancroft, son of Cornelius Watrous Bancroft, was born in Montpelier, Vt., July 27, 1836, and died in Columbus, O., September 10, 1898. He prepared for college in the schools of Montpelier, and entered the University in 1850, remaining three years.

He located in Columbus, Ohio, in 1853, where he made his home until his death. He was clerk for Kelton, Bancroft & Co., a wholesale dry goods house, 1853 until 1855, when he became a member of the firm. This partnership continued until January 1, 1864, when he withdrew from the firm and joined his father-in-law, John Greenleaf, in the dry goods business. In 1880, Greenleaf retired, and the firm of Miles & Bancroft was formed. In 1890, the firm name was changed to Bancroft, Sheldon & Co. Mr. Bancroft became one of the best known business men of Columbus. He was interested in many business enterprises: was for many years director and vice-president of the Franklin Insurance Co., and the Crosstown Street Railway.

He was one of the founders of the "State Fencibles," a famous military organization of the State Militia. He was a member of the Board of Trade; the Columbus Club, serving for several years as president.

He was married in 1863, to Mary Greenleaf of Columbus, who survives him and resides in Italy.

SURGEON GRANVILLE PRIEST CONN., A. M., M. D.

Granville P. Conn, son of William and Sally (Priest) Conn, was born in Hillsboro, N. H., January 25, 1832. He prepared for college at the Frances-town and Pembroke, N. H. academies and entered the University in 1851, remaining two years; received the degree of A. M. from the University in 1880; member of the *A Σ H* fraternity.

He studied medicine with Dr. A. B. Brown of Hartford, Vt., 1853-54; was a student at the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, 1854-55; graduated M. D. from the Dartmouth Medical College in 1856. He practiced his profession in East Randolph, Vt., 1856-61; Richmond, Vt., January 1, 1861, to August, 1862. In December, 1863, he located in Concord, N. H., where he has practiced his profession to date. In 1864, he formed a partnership with Dr. Charles Pinckney Gage, which continued until 1881. Since which time he has continued in the practice alone.

He was commissioned assistant surgeon 12th Vermont Infantry, September 19, 1862, and in connection with Surgeon E. E. Phelps, '23, assisted in organizing the United States Hospital at Brattleboro, Vt. In September, 1862, his regiment joined the famous "Second Vermont Brigade" commanded by General Stannard, being a part of the 22d Army Corps. In June, 1863, the brigade was assigned to the 1st Army Corps. He served with distinction in the campaigns in Virginia and at Gettysburg; was mustered out of service with the regiment, July 15, 1863.

He has met with marked success in his profession; was city physician, 1872-76. He secured, in 1866, the passage of a city ordinance requiring a house-to-house sanitary inspection, the first ordinance of the kind to be passed in the State, if not in the country; also in 1880, an ordinance requiring burial permits in Concord, which was afterwards adopted by the State; was largely instrumental in securing, in 1881, the passage of the act by the State Legislature, creating the State Board of Health; and has served as president of the board to date. He has been surgeon of the Boston & Main R. R. from 1880 to date; member of the United States board of pension examiners, Concord, 1782-85; professor of Hygiene, Dartmouth Medical College, 1891 to date.



Surgeon Granville Priest Conn.

He is a Republican in politics; was a member of the New Hampshire Railroad Commission, 1877-81.

He was a member of the Vermont Medical Society, 1856-63, and an honorary member since 1863; New Hampshire Medical Society from 1868 to date, secretary, 1869-80, 1882; vice-president, 1880-81, president, 1881-82; Center District Medical Society; American Medical Association, American Public Health Association, and its vice-president in 1895; New York Medico-Legal Society; honorary member, Strafford County (N. H.) Medical Society. He is a member of Blazing Star Lodge, F. and A. M., the chapter R. A. M., and the Knights Templar of Concord; G. A. R., serving for some years as medical director of the department of New Hampshire; New Hampshire Historical Society. He has written many articles for the medical journals and has published several pamphlets. In 1906 he published the *History of the New Hampshire Surgeons in the War of the Rebellion*, a work of 558 pages.

He was married May 25, 1859, to Helen M. Sprague of East Randolph Vt. Two children were born to them: Frank Winslow, "N. U.," 1883 and Charles Fuller, born November 11, 1865, resides in Scranton, Pa.

COL. CHARLES EDWARD GRISWOLD.

Charles E. Griswold, son of Edward Thaddeus Griswold, '26, and Anna (Tappan) Griswold was born in Boston, Mass., November 16, 1834, and was killed in the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864. He prepared for college at the Chauncey Hall School, and entered the University in 1850, and remained three years.



Col. Charles Edward Griswold.

He took especial delight in military pursuits, and at an early age joined the Independent Corps of Cadets, Massachusetts V. N. G. He engaged in business pursuits until the Civil War broke out. On the organization of the Twenty-second Massachusetts Infantry by Hon. Henry Wilson, he was elected its major, September 12, 1861, and was promoted lieutenant-colonel, October 4, 1861. His regiment served in Fitz John Porter's division in the Peninsula Campaign under General McClellan.

In the first skirmish which took place before Yorktown, he commanded the Union forces. He was highly complimented in general order for his skill and gallantry on that occasion. Soon after this, he was stricken with a fever and was sent in a delirious condition, to New York, where he was for some time in St. Luke's Hospital. Before fully recovering his strength he rejoined his regiment, and on the death of its gallant colonel, Jesse A. Gove, '49, was promoted colonel, June 28, 1862. He specially distinguished himself for gallantry at

Harrison's Landing and the second battle of Bull Run. He was obliged to obtain leave of absence in September, 1862, owing to illness and finally was forced to resign his commission October 16, 1862. Regaining his health, he was commissioned colonel of the 56th Massachusetts Infantry, July 14, 1863, and served in the First Brigade, First Division, Eighth Army Corps.

In the battle of the Wilderness, his services were especially distinguished. His regiment received the full brunt of a charge made by General Longstreet's forces on May 6, 1864, and fearing the effect of this charge, he rushed heroically forward, seized the colors from the color sergeant, and waving them above his head, shouted, "Men, stand by the flag today!" He had scarcely uttered these words, when he was shot through the neck and fell into the arms of a corporal of the color guard, and in a few moments breathed his last. Thus heroically died one of the most efficient officers in the Massachusetts Volunteers, and a son of "N. U."

HENRY HARDING.

Henry Harding, son of Dr. John and Lucy (Willard) Harding, was born in Hartland, Vt., in 1837, and died unmarried in Windsor, Vt., October 23, 1910. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years. He was associated for some time with John Atkins, a mining engineer of Richmond, Va. He was assistant engineer, Hudson River R. R., 1859-61; Adirondack R. R., and the Housatonic & Naugatuck R. R., in Connecticut, 1861-65; was assistant engineer, Gen. G. M. Dodge, '51, on the construction of the Union Pacific R. R., 1865-69. He was engineer with the United States Engineering Corps, 1873-90, having in charge the surveys and improvements of the Housatonic River; also had charge of the surveys and construction of Fort Adams, R. I. He contracted malaria in the government service and in 1890 he returned to Hartland, where he made his home until his death. He engaged in land surveying and general engineering work until his death. He became a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, May 7, 1873.

CAPT. JUDSON HAYCOCK, U. S. A.

Judson Haycock was born in Machias, Maine, in 1836. He prepared for college in the schools of Boston, and entered the University in 1850, remaining nearly four years. His name while a cadet was Judson Haycock Tukey. He entered the United States Military Academy, July, 1, 1855 and remained until June 30, 1856. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 1st United States Cavalry, August 26, 1861; was promoted 1st lieutenant, January 13, 1862, and captain, December 29, 1863; resigned from the army, November 12, 1864.

He graduated LL. B. from the Harvard University Law School in 1858; practiced his profession in Vallejo, Cal., where he died, February 14, 1899.

MAJOR ELISHA SEELEY KELLEY.

Elisha S. Kelley, son of Daniel and Polly (Ballard) Kelley, was born in Rutland, Vt., June 17, 1826, and died August 22, 1871, at Prospect Bluff, Ark. He attended the schools of his town and graduated from the Black River Academy, Ludlow, Vt., in 1851. He entered the University in the fall of the same year and remained three years.

He taught a select school at Center Rutland during 1854-55. In June, 1855, he removed to Danby (Glen Ellyn) Ill., where he taught a select school four years. He responded promptly to President Lincoln's first call for volunteers and recruited nearly one hundred men, who were mustered into the service as Troop E, 8th Illinois Cavalry. He was commissioned captain of this troop, September 18, 1861. His regiment was ordered to Washington and assigned to duty with the Army of the Potomac. He served with distinction in the Manassas campaign, the battles of Yorktown, Williamsburg, Seven Pines, Fair Oaks, Hanover Court House, Mechanicsville, and the Seven Day's fight. His squadron distinguished itself in the engagement at Bottom's Bridge, Va., where it held the enemy in check until the hospital was



Major Elisha Seeley Kelley.

relieved of all the sick and wounded, though pressed by a much larger force. In the Antietam campaign, September 12, 1862, he led his squadron in a charge which drove the enemy from the field in utter rout and captured many prisoners. On September 15, 1862, his regiment was ordered to pursue the retreating forces and Captain Kelley's squadron, being in advance, encountered the enemy in Boonsboro, Md. He ordered a charge, which drove the enemy from the town, but he received a revolver shot through the right lung and would have fallen from his horse, but for the prompt action of two of his men, who caught him before he fell. His life was despaired of, but with good nursing in a Union family, he was enabled to return to his old home in Vermont. Recovering, as he thought, sufficiently, he rejoined his command, but soon learned that he could not stand the severe strain imposed in the cavalry service, as the trot of his horse caused severe hemorrhages, which incapacitated him for field service. He tendered his resignation and was mustered out as major, May 23, 1863, to date from December 5, 1862. He returned to his home in Illinois and as strength returned, took an active part in forming a land company to operate in Judsonia, White County, Ark.; was elected first president of the company and erected mills and manufactories, all of which were proving successful, when he was stricken with malaria and died August 22, 1871. He was a man of indomitable courage, inflexible honor, and a devoted christian gentleman. He was beloved and respected by all, and was an honor to his *Alma Mater*.

He was married October 24, 1855 to Lovisa Dodge of Cuttingsville, Vt., who died in Carthage, Ill., 1900; no children.

HON. OSCAR HOPESTILL LELAND, A. M.

Oscar H. Leland, son of the Hon. Joshua and Betsey (Boynton) Leland, was born in Baltimore, Windsor County, Vt., July 21, 1826. He attended the district schools of his town and prepared for college at the Black River Academy Ludlow, Vt., and at the Wesleyan Seminary, Springfield, Vt. He entered the University in the spring of 1851, and remained until December, 1853, when failing health compelled him to give up his course; was distinguished at the University for his scholarship and athletic ability; was one of the strongest men ever at the University and won the distinction of lifting "old No. 1" cannon off the ground on the trail, both cannon and carriage; was adjutant of the corps of cadets.

He taught school at Blakely, Early Co., Georgia, December, 1853-December, 1855. He removed to Waco, Texas, in 1855, and taught school until the fall of 1856, when he entered Baylor University, Waco., as a special student and tutor; received the degree of A. B., December 18, 1856, and A. M., in course, in February, 1860. He was professor of Mathematics and Astronomy at this Institution from December, 1856 to September 3, 1861; also held the same position in Waco University from September 3, 1861 to 1865.



Hon. Oscar Hopestill Leland.

He served as adjutant of the 30th Texas Cavalry in the Civil War, with rank of captain 1862-65. He served in the U. S. Internal Revenue Department, with headquarters at Waco, 1865-70. He studied law during 1855-56, and was admitted to the bar in 1856; was presiding justice of the McLennan County Court, 1870-74. He is a Republican in politics; was post-master of Waco, 1877-85; engaged in the real estate business in Waco, 1874-77; and 1885 to date. He is an extensive real estate owner and has acquired a valuable property. He removed to McGregor, Texas, near Waco, in 1898, where he has extensive agricultural interests.

He was married January 8, 1863, at Galveston, Texas, to Frances Juliett, daughter of Chauncey Milton and Fanny (Tolles) Chamberlin of Weathersfield, Vt. She was a successful teacher and a graduate of Mary Sharpe Female College, Winchester, Tenn. She died November 21, 1886. Two children were born to them: David Chamberlin, born October 29, 1868, resides at McGregor, Texas; Oscar Hopestill, born August 1, 1873 died August 21, 1873.

STEPHEN ORIGEN MEAD.

Stephen O. Mead, son of John and Mary Stratton (Jones) Mead, was born in Lowell, Mass., November 26, 1836, and died unmarried, in Claremont, N. H., March 18, 1867. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and

entered the University in 1851, remaining two years. He engaged in business in Lowell, Mass., for some time and then removed to Claremont, N. H., where he continued in mercantile pursuits until his death.

ROBERT THAXTER PETTIS.

Robert T. Pettis, son of Major John and Lucy (Richards) Pettis, was born in Windsor, Vt., in June, 1834, and died in New Orleans of yellow fever.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1850, remaining nearly three years. He engaged in business in Windsor for some time and then located in New Orleans, La., where he was a member of the firm of Bostock, Pettis & Tuttle for several years previous to his death.

He had great musical ability, and he met with marked success in his business enterprises. He married in 1860, Miss Martha Nye of Urbana, Ill. Three children were born to them, all of whom are now deceased.

SAMUEL EDWIN ROBBINS, JR.

Samuel E. Robbins, Jr., son of Samuel Edwin and Melinda Alvord (Buckingham) Robbins, was born in Boston, Mass., February 14, 1837, and died in Windsor, Vt., September 18, 1852. In 1842, his parents removed to Windsor, Vt., where he prepared for college; he entered the University in 1850 and remained until his death. He was an able student and very popular in the corps of cadets. He is survived by two sisters: Mrs. William H. Fullerton of Windsor, Vt., and Mrs. Henry A. Howard of Glens Fall, N. Y.

DANIEL BARBER TARR.

Daniel B. Tarr, son of Daniel Barber and (Mary Purinton) Tarr, was born in Bowdoinham, Maine, May 23, 1823, and died unmarried in Boston, Mass., April 7, 1897. He removed to Rockport, Mass., in 1838, where he prepared for college, and entered the University in 1851, and remained until 1853; was adjutant of the corps of cadets in the summer of 1853. He taught surveying and navigation in the schools of Rockport until, 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he raised a company for the service, it being understood that he was to receive the captaincy; but failing to be elected as agreed upon, he did not enter the service. He served for some years as traveling salesman for various companies. He retired from active business about 1890, and made his home in Boston, until his death. He was a member of the Young Men's Christian Union of Boston.

HARTOP PURCELL THOMAS.

Hartop P. Thomas, son of General Stephen Thomas (q. v.), and Ann (Peabody) Thomas, was born in West Fairlee, Vermont, in 1833, and died unmarried in Grand Rapids, Wis., in 1897. He entered the University in 1850, remaining three years.

In 1855, he located in Wisconsin, was employed on the construction of the Milwaukee & Mississippi R. R., until about 1857; served as a passenger conductor on the Chicago & Milwaukee, R. R., until the breaking out of the Civil War; was sutler in the 17th Army corps during, 1861-65. In 1866, he invested \$40,000 in the oil region of Canada. For some years he met with suc-

cess in his business ventures, but finally met with heavy losses. He was severely injured by a premature explosion at one of his oil wells in 1879, and in 1880 he sold out his interests and returned to Wisconsin; was a salesman in Watertown, Wis., 1880-82; was in the employ of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R., in Wisconsin, until 1889, when he located on a farm he had purchased twelve miles north of Junction City, Wis. Here he made his home summers. During the winter months he lived in Grand Rapids, Wis.



Group of Cadets, 1854.

CLASS OF 1855.

DELANO FRANKLIN ANDRUS, B. S.



Delano Franklin Andrus.

Delano F. Andrus, son of George and Mary (Greenleaf) Andrus, was born in Norwich, Vt., July 21, 1831, and died in Somonauk, Ill., May 15, 1859. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1852, and graduated B. S. in 1855; was the class poet.

He taught school in Somonauk, Ill., 1855-57. He then engaged in the hardware business in the same town until his death. He was a member of the I. O. O. F.

He was married in Somonauk, Ill., in 1856 to Sarah Gilman, a native of Strafford, Vt.; she died March 26, 1889. Two children were born to them: George Benjamin, born October 27, 1857, resides in Manila, P. I.; Jennie, born January 4, 1860, married John Darling, resides in Strafford, Vt.

HON. WILLIAM MILLER BATES, B. S.

William M. Bates, son of David and Eliza (Miller) Bates, was born in Glastonbury, Conn., July 15, 1834; both his father and mother were of English origin, his father was a descendant from one of the three brothers who came to America in 1636, landing in Boston, one remaining in Massachusetts, while one settled in Jamestown, Va., and one in Connecticut. From the latter descended the subject of this sketch. On his maternal side, he descended from Thomas Welles, the fourth Governor of Connecticut, who came to this country in 1635, as private secretary to Lord Say, who founded a colony at Saybrook, Conn.; also from William Miller, who was one of the settlers of Northampton, Mass., in 1654.

Mr. Bates entered the University in 1852, remaining until the summer of 1854, when he suffered a long siege of typhoid fever, causing him to change his plans; was one of the founders of the historic "University Regulators" (q. v.); received the degree of B. S. in 1910 as for 1855.

In 1855, he began his hotel experience in Meriden, Conn., with J. S. Parmelee, in the opening of a new hotel known as the Meriden House. In 1857, he accepted a position in the Scovill House at Waterbury, Conn. The same year, he resigned to travel, which he did extensively for two years. In 1859, he took a responsible post in the then famous St. Nicholas Hotel, New York city. In

1864, he identified himself with the Ocean House, Newport, R. I., where later he became a partner under the firm name of Weavers & Bates. In 1876, he was a factor in the administration of the great Globe Hotel at Philadelphia, built for the World's Fair. In May, 1881, as general manager, he opened and conducted the new Southern Hotel, at St. Louis, Mo. In 1890, he opened and conducted the Hotel Chatham, at Chatham, Mass., until 1894, when, with his son, he purchased the furniture and fixtures of the Everett House, Union Square, New York City, and a lease of twelve well-known years duration was obtained. In 1906, he retired from active business, making his home at the Murray Hill Hotel, New York.

He was at first a Democrat in politics, but in 1877 became a Republican. He represented Glastonbury, Conn., in the House of Representatives in 1869.

He was married July 27, 1859, to Emma Josephine, daughter of Frederic and Esther (Johnson) Treadway, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Two children were born to them: Adelaide, wife of Louis P. Roberts, resident proprietor of the Murray Hill Hotel, New York city, and Benjamin L. M. Bates, managing director of the Hotel Belmont, Forty-second Street and Park Avenue, New York City, also associate proprietor of the Murray Hill Hotel.



Hon. William Miller Bates.

SAMUEL EDGAR BRIGGS, B. S.

Samuel E. Briggs, son of Joseph Gilman and Abigail (Woods) Briggs, was born in Charlestown, N. H., October 7, 1836, and died in Fitzwilliam, N. H., February 14, 1888; was buried in Claremont, N. H. In 1847, his parents removed to Claremont, N. H., where he attended the public schools and academy. He finished his preparations for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered the University in 1853, and graduated B. S. in 1855. He then engaged in civil engineering in Michigan and in Missouri for some years.

About 1870, he located in Los Angeles, Cal., where he was agent for the Wells Fargo Express Co., for some years. In 1886, he returned to Fitzwilliam, N. H., where he made his home until his death. He took an active part in the Fremont and Dayton campaign in St. Louis in the interest of the Republican party. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married in Los Angeles, Cal., December 15, 1865, to Mary A. Hoover, a native of Indiana, who survives him and resides in Los Angeles, Cal. Two children were born to them: Lillie M., married Dr. Granville MacGowan, resides in Los Angeles, Cal.; Mary Louise, died in infancy.

BRIG.-GEN. GEORGE EDWIN BRYANT, LL. D.

George E. Bryant, son of George Washington and Eunice (Norcross) Bryant, was born in Templeton, Mass., February 11, 1832, and died in Madison, Wis., February 16, 1907. In 1839, his parents removed to Fitzwilliam, N. H., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparations for college at the Black River Academy, Ludlow, Vt. He entered the Classical department of the University in 1852. The serious illness of his father compelled him to leave a few months before the graduation of his class. He was distinguished at the University for his scholarship and love of military affairs; was a member of the Friendship Club, and the *A Δ II* Fraternity; was adjutant of the corps of cadets in 1854. In recognition of his work as a soldier and public officer, the University conferred upon him the degree of LL. D., in 1897.

In 1853, he began the study of law with Hon. Amasa Norcross of Fitchburg, Mass., and was admitted to the bar in Worcester in 1856. He moved to Madison, Wis., in 1857, and formed a partnership with Hon. Myron H. Orton, and practiced his profession in that city until 1861. He at once took a prominent part in the affairs of his city.

In 1857, he joined a militia company in Madison, and was elected 1st sergeant. In 1858, the "Madison Guards" was organized and he became its 2d lieutenant; was commissioned its captain in 1860. On January 9, 1861, this company offered its services to the government; so far as known, this was the first organization, and Captain Bryant the first officer to offer aid in the defense of the Union. On the breaking out of the hostilities, this company became Company E, 1st Wisconsin Volunteers, enlisted for three months. It remained in service five months and took part in the battle of Falling Waters, Va.; was mustered out, August 27, 1861.

Captain Bryant was immediately employed as instructor of the 8th or "Live Eagle Regiment" of Infantry, continuing on that duty until September 27, 1861, when he was commissioned colonel of the 12th Infantry. He is described at this time by the regimental historian as a "little less than thirty years old, rather scant physically, both in longitude and latitude, but no small man in vigor and soldierly energy." On January 11, 1862, the regiment left Madison under orders to cross the plains to New Mexico. It marched as far west as Fort Riley, where it was ordered back to the Missouri River, and to Corinth, Miss., by steamboat. At Union City, Colonel Bryant met his old college mate, Gen. G. M. Dodge, and was detailed to proceed with his regiment to the Little and Big Obion rivers and assist in rebuilding three railroad bridges which the Confederates had destroyed. General Dodge had done some of his earliest civil engineering on this road and was thoroughly acquainted with the country. He directed Colonel Bryant to leave detachments to rebuild the first two and smaller bridges, and to take the rest of his regiment and rebuild the larger, over the Big Obion, himself. The span was eighty feet and there was no timber for use in rebuilding except the native forest. Trees were felled, squared, two abutments and a pier erected, stringers laid across and the troops saw the freight trains laden with supplies safely passing across, before the sun set on the day they began the work.

The bridges completed, Colonel Bryant and his regiment marched to Humboldt, Tenn., where they remained three months, brigaded under General

Dodge. On the 5th of October, the regiment moved to Hatchie River and engaged in battle. The last of January, 1863, Colonel Bryant commanded at Colliersville, Tenn. General Grant, whose headquarters were at Memphis, ordered the colonel to erect a block house in order to be prepared for a raid, as Van Dorn was reported to be about to make one on Collinsville. A small stockade was built which, although Colonel Bryant had no use for it, on the 11th of October was the means of saving to the service of his country, no less a person than Gen. W. T. Sherman.

April 18, 1863, in command of 3,000 men, Colonel Bryant went on an expedition to Northern Mississippi, in conjunction with Grierson's famous raid, and fought the battle of Hernando, capturing a large number of prisoners. On the 24th, the command rejoined the main body at Memphis. The 12th Regiment took part in the siege of Vicksburg. It was constantly in places of importance and never failed to do good service. After the seige, it marched to Jackson and was in the battle against Gen. Joe Johnston. It then proceeded to Natchez, Miss., Harrisonburg, Louisiana, and returned to Vicksburg. It was in the Meriden raid, marching one hundred and forty miles due east, going eight miles farther than any other portion of the command. The 12th re-enlisted as veterans in the winter of 1863-64, and after a month's furlough, joined Sherman's Army at Rome, Ga., taking an active part in the series of battles preceding the final battle at Atlanta—the last before the "March to the Sea."

The battle of Atlanta, or Bald Hill, ended with Colonel Bryant in command of the first brigade of the Third Division of the 17th Army Corps. General Sherman passed over the scene of the gallant defense and attack made by Bryant's command, a few hours after the battle closed, and on a crest over looking the scene said, "I never saw so many dead in so small a space." He personally complimented Colonel Bryant for what he had done in a critical moment. After Atlanta, the 12th marched to Savannah through the Carolinas, to Washington, and took part in the final "Grand Review."

He served as quartermaster general of Wisconsin, 1875-81. He was an ardent Republican in politics and held many positions; was alderman of Madison in 1861; county judge, Dane County, 1865-73; State senator, 1874-76; postmaster, Madison, 1882-86, 1890-91; represented the first district of Dane County in the General Assembly, 1898-00; chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, 1900-04; superintendent of the State department of public property, January, 1901—until February, 1907. He was a delegate



Brig-Gen. George Edwin Bryant.

to the National Republican Convention in 1880, was also a delegate to many state, congressional, senatorial, county and assembly conventions. He owned a fine stock farm near Madison, where he made his home; took an active interest in agricultural matters; served as secretary of the State Agricultural Society, 1878-82. He was a member of the G. A. R.; life member of the Society of Army of the Tennessee.

He was married September 27, 1858, to Susan Ann Gibson, of Fitchburg, Mass., who survives him and resides on the home farm near Madison. Three children were born to them; Hattie E., born June 29, 1859, resides in Madison, Wis.; George E., born November 27, 1861, resides in Madison, Wis.; Frank H. born March 31, 1866, resides in Madison, Wis.

HON. BELA STEVENS BUELL, B. S.

Bela S. Buell, son of Bela and Almira Chapin (Allen) Buell, was born in Newport, N. H., January 26, 1836. His parents moved in 1838 to Norwich, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1852, and

graduated B. S. August 9, 1855; was adjutant one term (1854), taught school one term of three months at Norwich, Vt., 1853-54.

He went West in September, 1855, and taught school for three months, near Coldwater, Mich., in 1855-56. In the spring of 1856, he went to Burlington, Iowa, and became one of the assistant engineers on preliminary surveys and construction of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad from Ottumwa to Council Bluffs, Iowa, until the panic of 1857; then he entered the employ of the United States Express Company as messenger and United States mail agent on Missouri River steamboats running between Jefferson City, Missouri, and Omaha, Nebraska, from the fall of 1857 to the spring of 1860, when he resigned; went across the plains to what was



Hon. Bela Stevens Buell.

known as Pike's Peak, Col.; became agent of Hinckley and Company's Express at Central City, Col.

On December 9, 1861, he was elected clerk and recorder of Gilpin County, Col., at the time of the organization of Colorado as a Territory; was re-elected in the fall of 1863 for two years to the fall of 1865. He was one of the incorporators, stockholders, and directors of the First National Bank of Denver for several years; crossed the Continent from Omaha by stage coach in the fall of 1866, *via* Denver and Salt Lake to Portland, Ore., and to San Francisco by steamer; returned to New York by steamer *via* Isthmus of Panama to Aspinwall, (Colon) in spring of 1867.

He returned to Colorado in 1868, and managed two banks, one at Central City and one at Georgetown, Col., for four years; owned, managed and worked one of the largest gold mines in Gilpin County, Col., from 1872-82. In the meantime, he represented Gilpin County for one term in the Colorado Legislature. He spent the year 1882, travelling in Europe; returned to Colorado in the spring of 1883; leased, worked, and managed some of the largest silver mines in Lake County, Col., up to 1896. In the meantime, held the office of county treasurer for one term, and declined the nomination for State treasurer on the Independent ticket. He returned to Spencerport, N. Y., in 1896, to the former home of his parents, where he now resides on one of the best farms in Monroe County.

"His life in its varied experiences upon the frontier has been fraught with many interesting and thrilling incidents, and few men have more intimate knowledge of the history of the country during the border warfare of Kansas and the early development of Colorado, and with the subsequent events which have shaped the history of that State."

MAJOR WILLIAM SMITH BURTON, A. B.

William S. Burton, son of William Smith and Nancy (Russell) Burton, was born in Norwich, Vt., September 29, 1832. He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at the Northampton Mass., Academy. He entered the University in 1852, and graduated A. B. in 1855.

He was editor and publisher of the North Adams, Mass., *Transcript*, 1855-57; studied for the Universalist ministry with his brother-in-law, Rev. O. D. Miller, '45; was pastor of the Dayton, Ohio, church 1858-59; Jonesville, Mich., 1860-61.

At the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Michigan and did valuable work in drilling and instructing volunteers. He was offered the chaplaincy of two regiments, but declined the commissions; was commissioned major of the Third Michigan Cavalry in September, 1861, and served with distinction until December, 1861, when he resigned his commission and was honorably discharged.

Returning to his chosen field of work—the ministry—he preached to Universalist congregations in South Haven, Mich., and vicinity until 1868, when he removed to Massachusetts; sought association with the Unitarian denomination, became pastor of the Unitarian church of Athol, Mass., and was formally ordained there in 1868, resigning his pastorate in 1873, to accept a call to Clinton, Mass.; in 1875 accepted a call to Grafton, Mass.; remained



Major William Smith Burton.

there four years, he then laid down the work of the ministry and removing to Malden, Mass., engaged in business in Boston. In 1888, he removed to New York city and engaged in the printing business, retiring from active work in 1906.

He was married October 1, 1858, to Sarah Evelyn, daughter of Rev. A. W. Mason of Pulaski, Mich., formerly of South Adams, Mass. Two children were born to them: Frederick Russell, born February 23, 1861, (Harvard University, '87) a literary and musical writer in New York city; Chester Owen born April 21, 1865, engaged in literary pursuits in New York city. His address is 222 E. 30th St., New York city.

CAPTAIN ARTHUR CHASE, B. S., A. B., LL. B.

Arthur Chase, son of the Rev. Carlton Chase D. D., first Bishop of New Hampshire, and Harriet (Cutler) Chase, was born in Bellows Falls, Vt., October 21, 1835, and died in Claremont, N. H., November 20, 1888. In 1844, his parents removed to Claremont, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1852 and graduated B. S. in C. E., in 1855; returned to the University and graduated A. B. from the Classical department in 1856; held the various ranks in the corps of cadets; was one of the founders of the *Theta Alpha* Fraternity.



Captain Arthur Chase.

In 1857, he began the study of law with George Ticknor in Claremont; graduated LL. B. from the Harvard University Law School in 1859 and was admitted to the Sullivan County bar same year; practiced his profession in Claremont; was editor of the *National Eagle*, Claremont, 1868-71. He took an active part in the affairs of his town and held several offices; was director in the Claremont Auxiliary of the U. S. Sanitary Commission, 1861-65; assisted in raising the money to build the town hall, being secretary of the committee; was secretary of the Soldier's Monument Association; was superintendent of schools, 1883-84; member of the Committee, Stevens High School, 1880-85.

He took a deep interest in military matters; served as captain of the "Home Guards" organized in July, 1862. He had more than the average literary ability; wrote many editorials and articles for the Claremont papers; published a Biographical sketch of his father. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; Hiram Lodge, No. 9, F. and A. M.

He was married April 9, 1863, to Garafelia Davis of Roxbury, Mass., who resides in Ware, Mass. Seven children were born to them: Charles Francis, born February 2, 1861, resides in New Britain, Conn.; Alice Carlton, born November 12, 1865, resides in Ware, Mass.; Arthur, born August 24, 1867,

resides in Ware, Mass.; Eleanor Morse, born November 11, 1869, died April, 1870; Carlton, born February 25, 1871, died September 6, 1882; Eliza Davis, born November 13, 1872, died January 26, 1904; Clara Fellows, born February 21, 1875, died March 7, 1879.

ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY, U. S. N., B. S., M. M. S., LL. D.

George Dewey, son of Dr. Julius Yemans Dewey, trustee of "N. U." (q. v.) and Mary (Perrin) Dewey, was born in Montpelier, Vt., December 26, 1837. He attended the schools of his city and finished his preparation for college at the Johnson (Vt.) Academy. He entered the University in 1851, and remained until 1854, when he received an appointment to the U. S. Naval Academy. He entered that Institution, September 23, 1854 and graduated, fifth in his class, in 1858.

He was promoted midshipman, June 11, 1858; past midshipman, January 28, 1861; master, February 28, 1861; lieutenant, April 19, 1861; lieutenant-commander, March 3, 1865; commander, April 13, 1872; captain, September 27, 1884; commodore, February 28, 1896; rear-admiral, May 11, 1898; admiral, March 2, 1899.

Soon after his graduation, he was assigned to the U. S. steam frigate, *Wabash*, and served with this ship on the Mediterranean station, 1858-59. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was assigned to the *Mississippi*, as second officer, in Admiral Farragut's fleet in the West Gulf squadron. He participated in the capture of Forts Jackson and St. Philip and the capture of New Orleans, April 29, 1862.

When the fleet made the attempt to run the batteries of Port Hudson, the *Mississippi* went aground near the battery and her commander, Captain Milancton Smith, to keep her from falling into the hands of the Confederates, set her on fire. Lieutenant Dewey spiked the guns and escaped with Captain Smith in a small boat. In July, 1863, Lieutenant Dewey took part in the attack on the Confederate batteries below Donaldsonville, La., being especially conspicuous for his bravery. In 1864, he was ordered to the *Agawam* of the North Atlantic blockading squadron; was transferred to the *Colorado* and took part in the attack on Fort Fisher, N. C., in December, 1864, and in January, 1865; was executive officer of the *Kearsarge*, 1865-66.

He was second officer on the *Colorado*, European Squadron, 1867-68. In this last year, he was assigned to duty at the Naval Academy, where he remained until 1870. He was in command of the *Narragansett*, and engaged



Admiral George Dewey U. S. N.

in special service, 1870-72; was in charge of the Pacific survey, 1872-75; was lighthouse inspector, 1876-77; was secretary of the lighthouse board, 1877-82; was in command of the *Juniata*, the Asiatic squadron, 1882-84; was in command of the *Dolphin* of the "White squadron," 1884-85, and the *Pensacola*, flagship of the European squadron, 1885-88. He was chief of the bureau of equipment and recruiting, with rank of commodore, 1888-93; was a member of the lighthouse board, 1893-95; was president of the board of inspection and survey at Washington, D. C., 1896-97.

He was given command of the Asiatic squadron, November 30, 1897, assuming the command on January 1, 1898. On the breaking out of the Spanish-American war in April, 1898, he was stationed at Hong Kong, China, and owing to the proclamation of neutrality by England was obliged to leave that port. On April 24, 1898, he received the telegram from Secretary of the Navy, Hon. John D. Long, to proceed to the Philippine Islands and capture or destroy the Spanish fleet. He reached the harbor of Manila, April 30th and on May 1st defeated the Spanish fleet in one of the greatest naval battles in the history of the world* and as the "Hero of Manila Bay" his name will stand enshrined among the great naval commanders of the world. For his distinguished work in this battle, he was promoted rear-admiral by President McKinley, May 11, 1898; he also received from Congress a joint vote of thanks, an elegant sword, and a medal in recognition of his signal victory over the Spanish fleet. He left Manila for the United States with his flagship, the *Olympia*, in April, 1899, proceeding *via* India and the Suez Canal, reaching New York City, on the last of September. On his way home, he received much attention by the countries, where he stopped. He was the recipient of many ovations by the people of this country. On May 9, 1898, his native city gave an enthusiastic celebration in his honor (see Vol. I, page 201). The city of New York gave him an enthusiastic reception. On October 12, 1899, the city of Montpelier tendered him an elaborate celebration (see Vol. I, page 201). The next day, he visited Northfield and laid the corner stone of the building to be erected in his honor. The town of Northfield and the University tendered him the most elaborate celebration ever held in the town (see Vol. I, pages 204-214). On October 14, 1899, the city of Boston, Mass. gave an extensive celebration and banquet in his honor (see Vol. I, page 523). Ovations were given him by the cities of Washington and St. Louis, May 3-5, 1900. The people of the country, as an appreciation of his work in upholding the honor of our flag, presented him a fine residence in Washington, D. C., and through his magnificent work at Manila Bay, the University was enabled to erect "Dewey Hall" in his memory. (See Vol. I, pages 201-216.)

He was a member of the "University Regulators" (q. v.), and a member of the *ΔΣΘ* Fraternity of the University. In 1898, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S., as for 1855, also the degree of M. M. S. In the same year, the University of Pennsylvania and Princeton University conferred upon him the degree of LL. D.

He has been twice married: first, October 27, 1867, to Susan Boardman, daughter of Hon. Ichabod Goodwin, governor of New Hampshire in 1861. She died December 23, 1872; one son, George Goodwin, born December 23, 1872, resides in Chicago, Ill. He was again married, November 9, 1899, to Mrs. Mildred (McLean) Hazen.

*Note: Complete details of this battle are given in Vol. I., pages 427-438.

COL. OSCAR EUGENE LEARNARD, A. M.

Oscar E. Learnard, son of Stephen Tracy and Polly (Dee) Learnard, was born in Fairfax, Vt., November 14, 1832. He prepared for college at the Bakersfield Academy, and entered the University in 1852, where he remained two years, nearly completing the classical course. Was one of the speakers at the Commencement of 1854. Was a member of the famous Regulators, out of which society was formed the *A. S. H.* Fraternity. The University, in recognition of his work as a lawyer, conferred upon him in 1910, the degrees of A. B. and A. M. as for 1855.

On leaving the University, he went to the Albany Law School, and was admitted to the bar in Albany in 1855. He spent the summer of 1855 in Ohio, and in the fall of that year, went to Kansas, locating at Lawrence, then the seat of the Free State movement. He participated in the struggle to make Kansas a free state until its successful close, commanding during that strenuous period the Free State Mounted Men. In the spring of 1857, he founded the town of Burlington, Kansas, where he resided until the breaking out of the Civil War. On May 28, 1861, he was appointed lieutenant-colonel of the 1st Kansas Volunteer Infantry, and served until July 25, 1862, when he resigned. On leaving the service, he resumed his residence in Lawrence, where he has since made his home. He has been engaged in numerous business undertakings in his city and state. From 1874 to 1902, he was attorney for the Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Memphis R. R. system, and for twenty-five years the editor and proprietor of *The Lawrence Daily Journal*, one of the oldest newspapers in the State.



Col. Oscar Eugene Learnard.

A Republican in politics, he has held many public positions. He was a member of the Council of the first Free State Legislature, 1857-59. He was president of the convention that organized the Republican party of Kansas, May 18, 1859, and was elected judge of the 5th judicial district at the first State election, which position he resigned to enter the Army in 1861. He served in the State Senate, 1868-71. In 1889, he was appointed by President Cleveland, superintendent of Haskell Institute, a government Indian School at Lawrence, and served one year, when he resigned. He is a member of the Unitarian Church, the Loyal Legion and the G. A. R.

He was married March 2, 1862, to Mary Sophia Eldridge, a daughter of Col. S. W. Eldridge, a native of Massachusetts. Three children have been born to them: Paul, born September 25, 1868; Tracy, born July 19, 1872, and Oscar Eldridge, born November 24, 1874.

BVT. LIEUT.-COL. CHARLES HILDRETH LEWIS, U. S. A., A. M., LL.D.

Charles H. Lewis was born in Alton, Me., August 5, 1837, and died in Camden, Me., December 8, 1906. At an early age, his parents removed to Bangor, Me., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1852, and graduated B. S. in 1855; was a member of the "University Regulators", (q. v.) and the *A Δ H* Fraternity; received the degree of A. M. for the University and LL. D. in 1881.



Bvt. Lieut.-Col. Charles Hildreth Lewis.

Soon after graduating, he went West and engaged in government surveying and civil engineering in Minnesota and Iowa until the breaking out of the Civil War. He then hastened directly to Washington, where he conferred with Hannibal Hamlin, a personal acquaintance, and although but twenty-four years of age, he was commissioned a captain of the 16th United States Infantry, August 5, 1861. He served with marked distinction in the battles of Shiloh, Stone River, Murfreesboro, Missionary Ridge and Chickamunga. He took part in General Sherman's famous "March to the Sea" and was with General Thomas at the battle of Nashville. His distinguished service during the Civil War, won for him the rank of brevet lieutenant-colonel, U. S. A. for meritorious service during the war. He resigned his commission, July 28, 1864.

He engaged in mining engineering in Colorado for two years. He then went to New York and turned his attention to financial affairs. He was for twelve years a member of the New York Stock Exchange, where he gained considerable prominence. He then engaged in real estate business and held very valuable property along the coast of Maine. In 1882, he purchased Cape Jellison, on the coast of Maine, which embraced some eight hundred acres of picturesque table land situated at the head of Penobscot Bay and at the entrance of Penobscot River. Later, in 1887, he established "Sorrento" on Frenchman's Bay, one of the finest watering places on the Atlantic coast. From this time up to the time of his death, he was engaged chiefly in developing this property, and also property secured at Camden, Me.

In 1880, the University finances were at a very low ebb. Colonel Lewis generously came forward at the critical time and consented to assume the financial control of the Institution and guaranteed all expenses. His generous offer was joyfully accepted by the trustees and in recognition of what he proposed to do, they changed the name of the University to Lewis College. He was made president of the University, December 21, 1880, and held this office until June 30, 1892. Every alumnus and friend of the University must re-

member with gratitude the generosity of Colonel Lewis at this time. There is no question but what the University would have been obliged to close its doors, if it had not been for Colonel Lewis' assistance. Colonel Lewis and his advisors made many improvements in the University curriculum. They greatly strengthened the course of instruction. In 1883, Colonel Lewis began to meet with business losses, and was unable to defray the expenses of the University. In 1884, by action of the State Legislature, the name of the Institution was changed back to Norwich University.

He married Orianna Pendleton of Belfast, Me. Of this marriage four children are now living: Lenora, wife of Dr. James Jackson of Boston; Dexter Wadleigh, "N. U.," '90; Kenneth Hastings, "N. U.," '96; Edison, Harvard University, '02, resides in New York.

COL. CHARLES HATCH LONG, B. S.

Charles H. Long, son of Charles Frederick and Caroline (Jones) Long, was born in Claremont, N. H., March 14, 1834, and died there, May 31, 1908. He prepared for college at the Claremont Academy and entered the University in 1852, graduating B. S. in 1855; was a member of the *A Σ H* Fraternity. He engaged in farming in Claremont from 1855 until 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was appointed State drill master, New Hampshire Volunteers, and did effective work in drilling and instructing the first four regiments sent from the State. He enlisted as private in Co. G, 5th, New Hampshire Regiment, September 6, 1861, a company made up of men from Claremont; was commissioned captain of the company, October 12, 1861, and served with his command in the Virginia campaigns, 1861-62. He performed gallant service at the battle of Antietam, September 17, 1862; was severely wounded in this battle; returned to New Hampshire and resigned his commission.

He was appointed, October 23, 1862, lieutenant-colonel of the 17th New Hampshire Infantry of which H. O. Kent, '54, was colonel, and engaged in State service until April 16, 1863. He was commissioned captain of Co. H, 1st New Hampshire Heavy Artillery, April 17, 1863, and was ordered to Fort Constitution, Portsmouth, N. H., and from there to Washington, D. C., May 1, 1864, where he served in the defence of that city; was commissioned colonel, November 12, 1864, and assigned to the command of the 1st Brigade (2,200 men) of General Harden's division of the 22d Army Corps in the defences of Washington and served in this capacity until his regiment was mustered out of service, June 15, 1865.



Col. Charles Hatch Long.

He was a gallant and efficient officer and greatly respected and loved by his men. He was station agent for the Boston & Maine R. R. at Claremont from the opening of the road to Concord in 1865 until 1903, when he retired from active work. He was a member of Hiram Lodge, F. and A. M. and Webb Chapter, R. A. M. and Sullivan Commandery, K. T. of Claremont; served as Eminent Commander of the Commandery 1894-1900; was a member of the G. A. R.; Society of the Army of the Potomac; Sons of the American Revolution.

He was married March 14, 1854, to Stella Emily Cook of Claremont, who survives him and resides in Claremont; no children.

LIEUT.-COL. ARBA NELSON WATERMAN, M. S.

Arba N. Waterman, son of Loring Franklin and Mary (Stevens) Waterman, was born in Greensboro, Vt., February 5, 1836. He prepared for college at the academies in Montpelier, Johnson and Peacham, Vt.; was a student at the University in 1852-53; received the degrees of B. S. and M. S. in 1898 as for 1855.

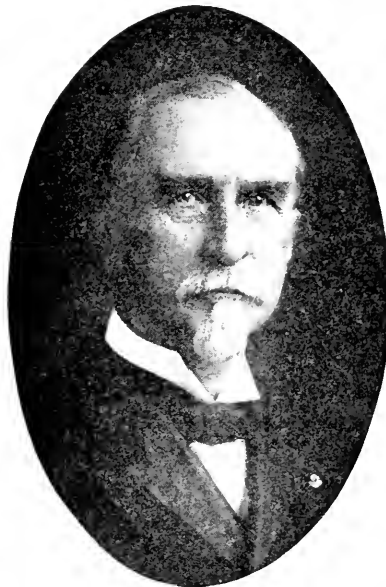
He was a teacher in the Georgia (Vt.) Academy, 1853-54; taught school in Goodings Grove, Will Co., Ill., September 1854-55; Aurora, Ill., 1856-57. He

began the study of law in Joliet, 1858, with Parks and Elwood of Joliet, Ill. In August, 1860, he entered the Albany, N. Y., Law School, remaining until June 1861, when he was admitted to the New York bar at Albany.

He returned to Illinois in September, 1861, and practiced his profession at Joliet until 1862, when he began raising a regiment for the Civil War. On the 14th of July of that year, he enlisted as a private in an organization, he had by authority of the State created and of which he was afterwards elected captain. On the 30th of August, he was chosen lieutenant-colonel of the 100th Illinois Infantry. He took part in the campaign against General Bragg in the fall of 1862; was present with his regiment at the battle of Perryville and was distinguished for gallantry in the battle of Chickamauga, 1863;

was severely wounded in this battle and had his horse killed under him. He took part in the Atlanta campaign, commanding his regiment at the battles of Dalton, Resaca and in the engagements in the Altoona Mountains. In July 1864, he was mustered out of service on account of disability incurred therein.

He returned to Illinois and in 1865 began the practice of his profession in Chicago, meeting with marked success. In 1887, he was elected judge of the Circuit Court of Cook County, receiving substantially all the votes cast by



Lieut.- Col. Arba Nelson Waterman.

the three parties having candidates in the field. In 1890, he was appointed judge of the Appellate Court of the first district sitting in Chicago and held the position until June, 1903, when he retired from the bench. Since this date, he has continued in the practice of his profession in Chicago.

He is a Republican in politics; is a member of Hamilton Club, Oriental Lodge, F. and A. M. of Chicago; member of United States Grant Post, G. A. R.; the Loyal Legion and the Veteran Association; Psychological Research and Philosophical Societies; Union League, Literary Alliance and Irving Society. He was a delegate at the Philosophical Law and Social Science congresses at the World's Columbian Exposition in Chicago in 1893.

He was married December 16, 1862, to Rebecca Hall of Chicago; no children.

NON-GRADUATES 1855.

LIEUT. BENJAMIN MOOERS BECKWITH.

Benjamin M. Beckwith, son of George Mather and Elizabeth (Mooers) Beckwith, was born in Plattsburgh, N. Y., August 24, 1836, and died there, January 27, 1887. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years.

He studied law with his father in Plattsburgh and later with U. S. Senator Timothy O. Howe of Green Bay, Wis., and was admitted to the bar in 1857. He became a partner of Senator Howe in 1858 and practiced with him until 1862.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Wisconsin and it is stated that he was the fifth to volunteer; was appointed State drill officer; was commissioned first lieutenant, 32d Wisconsin Infantry; was promoted adjutant of the same regiment, September 6, 1862, served as adjutant-general on the staff of General Buckland, and General Sherman, from February 2, 1864; was discharged June 11, 1864, for disability, caused by exposure.

He returned to Plattsburgh and resumed the practice of his profession, becoming one of the most successful and popular members of the bar of Northern New York. He was a member of Walter H. Benedict Post, G. A. R., of Plattsburgh, New York; the Masonic Lodge, and De Soto Commandery, K. T., of Plattsburgh, N. Y.

He was married December 21st, 1858, to Louise Mitchell of Green Bay, Wis. Seven children were born to them.

FREDERICK TRUE BICKFORD.

Frederick T. Bickford, son of Eben and Abigail A. Bickford, was born in Sutton, Vt., November 19, 1839, and died in Washington, D. C., January 11, 1903. At an early age, his parents removed to Montpelier, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1852, remaining two years. He was a telegraph operator for the Central Vermont R. R. at Montpelier for some time.

He enlisted August 29, 1861, in the 5th Vermont Infantry as musician in the regimental band and served until April 11, 1862; served as telegrapher in

the U. S. Quartermaster's department until 1864, when he removed to Washington, where he resided until his death.



Frederick True Bickford.

Frances, born Nov. 29, 1875, resides in Washington; Helen born November 10, 1879, married Thomas Bartley, resides in Washington.

He worked for some years as stenographer and a newspaper correspondent in Washington. He entered the Government service in 1889; was in charge of the United States Exhibit in Paris in 1889, also at the World's fair in Chicago in 1893; was employed in the U. S. Treasury Department, Washington, 1893-1903. He was a member of the Methodist Church and the G. A. R.

He was married October 11, 1859, to Cornelia Elizabeth Brown of Montpelier, who survives him and resides in Washington. Five children were born to them: Jennie Louise, born February 28, 1861, married John Barr, resides in Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mildred, born February 11, 1862, married John Howard Fishback, resides in Washington; Frederick Arthur, born April 21, 1871, died December 11, 1909; Mary

WILLIAM C. BLANCHARD.

William C. Blanchard, son of C. F. Blanchard, was born in Lowell, Mass., in 1834, and died about 1890. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years.

He was a captain of sailing vessels until about 1860, when he was given command of a large steam vessel engaged in the Chinese coasting trade. He became one of the best informed sea captains as to the navigation of the Chinese waters. He organized a company of men to destroy the famous Confederate cruiser *Alabama*, that was expected to visit Shanghai in 1862.

LLOYD HENRY BOWERS.

Lloyd H. Bowers, son of Captain Perry and Betsey (Chase) Bowers, was born in Somerset, Mass., March 26, 1836, and died in Chicago, Ill., in 1899.

In 1832, his parents removed to Pomfret, Conn., where he attended the public schools, also the schools in Plainfield, Conn. He entered the University in 1852, and remained two years. Soon after leaving the University, he went to California, where he engaged in business. In 1862, he located in Chicago, Ill., where he made his home until his death.

EMORY BURNS.

Emory Burns, son of Silas Burns, was born in Raleigh, N. C., October 24, 1834, and died in Portsmouth, Va., May 9, 1885. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years.

He was superintendent of his father's machine works in Raleigh, until 1870. He was the master mechanic of the North Carolina R. R., until 1875, when he accepted a position as foreman in the U. S. Navy Yard at Portsmouth, Va., which position he retained until his death. He was married in 1864 and is survived by one son, C. C. Burns, now employed in the U. S. Navy Yard at Portsmouth, Va.

CAPT. THOMAS HERBERT DAVIS, A. B.

Thomas H. Davis, son of William H. and Sophia A. (Bosher) Davis, was born in Richmond, Va., April 12, 1836, and died unmarried, in San Antonio, Texas, September 25, 1867. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and the Middlebury (Vt.) Academy; entered the University (Engineering department) in 1852, remaining two years; graduated A. B. from Middlebury College in 1857; was a member of the *J J* Fraternity at that Institution.

He studied law and practiced in Richmond Va., until 1861, when he joined the Confederate Army; was captain, Company B, 1st Regiment Virginia Infantry, C. S. A.; was captured in Pickett's charge at Gettysburg, and imprisoned at Johnson's Island from which he made a sensational escape to Canada. He returned to the Confederate Army and was again captured at Sailors Creek, April 6, 1865.



Capt. Thomas Herbert Davis.

CAPT. JOHN WORTHINGTON DEWEY.

John W. Dewey, son of Dr. John and Mary Persis (Carlisle) Dewey was born in Guildhall, Vt., July 3, 1831, and died in Tulare, Cal., December 30, 1902. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and in Lancaster, N. H. He entered the University from Maidstone, Vt., in 1852, in the class with Admiral Dewey, and remained until June, 1851, when he received an appointment to West Point. He was a cadet at West Point until December 27, 1855, when he resigned.

He was commissioned captain of Company C, 2d "Berdans Sharpshooters" October 19, 1861, and served with distinction until February 20, 1863, when



Capt. John Worthington Dewey.

of San Jose, Cal., who died in San Francisco, Cal., August 16, 1888; no children.

he was forced to resign, owing to disability. He was commandant of the Worcester, Mass., Military Academy, 1864-66; in charge of the Scientific department of the Newark, N. J., Academy, 1866. He was engaged in engineering work for the government in the West for some years, also engaged in mining. In 1879, he started a military school in St. Paul, Minn., which he conducted for some time. He was a popular lecturer. He located in Tulare, Cal., in 1898, where he resided until his death.

He was married three times: first, April 26, 1858 to Jennie Daniels of Deerfield, Conn., who died in 1874; no children. Second, to Mary Ewer of Dedham, Mass., November 27, 1866, who died in 1882; no children. Third October, 18, 1887, to Rena Gard

CAPT. GEORGE BLOOD FRENCH.

George B. French, son of Calvin and Valeria (Blood) French, was born in Cavendish (Proctorsville) Vt. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years. He engaged in business in Davenport, Ia., 1853-56; St. Paul, Minn., 1856-59. In September, 1859, he returned to Cavendish, and engaged in business until 1861, when he entered the army.

He enlisted as a private in Co E, 1st Vermont Volunteers, May 2, 1861; was promoted 1st sergeant; served at Fortress Monroe, Va., for some time; was mustered out of service August 15, 1861. He was commissioned 1st lieutenant Co. C, 4th Vermont Infantry, September 3, 1861; was promoted adjutant, July 17, 1862. At the battle of Lee's Mills, Va., April 16, 1862, he was distinguished for his gallantry in carrying orders from Colonel Stoughton to General Smith under the heavy fire of Mott's and Ayres' batteries and for assisting in carrying the wounded from the field. He commanded his company through the Peninsula campaign and on the retreat before Richmond. He was again conspicuous for bravery at the battle of Fredericksburg, May 5, 1863, his horse being shot under him during the engagement. He served with his regiment in August, 1863, in suppressing the draft riots in New York city; took part in the battle of the Wilderness, being severely wounded, May 5, 1864; was confined in the United States Naval Hospital at Annapolis Md., several weeks. He rejoined his regiment in the Shenandoah Valley, taking part in the battle of Winchester; was mustered out of service

with his regiment at Brattleboro, Vt., September 30, 1864. He then served as deputy provost marshal of the 2d Congressional district of Vermont, October, 1864 until January, 1865. He was commissioned captain Company F, 26th New York Cavalry (Frontier Cavalry) January 10, 1865, and served with his company at Burlington and St. Albans, Vt., until the close of the war; was mustered out of service June 26, 1865.

He is a Republican in politics and has held several positions; was county clerk of Windsor County, Vt., and clerk of the Supreme Court and the court of chancery for his county July 20, 1867, until his resignation, March 1, 1885; represented Woodstock in the House of Representatives, 1884-85, serving on several important committees. In September, 1885, he removed to Fremont, Neb., where he has engaged in farming to date.

REV. THOMAS LOVETT GORMAN.

Thomas L. Gorman, was born in Ottawa, Canada, September 29, 1832, and died in Columbus, Ohio, July 29, 1891. He prepared for college at the Northampton Academy, graduating in 1852 with the highest honors. (W. S. Burton, '53, ranking second in the class.) He entered the University in September, 1852, remaining until 1854, nearly completing the course.

He taught school for some years, spending his spare time in studying for the Universalist ministry. He was ordained a clergyman in that church in 1859; was pastor of churches in Columbus, 1859-62; Nashua, N. H., 1862-64; Malden, Mass., 1864 and 1865. In 1865, he joined the Unitarian Church, and was pastor of the churches of that denomination in Laconia, 1868-69; Columbus, 1868-69; Nashua, N. H., 1871-77. In 1877, he retired from the ministry and settled in Columbus, Ohio, where he made his home until his death. He traveled extensively in Europe during 1869-71.

He was twice married: first, September 17, 1861, to Susan Carmichael Adams, of Columbus, Ohio, who died in 1866. One child, Alice Cornelia, born 1862, resides in Columbus, Ohio. He was again married, in 1871, to Isabel Hardy, a native of Leicester, England. Four children were born to them: William Hardy, born March 29, 1872, resides in Columbus, Ohio; Isabel, born September 23, 1878, resides in Columbus Ohio; Edward Albert, born, 1875, resides in Columbus, Ohio; Edith Katherine, born 1887, married Arthur W. Tuiker, resides in Germantown, Pa.

HENRY W. S. GRISWOLD.

Henry W. S. Griswold was born in Fort Moultrie, S. C., January 18, 1834, and died in Walpole, N. H., in 1889. He entered Captain Partridge's school in 1852, and remained two years. He inherited considerable property and made his home in Westminster, Vt., where he resided for some years and later removed to Walpole, N. H., where he made his home until his death.

He was twice married. His second wife, Eliza Bacon, died in Walpole, in 1890; one daughter, Anna.

LIEUT.-COL. ALFRED GORDON HALL.

Alfred G. Hall, son of Alfred Gordon and Maria Lydia (Whiting) Hall, was born in Portland, Conn., February 6, 1837, and died at St. Louis, Mo., September 15, 1867; was buried in Trinity Cemetery, Portland, Conn. He pre-

pared for college in the schools of his town, and Chase's school, Middletown, Conn. He entered the University in 1851, remaining three years. After

leaving the University, he retained his interest in military matters, and served on the staff of Colonel, afterwards General Starr, of the old Connecticut militia, previous to the war of the Rebellion. He worked for his father in his quarry in Portland, 1854-61.



Lieut.-Col. Alfred Gordon Hall.

He enlisted October 20, 1861; raised a company of infantry at Portland, Conn., and vicinity, and went to the front as adjutant of the 9th Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers; served on the staff of General Phelps; was in the expedition that landed at Ship Island, Mississippi Sound, and was stationed for some time in New Orleans, after its capture. He was commissioned lieutenant-colonel, 2d Louisiana Guards, October 21, 1862; was in command of Fort Pike on Lake Pontchartrain near New Orleans, until the close of the war. He remained in the South during the entire war, without a furlough.

He married Sarah Nevers Foster, who died about 1890; one child, Whitney Foster.

FIRST LIEUT. CHARLES VEAZIE LORD.

Charles V. Lord, son of Nathaniel Lord, '25, and Frances Augusta (Veazie) Lord, was born in Bangor, Maine, April 17, 1836, and died there of heart failure, September 26, 1905. He resided in Bangor until 1849, when at his own desire, he was sent to California in charge of a tutor, at the time of the "California Fever." He made the voyage in a sailing vessel, aboard of which was carried the steamboat, *Governor Dana*, which was owned by his grandfather, General Veazie and his father. This was the first steamboat to navigate the Sacramento river. The next year, 1850, he returned home with his father by way of the Isthmus of Panama. He was then for a time a student in the Kennebunk school and later at the Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. He entered the University in 1852, remaining two years.

He was then sent to California by his grandfather, General Samuel Veazie, to close up his steamboat business; was then employed by General Veazie as agent of the Bangor, Oldtown & Milford R. R., as agent at Bangor. This road was one of the oldest in the United States, having begun operation about 1835. He was later employed in grocery business by General Veazie in Elsworth, Maine. He returned to Bangor in 1860, and became a member of the firm of Charles Hayward & Co., wholesale grocers, from which company he resigned in 1868.

He served as first lieutenant and quartermaster of the Second Maine Volunteers from May 2, 1861, until Sept. 19, 1861, when he resigned his commission as it became necessary for him to attend to his extensive business interests. In connection with the Veazie estate, he was much occupied for a number of years. He became identified with a number of business enterprises, among them, being the Bangor Foundry & Machine Co., of which he was president for many years until he formed a consolidation with the Hinckley & Egery Iron Co., into the present Union Iron Works, of which he continued as president until his death. In 1879, he became president of the Veazie National Bank and on March 16, 1903, he was elected president of the Bangor Savings Bank and remained at the head of both of these institutions during his life.

He was a Republican in politics; served as a member of the Bangor City Council. 1873-75; represented his district in the State Legislature in 1878, at the time of the so-called "State Steal," after which he gave up politics for an active business life.

He was a member of the Masonic Lodge and the Maine commandery of Loyal Legion.

He was married at the Astor House, New York, May 24, 1861, to Fanny Elizabeth Strickland, while on his way to the front. Mrs. Lord died February 25, 1901. Two children were born to them: Frances Veazie, married Mr. Paul Blatchford, resides in Oak Park, Ill.; Nathaniel Lord, born July 4, 1870, resides in Bangor, Maine.



First Lieut. Charles Veazie Lord.

HENRY GILDERSLEEVE MILLER.

Henry G. Miller, son of Elijah and Louise (Gildersleeve) Miller, was born in South Glastonbury, Conn., October 30, 1837. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years. He has engaged in farming and business in South Glastonbury to date. He is a Democrat in politics and has held many town offices.

He was married in January, 1860, to Leveretta Talcott, a native of Hartford, Conn., who died October 19, 1897. Three children were born to them: Lucy Elizabeth, born November 5, 1861, resides in South Glastonbury; Ferdinand Gildersleeve, born February 2, 1865, was drowned in the Connecticut River, May 30, 1885; Harry Gilbert, born July 15, 1871, resides in South Glastonbury, Conn.

SAYLES NICHOLS.

Sayles Nichols, son of Horace Loomis and Luey (Hawley) Nichols, was born in Williston, Vt., October 7, 1836. He prepared for college at the St. Johnsbury, (Vt.) Academy, and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years; was a member of the "University Regulators."

In 1854, he entered the employ of J. & J. H. Peek & Co., of Burlington, and continued with this firm and their successors to date. He is a member of the Unitarian Church and is a 33^o Mason, and has held many offices in the various Masonic bodies.

He was married May 13, 1862, to Carrie Elizabeth Anderson, of Burlington, who died February 13, 1864. No children.

HON. GEORGE OLCOTT.

George Olcott, son of Hon. George and Emily Ann (Silsby) Olcott, was born in Charlestown, N. H., July 11, 1838, and died there, unmarried, April 10, 1895. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years.

He was a clerk in the Connecticut River Bank, Charlestown, 1852-64; cashier, 1864-95. He took an active part in the affairs of his town; was a Republican in politics and served as town treasurer, 1864-95; represented the town in the State Legislature; served as justice of the peace, 1870-95.

He was a fine scholar and fond of historical research; compiled and published the History of Charlestown, a very complete work; possessed one of the finest private libraries in the State; was a member of the New Hampshire State Historical Society; American Antiquarian Society of Worcester. He was a member and one of the founders of St. Luke's Episcopal Church and served as warden, clerk and treasurer, 1864-95; was a deputy to the General Convention of the Episcopal Church; a trustee of the Diocese; trustee of the Holderness School, Plymouth, N. H.; was a member and past Master of Faithful Lodge, F. and A. M.

HON. WILLIS ROYAL PEAKE.

Willis R. Peake, son of Royal Willis and Jane Ann (Holley) Peake was born in Bristol, Vt., and died there, September 5, 1901. He prepared for college at the Troy Conference Academy, Poultney, Vt., and was a student at the National Scientific and Military Academy, Pa., and at Norwich, Vt., 1850-53. He engaged in business in Bristol, Vt., from 1855 until his death, meeting with marked success and acquiring a large fortune. He was a Republican in politics and held many town offices; represented Bristol in the House of Representatives in 1870; was State senator in 1888. He was twice married; his first wife died about 1881; one child, Mrs. W. H. Ridley of Burlington, Vt. His second wife resides in Bristol, with her son, Royal W.

CAPT. EGBERT PHELPS, U. S. A., A. B.

Egbert Phelps, son of Samuel S. Phelps, United States senator from Vermont from 1831 to 1851, and brother of Hon. E. J. Phelps, late United States minister to England, was born in Middlebury, Vt., December 8, 1835. He entered the University in 1852, and remained two years. He then entered the

junior class of Union College and graduated A. B. in 1856, as one of the thirteen out of a class of 123, who took the $\Phi B K$ scholarship honor. He taught school in Alexandria, La., for nearly three years, and then studied law and was admitted to the bar at Burlington, Iowa, in April, 1861.

He was appointed first lieutenant, 19th United States Infantry, May 14, 1861; was promoted captain, March 15, 1864; resigned March 16, 1865. He was claim agent at Columbus, Ohio, one year, and then engaged in milling business in Maumee, Ohio, until May, 1870. Since this date, he has practiced law in Joliet, Ill. He has held no public office except president of the school board, and is now president of the library board. He furnished the design for the badge and name for the $\Theta \Lambda$ Fraternity in the spring of 1856. For some years, he was a contributor to the *Cosmopolitan* and *Knickerbocker* magazines in New York, and the *Lakeside* magazine of Chicago. One of his articles, *Leave Old New England Out in The Cold*, originally published in the *Cosmopolitan* in 1862, was a favorite prize speaking piece at the University for many years.

He was married June 17, 1862, to Bell Jerolaman of Logansport, Ind. Three children were born to them: Paul Jerolaman, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. Maude Hutchison, resides in Winnipeg, Manitoba; and Mrs. Margaret Hotchkiss, resides in Joliet, Ill.

MAJ.-GEN. JOHN M. SCHALL.

John M. Schall was born in Norristown, Pa., and was a student in Norwich, 1851-54. He has taken great interest in the State Militia. He was commissioned in 1859, 2d lieutenant "York Rifles," First Brigade, Fourth Division, Pennsylvania Militia; was promoted 1st lieutenant same year and served as division inspector of the 2d Division until 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Pennsylvania; was commissioned 1st lieutenant "York Rifles," Co. K, 2d Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served April 20-July 25, 1861; commissioned, captain, Co. K, 87th Pennsylvania Infantry, September 12, 1861; promoted lieutenant-colonel, September 14, 1861; colonel, May 9, 1863; mustered out, October 13, 1864. He served for some time as brigade commander, and was conspicuous for bravery in many battles. He has the honor of holding one of the one hundred and forty medals granted by the state of Pennsylvania to the soldiers, for distinguished service on the field of battle.

On the breaking out of the Spanish-American War, he was commissioned colonel of the 6th Pennsylvania Infantry Volunteers, May 10, 1898, served in Chickamauga and Cuba, and was mustered out of service October 17, 1898. He was appointed September 8, 1870, *aide-de-camp* on the staff of the governor, with rank of captain, was re-appointed to same office May 1, 1876, and on May 20, 1879 appointed *aide* on the staff of the division commander with rank of major; was commissioned colonel of the sixth regiment and served until May 19, 1891, when he was commissioned brigadier-general; was promoted major-general August 10, 1906, in command of the State troops; was retired September 1, 1907. General Schall has made his home in Norristown to date.

EPAPHRODITUS HAGER SEYMOUR, U. S. N.

Epaphroditus H. Seymour, son of Ozias and Mary Louisa (Hager) Seymour, and a grandson of the Hon. Horatio Seymour, United States senator from Vermont, was born in Middlebury, Vt., April 11, 1834, and died there of consumption, April 11, 1864. He prepared for college in the schools of Rutland, Shelburne and Middlebury, Vt., and entered the University in 1851, remaining nearly three years.



Epaphroditus Hager Seymour

He worked in a machine shop in Troy, N. Y., 1855-56; was with Bruff Bros. & Seaver & Seaver, hardware dealers in New York City and Brooklyn, 1856-61. He possessed great mechanical ingenuity and inventive genius; in his college days his room was a real work shop, being supplied with various mechanical appliances and materials for his inventions and experiments in steam engine construction. The cadets of his day had many scares from explosions and bursts of steam from the cast iron boiler used in connection with his stove. During the time he was in New York and Brooklyn, he spent his spare time studying naval construction and subjects pertaining to mechanical engineering. He spent much time in the great naval machine shops watching the construction of the marine engines. Early in 1861, he was one of some thirteen hundred given a commission in the navy. He was an engineer on the gun boat, *Ottawa*, Du Pont's squadron, and on his first voyage contracted the disease from which he died. He was at the taking of Beaufort, S. C., the only important service in which he shared; was confined in the New York Naval Hospital 1862-63. He was not married, and is survived by a sister, Mrs. Lucy Seymour Edgerton of Middlebury, Vt.

COMMODORE WASHINGTON ROMEYN VERMILYE.

Washington R. Vermilye, son of Washington Romeyn Vermilye, the founder of the famous W. R. Vermilye Banking Co., and colonel of the 7th New York Regiment during the Civil War, was born in New York City April 3, 1837. He attended the schools of his city and finished his preparations for college at the "Betts School" Stamford, Conn. He entered the University in 1852, and remained two years.

He then traveled in Europe until the spring of 1855, when he entered his father's banking house. Not finding the work congenial, he gave it up and engaged in Civil Engineering. He was an assistant engineer on the Erie Canal enlargement, 1855-56; Chesapeake and Albermarle Canal, 1856-58, with headquarters in Great Bridge, Virginia. During the Civil War, he served as cor-

poral in the famous 7th New York Regiment. In 1865, he located in Galena, Ill., and engaged in lead mining until 1869, meeting with marked success. In this last year, he returned to New York City and engaged in the brokerage business for several years.

He has taken a great interest in yachting. In 1871, he joined the Albermarle Yacht Club, serving as commodore, vice-commodore, and rear-commodore, for some years. He owned the beautiful yacht *Atlanta*, and had for some years the distinction of sailing further North in a yacht than any other person. He is a member of the Lafayette Post, G. A. R. of New York; and a member of the 7th Regiment Veterans Association.

He was married April 4, 1861, to Hattie Amelye Comstock of New York.



A Group of Cadets of 1855.

From a daguerreotype taken in 1855. Sitting, Delano F. Andrus, Edward B. Williston, Charles H. Long; standing William R. Huntington, Bela S. Buell.

CLASS OF 1856.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN GEORGE PEARSONS BUELL, U. S. A., B. S.

George P. Buell, son of George P. Buell, and first cousin of Maj.-Gen. Don Carlos Buell, was born in Lawrenceburg, Ind., October 4, 1833, and died May 31, 1883. He entered the University in 1853, and graduated B. S. in 1856. Soon after leaving the University, he went to Leavenworth, Kan., where he became city engineer, holding the office two years.

In the spring of 1859, he crossed the plains to Colorado, where he surveyed and superintended the construction of the first ditch dug in Central City. He afterwards engaged in mining, where Leadville now stands, and was at that place, when the Civil War broke out. He returned to Indiana, and offered his services to the State. On December 17, 1861, he was commissioned



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. George Pearsons Buell.

lieutenant-colonel of the 58th Indiana Infantry. This regiment was assigned to the 6th Division, Army of the Ohio, under command of Gen. T. J. Wood. Its first duty was in trying to open a way into East Tennessee, and Colonel Buell's engineering skill was made available in the construction of bridges and the turning of streams. On June 24, 1862, he was promoted colonel, and with the 58th, was ordered to Nashville and Shiloh, but reached the last place too late for the battle. The regiment marched to Orchard, Nashville, Louisville, Perryville, and back to Nashville, near the close of November. In the fierce and bloody struggle of Stone River, Colonel Buell took an active and gallant part. Here he had an opportunity to show his ability in several severe and successful struggles, which elicited

special commendations from General Palmer and General Wood. In the advance upon Chattanooga in the following autumn, Colonel Buell was among the first to enter the town. At the battle of Chickamauga, he commanded a brigade and exhibited great energy and courage. His horse was shot and in the consequent fall from his saddle, the colonel received an injury in the hip from which he never recovered. The 58th lost 171 men in the battle. In a following re-organization, Colonel Buell was assigned to Wagner's Brigade of Sheridan's division, and with it shared the glories of Missionary Ridge. He passed the winter at Knoxville, Tenn., where the regiment re-enlisted and went home on furlough. On its return, a special brigade was organized for him, called the Pioneer Brigade

It consisted of the 58th with two other battalions of Infantry, and a pontoon battalion. The brigade became one of the most useful and efficient adjuncts of the Army of the Cumberland. Road building, bridge building, or fighting, the "Pioneer" brigade was always at the front. It is said that it was the quickness with which Colonel Buell bridged the Ogeechee that made the assault on Fort McAllister at Savannah, possible. At Savannah, a third re-organization put Colonel Buell in command of a brigade in the 1st Division of the 14th Army Corps, with his brevet rank of brigadier-general. He continued to command the brigade until the close of the war. He commanded the left at the battle of Bentonville, where he prevented a severe disaster caused by an unexpected collision with General Johnston. In this action Colonel Buell had three horses shot under him; was mustered out of service July 25, 1865.

He was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the 29th United States Infantry, July 28, 1866, and was ordered to Texas. When the army was reduced in 1869, he was transferred to the 11th Infantry, March 15, 1869, and on March 20, 1877, was promoted colonel and assigned to the 15th Infantry, a position he held until his death. He was brevetted colonel for "gallant and meritorious services in battle at Missionary Ridge, Tenn., March 2, 1867," and on same date brigadier-general "for gallant and meritorious services during the war." General Buell's services against the Indians in New Mexico were many. The most conspicuous were rendered against the Apache chief, Victorio, whom he pursued with the authority of the Mexican government across the border into Chihuahua, where the band was cut to pieces by the Mexicans.

General Buell was married December 27, 1865, to Miss Rochie Brien, daughter of Judge John S. Brien of Nashville, Tenn., who with their only child, a son, resides in Nashville, Tenn.

GEN. LEVI GLEASON KINGSLEY, B. S., A. M.

Levi G. Kingsley, eldest son of Harvey and Elvira (Gleason) Kingsley, was born in Shrewsbury, Vt., May 21, 1832. In 1840, his parents removed to Clarendon, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparation for college at the Brandon Seminary and entered the University, in 1852, remaining two years. In 1887, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1856; was trustee of the University, 1869-87.

He was station agent at Clarendon for the Rutland & Burlington R. R., 1856-57, and clerk in the freight office at Rutland, same road, 1857-59. He located in Rutland in 1857, where he has since resided. In 1859, he and Benjamin F. French engaged in the hardware business under the firm name of French & Kingsley, until the death of Mr. French in 1865, from which time he conducted the business alone until September 1, 1905, when he retired from active work. He is a director of the Baxter National Bank and one of the trustees of the Marble Savings Bank, both of Rutland. He has met with marked success in his business enterprises.

Having a natural taste for military affairs, he became a member of the "Rutland Light Guards" in 1858; was commissioned 3d Lieutenant of this company in 1859 and promoted to 2d lieutenant, February 6, 1860. This company, the first in the State, patriotically responded to the call for troops in 1861, and unanimously joined the 1st Regiment of Vermont Volunteers. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant of Company K, March 3, 1861, which

served at Fortress Monroe and Newport News, Va., and was in the first battle of the war, that of Big Bethel. He was mustered out of service with his regiment, August 15, 1861. He returned to the field as captain of Company K, 12th Vermont Regiment, and on September 19, 1862, (just before leaving the State) was commissioned major, a position he creditably filled until the expiration of the term of service. He served in the famous "Second Vermont Brigade," and was mustered out of service July 14, 1863.

He was commissioned captain of the Rutland Company A, 9th Regiment, V. N. G., in December, 1864, and colonel in January, 1865, serving until 1866, when the Regiment was disbanded; was elected quartermaster-general of the State, October 27, 1874, holding the office by four re-elections until November 1882, when he was elected brigadier-general, 1st Brigade, serving until 1886, when he declined a re-election. The military career of General Kingsley has been one of great usefulness and earnest effort. A prominent gentleman

and soldier of Vermont once said of him: "He was a popular and efficient officer, esteemed by his brother officers and men. He was always ready to do his duty, and was well informed in all that pertains to a military life. As an officer it may be safely said of him that Vermont never had a better or more efficient servant in the position he occupied." The following extracts from the general order issued by Governor E. J. Ormsbee, shows the high regard felt for General Kingsley by the State in general: "By the retirement of Brig.-Gen. Levi G. Kingsley, the National Guard of Vermont is deprived of the services of one of its oldest and most experienced officers, and in recognition of his long and meritorious services, the Commander-in-Chief deems it fitting that a record of his connection with the militia and



Gen. Levi Gleason Kingsley.

volunteer forces of the State be briefly given to those who were with and under him." "Having served his State faithfully and well almost continuously for a period of almost twenty-eight years, he takes with him in his retirement the highest esteem and best wishes of his comrades in the National Guard; the approval and commendation of his superior officers, and the consciousness of arduous duties well performed."

In civil life, General Kingsley occupies a prominent place in the business and public affairs of the city of Rutland and in the promotion of its industries and prosperity. He was a member of the fire department for over twenty years and captain of the Killington Steamer Co., seventeen years. He is a member of Roberts Post, G. A. R., and of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. He has long been a member of different Masonic bodies, and was Grand Captain General in 1874, and later Grand Generalissimo

of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of Vermont. He is a member of the Episcopal Church and has been vestryman for many years. He is a Republican in politics and has held several offices, being president of the village of Rutland in 1886; selectman, 1888-92; mayor of the city of Rutland in 1894, and State senator in 1890. In these various capacities, he has done faithful public service and added to the respect and esteem in which he is held by the people of his City and State.

He has been twice married: first, November 12, 1857, to Luceba Jane daughter of Walter and Eliza Ross of Clarendon, Vt. She died, April 19, 1862; no children. He was again married June 14, 1865, to Cornelia Sophia Roberts of Manchester, Vt., who died October 1, 1902. Two children were born to them: Henry Baxter, born November 21, 1867, died November 14, 1903, and Harvey Roberts, born January 8, 1871, now a lawyer in Rutland, Vt.

LIEUT.-COL. FREDERICK HOWARD FARRAR, B. S.

Frederick H Farrar, son of Judge Frederick Howard and Mary (Balloch) Farrar, was born in Natchez, Miss., November 30, 1837, and was killed in battle, January 5, 1863. In February, 1849, his parents removed to Point Coupe, La. He entered the University in 1853, and graduated B. S. in 1856.

He was engineer on the railroad between Vicksburg, Meridian and Brandon, Miss. He was one of the four assistant engineers employed by Braxton Bragg, afterwards major-general, C. S. A., chief engineer of the Board of Public Works of Louisiana, and accomplished a great deal of work in ascertaining levels, etc., in different parts of the State.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he went to New Orleans and enlisted a company for the Confederate army and was commissioned its captain. This company became a part of the 1st Louisiana Regulars, so called as they were enlisted for the period of the war. This regiment served first under General Bragg, his old chief. He was for a



Lieut.-Col Frederick Howard Farrar.

time the adjutant of the brigade, and then was promoted major; and in the absence of the colonel and lieutenant-colonel, he led the regiment in the two days' fight at Shiloh, where he had two horses killed under him and a third wounded. He commanded the regiment under General Bragg in his march into Kentucky. He was promoted lieutenant-colonel and was in command at the battle of Murfreesboro, where standing in company with his fellow officers around a camp fire at night, he was struck by a shell and mortally wounded, and died January 5, 1863. He was a great favorite with General Bragg, who considered him one of the most promising young officers in the Confederate Army, and would undoubtedly have held a high command had it not been for his untimely death.

COL. FREDERICK NORTON FREEMAN, B. S., A. M.

Frederick N. Freeman, son of Philander Chase and Sarah (Norton) Freeman, was born in Claremont, N. H., March 2, 1839, and died unmarried, in Newburg, N. Y., March 28, 1867.



He prepared for college at the Claremont Academy, and entered the University in 1853, graduating B. S. in 1856, and A. B. in 1857. He was one of the founders of the *Theta Xi* Fraternity (q. v.); received the degree of A. M. in course, in 1860.

He studied law with his father, 1857-58; was admitted to the bar but never practiced the profession. He was principal of the Englewood (N. J.) Military Academy, 1863-64; was civil engineer and general superintendent of the Pennsylvania Coal Co., 1864-67, and while having charge of the construction of the company's dock at Newburg, N. Y., in 1867, caught a severe cold which terminated in pneumonia and caused his death. He was much interested in military matters, held the rank of colonel in the New Hampshire

Col. Frederick Norton Freeman.

State Militia; served as State drill master. He spent some time at the front during the Civil War, making a study of Tactics and Strategy.

LIEUT. LORENZO POTTER, B. S.

Lorenzo Potter, son of Robert Knight and Sarah (Pine) Potter, was born in Perrington, Monroe County, N. Y., March 24, 1835, and died unmarried in Delavan, Wis., June 22, 1892. At an early age, his parents removed to Elkhorn, Wis., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1853, and graduated B. S. in 1856; was a member of the *Theta Xi* Fraternity.

He was assistant engineer on the Vicksburg, Meridian & Brandon R. R., in Mississippi, during 1856-57; was cashier of the First National Bank, Elkhorn, Wis., 1857-60; engaged in the hardware business in Elkhorn, 1860-64; feed business in Chicago, Ill., 1864-90. He was 1st sergeant Co. F, 40th Wisconsin Infantry, May-September, 1864. Later was an officer in the Illinois Volunteers. He was a member of the Episcopal Church and Elkhorn Lodge No. 77, F. and A. M.

BRIG.-GEN. EDWARD BANCROFT WILLISTON, U. S. A., B. S.

Edward B. Williston, son of Prof. Ebenezer Bancroft Williston, '23, and Elmira (Partridge) Williston, was born in Norwich, Vt., July 15, 1836. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1851, and remained until 1855, nearly completing his course. In 1865, the University in

recognition of his work as an officer conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1856. He is an honorary member of the θ Λ Fraternity. He was assistant engineer in Pennsylvania, 1855-56. In 1856, he went to San Diego, California and worked for his half-brother, Henry Burton, on his ranch until 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the United States Government, and was commissioned second lieutenant, 2d United States Artillery, August 5, 1861, and was promoted 1st lieutenant September 27, 1861. He served with his battery in California and *en route* to Washington, D. C., until December, 1861. He then served with Light battery D, 2d Artillery in Franklin's Division, 6th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, until July 15, 1863; was in command of his battery from August 5, 1862, until July 18, 1863. On the last date, he was transferred to the cavalry corps and commanded Horse Battery D, 2d United States Artillery, until August 8, 1865, when he was ordered to California. During the Civil War, he served with distinction in the following battles and actions; Second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Mary's Heights, Salem Church, Franklin's Crossing, Gettysburg, Funkstown, Culpepper, Raccoon's Ford, Rapidan Station, Jack's Shop, Madison Court House, Morton's Ford, Stevensburg, White Sulphur Springs, Brentville, Oak Hill, Second Rapidan, Bealton, Rappahannock Bridge, Muddy Run, Rixeyville, Mine Run, Todd's Tavern, Spottsylvania, Beaver Dam Station, Ground Squirrel Bridge, Yellow Tavern, Ashland Cross Roads, Meadow Bridge, Mechanicsville, Milford Station, Hanoverton, Harris' Shop, Old Church, Cold Harbor, Trevellian's Station, White House, Berryville, Sulphur Springs Bridge, Newton, Starsburg, Summit Point, Yanceyville, Smithfield, Opequan, Berryville, 2d., Luek's Ford, Winchester, Woodstock, Front Royal, Luray.

He was brevetted captain May 3, 1863 for "gallant and meritorious service" in action at Salem Heights, Va., May 3, 1863; major, July 3, 1863 for gallantry and meritorious services in the Gettysburg campaign; lieutenant-colonel, September 19, 1864, for gallant and meritorious services in the Battle of Winchester, Va.; colonel, March 13, 1865, for gallant and meritorious services during the war; was awarded a medal of honor from Congress April 6, 1892, for distinguished gallantry in the action at Trevellian's Station, Va., June 12, 1864.

He was promoted captain, 2d United States Artillery, March 8, 1865. He was ordered to California in August, 1865, and was stationed at San Diego, Fort Yuma and San Francisco until January, 1867; was ordered to the United States Artillery School at Fort Monroe, Va., in January, 1867, where he served as senior instructor of Military History and Geography from October 5, 1868 until May, 1869; was transferred to Battery F, 2d Artillery, June, 1869, and ordered to Alaska, where he served as commander of the District of Yenay and the post of Yodeak, and acting assistant inspector-general on the staff of General Dyer until November, 1870; was stationed at San Francisco, December, 1870-November, 1872; Raleigh, N. C., December, 1872-September, 1874; was engaged during September, 1874-April, 1877, in the suppression of illicit distilling in North Carolina, with headquarters in Marion and Morgantown; at Washington, D. C., April-June, 1877; San Antonio, Texas, June, 1877-May, 1878; Fort Clark, May, 1878-September, 1879; Fort Duncan, September, 1879-January, 1880; Corpus Christi, January, 1880-May, 1881; Fort Ringold, May-June, 1881; member of Light Battery Board, July-October, 1881; in command

of Light Battery F, in the Indian Territory, October 1881-January, 1882; in command of his battery at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., January, 1882-August, 1885; was senior instructor of Artillery Tactics, United States Infantry School, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., January 3, 1882-August, 1885, and senior instructor of Military Engineering, August 6, 1884-August 6, 1885; stationed at Washing-



Brig.-Gen. Edward Bancroft Williston.

ton, D. C., August-December, 1885; member of board relating to supplying ammunition to the army, December, 1885-June, 1889; commanding battalion at Fort Riley, Kan., June, 1889-May, 1892; inspector of Artillery Department of the Missouri with headquarters in Chicago, May, 1892-December, 1894; was promoted lieutenant-colonel same regiment, February 12, 1895; in command of Fort Barancas, Fla., December, 1894-October, 1896; stationed at the Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., October, 1896-March, 1898; was promoted colonel, same regiment, March 8, 1898; at Fort McHenry, Md., March-May, 1898.

On the breaking out of the Spanish American War, he was ordered to Camp Thomas, Ga., in May, 1898, and placed in command of the Light Artillery Brigade, the largest artillery force ever assembled in America. On May 4, 1898, he was commissioned brigadier-general, being one of the first officers to receive this commission.

In August, 1898, he was given charge of the construction of the United States Hospital Buildings at Montauk, Long Island, and the transferring and the reception of the troops at this post. Here he was distinguished for the efficiency of his administration. In October, 1898, he was ordered to Savannah, Ga., and given command of the 2d Division 7th Army Corps, and in January, 1899, he commanded the division on its transfer to Havana, Cuba, and continued in command until March, 1899. He served as military governor of Havana, and of the province of Pinar del Rio, during February and March, 1899. In April, 1899, he was ordered to Manila, P. I., reaching that city in June, succeeding Gen. R. P. Hughes, as provost marshal-general. He held this office until July 15, 1900, when he was retired from service, having reached the age limit. He filled this position with marked ability and during his administration, the outbreak of the bubonic plague was as successfully suppressed as the constant and fierce attempts at an uprising by the natives; the epidemic of small pox was much reduced in deadliness; general sanitary conditions greatly improved; a most vigorous and effective crusade made against the enormous traffic in adulterated liquors, the streets of Manila were paved, trees planted, and much other constructive work done, as a beginning of the redemption of the city. He sailed for home on the day he was retired, July 15, 1900, and the Manila *Freedom* the next morning said, "The native police

(whom he had organized and found most valuable) and many Filipino's were out in the bay to see him off, and a demonstration from all classes in Manila was made that exceeded any function of its kind ever seen in Manila. General Williston has gained the regard of every one who has come in contact with him, insurgent or loyal American." The other newspapers were equally cordial.

He served as deputy governor of the National Soldiers' Home at Washington, D. C., January, 1903-March, 1907, and during this time had charge of the construction of several new buildings. In May, 1907, he removed to Portland, Oregon, where he has since resided. He is a member of the G. A. R., and the Loyal Legion.

He has been twice married: first, in Washington, D. C., in 1868 to Beatrice Moore, who died March, 1902; no children. He was again married December 5, 1902, to Florence Cheatfield, a native of Detroit, Michigan; no children.

BRIG.-GEN. HENRY CLAY WOOD, U. S. A., B. S., A. M.

Henry C. Wood, son of Gen. Samuel and Florence (Sweet) Wood, was born in Winthrop, Me., May 26, 1832. He attended the schools of his town and the academies in Yarmouth and Farmington, Me. He entered Bowdoin College in 1850, and graduated A. B. in 1854; was president of the Athenian Society; received the degree of A. M., in course, from Bowdoin in 1857. In 1854, he began the study of medicine, but soon gave up preparing for this profession and began the study of law;

was admitted to the bar in August, 1856.

He was much interested in military matters; served during March 2-June, 1856, as major on the staff of his father, who was in command of a division of the State Militia. He received an appointment to the United States Army, as 2nd lieutenant, June 27, 1856; and during the fall of that year, he studied military drill and tactics at "N. U." In 1875, the University, in recognition of his distinguished career as a soldier, conferred upon him the degree of B. S., as for 1856. He was assigned to the 1st United States Infantry and served for some time on the frontier in Texas, taking part in many expeditions against the Indians. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was assigned to the command of General Lyon in Missouri; was promoted 1st lieutenant, same regiment, May 10, 1861, and was transferred to the 11th United States Infantry, May 14, 1861. He performed gallant service at the Battle of Wilson's Creek, August 10, 1861, being severely wounded while in command of a company of mounted rifle recruits.



Brig.-Gen. Henry Clay Wood.

He was promoted 1st lieutenant, same regiment, May 10, 1861, and was transferred to the 11th United States Infantry, May 14, 1861. He performed gallant service at the Battle of Wilson's Creek, August 10, 1861, being severely wounded while in command of a company of mounted rifle recruits.

He was promoted captain, October 24, 1861, for "distinguished gallantry" in this battle. He served for some time on recruiting service, also on the staff of General Fremont. He later served as mustering and disbursing officer in Washington, D. C., and handled large sums of money while holding this position. He was appointed major and assistant adjutant-general, June 24, 1864, and assigned to duty in Washington, D. C. He was adjutant-general, Department of the Columbia, serving with Generals Canby, O. O. Howard and Jeff. C. Davis. At the request of Hon. Carl Schurz, Secretary of the Interior, he was ordered by the Secretary of War to the Department of Columbia to report to Gen. O. O. Howard and to travel among the Indians of that Department to endeavor to induce them to give up their tribal relations and to take up land. He was promoted lieutenant-colonel and assistant adjutant-general, February 28, 1887; colonel and assistant adjutant-general, November 6, 1893. He was adjutant-general of the departments of the Lakes of Texas and Dakota. He was retired from active service, May 26, 1896; and on April 23, 1904, he was advanced to the rank of brigadier-general.

He was brevetted lieutenant-colonel, March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious service" in the Battle of Wilson Creek, Mo., on August 10, 1861; colonel, on the same date, for "diligent and faithful service in the adjutant-general's department during the war." He was awarded a Medal of Honor, October 28, 1893, for "distinguished gallantry in the Battle of Wilson's Creek, Mo., August 10, 1861." He has also received from the Government two campaign badges.

He made his home in New York City from 1896 until 1909, when he removed to Farmington, Me., where he has since resided. He is a member of Temple Lodge No. 25, F. and A. M., of Winthrop, Me., Washington Chapter, No. 2, R. A. M. and the Columbia Commandery, No. 2, K. T., of Washington, D. C.; member of the Society of Mayflower Descendants.

He has been twice married: first, June 5, 1860, to Miss Mary Frances Lord of Standish, Me., who died March 29, 1866. Two children were born to them: Harry Clifford, born October 18, 1863, resides in Cambridge, Mass.; Winthrop Samuel, born August 30, 1865, now lieutenant-colonel and deputy quartermaster-general, United States Army. He was again married, July 23, 1869, to Mrs. Mary Ann (Ferguson) Bassett of Washington, D. C., who died August 18, 1909; no children.

NON-GRADUATES, 1856.

SURGEON-GEN. JEDEDIAH HYDE BAXTER, U.S.A., A.M., M.D., LL.B.

Jedediah H. Baxter, son of the Hon. Portus and Ellen Judith (Harris) Baxter, was born in Strafford, Vt., May 11, 1837, and died in Washington, D.C., December 4, 1890. He prepared for college in the schools of Derby Line and St. Johnsbury, Vt., and entered the University in 1852, remaining three years. He graduated A. B., from the University of Vermont in 1859; and M. D. in 1860; received the degree of A. M., from that Institution in 1871, and LL. B. from Columbian University (now George Washington) in 1876; practiced his profession in Massachusetts until 1861.

He was commissioned surgeon of the 12th Massachusetts Infantry, June 26, 1861, and served in the army of the Potomac; was mustered out of service April 17, 1862; was commissioned brigade surgeon, U. S. Volunteers, April 4, 1862, and assigned to duty with the Army of the Potomac, serving on the staff of General Banks and General McClellan; was transferred to the corps of Volunteer Surgeons, July 2, 1862, and was on duty at Washington, D. C., September, 1862, to January, 1864; was for some months in charge of the Campbell Hospital, having in his care fully 15,000 sick and wounded men.

During the Peninsula Campaign, he performed very efficient and gallant service. During the battles of Yorktown, Hanover Court House, Fair Oaks and the rest of the "Seven Days" fighting, he was constantly in the field, establishing field hospitals, supervising the ambulance forces and seeing that needed provisions and supplies were ready for the regimental surgeons. He was many times under fire. By his tireless energy, cheerful manner, and rare executive ability, he did much to alleviate the sufferings of wounded soldiers. He served as chief medical officer in the Provost Marshal's office, January, 1864 to July, 1867; and during this time collected the records of the physical examinations of more than one million men, who were examined by the army during the Civil War. This extensive compilation of vital statistics was published by the government.



Surgeon-Gen. Jedediah Hyde Baxter.

He was brevetted lieutenant-colonel, U. S. Volunteers, March 30, 1865, for "meritorious and faithful service in the recruitment of the armies of the U. S.," and colonel U. S. Volunteers, March 13, 1865, and colonel U. S. Army July 20, 1867, for "faithful and meritorious service" during the war. He was appointed assistant medical purveyor U. S. A., with rank of major, July 20, 1867; lieutenant-colonel and chief medical purveyor, March 12, 1872; colonel and chief medical purveyor, June 23, 1874; and brigadier-general surgeon, August 16, 1890. His administration of his high office justified the wisdom of his appointment, but his career was speedily terminated by death, which resulted December 1, 1890, from a stroke of paralysis received three days before. He was self-reliant and ambitious, and at the same time possessed the genial qualities which secure the attachment and loyalty of friends. He was faithful to the important trusts which were committed to his charge and deserving of the national distinction which he gained. The Secretary of War in the general order announcing his death said: "Although but for a short time chief of the medical department of the army, General Baxter showed such administrative capacity as gave promise of great usefulness to the service in which his professional attainments and efficiency were conspicuous."

He was President Garfield's family physician, but at the time of his assassination was not in the city.

He was married in 1876 to Florence Tryon of Boston, Mass., who survives him and resides in Washington, D. C.; no children.

CAPT. HUNT WRIGHT BURROWS.

Hunt W. Burrows, son of Jarvis Fish and Beulah Minerva (Wright) Burrows, was born in Vernon, Vermont, January 28, 1836, and died there July 3, 1874. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1852, remaining two years.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Vermont and was appointed drillmaster; was commissioned adjutant of the 11th Vermont Volunteers (1st Vermont Heavy Artillery) August 22, 1862; was promoted first lieutenant, Co. B. December 10, 1863; captain, Company M, January 21, 1864; resigned owing to disability, September 1, 1864. He served as agent for the Central Vermont R. R. at Vernon for some years previous to his death.

He was married April 29, 1858, to Isabella Jerusha Warner, of Bernardston, Mass., who survives him and resides in Vernon. Four children were born to them; Silas Epaphro, born January 28, 1859, died in infancy; Jarvis Fish, born February 26, 1861, resides in Vernon; George Warner, born April 25, 1863, died April 23, 1864; Warner Wright, born July 25, 1865, resides in Vernon, Vt.

CAPT. GEORGE BUTTRICK.

George Buttrick, son of Stedman and Mary Haywood (Hunt) Buttrick, was born in Concord, Mass., March 6, 1837, and died there, unmarried, December 18, 1895. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1853, remaining nearly three years.



He enlisted as a corporal in Company G, Fifth Massachusetts volunteer militia, April 19, 1861, to serve three months; was discharged July 31, 1861; enlisted as sergeant Company G, 47th Massachusetts Infantry, October 15, 1862; was discharged September 1, 1863; appointed second lieutenant Company E, Third U. S. C. I., November 25, 1863; was promoted captain, Co. A, same regiment, October 27, 1864. He served with marked distinction and was mustered out with his regiment in November, 1865.

He engaged in agricultural pursuits in Louisiana for some years. He held numerous offices of trust in his county. He was school director of Iberville Parish and tax assessor and

Capt. George Buttrick.

collector for some time. He was appointed to a responsible position in the U. S. Custom house in New Orleans, which he held until 1881, when he returned to Concord, Mass., and engaged in farming. He was a member of Lenwood Lodge, F. and A. M., of New Orleans, and of "Old Concord" Post, G. A. R., of Concord, Mass., of which he was post commander.

JAMES EDWIN CHASE.

James E. Chase, son of John Franklin and Mrs. Mary Elizabeth (Cummings) (Washburn) Chase, was born in Cornish, N. H., October 8, 1838, and died unmarried, in San Francisco, Cal., September 29, 1859. In 1841, his parents removed to Windsor, Vt., where he prepared for college in the High School. He entered the University in 1855, and remained two years.

He was assistant engineer of the Rockford, Rock Island and St. Louis, R. R., his uncle, Francis X. Chase, '47, being chief engineer, on work between Rockford and Dixon, Ill., 1853-54; worked for Robbins & Lawrence, machinists, Windsor, Vt., 1854-56. He went to New York in the spring of 1856 and engaged as a clerk on the trading ship, *Empire*, and made trips to various parts of the world. In June, 1859, he left the ship at the Sandwich Islands on account of sickness and went to San Francisco, where he died of consumption at the U. S. Marine Hospital.



James Edwin Chase.

LIEUT. WILLIAM EDWARD FARRAR.

William E. Farrar, son of Edward William and Melissa Jane (Graves) Farrar, was born in Middlebury, Vt., September 8, 1838. In 1845, he removed to Lowell, Mass., where he has since resided. He prepared for college in the schools of Lowell and entered the University in 1853 and remained two years.

He engaged in the clothing business in Lowell, 1855-61; removed to Jacksonville, Fla., in 1868 and engaged in the lumber business until 1873; was a passenger conductor on the Boston & Maine R. R., February, 1875, until May, 1905, when he retired from active work.

He entered the United States Service,



Lieut. William Edward Farrar.

May 21, 1861, as 2d lieutenant of an unattached infantry company, and served fifteen months at Fortress Munroe, Va.; was assistant provost marshal and was appointed post adjutant but did not serve; was transferred to the 7th Massachusetts Battery, as 1st lieutenant, March 17, 1862; was acting ordnance officer on the staff of General Van Allen, Yorktown, Va., August 12 to October 8, 1862; served with his company in all its active service; also served in New York City during the draft riots; resigned, September 24, 1863. He entered service again, July 13, 1864, as first lieutenant and regimental quartermaster of the 6th Massachusetts Infantry, on the staff of Colonel Follensbee; was mustered out of service, October 27, 1864.

He was a member of Ancient York Lodge F. and A. M., Ahasurus Council, Mt. Horeb Chapter, R. A. M., Pilgrim Commandary, K. T. of Lowell.

REV. WALTER DELAFIELD, A. M., D. D.

Walter Delafield, son of Charles and Louisa M. (Potter) Delafield, was born in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., October 25, 1837, and died in Chicago, Ill., April, 11, 1900. He entered the University in 1854, and remained two years. He engaged in civil engineering on the Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R. from 1856 until 1858, and then removed to Waukon, Iowa, where he engaged in

banking from 1858 until 1860. He graduated A. B. from St. Stephen's College, New York, in 1866. The degree of A. M. was conferred upon him by this college in 1868, and D. D. in 1884.

He was ordained an Episcopal clergyman in 1866; was rector of the following churches: Haverstraw, N. Y., 1869-73; Kingston, N. Y., 1873-74; Ballston, N. Y., 1874-84; Terre Haute, Ind., 1884-86; and the Church of the Transfiguration, Chicago, Ill., 1886-1900. He founded, in 1879, the Home for Aged Clergymen, East Line, N. Y.; in 1889, the Chicago Convalescent Home; in 1880, the Church Home for Aged Persons; in 1892, the Church Home for Orphans, Chicago; 1896, The Sheltering Arms, Delafield, Wis., and served as the first president of the last four institutions. In 1888, he built the



Rev. Walter Delafield.

church of the Transfiguration, Chicago, and served as chaplain of the Oakland Rifles in that year. He was a member of the Sons of the Revolution and was the first president of the society in the State of Illinois.

He was married April 13, 1871, to Louise Eaton of Brooklyn, N. Y., who survives him and resides in Chicago, Ill. Five children were born to them: John, Edith, Herbert, now a coffee merchant in Rio Janeiro, Brazil; Alice, George Selwyn.

WILLIAM HUBBARD FULLERTON.

William H. Fullerton, son of Thomas Sterne and Maria Elizabeth (Hubbard) Fullerton, was born in Windsor, Vt., June 29, 1834. He prepared for college at the Windsor High School and entered the University in 1853, remaining until 1855.

Soon after leaving the University, he removed to Muscatine, Iowa, where he had employment as a bookkeeper for two years. He then engaged in the lumber business in Muscatine from 1857-64. In 1864, he returned to his old home in Windsor, where he has since resided. He is a member of the Episcopal Church and is a Thirty-second degree Mason.

He was married November 7, 1888, to Mrs. Malinda Edwina (Robbins) Horton of Windsor, sister of S. E. Robbins, '54.



William Hubbard Fullerton.

WILLIAM MOODY GEORGE.

William M. George, son of Aaron and Mary Noyes (Moody) George, and cousin of B. F. George, '53, was born in Hillsboro, N. H., May 8, 1837, and was accidentally shot, May 21, 1855, in North Chelmsford, while at target practice. In 1848, his parents removed to North Chelmsford, Mass., where he attended the High School; also attended the Tyngsboro Academy.

He entered the University in the spring term of 1854, where he attained high rank in scholarship. General Jackman stated that he was the most promising student in mathematics, who had ever been under his tuition. He is survived by a sister, Mrs. Orra A. G. Flint, of Worcester, Mass.



William Moody George.

EDWIN GUILD.

Edwin Guild, son of Increase Sumner and Esther (Walcott) Guild, was born in Bethel, Vt., October 29, 1829, and died in Walpole, N. H., March 5, 1907. About 1833, his parents removed to Walpole, N. H., where he attended the public schools, and the Walpole Academy, under the principalship of Rev. S. H. McCollester, '51. He taught school in Dansville, N. Y., 1850-51; returned to Walpole, and continued teaching until 1854, when he entered the University in advance standing and remained one year.



Edwin Guild.

of both the I. O. G. T. and the Grange, serving several terms as chief officer in each.

He was twice married: first, October 12, 1858, to Esther Lydia Knight, of Dummerston, Vt., who died July 24, 1864. Two children were born to them: Arthur Edwin, born August 2, 1860, resides in Walpole; Elmer Knight, born February 28, 1863, died January 25, 1875. He was married the second time, March 2, 1866, to Sophia Chase of Concord, N. H., who survives him and resides in Walpole. Three children were born to them: Norman, resides in Walpole; Esther Mabel married James Hall, resides in Langdon, N. H.; Eva Marion, married George B. Tiffany resides in Walpole.

SAMUEL NEWELL HARTSHORN.

Samuel N. Hartshorn, son of Micah Hartshorn, was born in Lyndeboro, N. H., June 20, 1829, and died there July 2, 1894. He prepared for college in the Lyndeboro High School, and entered the University in 1853, remaining two years.

He then went to Ohio, where he engaged in engineering and teaching until 1861, when he returned home and settled on his father's farm. He engaged in surveying and engineering, but turned his attention mostly to his mill interests

He took great interest in the local Militia, and in 1864 was a volunteer in the Lafayette Artillery Co., of Lyndeboro, which served during August 1-September 1, 1864, at Fort Constitution, Portsmouth, N. H. He took great interest in educational matters, and served many years on the school board. He was an active member of the Baptist Church of his town, and a member of Clinton Chapter, F. and A. M., of Wilton N. H., and Pinnacle Grange of Lyndeboro.

He was married in 1861, to Jane French of Wilton, N. H., who survives him and resides in Brooklyn, N. Y. Three children were born to them: Willis Newell, resides in Brooklyn, N. Y.; Marion May, resides in Wilton, N. H.; and Leon E., resides in Millbury, Mass.

FIRST LIEUT. FREDERICK ABEL HATCH.

Frederick A Hatch, was born in Bangor, Me., in 1839, and died in Dorchester, Mass., in 1900. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1853, remaining nearly two years.

He engaged in business in Bangor until 1862, when he removed to Boston, where he was for many years in the brokerage business. He made his home at 141 Savin Hill Avenue, Dorchester, from 1870 until his death. He served for some time in Bangor Light Artillery. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was appointed 1st lieutenant on the staff of Gen. John L. Hudson of the 2d Division, Maine Militia, and assisted in drilling and organizing the State troops for the Civil War.

He married Ellen, daughter of Benjamin Wiggin, '26. Mrs. Hatch now resides in Plymouth, Mass.

LIEUT. ROBERT HENDERSON, U. S., R. S.

Robert Henderson, son of Capt. Robert and Sarah Ann (Marsh) Henderson, was born in Portsmouth, N. H., April 16, 1839. He attended the Portsmouth Academy for some time. When but a mere boy of eleven years, he was taken by his father, a ship captain, on a voyage around the world. On arriving in San Francisco in 1851, his father died; but he continued the voyage with another captain. On his return to Portsmouth, N. H., in 1852, he entered the University and remained two years. He then studied in the Nautical and Navigation school in New York, until 1857, when he began his career as a sailor. In a short time, he was given command of a ship and engaged in the merchant service in European and East Indian waters, visiting nearly every important port in the world.



Lieut Robert Henderson.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the United States Navy, and in 1863, was commissioned acting ensign; was ordered to the West Gulf Squadron, Admiral Farragut's fleet, where he served until the close of the war. In October, 1865, he was commissioned a lieutenant in the United States Revenue Cutter Service; served in the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans and the Great Lakes until 1869, when he was placed in command of St. George's Island, one of the Pribloffs Islands in the Behring Sea to protect the seal fisheries. After two years service, his health beginning to fail, he was ordered home and was placed on the retired list of the department. Since his retirement he has resided in Los Angeles, Cal. and Brooklyn, N. Y. He is a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married in New York City, March 24, 1862, to Theresa Walbach, daughter of John Newmark Frost. One child has been born to them: Carrie Marsh, born December 15, 1863, married Frank B. Coles, resides in Brooklyn, N. Y. Lieutenant Henderson resides at 711 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

GEORGE WATTS HUBBARD.

George W. Hubbard, son of Isaac Watts and Sarah Ann (Townsend) Hubbard, was born in Windsor, Vt., November 20, 1836. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1853, remaining two years.

He entered the Amoskeag Machine Co., of Lowell, Mass., in 1856, and there received a thorough training in everything pertaining to machinery. In 1860, he returned to Windsor, where he has made his home to date. In 1870, he formed the firm of Hubbard & McClary and has engaged in the manufacture of hardware specialties to date.

Having a strong liking for scientific study, he has, through all the intervening years, benefitted by the good foundation laid in the days of his cadetship. He has patented several inventions, ingenious and of great practical value which latter point he has substantially demonstrated in their manufacture and extensive sale throughout the United States.

BVT. MAJOR GURDON SALTONSTALL HUBBARD.

Gurdon S. Hubbard, son of Gurdon Saltonstall and Eleanor C. (Berry) Hubbard, was born in Chicago, Ill., February 22, 1838. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1853, and remained two years; was a student at St. James College, Md., for a short time. He then engaged in the real estate business in Chicago until 1862.

He was commissioned captain Co. G, 88th Illinois Infantry, September, 1862, and served in the Army of the Cumberland, until January 1, 1863. He then served on the staff of Major-General Rosecrans for some time; was then assistant inspector-general of the Army of the Cumberland until December, 1864, when owing to illness, he was forced to resign his commission. He performed distinguished service at the battles of Stone River, Champion Hill, Liberty Gap, and Chickamauga; was brevetted major for gallantry. He assisted, in 1876, in the organization of the First Regiment Illinois Militia, and served as its lieutenant-colonel for several years. He returned to Chicago in 1864, and has continued his real estate business to date. He is a member of the G. A. R.

He was twice married: first, February 27, 1860, to May O., daughter of Hugh and Rebecca (Naudain) Alexander of Philadelphia, Pa. She died December 4, 1880. Four children were born to them: Eleanor, born in 1861, died 1861; Catherine, born in 1862, died in 1868; Lillian, born in 1865, died in 1865; Gurdon Saltonstall, born in 1868, died in 1868. He was again married in Chicago, July 2, 1883 to Mrs. Eliza (Gray) Kimbard, a native of Bowdoinham, Maine.

ENGINEER JOHN HENRY HUNT, U. S. N.

John H. Hunt, son of John Sterling and Elizabeth (Rand) Hunt, was born in Medford, Me., in 1838, and died unmarried November 21, 1868. He prepared for college at the Tash Academy, Oldtown; was a student for some time at the Cooper's Institute, New York City. He entered the University from Oldtown, Me., in 1852, and remained four years, nearly completing the course in Civil Engineering.

He was appointed third assistant engineer, U. S. N., July 1, 1861; was promoted second assistant engineer, December 18, 1862, and first assistant engineer, January 30, 1865. He served on the U. S. S., *Troquois* for some time; was transferred to the United States Iron clad, *Keokuk*, and was serving on this ship when it sank in Charleston, S. C., harbor in April, 1863; served on the *Ticonderoga* at Fort Jackson and St. Philips; the *Madawaska*, the *Monongahela*; was ordered to the Mare Island Navy Yard in 1867; and later ordered to the *Swannee*, and sent to Alaska. He was shipwrecked *en route* and caught a severe cold, which developed into tuberculosis, of which he died at the Mare Island Hospital, Cal. He was a communicant of the Episcopal Church and a member of the G. A. R.



Engineer John Henry Hunt.

REV. WILLIAM REED HUNTINGTON, A. M., D. C. L., LL. D.

William R. Huntington, son of Elisha and Hannah (Reed) Huntington, was born in Lowell, Mass., September 20, 1838, and died at Nahant, Mass., July 26, 1909. He prepared for college in the schools of his city. He entered the Engineering department of the University in 1853, and remained two years, leaving to take the Classical course at Harvard University, from which Institution he graduated A. B. in 1859, and received later, the degree of A. M., in course; received the degree of S. T. D. from Harvard, in 1898, and D. D. from Columbia University in 1873; D. D. from Princeton, in 1896; S. T. D. from Yale in 1902; D. C. L. from the University of the South in 1890; L. H. D. from Hobart College in 1899; LL. D. from Union University in 1903.

He was instructor in chemistry at Harvard during 1859-60. Determining to enter the Episcopal Ministry, he studied Theology and was ordained deacon in 1861 and priest in 1862; was curate of Emmanuel Church, Boston, 1861-62; was rector of All Saints Church, Worcester, Mass., 1862-83; rector Grace Church, New York, 1883-1909.



Rev. William Reed Huntington.

among the number being *The Church Idea*, 1870; *Conditional Immortality*, 1878; *Popular Misconceptions of the Episcopal Church*, 1891; *The Causes of the Soul*, 1891; *The Peace of the Church*, 1891; *Short History of the Book of Common Prayer*, 1893; *The Spiritual House*, 1895; *National Church*, 1898; *Psyche, a study of the Soul*, 1899; *Four Key Works of Religion*, 1899; *Sonnets and a Dream*, 1899; *A Good Shepherd and Other Sermons*, 1907; also published many pamphlets and sermons on Liturgical revision, Church Unity and Woman's Work in the Church.

He was married October 14, 1863, to Theresa Reynolds of Boston, who died in 1873. Four children were born to them: Francis Cleaveland, born April 3, 1865, resides in New York; Margaret Wendell, born July 6, 1866, resides in New York; Theresa born December 23, 1868, married Royal Robbins, resides in Boston; Mary Hinckley, born July 30, 1871, married William G. Thompson, resides in Boston.

FIRST SERGT. AARON KINNE.

Aaron Kinne, son of G. Kinne, was born in Glastonbury, Conn., in 1834. He entered the University in 1853, remaining two years. He enlisted in the 25th Connecticut Infantry in 1861, and was promoted 1st sergeant. After the war, he engaged in business in Glastonbury, Conn., for some time and then located in Fort Edward, N. Y., where in company with his son, Irving Kinne, he has conducted an extensive mercantile business to date.

Dr. Huntington was a powerful preacher and a great organizer and business man. He found Grace Church, a prosperous and firmly established parish; but he was never content with holding ground already gained, and while not neglecting that, he yet succeeded in constantly broadening the field of the parish activities. Thus by hard work and through his wonderful administrative ability, he built up his church until it was one of the most powerful and influential in that city. He was one of the first clergymen in his church to advocate the establishment of the order of "Deaconess" for parochial work. The central purpose of his life, from which he never wavered, and towards which all he did was aimed, was the advancement of the Church Unity.

He was the author of many works;

SERGEANT POMEROY LOOMIS.

Pomeroy Loomis, son of Edward Chipman and Serotia (Wetherby) Loomis, was born in Burlington, Vt., January 27, 1836, and died at the Soldiers' Home in Bennington, Vt., July 25, 1907. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in September, 1853, remaining two years.

He enlisted in Co. C, 13th Vermont Infantry, August 23, 1862; was promoted sergeant; was mustered out of service July 14, 1863. He was a partner in the firm of Loomis & Co., dealers in leather and saddlery hardware, 1865-70; with E. C. Loomis & Co., tanners, 1870-74; book-keeper, I. E. Shattuck 1872-74; with G. I. Loomis, 1875-79; with Wheelock & Kingsland, 1880-85; G. S. Blodgett & Co., 1886-99; T. A. Wheelock, 1900-03. He resided in Wakefield, Mass., 1899-1900. In 1906, being in feeble health, he became an inmate of the Soldiers' Home in Bennington, where he remained until his death. He was a member of Stannard Post, No. 2, G. A. R. Department of Vermont.

Mr. H. W. Allen of Burlington pays the following tribute to Mr. Loomis: "He was industrious, careful, accurate in his business, of strict integrity, a patriotic citizen, a warm hearted friend, and a devoted son and was generally respected."

He was married in Burlington, Vt., September 23, 1863, to Julia A. Sweet a native of Johnson, Vt.; no children.



Sergeant Pomeroy Loomis.

JUDGE JOHN MITCHELL.

John Mitchell was born in Claremont, N. H., February 28, 1836, and died in Des Moines, Iowa, December 29, 1890. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1853, remaining two years; was a student at Dartmouth College two years. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in New Hampshire. About 1860, he located in Des Moines Iowa, where he made his home until his death. He soon attained high rank at the Iowa bar and held several positions; served as judge of the Circuit Court for twelve years.

He married Rebecca, daughter of C. P. Anschutz of Moundville, W. Va., who survives him, with several children, and resides in Des Moines.

ENSIGN GILBERT MORTON, U. S. N.

Gilbert Morton entered the University from Essex, Vt., in 1853, remaining two years. He enlisted in the Navy in 1862; was promoted acting gunner, October 1, 1862; acting master, October 6, 1863. He served for some time on the gunboat, *Pittsburg*, in the Mississippi flotilla, under Commodore Foote. He participated in all the engagements from the capture of Fort Donelson to the opening of the Mississippi River. He was executive officer with Captain Thomas O. Selfridge, U. S. N., on the *Conestoga*, when she was sunk in 1863; served on the *Siren* and the *Alleghany*. He was severely injured in the attack on Fort Donelson. He also served on two boats when they were blown up by torpedoes. He received slight injuries, but continued in service during the war. He commanded the gunboat, *General Thomas*, in 1864; was honorably discharged October 12, 1865. He re-enlisted in the service and was commissioned acting master, May 30, 1867; ensign, March 12, 1868; was retired, February 14, 1874. He made his home in Essex, Vt., until his death, June 26, 1890.

PAYMASTER LUTHER LOOMIS PENNIMAN, U. S. N.

Luther L. Penniman, son of Uday Hay and Adeline (Perry) Penniman was born in Burlington, Vt., February 17, 1839, and died May 31, 1904. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1853, remaining two years.



Paymaster Luther Loomis Penniman.

He was appointed assistant paymaster, U. S. N., December 17, 1861, and served until May 28, 1864, when he resigned his commission. He was an accountant for Edward & Stevens, Winooski, Vt., 1864-70; was appointed U. S. Customs officer and served at Burlington, Vt., 1870-80; St. Albans, Vt., 1880-85; Toronto, Canada, March to July, 1893; Quebec, July, 1893 to May 1904. He was engaged in the hotel business in Highgate, Vt., 1885-89; resided in Burlington, Vt., 1889-93. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge, of Swanton; G. A. R.

He was married April 14, 1868, to Charlotte Frances Platt of Colchester, who survives him and resides in Burlington. Two children were

born to them: Harriet Amelia, born February 17, 1871, died August 25, 1871; George, born June 18, 1870, resides in Los Angeles, Cal.

LIEUT. FREDERICK EUGENE ROELOFSON.

Frederick E. Roelofson, son of Christian and Sarah (Wilson) Roelofson, was born in Pittsfield, Mass., June 21, 1835, and died in Cincinnati, Ohio, June 17, 1865 from wounds received in the Civil War. He was of Dutch de-

scant, his ancestors coming from The Hague, Holland, and settling in New Amsterdam (New York City) in 1624. His boyhood was spent in Pittsfield, Mass., and Burlington, Vt., where his father had woolen mills. He prepared for college in Detroit, Mich., and entered the University from that city in 1853, remaining two years; was a student at the Ecol Polytechnique, Paris, 1855-58, continuing his study of engineering, also architecture.

He returned to this country in 1858, and locating in Cincinnati, formed a partnership with William L. B. Jenney, and engaged in architecture and engineering until 1861, when he was commissioned first lieutenant in the 2d Kentucky Infantry (Union); served with distinction in the West Virginia campaign until August, 1862, when he was seriously wounded and forced to resign his commission; was offered a staff position by General Rosecrans and General Cox but, owing to disability caused by his wounds, was unable to accept the commissions.

He was engaged in business with his brother, William Francis, in New York, 1864-65. He was a capable officer and engineer and his life work though short, gave promise of a brilliant future. Through the influence of his brother, William Francis Roelofson, a prominent financier of his time, he had while in Paris, the *entree* in the best social circles abroad. He was a member of the "University Regulators."

He was married June 19, 1861, to Emily Cutler Bruce of Cambridge, Mass., who survives him and resides in Boston, Mass. Two children were born to them: Elizabeth Bruce, born March 27, 1862, resides in Boston, Mass.; William Frederick Eugene, born May 3, 1864, resides in Boston, Mass.

ALONZO ENOCH SMITH.

Alonzo E. Smith, son of Enoch and Ann (Dyer) Smith, was born in Clarendon, Vermont, September 18, 1835. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1853, remaining nearly three years.

He served as a private in Company K, 1st Vermont Infantry, May-August 18, 1861. He engaged in farming in Clarendon, Vermont, until 1880, when he removed to Randolph, Nebraska, where he resided until 1900. Since this last date, he has made his home in Rapid City, S. D.

ALBERT CHAPMAN TUTTLE.

Albert C. Tuttle, son of Jedediah and Eliza (Boardman) Tuttle, was born in Winooski, Vermont, December 10, 1836, and died, unmarried, in Burlington, Vt., February 25, 1904. He prepared for college in the Bakersfield, Vt., Acad-



Lieut. Frederick Eugene Roelofson.

emy, and entered the University from Essex, Vermont, in 1852, and remained three years.



Albert Chapman Tuttle

Bible Lands. He was a member of Washington Lodge, F. and A. M., of Burlington, Vermont; served for many years on the finance committee; was also a member of the Lake Champlain Yacht Club.

MARTIN VAN BUREN WASON.

Martin V. B. Wason, son of Thomas Boyd and Mary (Colburn) Wason, was born in Hudson, N. H., in April, 1832. He entered the University in 1853, remaining two years. He engaged in various business enterprises. About 1860, he located in Colorado, where he engaged extensively for many years in cattle raising, with headquarters in Wason. He was also an extensive ranch owner. He married Harriet L. Wilcox, a native of London, England.

A. WHIPPLE WILKINS.

A. Whipple Wilkins, son of William H. and Meribah (Whipple) Wilkins, was born in Burlington, Vt., May 30, 1830. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1853, and remained two years.

In 1858, he located in Sandusky, Ohio; was engaged in the transportation business one year; removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in 1859, and was in the grain elevator business in company with Angus Smith until 1894, when he removed to Seattle, Wash., and became identified with the Pacific Fir Co., of which company his son-in-law, W. A. Collins, is president and principal owner.

CAPT. THOMAS KIDDER GREEN WRIGHT.

Thomas K. G. Wright, son of Lieut. John Wright, U. S. A., and Almira Kidder (Green) Wright, and nephew of Col. Cogswell Kidder Green, '26, was born in Norwich, Vt., February 1, 1838, and died in Tarrytown, N. Y., December 21, 1891. He attended the schools of Norwich, and entered the University in 1852, and remained two years.

He enlisted in Company B, 6th Vermont Infantry, September 6, 1861; was promoted corporal on February 20, 1862; was transferred to the 12th Michigan Regiment, and later was commissioned a captain in the United States Colored Troops. He was assistant engineer on the Boston, H. & E. R. R., in 1869; Chepaug, R. R., 1871-72; Fitchburg, R. R., through Hoosac Tunnel; the Southern Penn. R. R., in 1883.



Commencement, 1910.

CLASS OF 1857.

CAPT. WARREN CLARK, B. S., A. M.

Warren Clark, son of Jacob Knight and Mary (Straw) Clark, was born in Hopkinton, N. H., March 29, 1837, and died in Concord, N. H., November 21, 1891. He prepared for college at the academy in his town, and entered the University in 1854, graduating B. S. in 1857; received the degree of A. M. in course in 1860.

He was professor of Mathematics and Military Science and Tactics at the Mount Pleasant Military Academy, Sing Sing, N. Y., 1858; held the same position at the Randall's School for Boys, Bloomfield, N. J., 1859-60. He was a successful and popular teacher, and was deeply interested in all school matters. He began the study of law with George & Foster of Concord, N. H., in 1859, and was admitted to the bar in 1862. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was commissioned state drill-master, and efficiently filled the position for two years, drilling troops and instructing the officers rendezvoused at Concord. He practiced his profession in Henniker, 1863-70, and held numerous public offices. He removed to Concord in the year 1870, where he resided until his death.

He was a member of the school board of Concord for fourteen years, superintendent of schools, 1881-85; judge of probate of Merrimack County; 1874-76; postmaster, 1887-90. All these positions he held with marked ability. After retiring from the postmastership, he resumed his practice of law, doing office work principally. He was a safe counsellor, one whose advice tended to the peaceful settlement of difficulties rather than litigation. He was an active member of the θ λ Fraternity at Norwich University and a loyal supporter of his *alma mater*.

He was married May 11, 1864, to Fanny Sophia Otis of Colchester, Conn., who survives him and resides in Concord.

BVT. COL. BROWNELL GRANGER.

Brownell Granger, son of David and Mary Brown (Alexander) Granger, was born in Greenfield, Mass., April 23, 1835, and died in Beachmont, Nova Scotia, January 24, 1908.

In 1838, his parents removed to Boston, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1854, and remained three years, nearly completing the course in civil engineering; was a member of the "University Regulators".

In 1857, he went to Minnesota in the employ of a Boston company and engaged in laying out town sites; one town, Granger, is named in his honor. In 1861, he returned to Massachusetts and offered his services to the State; was appointed a recruiting officer and assisted in raising and drilling the 11th Massachusetts Infantry; was commissioned adjutant of this regiment, January 13, 1861; was commissioned captain of commissary subsistence February 19, 1862; was brevetted major and colonel for "meritorious services during the war," March 3, 1865; served on the staffs of General Franklin and General Hooker in the Army of the Potomac as chief of the commissary department; was mustered out of service, December, 8, 1865. He was a brave and efficient

officer and received the thanks of his commanding officers for his valuable services.

He was chief engineer on the construction of the various horse car lines in Boston; was commissioner and supervisor for the state of Massachusetts on the construction of the "Hoosac Tunnel"; was civil engineer of the yard and docks at Charlestown Navy Yard, 1874-77. In 1888, he became the chief engineer and manager of the Coxheath Copper Mine, Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, which position he held until his death. He was manager of the Sydney Hotel, Sydney, Nova Scotia, 1889-90; he made his home in Sydney from 1888 until his death.

He was a Republican in politics; represented his district in the Massachusetts Legislature, 1872-75. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; Thomas G. Stephenson Post, G. A. R. No 26, Boston, serving as its commander three years.

He was married February 27, 1857, to Elizabeth Louise Wilkinson of Boston, who died there in March, 1905. Three children were born to them: Brownell, Jr., born April, 1862, died in September, 1863; Edith Frances, born April, 1860, died in July, 1870; Meylert, born in November, 1864, resides in Newton, Mass.



Bvt. Col. Brownell Granger.

HON. ELIAS BURTON HART, A. M.

Elias B. Hart, son of Julius and Rhoda (Rogers) Hart, was born in Cornwall, Conn., February 9, 1834, and died in New York City. His parents were the respective descendants of Dea. Stephen Hart, who settled in Cambridge in 1632, and later removed to Hartford with Hooker's company in 1635, and Thomas Rogers of the *Mayflower* band. His ancestors rendered their country distinguished services in the wars and councils of the Colonial and Revolutionary periods, and both his grandfathers were officers in the Continental army.

The subject of this sketch prepared for college in the schools of his town, and in 1857 received the degree of A. B. from the University, and in 1860, the degree of A. M., was conferred upon him by his *Alma Mater*. In 1857, he became principal and proprietor of a boys' boarding-school, which was very successfully carried on until 1863. His work as a teacher was highly commended by Horace Webster, LL. D., of New York Free Academy, now the college of the city of New York. He engaged actively in the wholesale produce commission business in the firm of George S. Hart & Co., in which he had started his brother some years before.

On account of delicate health, he spent much of his time in his native town. He was nominated by both parties and unanimously elected to the State Legislature in 1865. He served as trustee of the town for several years. In 1879, he removed to New York, and became heavily interested in several of the street railroads, being elected vice-president of the Central Crosstown Railroad Company, of which his brother was president, and of which they secured the control. The roads in which he was interested and managed were very successful, and in 1897, he was able to retire from active business, with a generous fortune, having disposed of his railroad investments to the Metropolitan Street Railroad Company. Since 1865, he had large interests in insurance companies, being a director in the Westchester Fire Insurance Company, of New York. He was also a member of the New York Cotton, Produce, and Consolidated Exchanges. He was an active supporter and member of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

He was twice married: first, in 1857, to Harriet A. daughter of Lee Canfield of Salisbury, Conn. She died in 1890. Four children were born to them: Lee Canfield, Elias Burton, Jr., Charles Julius, and Anna Dudley. He was married again in 1892, to Annie E. Blydenburgh of New York, who died in 1898.

DEFOREST HOLT MERRIMAN, B. S.

DeForest H. Merriman, son of Hiram and Adeliza (Munson) Merriman, was born in Bradford, Steuben County, N. Y., January 18, 1838, and died in Philadelphia, June, 1899. He attended the schools of his town and Dr. Babcock's Preparatory School, Ballston Springs, N. Y. He entered the University in 1854, and graduated B. S. in 1857.

He was principal of the Bradford, N. Y., Academy, 1857, until April, 1858, when he located in Philadelphia, and engaged in the mercantile business. He located in Williamsport, Pa., in 1871, and engaged in the lumber business until 1889, when he retired from active work. In 1890, he removed to Philadelphia, where he made his home until his death.

He was married in 1864, to Clara Wood, daughter of John Wood, of Philadelphia. Four children were born to them: Elizabeth, married Frederick Gelee, of New York, died in 1899; John Wood, died in infancy; Clara Wood, married James Pafe, resides in Washington, D. C.; DeForest, died in infancy.

CAPT. GEORGE OTIS TYLER, B. S.

George O. Tyler, son of Ignatius and Mary (Lund) Tyler, was born in Lowell, Mass., September 18, 1837. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1854, remaining nearly three years; received in 1910, the degree of B. S., as for 1857; member of the *Α Ψ Ω* Fraternity.

Soon after leaving the University, he removed to Burlington, Vt., where he made his home until 1899. He at once became identified with the great lumber enterprises of that city. He was associated for many years, with his father and others in the Hunterstown Lumber Co., which owned land around Hunterstown, Canada, and which operated extensive mills at Hunterstown and River du Loup, now Louisville. This company built their own engines,

steam boats and barges to convey the lumber to Burlington. Captain Tyler was also associated for some years with Mr. Laurence Barnes in the lumber business in Burlington. In 1899, he removed to Somerville, Mass., where he has since resided.

On September 12, 1862, he was commissioned captain, Company I, 43d Massachusetts Infantry, the famous Boston "Tigers;" served in the First Brigade, First Division, 18th Army Corps, performing picket duty at Evan's Mills, N. C., and at other places in that state. He took part in the battles at Whitehall, Kingston, Goldsboro, Little Washington and Blunt's Creek; also in the expedition to Richmond, Va., in the summer of 1863, under General Dix. He was assigned with his command to the Sixth Army Corps in July, 1863; served for some time, at Baltimore, Md., also at Harper's Ferry, where he guarded until July 25, 1863, the Confederate prisoners captured at Gettysburg; was mustered out of service at Boston, Mass., July 20, 1863. He served during 1888-90 as aide-de-camp, with rank of colonel, on the staff of Governor William P. Dillingham of Vermont.

He is one of the most prominent Masons in this country, having attained the 33^o in 1873. It was through his work, largely that the Scottish Rite degrees of Masonry were introduced into Vermont. He organized the Red Cross of Constantine of Vermont in 1870; and was head of the State of Bethlehem Conclave. He is a past Master of Shawenegan Lodge No. 49, F. and A. M., Province of Quebec; past Master of Burlington Council No. 5, Royal and Select Masters; past Commander of Burlington Commandry No. 2, K. T.; past Commander-in-chief of the Vermont Consistory; past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Quebec; past Grand Commander of the Grand Commandry K. T. of Vermont. He was captain of the Guards for thirty-one years; was elected honorary member of the Supreme Council 33^o for Italy in 1907.

He was married in 1860, to Elizabeth H. Patten, a native of Troy, N. Y. Five children have been born to them: Jennie W.; Ignatius; May Belle; Bessie M.; Roy G., now superintendent of the Springfield, (Mass.) Street Railway Co.

LIEUT-COL. HARRY NILES WORTHEN, B. S.

Harry N. Worthen, son of Thomas and Betsey (Hawes) Worthen, was born in Thetford, Vt., December 10, 1833, and died in Hanover, N. H., November 20, 1901. He prepared for college at the Thetford Academy, and entered the University in 1851 from Post Mills, Vt., and graduated B. S. in 1857, was adjutant of the corps of cadets; member of the $\Lambda \Sigma \Pi$ Fraternity.

He studied law with C. W. Clark, of Chelsea, Vt., during 1857-60; was admitted to the bar in January, 1861. He then removed to Bradford, Vermont, formed a law partnership with A. W. Dickey, and practiced law until April 26, 1861, when he was commissioned major, 1st Vermont Volunteers, served until August 15, 1861, when the regiment was mustered out, and on that day was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the 4th Vermont Volunteers. This regiment became a part of the famous "Vermont Brigade," which was officered largely by "N. U." cadets. He served with his regiment with marked ability, but was forced to resign his commission July 17, 1862, owing to failing health, brought on by exposure in the field. He took part in McClellan's Peninsula Campaign.

He resumed the practice of law in 1862, which he continued until the fall of 1867. He then located in Boston, Mass., where he established the firm of Grant, Worthen & Rankin, manufacturers of jack-heads for weaving machines. In the latter part of the eighties, he was engaged in wholesale grain business in the West. In 1886, he entered the employ of the Western Publishing Co., of Chicago, Ill., and remained in their service until June 18, 1891, when he suffered a shock of paralysis. He removed to Hanover, N. H., January, 1892, where he resided until his death. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge.

He was married September 30, 1860, to Helen Marie Chase of Lebanon, N. H., who survives him and resides in Hanover, N. H. Two children were born to them, but are now deceased.

NON-GRADUATES, 1857.

FITZ EDWARD ADAMS.

Fitz E. Adams, son of William and Sarah (Stevens) Adams, was born in North Chelmsford, Mass., June 12, 1835.

He prepared for college in the school of his town and at the Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass.; entered the University in the spring of 1855, and remained two years.

He engaged in the settling of his brother's estate in Paw Paw, Mich., 1858-63; engaged in the lumber business in Pine Grove, Mich., 1863-79, and in Bloomingdale, Mich.; 1879-85; machinist, Paw Paw, Mich., 1885-88; Chicago, Ill., 1888-97; Niles, Mich., 1897-1900; St. Joseph, Mich., 1900-1907. He returned to Lowell, Mass., in 1907, and retired from active work. He was treasurer of Bloomingdale, Mich., 1878-79. He is a member of Paw Paw Lodge, No. 25, F. and A. M.

He was married at North Chelmsford, Mass., June 26, 1859, to Abbie Elizabeth Durant, who died February



Fitz Edward Adams.

16, 1892. Four children were born to them: William Henry, born July 3, 1860; William, born May 23, 1870, Frank Stevens, born April 26, 1872, and Sarah Isabel, born September 3, 1874, now Mrs. A. W. David of Lowell, Mass. The first three children died in infancy. His address is No. 234 Gibson St., Lowell, Mass.

FIRST LIEUT. JOHN F. L. BUEL, U. S. A.

John F. L. Buel, brother of Gen. George P. Buel, '56, was born in Lawrenceburg, Ind., in 1835. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, entered the University in 1854, remaining two years. He engaged in engineering in Colorado until August 5, 1861, when he was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 4th U. S. Infantry; was promoted first lieutenant November 25, 1861; served as regimental quartermaster April 1-July 31, 1862; resigned November 6, 1862. He studied law and practiced his profession in Quinnesec, Mich., several years.

MARTIN VAN BUREN CONGDON, M. D.

Martin V. B. Congdon, son of Alanson and Olive (Potter) Congdon, was born in Clarendon, Vt., April 5, 1835, and died unmarried at Calhoun, Ill., January 23, 1895. He prepared for college at the Black River Academy, Ludlow, Vt., and entered the University in 1856, and remained two years. He graduated M. D. from Columbian College (now George Washington University) Medical Department, March 1, 1860.

He located in Calhoun Richland Co., Ill. in 1861, where he practiced until his death, during a portion of this time had an office at Olney, the county seat. He was very successful in his profession. He was an active member of the Methodist Church; Center Lodge, No 34, F. and A. M., Rutland, Vt.; A. O. U. W. of Illinois. He is survived by a brother, B. S. Congdon, of Clarendon, Vt.

LIEUT. FRANK BLACKMER FENTON.

Frank B. Fenton, son of Christopher Weber and Louise (Norton) Fenton, was born in Bennington, Vt., April 12, 1839, and died in Denver, Col., August 12, 1897. He prepared for college in the schools of Bennington and entered the University in 1853, remaining until 1856.

He engaged in business in Bennington, 1856-60, and in this latter year he removed to Peoria, Ill., where he engaged in business until 1861. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State and on May 11, 1861, was commissioned second lieutenant, Battery A, 2d Regiment, Illinois Volunteer Artillery; was promoted 1st lieutenant, April 11, 1863, and served with this battery until he was mustered out of service, May 13, 1865. He located in Chicago in 1865, and engaged in general contracting until 1889, when he removed to Denver, Col., where he made his home until his death. He was in the employ of the Denver City Tramway Co., 1889-97.

He was married December 18, 1879, at Metropolis, Ill., to Kate Greenwood, who survives him and resides in Denver. Two children were born to them: Frances Grace, born at Atlanta, Ill., December 5, 1882, now teaching in the public schools of Denver, and Charles Weber, born August 13, 1884, now in the employ of the Felker Automobile Co., of Denver.

COL. FREDERICK FAYETTE FLETCHER.

Frederick F. Fletcher, eldest son of Col. Frederick and Beulah (Clittenden) Fletcher, was born in Jericho, Vt., January 12, 1839, and died in Minneapolis, Minn., February 19, 1890. He prepared for college in the Burlington High School, and the Barre, (Vt.) Academy, and entered the University in 1854, remaining two years.

After leaving the University, he removed to St. Louis, and engaged in business until 1863, when he returned to Vermont. He engaged in the general mercantile business in Irasburgh from 1863 until 1869, when he removed to St. Johnsbury, and again entered the retail mercantile trade. Disposing of his St. Johnsbury interests in 1885, he removed with his family to Minneapolis, Minn., where he became a partner in the wholesale hardware business of Miller Bros. & Fletcher in which he was actively engaged until his death.



Col. Frederick Fayette Fletcher.

He served in the Missouri State Militia during 1859-63; received in 1882, the appointment as colonel, A. D. C. to Governor John L. Barstow of Vermont. His love of tactics and discipline caused him to take a deep interest in Masonry. Taught the duties of a soldier at the University, he was ever in his manners and tastes full of love of military movements, making an enthusiastic Templar and impressing his own Commandery—Palestine, No. 5, of St. Johnsbury—with his own enthusiasm, in the long term he served as its Eminent Commander. Later, he displayed the same enthusiasm in the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of Vermont in which he was Grand Captain General, and which station, he had reached after constant service in its other offices. He was earnest in his zeal for all

branches of Masonry, and was Grand Treasurer of the Grand Council of Royal and Select Masters of Vermont. As one of the founders, his name was first on the Charter of Mizpah Lodge of Perfection of St. Johnsbury, and was its first Thrice Potent Grand Master. He was also Deputy Grand Master of Mount Calvary Council of Montpelier. He received the 33° at the Session of the Supreme Council at Detroit, Mich., in 1885.

He was married at Bridport, Vt., January 6, 1863, to Fannie Patchin Skiff, who survives him and resides in Minneapolis. Three children were born to them: all of whom reside in Minneapolis; Frank Lafayette, born February 20, 1866; Frederick Skiff, born July 20, 1867; Lee Harry, born July 6, 1876.

BENJAMIN MOOERS GILMAN.

Benjamin M. Gilman, son of Rufus Alonzo and Anna Hannah (Mooers) Gilman, was born in Plattsburg, N. Y., August 18, 1835. He prepared for college at the Plattsburg Academy and the Richmond Institute. He entered the University in 1854, remaining until 1855.

He was rodman on the Milwaukee & LaCrosse R. R. in 1856, and the Minnesota Valley R. R., 1858-59. During 1859-60, he took an overland trip from Wisconsin to California, returning by water *via* the Isthmus of Panama.

He was foreman on construction work on the Milwaukee & LaCrosse R. R., 1860-61.

He enlisted in Co. B, 1st Wisconsin Infantry, April 27, 1861, and served with the regiment until it was mustered out of service, August 21, 1861. He then enlisted at Washington, D. C. in Co. B, "McClellan Dragoons;" later Co. I, 12th Illinois Cavalry, serving until June 8, 1862, when he was discharged for disability.

He was in the employ of the American Express Co. in Milwaukee, Wis., during 1863-67. He was a passenger conductor on the Union Pacific R. R., 1867-70; Denver & Pacific R. R., 1870-71, and was in charge of the first passenger train to run into Denver, Col., in June, 1870; Texas Pacific, 1871-73. He was superintendent of the Denver & South Park R. R., 1874 and 1875; passenger conductor Southern Pacific R. R., in California, 1876-77; International & Great Northern R. R., 1878-79; was proprietor of the railroad eating house at Como, Col., 1879-83; conductor Atlantic & Pacific R. R., in California, 1883-86; California Southern R. R., 1886-90; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, R. R., 1890-94; manager of the Union Pacific Hotel at Ellis, Kan., 1894-98; purser on ferry at Coronado Beach, Cal., 1898-1900. He retired from active work in 1903, and now resides in the Pacific Branch National Soldiers' Home, Oakland, California.

He was married in Milwaukee, Wis., October 2, 1865, to Julia Marie Mervin, who died September 7, 1910. Two children were born to them: Rufus McIntyre, born in March, 1869, resides, Oakland, Cal.; Nathaniel Maynard, born in July, 1874, resides Denver, Col.

CAPT. LEVI WHITNEY GOODRICH.

Levi W. Goodrich, son of Noah Whitney and Abby (Porter) Goodrich, was born in Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio, May 31, 1836, and died in Marlin, Texas, July 29, 1911. In 1845, his parents removed to Pittsfield, Mass., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1854, remaining until November, 1855.

He engaged in engineering work in Chicago, Ill. from May, 1856-1857; in Wisconsin, 1857-58; Illinois, 1858-59. In 1859, he located in Brown County, Texas, where he taught school until 1860; was district surveyor of Brown, Coleman and McCullough counties, 1860-61.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he enlisted in the "McCullough" regiment, and took part in the capture of the military posts on the Texas frontier in February, 1861. Soon after, this regiment was re-organized with



Benjamin Mooers Gilman.

Ben McCullough as colonel. Lieut. Goodrich was appointed adjutant of the Regiment, and served on the frontier of New Mexico until 1863, when he was commissioned captain Co. G, 30th Texas Cavalry. He commanded this company until the close of the war, taking part in many engagements in Texas, Arkansas and Indian Territory.



Capt. Levi Whitney Goodrich.

1875; Horace Porter, born December 23, 1875, died June 12, 1877; Maria, born November 5, 1880, married Mr. B. C. Nettles, resides in Marlin, Tex.; Mary, born March 20, 1883, married Dr. F. B. Sewall, resides in Marlin, Tex.; Alice, born September 15, 1885, married Mr. J. B. McNamara, resides in Waco, Tex.; Levi, born January 15, 1888, resides in Ardmore, Okla.; Thomas, born September 11, 1891, resides in Marlin, Tex.

PAYMASTER HENRY BAILEY HASCALL, U. S. N.

Henry B. Hascall, son of Asa and Phoebe Alida (Bailey) Hascall, was born in Malone, N. Y., July 28, 1839, and died in Brooklyn, N. Y., February, 1887. He prepared for college at the Malone Academy, entered the University from Plattsburgh, N. Y., in 1854, and remained two years.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he enlisted in the navy; was appointed assistant paymaster and served until 1865. He was a member of the Alasoix Avenue Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, N. Y.

He was married in 1865, to Ellen Mann of Malone who died in 1870. One child was born to them: Asa Theodore, born November 13, 1865, died in 1889.

He taught school in Robinsonville, McLennan County, 1865-66, at the same time studying law. He was admitted to the bar in Waco in May, 1866, and practiced his profession in McLennan and Falls counties for many years. He was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of Texas in 1871, and before the Supreme Court of the United States in 1875. He was judge of the Nineteenth Judicial District, Texas, 1890-97.

He was married February 11, 1869, to Alice Battle of Waco, Tex. Ten children have been born to them: Frank Battle, born January 8, 1870, a civil engineer, died Marlin, Tex., May 17, 1902; Abby, born December 23, 1871, married Mr. R. B. Dickey, resides in Dallas, Tex.; Nicholas Whitney, born March 6, 1878, resides in Marlin, Tex.; Lee, born January 26, 1874, died June 6,

SAMUEL DANA HAYES

S. Dana Hayes, son of Augustus A. Hayes, '23, and Henrietta (Bridge) Hayes, was born in Boston, Mass., in 1841, and died in New York City about 1877. He prepared for college in the Boston schools and entered the University from Brookline, Mass., in 1854, remaining two years. He was assistant state chemist of Massachusetts, with his father, for some time.

CAPT. DAVID HUBBARD.

David Hubbard, son of Jonathan Blanchard and Annis(Whipple) Hubbard was born in North Charlestown, N. H., December 3, 1833. He attended the schools of his town and finished his preparations for college at the Kimball Union Academy and the Thetford, Vt., Academy. He entered the University in 1854, remaining about one year.

He taught school in Green County, Ill., 1854-57. In March, 1857, he located in Douglas County, Kansas, and took an important part in making Kansas a "free state." He later located a homestead at Marion Township. In 1865, he located in Lawrence, Douglas County, Kansas, where he made his home until 1870, when he removed to Olathe, Kansas. In 1908, he removed to Denver, Col., where he has since resided. He served as county surveyor of Douglas County, 1862 and 1863; Johnson County, Kansas, 1872-74.

He was commissioned a captain in the 4th Regiment, Kansas Militia, and took an active part in the war in Kansas. On May 10, 1863, he was visited by a band of Quantrell's guerillas, under command of Dick Yager. His home was pillaged and he was ordered shot. Three shots were fired at him, two missed and one took effect, a bullet passing through his lungs. He participated in the pursuit of and in the skirmishes with Quantrell and his band of guerrillas on his retreat after the Lawrence Massacre, August 21, 1863.

In August, 1863, he was appointed clerk in the Commissary Department of the 13th Army Corps and served in this capacity until the close of the war. He served as assistant U. S. assessor in the Revenue Department from 1865 until 1871. He is a member of Olathe Lodge, No. 19, F. and A. M.; Olathe chapter R. A. M.; Olathe Commandery, K. T.

He was married December 30, 1857, to Martha Jeanette Merrill of North Charlestown, N. H., who died December 30, 1907. Five children were born to them: Jeanette, born September 12, 1862, married Mr. N. A. Bolles, resides in Denver, Col.; Harry David, born March 15, 1867, resides in Kansas City, Kansas; Alice Rosett, born April 30, 1872, married Mr. W. L. McLeod, resides in Salt Lake City, Utah; George W. Whipple, born September 28, 1873, now a physician at Mineral Wells, Texas; Ruel Durkee, born March 21, 1877, now an optician in Boise City, Idaho.

HENRY OAKES MARTIN.

Henry O. Martin, son of Hiram James and Harriet (Oakes) Martin, was born in Jericho, Vermont, October 28, 1831, and died in New Bedford, Mass., January 1, 1900. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1851, remaining two years.

He taught school in the towns of Hyannis, Mattapoisett and Fairhaven, Mass., 1856-62, and was then employed as a travelling salesman until 1886,

when he retired from active business pursuits. He was a member of the Methodist Church and Fraternal Lodge, F. and A. M. of Hyannis, Mass.



Henry Oakes Martin.

He was twice married: first in Randolph, Mass., to Mary Sargent Thayer, who died in May, 1868; one child: Mary Sargent, born April 18, 1868, married Dr. Albert C. Cobb, resides in Marion, Mass. He was again married October 28, 1874, to Emily Frances Sisson, of Marion, Mass., who survives him and resides in New Bedford, Mass. Five children were born to them: David Oakes, born July 22, 1875, died January 12, 1889; John Locke, born September 7, 1876, resides in New Bedford, Mass.; Waldo Fritz, born October 8, 1877, died August 26, 1878; Carrie Atkins, born September 23, 1880, resides in New Bedford, Mass.; Joseph Sisson, born July 21, 1882, resides in New Bedford, Mass.

CAPT. EDGAR CLARENCE MERRIMAN, U. S. N.

Edgar C. Merriman, son of Hiram and Adeliza (Munson) Merriman, was born in Bradford, N. Y., July 24, 1840, and died in Yonkers, N. Y., December 11, 1894. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1854, remaining two years.

He was appointed acting midshipman U. S. N., September 21, 1857; resigned November 7, 1860; was appointed acting master December 3, 1861; acting lieutenant, September 25, 1863; lieutenant from July 6, 1862; lieutenant-commander, July 25, 1866; commander, March 12, 1875; captain, July 31, 1890; was retired, September 26, 1891.

He was married March 6, 1869, to Emily Craven, daughter of Admiral Thomas T. Craven, U. S. N., "Academy" '23; Mrs. Merriman resides in Yonkers, N. Y.

JOHN WASHINGTON METCALF.

John W. Metcalf son of John Hammond and Sarah (Webster) Metcalf, was born in Royalton, Vt., July 6, 1828, and died there January 5, 1888. He prepared for college at the Royalton Academy and entered the University in 1854, remaining there two years. He was a fine penman and wrote the diplomas for the University, while a cadet.

He engaged in the mercantile business in Junior Furnace, Ohio, 1858-63; engaged in the drug business at Royalton, Vt., October 1863-77. He moved

to South Royalton in 1878, where he resided until his death. He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was justice of the peace for several years and notary public. He was a member of the Rising Sun Lodge, F. and A. M., Royalton, and secretary several years.

He was married in Sharon, Vt., October 25, 1858, to Harriet Victoria Bruce, who died October 3, 1897. Nine children were born to them: Abbie Sophia, born May 14, 1862, resides in Burlington, Vt.; Sarah Lois, born June 15, 1863, married Dr. W. F. Swasey, died March 21, 1892; Otis Hammond, born April 28, 1865, resides in Norwich, Vt.; Mary Emma, born May 31, 1867, married George Adams, resides in Woodstock, Vt.; Kate Kendall, born March 11, 1872, died November 18, 1873; William Skinner, born September 3, 1869, died November 30, 1878; Susan Eliza, born July 11, 1873, married C. E. Stone, resides in Lunenburg, Mass.; Joseph Arthur, born February 13, 1876, resides in Lunenburg, Mass.; Ernest Bruce, born April 2, 1882, resides in Albany, N. Y.



John Washington Metcalf.

GEORGE WASHINGTON RAYNES.

George W. Raynes, son of Joseph Raynes, was born in Lowell, Mass., in 1839. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1854, remaining two years; was a member of the θ A Fraternity.

He engaged in the jewelry business in Lowell, being associated with a brother until 1899, when he engaged in the business alone. In 1908, he retired from active business and removed to Harvard, Mass., where he has made his home to date.

HON. EDWARD WILLIAM RICE.

Edward W. Rice, son of William and Lydia (Mellville) Rice, was born in Boston, Mass., October, 1842, and died, unmarried, in Shanghai, China, April 4, 1893. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1853, remaining three years.

He then travelled extensively in Europe and the Orient and located in Shanghai, where he engaged in mercantile business for many years, meeting with marked success and acquiring a large fortune. He served for several years as president of the Shanghai Club, the largest and most influential club in China. He was one of the best known and highly respected foreign residents of China.

GEORGE APPLETON PARSONS.

George A. Parsons, son of Solomon and Clara Sophia (Johnson) Parsons, was born in Bangor, Me., December 17, 1836. He prepared for college at the Bangor High School, and entered the University in June, 1854, and remained until August, 1856; was adjutant, summer term, 1856; took a prominent part in athletics.



George Appleton Parsons.

He followed the sea during 1856 and 1857, making voyages to the west coast of South America, Europe and the Southern States. He was assistant engineer on land surveys in Manhattan, Kans., in 1857-58, in company with Edwin B. Patten, '58. He engaged in mining and prospecting in Colorado in 1859. He located in Presque Isle, Me., in 1860, where he has since resided. He is a member of the Unitarian Church; Trinity Lodge, F. and A. M., and the Maysville Center Grange at Presque Isle, Me. He was married in Boston, Mass., April 12, 1874 to Fanny Warren Hooper, a native of Bangor, Me.

JUDGE BENJAMIN HINMAN STEELE, A. B., LL. B.

Benjamin H. Steele, son of Sanford and Mary (Hinman) Steele and grandson of Zadock Steele, the "Indian Captive" of Royalton, Vt., was born in Stanstead, Canada, February 6, 1837, and died in Faribault, Minn., July 13, 1873. He prepared for college at the Derby, Vt., Academy and at the College de Saint Pierre, Chambly, P. Q. He entered the University in 1853, and remained one year; entered the Sophomore class, Dartmouth College, and graduated A. B. in 1857; was valedictorian of his class; member Psi Upsilon and Phi Beta Kappa Fraternities.

While a student, he began the study of law and was so proficient in his studies, that he was enabled to graduate LL. B. at the Harvard Law School in the winter of 1858. He was soon after admitted to the bar in Boston. He returned to Canada and studied French law for a few months in the office of Hon. J. S. Sanborn; was admitted to the Orleans County bar in 1858, and in that year located in Derby Line, Vt., and practiced his profession in Canada as well as in Vermont; was a proficient French scholar and was able to argue his cases in French or English as the ease required.

He was appointed November 30, 1865, Judge of the Supreme Court of Vermont by Governor Dillingham, and moved to St. Johnsbury, where he resided until 1870, when he declined a re-election by the State Legislature. He removed to Hartland, Vt., in 1870, where he made his home until his death.

His health soon after began to fail and in June, 1873, he went to Minneapolis, hoping the change would prove beneficial, but he rapidly grew worse and died July 13, the same year.

He was much interested in educational matters and served on the State Board of Education, 1870-73. He kept up his interest in military matters; while a student at Dartmouth, organized and drilled "The Dartmouth Grays", a company made up of the class of 1859, and it was largely through the military training received in this company, that many members of his class were enabled to obtain commissions during the Civil War; served as colonel on the staff of Governor Erastus Fairbanks, 1861-63. He was a brilliant scholar and was the youngest man ever appointed to the Supreme Bench of the State and in his death the State lost one of her ablest lawyers and jurists. He wrote several articles, but his writings were principally confined to the decisions handed down in the law reports. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.



Judge Benjamin Hinman Steele.

He was married February 6, 1861, to Martha Foxcroft Sumner of Hartland, who died December 8, 1896. Two children were born to them: Mary Hinman, born April 23, 1863, resides in Chicago; David Sumner, born June 12, 1871, resides in Milton, Mass.

LIEUT. ALBERT P. TITCOMB.

Albert P. Titcomb, son of S. A. Titcomb, was born in Bangor, Me., in 1838. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1854, remaining two years.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he enlisted in Company C, 7th Maine Infantry, August 13, 1861; was commissioned 2d lieutenant, August 21, 1861, to rank from August 17; resigned July 16, 1862. He enlisted in Company D, 30th Maine Infantry, December 26, 1863; was promoted sergeant, December 29, 1863; was severely wounded April 9, 1864; was honorably discharged from duty, January 26, 1865. He enlisted in Company I, 14th Maine Infantry, March 13, 1865; was promoted first sergeant; was mustered out of service at Darien, Ga., August 28, 1865, by reason of orders of the War Department reducing the army. His last residence was Lincoln, Maine.

COL. WILLIAM AUGUSTUS TREADWELL.

William A. Treadwell, son of John Crocker and Sarah Anne (Goodrich) Treadwell, was born in Salem, Mass., July 12, 1834, and died in New Orleans, April 27, 1908. He attended the private schools of his town and the Andover,

Mass., Academy, and entered the University in 1855, remaining two years.

Soon after, he located in New York, where he drilled several companies of militia. During 1861 and 1862, he was engaged in recruiting and drilling volunteer troops, but failing to secure a commission from the governor of the State of New York, he accepted a position in the Commissary Department at Acquia Creek, Va. In the summer of 1862, he accompanied the 95th New York Infantry on the Maryland campaign, and at the battle of Antietam served as volunteer aide-de-camp to General Abner Doubleday. Returning to New York, he raised a company for the 164th New York Infantry, and was commissioned captain, served with the regiment for two months at Nor-

folk, Va., but was not mustered into service. During 1863, he was engaged in drilling colored troops at Washington, D. C., and was to have commanded one of the regiments; but owing to misunderstanding between Senator Sumner and Governor Andrews of Massachusetts, he failed to receive his commission. He returned to New York in June, 1863, and recruited Company G, 14th New York Heavy Artillery; was mustered into service as its captain December 5, 1863, and served with it at the battles of the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, North Anna, Cold Harbor, and before Petersburg. He was mustered out of service, December 14, 1864. He was made colonel of the 1st Regiment Veteran Volunteers of New Jersey, but was not mustered into service on account of the close of the war; and since then he has held staff appointments of



Col. William Augustus Treadwell.

the same rank. In 1865, was tendered a commission in the regular army, but declined the appointment.

He devoted his time to literary pursuits. He was military editor of the *New York Press*, from 1882 until April, 1898, when he removed to San Francisco, Cal., where he was interested in various enterprises; was a director of the Oriental & Masbate Gold Mining Co.; was also connected with the famous Treadwell mine, Alaska. Soon after the earthquake in April, 1906, he removed to New Orleans, La., where he made his home until his death. He was a prominent Mason and a member of the Veteran Officers' Loyal Legion, G. A. R., and the A. O. U. Foresters.

He was married March 10, 1859, to Mary Letitia Barnard of Newark, N. J., who survives him and resides in New Orleans. Two children were born to them: Amy Adelaide, born May 25, 1861, died January, 1863; Charlotte Grace, born October 28, 1865, married George Arthur Treadwell, resides in New Orleans.

CLASS OF 1858.

CAPTAIN GEORGE WEBSTER HOBBS, B. S.

George W. Hobbs, son of Major-General George Hobbs, was born in Worcester, Mass., March 22, 1839, and died in Uxbridge, Mass., March 18, 1898. He attended the schools of his city, and the Thetford, Vermont, Academy, and entered the University in 1855, remaining two years. The University in recognition of his work as a lawyer conferred upon him, in 1878, the degree of B. S. as for 1858; he was a member of the *A Σ II* Fraternity.

In the fall of 1857, he assisted Caleb Metcalf in the founding of the Highland Military Academy, in Worcester, Mass., serving as instructor and commandant until 1859. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in March, 1860. He took great interest in military matters, was a member of the Worcester Light Infantry Co., holding various non-commissioned offices until 1860, when he was commissioned a second lieutenant. On the breaking out of the Civil War, this company was attached to the famous Sixth Massachusetts Regiment. In 1861, he participated in the historic trip of that regiment to the defence of Washington. He was with his company when the regiment was attacked by the mobs in Baltimore. The regiment encamped for some time on Federal Hill. Lieutenant Hobbs was invited by General Mansfield, U. S. A., then in command at Washington, to become a member of his staff; but he was obliged to decline the appointment, much to his regret. Upon the expiration of his three months enlistment, he was appointed by the governor of Massachusetts, enrolling officer with the rank of captain for his district. He took an active part in drilling and instructing the volunteers for the service.



Capt. George Webster Hobbs.

He located in Uxbridge, Mass., in 1863, where he practiced his profession until his death, meeting with marked success. He was attorney for the New York, New Haven and Hartford, R. R., and the New York, Providence & Hartford R. R. for many years. He was interested in various business enterprises; was a charter member of the Uxbridge Savings Bank, and a director for many years. He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was a member of the Board of Assessors and its chairman for some time; was a member of the school committee and chairman; was the first superintendent

of schools; represented his city in the State Legislature in 1872; member of Blackstone Valley Agricultural Society and its president. He took great interest in the welfare of "N.U." serving as a trustee July 1, 1880, until his death.

He was twice married: first in 1860, to Chloe E. Taft of Uxbridge, who died in November, 1861. One child, George Taft, "N. U." '81. He was again married in 1865, to Anna N. Scott, of Uxbridge, who survives him and resides in that city.

BVT. CAPT. FRANK A. PAGE, U. S. A., B. S.

Frank A. Page entered the University from McIndoes Falls, Vt., in 1855, and remained one year. He returned to the University in 1863, remaining nearly two years; received from the University in 1873, the degree of B. S. as for 1858. He enlisted in Co. H, 4th Vermont Infantry, from Barnet, Vt., August 27, 1861; was severely wounded April 16, 1862, and lost his right arm; was discharged for disability, December 12, 1862; was commissioned second lieutenant, Veteran Relief Corps, December 3, 1864; was brevetted first lieutenant U. S. Vols, March 13, 1865; for "gallant and meritorious service" at the battle of Lee's Mills, Va.; and captain, on the same date, for "gallant and meritorious service during the war;" was honorably mustered out of service, September 13, 1866. He served with the corps of cadets at Newport, Vt., in October, 1864, (see Vol I, pages 416-421) as assistant quartermaster. He was commissioned second lieutenant, 44th U. S. Infantry, July 28, 1866; unassigned, May 27, 1869; was assigned to the 10th U. S. Infantry, August 3, 1870; was retired, September 29, 1871. He studied law and was admitted to the bar about 1873; made his home in Windsor, Vt., for some years after the Civil War; was pension examiner in Washington, D. C., until 1880, when he located in Tacoma, Wash., and practiced his profession until his death, October 12, 1889.

CHARLES FRANKLIN SAYLES, B. S.

Charles F. Sayles, son of Ira and Angeline (Bowen) Sayles, was born in Cheshire, Mass., April 14, 1837. In 1843, his parents removed to South Adams, Mass., where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1855, and graduated B. S. in 1858; was a member of the $\theta \lambda \chi$ Fraternity.

He was rodman on the Hoosac Tunnel, Troy & Greenfield, R. R., in Massachusetts, 1859-60; assistant engineer on surveys for a proposed surface railroad over Hoosac Mt., in Massachusetts in 1867. He was engineer during 1872, in charge of impounding the Hoosac River in Cheshire, Mass., for manufacturing purposes, and the re-location of a portion of the Pittsfield & North Adams R. R., in connection with the same project; also engaged on other hydraulic work at Adams, Mass., during the same year. He was assistant engineer on the surveys of the proposed railroad, Lee & Hudson. During 1873-97, he engaged occasionally in engineering work in connection with his mercantile business.

He served as civilian employe in U. S. Quartermasters Department, Army of the Potomac, 1862-1865. He conducted a grocery business in Adams, Mass., 1866 until 1897, when he accepted a position in the South Adams Savings Bank, which position he still retains. He is a member of the Universalist Church, and Berkshire Lodge, F. and A. M. of Adams.

He was married September 14, 1867, to Maria Louisa Ault of Walloomsac, N. Y., who died July 23, 1904. Four children were born to them: George, born June 27, 1868, died in Adams, Mass., July 27, 1909; Angie Maria, born February 21, 1872, married Dr. Harry B. Holmes, resides in Adams, Mass., Christiana, born December 25, 1878, married George S. Elliott, resides in Willimantic, Conn.; Samuel Adams, born February 23, 1887, died July 27, 1890.

MAJOR ARCHIBALD STEWART TAYLOR, U. S. M. C., B. S.

Archibald S. Taylor, son of Brig.-Gen. George William Taylor, '27, was born in Clinton, N. J., in 1840. He entered the University in 1855, remaining two years. In 1880, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1858. He engaged in engineering in California until 1861, when he returned to New Jersey and offered his services to the State for the Civil War. He was commissioned second lieutenant in the 3d New Jersey Infantry, commanded by his father. He served with his regiment until July 2, 1864, when he was commissioned second lieutenant, U. S. Marine Corps, by President Lincoln; was promoted first lieutenant, July 30, 1868; captain, December 12, 1883; was retired from active service, June 17, 1890. In 1899, he was commissioned major, U. S. M. C., by special act of Congress. Major Taylor has seen much active service in various parts of the world. He has also travelled extensively. He now resides in Newark, N. J.

NON-GRADUATES, 1858.

COL. JONATHAN WEBSTER CHILDS, B. S.

Jonathan W. Childs, son of Aaron and Hannah (Bemis) Childs, was born in Fredonia, N. Y., March 14, 1833, and died in Washington, D. C., May 24, 1896; was buried in the Arlington Cemetery in that city. In 1833, his parents removed to Augusta, Mich., near Ypsilanti, where his boyhood days were passed. He attended the schools of his town and the Ypsilanti High School. He graduated B. S. from the State Normal School at Ypsilanti in 1855; and in September of the same year, he entered the University, remaining two years, nearly completing the course in Civil Engineering.

He taught school in Union Town, Kentucky, 1857-59, and then engaged in engineering reconnoissance in the government survey in northern Minnesota. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he returned to Michigan and offered his services to the State. He was commissioned major of the Fourth Michigan Infantry, May 16, 1861; was promoted lieutenant-colonel, September 25, 1861, and colonel, July 1, 1862; resigned his commission November 25, 1862, owing to disability. He was especially conspicuous for his service in the campaign around Richmond. During the Peninsula campaign in 1862, he was taken seriously ill with a fever and was confined to the hospital for several weeks.



Col. Jonathan Webster Childs.

He was especially commended for his bravery in leading his regiment under heavy fire across the Potomac river at Sharpsburg, September 15, 1862, and capturing the Confederate battery. He was a brave and efficient officer and was often mentioned in orders for his work. He studied law during 1863-65, and in this latter year, located in Jacksonville, Fla., and was admitted to the bar. In 1870, he removed to Gainesville, Fla., where he resided until 1874, when he located in Washington, D. C., making his home in that city until his death.

He was a Republican in politics and held many positions in Florida during the period of reconstruction; represented Jacksonville in the State Legislature, 1868-70; was judge of Hamilton County Court, August 14, 1868-70; treasurer, Alachua county, 1872-74; collector of Internal revenue for this county, January 26, 1870-July, 1873. He was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, January 25, 1875, and before the Supreme Court of the United States, January 11, 1876. He was engaged during portions of 1880-90, in making surveys in Florida for the Interior Department. Lakes Charles and Francis were named by him. He was special agent for the Interior Department for adjusting the swamp lands of Florida, June 15, 1883-85; he served for some years as clerk in the Bureau of Pensions. He was a member of Benjamin B. French Lodge F. and A. M., and Chapter, R. A. M., of Washington, D. C.; G. A. R.

He was married December 28, 1873, at Savannah, Georgia, to Frances Gause, who survives him and resides in Washington. Two children were born to them: Alice, born May 5, 1876, died June 14, 1876; Elaine, born May 5, 1875, married Frederick Johnson, resides in Washington, D. C.

JOHN GREENLEAF FOWLER.

John G. Fowler, son of Lewis and Fannie (Howard) Fowler, was born in Norwich, Vt., March 28, 1837, and died in Ludlow, Ky., October 7, 1909; was buried in the Spring Grove Cemetery, Cincinnati, Ohio. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1855, remaining two years.

He enlisted in Company C, 3d Vermont Infantry, July 21, 1861; was promoted corporal, October 2, 1861; was wounded and taken prisoner June 29, 1862; was paroled August 3, 1862; discharged on account of disability, December 2, 1862. He went West in 1863, and engaged in railroad work in various capacities until 1909. He was yardmaster at the St. Louis stock yards for several years. He removed to Ludlow, Ky., in 1901, and was employed in the car shops at that place until his death. He was an active member of the Baptist Church; American Eagle Lodge, I. O. O. F., Ludlow, Ky.; Grant Post, G. A. R., Cincinnati, Ohio.

He was twice married: first, November 24, 1867, to Sarah Etta Blake of Mitchell, Ind., who died March 12, 1899; no children. He was again married November 29, 1899, to Mrs. Mary West of Ludlow, Ky., who survives him and resides in Ludlow.

CYRUS KING HALE.

Cyrus K. Hale, son of Rev. Benjamin Hale, D. D., president of Hobart College, and Mary Caroline Alsop (King) Hale, was born in Geneva, N. Y., March 17, 1837, and died in Boston, Mass., June 5, 1874. He prepared for

college at a private school in Geneva, N. Y., and entered the University in 1855, remaining two years. He graduated LL. B., from the Harvard Law School in 1860, and was admitted to the bar in the same year. He never actively practiced his profession preferring to engage in business. He was secretary of the Massachusetts Hospital Life Insurance Co., from 1866, until his death. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married in Newburyport, Mass., May 9, 1866, to Alice Little Hale who survives him and resides in Newburyport. Four children were born to them: Cyrus King, died November 22, 1898; Joshua, born May 8, 1868, resides in Newburyport; Josiah L. resides in Newburyport; Benjamin, born May 6, 1873, died February 24, 1898.

CAPT. SAMUEL W. KNOWLES.

Samuel W. Knowles, son of Abner Knowles, was born in Thomaston, Me., in 1835, and died in San Francisco, Cal., about 1897. At an early age, his parents removed to Bangor, Me., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1854, and remained two years. He then studied law and practiced in Bangor until 1862.

He enlisted in Company B, 22d Maine Infantry, in October, 1862; was promoted first sergeant, October 10, 1862; 2d lieutenant, December 17, 1862; was mustered out of service, August 14, 1863. He was commissioned captain, Company G, 2d Maine Cavalry, December 11, 1863, and was mustered out of service at Baranecus, Fla., December 6, 1865. Soon after the war, he located in San Francisco, Cal., where he practiced his profession for several years.

REV. ARTHUR LAWRENCE, A. M., D. D.

Arthur Lawrence, son of William Richards and Susan Coombs (Dana) Lawrence was born in Brookline, Mass., August 22, 1842, and died in Ipswich, Mass., September 20, 1909, while on a visit to that town; was buried in Mount Auburn Cemetery, Cambridge, Mass. He prepared for college at the Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass.; M. Heller's private school in Paris, France, and the Boston Latin school. He entered the University in 1855, and remained two years. He graduated A. B. from Harvard University in 1863; later received the degree of A. M. in course. In 1891, Williams College conferred upon him the degree of D. D.

Soon after graduating, he entered the employ of the banking house of E. R. Mudge, Sawyer & Co., of Boston, where he remained until February, 1864, when his patriotism and Christian devotion led him to enter the Christian Commission. The Civil War was at its height, and men were needed, not only as soldiers, but to give comfort and inspiration to the soldiers. He so gained the confidence of the officers, that although he never received a commission, he served in an unofficial capacity on the staff of General Howard, and was with Sherman in his march from Atlanta to the Sea. He performed conspicuous service in this campaign, receiving the thanks of General Howard.

In October, 1865, he entered the Theological Seminary at Gambier, Ohio, where he remained two years. He spent the winter of 1867-68 in travelling in Egypt and the Holy Lands. In October, 1868, he resumed his studies at the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge and graduated S. T. D. in 1869. On March 2, 1869, he was ordained deacon at Longwood, Mass.

Soon after, he sailed for Colon, Isthmus of Panama, en route for California. Soon after reaching San Francisco, he located in Virginia City, Nevada, where he was in charge of St. Paul's Church until 1870; was assistant rector of Cavalry Church, New York, December, 1870, until April, 1872; was rector of St. Paul's Church, Stockbridge, Mass., from July 7, 1872 until his death.

He was archdeacon of Springfield; member of the Board of Trustees of Donations for the diocese of Massachusetts; of the Standing Committee of the Diocese of Western Massachusetts, and vice-president of the Berkshire Industrial Farm; was a delegate to the general convention of the Episcopal Church in 1888, 1892, 1895, 1901, 1904, and 1907. He made voyages across the Atlantic Ocean; travelled extensively in this country, Europe, Africa, Egypt and the East, Cuba, Jamaica and the Bermudas.



Rev. Arthur Lawrence.

He wrote many articles for the church papers and the current magazines. Among his articles were: *Bryant and the Berkshire Hills*, published in the *Century Magazine* in 1895; *Origin of the Homes of the Berkshire Towns*, published in the *Collection of the Berkshire Historical and Scientific Society*, 1895. We quote from the resolutions passed on his death by the wardens and vestry of his church: "A man of high culture, of distinguished family connection and of independent means, he was content from youth to old age to serve his Master as the pastor of a village church, never seeking promotion, never disturbed or affected by the restless spirit of the age in which he lived. He was thus able year in and year out to do a vast deal of good in the community in which his lot was cast. Pure in heart, earnest in faith, full of the spirit of charity,

and never seeking anything for himself, he exerted a rare and beneficent influence upon all with whom he came in contact, and the sacred and intimate relations into which his calling brought him with his people made him in truth, their spiritual leader. Patriotic and public spirited to a very high degree, he was outspoken on the right side of everything that concerned the honor and welfare of the town, the state and the nation, but withal so modest that he could rarely be induced to tell of the very valuable service which in his youth he had rendered to his country as a chaplain in the Civil War, and of his honorable part in the historic campaign of Sherman's army." He was a member of the Berkshire Historical and Scientific Society, the Union Club of Boston and the Century and Harvard Clubs of New York.

He was married in 1877, to Allson Turnbull of Stockbridge, who died in 1884. Two children were born to them: William Richards, resides in Ashville, N. C.; Susan Dana, died in 1888.

FIRST SERGT. GEORGE MESSENGER.

George Messenger, son of Erastus Smith and Eliza (Hatch) Messenger, was born in Norwich, Vt., June 8, 1835. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1855 remaining two years.

He enlisted in Company B, 6th Vermont Infantry, September 7, 1861; was promoted corporal; 1st sergeant, December 15, 1861; was appointed in February, 1863, commissary sergeant, 2d Division, 6th Army Corps; was discharged October 28, 1864. He engaged in the leather business in Norwich, 1870-91. He is a member of the Congregational Church.

He is a Republican in politics and has held several offices; has served as town clerk and treasurer of Norwich, 1890, to date; represented his town in the House of Representatives, 1886-87. He was married January 30, 1868, to Sarah Hazen of Hartford, Vt. No children.

EDWIN BEAMAN PATTEN.

Edwin B. Patten, son of Isaac Whittier and Mary (Bartlett) Patten, was born in Bangor, Me., June 17, 1855. He graduated from the High School in that city in 1881, and was clerk in the hardware store of Thomas Jenness for three years. In 1855, he entered Norwich University, remaining until 1856.

In the fall of 1856, he went to Minnesota and the next year to Kansas, where he was engaged for a short time with George A. Parsons, '57, in land surveying. In 1858, he was employed on the Hannibal & St. Joseph R. R., at Hannibal, Mo. Contracting a malarial fever here, he returned to Bangor to convalesce, and the next year went into business there with his father. He remained in Bangor until 1877, when he removed to New Orleans and engaged in the auction and commission business until 1882. After leaving New Orleans, he travelled a year and then settled in Minneapolis, Minn., where he now resides, though retired from active business. In politics he has always adhered to the Democratic faith.

He was married September 5, 1861, to Katherine Dexter of Bangor, Me., by whom he has two children: John Dexter, born May 29, 1855, resides in Prescott, Wis.; Katherine, born December 22, 1866, resides in Minneapolis, Minn.

BVT. CAPT. FRANCIS EATON STIMPSON, U. S. A.

Francis E. Stimpson, son of Herbert Hathorne and Mary Ann Devereaux (Brewer) Stimpson, was born in Roxbury, Mass., May 23, 1839, and died of wounds received in the battle of Laurel Hill, Va. He prepared for college in the schools of Cambridge, Mass., and entered the University in 1855, remaining two years.

He enlisted as a private in the 17th U. S. Infantry, July 31, 1862, was promoted corporal, sergeant, and first sergeant. He was commissioned second lieutenant, same regiment, March 17, 1863, 1st lieutenant May 25, 1863; was brevetted captain, May 5, 1864, "for gallant and meritorious services at the battle of the Wilderness, Va.;" was severely wounded May 12, 1864, at the battle of Laurel Hill, Va., and died May 28, 1864. He was a member of Christ Episcopal Church, Cambridge, Mass.

CHARLES BURCHARD TAGGARD.

Charles B. Taggard, son of James and Emma (Tracy) Taggard, was born in Keeseville, N. Y., in 1839, and died unmarried in Chicago, Ill., March 20, 1857. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1854, remaining two years; was an excellent student. In the fall of 1857, he went to Chicago, Ill., where he engaged in engineering until his death.

JOHN ALFRED VEAZIE.

John A. Veazie, son of Hon. John Walker and Ruth Maria (Bartlett) Veazie, was born in Bangor, Maine, August, 1837, and died in Bar Harbor, Me., July 28, 1879. He attended the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1854, remaining two years.

He studied law and practiced his profession several years in Bangor. He was connected with various enterprises; was cashier of the Veazie Bank of Bangor, November 28, 1866-May 2, 1868, president, 1868, until his death; was an official of the Bangor & Oldtown R. R., several years.

He was married September 5, 1860, to Henrietta L. Hodson of Bangor, who survives him and resides in Bangor, Maine. Two children were born to them: Alfred, Jr., born, in 1872, died 1898; Alice, born in 1874, married Mr. George Towle, resides in Boston, Mass.



Bareback Drill, State Fair, 1910

CLASS OF 1859.

HON. SAMUEL HAZARD CROSS, A. M.

Samuel H. Cross, son of George Dellwyn and Abbie (Hinckley) Cross, was born in Westerly, R. I., May 23, 1835, and died in New York City, July 2, 1898. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1855, remaining nearly three years; received the degree of A. M., from the University in 1892; was a member of the θ λ Fraternity.

He studied law for some time after leaving the University, and was admitted to the bar; but never actively practiced the profession. He was interested in several business enterprises of Westerly; was treasurer of the Pawcatuck Valley Street Ry.; vice-president of the Niantic Savings Bank; president of the Westerly branch of the Connecticut Building Association.

He was a Republican in politics and held many positions; was town clerk, 1869-82; State senator 1869 until his resignation, December 11, 1882. State auditor and ex officio insurance commissioner, 1882-87; Secretary of State, 1887-89; postmaster of Westerly, 1891-95; secretary of the State Board of Charities and Correction, 1887 and 1888; member of the State Board of Education, 1873-79; commissioner of Indians, a state office, 1877 and 1888. He held many town offices; was overseer of the poor; member of the school committee and its chairman for some years.

He took great interest in agricultural matters, serving as an officer in Washington County Agricultural Society. He was a member of Christ Episcopal Church, serving as warden for twenty years; was a member of Franklin Lodge, F. and A. M., Palmer Chapter, R. A. M., and Narragansett Commandery, K. T. In the summer of 1898, his health began to fail and he went to New York City for treatment. He rapidly grew worse and died July 2.

He was married October 4, 1877, to Jessie Kerr, of New Bedford, Mass., who died May 8, 1909. One child, Samuel Hazard, born July 1, 1891, now a student in Harvard College, class of 1912.

CYRUS MUNSON MERRIMAN, B. S.

Cyrus M. Merriman, son of Hiram and Adeliza (Munson) Merriman was born in Bradford, N. Y., May 16, 1839, and died in Canandaigua, N. Y., August 31, 1906. He prepared for college at the Bradford Academy and entered the University in 1856, graduating B. S. in 1859; was a member of the θ λ Fraternity.

He engaged in mercantile business in Bradford, N. Y., 1867 until 1872, when he removed to Williamsport, Pa., and engaged in the lumber business until 1886. In this last year, he retired from active business, making his home in Geneva and Penn Yan, N. Y. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; the Masonic Lodge of Bradford.

He was married May 22, 1867, to Georgia Crane of Bradford, N. Y., who died February 7, 1910. Two children were born to them: William Egbert Crane, born May 18, 1868, now engaged in the lumber business in Narrows, Va.; Augusta Curtis, born January 15, 1870, married Henry C. Quigley, resides in Bellefonte, Pa.

LIEUT. ROBERT EMMET HITCHCOCK, U. S. M. C., B. S.



Lieut. Robert Emmet Hitchcock.

was the first Vermonter, and the first son of "N. U." to die for the Union Cause.

Robert E. Hitchcock, son of Dr. William Aaron and Emily Eliza (Hunsdon) Hitchcock, and cousin of Col. Charles Hunsdon, '51, was born in Shoreham, Vermont, September 29, 1839, and was killed at the battle of Bull Run, Va., July 21, 1861. He prepared for college at the Newton Academy, Shoreham, Vt., and entered the University in September, 1856, and graduated B. S., in 1859; was a member of the Parthenon Society and the *A Σ H* Fraternity.

He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, U. S. Marine Corps, June 5, 1861, and was stationed at the Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C., until July, 1861, when his company was ordered to join the Army of the Potomac in Virginia. He was shot while leading his company in the battle of Bull Run. He was a brave and efficient officer and gave promise of a brilliant military career. He

COL. THOMAS ORVILLE SEAVER, A. M.

Thomas O. Seaver, son of James Seaver, was born in Pomfret, Vt., in 1835. He entered the University in 1856, remaining two years; was one of the early members of the *A Σ H* Fraternity. In 1910, the University in recognition of his work as a soldier and judge conferred upon him the degree of A. M., as for 1859. He graduated A. B. from Union College in 1859.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Vermont; was commissioned captain, Company F, Third Vermont Infantry, May 24, 1861; was promoted major, August 13, 1861; lieutenant-colonel, September 27, 1862, and colonel, January 15, 1863; was mustered out of service, July 27, 1864. He performed conspicuous service with his regiment in the Army of the Potomac, taking part in many battles and engagements. On March 25, 1862, he was awarded a Medal of Honor from Congress for "distinguished gallantry in action near Spottsylvania Court House, Va., May 10, 1864." Soon after the war, he located in Woodstock, Vt., where he has served as judge of probate many years.

SURGEON EDGAR PARKER, B. S., M. D.

Edgar Parker, son of Charles and Mary Hildreth (Wallingford) Parker, was born in Framingham, Mass., June 7, 1840, and died in Bridgewater, Mass., April 9, 1892. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered

the University in 1856, graduating B. S. in 1859; was one of the founders of the *A Σ II* Fraternity and did much to further its prosperity.

He was military instructor at the Military Academy, Sing-Sing, N. Y., 1859-60. He entered Harvard Medical College in 1860, and graduated M. D. in March, 1863.

He was commissioned assistant surgeon of the 13th Massachusetts Infantry, March 13, 1863; served with distinction at the second battle of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville and Gettysburg; was in charge of the field hospital in this last battle, and was severely wounded in the head; was honorably discharged, September 18, 1863, for "disability resulting from a wound received in battle."

He practiced his profession in Saxonville and Weston, Mass., 1864-1870, meeting with success. His health beginning to fail, he gave up his practice of medicine in 1870, and began portrait painting in Boston. He had great talent

in this line and became one of the best known and most successful portrait painters in Boston. He was a member of the Loyal Legion and Papyrus Club, Boston.

He was married January 28, 1861, to Frances Ames Hyde of Bridgewater, who died December 3, 1896. One child, Joseph Hyde, was born to them December 12, 1865, died May 21, 1866.



Surgeon Edgar Parker.

COL. JOSEPH STEDMAN, B. S., A. M., M. D.

Joseph Stedman, son of Cyrus and Mary Jordan Stedman, was born in Medfield, Mass., October 13, 1835, and died suddenly after a year of ill health at Watkins Glen, N. Y., May 16, 1898, and was buried in Jamaica Plain, Mass. He attended the schools of his town and the Monson and Lawrence Academies. He entered the University in 1856, and graduated B. S. in 1859; was a member of the *Θ Α* Fraternity; received the degree of A. M., in course, in 1866; was the first president of the Boston Alumni Association of "N. U." served as trustee of the University, 1875-98.

He entered the University of New York Medical College in 1859, and on the breaking out of the Civil War, enlisted, April 11, 1861, as a private in Company B, of the famous "Sixth Massachusetts" Regiment, and took part in its historic march through Baltimore, April 19, 1862; was promoted sergeant and drill officer, May 2, 1861; was mustered out of service with the regiment, August 2, 1861. In August, 1862, he recruited a company in Medfield, and adjoining towns, which was known as the "Adams Guard," and became Company B, of the 12d Massachusetts Infantry; was commissioned its captain, August

28, 1862; was promoted lieutenant-colonel, November 11, 1862. The regiment was ordered South, where it took part in the "Banks Expedition." In January 1863, the colonel of the regiment was captured and Lieutenant-Colonel Stedman had command of the regiment until it was mustered out of service, August



Col. Joseph Stedman.

20, 1863. The regiment was re-enlisted for a service of 100 days, and he was commissioned its colonel, July 22, 1864. The regiment served in Virginia with headquarters in Alexandria. He was mustered out of service with his regiment, November 11, 1864. Colonel Stedman served for some time as president of a general court martial and was for a time on detached service in Maryland.

He received the degree of M. D. in 1864, and practiced his profession in Jamaica Plain, Mass., from 1867 until 1898. He was commissioned surgeon and major of the 10th Regiment Infantry, M. V. M., September 5, 1866; was promoted medical director of the 1st Brigade M. V. M., with rank of lieutenant-colonel, May 24, 1867; was honorably discharged May 17, 1871. He was a member of the Orthodox Congregational Church of Jamaica Plain.

He was married October 1, 1862, to Margaret Annette Stevens of Providence, R. I., who survives him and resides in Sharon, Mass. Four children were born to them: Annie Chapin, born November 6, 1865, resides in Boston, Mass.; Joseph Cyrus, born February 28, 1866, now a physician at Jamaica Plain; Mary Adelaide, born November 1, 1868, married Horace Greeley Cooke, resides in Paterson, N. J.; Edward Hemenway, born March 9, 1872, resides in Bogota, N. J.

CHARLES TYLER WALCOTT.

Charles T. Walcott, son of Charles Walcott, was born in Readsboro, Bennington County, Vermont, February 10, 1833. In 1850, his father moved to Monroe, Mass. He prepared for college in the academies in Whitingham, Mass., Paper Mill Village, N. H., and Shelburne Falls, Mass., and a select school in Rowe, Mass. He entered the University in 1856, and graduated B. S. in 1859.

He read law for some time, but gave it up to follow the profession of civil engineering; was rodman on the Fitchburg R. R., then assistant engineer on a preliminary railroad survey from North Adams, through Hancock in Massachusetts to Stephentown, N. Y.; was assistant engineer on preliminary survey from Walpole, N. H., down the Connecticut river on the east side to Brattleboro, Vt., for the Connecticut R. R.; was engineer in charge of the Pittsfield & North Adams R. R.; assistant engineer on preliminary survey for the Boston

& Albany R. R. from Stevensville through New Lebanon Springs in Massachusetts to Stephentown, N. Y. He assisted in taking levels for the Hoosac tunnel; was first assistant engineer on the location and construction of the Lee & Hudson R. R. from West Stockbridge to Lee; was engineer in charge of the survey of the Troy & Greenfield R. R., from West Deerfield to Greenfield, in Massachusetts; engineer in charge of the Ware division of the Massachusetts Central R. R.; assistant engineer in survey of narrow gauge railroad from Brattleboro to Wilmington, in Vermont. In 1874, he removed from Stockbridge to Greenfield, where he has since resided and where he is now engaged in general engineering. He was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, and later an enrolling officer. He is one of the directors of the United States Mortgage Trust Co.

He was married in 1859, to Lentina J. Ballou of Monroe, Mass., who died June 23, 1867. He was again married January 24, 1871, to Phebe A. Prouty of Marlboro, Vt.

CAPT. HOLLAND WHEELER, B. S.

Holland Wheeler, second son of Holland and Frances Adelaide (Tuttle) Wheeler, was born in Saxtons River, Vt., April 19, 1837. His father died when he was five years old. From 1846 until 1858, he made his home in Westminster, Vt. He entered the University in 1856, remaining until 1858; received the degree of B. S. in course, from the University in 1910.

He located in Lawrence, Kan., in 1858, where he has since resided. He was assistant engineer on the survey of the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Ft. Gibson R. R., now the Southern Kansas Branch of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe system, in 1858; made surveys of the Ottawa Indian lands in 1858-59; was assistant engineer on the Leavenworth Branch of the Kansas Pacific R. R., in 1863; had charge of the construction of the dam across the Kansas river at Lawrence in 1873; was deputy United States Mineral surveyor in Colorado and surveyed mineral claims in Silverton and elsewhere in 1875. As deputy United States surveyor and contractor, he surveyed the Iowa Indian reservation in Kansas and Nebraska in 1876. He has made many surveys for territorial and state roads; located and superintended the construction of many irrigation canals in Western Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado; made a survey of two hundred miles of road for the Kansas Pacific main line for alignment in 1876; during 1877-79, had charge of the location



Holland Wheeler.

and construction of divisions of the Solomon Junction City & Fort Kearney and the McPherson branches of the Kansas Pacific R. R.

He had charge of a party on the survey of a line from River Bend on the Kansas & Pacific R. R., to Colorado Springs up the Ute Pass *via* Manatou in 1878; was assistant engineer in the office of the Kansas Pacific R. R., at Kansas City in 1880; was chief engineer on the construction of the Sedalia, Warsaw & Southern R. R., in Missouri and designed all its structures; during 1881, had charge of the location and construction of twenty miles of the Missouri Pacific R. R., in Nebraska including the Platte River Bridge, three fourths of a mile long. He made, in 1883, a general survey of the Kansas Central R. R., preparatory to making it a standard gauge. In 1885, he relocated the Union Pacific R. R. tracks and grounds for a new depot at Lawrence, Kansas, with approaches and street paving; was engineer in charge of the location and construction of the Chelsea Park consolidated cities and Kensington branches of the elevated railroad in Kansas City.



Capt. Holland Wheeler.

He was city engineer of Lawrence, Kansas, at various times from 1860, until 1889; also during 1889-1903, 1904-10, and during his term of office, designed and constructed the sewer system of that city, laying some nine miles of pipe costing \$40,000; also constructed storm sewers and culverts; laid out the Oak Hill Cemetery in Lawrence and designed the receiving tomb. He engineered the two street railway systems in Lawrence; laid out the grounds and buildings of the Kansas State Capitol; the State University grounds, and the Haskell Institute (Indian school) in Lawrence. He has also laid out and surveyed many town sites. During 1903-04, he had charge of an extensive paving contract in Ottawa, Kan. He served as county engineer of Douglas County for some years. He has invented and patented flush siphon tanks, regulating valves and sewer inlets, etc. He is now engaged in private practice in Lawrence.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he drilled Union Volunteers at Lawrence, and was elected captain of Company A, 3d Regiment, Kansas State Militia, and was detailed as ordnance officer of the 2d Brigade. At the time of Price's raid, was posted in the battle of Westport in support of the Colorado 2d Battery on Old Independence road, east of Kansas City; was appointed by Governor Robinson to assist and arm Union refugees on the Kansas and Missouri border.

He is a member of the G. A. R.; American Society of Municipal Improvement; Kansas Engineering Society; Kansas State Historical Society.

He was married November 2, 1870, to Martha Elizabeth Glasby of Concordia, Kansas. Four children have been born to them: Frances Elizabeth, born November 2, 1881, married A. M. Townsden, M. D., resides Barnard, Kan.; Harriett Tuttle, born September 20, 1884, resides in Lawrence; Lucena Annette, born October 18, 1886, resides in Lawrence; Holland, Jr., born December 25, 1902.

NON-GRADUATES, 1859.

CAPT. FRANK POWER AMSDEN.

Frank P. Amsden, son of Joel Amsden, '34, and Anna Theresa (Powers) Amsden, was born in Booneville, Oneida County, New York, August 25, 1839, and died in Scranton, Pa., March 21, 1895. He attended the private schools of Easton and Scranton, Pa., and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., and in 1856 entered the University, remaining two years.

Returning to Scranton, he assisted his father in making the surveys of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R., and of the borough of Scranton; after which he confined himself to general office work of civil engineering and architecture until August 5, 1861, when he entered the military service as first lieutenant Battery H, 1st Pennsylvania Volunteer Light Artillery.

In the spring of 1862, he was detailed on recruiting service and placed in charge of Camp Curtin at Harrisburg, Pa.; was assigned to Battery B, June 24, 1862; was afterwards acting adjutant and quartermaster of the Artillery Battalion, First Division, 4th Corps, Army of the Potomac. Just prior to the Peninsular campaign, he was transferred to Battery C, Seymour's division, Fifth Corps, Army of the Potomac, participating in the battles of Mechanicsville, Gaines' Mills, Charles City Cross-roads, and Malvern Hill. At Gaines' Mills, Captain Kerns was wounded, two of the six guns were lost, and the command developed on Lieutenant Amsden. At the second battle of Bull Run, Captain Kerns was killed, and the remainder of the battery, with the exception of two caissons, was lost; was commissioned captain, November 2, 1862 and ordered to Washington to re-organize the battery; was assigned to duty with the artillery brigade, Third Division, 1st Corps, Army of the Potomac; participated in the battle of Fredericksburg, December 12, 1863, having a horse shot under him; took part in Burnside's second campaign, and at Chancellorsville. On account of disabilities contracted in the service, Captain Amsden resigned May 25, 1863; returned to Scranton, resuming his profession of civil engineer and architect.



Capt. Frank Power Amsden.

He was city engineer of Scranton for a number of years, and also for a time in partnership with his father in New York City. He was engineer of the Flushing & North Shore R. R. on Long Island and was resident engineer on the Morris & Essex Railway at Dover, N. Y. He was a charter member of Lieut. Ezra

S. Griffin Post, No. 139, G. A. R., of Scranton, serving as its quartermaster for a number of years; was an aide on the staff of the commander-in-chief and aide and inspector-at-large on the staff of the department commander of Pennsylvania; was also a member of Union Lodge, No. 291, A. Y. M. of Scranton.

He was married April 9, 1860, in New York city, to Harriet Fielding of Green Point, Brooklyn, who died March 2, 1882. Three children were born to them: Anna Louise, born December 12, 1860, resides in Scranton, Pa.; Frank Fielding, born November 8, 1862, resides in Harrisburg, Pa.; Edith Bloodgood, born January 17, 1866, resides in Philadelphia, Pa.

BVT. COL. GEORGE VERGINUS BOUTELLE.

George V. Boutelle, son of Josiah Willis and Sarah (Maynard) Boutelle, was born in Leominster, Mass., December 23, 1837, and died in Hampton, Va., October 13, 1897. He prepared for college in the schools of Bennington, Vt., and Troy, N. Y.

He was a student at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., 1854-55, and entered the University in 1856, remaining two years. He was assistant engineer on the Illinois Central R. R. in Illinois, 1859-60; was engineer with General Clements, United States Engineer on Government surveys, Utah, 1866-68; was city engineer, Denver, Colo. for some time.

He served in "Clays Battalion" Infantry of Washington, D. C., in April, 1861, and was commissioned 2d lieutenant April 18, and served with the Battalion in the defense of Washington; was commissioned captain Company A, 2d New York Infantry, August 1, 1861, took part in the battles of Newport News, Va., and witnessed the engagement between the Monitor and Merrimac. His regiment was assigned to 3d Brigade, 2d Division, of the 3rd Army Corps. He served with distinction in the various battles in which his regiment participated until May 26, 1863, when the regiment was mustered out of service at Troy, N. Y.

He then assisted in recruiting and organizing the 21st New York Cavalry, known as "Griswolds Cavalry," was commissioned major in this regiment, October 15, 1863; served in the Shenandoah Valley and vicinity, January, 1864-May, 1865; also in the Lynchburg raid in June, 1864. He commanded the regiment in the battle of Elliotts Mills, in December, 1864; also at the "Grand Review" at Washington, D. C., in 1865. His regiment was afterwards ordered to Leavenworth, Kansas, and from there marched to Denver, Colo., in the fall of 1865; was mustered out of service at Denver, upon consolidation of the regiment, November 14, 1865; was brevetted colonel, United States Volunteers, "for long and faithful service."

He was a member of the Masonic Lodge, Troy, N. Y.; G. A. R.; Washington, D. C., Commandery, Loyal Legion; Sons of the American Revolution; National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.

He was married at Troy, N. Y., May 20, 1859, to Frances Louise Keep, who died in New York City, March, 1886. Two children were born to them: Gertrude, died in 1862; Harry Sylvester, born July 9, 1865, died in New York City, in January, 1899.

CAPT. THOMAS FRALEY BRINGHURST.

Thomas F. Bringhurst, son of Col. John Henry Bringhurst, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., November 17, 1837, and died there, August 2, 1892; was buried in Whitemarsh, Montgomery Co., Pa. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1856, remaining two years.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Pennsylvania, and was commissioned captain in a three months' regiment from Philadelphia; served at Fort Mifflin in the Delaware River for some time.

He was married in 1862, to Mary K. Vaughan.

CAPT. ROBERT JACKSON COWDIN.

Robert J. Cowdin, son of Gen. Robert and Sarah (Dana) Cowdin, was born in Boston, Mass., May 21, 1839, and was killed in the battle of Cold Harbor, June 3, 1864. He attended the public schools of his city and finished his preparation for college at the Quiney and Boston Latin schools; received a diploma and the Franklin Medal for proficiency in his studies and general good conduct from the Quiney school. He entered the University in 1855, and remained nearly three years.

Previous to his entering the University, he held commissions in the 2d Massachusetts Militia of which his father was colonel. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Massachusetts. He enlisted in the 1st Massachusetts Volunteers, commanded by his father, October 14, 1861; was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 31st New York Infantry in November, 1861; promoted 1st lieutenant May 9, 1862, and captain October 4, 1862. He took a gallant part in all the battles in which his regiment was engaged; was mustered out of service, June, 1863.

He returned to Massachusetts and on December 10, 1863, was commissioned captain, Co. E, 56th Massachusetts Infantry, commanded by Col. Charles E. Griswold, '51. He was killed while in command of the division pickets at the battle of Cold Harbor, June 3, 1864. As the Confederates held the ground for several days, his body was never recovered. He was a gallant and efficient officer and his loss was deeply felt by the regiment. His sword, which was presented to him by the officers and members of his company, was returned to his family in 1874 by a citizen of Virginia at whose house it was left by an officer from General Early's command. His sword with his portrait is at the Boston Latin School and his name is inscribed on the roll of honor of the school.



Capt. Robert Jackson Cowdin.

SAMUEL EVERARD DAVIS.

Samuel E. Davis, son of Samuel and Selina Edwards (Stockwell) Davis, was born in Worcester, Mass., November 20, 1838, and died there July 14, 1893. He prepared for college in the public schools of Worcester and the Berlin, Mass., Academy. He entered the University in 1856, and remained two years; was a member of the $\theta \chi$ Fraternity. He studied in Paris, France, two years.

He was in the employ of Nourse, Mason & Co., manufacturers of agricultural machinery, Worcester, Mass., 1860-64; Frank Holbrook Co., Boston, Agricultural Dealers, 1864-78. In this last year, he returned to Worcester and engaged in the real estate business until his death, meeting with success. He was a member of Morning Star Lodge, F. and A.M., of Dorchester, Mass.

He was married June 16, 1864, to Hannah Caroline Robinson of Dorchester, Mass., who survives him and resides in Worcester, Mass. Five children were born to them: Rodney Hayward, born September 15, 1866, resides in Worcester, Mass.; Caroline Eliza, born August 23, 1868, married Mr. John M. Kendall, resides in Worcester, Mass.; George Robinson, born March 20, 1870, resides in San Francisco, Cal.; Cornelia Vinson, born July 26, 1872, resides in Worcester; Charles Stephen, born January 10, 1876, died August 8, 1877.

EDWY WELLS FOSTER, M. D.

Edwy W. Foster, son of Don Packard and Louisa Maria (Doty) Foster, was born in Shelburne Falls, Mass., August 6, 1838, and died, unmarried, at Waltham, Mass., October 6, 1901.

He attended the schools of his town and graduated from the Shelburne Falls Academy; also graduated from the Fort Edward Institute in 1855, with the highest honors of the Classical department. He entered the University in 1855, and remained two years.

He studied dentistry with Dr. Thomas W. Meekins of Northampton, Mass., 1860-61, 1862-64; graduated M. D., Boston University Medical College, with the highest honors of his class in 1875; but never practiced, excepting in connection with dentistry.

In 1861, he enlisted as a private in the 27th Massachusetts Infantry at Northampton, with regimental headquarters at Springfield; and being an accomplished musician, was assigned to the band and soon became the second leader; was honorably discharged at Newbern, N. C., in the fall of 1862, by the order of the War Department, that reduced the number of the military bands to only one for each brigade.



Edwy Wells Foster.

He practiced dentistry in Shelburne Falls, 1864-September, 1865; Milwaukee, Wis., September, 1865-October, 1873; Boston, 1875, until his death. He took great interest in literary matters and spent several years in compiling various works. He contributed many articles to dental, medical and general magazines. He took great interest and enjoyment in the practice and composition of music; was the author of over one hundred musical compositions, consisting of songs, duets, trios and quartets, for both male and mixed voices; also two operettas. One of his chorals, the *Hymn of the Flag*, was accepted by the musical committee of the World's Fair, Chicago, and sung there on patriotic occasions. He was a member of many medical and dental associations; Roanoke Island Association, E. K. Wilcox Post, No. 16, G. A. R., of Springfield.

LIEUT. WALLACE ALBERT KING.

Wallace A. King, son of Albert and Lucia A. King, was born in Woodstock, Vt., February 3, 1837. He prepared for college at the Woodstock High School and the Westminster, Vt., Seminary, pursuing at the latter Institution a special course in art, painting and drawing. He entered the University in 1855, and remained two years, having in charge the department of drawing.

Soon after leaving the University, he removed to Tecumseh, Mich., where he followed his profession of portrait and landscape painting, panorama work. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he enlisted sixty of the eighty-five men of the Tecumseh Union Cadets; was elected their captain, but declined the office. He was then chosen first lieutenant and was commissioned. He drilled the recruits day and night for four weeks and took them to camp in Adrian, Mich., where they were mustered in as Company G, 4th Michigan Infantry. He was taken sick with bilious fever and was confined to the hospital for eight weeks. He was forced to resign his commission, and as soon as he was able, he returned to Vermont. He enlisted in Company B, 7th Squadron R. I. Cavalry, the "College Cavaliers," (q. v.) and served his time of enlistment.

He then followed his profession in Woodstock, for two years. He was for some years, foreman of the decoration department of the Hampshire Pottery Company of Keene, N. H., also J. S. Taft & Co. He is a member of Royal Select Masters of Windsor, Vt. He is also a charter member of the Pilgrim Fathers and John Sedgwick Post, G. A. R., of Keene.

He was married in 1867, to Ada L. Emmons of Woodstock. Three children have been born to them: Wallace Starr, Ada Belle, and Aline M., all now residents of Boston, Mass.

CAPT. CHARLES EDMUND PARKER, A. B.

Charles E. Parker, son of William and Henrietta (Miller) Parker, was born in Vergennes, Vt., February 24, 1839. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1856, remaining two years. He then entered Dartmouth College, and graduated A. B. in 1860.

He studied law from 1860 to December, 1861, when he enlisted for service in the Civil War. He was commissioned first lieutenant and adjutant of the 7th Vermont Infantry, January 1, 1862; was promoted captain, Co. E, same regiment, December 9, 1862. He served with his regiment in the Department of the Gulf, under Gen. B. F. Butler, taking part in the engagements

at Baton Rouge, Vicksburg and Mobile. Owing to failing health, he resigned from the service, October 22, 1863. He then returned to Vergennes and engaged in the wholesale manufacture of sash, doors and blinds in the firm of Hayes, Flardo & Parker, continuing with this company until 1878. He is interested in many business enterprises in his city. In 1879, he organized the Electric Light and Power Co., of Vergennes, serving as its president for many years.

He is a Republican in politics and has held several offices; served as mayor of the city in 1885; was a member of the school board, 1894-96, and superintendent of schools several years. He represented Vergennes in the House of Representatives in 1894, serving on the military and educational committees.

He is a member of the Episcopal Church and has served several times as delegate to the general convention of the Church; was also a member for some years of the missionary committee of the diocese of Vermont; trustee of the Vermont Episcopal Institute; *Θ Α* Fraternity of "N.U."; *Z Y* Fraternity of Dartmouth College; Chapter member of Ethan Allen Post, No. 3, G. A. R., of Vergennes, serving as its adjutant and commander; Loyal Legion.

He was married in 1866, to Agnes W. Ripley of Rutland, Vt. One child, Grace Agnes.

CAPT. GEORGE PARKER, A. B., LL. B.

George Parker, son of George and Margaret (Thorn) Parker, was born in Vergennes, Vt., September 2, 1840. He prepared for college in the schools of his town; entered the University in 1856, and remained two years; graduated A. B. from Dartmouth in 1860.

He served as captain in Co. A, 6th Vermont Infantry, October 4, 1861, until October 21, 1862, when he resigned. He studied law in Vergennes and in Burlington, Vt.; graduated LL. B. at the Harvard Law School in 1864. He practiced his profession in Chicago, 1865-66, and in Salt Lake City for several years.

BVT. MAJ.-GEN. LEWIS MEAD PECK.

Lewis M. Peck, son of George M. Peck, was born in Holly, N. Y., in 1835. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1856, remaining two years. He was commissioned captain in the 67th New York Infantry, June 24, 1861; lieutenant-colonel of the 173d New York Infantry, October 11, 1862; colonel, same, March 16, 1863. He was brevetted brigadier-general, March 13, 1865, for "gallant and meritorious services during the war," and major-general of volunteers for gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Cedar Creek, Va., October 19, 1864. He was mustered out of service, October 16, 1865.

SERGT ASAHEL H. QUINTBY.

Asahel H. Quimby, son of Austin F. Quimby, was born in Hill, N. H., in 1836. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1856, remaining two years. He enlisted in Company D, 8th New Hampshire Infantry, December 5, 1861; was appointed corporal, August 1, 1863. He was severely wounded and on April 10, 1864, was transferred to the 142d Company, 2d Battalion V. R. C.; was appointed sergeant and

mustered out of service in New Orleans, La., December 20, 1864. He engaged in business and farming in Hill, N. H., until his death in 1900. He was survived by a son, Lyman H. Quimby, who now resides in Tilton, N. H.

LIEUT. JOHN McINTYRE ROLFE.

John M. Rolfe, son of Jacob and Betsey (Ames) Rolfe, was born in Colchester, Vt., 1838, and died there September 13, 1902. He prepared for college at the Colchester Academy, and entered the University in 1856, remaining two years.

He was commissioned 2d lieutenant Company D, 13th Vermont Volunteers, September 6, 1862; resigned January 30, 1863. He engaged in farming in Colchester, 1858-62, 1863-85, 1889-1902. He was a Democrat in politics, and held several town offices; represented the town in the House of Representatives in 1884; was employed in the United States Custom Service in Berkshire, Vt., 1885-89.

He was married to Addie Gray, a native of Waterbury, Vt., who died May 29, 1909. Two children were born to them: Harry Gray, born June, 1881, resides in Colchester, Vt.; John Gray, born June, 1887, resides in Glens Falls, N. Y.

HON. HARLAN PAGE SARGENT.

Harlan P. Sargent, son of Daniel and Susan Hopkins (Patten) Sargent, was born in Amesbury, Mass., June 22, 1838. In 1838, his parents removed to Brewer, Me., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparation for college at the Yarmouth, Maine, Academy, and entered the University in September, 1856, remaining until September, 1857.

During 1857-58, he was assistant engineer with Luther H. Eaton, on locating the European & North American R. R., and with the city of Bangor. He, with Samuel Sterns, was engaged in grocery business from 1858 until 1863, when he became a partner with his father in the lumber business in Brewer. In 1883, he and his brother, Daniel A. Sargent, succeeded to the business, which they greatly enlarged, owning plants in Brewer and East Orrington. In 1876, they began the ice business on the Penobscot river, being the pioneer shippers. Each year thousands of



Hon. Harlan Page Sargent.

tons of ice were shipped by them to various parts of the country. The company owns several tracts of timber land in Eastern Maine. Mr. Sargent is also interested in several business enterprises. He is president of the Penobscot Loan and Building Association and of the Bangor

Broom Co.; president and treasurer of the Sargent Lumber Co.; director of the Smith Planing Mill Co., and the Merchants Insurance Co. He is a corporate member of the Bangor Savings Bank, and the Brewer Savings Bank. He was one of the prime movers in the formation of the Pulp Company, now known as the Eastern Manufacturing Co., and was a director in the Webster Paper Mill at Orono.

He is a Republican in politics, and has held many positions; served as selectman, member of the school committee, mayor of Brewer, 1889-90, and represented his town in the State Legislature, 1893-94. He is a member of the Congregational Church, South Brewer; the A. O. U. W.; Wildey Lodge, I. O. O. F., and the Twentieth Century Club at Bangor.

He was married July 10, 1862, to Mary Ellen Bragg of Bangor, Me. Five children have been born to them; Ellen Frances, born April 2, 1865, died June 20, 1880; William Henry, born March 6, 1869, died June 18, 1902; Frank Carleton, born February 3, 1873, now a prominent electrical engineer, resides in Malden, Mass.; Annie Porter, born November 15, 1876, died April 3, 1877; Susan Amelia, born May 2, 1881, died January 20, 1900.

MASTER JACOB MAECH SMALLEY, U. S. N.

Jacob M. Smalley, son of Hon. David Allen and Laura (Barlow) Smalley, and brother of Gen. Henry A. Smalley, '51, was born in Jericho, Vt., October



Master Jacob Maech Smalley.

13, 1837, and died in Los Angeles, Cal., December 3, 1874. At an early age, his parents removed to Burlington, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1856, and remained two years. He then engaged in business in Burlington, Vt., until 1861, when he enlisted in the United States Navy; was promoted mate in August, 1861; acting ensign, December 1, 1862; acting master, June 28, 1864; resigned, February 10, 1865. He served on the volunteer frigate *Potomac*, in the West Gulf squadron in 1861; sloop of war *Ticonderoga*, 1862; commanded steamer *Clover*, South Atlantic squadron, 1863; master, gun boat, *Glaucus*, North Atlantic blockading squadron, 1864. He engaged in business in Los Angeles from 1865, until his death.

He was married December 2, 1864, to Elizabeth S. Keyes of Highgate, Vt., who survives him and resides in Washington, D. C. Four children were born to them.

ENGINEER SAMUEL WELLES, U. S. N., B. S.

Samuel Welles, son of Thaddeus and Emily Maria (Kellogg) Welles, and nephew of Gideon Welles, '26, was born in Glastonbury, Conn., December 15, 1840, and was killed July 10, 1866. He attended the schools of his town and Gallup's Private School in Hartford, Conn. He entered the University September, 1856, and remained until 1858; graduated B. S. from the Chandler School of Dartmouth College in 1862.

Through his uncle, Gideon Welles, '26, Secretary of the Navy, he received, in 1862, an appointment as civil engineer, U. S. N.; was employed at the Navy Yards in Brooklyn and Washington, D. C., until April, 1865, when he received the appointment as chief constructing engineer at the Mare Island Navy Yard, California. In the morning of the 10th of July, 1866, he was fatally injured by an explosion of an engine used in driving piles, and died that evening. Though but a young man in the service, he had gained great distinction in his work and had received much commendation from his superior officers for his efficient service. Admiral Farragut paid him the honor of attending his funeral in Glastonbury.

JOSEPH WALDO WOODS.

Joseph W. Woods, son of Joseph and Elizabeth Mercey (Fairbanks) Woods, was born in Ashburnham, Mass., October 8, 1839. He prepared for college in the Fitchburg, Mass., High School and under the tutorship of Rev. Farrington McIntyre, Grafton, Mass. He entered the University from Dubuque, Iowa, in the spring of 1856, and remained until the fall of 1857.

He was a shipping clerk for Powers and Dennis, commission merchants, St. Louis, Mo., spring of 1858-May, 1860. He was telegrapher, American Telegraph Company, Jamaica, L. I., New York, January, 1861-November, 1862; Sandy Hook, November, 1862-November, 1863. He opened the "Peoples Line" office for same company in New Haven, Conn., and managed it from November, 1863, until January, 1864. He managed the office of the same company in Barnum's Hotel, Baltimore, Md., January, 1864-April, 1881. He managed the Western Union Telegraph Company's office in the Dry



Joseph Waldo Woods.

Goods district at 255 Church St., New York city, from 1881 until 1901, when he retired from active work. He now resides at the Judson, No. 53 Washington Square, New York City.

CLASS OF 1860.

BVT. COL. GUSTAVUS MURRAY BASCOM, U. S. A., B. S.

Gustavus M. Bascom, son of William Tulley and Emily (Murray) Bascom, and cousin of Clayton E. Rich, '63, and Irving B. Rich, '64, and was born in McConnellsville, Ohio, Sept., 21, 1840, and died in Portsmouth, R. I., August 16, 1884. In 1849 his parents removed to Columbus, Ohio, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1857, and graduated B. S. in 1860; was distinguished at the University for his fine scholarship and love of military work; was adjutant of the corps of cadets, fall of 1859; member of the $\Lambda\Sigma\Pi$ Fraternity.

He was private secretary to Governor Cox of Ohio, 1860-61. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Ohio and was appointed State drill master and drilled and instructed the volunteers for some time; was appointed captain and *aide-de-camp* Ohio Volunteers, April 23, 1861; mustered out of service, August 15, 1861; was commissioned captain and assistant adjutant-general of volunteers, August 20, 1861; major, October 7, 1862; lieutenant-colonel, January 25, 1864-January 31, 1865; was brevetted lieutenant-colonel, and colonel of volunteers, November 5, 1865, for "faithful and meritorious service"; was mustered out of service July 1, 1866.



Bvt. Col. Gustavus Murray Bascom.

the district of Ohio, April-November, 1863; engaged in the battles of Dandridge; assistant adjutant-general Twenty-third Corps, January, 1864-January, 1865, and engaged in the action of Dalton and battle of Resaca; stationed at department headquarters Knoxville, Tenn., and Louisville, Ky., January-March, 1865; assistant adjutant-general to General Stoneman and engaged in the capture of Salisbury, N. C., and Stoneman's raid through southwest Virginia and North Carolina.

He was appointed first lieutenant, 17th United States Infantry, January 22, 1867; served in Texas and various stations in the South and West until 1883, when he was transferred to Portsmouth; was regimental adjutant, December 17, 1867-February 1, 1869; awaiting orders, February 1-July 14, 1869;

was assigned to the 13th Infantry, July 14, 1869; regimental quarter-master August 1, 1871-December 11, 1873; was promoted captain, December 11, 1873; brevetted, captain U. S. A., March 2, 1867 for "gallant and meritorious services in the battle of Antietam, Md.," and major same date "for gallant and meritorious service in the battle of Resaca, Ga." His death was caused by being thrown from a carriage while driving in Portsmouth, R. I. He was one of the ablest officers of the army. His record proves his qualities as a soldier. Among those of his command, he was extremely popular, his men not only admiring him for his military attributes, but loving him as a considerate and kind-hearted officer, who left nothing undone that lay in his power for the comfort and welfare of those under him; they regarded him as a father. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge and the Loyal Legion.

He was married in Greenville, Tenn., in 1866, to Carrie Cary Jones, a native of Hampton Roads, Va., who died in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1881. One child, Fanny Emily, born in 1867, died in infancy.

CAPT. GEORGE W. FIELD, B. S.

George W. Field was born in Northfield, Mass., July 14, 1840, and died there, about 1895. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1857, graduating B. S. in 1860; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity.

He engaged in engineering in Illinois until 1861, when he enlisted in Company C., 105th Illinois Infantry. After his service in this regiment, he went to Lowell, Mass., where he engaged in engineering until January, 25, 1864, when he was commissioned captain of Company D., 59th Massachusetts Infantry. Owing to disability, he was discharged June 16, 1864. He engaged in business in Northfield, Mass., for some time and was later employed in a manufacturing plant in Fitchburg, Mass. He received a sun stroke while in the army and he never fully regained his health.

He married Fanny Swift of Northfield, Mass.

CHARLES MORTON, C. E.

Charles Morton, son of Josephus and Sarah (Lewis) Morton, was born in Boston, Mass., July 19, 1841, and died in Brookline, Mass., August 28, 1909. He attended the Franklin, Dwight and English High Schools and entered the University in 1857, graduating B. S. in 1860. He was one of the early members of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity. In 1897, the University in recognition of his distinguished work as an engineer, conferred upon him the degree of C.E. in course.

He was surveyor of Government lands in northern Iowa and Minnesota, 1860-62. He was engineer, during 1862-65, for the Commonwealth & Boston Water Power Co., of Boston, Mass., and had charge of developing the property of the company in the Back Bay district from Arlington street to Massachusetts avenue; and from Tremont street to the same thoroughfare. In 1865, he was appointed assistant city engineer of Boston. During 1857-85, he was an assistant engineer in the city surveyor's office of Boston, as acting and deputy superintendent, he had charge of the street and bridge departments of Boston, 1886 and 1887. During 1888, he was general superintendent of the Boston Heating Co.; was superintendent of sewers, Boston, 1889-90; was a member of the Board of Survey of the city of Boston, 1891-95. In this last year, he

became a member of the firm of Morton & Quimby, consulting engineers, with office at 53 State Street. As consulting engineer, he had charge of many of the most important works of his State. In 1907, he removed to Brookline, Mass., where he made his home until his death. He was a member of Aberdour Lodge, F. and A. M., of Boston; St. Paul's Chapter R. A. M.; Roxbury Council; Joseph Warren Commandery, K. T.; Knights of Malta; Washington Lodge, I. O. O. F.; Massachusetts Charitable Mechanics Association; Boston and Roxbury Clubs; American Society of Civil Engineers.

He was married, December 25, 1865, to Annie Haight Hunt of Dorchester, who resides in Boston, Mass.; no children.

BRIG.-GEN. EDMUND RICE, U. S. A., B. S., A. M.

Edmund Rice, son of Moses Maynard and Eliza (Damon) Rice, was born in Cambridge, Mass., December 2, 1842, and died in Greenwood, Mass., July 20, 1906. He prepared for college in the schools of his native city and Boston and entered the University in 1856, remaining nearly three years; was a member of the *ΔΥΠ* Fraternity. The University in recognition of his work as a soldier conferred upon him the degree of B. S. in 1874 as for 1860, and A. M. in 1898. He served for some time as a sailor in the China Sea.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of Massachusetts and was commissioned a captain in the 14th Massachusetts Infantry, April 27, 1861. This regiment was soon disbanded and in June of the same year, he was for a short time captain in the 20th Massachusetts Infantry. He was transferred to the 19th Massachusetts Regiment, July 25, 1861, and served with this regiment until the close of the war. From July, 1861, until September, 1862, he was engaged in the following battles: Ball's Bluff, Peninsula Campaign, Myron's Mills, Siege of Yorktown, West Point, Fair Oaks, Oak Grove, Peach Orchard, Allen's Farm, Savage Station, White Oak Swamp, Glendale, Malvern Hill, Second Malvern Hill, Bull Run, Fairfax Court House, South Mountain and Antietam. He commanded the regiment at Glendale and was mentioned in the general orders for his conspicuous bravery. He was severely wounded at the battle of Antietam, September 15, 1862, and was on sick leave until October of the same year, when he rejoined the regiment at Falmouth. He was commissioned major, October 1, 1862, and took part in the second attack on Fredericksburg and the action at Thoroughfare Gap.

His bravery was conspicuous at the battle of Gettysburg, where he took part in the repulse of Pickett's charge. We quote from an official letter: "The conspicuous gallantry of Maj. Edmund Rice of the 19th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry at the third day's battle of Gettysburg, where he was severely wounded, did more than a single exertion of any other officer on our side to retrieve the day after the battle had been virtually won by the Confederates who had broken our lines and were cheering and swinging their hats on our captured guns. After the line was broken the 19th dashed in, and placed themselves in the rear of the break and for twelve minutes received the enemy's fire at a distance of less than fifteen paces. In that time one man in every two of the whole regiment, and seven over, fell, including Rice, who was shot in front of his men, he being at that moment the officer fighting nearest the enemy in our whole line. He fought till he fell; his men fought till they fell. His example held them firm at a great crisis in the country's history. He held

Pickett's heavy column in check with the single thin line of his regiment till reinforcements came from right and left, and thus saved the day, and as a consequence prevented the Confederacy being acknowledged by England, as we all now know it would have been if successful in that battle; and it is conceded that the war was ended two years sooner than if Gettysburg had been a Confederate success, followed by all its natural consequences. * * * Rice's regiment lost three-fourths of its force in that awful struggle, but its victorious remnants brought off the field the captured battle flags of the 14th, 19th, 53d and 57th Virginia regiments. When Webb's brigade broke, the writer recognizing fully the crisis of the moment, listened impatiently for the expected order to meet it, but except Rice's cry to follow him, heard no such order, and believes that none other was given.'

He was presented a Medal of Honor by Congress for leading the advance of his regiment and 42d New York in the the charge against Pickett. He was commissioned lieutenant-colonel, July 2, 1864, and commanded his regiment in the Rapidan Campaign of the Army of the Potomac, and the battles of Bristol Station, Blackburn's Ford, Robinson's Cross Roads, and Mine Run. In April, 1865, on the occasion of the review of the different corps of the army by General Grant, the 19th Massachusetts Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel Edmund Rice commanding, was selected by General Mead, as his was one of the two best drilled and disciplined regiments in the Army of the Potomac, to drill before Generals Grant, Mead and Sheridan, and the corps commanders. He commanded his regiment in the battle of the Wilderness, May 5-7, 1864,

and Laurel Hill, May 8, 1864. He was captured in the assault at the "Death Angle" Spottsylvania, May 12, 1864, and in North Carolina, while being conveyed South, escaped by cutting through the door of a freight car in which the prisoners were confined and jumping from it, while the train was under full headway. He reached the Union lines, near the Ohio River, after travelling twenty-three nights (resting by day) having walked between three and four hundred miles. He was commissioned colonel in July, 1864, but not mustered owing to the heavy casualties which had reduced his regiment below the standard required by the War Department for the mustering of colonels. Yet he acted as colonel until the close of the war. He rejoined his regiment in front of Petersburg in August, 1864; was in command of Fort Rice and engaged in the battles of Second Deep Bottom, Weldon Railroad, Ream's Station, and Second Hatcher's Run; in command of Fort Steadman and Batteries Eleven



Brig.-Gen. Edmund Rice.

and Twelve in front of Petersburg; was present at the surrender of the Confederate Army at Appomattox Court House; was mustered out in Virginia, June 30, and regiment disbanded at Readville, Mass., July 20, 1865.

He was appointed 1st lieutenant, 40th United States Infantry, July 28, 1866; was brevetted captain United States Army, March 2, 1867, "for gallant and meritorious services at the battle of Antietam, Maryland"; major, United States Army, March 2, 1867, "for gallant and meritorious services at the battle of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania;" lieutenant-colonel United States Army, March 2, 1867, "for gallant and meritorious services at the battle of the Wilderness, Virginia." He was on duty at Camp Distribution, Washington, D. C., 1866. until February, 1867; enroute and in command of Fort Caswell, N. C., February, 1867. until June, 1868; in command Post of Hilton Head, S.C., June, 1868; on duty at the Springfield Armory, Massachusetts, superintending the manufacture of the Rice Trowell Bayonet, for trial by the troops, July until October, 1868; on duty at Raleigh, N. C., and Jackson Barracks, La., October, 1868; awaiting orders at Cambridge, Mass., until October, 1869. He was engaged in reconstruction duty in Mississippi, October, 1869. until January, 1870; on duty with the St. Louis Small Arms (Schofield) Board, which recommended that the army be furnished with 500 of Rice Trowell Bayonets (his invention) for trial, January to June, 1870; on duty at Governor's Island, N. Y., June to December, 1870, and during this time commanded the transfer of recruits to Texas and Minnesota; was assigned to the 5th U. S. Infantry, December 31, 1870; on duty at Fort Wilas and Leavenworth, Kan., December, 1870 until December, 1873. He was ordered to the Springfield Mass., Armory in December, 1873, where he superintended the manufacture of 10,000 of the Rice Trowell Bayonets and the Rice Stacking Swivel, which were to be used by the Army, Navy and Militia.

He served in campaigns against the Indians, July, 1874-1875, and commanded the expedition against the Ute Indians, near the Spanish Peaks, Col., in July, 1874. In 1875, he reorganized the United States Military Prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and was in command of the prison until July 12, 1876. when he was relieved at his own request to join his regiment in the campaign against the Sioux Indians on the Yellowstone River, Montana. In August, he was ordered to take flat-boats and one three inch rifle gun and seventy-five men, and proceed from the mouth of the Powder River down the Yellowstone in search of hostile Indians. When opposite the mouth of Glendive Creek, he landed, threw up works, and was attacked by a large body of Sioux who were driven off, remained at this point until relieved by troops of General Miles command.

In 1877, he visited the troops and barracks of England and was present at Chatham, England, when the Royal Engineers were testing his "knife intrenching bayonet". By special permission, he visited in 1877 the armies of France, Germany and Austria. He joined the Russian Army, under the Grand Duke Nicholas, in front of Plevna, and by command of the Czar, an order granting him the right to visit officially the Russian and Roumanian Lines during the siege was given. He was with the sixteenth division at the storming of Green Hill, November 9th, General Skobelev commanding, and with the 26th Cossacks under General Gouker commanding, and with the 26th Cossacks, under General Couker, at Dolnej, Duhajak. From February to April, 1878, he was in command of two hundred men with thirty-five wagons and proceeded from

Bismarek, D. T., to the end of the track, up the east bank of the Missouri, and the north bank of the Yellowstone, through Dakota and Montana, a winter's march of four hundred and thirty miles in the snow to Fort Keogh.

In April, 1878, he gave testimony before the military committee of the House of Representatives at Washington, D. C., on the reorganization of the army. In July, 1878, he commanded the six gun battery in General Miles' expedition against the Sioux, north of the Missouri River, near the Canadian line. He took part in the engagement July, 17, using for the first time on this continent in action, a revolving cannon, (Hotchkiss). He was recommended for brevet colonel U. S. A., in July, 1878; served as adjutant 5th Infantry and assistant adjutant-general, district of the Yellowstone, July 5, 1879, to March 10, 1883; promoted captain, March 10, 1883; on duty Fort Leavenworth, Kan., November, 1883-September, 1885; Fort Keogh, Montana, September, 1885-August, 1886; Fort Totten, Dakota, August, 1886-April, 1888.

He visited southern Europe in the spring of 1888, and received official commission to inspect the barracks of the Spanish and Italian troops; and, in Rome, the sixth regiment of the line, was ordered to be manoeuvred before him by direction of the Minister of War. In the fall of 1888, he joined his regiment at Fort Totten and was ordered to Fort McIntosh, Texas, where he served until September, 1889. He visited Mexico in the winter of 1888-89, and inspected the Mexican troops, and the Military College at Chapultepec; served in June, 1889, as judge of the interstate drill at Galveston; at Columbus Barracks, Ohio, September, 1889-November, 1890; Fort Bliss, Texas, November, 1890-February, 1891; in command of Fort Hancock, Texas, February-May, 1891; at Jackson Barracks, La., May-July, 1891; was acting judge advocate Department of the Missouri with headquarters in Chicago, Ill., July-October, 1891.

In October, 1891, he organized the "Columbian Guard" of eighty-six officers and over four thousand men, for services at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, and had command of the Guard until June, 1891. He visited Woolwich and Aldershot, England, during the summer of 1891, and Gibraltar in December, studying the English soldiers' equipments; invented in 1891, the "Rice Combined Equipment, Belt and Garment" and in 1895, the "Rice Blanket Roll and Shelter Tent"; at Fort McPherson, Ga., and inspector of Military institutions, 1895-97. He served as United States Military attaché at Tokyo, Japan, May, 1897-April, 1898, and witnessed the manoeuvres of the Japanese Army at Moji.

On the breaking out of the Spanish American War, he asked to be relieved from duty at Tokyo and be given field service; was appointed in May, 1898, inspector-general with the rank of lieutenant-colonel on the staff of General Miles, commanding the United States Army. In June, 1898, he was placed in charge of the embarkation of troops and supplies at Tampa, Fla., for Porto Rico. In August, 1898, he joined the army at Porto Rico, and soon after his arrival, the colonel, lieutenant-colonel, and major of the "Famous Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers" resigned, leaving the regiment in a chaotic state of discipline. The trouble in this regiment produced great excitement in Massachusetts. General Miles, a native of that State, recommended the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel Rice, as colonel of this regiment, and he was commissioned its colonel, August 7, 1898. His appointment caused great rejoicing in Massachusetts, his native state, and the confidence placed in Colonel Rice

was not misplaced, as in a short time he brought order out of confusion, and the regiment became one of the best in the army. He was in command of the district of Adjuntas, and Utuado, September-October, 1898; district of Utuado, Lares and Arecibo October, 1898. On October 21, the regiment left San Juan for Boston, reaching that city October 27. The regiment paraded the streets of the city the same day and was reviewed by Governor Wolcott. The regiment was mustered out of the United States Service, January 21, 1899. He served on board to examine second lieutenants appointed to the regular army at Fort Monroe, Va., March 8-July, 1899.

He was commissioned colonel of the 26th United States Volunteer Infantry July 5, 1899 and ordered to Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., where the organization of the regiment was completed in ten days, on the 18th of July. On September 5, the regiment left Plattsburg Barracks, *en route* for the Philippine Islands, arriving in Boston, September 6, and was reviewed by Governor Wolcott and Mayor Quincy. A parade, review and drill were given on the historic Boston common before Governor Wolcott and thousands of people, September 7. The next day a parade and review was given before Governor Dyer in Providence, R. I. On the 9th of September, the regiment left Providence for Manila, P. I., via San Francisco, reaching Manila October 24, 1899; Iloilo, Island of Panay October 27, and Jaro, November 1.

He served with the expedition to Tigbauan, Leon, Calinog and Passi, leaving Jaro, November 8; took part in the engagement of the Sudan river November 20; was in command of the fourth district embracing the Island of Panay with headquarters at Jaro, April 19-March 9, 1901. During this time many combats took place between the troops and the insurgent bands. He established free schools, took the census, and administered the oath of allegiance to over 60,000 persons. His district was garrisoned by 5,441 officers and men. He was promoted major of the 3d United States Infantry, August 11, 1898; lieutenant-colonel Second Infantry, February 2, 1901; colonel Nineteenth United States Infantry, May 5, 1902; brigadier-general, August 13, 1903; retired at his own request August 14, 1903. He was ill in a private hospital in Manila, from March, 1901, until he sailed for the United States, reaching Vancouver, B. C., July 7, 1901; was in command of Fort Thomas, Ky., July 5, 1901-May, 1902; on leave May 5,-September 17, 1902; in command of 19th Infantry at the Presidio, San Francisco, September 17, 1902-July, 1903; Vancouver, July-August 14, 1903. He served as marshal at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, Mo., in 1904.

General Rice won distinction as an inventor. Mention has been made in this sketch of his trowel bayonet and his knife entrenching tool, and his stacking swivel. The last invention, now in use on all guns, issued to the United States Army, was not adopted by England until the life of the patent expired, and no recognition was ever given him by Great Britain although the stacking swivel is in use today, on all guns issued to her army and navy. Another important invention was "Rice's Improved Blanket Roll and Shelter Tent Half," which is now in general use in the United States Army. From the date of his retirement, he made his home in Boston going to Greenwood, Mass., June 1, 1906, where he resided at the time of his death. He was a brave and efficient officer, a true leader of men, with a generous nature, sympathy for the soldier and a keen sense of justice, always inspiring every man of his command with courage and devotion to duty.

He was a member of the Edward Kingsley Post, G. A. R., of Boston; Society of the Army of the Potomac; Society of the Second Army Corps; Massachusetts Commandery, Loyal Legion, and its commander; Union Veteran League; Society 19th Massachusetts Volunteers; Society Prisoners of War; Military Service Institute; Medal of Honor Society; Colonial Wars; Sons of the American Revolution; Society of the War 1812; United States Military Service Institute.

He was twice married: first, at Charleston, S. C., August 30, 1866, to Annie Clark Dutch, who died in Epping, N. H., August 6, 1869. Two children were born to them: a son died in infancy; Corinne Miles, born September 17, 1868, married Joseph H. Scharff. He was again married, June 14, 1881, to Elizabeth Mitchell Huntington, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who survives him and resides in Greenwood, Mass.

COL. SAMUEL WALKER SHATTUCK, C. E., A. M., LL. D.

Samuel W. Shattuck, son of Col. Walter and Roxanna (Fletcher) Shattuck, was born in Groton, Mass., February 18, 1841. He prepared for college at the Lawrence Academy, Groton, and entered the University in September, 1858, graduating B. S., in 1860; was adjutant of the corps of cadets; member of the $\Theta\chi$ Fraternity; received from the University the degree of C. E. in 1871, A. M. in 1867, and LL. D. in 1907.

He was appointed instructor in Mathematics and Tactics soon after graduation and served until April, 1861, when he joined the famous 6th Massachusetts regiment of which he was sergeant-major on its memorable trip to Washington. This regiment was the first to reach Washington after President Lincoln's first call for troops, and on its passage through Baltimore, four men were killed and thirty-six wounded, being the "first Northern blood to crimson the soil of the South." He served with the regiment in Baltimore and Washington until August, 1861, when the regiment was mustered out of service. He returned to his position at the University in September, 1861. In the summer of 1862, he was appointed State drill master and served several months in drilling and instructing troops in Brattleboro, Vt.; was commissioned adjutant of the 8th Vermont Infantry in October, 1863; captain, Company H, same regiment, November 24, 1864; was wounded at the battle of Cedar Creek, October 19, 1864; was mustered out of service, June 28, 1865. He served as adjutant of his brigade September, 1864-January, 1865; inspector, January-June 28, 1865, when the regiment was mustered out. He was often called upon to make use of his engineering education; he laid out and superintended the construction of several field fortifications for large bodies of men.

He performed gallant service in a charge at the battle of Winchester, September 19, 1864. The Union troops, through lack of cartridges to return the fire, were being driven back; and General Thomas, trustee of "N. U". (q. v.,) was ordered to support the line with his regiment and the 12th Connecticut. We quote from Greely's *American Conflict*, (Vol. 2, page 609.) "Colonel Thomas, 8th Vermont, ordered his men to charge at double quick with bayonet. In vain general officers shouted 'Halt! 'Lie Down,' 'Wait for support,' etc.; for, while some were still confused and vacillating, a staff officer from the right galloped in front and pointed with his saber to the woods which sheltered the enemy. At once, all dissent was silenced, all hesitation at an end; the whole center, as one man swept forward, cheering, and plunged

into the woods, meeting there Crook's corps, charging from the flank. All the Confederates who could still travel were by this time going or gone." This staff officer was Adjutant Shattuck, who led the right of his regiment. General Thomas gave the details of this charge to the compiler of this history in 1898, and paid glowing tributes to Captain Shattuck as a gallant officer. General Thomas stated that the movement was upon the adjutant's initiative; that it was without orders, if not against orders; and that the corps commander tried to stop it. But Sheridan approved it, and that made it legal; it won, and that made it gallant and patriotic.



Col. Samuel Walker Shattuck.

He also took a conspicuous part in the grand stand made by the gallant brigade commanded by Gen. Stephen Thomas, against the forces of General Early, October 19, 1864, at Winchester. In the early morning, two divisions of the Confederate army had gained a position to the left and rear of the 5th Army Corps, when a simultaneous attack was made in front and flank. This corps was completely routed, losing over forty pieces of cannon which were turned upon the Union army. As a desperate move to save the balance of the army, General Thomas' brigade was ordered to protect the left flank. The 5th Vermont was on the left, and came immediately in contact with the enemy. It fought with such desperate valor and at such odds that in less than thirty minutes it had lost

in dead and wounded more than half of its men, and out of sixteen officers, it had thirteen killed and wounded. Adjutant Shattuck's horse was killed and he was wounded himself, but remained with the colors and the few who were able to get back to the line which had been formed by the 6th Corps.

In September, 1865, Captain Shattuck returned to the University as professor of Mathematics and Taeties; was acting president, December, 1865, until June, 1866; was vice-president and adjunct professor of Mathematics and Military Science, 1866-68. He was inspector-general of Vermont, 1867-68, with rank of colonel. In June, 1868, he was elected assistant professor of Mathematics and instructor in Taeties at the University of Illinois; was promoted professor same subjects in 1871; was acting president for six months in 1873; vice-president two years and Dean of the Department of Mathematics, 1868-1908.

He was an efficient and popular professor, but as President Draper of the University states: "the time came when he could no longer fill two positions that were already great and steadily growing greater and when it was easier to find professors than comptrollers." He was business agent of the University from 1873 until 1905, when he was appointed comptroller, which position he

still retains. This office has charge of all the details of the business management of the University and general supervision of its finances. When Colonel Shattuck went to the University in 1868, its attendance was 142 and its disbursements were \$48,000. In the forty-two years of his service, the attendance has increased to 5,000 and its disbursements to \$2,000,000.

He is a member of the G. A. R.; Loyal Legion; American Mathematical Society; fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science; National Geographic Society; $\Sigma\chi$ Fraternity; Union League Club; C. C. Country.

He was married August 14, 1866, to Adelaide Louisa White of Columbus, Ohio. Four children have been born to them: Charles White, born May 31, 1867, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Anna Fletcher, born December 7, 1868, married Prof. Arthur W. Palmer, of the University of Illinois, resides in Urbana, Ill.; Edith Louise, born March 12, 1870, married Prof. James McLaven, University of Illinois, resides in Champaign, Ill.; Walter Francis White, born December 12, 1871, now professor of Architecture in the Chicago School of Architecture.

SUMNER TIMOTHY SMITH, B. S., M. D.

Sumner T. Smith, son of Henry Sumner and Mary (Hilliard) Smith, was born in West Claremont, N. H., June 8, 1839, and died in Athol, Mass., March 26, 1892. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1857; graduating B. S. in 1860; was a member of the $\theta\chi$ Fraternity.

He served as a mate in the United States Navy, April 25-July 20, 1864.

He was a student at the Dartmouth Medical College, 1856, and graduated M. D. from the University of Michigan, November 27, 1867. He practiced his profession in South Acworth, Alstead, N. H., Westerly, R. I., Tolland, Conn., and Athol, Mass. He was a member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married June 12, 1872, to Martha Ellen Lovell of Alstead, N. H., who survives him and resides in Athol, Mass. Two children were born to them: William Benjamin Tyng, born February 21, 1874, resides in Athol; Lovell Bolivar, born July 6, 1877, resides in Athol, Mass.



Sumner Timothy Smith, J

NON-GRADUATES, 1860.

COL. NOEL BYRON HOWARD.

Noel B. Howard, son of Coridon and Harriett (Richardson) Howard, was born in Fairfax, Vt., September 9, 1838, and died in Palatka, Florida, February 21, 1871. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and the Burlington High School, where his parents moved in 1855. He entered the University in 1856, and remained nearly three years, being obliged to give up his course temporarily to earn the money teaching school to pay his expenses.



Col. Noel Byron Howard.

He taught in Burlington, Vt., for a time, then in a Military school in North Carolina. Early in 1861, he gave up his school, owing to the political disturbances of the time, and went to Lyons, Iowa, where his parents had removed. He soon joined the Clinton County Guards and was commissioned first lieutenant, May 5, 1861. This company was mustered into the United States Service as Company L, 2d Iowa Infantry, and he was commissioned its lieutenant, May 28, 1861; was promoted captain, April 1, 1862; major, October 12, 1863, serving for some time on the staff of General Dodge, as judge-advocate; and lieutenant-colonel, April 10, 1864. He was seriously wounded in his thigh, July 22, 1864, during the fierce battle at Atlanta, Georgia, and was incapacitated for duty for a few weeks. The 2nd

and 3rd Iowa being consolidated November 4, 1864, he was commissioned colonel, November 8, 1864; was mustered out of service with his regiment July 12, 1865; served with his regiment in nineteen battles and many smaller engagements. During the last of his service, he was in command of his brigade, the First Brigade, 2d Division, 16th Army Corps, and would have in a short time received his commission as brigadier-general.

Stuart in his *Iowa Colonels* pays the following tribute to Colonel Howard: "Colonel Howard is a small man, weighing not more than one hundred and thirty-five pounds. A stranger would judge that he had little capacity for physical endurance; but he is as hardy as a knot; is quiet and unpretending in his manner, and quick in his movements. His countenance indicate much energy and intelligence. He is a model soldier. From the first, he was known in the 2d Iowa, as the model young man in the regiment. When his regiment left Keokuk, he was the best drilled officer, and, while a line officer, he had the best drilled company. He always did his duty quietly and faith-

fully; was always popular and approachable, and never became inflated by flattery or promotion.''

He served as clerk of courts, Clinton County, Iowa, from 1867 until 1870. The N. B. Howard Post, G. A. R., of DeWitt, Iowa is named in his honor. Hoping to benefit his health, which was rapidly failing, he removed to Palatka, Fla. in the winter of 1870. In February, 1871, he contracted a severe cold which ended in pneumonia and caused his death. He was was a Scottish Rite Mason at Lyons, Iowa.

He was married in Davenport, Iowa, September 5, 1865, to Elizabeth McClelland, who survives him. They had one son, Francis George Howard, born February 15, 1867, now residing in Minneapolis, Minn.

LIEUT. BYRON HECTOR KILBOURNE, M. D.

Byron H. Kilbourne, son of Byron and Henrietta Ord (Karrick) Kilbourne, was born in Milwaukee, Wis., March 20, 1840, and died at his summer residence at North Lake, Wis., August 24, 1897. He attended the schools of his city and the Episcopal Institute at Cheshire, Conn.; was a student at Kenyon College in 1854-55, and Yale University in 1855-57. He entered the University in 1857, remaining two years. He was one of the founders of the *ΑΣΗ* Fraternity; and was one of its most active members. In 1859, he entered the Rush Medical College, Chicago, Ill., where he remained until the breaking out of the Civil War, when he offered his services to the state of Wisconsin. He assisted in recruiting Company D, 3d Wisconsin Cavalry, enlisting on October 19, 1861; was commissioned 2nd lieutenant December 17, 1861, to rank from December 13th; resigned his commission, August 15, 1862.

In 1865, he resumed his medical studies at the Louisville Medical College, graduating in 1866; also received the degree of M. D., from the Rush Medical College in 1879. He practiced his profession in Milwaukee, from 1879, until his death, meeting with marked success. He spent his summers at his fine estate "Hawkhurst" at North Lake. He contributed several articles to various medical journals. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; the G. A. R., and the Loyal Legion.

He was married at North Lake July 7, 1863, to Elizabeth Anne Spears, who died in 1890. Three children were born to them: Maud Alice, born November 27, 1865, resides in Milwaukee, Wis.; Henrietta Karrick, born February 19, 1869 resides in Denver, Col.; Mary Benson, born February 19, 1869; resides in Washington, D. C.

MAJ. HENRY ALFRED ROBBINS, M. D.

Henry A. Robbins, son of Zenas Coleman and Mary Byrd (Tilden) Robbins, was born in St. Louis, Mo., February 9, 1839. He is a direct descendent of George Robbins, who settled in Chelmsford, Mass., about 1666. He prepared for college at the Fulford Academy, Sandy Springs, Mo., Betts Academy, Stamford, Conn., and at the Henry Jones Academy, Bridgeport, Conn. He entered the University in 1857 and remained two years; was one of the founders of the *ΑΣΗ* Fraternity. He studied medicine with Dr. William P. Johnston of Washington in 1859; graduated M. D., from the University of Pennsylvania, in 1861.

He was appointed a medical cadet, U. S. A. in 1861; was soon promoted assistant surgeon and served until the close of the war; was assigned July 4, 1863 to the 2d Wisconsin Infantry, and served with this regiment until November, 1863. He performed gallant service at the battle of Gettysburg and received the praise of the colonel of the regiment. He practiced his profession in Washington, 1866-70.

In 1870, he went to Paris, France, where during the memorable siege he served as surgeon in the National Guard with the rank of major. He subsequently attended, for a year, the lectures and clinics at Guy's Hospital, London, being, while there, an attendant in the Pathological and Post-mortem room to Dr. Walter Moxon. He was also for several months an externe at the London Hospital and assistant to the hospital accoucher; attended the cancer wards of the Middlesex Hospital, London, in the service of Mr. Hulke, and witnessed the "Cundurango Trial," which caused unusual excitement in the medical profession, and proved ineffectual in the treatment of that malignant disease. He next attended the lectures of the Charité Hospital, Berlin, also those in the laboratory of Professor Virchow; and for some years, he attended regularly the lectures at the Allgemeine Krankenhaus, Vienna, chiefly those on Dermatology and Syphilology.



Maj. Henry Alfred Robbins.

He returned to Washington in 1883, where he has practiced his profession to date, making a specialty of genito-urinary diseases and Dermatology.

He was United States pension examiner and ward physician, Washington, 1866-70; also physician in charge of the Soldiers and Sailors Orphan Home, 1876-90; was chief of the skin and venereal clinic at the Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital for several years; also professor, same disease, University of Georgetown; professor, Dermatology and Syphilology, Medical Department, Howard University.

He has contributed many articles to the medical literature; a volume of clinical lectures; *Under the Red Flag of the Commune*; *Life Abroad*; *Is Leprosy the Fourth Stage of Syphilis?* His writings and publications of cases on the *Danger of the Barber Shop* have materially aided in obtaining legislative action in regard to these disease-spreading places of public resort.

He is a member of the Episcopal church; a 32^o Mason and member of the Mystic Shrine; Society of Microscopists and its president, 1884; Medical Society and the Medical Associations of the District of Columbia; The American Medical Society; Anthological Society of London; charter member, District of Columbia Society, Sons of the American Revolution; Kit Carson Post, G. A. R.

and its surgeon four years; medical Director of the Department of the Potomac; Union Soldiers Alliance, and its president 1893; Alumni Association of the University of Pennsylvania and its president at the present time.

He was married June 2, 1886, to Elizabeth Dovsey MacCallum of Washington, D. C. They have one son, Alfred MacCallum, born April 12, 1887, now second lieutenant U. S. Marine Corps.



Lieut. Robert E. Hitchcock, B. S.

Charles Morton, C. E.

Henry A. Robbins, M. D.

WILLIAM STARR.

William Starr, son of William Eli and Pamela Porter (Batcheller) Starr, was born in Seneca Falls, N. Y., April 17, 1838, and died in New Orleans, July 17, 1904. In 1846, his parents removed to Worcester, Mass., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1857, and remained two years.

He taught in the State Reform School, at Westboro, Mass., 1859-61. He enlisted in Company A, 3d Battalion Rifles, Massachusetts Volunteers, in April, 1861, and served until July, same year; was promoted sergeant. He was appointed a clerk in the quartermasters department in July, 1861 and served at Newbern, N. C., Brazos and St. Iago, Texas, and at New Orleans, La.; was discharged in 1865. He was chief clerk in the Naval Office in New Orleans, December, 1865 until December, 1886; in the employ of A. M. Hill, jewelers, New Orleans, 1886-91; accountant for A. M. & J. Solari, wholesale and retail grocers, of New Orleans, 1891-98; inspector of customs, New Orleans, 1898-1905. He was a member of the New Orleans Commandery, K. T., of New Orleans; G. A. R. Post No. 10, of Worcester, Mass.

He was twice married: first, June 30, 1868, to Catherine, daughter of William and Mary (Fleming) Barrett of New Orleans. She died November 30, 1886. Six children were born to them: Mary Louise, born September 8, 1869, resides in Worcester, Mass.; William Eli, born May 2, 1872, died at New Orleans; Catherine, born December 23, 1874; Henry Darius, born August 9, 1877; Pamela Batcheller, born May 14, 1880; Annie Elizabeth, born December 26, 1882; the last four reside in New Orleans, La. He was again married December 4, 1887, to Mrs. Marie Pamela (Roussel) Justamond, who survives him and resides in New Orleans; no children.



Base Ball Team Returning from West Point, 1910.

CLASS OF 1861.

COL. CHARLES ALBERT CURTIS, U. S. A., A. M.

Charles A. Curtis, son of Charles Stubbs and Amanda Fitzallan (Ham) Curtis, was born in Hallowell, Maine, October 4, 1835, and died in Madison, Wis., May 26, 1907. He prepared for college at the Maine State Seminary, and the Yarmouth (Maine) Seminary. He entered the Sophomore Class of the University in 1858, and graduated A. B. in 1861. He was one of the founders of the "Reveille" (q. v.) in 1860. He was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity, and in 1868, revised its "Ritual." In 1861, he passed the examinations at Bowdoin College, Maine, for the degree of A. B.



Col. Charles Albert Curtis.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he returned to his home in Maine, offered his services to the State; was appointed State drill master with rank of first lieutenant, and performed efficient duty during April-June, 1861, in drilling and instructing volunteers in fifteen towns and cities of the State. On June 17, 1861, he left the state for Virginia, with the Sixth Maine Regiment, as instructor to the field officers of the regiment; took part in every action in which this regiment was engaged to June, 1862, and twice commanded a company in action.

He was appointed in June, 1862, acting assistant adjutant-general on the staff of General W. S. Hancock, with the understanding that he should have the office permanently, should a gentleman to whom it had been previously tendered, decline. He served one month in this position, when the first appointee accepted. He was appointed 2d lieutenant 7th United States Infantry, April 14, 1862, for "extraordinary merit"; was transferred, April 28, 1862, to the 5th United States Infantry, and joined his regiment at Fort Craig, New Mexico, July 6, 1862; was promoted first lieutenant March 30, 1864, and captain by brevet September 27, 1865, "for meritorious services" during the war; served against the Texan forces on the Rio Grande, 1862-65; engaged in the Indian Wars in New Mexico, Arizona, California and Colorado, 1865-69; was in command of camp at Los Valles Grandes, New Mexico, October 3, 1863, June 9, 1864; Fort Reynolds, Col., November 17, 1867-April 1, 1869; was retired from active duty December 15, 1870 for wounds received in line of duty, was given full rank of captain, U. S. A., by special act of Congress in 1899.

He was detailed as professor of Military Science and Tactics at the University in the fall of 1868, and reported for duty April 8, 1869, which position he held until August 12, 1875; served as executive officer from May, 1869, until September of the same year. On August 12, 1875, he resigned his position to accept the professorship of Military Science and Tactics at the St. Augustine College at Benicia, Cal. In July, 1876, he resigned this position and returned to Northfield and resumed the position of professor of Military Science and Tactics. On October 19, 1876, he was elected president of the University, and served until July 1, 1880, when he resigned. He took a deep interest in the welfare of "N. U." During 1869-80, he raised considerable sums of money for the improvement of the University grounds and the completion of "Jackman Hall." He compiled the first book of regulations published by the University, and under his administrations, cadet officers were first regularly and permanently commissioned to office.

He served as professor of military science at the Shattuck School, Fairbault, Minn., 1880-85; East Florida Seminary, Gainesville, Fla., 1885-89; Kenyon Military Academy, Gambier, Ohio, 1889-90; Marnaduke Military Academy, Sweet Springs, Mo.; Howe School, Lima, Ind., for some time. In 1885, he removed to Madison, Wis., where he made his home until his death. In 1898, he was appointed professor of Military Science and Tactics at the University of Wisconsin, which position he held until his death, meeting with marked success. He was commissioned colonel in the National Guard of Minnesota, September 15, 1884; lieutenant-colonel National Guard of Florida, November 25, 1887, and colonel National Guard of Wisconsin, April 6, 1901.

He wrote many stories and historical articles for the *St. Nicholas*, *Wide Awake*, *Youth's Companion*, *Harper's Young People*, and various other papers. He published one story in book form, *Captured by the Navajos*, Harper Brothers, New York, 1898. He gave much valuable assistance on the history of Norwich University in 1898. He was a member of the Madison Lodge, No. 5. F. and A. M., of Madison and Chapter R.A.M. of Madison; Wisconsin Historical Society; Wisconsin Society of Sons of the American Revolution, and Vermont Commandery Military Order of Loyal Legion.

He was married May 17, 1866, to Harriette Louise Hughes of Ashland, N. H., who survives him and resides in Ashland. Five children were born to them: Warden Allan, born February 1, 1867, resides in Ashland, N. H.; Lawrence Albert, born April 11, 1872, now captain 22d United States Infantry; George Hughes, born June 30, 1874, died August 7, 1877; Dorothy Hughes, born April 7, 1878, married Wallae Chickering, resides in Chicago, Ill.; Barbara Hilton, born March 23, 1882, married Earl B. Rose, resides in Milwaukee, Wis.

COL. JOSIAH HALL, B. S.

Josiah Hall, son of Edward and Orpha (Goodell) Hall, was born in Westminster West, Vt., February 5, 1835. He attended the schools of his town, the Academy conducted by Prof. L. F. Ward in Westminster, and Power's Institute, Bernardston, Mass. He entered the University in 1858, and remained until July, 1859, when owing to failing health, he went to Greenfield, Dade Co., Missouri, hoping the change of climate would prove beneficial. He assisted in driving a herd of cattle across the plains to California. Regaining his health, he returned to the University in the winter of 1859, and remained until

the summer of 1860; was a member of the $\theta \chi$ Fraternity; received the degree of B. S. in 1904, as for 1861.

In 1860, he returned to Missouri and clerked in a store until the breaking out of the Civil War. He returned to Vermont in July, and was appointed recruiting officer for the 4th Vermont Regiment at Saxton's River. In October, he enlisted as a private in Company F., 1st Vermont Cavalry; was commissioned captain, October 17, 1861; major, October 4, 1862; lieutenant-colonel, November 19, 1864; colonel, May 23, 1865; was mustered out of service, June 21, 1865. He was wounded and taken prisoner October 12, 1863, and was confined in prison until August 3, 1864, when he was exchanged. Most of this time he was confined in the historic "Libby Prison." The First Vermont Cavalry



Col. Josiah Hall.

was one of the finest regiments in the Civil War. It took part in seventy-eight battles and engagements. The last battle participated in by the regiment occurred April 9, 1865, when Colonel Hall was ordered to change the enemies' supply train. The movement was under way when word was received that General Lee had surrendered; but before the regiment could be halted, it had captured the last line between it and the supply train. One of the notable engagements in which Colonel Hall took part, occurred April 8, 1865, in which the regiment captured the battery of the famous "Washington Artillery" of New Orleans. He was in command of his regiment at the Grand Review in Washington, D. C., May 23, 1865. Colonel Hall was a gallant soldier. He

was faithful, efficient, considerate of his men, and courageous; and was greatly respected and beloved by his command.

In 1866, he purchased a large farm in Greenfield, Mass., which he carried on until 1875, when he sold out and located in Hanford, Cal., where he resided until 1884. He then returned to Massachusetts and resided in Montague City until 1886, when he located in Pasadena, Cal. In 1888, he located in Fresno, where he has since resided. He engaged in surveying and construction of irrigating ditches in Tulare and Fresno counties, Cal., 1876-1883. Since 1886 he has engaged in farming.

He was married November 28, 1865, to Delia Elizabeth Adams of Montague City, Mass. Two children have been born to them: George Warren, born December 25, 1866, resides in Fresno, Cal.; Carrie Luella, born September 25, 1869, resides in Los Angeles, Cal.

BVT. BRIG.-GEN. CHARLES BRADLEY STOUGHTON, A. M., LL. D.

Charles B. Stoughton, son of the Hon. Henry Evander and Laura Elmina (Clark) Stoughton, was born in Chester, Vt. October 31, 1841, and died in Bennington, Vt., January 17, 1898. In 1853, his parents removed to Bellows Falls, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1858, and graduated A. B. in 1864; was a member of the $\Lambda \Sigma \Pi$ Fraternity; received

the degrees of A. M. in 1872, and LL. D. in 1884; was a trustee of the University, 1871-87.

In 1861, he was appointed drill master by the governor of Vermont with rank of 1st lieutenant, and took an active part in drilling the State volunteers; was commissioned adjutant of the 4th Vermont Infantry, August 11, 1861; was promoted major, February 25, 1862; lieutenant-colonel, July 17, 1862; colonel, November 5, 1862; was wounded July 10, 1863; was brevetted brigadier-general United States Volunteers, March 13, 1865 "for gallant and meritorious service during the war; resigned February 2, 1864.

His regiment was assigned to the famous old "Vermont Brigade," the 2d Brigade, 2d Division, 6th Army Corps, a position it retained until the close of the war. The history of the brigade is one distinguished in the annals of the country, as one whose losses in battle, killed and mortally wounded exceeded those of any other brigade in the Union armies. General Stoughton was a brave and very efficient officer, and his rapid promotion has few parallels; was in command of his regiment before his twenty-first birthday.

He studied law with his father in Bellows Falls and was admitted to the bar in September, 1864, and practiced his profession in company with his father and brother, Gen. Edwin H. until October 1865, when he removed to New York City, and practiced his profession with his uncle, Hon. Edwin W. Stoughton, at one time United States Minister to Russia; subsequently practiced his profession in New Haven, Conn.

He was married April 7, 1869, to Ada Ripley Hooper of Boston, who survives him. Six children were born to them: Ada Hooper, born June 28, 1870, died November 27, 1891; Laura, born July 11, 1872, married Roger Sherman White, 2d; Bradley, born December 6, 1873, resides in New York city; Leila Roosevelt, born June 26, 1875; Mildred Louise, born October 20, 1876, married Benjamin Ives Spock; Isabel Ripley, born July 14, 1880, married James Stanislaus Macgregor.



Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Charles Bradley Stoughton.

NON-GRADUATES, 1861.

LIEUT.-COMMANDER WALTER ABBOTT, U. S. N.

Walter Abbott, son of Com. Joel Abbott, U. S. N. and Laura (Wheaton) Abbott, was born in Boston, Mass., October, 1841, and died in Maderia Island, February 3, 1873. He prepared for college at Warren High School and entered the University from Warren, R. I., in 1857, and remained until November, 1858, when he was appointed a midshipman at the United States Naval

Academy; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity. He was a student at the Naval Academy during 1859-61; served on the steam sloop, *Mississippi*, West Gulf blockading squadron, 1861-62; was promoted ensign, November 25, 1862. He participated in the bombardment and passage of Fort Jackson and St. Phillip and Chalmette batteries and the capture of New Orleans; served on West Gulf blockading squadron and on the iron-clad steamer, *New Ironsides*, South Atlantic Squadron, 1863-65. He was commissioned lieutenant, February 22, 1864; served on the school ship, *Sabin*, 1865-66; was commissioned lieutenant-commander, July 25, 1866; served on the steam sloop, *Sacramento*, special cruise in 1867; on the steam sloop, *Dakota*, South Pacific Squadron, 1868-69. He was



Lieut.-Commander Walter Abbott.

on duty at the Naval Academy in 1870; on torpedo duty and on the steamer, *Alaska*, 1871. He was granted sick leave, November 29, 1871, and went to Maderia in hopes that the climate would prove beneficial to his health, but he rapidly failed and died February 3, 1873. His remains were brought home for interment. He was a brave and efficient officer.

He was married November 2, 1869, to Adelaide Margaretta, daughter of Francis A. Thompson of New York City. One child was born to them, Laura Wheaton, now Mrs. I. W. Menocal of New York City.

MAJOR EDWARD AIKEN CHANDLER.

Edward A. Chandler, son of David and Mary Ann (Bowman) Chandler was born in Pomfret, Vt., September 16, 1836, and died in Redwood Falls, Minn., April 3, 1886. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1858, where he remained until the spring of 1861. He was then appointed State drill master with rank of 1st lieutenant, and served for some time drilling the State Volunteers.

He was commissioned 2d lieutenant Company F, 3d Vermont Infantry May 24, 1861, and soon went to the front. His regiment was assigned to the famous "First Vermont Brigade," 3d Army Corps. He was promoted 1st lieutenant, December 5, 1861, and served with distinction with his company,



Major Edward Aiken Chandler.

of his various offices with marked ability. He was a 32° Mason, being a member of the various Masonic bodies in Redwood.

He was married in Redwood Falls, Minn., November 11, 1879, to Joan Smith Wilson of Santa Clara, Cal., who survives him and resides in Los Gatos, Cal. Two children were born to them: Robert Bowman, born July 5, 1881, graduated from Leland Stanford University and is at present city engineer of Los Gatos, Cal.; John Wilson, born July 18, 1885, and at present studying architecture at the Beaux Arts, Paris, France.

LIEUT. WILLIAM JAMES DE POINCY, C. S. A.

William J. De Poiney, son of William Henry and Olympia Jane (Poincy) Clarke, was born in St. Mary's Ga., April 15, 1835, and died in Manatee, Fla., about 1890. After the war, he changed his name from William James Clarke, to William James De Poincy. He attended the schools of his city, and received instruction from tutors. He was for some time a student at Union College, in the class of 1859, and a member of the *Z Ψ* Fraternity at that Institution. He entered the University in 1857 and remained until the winter of 1860-61; was one of the original members of the *Α Σ Η* Fraternity; was a student at Harvard University, 1866-67, and at Yale University, 1867-68.

He enlisted in Company A, Wayne County, Ga., battalion cavalry, C. S. A., in 1862; was promoted 1st sergeant. In the latter part of 1863, the 7th Georgia Cavalry was formed by the consolidation of the 21st and 29th battalions, McCallister's Squadron and the Wayne County Battalion. His

was severely wounded in his hand and thigh in the battle of Lee's Mills, April 16, 1862, and was not able to again perform active duty. He then served as recruiting officer at Brattleboro, Vt., and on court martial duty at Baltimore, Md.; was mustered out of service July 27, 1864; served in the United States Quartermaster's Department with the rank of major, August, 1864-65.

He served in the Freedman's Bureau, from 1865 until 1868, when he located in Redwood Falls, Minn., where he continued to reside until his death. He took up a claim of government land and then engaged in mercantile pursuits until his death. He was a Republican in politics and held several offices, was county auditor for several years. He was a highly respected and popular citizen and performed the duties

company became troop G. In this organization, he was commissioned 1st lieutenant. He was a gallant officer and took part in many engagements and battles. He was captured in the battle of Trevillian Station, Va., June 11, 1864, and held as prisoner for some time.

He located in Manatee soon after the war, where he engaged in planting until his death. He was a great lover of books and music. He wrote many short stories and poems and had nearly completed a novel at the time of his death.

He was married in 1868, to Catherine Delworth Holtzendorff of Macon, Ga., who died in 1886; no children.

CAPT. THOMAS WILKINS EAYRE.

Thomas W. Eayre, son of Thomas Wilkins and Sarah Howell (Stretch) Eayre, was born in Eayrestown, Burlington, N. J., October 29, 1842, and was killed in battle, May 12, 1864. He prepared for college at Vincentown and Medford, N. J. and entered the University from Vincentown in 1859, remaining until 1861, when he entered the service of the state of Vermont as drill master, with rank of first lieutenant. He was a fine student and an especially able drill master; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity.

He instructed and drilled Co. B, 1st Vermont Volunteers, the Woodstock Company. Hon. Seldon Connor, then corporal in this company, and later a brigadier-general, United States Volunteers, and governor of Maine paid Captain Eayre a glowing tribute in the *Maine Bugle* of 1896, for his efficient services as a drill officer and ability as a brave and efficient soldier. He returned to his home in July, 1861, and assisted in drilling and recruiting volunteers for the service; was commissioned first lieutenant Co. 1, 5th New Jersey Infantry, August 28, 1861; was promoted captain, May 16, 1862, and was adjutant of the regiment for some time; was appointed assistant adjutant-general with rank of captain on the staff of Brig.-Gen. Gershom Mott, October 30, 1862.



Capt. Thomas Wilkins Eayre.

He performed gallant service at the battles of Yorktown, Williamsburg, Fair Oaks, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Wappin Height, and McLeans Ford, receiving honorable mention for his bravery. At the battle of Spottsylvania Court House, Va., he especially distinguished himself for bravery, and while carrying important despatches in this battle was shot through the heart, May 12, 1864; was buried in the Friends burying ground at Vincentown, N. J. The G. A. R. Post in Vincentown is named in his honor. From a war time paper we quote: "The loss of this promising young officer (22 years of age) to New Jersey is great, indeed. Few of his age had before him a brighter or more glorious future. The loss to General Mott is great also. He always spoke of him in the highest terms and considered him one of his most efficient officers." He was a member of Masonic Lodge in Vincentown.

PAYMASTER RODERICK JULIUS RICHARDSON, U. S. N.

Roderick J. Richardson, son of Roderick and Harriet Emeline (Taylor) Richardson, was born in Waitsfield, Vt., May 30, 1840, and died in Los Angeles, Cal., November 25, 1909. In 1855, his parents removed to Montpelier, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1858, and remained until 1861, nearly completing the Scientific Course; was a member of the *A Σ II* Fraternity and the Parthenon Society.



Paymaster Roderick Julius Richardson.

He was appointed assistant paymaster United States Navy, in September, 1861, was captured on the U. S. S., *Harriet Lane*, January 1, 1863, by the Confederates, under command of Maj. Otis M. Marsh, '42; was promoted paymaster, September 3, 1863, and served on the U. S. S., *Wabash*; resigned his commission October 17, 1864.

He served as cashier of the First National Bank of Montpelier from 1864 until 1868, when he removed to Boston and engaged in the grain business with Mr. John S. Ware, until 1870. In this last year, Mr. Ware retired from the firm and Mr. Richardson's two brothers Dan E. and Roderick Davis became associated with him under the firm name of Richardson & Co. They continued in the same business, greatly enlarging it, and in 1880, moved their headquarters to Chicago, continuing their Boston office. Their business increased to very large dimensions until they covered with their agents the whole grain section from Manitoba to Texas and exported immense quantities to England and the Continent from the ports of Galveston, Baltimore, New York, Boston, and Montreal.

In 1905, he retired from business and located in Los Angeles, Cal., where he made his home until his death. He was a man of great business capacity, honest and upright in all his dealings. He was successful in very large transactions and acquired a large property. He was a man of whom it could be truly said, "His word was as good as his bond." He was a member of the Massachusetts Commandery of the Loyal Legion.

He was married three times: first, in 1865, to Addie Farry Ware; one child Roderick, born July 31, 1868, resides in Los Angeles, Cal. He was married the second time, to Ellen Knight; no children. He was married the third time to Margarette M. Gluecke, who survives him and resides in Los Angeles, Cal.

FIRST LIEUT. EDWARD C. SALTMARSH, U. S. M. C.

Edward C. Saltmarsh, son of Rev. S. Saltmarsh, was born in 1840. He prepared for college in the schools of Petersham, Mass., and entered the University from that town in 1858, remaining until 1861, when he left to enter the service. He served for some time as captain in the 12th Massachusetts Infantry. He was commissioned second lieutenant, United States Marine Corps, June 14, 1862; was promoted first lieutenant, June 10, 1864. He resigned from the service, July 1, 1871. He died in the Soldiers' Home in Chelsea, Mass., in 1900. He was survived by a daughter, Mrs. Bessie Shiele, who resides in Chicago, Ill., and a sister, Bertha E. Saltmarsh of Lexington, Mass.

SERGT. VAN BUREN SLEEPER.

Van Buren Sleeper, son of David and Caroline (McLaughlin) Sleeper, was born in Chelsea, Vt., February 22, 1837, and died in Corinth, Vt., September 17, 1890, where he had gone in hopes of obtaining relief from a long sickness. He prepared for college at the Chelsea Academy, and entered the University in 1858, and remained until May, 1861, when he left to enter the service.

He enlisted in Company E, 2d Vermont Regiment, May 13, 1861; was promoted sergeant; served in Gen. O. O. Howard's brigade in Virginia, and later in the famous "Vermont Brigade;" was transferred to the Signal Corps, August 1, 1863; was mustered out of service, August 16, 1865.

He was in the employ of the Middlesex Mills, Lowell, Mass., 1865-66; overseer of the Lowell Manufacturing Company, 1866-81. He was a Democrat in politics; was city treasurer of Lowell, 1883, until his death. He was a member of the F. and A. M.; I. O. O. F.; K. of P.; Post 42, G. A. R. of Lowell; Martin Luther's Club, Lowell, and several other local organizations.

He was married to Jennette S. Campbell of Lowell, Mass., who died September 5, 1886. Four children were born to them, all of whom reside in Lowell. C. Estelle, Robert R., Jerome M., and Charles C.



Sergt. Van Buren Sleeper.

CAPT. ELIAS FROST SMITH.

Elias F. Smith, son of James, Jr., and Betsey (Dyer) Smith, and brother of George C. Smith, '48, was born in Meriden, N. H., July 7, 1835, and died in Rochester, N. H., February 9, 1906. He prepared for college in the Meriden and New London, N. H., academies. He entered the University

in 1858, and remained nearly three years; was a member of the $\theta \lambda$ Fraternity.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the state of New Hampshire and was appointed State drill master; was recruiting officer and drill master for one company of the 5th, 7th, 9th and 14th New Hampshire regiments, accompanying each regiment to camp. He enlisted in Company A, 16th New Hampshire Infantry, as a private, September 6, 1862; was promoted captain, November 6, 1862; mustered out, August 20, 1863. He recruited Company B, 18th New Hampshire Infantry in one week, and was commissioned its captain, September 20, 1864, was mustered out of service June 10, 1865; was appointed colonel of the regiment, but was not mustered.



Capt. Elias Frost Smith.

In 1865, he located in Lebanon, N. H., and engaged in real estate business until 1876, when he removed to Rochester, N. H., where he resided until his death. He engaged in manufacturing in Rochester, 1876-1906. He was an accomplished and gallant officer and was highly respected

by his soldiers. He was a Republican in politics and took an active part in the affairs of his town; served on the school board of Rochester ten years.

He was married February 22, 1876, to Anna F. Wadleigh of Rochester, N. H., who survives him and resides in that city; no children. One adopted daughter.

MAJOR CHARLES AUGUSTUS WEBB, U. S. A.

Charles A. Webb, son of Edward Augustus and Mary Ann (Wainwright) Webb, was born in Montpelier, Vt., December 29, 1838, and died of pneumonia at Fort McKavett, Texas, January 31, 1882; was buried in San Antonio, Texas. In 1848, his parents removed to Northfield, where he attended the public schools, the Northfield Academy, also the Thetford (Vt.) Academy and Black River Academy, Ludlow, Vt. He entered the University in 1860, taking a special course in Military Drill and Tactics, remaining until 1861.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he offered his services to the State, and was commissioned 1st lieutenant Company F, 1st Vermont Infantry; was mustered out of service, August 15, 1861; was promoted captain 13th U. S. Infantry, August 10, 1862; transferred to the 22d United States Infantry, September 21, 1861; major, 16th United States Infantry, March 4, 1879; was brevetted major, U. S. A., July 4, 1863, for "gallant and meritorious service at the siege of Vicksburg, Miss."

At the battle of Bull Run, he commanded his company; was on recruiting service in Toledo, Ohio, and in Indianapolis, 1862-63; was stationed at Huntsville, Ala., 1864; Camp Sherman, near Nashville Tenn., 1864-65; Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1865; Fort Leavonworth, Kans., 1865-66. In 1866, the 13th Regiment was consolidated with the 22d Regiment and he was assigned to General Cook's command for frontier service. He served in the Indian warfare, 1866-75, enduring the hardships of border life; was stationed at Forts Wayne, Brady and Mackinac, Mich., 1875-79; Fort Gibson, Indian Territory and Fort Riley, Kans., in 1879. He performed conspicuous service during the Ute uprising in Colorado, during 1879-80; was stationed at Fort Stockton, Texas, 1880 and at Fort McKavett, Texas, 1881-82.

He was an officer of kind and generous impulses; one who loved his profession and striving to do his best in it; was ever conscientious and energetic in the discharge of any duty that might be devolved upon him.

He was married December 12, 1878, to Mrs. Rose (Truscott) Disbrow of Mackinac Island, Mich., who survives him and resides at Mackinac Island, Mich. One child was born to them, Mabel Marcia, born September 1, 1881, married J. Dallas Dort, and resides in Flint, Mich.



Major Charles Augustus Webb.

CLASS OF 1862.

FIRST LIEUT. THEODORE HARVEY KELLOGG, A. M., M. D., LL. D.

Theodore H. Kellogg, son of Rev. Ezra Benedict and Anna (Thompson) Kellogg, was born in Grahamville, S. C. He is of military stock both his father and grandfather were pensioned by the United States Government for military services rendered and he is a direct lineal descendant of Lieut. Joseph Kellogg of Colonial renown. He prepared for college in Gambier, Ohio, and completed the classical course of study in the Freshman and Sophomore years at Kenyon College, Ohio. Wishing to become a civil engineer, and meet with the same success in this profession as his brother, Edmund B. Kellogg, '45, he entered the University in 1860, and graduated A. B. in 1862. He took high rank in his military and academic work at the University.



He held the various ranks in the corps of cadets and was adjutant during his senior year; was a member of the *ΔΣΠ* Fraternity. The University conferred upon him the degree of A. M., in course, in 1879, and the honorary degree of LL. D., in 1911.

In May, 1862, he was commissioned 1st lieutenant Company B, 7th Squadron, Rhode Island Cavalry, College Cavaliers (q. v.). He served with distinction in the Shenandoah Valley and at Winchester and Antietam. He was with the force of only two thousand cavalry to cut their way out of Harper's Ferry before the surrender of General Miles in 1862. He was mustered out of service at Providence, R. I., September, 1862.

He then studied medicine in Europe for four years with Virchow, Meynert, and other distinguished physicians, and graduated from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1865 with the degree of M. D. He has made a specialty of nervous and mental diseases; was resident physician in the New York City Lunatic Asylum, 1865-71; was physician in chief, New York City Asylum for Insane, 1872-74; was first assistant physician, Hudson River State Hospital, 1888-91; was physician in charge of Sanford Hall Private Hospital, 1891-92; medical superintendent, Willard State Hospital, New York, 1892-95. Since 1897, he has been the proprietor and physician in charge of Dr. Kellogg's House, Riverdale, New York City, licensed by the state of New York for the care of mental diseases.

He is the author of several textbooks and monographs as follows: *Textbook of Mental Diseases*, published by William Wood & Co., New York, 1897; numerous medical monographs and popular scientific articles such as *English Phonology in Popular Science Monthly*, *Song of Birds*, with original anatomical cuts in *Appleton's Annual*; *Physiology of Vowel Sounds* in Prof. Plumptre's *Kings' College Lectures on Elocution*, third edition, London, England.

He is a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, a member of the American Medico-Physiological Association, The New York County and State Medical Societies, the American Neurological Association; the Indian Rights Association, the Medico-Legal Society, National Geographic Society.

NON-GRADUATES, 1862.

LIEUT. COL. THOMAS ALBERT HENDERSON, A. B., LL. B.

Thomas A. Henderson, son of Capt. Samuel Hoit and Delia (Paul) Henderson, was born in Dover, N. H., December 1, 1833, and died unmarried, August 16, 1864. He prepared for college at the Gilmanton (N. H.) Academy and entered the Bowdoin college in the fall of 1851, graduating A. B. in 1855, with high honors. He was principal of the Franklin Academy in Dover, 1855-58. During this time he read law with Messrs. Woodman and Doe of Dover; studied at the Harvard Law School, 1860-61, and won the highest prize for a legal essay and received the degree of LL. B. in 1861. In the summer of this year, he was admitted to the Suffolk Bar of Massachusetts.

In 1861, the Civil War was precipitated and believing it to be the duty of every man to give his services to his country, he entered the University in the spring of 1861, and passed the spring, summer and fall in the drill and in the study of Military Science and Tactics. On November 4, 1861, he entered the service as adjutant of the 7th New Hampshire Regiment. With his regiment, he encountered the perils and privations of a winter voyage to the Tortugas Islands, where he was stationed until the command was ordered to Port Royal, in the summer of 1862. He was commissioned major of the regiment, August 26, 1862. In the unsuccessful assault upon Fort Wagner, he acted as an aid to Colonel Putnam. He was promoted lieutenant-colonel of the regiment, July 22, 1863. Subsequently, he had served on the staff of General Seymour, '11; was provost marshal of Florida during the campaign which resulted in the disastrous battle of Olustee.



Lieut. Col. Thomas Albert Henderson.

In the spring of 1864, the 7th New Hampshire was transferred to Virginia, and Lieutenant-Colonel Henderson led his regiment in the action of Drury's Bluff, where his skill and gallantry elicited in the highest commendations from the commanding general. On Tuesday, August 16, 1864, while commanding his regiment in the engagement of Deep Bottom, near Richmond, on the north bank of the James River, he received a mortal wound in the hip, which severed the principal artery, and in three hours he expired. His body was embalmed and sent home in charge of Chaplain Emerson, and was buried September 2, 1864, at Pine Hill Cemetery in his native city, amid the mourning of a great circle of relatives and friends.

CAPT. ALONZO BURTON HUTCHINSON.



Capt. Alonzo Burton Hutchinson.

Alonzo B. Hutchinson, son of Timothy and Cynthia (Burton) Hutchinson, was born in Norwich, Vt., in 1840, and died in Iowa about 1897. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1859, remaining until 1861, when enlisted in the service.

He was commissioned captain, Co. B, 6th Vermont Infantry, October 5, 1861. He served with distinction with his regiment in the famous "Vermont Brigade" participating in thirteen battles. He was severely wounded in the Battle of Banks Ford, Va., May 4, 1862; and was incapacitated for further service; was honorably discharged, July 23, 1863. Soon after the war, he removed to Iowa, where he resided until his death.

EDWARD TREADWAY JONES.

Edward T. Jones, was born in Chelsea, Vt., in 1841. He prepared for college at the Chelsea (Vt.) Academy and Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered the University in 1859. He was an earnest student and took especial delight in mathematics, military drill and tactics.

He remained in the University until the fall of 1861, when, with others of the upper class men, he entered the service of the state of Vermont as a drill master. For the next two years, he was constantly in the service of the State, and found no opportunity of returning to the University. He drilled companies in the 2d and 3d Vermont Volunteers, and raised and drilled a company for the 4th Vermont, of which he was urged to accept the captaincy; but refused on the grounds, he could do better service by drilling the State troops. He next drilled and instructed the officers of the 6th Vermont Volunteers and

at their request was sent with them to the front, where he remained about two months. The winter of 1861-62, he spent with the 8th Vermont Volunteers at Brattleboro, and while there developed phthisis brought on by exposure and measles contracted in camp. After a brief stay at a sanitarium at Northampton, Mass., he returned to his home in Chelsea, where he died in August, 1862; was a member of the $\theta \lambda$ fraternity.

SECOND LIEUT. LEWIS KIMBALL.

Lewis Kimball, son of Lewis and Luey (Ford) Kimball, was born in Piermont, N. H., April 8, 1842. At an early age, his parents removed to Nashua, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1859, remaining until 1861, when he left to enter the service. He enlisted in Co. F, 3d New Hampshire Infantry, August 9, 1862; was discharged July 18, 1864, to accept promotion; was commissioned second lieutenant, 4th U. S. Colored Infantry, July 19, 1864; was transferred to Co. C, same regiment, January 14, 1865; was discharged for disability, January 23, 1865. He located in Winthrop, S. D., where he engaged in farming for some time. He later removed to Riverside, Cal.

CAPT. FRANK CURTIS PEIRCE.

Frank C. Peirce, son of Jonathan Peirce, and cousin of Capt. Charles A. Curtis, '61, was born in Augusta, Me., November 19, 1840. He attended the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1859, and remained until the summer of 1861, when he left to enter the service; was a member of the $A \Sigma H$ Fraternity. He was commissioned first lieutenant, Co. A, 6th Maine Infantry, July 15, 1861, and served with his Regiment until September 26, 1862, when he was commissioned captain, U. S. Army. He was killed in Sacramento, Cal., July 15, 1863, by being kicked by his horse. He was a brave and efficient officer. He was distinguished at the University for his scholarship and his proficiency in military drill.

FIRST LIEUT. WALTER ARNOLD PHILLIPES.

Walter A. Phillipès, son of Capt. William and Sarah Adra (Talcott) Phillipès, was born in Burlington, Vt., in July, 1842, and died in Peoria, Ill., in 1902. At an early age, his parents removed to Montpelier, Vt., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1859, remaining until 1861, when he left to enter the service; was a member of the $A \Sigma H$ Fraternity.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was appointed drill master and drilled and instructed several companies of Vermont Volunteers. He was commissioned first lieutenant, Co. F, 2nd Vermont Infantry, May 20, 1861, and served until December 31, 1861. He was appointed first sergeant Co. H, 13th Vermont Infantry, August 19, 1862; was promoted second lieutenant, June 12, 1863; was mustered out of service, July 21, 1863. He was commissioned second lieutenant, 3d Battery Vermont Light Artillery, December, 12, 1863; was promoted first lieutenant, January 2, 1864; was mustered out of service, February 13, 1865. He was a brave and capable officer and was conspicuous for bravery in several battles.

He located in Peoria, Ill., about 1867, where he engaged in the furniture business many years, and where he made his home until his death. He was survived by a widow and several children.

LIEUT. HENRY JOHN WRIGHT.

Henry J. Wright, son of Lieut. John and Almira Kidder (Green) Wright, was born in Norwich, Vt., 1839, and died in Baltimore, Md., in 1890. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1859, and remained until September 1861, when he enlisted in Co. B, 6th Vt. Volunteers; was promoted sergeant September 7, 1861; 2nd lieutenant, 3d Vermont Light Battery, July 26, 1864; 1st lieutenant, same company, July 26, 1864; was honorably discharged, May 29, 1865. He was employed for some years in the baggage department of the Baltimore & Ohio R. R.



The Commons Club House.

CLASS OF 1863.

MAJOR HENRY ELIJAH ALVORD, C. E., LL. D.

Henry E. Alvord, son of Daniel Wells and Caroline Matilda (Clapp) Alvord, was born in Greenfield, Mass., March 11, 1844, and died at the Baptist Hospital in St. Louis, Mo., October 1, 1904, as the result of a stroke of paralysis. He prepared for college in the schools of his native town and entered the University in the early spring of 1860, and graduated B. S. in 1863. He was adjutant of the corps of cadets; assistant editor of the *Reville*, two years; was the "N. U." representative on the board of editors of the *University Quarterly*; was a member of the θ λ Fraternity. He was a trustee of the University from 1870 until 1888; secretary of the Alumni Association for some years. The University conferred upon him the degree of C. E. in course in 1870 and L. L. D. in 1890. His valuable library was presented to the University in 1905.

He enlisted in Co. B, 7th Squadron, Rhode Island Cavalry, "College Cavaliers" (q. v.) June 16, 1862. He was promoted 1st sergeant and was mustered out of service, October 2, 1862. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant in the 2d Massachusetts Cavalry, November 21, 1862; was promoted 1st lieutenant, January 25, 1864, captain, December 11, 1864, major in 1865. He served with distinction in Virginia and Maryland; was mustered out of service, August 5, 1865. He was commissioned 1st lieutenant 10th United States Cavalry, July 28, 1866; served as adjutant of the regiment, June 1-July 31, 1867; was promoted captain, July 31, 1867; served in Kansas, Texas, and the Indian Territory, and was for some time assistant inspector-general on the staff of General Hancock; also chief engineer on the staff of General Sheridan; was assigned to the 9th United States Cavalry, January 1, 1871; resigned his commission December 8, 1871.



Major Henry Elijah Alvord.

He was an officer in the Freedman's Bureau under Gen. O. O. Howard, May, 1865-July, 1866, being on duty in Virginia and South Carolina. He was professor of Military Science and Tactics at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, 1869-1871. In 1871, he located on his farm "Spring Hill," near Lewinsville, Fairfax County, Va., where he engaged in dairy and stock farming, and where he made his home until his death. During 1871 and 1873, he served as special Indian commissioner for the Government, making extensive trips through the Western country, inspecting the conditions of the Indians. He was

instructor in the scientific department of the Williston Seminary, East Hampton, Mass., 1874-81. In this last year, he was appointed general manager of the Houghton Farm in Orange County, N. Y. In September, 1886, he was appointed professor of Agriculture at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, retaining this position until the spring of 1888, when he was appointed president of the Maryland Agricultural College and Experimental Station, where he remained until 1893. During his connection with this college, he rendered valuable assistance in securing the passage by Congress of the "New Morrill Act." He had charge of the work of preparing and managing on behalf of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges, the co-operative exhibit of the Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations at the Columbian Exposition in Chicago. In 1894, he organized the Agricultural and Mechanical College in Oklahoma Territory, serving as president for a few months. Later in the same year, he was given charge of the Dairy School at the New Hampshire Agricultural College, serving temporarily as professor of Agriculture until July, 1895, when he was appointed chief of the Dairy Division of the United States Department of Agriculture which position he retained until his death.

He was a frequent contributor to agricultural journals of this country and Europe, and to the proceedings of the various societies of which he was a member. He was the author of the American Chapters in Cassell & Co's elaborate English work on *Dairy Farming*. He was also the author of many government bulletins on Agricultural subjects. He was a popular lecturer, delivering many addresses in this country and Europe. His special topics were on live stock and dairy farming. He was a pioneer in establishing creameries in the New England States. He was for several years chief of the Agricultural branch of Chautauqua University. He served frequently as judge of live stock at state and other fairs; was a member of the Jury of Awards at the International Dairy Fairs of 1879 and 1880, the Columbian Exposition and the Atlanta Exposition. He had full charge of the United States Animal and Dairy Exhibit at the Paris Exposition in 1900. He was a Democrat in politics; served for some years as a member of the Massachusetts Democratic State Central Committee; was a candidate for Congress in 1880.

He was one of the organizers of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations in 1888, serving as chairman of its executive committee, 1888-94, and as president in 1894. He was for some years an executive officer of the New York State Agricultural Society and the New York Dairymen's Association; was a member of the American Jersey Cattle Club, serving as director for several years; National Cattle Growers Association, and its vice-president for several years; American Association for the Advancement of Science; Society for the Promotion of Agricultural Science, and its president two years. He was a member of the Royal Agricultural Society and the British Dairy Farmers Association, receiving medals from both societies for services rendered. American Statistical Association; National Geographical Society; Cosmos Club, and the University Club of Washington; Reform Club of New York; Loyal Legion; G. A. R.

He was married September 6, 1866, to Martha Scott Swink of Lewinsville, Va., who survives him and resides at the "Spring Hill" farm at Lewinsville; no children.

CHARLES HENRY ATWOOD, B. S.

Charles H. Atwood, son of Hon. Victor Atwood, trustee of "N. U." and Charlotte (Barlow) Atwood, was born in St. Albans, Vt., October 1, 1842, and died there in September, 1910.

He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1860, graduating B. S. in 1863; was a member of the *A Σ H* Fraternity. He engaged in the hardware business in St. Albans many years. He was an active member of the Episcopal Church.

He was married May 24, 1862, to Mary Babbitt, who survives him and resides in St. Albans, Vt. One child, Mrs. H. C. Howard, resides in St. Albans, Vt.

CAPT. GEORGE ALONZO BAILEY, B. S.

George A. Bailey, son of Isaac Cobb and Sophrona (Tailor) Bailey, was born in Woodstock, Vt., January 15, 1843, and died there, unmarried, June 26, 1867. He prepared for college at the Woodstock High School and entered the University in 1860, graduating B. S. in C. E. in 1863; was a member of the *θ Α* Fraternity; was distinguished at the University for his scholarship and athletic ability.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was appointed State drill master with rank of 1st lieutenant and did valuable service in preparing the Vermont troops for the war. He enlisted in Company B, 7th Squadron, Rhode Island Cavalry, the famous "College Cavaliers," in June, 1863, and served until the command was mustered out, October 2, 1863; was commissioned 2d lieutenant Company M, 1st Vermont Heavy Artillery, (11th Vermont Volunteers,) November 2, 1863; was promoted 1st lieutenant, September 2, 1864;

was brevetted captain, April 2, 1865 for "gallant and meritorious service in the assault before Petersburg, Va." He was promoted captain, Company K, May 13, 1865; transferred to Company B, June 21, 1865; was mustered out of service, August 25, 1865. He served with great distinction in all the battles in which his regiment took part. He was a member of the Episcopal Church, Woodstock Lodge, No. 31, F. and A. M.; Ottaquechee chapter, R. A. M.



Capt. George Alonzo Bailey.

COL. CURTIS SAWYER BARRETT, B. S.

Curtis S. Barrett, son of Hiram and Hannah (Moore) Barrett, was born in South Strafford, Vt., October 16, 1839, and died of apoplexy in Cleveland, Ohio, June 20, 1908. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1860, and graduated B. S. in 1863; was adjutant of the corps of cadets; member of the *A Σ H* Fraternity.



Col. Curtis Sawyer Barrett.

He was commissioned on December 5, 1863, captain and quartermaster, United States Volunteers and served with distinction until October 20, 1866, when he was mustered out of service. He returned to his home in November, 1866, where he remained until early in 1867, when he accepted a position with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern R. R. Co., and removed to Chicago. In 1869, he removed to Cleveland, Ohio, and formed a partnership with James F. Rhodes, under the firm name of Barrett & Rhodes, dealers in coal and iron. In 1871, they purchased the Dover Fire Brick Co., at Canal Dover, Ohio. In 1873, Mr. Barrett purchased Mr. Rhodes' interest in the firm of Barrett & Rhodes and the Dover Fire Brick Co., and at once assumed active management of the companies, with which enterprises he remained connected until his death.

He was largely interested in the Great Western Coal Co., the Norton Coal Co., the Dennison Coal Co., and the Pioneer Coal Co., all large producers of coal and operation mines in Ohio. He was also interested in the Currier Stone Co., operating grindstone quarried at Independence, Ohio; the Burk Drill Co., manufacturers of auger drills for the use of miners; the Cleveland Elevator Bucket Co., manufacturers of steel elevator buckets for use in elevating grain, coal, etc.; the manufacture of strawboard and paper, and the production of crude oil and natural gas; was also a stockholder and director in several banks. He inherited from his father considerable real estate in Cleveland, some of which was sold and some was improved by the erection of apartment houses and business blocks. He was very successful in his business ventures and amassed a large fortune.

He very generously remembered the needs of his *Alma Mater*, willing the University \$100,000, the largest amount ever given the Institution; was also a benefactor of his native town, building there a commodious town hall and endowing the library, cemetery, besides making many other benefactions. He was a charter member of the Union Club and a member of the Roadside Club, G. A. R., Loyal Legion and other organizations in Cleveland. He was never married.

CAPT. CHARLES O. BRADLEY, U. S. A., B. S.

Charles O. Bradley, was born in Hampstead, N. H., in 1837, and died at Fort Maginnis, Montana, May 11, 1887. At an early age, his parents removed to Concord, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in September, 1860, remaining until April 19, 1861, when he left to enter the service. He returned to the University in September, 1861, and remained until June, 1862. The University, in 1880, in recognition of his work as an officer, conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1863.

He enlisted in Company I, 1st New Hampshire Infantry, April 20, 1861, and was appointed 1st sergeant, May 3, 1861. He served with his regiment in Washington, D. C., and for a brief time in the Shenandoah Valley; was mustered out of service, August 9, 1861. He enlisted in Company C, 13th New Hampshire Infantry, August 23, 1862, as a private; was promoted captain, September 27, 1862, to date from September, 19th; resigned June 10, 1864; was commissioned captain, Company I, 1st New Hampshire Heavy Artillery, September 6, 1864; was mustered out of service, June 15, 1865. He was commissioned 2d and 1st lieutenant, 11th United States Infantry, February 23,

1866; was transferred to the 20th United States Infantry, September 21, 1866; was promoted captain, same regiment, August 25, 1874. Captain Bradley was a brave and efficient officer and highly esteemed and respected by all his associates.

He married Annie Sturtevant of Hartland, Vt., who died about 1899; no children.

SERGT.-MAJ. CHARLES EDMUND BUSH, B. S.

Charles E. Bush, son of Edson and Catherine Rich (Wright) Bush, was born in Shoreham, Vt., September 16, 1843. He prepared for college at the Newton Academy, Shoreham, Vt., and entered the University in September, 1860, and remained nearly two years; was a member of the Athenian Society and the $A \Sigma II$ Fraternity. In 1904, the University in recognition of his work as a business man, conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1863.



Sergt.-Maj. Charles Edmund Bush.

He enlisted in Company B, 7th Squadron, Rhode Island Cavalry, the famous "College Cavaliers," (q. v.) June 19, 1862; was promoted sergeant-major in July, 1862; was mustered out of service, October 2, 1862. He engaged in banking in Orwell, Vt., 1870-93; and has served as director, treasurer and general manager of the Ticonderoga Pulp and Paper Co., Ticonderoga, N. Y., since 1896. He is a member of the Simonds Lodge, F. and A. M., of Shoreham, Vt.; also member of the Republican Club and Union League Club, New York city.

He was married in December, 1868, to Agnes Hitchcock of Shoreham, Vt., sister of Robert E. Hitchcock, '59.

ADMIRAL GEORGE ALBERT CONVERSE, U. S. N., B. S.

George A. Converse, son of Dr. Shubacl and Louvia Elizabeth (Morrill) Converse, was born in Norwich, Vt., May 13, 1844, and died in Washington, D. C., March 29, 1909. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1859, remaining until 1861, when he received an appointment to the United States Naval Academy; was one of the founders of the *Rexville*; member of the $\theta \Lambda$ Fraternity; received from the University in 1865 the degree of B. S. as for 1863.

He was appointed midshipman, United States Naval Academy, September 29, 1861, and graduated in 1865. He served on the steam sloop, *Canandaigua*, European squadron, 1865-68; and on the *Frolic*, same station, 1868-69.

He was promoted ensign, December 1, 1866; master, March 12, 1868; lieutenant, March 26, 1868. He was on duty in the Bureau of Navigation, Washington, D. C., from August until October, 1869; on torpedo duty, 1869-72; served on staff of Rear-Admiral T. A. Jenkins, U. S. N., on flagship, *Hartford*, Asiatic fleet, March, 1872, until December, 1874; at the Naval Torpedo Station, June 1874 until September, 1877; was executive officer of the *Marion*, October, 1877 until July, 1879. He was promoted lieutenant-commander, July 12, 1878; was on sick leave, 1879-81; served on staff of Rear Admiral Charles H. Baldwin U.S.N., on flagship, *Lancaster*, European Station, January, 1883 to September, 1884; on duty Bureau of Ordnance, Washington, D. C., from December, 1884, until January, 1885; instructor at Naval Torpedo Station from January, 1885, until January, 1889; was inspector of torpedo boats, Bristol, R. I., February, 1889 until June, 1890; was promoted commander, March 23, 1889. He was in command of the *Enterprise*, July, 1890 until July, 1891; on duty, Bureau of Ordnance, August, 1891 to December, 1892; in charge of Naval Torpedo Station from January, 1893 until June, 1897; also during this time served as senior member of a board on rifles, board on torpedoes and general inspector of torpedo boats at Bristol, R. I., July 23, 1897. He was given command of the *Montgomery* and commanded this battleship during the Spanish-American War; was ordered to Havana harbor in February, 1898, soon after the destruction of the *Maine*, to replace that ship and served during the court of inquiry. On April 26 he conveyed the transport *Panther*, having on board the First Battalion of Occupancy of Cuba. From May 3 to 12, he served with Admiral Sampson's fleet, and on May 5, captured the Spanish barks, *Lorenzo* and *Frasquito*. On May 12, he participated in the bombardment of San Juan, P. R. During May 12-22, he served with Admiral Sampson's fleet in search of Admiral Cervera's squadron. During May 22-July 21, he served on the Havana blockade, as flagship and engaged in search for Cervera's fleet. From July 21 to August 3, convoyed the *Monitor* squadron to Porto Rico, to co-operate with General Miles' army. On August 1, he participated in the capture of the light house at Cape San Juan; during August 11 to October 11, convoyed the transports, *Hudson* and *Morgan* with troops and stores on an expedition against Mayaguez, Porto Rico; assisted in the re-establishment of the lights and buoys in the harbor of San Juan.



Admiral George Albert Converse.

On October 18, 1898, he took the special commission to Nassau, Bahama Islands to confer with General Heucreux, president of Sando Mingo; was promoted captain, March 3, 1899. He was on duty, Bureau of Navigation, April

3, 1899 to September 13, 1901, and during this time served on Board of Naval Regulations for 1900, and Naval Examining and Retiring Boards, Board on Construction, senior member, Board on Naval Stations, Charleston, S. C., also inspector of torpedoes. He was general inspector of the *Illinois* in 1901; and was in command of this ship from September 16, 1901 to October, 1903; was senior member of Board on Engineering Instruction and Training for the United States naval officers in 1903; was chief of the Bureau of Equipment, with rank of rear-admiral from October, 1903 to March, 1904; chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, March to July, 1904; chief of the Bureau of Navigation, with rank of rear-admiral, August, 1904 to May 18, 1907. He was promoted rear-admiral, November 8, 1904, and performed additional duty as member of the Board on Construction, Army and Navy joint board, Board on Torpedo Boats; was promoted rear-admiral of the senior nine, September 11, 1905; was transferred to the retired list, May 13, 1906; was president of the Board of Construction, May 18, 1907 to March, 1909.

"In the development and organization of the New Navy, the name of Rear Admiral Converse stands among the foremost in all that counts for progress and efficiency; and to the rare ability and devotion of this officer, the country owes a debt of deepest gratitude. His record is without a parallel from the fact that his comprehensive mind enabled him to grasp the minutest details of routine and the broadest principles of naval policy. There is no other instance, of any one officer, having been successively at the head of three different bureaus of the Navy Department and retained after retirement, the presidency of a board whose function was to decide upon all questions of naval construction."

He was married in December, 1871, to Laura Shelby Blood of New York, who survives him and resides in Washington. Five children were born to them: Caroline Laura, deceased; Maude; J. Edith, married Le Baron Carleton Cote; Lillian Shelby, married Huntington Wolcott Jackson; Olga Blood.

BRIG.-GEN. CHARLES AUSTIN COOLIDGE U. S. A., B. S., M. D.

Charles A Coolidge, son of Charles Austin and Anna Maria (Rice)Coolidge, was born in Boston, Mass., July 19, 1844. In 1852, he removed to Concord, Mass., where he attended Frank Sanborn's School. He entered the University in October, 1859, and remained nearly two years. The University, in recognition of his work as a soldier, conferred upon him in 1909 the degree of B. S. as for 1863; was a student at the University of Worcester Medical College, Cleveland, Ohio, 1871-73, receiving the degree of M. D. in the latter year.

He enlisted as a private in the 16th United States Infantry, October 22, 1862, and served at Camp Douglass, Chicago, Ill., October-November, 1862; at Fort Ontario, N. Y., 1862; was on recruiting service at Buffalo and Utica, N. Y., 1863-64. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 7th United States Infantry, May 18, 1864; was promoted 1st lieutenant, July 20, 1864; captain, same regiment August 9, 1877; brevetted major for services in action, February 27, 1890; major same regiment, April 26, 1898; lieutenant-colonel, 9th United States Infantry, May 16, 1899; colonel 7th Infantry, March 2, 1901; brigadier-general-August 8, 1903, and retired August 9, same year. He was on duty at Forts Lafayette and Richmond, 1864-65; with the Army of the Potomac at City Point, Va., in October, 1861. He served in forts in Florida, May 1865-April,

1869; in Utah from June, 1869 to May, 1870; Montana, 1869 to February, 1870; was on recruiting service, from February, 1870 to June, 1873; at Forts Ellis and Shaw in Montana, 1873-77. He served in Custer's Yellowstone campaign in 1876; also in the Nez Perces campaign in Montana in August, 1877, where he performed conspicuous duty; was wounded three times in the battle of Big Hole, Montana, August 8, 1877, and for his services in this battle was brevetted major, February 27, 1890; was on sick leave, 1877-78; on leave of absence in Europe, April to September, 1878; served with his company in Montana, 1878-79; Fort Snelling, Minn., November, 1879 to May, 1880; Fort Buford, Montana, 1880-82; Fort Pembina, 1882-November, 1882; Fort Russell, from November, 1882 to March, 1883. He was inspector of rifle practice on the staff of Gen. O. O. Howard, Omaha, Neb., March, 1883-May 1884. He was stationed at Fort Laramie, May, 1884 to July 7, 1887; Camp Pilot, Butte, Wyo., July 7, 1887-90; Fort Logan, Col., 1890-April 20, 1898.

On the breaking out of the Spanish-American War, Major Coolidge was ordered to Camp Chickamauga, Ga., and from there to Tampa, Fla. He landed with his regiment at Daiquiri, Cuba, June 22, 1898, and took part in the Cuban campaign. He performed conspicuous service at the battles of El Carney, July 1, 1898, and Santiago, Cuba, July 10-12, 1898. He returned to the United States in August, 1898, and was stationed for a short time at Montauk, L. I., was ordered, in November, to muster out the 9th New York Volunteers in New York City. He served with his battalion at Fort Brady, Mich., December, 1898, to January, 1899; was in command of Fort Sheridan, Ill., from January to May, 1899.

In May, 1899, he was ordered to join his regiment in the Philippines. He sailed from San Francisco, June 30, and arrived at Manila, July 21, 1899; was in command of his regiment, the 9th, at San Fernando, Luzon, July-September 1, 1899; took part in the advance of General McArthur's Division, north of San Fernando, taking part in the engagement at Callulut; was in command at Santa Rosa, August-September 1, 1899; was in command of his battalion at Guagua, September 11 to October 8, 1899; joined his regiment, and took part in the advance of the division, October 20, to Taclae, being in command of his battalion at Mabalaat, Marcia and Bamban. Colonel Escum, commander of the regiment, being appointed acting brigadier-general, Lieutenant-Colonel Coolidge took command of the regiment, January 15, which command he held until April 7, 1900. He served on Board of Examination for non-commissioned officers, May to June 1900.



Brig.-Gen. Charles Austin Coolidge.

The regiment was ordered to China, June 28, 1900, to assist in the relief of the United States Legation at Peking, during the Boxer disturbances. He landed with the Third battalion, July 12, at Taku, and at once proceeded up the Peiho river by lighters arriving at Tientsin, at 10 A. M., the 13th. He reported to General Dorward of the British Army, who was in command of the British and American forces. Colonel Coolidge was directed to care for the wounded soldiers as they were brought from the field. Colonel Liscum being killed in battle on the 13th, the command of the regiment devolved upon Colonel Coolidge. He remained in command of his regiment until the arrival of Colonel Robe in Peking, August 25, 1900. On the 14th, the walled city of Tientsin was blown open by the Japanese troops and the city entered by the allied forces; was in command of the United States forces in China from July 20 to 26. He took part in the battles at Tientsin, July 13, Yantsan, August 8 and Peking, August 14 and 15; was provost marshal of the United States section of Tartar city, September 30 to October 16. Colonel Coolidge performed valiant services in this campaign and received the thanks of General Dorward for his efficient services. The regiment returned to the Philippine Islands in October, 1900.

He was appointed colonel of the 7th United States Infantry, March 2, 1901, and was ordered to the Vancouver Barracks, Washington, April 20, 1901, reaching there in July. In November, 1901, he succeeded to the command of the post. In May, 1902, the regiment was ordered to Presidio, Cal., where it encamped outside the post proper. Colonel Coolidge was placed in command of the infantry garrison and given the charge of the erection of two sets of cantonment buildings, which were constructed by the labor of the troops. On August 8, 1903, he was promoted brigadier-general and placed on the retired list at his own request, after forty years of service, though lacking nearly five years of the legal retiring age. He made his home in San Francisco until after the earthquake. In August, 1906, he removed to Detroit, where he has made his home to date.

He has often made use of his medical training in connection with his military work. He was acting assistant surgeon with the hospital containing the wounded soldiers from the Sioux campaign, July 28-29, 1876; same at Post Missoula June to July, 1877; Camp Pilot, Butte, July 5-20, 1887. He is a member of the Episcopal Church; Iris Lodge No. 229, F. and A. M., of Cleveland, Ohio; Michigan Commandery, Sons of the American Revolution; Michigan Commandery Military Order of the Loyal Legions, Detroit Post, G. A. R.; Society Santiago; life member, Society of the Philippine's; Military Order of the Dragon; Grosse Point Country Club, Detroit.

He was married November 19, 1877, to Sophie Wager Lowry of Philadelphia, Pa.

ADDISON TYLER HASTINGS, B. S.

Addison T. Hastings, son of D. T. Hastings, was born in West Medford, Mass., April 8, 1842. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1860, remaining until 1862, when he enlisted in Co. B., 7th Squadron R. I. Cavalry, the famous "College Cavaliers" (q. v.) The University in 1909, conferred upon him the degree of B. S., as for 1863. He engaged in various business enterprises in Boston, from 1865 until 1900, when he retired from active work. He is now residing in Natick, Mass.

COL. WILLIAM STRONG DEWEY, B. S., A. M.

William S. Dewey, son of the Hon. Albert Gallatin and Emily (Strong) Dewey, was born in Quechee (Hartford) Vt., August 3, 1841. He prepared for college at the Newbury, Vt., Seminary, the Green Mountain Institute South Woodstock, Vt., and with HESCA DODGE "N. U." LECHEAY graduate '45, in Pomfret, Vt. He entered the University in September, 1860, and graduated B. S. in 1863; was a member of the *A Σ H* Fraternity; received the degree of A. M. from the University at the Commencement of 1909.

He took a course in Comer's Commercial College, Boston in 1864, and entered the employ of Taft & Parker, woolen manufacturers at Quechee. In April, 1866, he became a member of the company under the firm name of J. C. Parker & Co. In April, 1876, he sold his interests in this company and became a member of the firm of A. G. Dewey & Company, woolen manufacturers of the same town. In 1890, when the firm was incorporated as the A. G. Dewey Company, he was elected its treasurer, which position he still retains. He is connected with several companies. He is a director and vice-president of the Woodstock National Bank, Ticonderoga, N. Y., Pulp & Paper



Col. William Strong Dewey.

Company; trustee of the Ottaquechee Savings Bank, Woodstock.

He took an active part in 1862 in the enrolling of the famous "College Cavaliers" (q. v.) which became Company B., Seventh Squadron, Rhode Island Cavalry and served with the command in Virginia, June 18-October 2, 1862. He served on the staff of Governor Pingree, 1885-86 with rank of colonel.

He is a member of United Brethren Lodge, No. 21, F. and A. M. of Hartford, Vt. He is a Republican in politics; has held several of the town offices; represented the town in the House of Representatives in 1886-88. His address is Quechee, Vt.

FIRST SERGT. RUFUS LEANDER MOSES, B. S.

Rufus L. Moses, son of Rufus Page and Charlotte (Collin) Moses, was born in Montpelier, Vermont, March 29, 1811, and died of heart failure in Randolph, Vt., September 9, 1872. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1860, from Norwich, Vermont, where his parents removed the same year and graduated B. S. in 1863.

He enlisted in Company A, 3d Vermont Infantry, December 12, 1863; was promoted corporal, August 31, 1864; and first sergeant, March 25, 1865; was mustered out of service, July 11, 1865. He was professor of Mathematics in the Louisville, Ky., Commercial College, 1865-66; was assistant engineer, Rutland & Washington R. R., on surveys from Rutland to Woodstock, Vt., in 1868; was assistant engineer for a firm of engineers and contractors, Yonkers, N. Y., in 1869; he removed to Randolph in 1869, where he continued to reside until his death; was foreman for C. E. Abbott & Co., extensive manufacturers of doors, sash and blinds, 1870-72. He was a member of Phoenix Lodge, F. and A. M. and Whitney Chapter, R. A. M. of Randolph.



First Sergt. Rufus Leander Moses.

He was married March 6, 1876, to Frances Augusta Benton of Hanover, N. H., who survives him and resides in Randolph; One child, Lillie Benton, born December 25, 1869, resides in Randolph, Vt.

RODY PATTERSON, JR., B. S.

Rody Patterson, son of Rody and Elizabeth (Fanner) Patterson, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., June 28, 1844, and died in Lexington, Ky., October 10, 1886. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1859, and graduated B. S., in 1863; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity.

He engaged in the livery business in Pittsburg, 1863-83, having one of the largest stables west of the Allegheny mountains. In May, 1883, he removed to Lexington, Ky., and established the "Springhurst Stock Farm," which became one of the largest in the United States, and which he conducted until his death. He was a member of the Harvard Driving Park Association at Pittsburg, and served as its secretary for several years. He was a member of the Pittsburg Lodge, F. and A. M., of Pittsburg, Pa.

He was married October 25, 1866, to Mary Comings, of West Lebanon, N. H., who survives him and resides in Brooklyn, N. Y. Seven children were born to them: Rody, born July 31, 1867, resides in Columbus, Ohio; Charles Tillinghast, born February 4, 1869, resides in New York; Kimball, born April 29, 1871, resides in New York; Anne, born February 17, 1874, married Mr. Colwell, resides in Evanston, Ill.; George Brewster, born May 13, 1877, resides in New York; Jean Marshall, born December 30, 1882, died in 1889; Elizabeth Draro, born August 22, 1884, resides in Evanston, Ill.

CLAYTON EUGENE RICH, B. S., A. M.

Clayton E. Rich, son of John Thomas and Elizabeth (Murray) Rich was born in Shoreham, Vt., July 2, 1844. He prepared for college at the Newton Academy, Shoreham, and entered the University in September, 1860, graduat-

ing B. S. in 1863; was adjutant of the corps of cadets; member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity; received the degree of A. M., in course, in 1909.

He was appointed as State drill master, Vermont volunteers in 1862, and assisted in drilling and instructing the 13th and 15th Regiments. He located in New York City in 1867, where he has since resided. He has engaged in the Cotton Brokerage business to date; is a member of the New York Cotton Exchange.

He was married in December, 1881, to Josephine Ada Bell, of New York. Five children have been born to them: Clayton Eugene, born in 1881; Bell, born in 1886; John Thomas, "N. U.", '10; Dudley Bell, born in 1891; Murray Weir, born in 1897.

NON-GRADUATES, 1863.

CAPT. LORENZO D. ALLEN.

Lorenzo D. Allen, son of Lorenzo Allen, was born in Chelsea, Vt., August 21, 1840. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1859, remaining until 1861, when he left to enter the service; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity.

He was commissioned captain, Co. G., Third Vermont Infantry, May 27, 1861, and served until November 21, 1862, when he was discharged for disability. He removed to California in 1880, where he has made his home to date.

LIEUT. CHARLES EDWARD ASHCROFT.

Charles E. Ashcroft, son of E. H. Ashcroft, was born in Boston, Mass., in 1842. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in the summer of 1859, remaining until 1861, when he was appointed drill master of Massachusetts volunteers, with rank of first lieutenant. He was engaged for some time in drilling and instructing the State troops.

He engaged for many years as a mechanical engineer with headquarters in Boston. He has invented many appliances for steam engines. The Ashcroft valve has had an extended sale. He has had charge of installing many extensive steam plants in various sections of the country. He was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity.

LIEUT. DANIEL WEBSTER PARMENTER.

Daniel W. Parmenter, son of Daniel and Emily (Parker) Parmenter, and cousin of Edgar Parker, '59, was born in Frammingham, Mass., in 1841. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1860, remaining until August 11, 1862, when he enlisted in the 32d Massachusetts Volunteers; was commissioned second lieutenant in the 10th United States

Colored Infantry in 1863, and served with the regiment until the battle of Plymouth, N. C., April 18, 1864. He is supposed to have been killed in this battle, as he was never heard from after this date.

SURGEON JOHN WILLIAM PARSONS, M. D.

John W. Parsons, son of Thomas Jefferson and Eliza (Brown) Parsons, was born in Rye, N. H., August 1, 1841. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and the academies in Hampton Falls, Pembroke, Franklin, and



Surgeon John William Parsons.

Phillips Exeter Academy. He entered the University in 1860, and remained one year, pursuing a special course. He then attended three courses of medical lectures at Dartmouth and Harvard medical colleges and graduated from the latter institution in March, 1865. He was appointed assistant surgeon of the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts Infantry in April, 1865, and was mustered out with his regiment in January, 1866. He located in Portsmouth, N. H., in 1866, and has practiced his profession there to date. He is a member and a trustee of the Portsmouth Cottage Hospital staff; was pension examining surgeon, 1885-1889; trustee Chase Home for children; justice of the peace, 1871 to date.

He is a member of St. Johns Lodge, F. and A. M.; G. A. R.; Loyal Legion; Sons of the Revolution; American Medical Association; New Hampshire

Medical Society; Strafford District Medical Society; Rockingham County Medical Society; Portsmouth Medical Association and Harvard Alumni Medical Association. He has held the position of vice-president of the American Medical Association; president, councillor, trustee, and censor of the New Hampshire Medical Society; president of the Strafford District Medical Society and the Portsmouth Medical Association; vice-president of Harvard Medical Alumni Association.

He was married February 12, 1873, to Mary Augusta Adams of Portsmouth.

NORMAN ROBINSON.

Norman Robinson, son of Cornelius and Mary Armina (Pike) Robinson, was born in Chelsea, Vt., October 18, 1843, and died in Chicago, Ill., September 6, 1896. He prepared for college at the Chelsea Academy and entered the University in September, 1860, remaining until 1862, when owing to sickness was obliged to give up his college work. He assisted in drilling the Chelsea Company for service in the Civil War.

He went to Chicago, Ill., in 1863, and was in the employ of Fairbanks, Greenleaf Co., 1863-65; Fairbanks Scale Co., 1865-80, with headquarters in

Chicago, Cincinnati, Ohio, and other cities in the middle West; engaged in the real estate business in Chicago, 1880-90; conducted an extensive green house business, Chicago, 1890-96. He was a Republican in politics, served as notary public in Chicago for several years.

He was married January 27, 1869, to Mary Elizabeth Allen of Chelsea, who survives him and resides in Chicago. Three children were born to them: Leonora Kate, born October 10, 1872, married Walter B. Sampson of Chicago, died October 29, 1909; Cornelius Clyde, born December 5, 1877, resides in Chicago; a daughter died in infancy.



Norman Robinson.

LIEUT. ALBERT SABINE. U. S. A.

Albert Sabin, son of Elisha L. and Elizabeth Swan (Dana) Sabin, was born in Woodstock, Vt., February 23, 1843. He prepared for college in the schools of his town. He entered the University in the summer of 1861, remaining until February 2, 1862, when he left to enter the United States Army.

He was commissioned a second lieutenant 1st United States Infantry, February 19, 1862; promoted 1st lieutenant, August 1, 1862. He served with distinction with his regiment at the siege of Vicksburg, and contracted a disease, of which he died at Windsor, Vt., September 29, 1863.



Lieut. Albert Sabine.

CLASS OF 1864.

MAJOR LEMUEL ABIJAH ABBOTT, U. S. A., B. S.

Lemuel A. Abbott, son of Richard Flagg and Mary (Norris) Abbott, was born in Barre, Vt., August 21, 1842, and died, unmarried, in Aberdeen, Washington, February 3, 1911; was buried in Barre, Vt. He attended the schools of his town and the Barre Academy and entered the University in 1860, remaining until July, 1862, when he entered the army. In 1873, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1864.



Major Lemuel Abijah Abbott.

He enlisted in Co. B, 10th Vermont Infantry, July 28, 1862, and was promoted 1st sergeant, July 28, 1862; 2nd lieutenant June 26, 1863, 1st lieutenant, June 17, 1864, and captain, December 19, 1864; was mustered out of service, June 22, 1865. He served during most of the war in the 6th Army Corps. He performed conspicuous service in the following battles: Payn's Farm, Mine Run, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, siege of Petersburg, Monocacy, Winchester, second siege of Petersburg, and at Appomattox. He was slightly wounded in two battles, and severely wounded in two battles.

He was commissioned 1st lieutenant in the 97th United States Colored Infantry, November 6, 1865; and served on the staff of General Sheridan on scouting and reconsideration duty in Texas; was mustered out of service, April 6, 1866. He was commissioned 2nd lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry, July 2, 1867; was promoted 1st lieutenant May, 10, 1869; served on the staff of General James Oakes as regimental quarter-master, from November 25, 1869 until May 17, 1873; at Forts Hays, Harker, Riley and Dodge, Kansas. He later served on many scouting expeditions; later served on the staffs of Generals Miles and Biddle in several Indian campaigns. He was commissioned captain same regiment, June 3, 1880, and continued in service in the Department of the West, principally in Arizona; was brevetted major U. S. A., for bravery in a fight with the Indians July 17, 1882. He was stationed for some time at Fort Lowell, Arizona, and had command of several scouting expeditions. He was retired from active duty January 3, 1885, on account of wounds and general disability. While in the Indian service, he was commissioned by the Government to investigate and report upon the best method to care for the Indians. His report to educate and civilize them resulted in Indian schools in each agency and their ultimate high station of wealth and education.

He enlisted in Co. B, 10th Vermont Infantry, July 28, 1862, and was promoted 1st sergeant, July 28, 1862; 2nd lieutenant June 26, 1863, 1st lieutenant, June 17, 1864, and captain, December 19, 1864; was mustered out of service, June 22, 1865. He served during most of the war in the 6th Army Corps. He performed conspicuous service in the following battles: Payn's Farm, Mine Run, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, siege of Petersburg, Monocacy, Winchester, second siege of Petersburg, and at Appomattox. He was slightly wounded in two battles, and severely wounded in two battles.

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In 1891, he was instrumental in having the outer bar in Gray's Harbor, Washington resurveyed by the United States Government, which the interests of commerce demanded. In 1899, he was given full rank of major by special act of Congress. Since 1885, Major Abbott spent most of his time on genealogical and historical work. He published in 1908 an extensive genealogy of the Abbott Family; also published in 1908, his *Personal Recollections and Civil War Diary*, a work of 296 pages.

EDWARD DEAN ADAMS, M. S., A. M., LL. D.

Edward D. Adams, son of Adoniram Judson and Harriet Lincoln (Norton) Adams, was born in Boston, Mass., April 9, 1846. His first military experience was in connection with the "Dyer Zouaves" of Roxbury, Mass., of which organization, he was a sergeant in 1861. In that year, he won a silver medal as the best drilled of the organization. He prepared for college in the Chauncey Hall School in Boston, and passed successfully a competitive examination for West Point in 1861, but, failed to pass the age required at time of entrance.

He entered the University in 1861, graduating B. S. in 1864; He was a drill sergeant, 1862-63, and adjutant of the corps of cadets, spring term, 1864. He was a member of the Athenian society and its censor in 1864; Cricket Club, president in 1864; $\Lambda \Sigma \Pi$ Fraternity. He has received the following degrees from the University: M. S. in course, 1897; A. M. in course in 1898; LL. D., honorary in 1908. He has served as trustee of the University from 1905 to date; and as president of the New York Alumni Association of Norwich University since 1909. The Royal Order of the Crown of Prussia, second class, was conferred upon him in 1909.



Edward Dean Adams.

After graduating, he travelled in Europe for more than a year, and upon his return, studied at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, being enrolled as a member of the class of 1869. In 1866, he entered the employ of T. J. Lee & Hill, bankers and brokers of Boston, as cashier and clerk. In 1870, he assisted in the organization of the banking firm of Richardson, Hill & Company, of Boston, becoming a partner. He remained with this firm until 1878, when he became a partner of the banking firm of Winslow, Lanier & Company, of New York City. He retired from this firm in 1893 to devote his time to the management of the various large companies in which he was interested.

During his connection with the firm of Winslow, Lanier & Co., he participated in the finance, construction, re-organization and management of many large enterprises. In 1882-83, he organized the Northern Pacific Terminal

Company, of Portland, Oregon, which was afterwards leased to the Northern Pacific R. R., and other companies, serving as president, 1882-86.

In 1883, he organized the St. Paul & Northern Pacific R. R. Co., serving as vice-president, 1883-87. He furnished the capital for this company and supervised the construction of the terminal facilities at Minneapolis and St. Paul. In 1885, he organized the New Jersey Junction R. R. Co., (now leased to the New York Central and Hudson River R. R. Co.). During this year, he prepared the plan for the re-organization of the New York, Ontario & Western R. R., the West Shore & Ontario Terminal Co., and their allied companies. This plan was carried out in 1886. His efficient service in this difficult undertaking was fully acknowledged by Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central R. R., and by Drexel, Morgan & Co., in their circular to the West Shore bondholders. Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan also generously acknowledged Mr. Adams' efficient services as indispensable in this re-organization.

In 1887, as chairman of the finance committee of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, he rescued that road from its receivership, by a plan conceived by himself and worked out with the greatest care. In 1888, he rendered the Philadelphia & Reading R. R. efficient service in the successful marketing of the new bonds of the company, and received unusual official recognition therefor. In 1890, he came to the rescue of the American Cotton Oil Trust, which was then on the verge of bankruptcy. He successfully re-organized the company, paying its floating debt and providing new working capital, and by his business like and careful management, soon placed the business on a paying basis. Upon his declining financial compensation for his services in the re-organization, the stockholders presented him with that beautiful specimen of American art, known as the "Adams Gold Vase," that is now in the gold room of the Metropolitan Museum of Art. He was chairman of the board of directors of this company and president of many of its affiliated companies, 1890-96.

In 1890, he was elected president of the Cataract Construction Co., organized to utilize the water power of the Niagara Falls. Here he again displayed his ability as an organizer and business man. The developement of this water power was one of the greatest engineering feats of the time, and is acknowledged to have had a greater influence in the efficient application of electric power to industrial purposes than any other commercial enterprise. All the engineering details of the work were carried out under his supervision. He served as president of the company until 1899; also president of the Niagara Development Company, 1892-99, and of the Niagara Junction R. R. Co., 1892-99. In 1893, he became the representative in America of the Deutsche Bank of Berlin, which position he has held to date.

In 1893, he organized and became chairman of the re-organization committee of the Northern Pacific R. R. Co., and its many allied companies. These companies were re-organized according to the plans prepared and carried out by him. He served as chairman of this re-organization committee until 1896, when he was made chairman of the board of directors of the road, a position he held until 1897. In 1897, he re-organized the Chicago & Northern Pacific and the Chicago & Calumet Railroad properties, and consolidated them with the Chicago Terminal Transfer Railroad Co., of which company he served as president, 1897-1901.

In addition to the enterprises above referred to, he has been and is connected with the management of many companies, notably the following; president and director: Bullock Electric Manufacturing Co., 1905 to date; East Jersey Water Company, 1908 to date; N. K. Fairbanks Co., 1891-96; Rumson Improvement Co., 1902 to date. Vice-president and director: Central & South American Telegraph Co., 1885-99. Chairman of boards of directors and committees: Allis Chalmers Co., 1904-08; Central Railroad Co., of New Jersey, 1887-94; Empire Engineering Corporation, 1905 to date; Lehigh Coke Co., 1910; H. S. Kerbaugh, Inc'd, 1911; Kerbaugh-Empire Co., 1911; Director and member of executive committees: Cataract Power & Conduit Co., of Buffalo, N. Y., 1896 to date; Guatemala Railway Co., 1905 to date; Niagara Falls Power Co., 1899 to date. Director: Allis-Chalmers-Bullock, Ltd., Montreal, 1901 to date; Allis-Chalmers Co., 1901 to date, and chairman of executive committee, 1904-1907; American Cotton Oil Co., 1894 to date; Union Petroleum Co., 1909 to date; Missouri Pacific R. R., 1911; Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Ry. Co., 1911-Clinchfield Coal Corp'n, 1911-St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Ry. Co., 1911-Western Maryland Ry. Co., 1911.

He is a senior warden of St. George's Episcopal Church, Rumson, N. J. He has taken great interest in artistic, historical and scientific matters, and especially in the Metropolitan Museum of Art of New York City, of which he has served as a trustee since 1894, and as a member of the finance and executive committees and of the committees on library, buildings, casts and reproductions and sculpture.

He is a member of the following societies and organizations: American Academy in Rome (trustee since 1910); American Iron & Steel Institute; American Numismatic Society (member of the board of governors and chairman of the medal committee); American Scenic & Historic Preservation Society (trustee since 1905, life member); Germanistic Society of America (president since 1909, life member); Institute of Musical Art of the city of New York (vice-president, trustee and member of finance committee, 1901 to date); Monmouth County Historical Association (vice-president since 1903); Rumson Protective Association (committee); American Anthropological Association; American Association for the Advancement of Science; American Ethnological Society (life member); American Federation of Arts; American Fine Arts Society (patron and fellow for life); American Folk-lore Society; American Forestry Association (life member); American Geographical Society (life fellow); American Institute of Electrical Engineers (associate member); American Museum of Natural History (patron in perpetuity); American Society of Civil Engineers (fellow); Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks; Civil Service Reform Association; Horticultural Society of New York (life member); Kahn Foundation for Foreign Travel of American Teachers (chairman board of trustees); Municipal Art Society of New York (life member); National Academy of Design (fellow in perpetuity); National Association of Credit Men; National Conservation Society; National Geographical Society (life member); National Historical & Biographical Society; National Sculpture Society; National Society of Mural Painters; New England Society (life member); New York Academy of Science (life member); New York Botanical Garden (life member of corporation); New York Chamber of Commerce; New York Genealogical & Biographical Society (life member); New York

Historical Society (life member); New York Society of Archaeology; New York Zoological Society (life member); Oesterreichische Gesellschaft zur Foerderung der Medaillenkunst; Societe des Amis de la Medaille Francaise; Society of Sons of the Revolution (life member); Society of Iconophiles; St. Thomas Episcopal Church of New York City.

He is a member of the following clubs: Adirondack League Club; Automobile Club of America; Caxton Club of Chicago; Chicago Club; Church Club of New York; City Club (life member, hon. vice-president); Deutscher Press Club; Economic Club of New York; Engineers' Club; Faculty Club of Columbia University; Grolier Society; Lawyer's Club; Metropolitan Club; Players' Club; Railroad Club of New York; Riding Club; Rumson Country Club (president since 1909); Rumson Park (president since 1909); Seabright Beach Club (trustee); Sleepy Hollow Country Club; Technology Club of New York, class of 1869; Tuxedo Club; 27th Assembly District Republican Club; Union League Club; Whitehall Club of New York.

He was married in 1872, to Frances Amelia, daughter of William Eaton Gutterson, of Boston. Three children have been born to them: Ernest Kempton, born in 1873, died in 1904; Ralph Lanier, born in 1878, died in 1880; Ruth, born in 1891. He resides at No. 455 Madison Avenue, New York City, and at Rohallion, his country estate at Rumson, N. J. His office address is 71 Broadway, New York City.

BRIG.-GEN. JULIUS JACOB ESTEY, A. M.

Julius J. Estey, son of the Hon. Jacob and Desdemona (Wood) Estey, was born in Brattleboro, Vt., January 8, 1845, and died there, March 7, 1902. He prepared for college at the Brattleboro High School and entered the University in September, 1861, remaining until June, 1863, when he was obliged to give up his course to assist his father in the management of the extensive organ manufactory of which he was the founder and owner. In 1873, the University in recognition of his work as a business man and soldier conferred upon him the degrees of A. B. and A. M., as for 1864. He was a member of the *θ* *λ* fraternity at the University.

He was manager of the branch factory of the Estey Organ Co., Chicago during 1865. In 1866, he returned to Brattleboro and became treasurer of the company which position he retained until 1890, when he became president of the company. In the same year, he became president of the Estey Piano Co., of New York City and retained this office until his death. He was also connected with several large business enterprises; was president of the Peoples National Bank of Brattleboro and the Estey Manufacturing Co., Owosso, Mich., 1890-1902. He was an able business man and through his efficient management greatly extended the business of the Estey Organ Co., until at the time of his death it was the largest and most prosperous organ company in the world.

He possessed great ability in military affairs and it was a great disappointment to him, that owing to business affairs, he was unable to accept a commission in the army during the Civil War. He took great interest in the State militia and in May, 1874, was elected captain Co. I, 1st Regiment, V. N. G. (later known as the Estey Guards); served as captain until 1881; served on the staff of Gov. Horace Fairbanks in 1876 and 1877, with rank of colonel; was

lieutenant-colonel of the 1st Regiment, 1881-1887; colonel, 1887-92; was elected brigadier-general in command of the State militia in 1892 and served until 1898. He was an able officer and a good disciplinarian and during his office of colonel and brigadier-general, he brought the State militia to a high state of efficiency. He was always considerate to his command; was very popular with the men and gained their respect and love as few leaders have been able to do.

He was a Republican and a leading factor in the State politics. He held several town offices; represented his town in the House of Representatives, 1876-77; was State senator, 1882-84. His services in the State Legislature were particularly creditable to himself and his party; was delegate at large to the National Republican convention in Chicago in 1888.

He took an active interest in educational matters; was a trustee of the Vermont Academy, Saxton's River, 1880-1902, and treasurer for some years. He was a member of the Baptist Church and took an active interest in the church work and gave liberally of his time and money to aid in the various church enterprises; was president of the State Sabbath School Association; was president of the board of managers of the Baptist State Convention, 1898-1902. He was a prominent member of the various Masonic bodies in Brattleboro.

He was married October 29, 1867, to Florence Carpenter Gray of Cambridge, N. Y., who survives him and resides in Brattleboro. Three children were born to them: Jacob Gray, born August 2, 1871, now president of the Estey Organ Co., of Brattleboro; Julius Harry, born July 9, 1874; now treasurer of the Estey Organ Co., of Brattleboro; Guy C., born January 1, 1881, died October 18, 1897.



Brig.-Gen. Julius Jacob Estey.

CAPT. LLOYD BYRON FULLER, C. E.

Lloyd B. Fuller, son of James Porter and Emiee Walcott (Hall) Fuller, was born in Plainfield, N. H., January 8, 1811. In 1811, his parents removed to Lebanon, N. H., where he attended the public schools. He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered the University in the fall of 1860, remaining until 1862. He paid especial attention to tactics and civil engineering; was a member of the Θ Λ Fraternity; received from the University in 1909 the degrees of B. S. and C. E. as for 1861.

He taught school in Sheffield, Ill., 1862-61. He was appointed a clerk in the quartermaster's department, U. S. A., in August, 1864, and had charge of the forage post at Vicksburg, Miss., until April, 1865, when he was transferred to the 16th Army Corps, and served with Capt. Richard Penny, quarter-

master of that corps. In October, 1864, he was mustered into the United States Service as private of Co. C, 2d Regiment, enrolled militia, District of Mississippi; was soon promoted captain and served until December, 1864; was on guard duty at Vicksburg, when that city was threatened by the Confederate army under command of Gen. Jeff. Thompson. He resigned his commission in December, 1864 and resumed his former duties in the quartermaster's department. He was stationed at Montgomery, Ala., May, 1865-January, 1866.

He, with a partner, rented a cotton plantation of 1800 acres near Montgomery, Ala., and managed it from January to December, 1866. He returned



Capt. Lloyd Byron Fuller.

North in January, 1867, and after some time spent in Nebraska, located in Illinois and was assistant engineer on the Jacksonville branch of the Chicago & Alton R. R., August-November, 1867; same, Peoria & Rock Island, R. R., November, 1867-April, 1870; division engineer, Gilman, Clinton and Springfield, R. R. (now the Illinois Central) April, 1870-1872; chief engineer, Chicago & Danville R. R., (now the "Big Four"), 1872-December, 1874; engaged in 1874 and 1875 in running preliminary lines for various railways. He was chief engineer of the Kansas City & Southern (now the Santa Fe System) January, 1877-January, 1880; same, Kansas City, Memphis & Southern, December, 1880-August, 1881; general superintendent of construction, Mexican Central R. R., with headquarters in the City of Mexico, September, 1881-April, 1882; engaged in general engineering 1892-1893; was superintendent on contract work on the drainage canal, Chicago, 1893-94; was assistant city engineer of Chicago, 1895-97 and during this time was engineer in charge of all bridges and viaducts in the city; also had charge of crib work, constructing the 68th Street Crib, and the "four mile crib."

Since 1900, he has engaged in private practice and has constructed many systems of water works, sewerage systems, power plants, irrigation works and has also engaged in mining in Mexico, Wyoming and New Mexico. He has constructed over 500 miles of new road and conducted over 5000 miles of preliminary surveys. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, George H. Thomas Post, G. A. R. of Chicago.

He was married September 1, 1871, to Fannie Park of Gilman, Ill. One child was born to them: Park, born in September, 1872, resides in Chicago.

LIEUT. WILLIAM GERRISH, B. S.

William Gerrish, son of George Washington and Sarah Howard (Hanson) Gerrish, was born in Chelsea, Mass., June 24, 1842, and died there April 12, 1903. He attended the public schools of his city and prepared for college at

the Chauncey Hall School of Boston. He entered the University in 1861, and graduated B. S. in Civil Engineering in 1864; was a member of the *Θ Α* Fraternity.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, he enlisted for three years in Co. H, 1st Massachusetts Infantry, but was soon discharged for disability; was commissioned, February 4, 1864, 1st lieutenant, 20th United States Colored Infantry, a regiment enrolled and equipped by the Union League Club of New York; served with distinction at the capture of Mobile and in several other engagements; served as assistant adjutant-general for the district of Carrolltown, La.; was mustered out of service in 1865. He went to Chicago in 1865 and engaged in business until 1867, when he returned to Chelsea and entered his father's real estate office, and continued in the same business until his death. He was city assessor for many years and was an expert on realty values. He was an expert with the rifle, having served as a member of the American team in two international rifle contests. In 1880, he made the highest score ever made at long range. As far as known, he made ten of the largest scores of any man in the world of which there is authentic record. He was a member of the New England Historic Genealogical Society.



Lieut. William Gerrish.

He was married in Chicago, Ill., June 11, 1872, to Emily Gertrude Patten, who died June 16, 1901. Four children were born to them: Susan Louisa, born April 12, 1873, now Mrs. Edwin T. Robbins; William Patten, born September 10, 1874; Charles Victor, born May 15, 1876; and George Howard, born August 15, 1877.

FIRST SERGT. HORACE CHAPIN HENRY, C. E.

Horace C. Henry, son of Paul Mandell and Aurelia (Squier) Henry, was born in North Bennington, Vt., October 6, 1844. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1864, and remained until August, 1862, when he left to enter the service. In recognition of his work as a business man, the University conferred upon him, in 1909, the degree of B. S., as for 1864, also the degree of C. E. He was a student for a short time at Williams College, Mass., and Hobart College, Geneva, N. Y.

He enlisted in Company A, 11th Vermont Infantry, August 27, 1862, and was elected 1st sergeant; was mustered out of service, July 30, 1863. He served with the regiment in the defenses of Washington, first in Alexandria then at Fairfax Court House; was at Wolf Run Shoals on the Occoquan river, from March to June, 1863. The regiment was assigned to the famous Vermont

Brigade, under the command of General Stannard. On June 25th, the brigade was assigned to the 3d Division 1st Corps and ordered North, and performed conspicuous work in the battle of Gettysburg, July 1-3, 1863. The regiment suffered greater loss in this battle than any other in the brigade.

In 1866, Mr. Henry entered the employ of R. B. Langdon, a prominent railroad contractor of Minneapolis, serving as superintendent of construction during 1866-78. In 1878, he began work for himself and in this year, he secured his first large contract with the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. He constructed 600 miles of road for the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Marie R. R., the "Soo" system. He also built many miles of road for the Wisconsin Central,



First Sergt. Horace Chapin Henry.

the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic; the Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western; the "Diagonal"; the Missouri, Kansas & Texas; the Chicago & Great Western. He constructed for the Northern Pacific R. R., during 1890-91, the original belt line around Lake Washington in the state of Washington; also some sixty miles of road for the Everett & Monte Cristo R. R., in Washington. In 1892, he became associated with D. C. Shepard, of St. Paul, Minn., and Peter Larson of Helena, Montana, and built the Great Northern R. R., from Seattle to Bellingham, and to the summit of the "Cascade," at Everett, Washington; also the cut-off from Bellingham to Bellevue in Washington, for the same road. Later he built the line from Hamilton to Rockford in the Skagit Valley for the Northern Pacific R. R.; also the line from

Hoquiam to the sea, for the same road; also the present belt line around Lake Washington.

In 1906, he took the contract for building 500 miles of road for the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R., across the states of Idaho and Montana. This contract amounted to over \$15,000,000. Over \$1,000,000 worth of explosives were used in the construction work; and at times over 10,000 men were employed. During 1910, he built over 250 miles of branch lines for this railroad. The most important of these lines extend from Seattle to Everett and to Spokane, and connect the Tacoma Eastern with Grays Harbor.

He is one of the best known railroad contractors in America, and has met with marked success in his business ventures. He built two of the great iron ore docks in Ashland, Wis.; also one at Marquette, Wis., and one at Washburn, Mich. He is also interested in many business enterprises; has served for some time as president of the Metropolitan Bank and the National Bank of Commerce of Seattle; president of the Northern Life Insurance Co., of Seattle; vice-president of the Metropolitan Building Co., of Seattle, which has constructed

many of the largest office buildings in that city. He is president of the Pacific Coast Creosoting Co., at Eagle Harbor, Wash., one of the largest plants in the world, which has a yearly consumption of over 2,500,000 gallons of creosote, which is imported in the company's own ships from Europe. He is director of the First National Bank of Everett, Wash.

He is a 32° Mason; member of the G. A. R.; Rainier Club, and its president, 1894-1900; Seattle Golf Club, president, 1900 to date; Country Club; Athletic; the Arctic; University; Metropolitan; King County Anti-Tuberculosis League, and its president since 1910.

He was married, Dec. 12, 1876, to Susan Elizabeth Johnson, of St. Johns, N. B. Four children have been born to them: Langdon Chapin; Paul Mandell, now associated in business with Mr. Henry; Walter Horace, died April 1, 1910; Florence Aurelia, deceased.

Mr. Henry has made his residence in Seattle since 1890.

CHARLES DANIEL GREGORY, B. S.

Charles D. Gregory, son of Charles Fay and Lois (Rowell) Gregory, was born in Concord, Vt., October 4, 1843, and died in St. Louis, Mo., January 8, 1886. He prepared for college at the McIndoes and St. Johnsbury, Vt., academies and entered the University in September, 1861, graduating B. S. from the Scientific course in 1864; was a member of the *θ* A Fraternity.

He engaged in the dry goods business in Bloomington, Ill., from 1864 until 1867. He then located in St. Louis, Mo., where he made his home until his death; was a commission merchant, firm of Brown & Gregory, St. Louis, 1867-69; with the firm, Forbes Bros., tea merchants, 1869-74; engaged in sugar brokerage business, 1874-86. He met with marked success in his business ventures. He was much interested in literary matters and was a newspaper correspondent for some years. He was a member of Burn's Lodge, F. and A. M., Littleton, N. H.



Charles Daniel Gregory.

He was married in February, 1882, to Josephine Dowling of Detroit, Mich., who died in that city, August 1, 1903; no children.

MAJ. DWIGHT HENRY KELTON, U. S. A., A. M., LL. D.

Dwight H. Kelton, son of Judge Samuel Stillman and Ursula (Sprague) Kelton, was born in East Montpelier, Vt., October 4, 1813, and died in Montpelier, August 9, 1906. He prepared for college at the Barre Academy and entered the University in the spring of 1862, remaining until August, 1863;

was a member of the *A Σ II* Fraternity. In 1871, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1864; A. M., in course, in 1886, and LL. D. in 1889. He graduated from the Eastman Business College in the fall of 1863, and served as tutor until January, 1864, when he enlisted for the Civil War.



Maj. Dwight Henry Kelton.

On June 1, 1861, he enlisted in Montpelier in Company K, 3d Vermont Infantry, but was rejected at the final examination in St. Johnsbury, as he was not eighteen years of age. He enlisted, June 29, 1864, as a private at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in Company B, 98th New York Infantry; was discharged October 14, 1864. He had passed the rigid examination in June, 1864, for a commission in the United States Colored Infantry. He received his appointment as captain, October, 1864, his commission dating from July 20, 1864. He performed conspicuous duty with his company and was mustered out of service February 10, 1866, at Indianola, Tex. He was appointed 2d lieutenant, 10th Infantry, U. S. A., July 20, 1866; was promoted 1st lieutenant, March 26, 1868, and captain, February 16, 1885; was retired, March 6, 1888, on account of "disability incurred in line of duty." On April 23, 1904, he was commissioned a major, U. S. A., and retired on the same date.

He conducted a news agency at Detroit, Mich., 1888-92. He made his home in Montpelier, 1897-1906. He was a fine student and took much interest in historical research. He published the following works: *Annals of Fort Mackinac*; *History of the Sault St. Marie Canal*; *Indian Names of Places on the Great Lakes*; *Kelton Family Items*; *Sprague Family Items*. He also contributed several articles to the press and to historical publications. He was a prominent member of the various Masonic bodies of Montpelier, Vt.; Vermont Historical Society; Wisconsin Historical Society; Minnesota Historical Society; Corresponding member of the Chicago Historical Society.

He was married July 19, 1889, to Anna Lonella Donnelly of Mackinac, Mich., who survives him and resides in Montpelier; no children.

LIEUT. CHARLES NELSON KENT, B. S.

Charles N. Kent, son of Richard Peabody and Emily Mann (Oaks) Kent, was born in Lancaster, N. H., May 14, 1843, and died in Merrick, L. I., N. Y., February 14, 1906. He prepared for college at the Lancaster Academy and entered the University in September, 1861, and graduated B. S. in 1864; was adjutant of the corps of cadets; member of the *A Σ II* Fraternity and the

Athenian Society; was a tutor in Mathematics, 1863-65; Tactics, 1864-65; librarian, 1864-65.

He was commissioned 1st lieutenant, Company C, 17th New Hampshire Infantry, December 1, 1862; was discharged from the State service April 16, 1863. He served as captain in the corps of cadets on their service at Newport, Vt., in October, 1864, during the St. Albans Raid excitement (q. v.). He was a student at Harvard University Law School, 1865-67; continued his studies with Hon. David H. Mason of Boston during 1867-68, and was admitted to the Suffolk County (Mass.) Bar in the latter year. He located in New York City in 1868, where he resided until 1891. He then removed to Merrick, L. I., where he made his home until his death. He was a member of the firm of George P. Rowell & Co., publishers of advertising and trade reports from 1868 until 1898, when he retired from active business.

He published the *Coos Herald* in the winter of 1856; was the author of the *History of the Seventeenth New Hampshire Volunteers*, a work of 325 pages, published in 1898; *History of Merrick, Long Island*, 1900. He was a member of the Church of the Transfiguration of New York, and a vestryman many years; was a 32d^o Mason; also a member of the Union League Club.

He was married June 2, 1863, to Julia Allen Draper of New York, who survives him and resides in Merrick, Long Island. Eight children were born to them: Helen Barnard, born July 12, 1869, died October 20, 1874; George Rowell, born December 27, 1871, died December 30, 1872; Richard Peabody, resides in Merrick; Charles Nelson resides in New York; Julia Draper; Mary; Ruth; and Lucy.



Lieut. Charles Nelson Kent.

LIEUT. ROBERT CHANDLER LORD, U. S. A., B. S., A. M.

Robert C. Lord, son of Robert Washington and Frances Caroline (Ward) Lord, was born in Boston, Mass., June 6, 1815. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1861, and graduated B. S. in 1861; was a member of the Athenian Society; received the degree of A.M., in course, in 1909.

He enlisted as a private in Company E, 11th United States Infantry, March 1864; was promoted a corporal, March 20, 1864; served during the attack on Petersburg, Va., in July, 1864; second lieutenant and first lieutenant, 11th United States Infantry, March 12, 1865; was transferred to the 23d United States Infantry, September 21, 1866; resigned October 4, 1866. He was a

private general service clerk, October 3, 1867-July 3, 1869; private, corporal and sergeant, United States Signal Corps, July 27, 1878-April 12, 1886.

He was prominent in his work for the Signal Corps, performing many valuable experiments. We quote from the introduction to the Signal Corps Manual No. 3—"Much of the other matter in the chapter on 'Testing and location of faults' is new, so far as known, and includes the application of the ohmmeter to line testing by methods suggested and put into practice by Robert C. Lord." He is a member of G. A. R. Post, No. 26, Roxbury, Mass.; Boston Chess Club. His residence is 150 Botolph Street, Boston, Mass.

THOMAS JEFFERSON LASIER, B. S.

Thomas J. Lasier, son of Samuel Liebschutz and Catherine (Strockey) Lasier, was born in Freeport, Ill., February 3, 1844. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in August, 1861, graduating B. S. in 1864; was president of the baseball club; compiled the first "Roll of Honor" of the University; member of the *ΑΣΗ* Fraternity; was trustee of the University, 1873-83; secretary of the General Alumni Association, 1870.



Thomas Jefferson Lasier.

He was accountant and book keeper for several copper mining companies in Orponagon, Mich., 1864-67; was editor and publisher of the *Lake Superior Miner*, same town, 1867-70; editor and manager of the *National Eagle*, Claremont, N. H., 1870-76. He removed to Washington, D. C. in January, 1876, where he has since resided; was clerk in the Navy Department, 1876-87; clerk to Senator Chandler's Indian Trader's committee, 1887-1889; chief clerk, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, 1890-94, 1898 to date; engaged as attorney for contractors and dealers in their business with the various departments, 1894-98; he is a member of the Episcopal Church.

He has been twice married; first, October 23, 1866, to Harriet, youngest daughter of Right Rev. Carleton Chase, P. E., Bishop of New Hampshire. She died February 11, 1877, leaving five children: Eleanor, born in 1867; Harriet Catherine, born in 1869; Marguerite, born in 1871; Francis Liebschutz, born in 1873, died March 17, 1882; Florence Frederick, born in 1875. He was again married October 23, 1878 to Ellen, daughter of Ira Emery of Bethel, Vt. Two children were born to them: Ethel Emery, born in 1887; and Emery Liebschutz, born in 1889.

FIRST SERGT. FREDERICK HALSEY McCULLOCH, B. S.

Frederick H. McCulloch, son of Hon. Hugh McCulloch, secretary of the United States Treasury, 1861-65, was born in Fort Wayne, Ind., June 25, 1842, and died in Lynchburg, Va., in June, 1907. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1861, graduating B. S. in 1864; was a member of the *A Σ II* Fraternity.

He served as first sergeant Co. G., 60th Massachusetts Volunteers, July 15-Nov. 30, 1864. He then returned to Fort Wayne and engaged in the hardware business until 1890, when he sold his business and removed to Washington, D. C. In 1897, he purchased a fine plantation, near Howardsville, Albemarle County, Va., where he made his home until his death.

He was a Republican in politics. He served as a member of the council of Fort Wayne, taking an active part in the construction of the water works system of that city.

He was married in 1868, to a Miss Riddle, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who survives him and resides in Howardsville. Three children were born to them: Hugh, graduated with high honors from Harvard University, 1891, died in Florence, Italy in 1902; Charles, graduated from the University of Virginia and the Columbian Medical College of Washington, D. C., now a physician at Howardsville, Va.; Elizabeth, married, resides in Lynchburg, Va.

LIEUT. WILLIAM RUTHERFORD MEAD, A. M., M. S., LL. D.

William R. Mead, son of Larkin Goldsmith and Mary Jane (Noyes) Mead, was born in Brattleboro, Vt., August 20, 1846. He prepared for college at the Brattleboro High School and entered the University in 1861, remaining until 1863; was a member of the *Θ X* Fraternity. In 1910 the University in recognition of his marked success as an architect conferred upon him the degree of A. B., and A. M., as for 1864. In 1863, he was appointed State drill master, Company B., 14th N. H. volunteers and drilled and instructed this company at Walpole and Concord, N. H. He graduated A. B. from Amherst College in 1867; was a member of the *A K E* Fraternity, was class captain, received the honorary degree of LL. D. in 1902; president of the Amherst Alumni Association, of New York, 1899 to date.

He studied architecture in the office of Russell Sturgis of New York, July, 1868 - March, 1871; continued his studies in Italy, from March, 1871 to September, 1872, spending about three months of this time in general travel in the other European countries. In September, 1872, he began the practice of his profession in New



Lieut. William Rutherford Mead.

York City with Charles F. McKim. In 1874, he formed a partnership with Mr. McKim and William B. Bigelow, under the firm name of McKim, Mead, & Bigelow. In 1878, Mr. Bigelow retired from the firm and in 1879, Mr. Stanford White became a partner, under the firm name of McKim, Mead & White. Upon the death of Mr. White in 1906, the firm was continued by Mr. McKim and Mr. Mead under the old firm name. Mr. McKim died in 1909, since which date, Mr. Mead has continued the business under the firm name of McKim, Mead & White, with three junior partners who grew up with, and had been given an interest in the firm previous to the death of Mr. White.

His firm has been the architect of many of the most important buildings in this country. Among these are the Agricultural and New York State buildings at the Worlds Columbian Exposition, Chicago, 1893; Boston Public Library; Rhode Island State Capitol; Madison Square Garden; New York Life Insurance Co's building in New York, Kansas City and Omaha; Columbia University Library and other buildings of that institution; Library and other buildings of the University of the City of New York; buildings for the University of Virginia; University, Century and Metropolitan Clubs of New York; War College, Washington, D. C.; in charge of the reconstruction of the White House; New Pennsylvania R. R. Station, N. Y.; Post Office Building, New York; Municipal Building, N. Y.; Bellevue Hospital, N. Y.; Brooklyn Institute of Arts & Sciences; addition to the Metropolitan Museum of Arts; Madison Square Presbyterian Church, N. Y.; Bank of Montreal; Knickerbocker Trust Co.; City Bank of New York.

He is a member of the Century Association, University Club, Metropolitan Club, Lamb's Club, New England Society of New York. He is a fellow of the American Institute of Architects and was president of the New York Chapter, 1907 and 1908; member of the National Institute of Arts and Letters; an Academician of the National Academy of Design; president of the American Academy in Rome, 1909 to date; subscribing member of the Metropolitan Museum of Arts, and the Brooklyn Institute of Arts & Sciences. He has travelled extensively in Europe.

He was married November 13, 1883, to Olga Kilenyi of Budapest, Hungary.

BVT. MAJ. ARTHUR PAINE MOREY, B. S.

Arthur P. Morey, son of Andrew Jackson and Laura Pamela (Paine) Morey, was born in So. Randolph, Vt., February 18, 1844, and died in Sedalia, Mo., February 2, 1905, after an illness of but a few hours. In 1848, his parents removed to Strafford, Vt., where he attended the district schools; finished his preparation for college at the Windsor, Vt., High School. He entered the University in 1861, and graduated B. S. in 1864; was a member of the θ χ Fraternity.

He was appointed State drill master in 1862, and drilled and instructed the volunteers in various parts of the State. He served in Company B., 7th Squadron, R.I. Cavalry the "College Cavaliers," (q.v.) June 18-October 2, 1862; was commissioned captain, 22d United States Colored Infantry, January 30, 1864; was brevetted major United States Volunteers, March 13, 1865, and mustered out of service, October 16, 1865.

He located in Sedalia, Mo., in 1866, and formed the Morey & Crawford, Abstract & Title Co., of which he was president and manager until death;

he was director of the Third National Bank, and vice-president of same for fifteen years.

He was a Republican in politics and held several offices; was county assessor, Pettis County, Mo., four years; member of the City Council, Sedalia, two years; president of the Board of Charities, six years; commissioner of special road district, eight years. He was a member of the Episcopal Church; the Royal Arch Masons, and the Loyal Legion.

He was married May 4, 1869, to Ellen Jennie Bard of Sedalia, Mo., who survives him and resides in Sedalia. Four children were born to them: Richard, born February 16, 1870, resides in St. Louis, Mo.; Walter, born August 14, 1873, resides in Sedalia; Laura Calma, born August 26, 1876, married Robert M. Johns, resides in Sedalia; Jennie Jasper, born July 2, 1884, resides in Sedalia.

FIRST LIEUT. RALPH METCALF, B. S.

Ralph Metcalf, son of the Hon. Ralph Metcalf, (q. v.) professor at the "Academy" in 1821-22, and Martha A. (Gilmore) Metcalf, was born in Newport, N. H., August 8, 1844, and died in Chicago, January 10, 1905. In 1854, his parents removed to Claremont, N. H., where he attended the public schools; finished his preparation for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H. He entered the University in 1861, and graduated B. S. in 1864; was a member of the $\theta \chi$ Fraternity.

On the breaking out of the Civil War he was appointed State drill master of New Hampshire volunteers and drilled and instructed the volunteers in various camps in that State. He was cashier, Otce County National Bank-Nebraska City, Neb., 1865-67; engaged in mercantile business, Erie, Pa., 1867, 79; was associated with McDermid, Russ & Co., Chicago, 1879-81; D. H. Denton & Co., Chicago, 1881-88; W. P. Read & Co., Chicago, 1888-93; was not in active business, 1893-98; was receiver of the Dime Savings Bank, Chicago, from 1898 until 1901, when he retired from active business.

He took great interest in military matters; was first lieutenant "McLane Guards" Co., G., 17th Regiment, Pennsylvania Militia, Erie, Pa., March 15, 1875-March, 1877. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church; private of the "Chicago Continental Guards," a company composed of the Sons of the American Revolution, Chicago; Charter member of the Hamilton Club of Chicago, serving as treasurer five years.

He was married August 4, 1868, to Lilla Maria Burdett of Brattleboro, Vt., who survives him and resides in Chicago, Ill.; no children.



First Lieut. Ralph Metcalf.

CAPT. JOHN HOLBROOK OSGOOD, B. S.

John H. Osgood, son of Charles and Lucy (Holbrook) Osgood, was born January 24, 1843, in Pomfret, Conn. He attended the public schools of his town, also the Connecticut Literary Institute, at Suffield, Conn. He entered the University in the fall term of 1862, graduating B. S., from the Scientific Course in 1864.



Capt. John Holbrook Osgood.

He was appointed to a command in the 116th Regiment U. S. Colored Infantry, and was mustered into the service at Camp Nelson, Kentucky, July 21, 1864, as captain of Company G. The regiment was transferred to the Army of the James early in the fall, taking part in the operations against Richmond, being first in the 18th Army Corps and later merged into the 25th; was honorably discharged, February 25, 1865, for disabilities incurred in line of duty.

He went West during the winter of 1865-66 and was employed in the survey and location of the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston R. R., now the Atchinson, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. During 1867-73, he led the roving life of a miner and prospector through Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona. He returned to Pomfret in the spring of 1873, where he engaged in farming and the lumber business until, 1891, when he removed to Putnam, Conn., where he has since resided. He is a member of A. G. Warner Post, G. A. R., No. 54, of Putnam.

JOHN HOWARD PECK, B. S., M. D.

John H. Peck, son of Addison and Mary Hammond (Dodge) Peck, was born in East Montpelier, Vt., March 8, 1843, and died there, November 30, 1879. He prepared for college at the high schools in Montpelier and Barre, and at Newbury Seminary. He entered the University in the spring of 1862, and remained until July, 1863; received the degree of B. S. from the University in 1874, as for 1864.

He studied medicine with Dr. S. Putnam of Montpelier, Prof. A. B. Crosby of Hanover and H. L. Watson M. D., of Newbury; attended two courses of medical lectures in Hanover and one in Burlington; was a student at the University of Vermont Medical College; graduated M. D. from the Dartmouth Medical College, October 31, 1866. He practiced his profession in Concord, Vt., January, 1867, to September, 1869; St. Johnsbury, 1869-71; Derby, Vt., 1871-76; Jamesville, Wis., a few months in 1876; Montpelier, Vt., 1876 until November, 1879. He delivered several lectures in Derby and Charlestown, Vt., and wrote for several of the State papers. He was a charter member of

the Concord, Vt., Lodge, F. and A. M., and its Master for two years and later a member of Aurora Lodge and King Solomon chapter, R. A. M., of Montpelier, Vt.

He was twice married: first, January 1, 1867, to Hannah Maria Bailey, of Hartford, Vt., who died January 25, 1868. One child, Addison Bailey, was born to them, September 21, 1867, and resides in East Montpelier, Vt. He was again married August 3, 1868, to Florence C. Bates, of Derby, Vt., who died February 19, 1900. One child was born to them, Belle Colby, born September 23, 1869, married Frank Wheeler, resides in Newport, Vt.

LIEUT. DUDLEY FARLEY PHELPS, B. S., LL. B.

Dudley F. Phelps, son of the Rev. Dudley and Lueretia Gardner (Farley) Phelps, was born in Hollis, N. H., August 8, 1845, and died in Boston, Mass., June 22, 1908. In 1855, his father died and he removed to Boston with his mother, where he prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. He entered Harvard University in 1860, and remained until 1861, when he entered the University, graduating B. S. in 1864; was a member of the *Λ Ψ Η* Fraternity.

He was commissioned first lieutenant 20th United States Colored Infantry, February 19, 1864; was promoted adjutant in March, 1865; resigned his commission, October 7, 1865. He served in the Department of the Gulf in Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas, and in the Mobile campaign; for a portion of the time he served as provost marshal general, with headquarters in New Orleans; was offered a commission in the United States Army, which he declined.

He graduated LL. B., from the Harvard Law School in 1867, and began the practice of his profession in New York, the same year, entering the law office of the Hon. Chester A. Arthur; served as assistant United States Attorney, Southern District of New York, October, 1867 October, 1870; chief of the law division, New York Custom House, July, 1872, to March, 1879, 1889-1900; was assistant district attorney, New York County, 1880-81; commissioner, Northern Pacific R. R., 1883; was in private practice in New York 1870-72, 1880-89, 1900-08. He met with marked success in his profession. He was a member of the Union League Club of New York City; Lafayette Post, G. A. R., and the Loyal Legion.

He was twice married: first, December 16, 1872, to Louise Lander, daughter of Dr. William Henry Prince of Salem, Mass., who died in June, 1895. Four children were born to them: Dudley Farley, born October 3, 1873, a law-

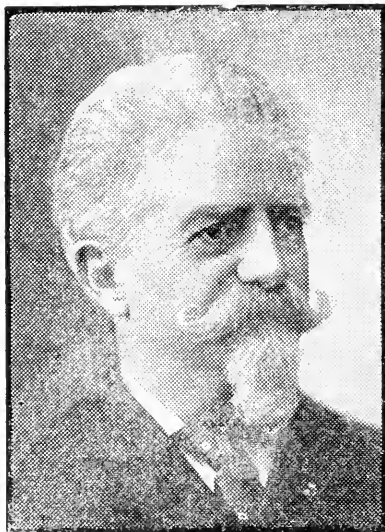


Lieut. Dudley Farley Phelps.

yer, married, Louise Gordon Peck and resides in New York City; William Henry, born June 14, 1875, resides at Caracas, Venezuela; Katherine Elizabeth, born February 27, 1877, is at the head of the largest woman's mission school in China, "St. Hulda's" and resides in Hankow China; Louise Lander, born December 1, 1879, resides in Springfield, N. H. He was again married March 9, 1897, to Ethel Minna Hart of Kingston, Jamaica, who survives him and resides in New York. One son, Harold John Dudley, born July 23, 1898, resides in New York.

COL. HENRY MOSES PHILLIPS, A. M.

Henry M. Phillips, son of Alonzo Davis and Mary Augusta (Robinson) Phillips, was born in Athol, Mass., August 11, 1845 and died in Springfield, Mass., April 1, 1911. In 1850, his parents removed to Fitchburg, and in 1855 to Deerfield. He attended the public schools of Deerfield and finished his preparation for college at the Fitchburg, Mass., High School. He entered the University in 1860, where he remained until June, 1862, when he left to enter the army; was a member of the $\theta \lambda$ Fraternity; received from the University the degree of A. M.



Col. Henry Moses Phillips.

He enlisted, June 19, 1862, in Co. B., 7th Squadron R. I. Cavalry, the famous "College Cavaliers" (q. v.); was mustered out of service October 2, 1862; was appointed State drill master by the governor of Vermont in November, 1862; and drilled and instructed the State troops rendezvoused at Brattleboro, Vermont. He enlisted in February, 1864 in the 4th Massachusetts Cavalry; was commissioned second lieutenant troop A. January 3, 1864; was promoted first lieutenant, February 1, 1865 was brevetted, captain in March, 1865, "for gallant and meritorious conduct"; resigned, February 20, 1865. He took great interest in the State militia, serving for several years as captain major, and assistant brigade

inspector of the Massachusetts Militia; was honorably discharged in 1873. He served with rank of colonel on the staff of Governor William B. Washburne, 1873-74, and Governor Thomas Talbot, 1874-75.

In 1871, he organized the firm of Phillips, Mowry & Co., (now the Phillips Manufacturing Co.) manufacturers of steam heating apparatus, and served as its president for many years. In 1895, he was appointed secretary of the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Co., which position he held until 1907, when he resigned the office. He was a director of the Holyoke Five Cent Savings Bank, and a member of the finance committee; the Second National Bank of Holyoke; the Holyoke Paper Co., 1890-1911.

He was a Republican in politics, and has held many positions; was private secretary to Hon. Henry Alexander, mayor of Springfield; was assistant United States assessor of Customs, 1871-80; member of the Springfield, City Council, 1877-79; represented the city in the State Legislature, 1880-81; was mayor of the city, 1883-85; State senator, 1885-87; postmaster of Springfield, 1890-93; treasurer and receiver general of the State, 1893-95.

He was a member of the Unity Unitarian Church of Springfield, and a 32° Mason; member of Wilcox Post G.A.R., serving as senior vice-commander, 1880-90; Military Order of the Loyal Legions; Nayasset Club, and its president, 1890-97; Springfield and Winthrop Clubs of Springfield; Springfield Board of Trade.

He was married, December 8, 1874 to Julia B. Alexander of Springfield. One child, Henry Alexander.

CAPTAIN FREDERIC HENRY RAND, B. S.

Frederic H. Rand, son of Edward Sprague and Elizabeth (Arnold) Rand, was born in Boston, Mass., July 19, 1846. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1861, remaining until July, 1863; was a member of the $\theta \lambda$ Fraternity. In 1911, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. in course as for 1864.

He was commissioned first lieutenant, First Independent Battalion First Massachusetts Cavalry, July 2, 1863; was promoted captain, 4th Massachusetts Cavalry, January 19, 1864; was confined to the hospital in Chesapeake, Va., for some time from which he was discharged in August, 1864; was commissioned second lieutenant, 1st battalion Cavalry, frontier service, December 27, 1864; was promoted captain, same, December 30, 1864; was discharged, August 30, 1865.

He located in California in October, 1866; was assistant superintendent of the Nieswander Mining Co., October, 1866-April, 1869, and engaged in mining in Kern county. He returned to Boston in 1869 and in October of the same year, founded the firm of Carter, Rand & Co., dealers in wholesale goods furnishing goods, with which



Captain Frederic Henry Rand.

firm he was a partner until 1873. In November of this last year, he became a member of the firm of James B. Sumner & Co., lumber manufacturers-Middlebury, Vermont. In November, 1876, he removed to Sanford, Fla., where he has since resided. He soon became identified, with many of the enterprises of his city and State; engaged in orange growing from 1876 to date. He incorporated in December, 1879, the South Florida R. R., serving,

as secretary and assistant treasurer, 1880-81; general ticket and passenger agent, 1881-86, and secretary, 1881-87. He was general freight and passenger agent of the Tampa Bay Steamship Co., 1882-87; same position, Sanford & Indian River R. R. 1882-87; manager and attorney for the Florida Land and Colonization Co., a London, England corporation, 1886-August, 1906; president of the Sanford Water Works Co., 1887-1906; president First National Bank of Sanford, from 1887 to date; president of the Sanford Light & Fuel Co., 1888 to date; secretary of the Sanford Telegraph Co.; secretary and director of the South Florida Telegraph Co., 1885-87.

He is an active member of the Episcopal Church, serving as trustee and treasurer of the Diocese of Southern Florida, since 1893; has served four times as deputy from his diocese to the general convention of the Episcopal Church; has served as trustee of the church Home and Hospital at Orlando, Fla., since 1893, and the University of the South, at Sewanne, Tenn., since 1902. He is a member of Sanford Lodge No. 62, F. and A. M., and Monroe chapter R. A. M. of Sanford, Fla.

He was married in Boston, Mass., February 10, 1874, to Julia Frances Hasbrouck, a native of Kingston, N. Y. Seven children have been born to them: Elizabeth Huntington, born March 24, 1875; Anna Arnold, born March 13, 1877; Mary Chester, born May 27, 1879; Julia Frances, born August 15, 1881; Frederic Henry, born May 22, 1884; Evelyn Chauncey, born August 16, 1889; Edith Ralston, born August 2, 1892.

BRIG.-GEN. BENJAMIN KEARNEY ROBERTS, U. S. A., B. S.



Brig.-Gen. Benjamin Kearney Roberts.

Benjamin K. Roberts, son of Gen. Benjamin Stone Roberts, U. S. A., and Elizabeth Sperry Roberts, was born in Memphis, Tenn., November 28, 1846. He prepared for college in the schools of Washington, D. C., and Burlington, Vt., and entered the University in 1861, remaining until 1863, when he was discharged to enter the service; was a member of the $\theta \lambda$ Fraternity.

He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 7th Iowa Cavalry, July 27, 1863; was promoted captain and assistant adjutant-general, U. S. Volunteers, November 12, 1864; was honorably mustered out of service, July 1, 1866; was brevetted major, United States Volunteers, March 13, 1865, for "faithful and meritorious services during the war." He served in the Department of the Gulf and Military Division of Tennessee, 1864-

66; on staff of Gen. B. S. Roberts in District of Iowa, Department of the Gulf, and District of West Tennessee; staff of Gen. G. H. Thomas in Military Division of Tennessee; staff of Gen. J. W. David-

son on cavalry raid through Mississippi and Alabama, October and November, 1864; with 19th Army Corps at Morganza, La., adjutant general, cavalry division, West Tennessee, under Colonel Phelps at Matagorda Island, Texas, and with the Indianola Expedition. He was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 5th United States Artillery, April 18, 1866; was promoted 1st lieutenant, February 7, 1867, and captain, April 25, 1868. He served with his regiment at stations along the Atlantic and the Pacific coasts; also at Dry Tortugas, Fla., and at Fort Camby, Washington. He was promoted major, 2d United States Artillery, October 17, 1899, lieutenant colonel, Artillery Corps, September 23, 1901; colonel, Artillery Corps, August 3, 1903; brigadier-general, Chief of Artillery, June 19, 1905. He was retired at his own request after forty years' service, June 20, 1905.

He was ordered to Fort Hancock, Sandy Hook, N. J., with his battery, March 14, 1898, and had charge of making that post an effective defence of New York harbor. During the Spanish-American War, he was in command of sixteen twelve inch mortars, two foot batteries and two companies of New Jersey Volunteers at Fort Hancock. He had command of Governors Island, New York harbor until October, 1899. He was ordered to Cuba, where he served over two years, commanding Havana and its defences; also commanded forts on the Potomac River until promoted to chief of artillery.

He is a member of the Military Order Loyal Legion; G. A. R.; Aztec Society, 1847; Army and Navy Club of New York City and Washington, D. C.

He was married January 25, 1887, to Julia Ann Roberts of Brooklyn, N. Y.; no children. He resides in Washington, D. C.

FRANCIS ASBURY SAWYER, B. S.

Francis A. Sawyer, son of Jonathan and Martha (Perkins) Sawyer, was born in Watertown, N. Y., March 1, 1845; and died of apoplexy in Boston, Mass., December 23, 1889. At an early age, his father removed to Dover, N. H., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparations for college at the New Ipswich Academy, and entered the University in 1861, graduating B. S. in 1864. He enlisted in Company G, 60th Massachusetts Infantry, July 15, 1864; was mustered out of service, November 30, 1864. He was in the employ of F. A. & J. Sawyer, and Charles H. Sawyer, manufacturers of woolen goods in Dover, N. H. several years. He removed to Boston, Mass., in 1874, where he resided until his death; was engaged in the manufacture of shoe machinery in Boston, 1871-89; was treasurer of the Rubber Step Manufacturing Co., of Boston, 1874-89.

He was married September 10, 1881, to Emma King, daughter of Hon. Parry Smith of Chicago, Ill., who survives him and resides in Boston; no children.

COL. ABBOTT ALLEN SHATTUCK, B. S., A. M.

Abbott A. Shattuck, son of Col. Walter and Roxanna (Fletcher) Shattuck, was born in New Ipswich, N. H., May 9, 1843, and died in Kansas City, January 23, 1898. He prepared for college at the Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass., and entered the University from Groton in September, 1861, and graduated B. S. in 1864; was adjutant of the corps of cadets, fall term of 1863; was a member of the $\Theta \Lambda$ Fraternity; received the degree of A. M. in 1870.

He was corporal in Company B, 6th Massachusetts Infantry and took part in its historic trip to Washington, D. C., in defence of that city, April 19, 1861. He was appointed by Governor Smith, state drill master with rank of 1st lieutenant and did active work in drilling and instructing the State



Col. Abbott Allen Shattuck.

troops during the summers of 1862 and 1863. He was commissioned 1st lieutenant Company C, 25th Regiment United States Colored Infantry in 1864; was promoted captain of Company H, same regiment, being the youngest officer in the regiment. The regiment served for some months as heavy artillery at Forts Pickens and Barrows and at the old Spanish fort at Pensacola, Fla.; performed conspicuous work in the taking of Mobile, Ala.; was mustered out of service in December, 1865.

He located in West Point, Miss., in 1867, where he engaged in cotton planting, and resided until 1883, when he removed to Warren, Pa., and engaged in business. He removed to Kansas City, Mo., in 1893, where he engaged in the stone business until his death.

He served as colonel in the Mississippi militia for some time. He was a Republican in politics, and held several offices in Mississippi; was sheriff of Colfax County; assessor and collector of the United States Internal Revenue; county judge and tax collector, 1880-83. He was a member of Eben M. Ford, Post, G. A. R. of Warren, Pa.

He was married July 13, 1886, to Anna Jane Sweeling of Warren, Pa., who died September 8, 1904. Two children: John Allen, born December 23, 1888, died May 5, 1906; Curtis Fletcher, born February 27, 1890, resides in Warren, Pa.

CAPT. HENRY LAKE SLAYTON, A. M., LL. B.

Henry L. Slayton, son of Stephen Decatur and Lucy Maria (Kendall) Slayton, was born in Woodstock, Vt., May 29, 1841, and died in Chicago, Ill., June 10, 1910. In 1845, his parents removed to Lebanon, N. H., where he attended the district schools, the Lebanon High School; also took a three year's course in Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H. He entered the University in 1861, and remained until 1862, taking a special course in tactics and drill; received in 1904 the degree of A. B. and A. M. from the University as for 1864.

He was appointed in 1862 drill master, New Hampshire Volunteers, and performed valuable service in drilling the State troops at Concord, N. H., New York City, and at Arlington Heights, Washington, D. C. Early in 1861, he

advocated the arming of the colored people and when the Government decided to do this, was among the first to enter the service. After a rigid examination, he was commissioned first lieutenant in the 2nd United States Colored Infantry, the first regiment armed by the government; served for over two years in Florida, being stationed at Fort Taylor, Key West, Fort Myers, Tallahassee and Tampa, taking part in several engagements; served on court martial duty, and was a member of the Military Commission for Florida; was mustered out of service as commanding officer of Co. K, same regiment, January, 1866; was offered a captaincy in the regular army but declined the commission.

He returned home in January, 1866, and in September, entered the Albany Law School, graduating LL. B., in 1867, having as a class mate, Ex. President McKinley. He practiced his profession in Chicago from September, 1867, until the great fire in October, 1871, when he lost his valuable law library and barely escaped with his life. He met with marked success in his profession, especially excelling as a criminal lawyer. In November, 1871, he accepted the position of superintendent of schools for Navarro and Hill counties, Texas, and at once began perfecting the school system. He also established colored schools and met with great opposition in this work, and several of the school houses were burned and his life threatened. He finally overcame all opposition and brought the school to a high state of efficiency. He held this position until May, 1873, when ill health compelled him to resign. During this time he managed and edited *The Corsicana Independent* with headquarters at Corsicana.



Capt. Henry Lake Slayton:

Mr. Slayton was a ready and fluent speaker and wrote extensively for the press during the last forty years. He was a Republican in politics, and took an active part in the presidential elections as speaker, advisor and manager. He was a member of Franklin Lodge, No. 6, F. and A. M., Lebanon, N. H., G. A. R., St. Petersburg, Fla.

He was married March 14, 1871, to Mina Edler Gregory, daughter of the Rev. John Gregory of Northfield, Vt. Mrs. Slayton was a talented elocutionist and the desire to give her opportunity to appear before the public in the best way, led in part to the establishment of the Slayton Lyceum Bureau in Chicago in July, 1871. From the first, the Bureau met with success, becoming the leading Bureau of its kind in the world. During the period of 1874-1908 over one hundred thousand lecturers and concert engagements were negotiated, in various parts of this country, Canada and Mexico. Mr. Slayton retired from active management of the Bureau in November, 1908, and removed to St. Petersburg, Fla., where he made his home until his death. The following

year, he was offered a large sum of money for his interest in the Bureau, which he finally accepted and retired permanently from all active management. The Bureau was sold to his old competitor and will continue for years to come an important feature in the peoples education, and doubtless exert a still greater influence than it has in the past. One child, Wendell Phillips, was born to them July 20, 1876. He now resides in Chicago.

LIEUT. CHARLES FOSTER TILLINGHAST, B. S.

Charles F. Tillinghast, son of William Richmond and Frances Eliza (Pickham) Tillinghast, was born in Providence, R. I., May 27, 1845, and was killed at Parker's Landing near Pittsburg, Pa., February 26, 1871, by an explosion of a boiler at his oil well. His father died in 1847 and his mother married a Mr. James Tanner of Pittsburg, Pa. and Charles made his home with them in Pittsburg until his death. He prepared for college in the schools of Providence and Pittsburg, Pa., and entered the University in 1861, graduating B. S. in 1864; was a member of the $\Delta \Sigma \Pi$ Fraternity; was adjutant of the corps, summer term, 1864.

He enlisted in the famous "College Cavaliers" (q. v.), Co. B, 7th Squadron Rhode Island Cavalry, June 19, 1862, as corporal; was appointed 2d lieutenant and adjutant; was transferred to the staff, July 7, 1862; served with his "Squadron" in Virginia; was mustered out of service October 2, 1862. He enlisted in Co. G, 60th Massachusetts Volunteers, July 15, 1864; was promoted 1st sergeant; was mustered out of service, November 13, 1864. He returned to Pennsylvania in 1864, and engaged in the oil business near Pittsburg until his death. He was never married.

LIEUT. ELLIS PITCHER WALCOTT, B. S.

Ellis P. Walcott, son of Charles Doolittle and Mary (Lane) Walcott, was born in New York Mills, N. Y., June 4, 1844. He prepared for college in the schools of Cornwall, Vt., and Utica, N. Y. He entered the University in 1861, and remained until June 9, 1862, when he enlisted in Co. B, 7th Squadron, Rhode Island Cavalry, the famous "College Cavaliers" (q. v.); was discharged October 2, 1862. He then enlisted in the 46th New York Light Artillery, May 23, 1861, and served under General Banks and General Canby in the 19th Army Corps in Louisiana; was commissioned 2d lieutenant in the 8th New York Heavy Artillery, July 11, 1864; was promoted 1st lieutenant, December 1, 1864; was mustered out of service, June 4, 1865. He served with distinction in Grant's Virginia Campaign.

He located in La Crosse, Wis., in 1869, and engaged in manufacturing for several years. He has resided in Onalaska, Wis., since 1890. He is a member of Christ Episcopal Church of La Crosse, Wis.; G. A. R. In 1911, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1864.

He has been twice married: first, November 25, 1872, to Sarah Sherburne of Utica, N. Y., who died June 21, 1898; one child, Ellis Sherburne, born January 10, 1874, died March 15, 1907. He was again married, January 30, 1902, to Elizabeth M. Killip of La Crosse; no children.

CAPT. WILLIAM SPENCER VERNAM, B. S.

William S. Vernam, son of John Rathbone, and Mary (Spencer) Vernam, was born in Lyons, N. Y., February 20, 1847, and died in New York City in 1907. At an early age, his parents removed to Albany, N. Y., where he attended the city schools. He finished his preparation for college at the St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. He entered the University in the spring of 1861, and remained until September, 1862; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity. The University in 1904 conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1864.

He enlisted September 24, 1862, in the 175th Regiment New York Volunteers, and though a mere lad, was appointed first lieutenant and adjutant of the regiment. After a short service with the regiment, he was transferred to the staff of Gen. William Emery, and served as chief ordnance officer, 3d Division 19th Army Corps; served on the staff of the various commanding officers of the Department of the Gulf. He performed conspicuous duty in the Red River expedition, was discharged, September 17, 1864. He was commissioned captain, Co. E, 18th New York Cavalry, May 5, 1865, at Bonnet Carre, La.; was honorably discharged, August 4, 1865. He was a very capable officer and was conspicuous for his bravery.



Capt. William Spencer Vernam.

He was United States Consul at Kuikiang, China, 1869-72. He travelled extensively in Europe and Asia. He engaged in various business enterprises; in the stock brokerage business on Wall Street, 1892-98; was the New York Manager of the Morse Iron Works and Dry Dock Co., of Brooklyn, 1898-1902; vice-president and general manager of the Manhattan Tool Co., New York, 1902-1908. He was a member of the New York Yacht Club; the New York Athletic Club.

He was survived by a widow and an adopted son.

LIEUT. ADIN HAMLIN WHITMORE.

Adin H. Whitmore, son of Hamlin and Salome Whiting (Sawyer) Whitmore, was born in Springfield, Vt., March 31, 1843. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in September, 1861, and remained until October, 1862, when he enlisted in the 16th Vermont Volunteers; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity. In 1911, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1861.

He was appointed sergeant-major, 16th Vermont Infantry, October 7, 1862; was promoted 2d lieutenant, Co. C, same regiment, December 31, 1862;

resigned, March 27, 1863. He engaged in business in New York, 1865-66. In 1879, he located in New Mexico, where he has since resided. He is at present engaged in business in East Las Vegas, being connected with various enterprises; is president of the La Cueva Ranch Co. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias; G. A. R.; Montezuma Club and the Commercial Club of Las Vegas.

He was married February 15, 1881, to Harriet Irene Phelps of Newark, N. J. One child, Irene Salome, born January 14, 1885, died June 26, 1909.

FRANK WHITNEY, B. S.

Frank Whitney, son of Israel and Mary Hopkins (Flagg) Whitney, of Boston, was born in Lynn, Mass., July 2, 1846, where his parents were temporarily residing during the summer season. He entered Chauncey Hall School in Boston in 1854, and remained there for seven years in the preparatory and upper schools. He entered the University in the autumn of 1862, and remained one academic year in the Scientific Department; was a member of the *A Σ II* Fraternity. In 1911, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1864.

In September 1862, he entered the service of William Perkins & Co. East India and General Merchants; and after the apprenticeship of about three years, he entered the service of his brother's firm of Israel G. Whitney & Co., who had recently established themselves in Boston as correspondents and agents of Whitney Brothers & Co., of Calcutta, India. He remained in this position in Boston until November 1868, when he was sent to Calcutta, where he was an assistant to Whitney Brothers & Co., until 1872, when he was made a partner and as such he remained until 1904, when the firm of Whitney Brothers & Co. was finally dissolved and the partners retired from active business. He now resides at 66 Beacon street, Boston, Mass.

NON-GRADUATES, 1864.

BVT. CAPTAIN EDWARD STANLEY ABBOT, U. S. A:

Edward Stanley Abbot, son of Joseph Hale and Fanny Ellingwood (Larcom) Abbot, was born in Beverly, Mass., October 22, 1841, and died July 8, 1863, of wounds received in the battle of Gettysburg, Pa. He prepared for college at the Boston Latin School. Prof. E. S. Dixwell's private Latin School and Phillips Exeter Academy.

He entered Harvard College in 1860, and remained until March 1862, when he left to take a special course in Mathematics and Tactics at "N. U." to fit him for the army; entered the University in March, 1862, and remained until July of the same year.

He enlisted as a private in the 17th United States Infantry, July 1, 1862, at Fort Preble, Me.; was promoted sergeant, October 1, 1862; was commissioned 2d lieutenant, same regiment, November 10, 1862, and one of his first duties was to take a number of recruits from Fort Preble to the front in December, 1862. His regiment joined the Army of the Potomac, where he performed

gallant service; took part in the Chancellorsville campaign, and in the forced marches preceding the battle of Gettysburg; was promoted 1st lieutenant, April 27, 1863; at the battle of Gettysburg, July 1863, he was distinguished for his gallantry and on July 2, was shot in the right breast by a minie ball; was taken to the field hospital where he died July 8; was brevetted captain, U. S. A., July 2, 1863 for "gallant and meritorious service in the battle of Gettysburg."

LIEUT. ELBRIDGE HARRIS BABBITT.

Elbridge H. Babbitt, son of Simon Augustus and Emily (McKinstry) Babbitt, was born in Bethel, Vt., January 23, 1844. In 1854, his parents moved to Randolph, Vt., where he prepared for college in the Randolph Academy. He entered the University in 1861, and remained until June, 1862, when he left to enter the service. He enlisted in the 17th United States Infantry June 7, 1862; was promoted sergeant and was for a time stationed at Fort Preble, Portland, Me. Later his regiment joined the Army of the Potomac. He was in the battle of Fredericksburg; was severely wounded at the battle of Gettysburg, July 2, 1863, and was in a hospital in Philadelphia some months; was commissioned, March 5, 1864, 2nd lieutenant in the 1st North Carolina (Union) Infantry and was mustered out of service, June 27, 1863. He served most of the time as assistant adjutant-general. He was in business in Jamestown, N. Y., 1867-80.

He was married in 1867, to Minnie Rees of Jamestown, N. Y.

FIRST SERGT. SARDIS BIRCHARD.

Sardis Birchard, son of Austin and Mary Adeline (Putnam) Birchard, was born in Newfane, (Fayetteville) Vt., April 21, 1842.

He entered the University in September, 1861, and remained until June, 1863, when he enlisted in Co. L, 11th Vermont Infantry; was promoted 1st sergeant, June 27, 1863, and served with his regiment in the Army of the Potomac; was taken prisoner in the battle of Weldon Railroad, June 23, 1864, and was confined in Andersonville Prison, Ga., where he died August 20, 1864; was buried in grave No. 6334.

NORMAN CALL, A. M., M. D.

Norman Call, son of Moses and Elizabeth (Bryant) Call, was born in Newcastle, Me., October 23, 1844. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1860, remaining two years; was a member of the *Θ Α* Fraternity. He graduated A. B. from Bowdoin College in 1869, and later received the degree of A. M. from that Institution.

He graduated M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York in 1872, and practiced his profession in Boston until 1889, when he retired from active practice. He is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society; Roxbury Society for Medical Improvement.

He was married in Brunswick, Me., April 16, 1872, to Florence Alton Mitchell. One child was born to them, who died in infancy.

SURGEON JAMES WHITCOMB BUELL, U. S. A., M. D.

James W. Buell, son of Samuel Thompson and Jane (Briggs) Buell, was born in Rouses Point, N. Y., June 30, 1843, and died at Fort Smith, Arkansas, October 5, 1897. He prepared for college at the Barre (Vt.) Academy; was a student, Worcester (Mass.) Polytechnic Institute.



Surgeon James Whitcomb Buell.

He purchased in 1883, a ranch near Fort Smith, Ark., which he managed until his death.

He was married at Kent Cliffs, Putnam Co., New York, October 14, 1875, to Josephine Howard Bailey, who survives him and resides in Pompton, N. J. Two children were born to them: Arthur Whitecomb, born June 23, 1879, now a mining engineer in Ecuador, South America; Dorothy Edith, born February 23, 1891, resides in Pompton, N. J.

LIEUT. CHARLES GUY CARGILL, M. D.

Charles G. Cargill, son of Guy Carleton and Sally (Oaks) Cargill and cousin of Col. H. O. Kent, '54, was born in Newbury, Vt., May 24, 1846, and died in San Juan de Bautista, June 17, 1900.

At an early age, his parents removed to Lancaster, N. H., where he attended the public schools. He prepared for college at the Peacham (Vt.) Academy and Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H. He entered the University from Hartford, Vt., in 1861, and remained two years.

He enlisted in Company H, 16th Vermont Infantry, September 18, 1862; was promoted corporal; was mustered out of service, August 10, 1863. He served at the battle of Gettysburg, his regiment and company receiving the first onset of General Pickett's terrible charge in that battle. He began the study of medicine in Peacham, Vt., in 1865; graduated M. D., from the Dart-

mouth Medical College in November, 1868; practiced his profession at Bridgewater, Vt., November, 1868 to May 1869; Waterford, Vt., May, 1869-1872; San Juan Bautista, Cal., 1872-1900. He was appointed sergeant, Company I, 8th Regiment, V. N. G., May 18, 1865, and was soon promoted 2d lieutenant and served for some time.

He was a Republican in politics; represented his city in the California Legislature, 1891-92, 1895-96, 1899-1900, and served as chairman on the committee of hospitals and asylums, public health and quarantine and other important committees.

He was a leader, broad minded and of great influence in every position in which he was placed. He was active in all work pertaining to the good of city or church.

He was a member of Texas Lodge, No. 46, F. and A. M., Hollister Chapter No. 68, R. A. M., Ceanthus Chapter, No. 45, O. E. S., all of San de Bautista; I. O. G. T.; Jesse L. Reno Post, G. A. R.; Veteran Guard of California; served as aid on the staff of the California commander in 1898. and aid to General Veasey, National Commander G. A. R.; also held the various offices in the Masonic Fraternity.

He was married July 1, 1869. to Sarah Isham Cowles of Peacham, who survives him and resides in San Juan de Bautista, Cal.; no children.



Lieut. Charles Guy Cargill.

LIEUT. WILLIAM ASEPH DODGE.

William A. Dodge, son of Jeremiah and Sophia (Church) Dodge, was born in Thetford, Vt., May 21, 1813, and died in Post Mills, Vt., November 15, 1903. He prepared for college at the Thetford Academy and entered the University from Post Mills in 1861, and remained until 1863.

He was appointed State drill master in 1863, and drilled several companies for the Civil War.

He took a course of study in Eastman's Business College, Foughkeepsie, N. Y. He engaged in general mercantile business in Thetford, Vt., 1873-83, when his store was burned. Since this last date, he engaged in farming in Thetford until his death. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He was married in 1867, to Frances M. Niles of Thetford, who survives him and resides in that town. Two children were born to them: Edward Niles, born December 6, 1871, resides in Wells River, Vt.; Anna Amelia, born July 1, 1881 resides in Thetford, Vt.

CAPT. WILLIAM HENRY CHAFFIN.

William H. Chaffin, son of John and Delia O. (Olney) Chaffin, born in Claremont, N. H., May 21, 1839, and was shot in battle, September 19, 1864. He attended the schools of his town and prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, paying his way by teaching school.

He entered the University in 1861, and remained until August, 1862, when he left to open a recruiting station in his home town; was a member of the *θ* *Α* Fraternity; was appointed State drill master and drilled recruits for the 14th New Hampshire Infantry at Concord. Just before the regiment left for Washington in November, 1862, the captain of Company I, fell sick and Chaffin was given the command of the company, though without commission, and went with the regiment to Washington. In December, the captain of Company I resigned and Chaffin was commissioned its captain, December 18, 1862. The regiment went to New Orleans in March, 1864, and later served in the campaigns in Virginia. In the battle of Opequon Creek near Winchester, Va., September, 1864, he was acting lieutenant-colonel and was shot through the head by a minie ball, September 19.



Capt. William Henry Chaffin.

He was distinguished for his observance of duty. He was a fine disciplinarian, yet gaining the good will of his men. His company was the best disciplined and drilled in the regiment and he generally reported more men for duty than the captain of any other company in the regiment. He was a brave and cool headed officer and was often selected for duty requiring extra determination and judgment. In the summer of 1863, he was sent to the front with a detachment of sixty men to return some convalescents to their regiments. On the way they overtook a large army train of ammunition wagons, that was being attached by "Mosby's Rangers." Captain Chaffin dispersed the Rangers, and recovered nearly all the mules that had been driven off.

LIEUT.-COL. FREDERICK WILLIAM GALBRAITH.

Frederick W. Galbraith, was born in Mt. Vernon, Maine, October 4, 1843, and died in Boston, Mass., March 8, 1896. At an early age, his parents removed to Augusta, Maine, where he graduated from the high school. He later studied in Boston. He entered the University in April, 1861, and remained until August, 1862, when he was appointed State drill master by Governor Smith. He engaged in drilling and instructing the volunteers for several months.

In the fall of 1862, he was appointed volunteer aide on the staff of Governor Owen of Maine; was appointed second lieutenant in the Third Maine Volunteer June 22, 1863; was transferred to the staff of General O. O. Howard (q. v.) with rank of captain, May 18, 1864; was brevetted major, May 29, 1865, and lieutenant-colonel United States Volunteers, March 13, 1865, "for gallant and meritorious conduct during the campaigns of Atlanta, Savannah and the Carolinas"; was mustered out of service, June 8, 1866.

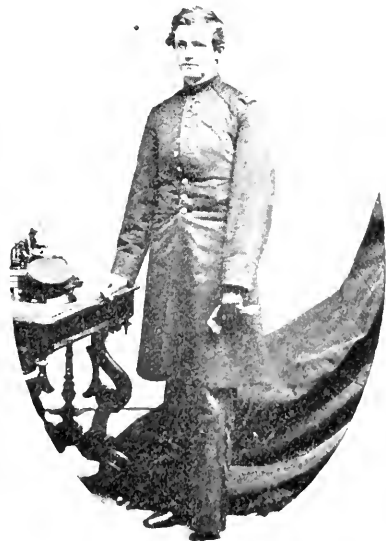
He studied law in 1866-67, and was admitted to the bar in Boston in the latter year; practiced his profession in Boston 1867 until 1880, when he located in California, where he built by contract a part of the California Southern R. R. He returned East in 1884, making his home in Cambridge until his death; served as special examiner of pensions, 1884-96. He was a member of the G. A. R., and the Loyal Legion.

He was married April 16, 1867, to Abbie Clark Sayward of Augusta, who survives him and resides in Cincinnati, Ohio. Four children were born to them: Archibald Victor, Harvard University, '99, now a teacher in Concord, Mass.; John Sayward, Harvard University, '99; Frederick William, now in business in Cincinnati, Ohio.

LIEUT. WILLIAM STONE GOODWIN.

William S. Goodwin, was born in Boston, Mass., in 1844. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1860, remaining until 1863, when he was discharged to enter the service. He was a member of the Parthenon, Platonian, and *H. K. A.* societies; the "N. U." Glee Club.

He enlisted in Company B, 7th Squadron Rhode Island Cavalry, the famous "College Cavaliers," (q. v.) June 19, 1862, and served with his company in Virginia; was mustered out of service, October 2, 1862. He then served as first lieutenant in the 27th Massachusetts Infantry. He engaged in business in the West until about 1900, when he returned to Roxbury, Mass., where he has since resided.



Lieut. William Stone Goodwin.

CAPT. WALTER SCOTT HAZELTON.

Walter S. Hazelton, son of Thomas and Sylvia (Scott) Hazelton, was born in Strafford, Vt., December 1, 1840. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in April, 1861, remaining until June, 1862; was a member of the *θ. Α.* Fraternity. He served in Company

B., 7th Squadron, Rhode Island Cavalry, the famous "College Cavaliers" (q. v.) June 19-October 2, 1863.

He engaged in the mercantile business in Cacheville, Cal., from 1864 to 1870, and in Sacramento from 1870 to 1875. He removed to Elkhart, Ind., in 1876, where he has since resided; engaged in the dry goods business, 1876-91; has served as cashier of the St. Joseph Valley Bank, from 1891 to date; treasurer Co-operative Savings and Loan Society, 1891 to date. He was captain and quartermaster of the 2d Regiment, Cal. N. G., '872.

He is a Republican in politics; was county commissioner of Elkhart, Co. 1880-83; member of the school board, Elkhart six years; city councilman, 1898 to date; he is a member of Kane Lodge, F. and A. M., Concord chapter, R. A. M., Elkhart Commandery K. T. No. 31, all of Elkhart.

He was married October 20, 1873, to Lavina L. White of Middleburg, Ind. One child has been born to them: Eva M., born August 1, 1872, married Dr. H. B. Kurtz of Cleveland, Ohio.

FIRST SERGT. EDWARD MYRON GRANGER.



First Sergt. Edward Myron Granger.

Edward M. Granger, son of Edward Livingston and Mary W. (Brown) Granger, and cousin of Lyman Couch Granger, '49, was born in Pittsford, Vermont, September 18, 1844, and died September 19, 1864.

He prepared for college at the Pittsford Academy and entered the University in the spring of 1861, remaining nearly two years, when he enlisted as first sergeant in Harris Light Cavalry of New York City. He was captured once and exchanged; was in several engagements unharmed, until the morning of Sheridan's raid, and while charging through Winchester, September 19, 1864, was shot through the body and died the same afternoon. He was buried in Pittsford, Vermont.

WILLIAM HEBARD.

William Hebard, son of the Hon. William Hebard, (q. v.) trustee of "N. U." was born in Chelsea, Vermont in 1845. He prepared for college in the schools of Chelsea, and entered the University in 1861, remaining until 1863.

He went to La Porte, Ind., and enlisted in the 135th Indiana Infantry; was mustered out of the service, October 4, 1864. He was a fireman on the Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana R. R., 1864-May, 1866, engineer, May, 1866-April, 1877. He took full course of study, three years, with this com-

pany in locomotive construction and repairs; spent one year in studying the application of the first Westinghouse air brake; was engineer on the Union Pacific R. R., October, 1871-May, 1872; Southern Pacific R. R., May, 1872 to date.

Mr. Hebard resides in San Luis Obispo, Cal.

CAPT. ELSHA PIKE HITCHCOCK.

Elisha P. Hitchcock, son of Amos and Elizabeth (Harwood) Hitchcock, was born in Pittsford, Vermont, June 22, 1845. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1860, and remained until the breaking out of the Civil War, when he was appointed by the governor of Vermont a State drill officer. He performed efficient service in drilling and instructing the 7th, 11th and 16th Vermont regiments. He was commissioned captain Company D., 9th Regiment Vermont Militia, December 23, 1864, and served for some time.

He was proprietor of the Lake Dummer House, Salisbury, Vermont, 1873-78; Maplewood House, Pittsfield, Mass., summer of 1880; Mansion House, Andover, Mass., 1890-1902. Since this last date, he has resided in Pittsford, Vermont. He is a Republican in politics, and served as assistant door keeper of the Vermont Senate 1864 and 1865. He is a member of the Congregational Church.

He was married June 27, 1866, to Susan Ida Porter of Middlebury, Vt. Four children have been born to them: Mary Elizabeth, married Mr. M. A. Roberts, resides in Lynn, Mass.; George Porter, resides in Oriskany, N. Y.; Erwin Van Ness, resides in Tampa, Fla.; Frank Lauren, resides in Cambridge, Mass.

GILBERT ABIJAH LINCOLN.

Gilbert A. Lincoln, son of Spencer and Eunice (Warren) Lincoln, was born in Bethel, Vt., June 16, 1840, and was drowned in the Connecticut River while a cadet, on Saturday afternoon, August 2, 1862. He attended the school of his town and finished his preparation for college, under the instruction of Hosea Doten (q. v.) of Pomfret, Vt. He entered the University in 1860; was a brilliant student and a fine athlete; was a member of the Athenian Society. He is survived by a brother, Albert Lincoln of Bethel, Vt.

ABNER BARNARD LOWE.

Abner B. Lowe, son of Levi and Polly (Lowe) Barnard, was born in Enfield, N. H., September 2, 1812. His parents died when he was an infant and he was adopted by his grandfather, Abel B. Lowe, receiving his name. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in the summer of 1861, remaining until July, 1864, when he enlisted with fourteen of his classmates in Company G, 60th Massachusetts, Infantry; was mustered out of service, November 30, 1864. He was a sailor for some time and later located in California, where, about 1871, he joined a party to search for a mine on the coast of that State. He is supposed to have been lost at sea, as he was never heard from after that date.

LIEUT. WILLIAM ROMEO HOYT.

William R. Hoyt, son of Hon. Romeo Houghton, and Betsey Dana (Ainsworth) Hoyt, was born in St. Albans, Vt., March 17, 1845. He attended the schools of his town, and entered the University in the fall of 1860, remaining until July 1, 1862, when he was discharged to enter the United States Military Academy at West Point; was a member of the $\theta \lambda$ Fraternity.



Lieut. William Romeo Hoyt.

On September 23, 1863, he entered the volunteer service and was assigned to the 10th Vermont Infantry, where he served for some time, as sergeant-major; was promoted 1st and 2d lieutenants, respectively, of companies C and A and on June 29, 1865, was mustered out of service in command of his company. He served with his company in the 6th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, and participated in the battles of that army.

He studied law with Bailey and Davis, attorneys, and was admitted to the bar at St. Albans, Vt., in 1867; and in 1868 located in Chippewa Falls, Wis., where he practiced his profession, being associated with Congressman Jenkins and Governor Bingham of that State until 1889, when he was appointed by president Harrison as one of the four United States

Commissioners for Alaska. He held this office four years and then returned to Chippewa Falls. In 1906, he was appointed United States Commissioner for Indian Territory, a court having civil and criminal jurisdiction, and at present is located in Muskogee, Okla., his home.

He is a Republican in politics, and has held many positions; was city attorney of Chippewa Falls, Wis.; municipal judge, county judge of Chippewa County and district attorney of that State. He is a member of the Masonic, Knights of Pythias, I. O. O. F. lodges and the G. A. R. Post, serving for some time as judge advocate of the Department of Wisconsin.

He was married November 18, 1874, at Eau Claire, Wis., to Lenora Nelson, a native of Palestine, Pa. One child was born to them, Romeo Nelson Hoyt, born November 27, 1878, now a resident of Fairbanks, Alaska.

FREDERICK WALTER MOORES, U. S. N.

Frederick W. Moores, son of Master Frederick W. Moores, U. S. N., was born in 1842, and died June 15, 1882. He prepared for college in the schools of Boston, Mass., and entered the University from Charlestown, Mass., in 1861, remaining until 1863, when he left to enter the service; was a member of the HKJ Freshmen Fraternity. He was appointed acting third assistant engineer, United States Navy, July 14, 1862, and served during the Civil War. He was honorably discharged, March 26, 1867. He is survived by a widow, Mrs. Almira H. Moores, who resides in Harrison, N. Y.

HENRY CLAY MORSE.

Henry C. Morse, son of Timothy and Permelia (Haines) Morse, was born in Newbury, Vt., June 8, 1846, and died in Jersey City, N. J., March 16, 1894. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1861, and remained two years. He engaged in the wholesale grocery business in Jersey City, N. J., 1868-94.

He was married in Wells River, Vt., September 9, 1865, to Laura Jane Felker, a native of Barton, Vt., who died March 20, 1894. Two children were born to them: Harry Felker, born April 21, 1868, resides in Glenridge, N. J.; Carlos Hinman, born March 12, 1870, resides in Roselle, N. J.

FIRST SERGT. HENRY GAYLORD POST.

Henry G. Post, son of Gaylord H. and Emily (Meacham) Post, was born in Wallingford, Vt., in 1842, and died in Rutland, Vt., in 1903. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in September, 1861, and remained until July, 1862, when he enlisted in Co. C, 10th Vermont Infantry; was promoted 1st sergeant, July 16, 1862; was transferred to the regular army, February 12, 1863. He is survived by a daughter, Lillie, who married Frank Bailey, and resides in Wellington, Kan.

HON. GEORGE FREDERICK PUTNAM, A. M.

George F. Putnam, son of John and Almira (French) Putnam, and brother of James W. Putnam, '46, was born in Croydon, N. H., November 6, 1811, and died in Kansas City, Mo., May 30, 1899. He prepared for college at the Thetford Academy and entered the University in 1861, and remained two years, received the honorary degree of A. M., from Dartmouth in 1870.

He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Manchester, N. H., in 1867; practiced his profession in Haverhill, N. H., 1867-82, also having an office in Warren, N. H., for six years. He removed to Kansas City, Mo., in 1882, and engaged in banking until his death.

He was a Democrat in politics, and held many offices; represented Haverhill and Warren in the State Legislature; was state's attorney Grafton, Co., N. H.; was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention in Kansas City in 1876.

He was married December 22, 1868, to Mary Rebecca Reding of Haverhill, N. H.

IRVING BASCOM RICH.

Irving B. Rich, son of Gasea and Lorraine (Bascom) Rich, and cousin of C. E. Rich, '63, and Maj. G. M. Bascom, '60, was born in Shoreham (Richville) Vermont, June 3, 1845. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in the spring of 1862, remaining until 1863; was a member of the Athenian Society.

He engaged in mercantile business in Richville, until 1902, when he retired from active business. He was connected with various business enterprises; was a director and president of the First National Bank of Orwell for many years. In 1903, he removed to Roxbury, Mass., where he has since resided. He is a life member of the Massachusetts Rifle Association.

He was married at Shoreham, Vt., December 19, 1876, to Elizabeth Anne Lyman, a native of Barre, Vt., who died February 1, 1901. Two children were born to them: Mary Loraine, born June 15, 1876, married Mr. Henry H. Booth, resides in Flushing, L. I.; Irving Lyman, born December 14, 1879, now a lawyer in Boston, Mass., with residence in Cambridge.

CHARLES SLEEPER.

Charles Sleeper, son of William O. and Almira Sleeper, was born in St. Albans, Maine, in 1845. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1861, remaining until 1863. He engaged in banking business in Maine for some time and then located in San Francisco, Cal., where he has been, for several years, superintendent of the clearing house.

BVT. MAJ. GEORGE WILKINS SMITH, U. S. A.

George W. Smith, son of Ira and Lavinia (Clark) Smith, was born in Williamstown, Vt., April 4, 1840, and died in Philadelphia, Pa., October 13, 1896. At an early age, he removed to Lebanon, N. H., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparation for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered the University, in the summer of 1861, remaining until May, 1862, when he left to enter the service; was member of the Platonian Society and its treasurer in 1862.



Bvt. Maj. George Wilkins Smith, major, May 10, 1864, for "gallant and meritorious service at the battle of Spottsylvania." He was wounded in the battle of Gettysburg and Spottsylvania.

After the close of the war, he was transferred to the department of Texas, where he was in command of posts in Brenham, and in Seguin. While stationed at this latter post, he was engaged in many scouting parties. He resigned his commission, December 31, 1869, and returned North. In 1870, he returned to Texas, and was commissioned colonel in the State Militia, and an aide-de-

camp on the staff of Governor Edmund J. Davis. He took an active part in the reconstruction work in Texas, and in the establishing of the first public schools in that State. In 1873, he resigned his position, and returned North and in the same year, located in Philadelphia, Pa., where he made his home until his death. He entered the employ of James W. Cooper, furniture manufacturer, as city representative. In 1878, he formed a partnership with John Bell, under the firm name of George W. Smith & Co., and began the manufacture of furniture. In 1879, Mr. George E. Dearborn purchased Mr. Bells' interest in the company, and continued with the firm until 1887, when he sold his interests to Colonel Smith and retired. The business of manufacturing artistic furniture was continued by Colonel Smith until his death. He met with marked success in his work and acquired a valuable property. For several years, he conducted an extensive retail business in connection with his manufacturing. He imported statuary, bronzes, fine porcelain and tapestries, which necessitated his visiting the art centers of Europe, each year. Since his death, the manufacturing business has been continued by his son to date under the old firm name. He was a member and trustee of the Northminster Presbyterian church; George G. Meade Post, G. A. R., and the Manufacturers Club, all of Philadelphia.

He was married, June 16, 1870, to Nellie Frances Dearborn, daughter of George E. Dearborn, a native of Exeter, N. H. Mrs. Smith resides in Philadelphia. Three children were born to them: Arthur Dearborn, born March 11, 1871; George Sydney, born January 17, 1873; Rayburn Clark, born July 7, 1877.

JAMES BRECKENRIDGE SUMNER, M. D.

James B. Sumner was born in Dalton, N. H. He prepared for college at the Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., and entered the University in 1861, remaining until 1863; was a student for some time at Williams College. He graduated, M. D. from the University of Vermont in 1879, and located in Bloomington, Neb., where he has practiced his profession and engaged in the drug business to date. He is a member of the Nebraska State Medical Association and the National Railroad Surgeons Association.

He was married in 1875, to Mary Ella Pearson of Middlebury, Vt.

SERGEANT-MAJOR FRANKLIN HAMILTON WALCOTT.

Franklin H. Walcott, was born in New York Mills, N. Y., in 1845, and died in New York City in 1900. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1861, remaining until June, 1862, when he left to enter the service; was a member of the Platonian Society. He enlisted in Co. B., 7th Squadron Rhode Island Cavalry, the "College Cavaliers," (q. v.) June 19, 1862; and mustered out of service with his company, October 2, 1862. He then returned to the University. He later served as sergeant-major of the 117th New York Infantry. He engaged in various business enterprises in New York City; was for several years, manager of the Patent Metallic Weather Strip Co. He is survived by a widow, who resides in Pittsfield, Mass.

CLASS OF 1865.

LIEUT. OSCAR BARRON CHILD, B. S.

Oscar B. Child, son of Justin Lyman and Elvira (Thacher) Child, was born in North Pomfret, Vt., June 4, 1842, and died in Los Angeles, Cal., June 7, 1910. He prepared for college at the Randolph Academy, the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and the Barre (Vt.) Academy. He entered the University from Randolph, Vt., in 1862, and graduated B. S. in 1865; was a member of the $\Theta \Lambda$ Fraternity.



Lieut. Oscar Barron Child.

He was military instructor in the Newbury Seminary, Newbury, Vt., in 1862. He was teller in the National White River Bank, Bethel, Vt., 1865-66; Montpelier National Bank, 1867. He engaged in mercantile business in Randolph, Vt., in 1867; was a railway postal clerk, St. Albans, Vt., to Boston, Mass., 1875-87; orange grower, DeLand Fla., 1888-1900. He removed to Los Angeles, Cal., in 1900 where he resided until his death; engaged in the blue printing business, 1900-1906; employed office of chief engineer, San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake R. R., 1904-08. He was 1st lieutenant and adjutant, 5th Regiment, V. N. G., 1865-66. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church; United Brethren Lodge, F. and A. M. of Hartford, Vt.

He was twice married: first, September 25, 1867, to Mary Lamoille Badger of Randolph, who died December 16, 1874. Two children were born to them: Lelia May, born November 17, 1870, married James S. Mann and resides in Tucson, Arizona; Mary Badger born October 20, 1874, resides in Los Angeles, Cal. He was again married, September 15, 1887, to Alice Gertrude Wells of West Chazy, N. Y., who survives him and resides in Los Angeles, Cal.

HON. JOHN JASPER DEWEY, M. S., A. M.

John J. Dewey, son of Albert Gallatin and Emily (Strong) Dewey, brother of William S. Dewey, '63, was born at Queechee, Vt., April 8, 1846. He prepared for college at the Green Mountain Institute, South Woodstock, Vt., and entered the University in the spring of 1863, graduating B. S. in 1865; was a drill sergeant in the corps of cadets; valedictorian of his class; member of the $\Lambda \Sigma \Pi$ Fraternity; received the degree of M. S. from the University in 1902, and A. M. in 1908.

He graduated from Comer's Commercial College, Boston, Mass., in 1865; and then entered the employ of A. G. Dewey & Co., Woolen manufacturers at Quechee, Vt. In 1873, he bought an interest in the firm and on its incorporation in 1890, was elected its president, which office he now holds. He is president of the Woodstock Railway Co.; was director of the Exeter Machine Co., of Exeter, N. H., for several years; has served as trustee of "N. U." from 1890 to date. He is a vice-president of the Home Market Club of Boston. He is a Republican in politics and represented his town in the Legislature in 1902-03.

He has been twice married: first, January 21, 1869, to Anna Frances Metcalf of Boston, who died March 27, 1904. Five daughters were born to them. He was again married, February 26, 1908, to Grace Emily Strong of Quechee, Vt.



Hon. John Jasper Dewey.

COL. JOSEPH HIRAM GOULDING, A. B.

Joseph H. Goulding, son of James Marshall and Amanda (Sanford) Goulding, was born in Potsdam, N. Y., June 8, 1842. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1862, and remained until August, 1863, when he left to enter the service; was a member of the *Theta Xi* Fraternity; received the degree of A. B. at the commencement of 1893 as for 1865.

He went to Washington, D. C., and passed an examination for a commission in the United States Colored Troops; was commissioned 2d lieutenant, 6th United States Colored Infantry, September 12, 1863; served as ambulance officer and acting assistant quartermaster in the 10th, 18th, and 25th Army Corps, in the Armies of the Potomac, James, and Ohio; took part in the battles at Petersburg, June 15, 1864, "The Mine," Petersburg, July 30, 1864; New Market Heights, Va., September 29, 1864; "Fair Oaks 3d," October 27, 1864; both expeditions against Fort Fisher, N. C., winter 1864-65; Sherman's march on Raleigh. He was promoted first lieutenant, May 6, 1865, and was mustered out of service, September 20, 1865.

He was clerk of the Rutland R. R., Rutland, Vt., 1865-70; secretary of same road, 1870-78; secretary and treasurer, Dorset Marble Co., 1878-88. He removed to Wilmington, Vt., in 1895, where he has since resided; has served as treasurer, Wilmington Savings Bank, 1895 to date. He is a republican in politics; was assistant postmaster of Rutland, 1889-92; was colonel and chief on the staff of Governor John L. Barstow, 1882-83; secretary of civil and military affairs, state of Vermont, 1892-93.

He joined Roberts Post, G. A. R., Rutland, Vt., in 1869; was post adjutant, 1869-71; assistant adjutant-general, Department of Vermont, G. A. R., 1872-73; national council of administration, 1873-74; elected commander of Department of Vermont, G. A. R., 1880-81; appointed adjutant-general, G. A. R., by Commander-in-Chief Veasey and served in 1890-91. He organized, as adjutant-general, the first soldiers' reunion in Vermont, held at Rutland in 1873, and attended by thousands, all coming as organizations, officered and enlisted for three days' service; was adjutant general of the Bennington centennial in 1876, one of the largest gatherings ever held in the State; compiled the Official Military Records of Rutland in 1889.



Col. Joseph Hiram Goulding.

He is a member of the Loyal Legion of Vermont, serving as Junior Vice-Commander, 1899-1900; Senior Vice-Commander, 1900-01; and Commander 1909 to date; 32^o Mason and member of Mt. Sinai Temple Mystic Shrine of Montpelier; trustee of the Vermont Soldiers' Home, Bennington, Vt., 1909 to date.

He was married August 18, 1863, to Fannie Ellen, daughter of the Rev. Aaron G. Pease of Norwich, Vt. Four children were born to them; Matilda, born August 2, 1867, resides in Wilmington, Vt.; Anne Page, born April 27, 1871, married William M. Ross, resides in Rutland, Vt.; James Marshall, born November 16, 1874, resides in Riverside, Cal.; Philip Sanford, born September 6, 1876, resides in Urbana, Ill.

WILLIAM WOODBURY HOWARD, B. S.

William W. Howard, son of Alexander Hamilton and Sarah Jane Howard, was born in Hallowell, Me., August 5, 1844. He attended the schools of his town until he was sixteen years of age, when he went to Bridgewater, Mass., to learn the tinsmith's trade with a cousin engaged in the manufacture of cotton gins for the Southern trade. The business becoming prostrated, owing to the Civil War, he returned home, and attended the Hallowell High School until 1862, when he entered the University, and graduated B. S. in 1865; was a member of the *θ* *Α* Fraternity.

In the spring of 1866, he went to Minnesota, and engaged in the government survey of public lands until 1870, when he took a contract from the government for surveying several townships on the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad, embracing some of the best land in their grant. In 1871, he examined for that road some 100,000 acres of their grant in the region of Detroit City and Audubon.

In 1872, tiring of frontier life, he settled in Faribault, Minn., where for five years, he managed a large stock farm for his father-in-law. In 1882, he

entered the employ of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R. R., (now the Great Northern) having charge of the location and disposition of a grant of swamp lands for the Minneapolis and St. Cloud branch of that road. In February, 1889, he resigned his position, owing to failing health, and started a Jersey dairy farm in company with the Hon. Gordon E. Cole, at Cannon Lake, near Faribault. This was one of the best private creameries in the Northwest. Owing to the death of Mr. Cole in October, 1891, he closed out the business, and in 1895 removed to St. Paul, where he assumed the position of vice president and manager of the Gas Savings Co., which business he placed upon a very successful footing, and conducted until 1904. He then removed to Whittier, Cal., where he has made his home to date. He is a member of the Congregational Church.

He was married February 1, 1871, to Ella J. Winter, of Faribault, Minn. Three children were born to them, who died in early childhood.

HENRY AUGUSTUS HOWARD, B. S.

Henry A. Howard, son of Ralph and Adelia A. (Weaver) Howard, born in Windsor, Vt., February 18, 1845. He graduated from the Windsor High School in 1861, and Kimball Union Academy in 1862. He entered the University in August, 1862, and graduated B. S. in 1865.

He enlisted in Company G, 60th Massachusetts Infantry, July 19, 1864, with fourteen others from the corps of cadets; and served until November 30, 1864, when the regiment was mustered out of service at Boston, Mass. He studied law with J. M. Edminster of Windsor, during 1865-66; and in the latter year, he entered the Albany Law School, graduating LL. B. in 1867, having as one of his class mates President William McKinley. He began the practice of his profession in Glens Falls, N. Y., in 1867, where he has since resided. During 1867-68, he was associated with Judge Brown, since that date he has continued the practice alone.



Henry Augustus Howard.

He is a Democrat in politics, and has held several offices; was district attorney of Warren County, 1875-82. During his incumbency, he secured over one hundred convictions, failing in but one prosecution during the time. He has one of the largest and most valuable law libraries in Northern New York. He is a director of the Merchants National Bank. He is a member of the G. A. R.; the Warren County Veteran Association, serving as president, 1898-99.

He was married October 18, 1875, to Mary E. Robbins of Windsor, Vt., sister of S. E. Robbins, '54.

WILLIAM HENRY JOHNSON, B. S.

William H. Johnson, son of Ezekiel and Nancy (Rogers)Johnson, was born in Bradford, Vt., March 7, 1843. He came of old New England stock; his earliest American ancestor, William Johnson, came to this continent in 1634, and was one of the founders and municipal officers of Charleston, Mass. He received his early education in the public schools of his town and the Bradford Academy. He entered the University in 1863, and remained two years, and during his connection with the University he was attentive to the duties and loyal to the Institution, and was a member and officer in the Platonian Society in 1864. In 1911, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1865.



William Henry Johnson.

of the Y. M. C. A. of Buffalo, N. Y.; also as trustee of the Orphan Asylum and the Homoeopathic Hospital of the same city.

He married Mary Spencer of Newbury, Vt. Four children have been born to them: a daughter, married Benjamin L. Love, resides in Joplin, Mo.; Roswell Henry, M. S., is now a consulting geologist in Bartlesville, Okla.; Grace L. resides in Bartlesville, Okla.; Paul R. resides in Bartlesville, Okla.

After leaving Norwich, he entered Eastman's Business College at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., from which institution he graduated. He then went to Buffalo, N. Y., and entered the employ of Farrar and Trefts, manufacturers of engines and boilers, continuing with this firm until 1880, when he became interested in the oil business. He was successful in the Pennsylvania field as a producer of this product and has continued his interest in different oil companies in that section. At present, he is the president and manager of the Sagamore Oil & Gas Co., with headquarters at Bartlesville, Okla.

Mr. Johnson, notwithstanding his busy life, has found time to interest himself in religious and charitable work; has served as a trustee of the Methodist church for over twenty-five years, as president

CAPT. AUGUSTUS LORENZO PAPANTI, B. S.

Augustus L. Papanti, son of Lorenzo and Sarah (Quinn) Papanti, was born in Boston, Mass., May 6, 1845, and died in a private hospital in Brookline, February 28, 1910. His father was a native of Leghorn, Italy, and belonged to the noble house of Colona, and was an officer in the Royal Guard of the Duke of Tuscany, but owing to some political disfavor was forced to leave the country. After many vicissitudes, he came to Boston and became the most famous dancing master in America.

The subject of our sketch prepared for college in the Chauncey Hall School in Boston, and entered the University in the spring of 1862, leaving to enlist, June, 1862, in the famous "College Cavaliers," Co. B, 7th Squadron R. I. Cavalry, and served until the squadron was mustered out, October 2, 1863. He then returned to the University, but feeling his country needed his services, he accepted the commission of second lieutenant in the 2nd Massachusetts Cavalry, December 2, 1862; was promoted first lieutenant, July 19, 1864, and captain, October 23, 1864, for gallantry in action; was severely wounded March 31, 1865, and was mustered out of service, May 31, 1865, owing to disability; received from the University in 1909 the degree of B. S. as for 1865.

After some time spent in travel, he formed a partnership with his father and assisted him with his dancing classes at No. 23 Tremont street; and after his father's death, he conducted the Academy until 1900, when owing to failing health, he was forced to give up his work. He lived in Boston and spent his summers at Newburyport. In 1900, he removed to Medford, Mass., where he resided until his death. He was a member of St. John's Lodge, F. and A. M.; King Cyrus Chapter, R. A. M., and Newburyport Commandery No. 3, K. T.

He was married May 7, 1867, to Hellen Bradford Farrington of Roxbury, who died December 12, 1906. Two daughters were born to them; Pauline Helen, died October 24, 1884; Alice Bradford, resides in Boston Mass.



Capt. Augustus Lorenzo Papanti.

CHARLES HENRY SMART, B. S.

Charles H. Smart was born in Lowell, Mass., in 1844. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1862, graduating B. S. in 1865; was a member of the Platonian Society and the *H K I* Fraternity.

He served with the corps of cadets at Newport, Vt., in October, 1861, during the St. Albans Raid excitement, (q. v.). He engaged in business in Lowell, for some time, and about 1890, located in Manchester, N. H., where he has made his home to date.

LIEUT. JESSE BISHOP SMITH, U. S. N., B. S.

Jesse B. Smith, son of Burleigh Hunt and Julia Ann (Bishop) Smith, was born in Strafford, Vt., August 5, 1845, and died there, November 19, 1874. He attended the schools of his town and finished his preparation for college in Montpelier, Vt. He entered the University in 1862, and remained two years; was a member of the *H K I* Freshman Fraternity, and the Parthenon Society. In 1870, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1865.

He entered the United States Naval Academy in July, 1864; and graduated in June, 1868. He was promoted ensign, April 19, 1869; master, July 12, 1870; lieutenant, November 25, 1872. He served in Cuba, South America, Europe,

China, Japan, Australia and South Africa. He took part in one engagement in Korea. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge of Strafford, Vt., and Celestial Lodge of Shanghai, China.

He was married March 7, 1871, to Georgia Louise Fitts, a native of New Ipswich, N. H., who survives him and resides in Fitchburg, Mass. No children.

JOSEPH SWIFT RICHARDS, B. S., LL. B.

J. Swift Richards, son of Peter Richards, a merchant of New York City, and Louisa Josephine (Swift) Richards, was born in Geneva, N. Y., May 1, 1844, at the home of his grandfather General Joseph G. Swift, United States Army. He attended the Rectory School, Hamden, Conn., and Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. He entered the University in January, 1862, and graduated B. S. in 1865. He is a member of the $\Theta \Lambda$ Fraternity.



Joseph Swift Richards.

He enlisted in Company G, 60th Massachusetts Volunteers, July 15th, 1864; was promoted sergeant and served as regimental postmaster; served with his regiment at Camp Reed near Boston, at Baltimore, Md., and at Camp Morton near Indianapolis, Ind.; was discharged in Boston, Mass., November 30, 1864.

He graduated LL. B. from the Columbia University Law School in 1867, and was admitted to the New York Bar in the spring of the same year. He practiced his profession in New York City, 1867-69; Council Bluffs, Iowa, 1870-71, and in New York City to date. He was city editor of the Council Bluffs *Nonpareil* in '71. He is a Roman Catholic, having become such in 1868; he is a member of Lafayette No. 140, G. A. R., New York City.

He was married July 1, 1868 to Sarah Frances Scarborough, daughter of Joseph Scarborough of Savannah, Ga.. She died August 10, 1891. Seven children were born to them: Joseph Scarborough, born June 16, 1869, resides in New York City; Louisa Josephine, born August 18, 1870, resides in New York City; Mary Agatha, born November 8, 1872, died unmarried, June 10, 1901; Frances, born February 8, 1875, married Frederick R. Baker, resides in Seattle, Wash.; Paul, born March 23, 1879, resides in Seattle, Wash.; William Hunter, born January 26, 1881, died December 5, 1903; Elizabeth Hunter, born November 4, 1883, resides in New York City.

REV. EDWARD LATHROP STODDARD, A. M., Ph. D.

Edward L. Stoddard, son of Lewis Tappen and Sarah Hill (Lathrop) Stoddard, was born in Boston, Mass., July 11, 1845. He prepared for college at the Brookline (Mass.) High School and entered the University in 1862, and

remained two years; was a member of the *Δ Ψ Π* Fraternity. The University in recognition of his distinguished work as a clergyman conferred upon him the degree of A. B. and A. M. in 1910 as for 1865. He was a student at the Royal College of Chemistry, London, England, one year; Leipzig University, Germany two years; Harvard University Divinity School, Cambridge, two years; the Episcopal Theological Seminary, Cambridge, Mass., one year.

He was ordained deacon in the Episcopal ministry in 1871, and priest in 1872. He was assistant rector of Christ Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1871-74; rector of St. John's Church, York, Pa., 1874-77; rector St. John's Church, Jersey City, 1877 to 1907, when he became rector emeritus. He has published several essays and many of his sermons have appeared in the various church papers.

He has been twice married: first, in Cambridge, Mass., August 27, 1872, to Maria Cordelia Washburn, who died May 13, 1883; one child, Solomon Stoddard, was born, January 28, 1874, resides in Kansas City. He was again married May 18, 1887, to Clara Henrietta Bumsted of Jersey City.



Rev. Edward Lathrop Stoddard.

CHARLES HENRY WOOD, B. S.

Charles H. Wood, son of Moses and Mary (Cornel) Wood, was born in Gardner, Mass., September 25, 1844. At an early age, his parents removed to Fitchburg, where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparations for college at the Groton (Mass.) Academy, and entered the University in 1862, remaining two years; was a member of the *θ Α* Fraternity. In 1910, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as for 1865. He has served for many years as treasurer and manager of the Continental Mills of Lewiston, Me.

He was married, October 1, 1869, to Elizabeth Lowell Hancock Moriarty of Boston, Mass. His office address is, 31 Bedford St., Boston, Mass.

CHARLES EBEN WENTWORTH, B. S.

Charles E. Wentworth, son of Mark Humking and Susan Osgood (Jones) Wentworth, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 20, 1845. He attended the schools of Portsmouth, N. H., and finished his preparation for college at the Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H. He entered the University from Portsmouth, N. H., in 1862, and remained until 1864, when he left to accept a commission in the United States Army as second lieutenant in the New Hampshire Cavalry;

was taken sick and unable to accept the commission; was a member of the $\Lambda \Sigma \Pi$ Fraternity; received in 1910 the degree of B. S. as for 1865.



Charles Eben Wentworth.

15, 1872, resides in Milton, Mass.; Elizabeth Ladd, born December 11, 1875, resides in Cambridge Mass.; Mark Hunking born April 5, 1879, resides in Boston, Mass.

He made a voyage from Boston around Cape Horn to San Francisco and return, 1865-66; engaged in the wholesale dry goods business in Cincinnati, Ohio, under the firm name of Wentworth & Co., 1866-70; was a member of the firm of Soule, Thomas & Wentworth, law publishers, St. Louis, Mo., 1872-80; member of the firm, University Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1872-94; vice president and general manager of the Lowry Manufacturing Co., Boston, 1895-99, manufacturers of nautical instruments. He is a trustee of estates. Since 1902, he was engaged in farming in Portsmouth, N. H.

He was married in Portsmouth, N. H., September 30, 1869, to Elizabeth Hamilton Ladd. Four children have been born to them: Alice Ladd, born October 1, 1870, died February 23, 1873; Strafford, born August

15, 1872, resides in Milton, Mass.; Elizabeth Ladd, born December 11, 1875, resides in Cambridge Mass.; Mark Hunking born April 5, 1879, resides in Boston, Mass.



$\Phi K \Delta$ Fraternity House.

NON-GRADUATES, 1865.

CHARLES PARSONS ALLEN.

Charles P. Allen, son of Hon. Ira Hayden Allen, was born in Irasburg, Vt., February 16, 1844, and died at St. Albans, Vt., May 30, 1877; was buried in Irasburg. He attended the schools of his town and the Barton (Vt.) Academy. He entered the University in 1861, remaining two years; was a member of the $\theta \chi$ Fraternity.

He studied law in Albany, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar, but never practiced the profession; spent several years in settling his father's extensive estate. He resided in Peoria, Ill., several years; then in Virginia. In 1877, his health failed and while on his way to Irasburg, Vt., he stopped a short time in St. Albans, where he was taken ill and died.

He was married February 1, 1876, to Lizzie Pulsifer of Peoria, Ill., who died, August 4, 1877. One child, Lizzie, born January 31, 1877, died in Derby Line in 1899.

IRA HAYDEN ALLEN.

Ira H. Allen, son of the Hon. Ira Hayden Allen, and a grand nephew of Gen. Ethan Allen, was born in Irasburg, Vt., December 11, 1812. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1862, and died in the South Barracks of congestion of the brain, February 13, 1863; was a member of the Platonian Society.

ARTHUR DAGGETT BANCROFT.

Arthur D. Bancroft, son of Carlos and Mary E. (Johnson) Bancroft, was born in Montpelier, Vt., in 1811, and died of consumption at Merrillsville, N. Y., April 11, 1881. He attended the schools of his city, and entered the University in 1836, remaining two years. He engaged in mercantile pursuits in Montpelier many years.

He married Juliette Camp of Montpelier, Vt., who survives him and resides in Montpelier. Two children were born to them: Charles Camp, born in 1871, died in Montpelier, April 27, 1906; Jane Emily, born in 1879, married M. Raymond Dwinell, resides in Montpelier, Vt.

LEONARD BOARDMAN BROWN.

Leonard B. Brown was born in Stark, Me., February 25, 1811. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in 1861, and remained a little over two years. He taught school for some time in Canada, and then engaged in newspaper work, in which he has gained distinction. He was editor of the *Maine Standard*, 1868-73; *Concord Patriot*, 1874-78; *Boston Globe*, 1878-79; *People and Patriot*, 1879-81. Since this last date, he has acted as reporter, correspondent, or editorial writer for various papers, including the *New York Herald*, *Philadelphia Times*, *Hartford Times*, *Springfield Republican*, *Portsmouth Times*, *Manchester Union*, and *Manchester Mirror*. He was the legislative reporter for the *Mirror and America*, during the 1896-97 session of the New Hampshire legislature.

GEORGE DOANE BANCROFT.

George D. Bancroft, son of Amos Bigelow and Marietta (Shepley) Bancroft, cousin of F. G. Lawrence, '65, was born in Groton, Mass., February 28, 1845, and died in Boston, Mass., March 7, 1879.

He prepared for college in the schools of Groton and Charlestown, Mass., and entered the University from Charlestown, in 1862, remaining nearly to the end of the junior year. He was a member of the *Α Σ Η* Fraternity. Soon after leaving the University, he received an appointment as 2d lieutenant in a Massachusetts regiment being recruited for the Civil War, but did not serve owing to the regiment not being mustered for the service. He engaged in business in Boston and New York for several years.



George Doane Bancroft.

LORENZO DOW CARPENTER.

Lorenzo D. Carpenter, son of Horace and Sebrina (Blanchard) Carpenter, was born in Vershire, Vt., February 14, 1829, and died in Humboldt Co., Cal., July 31, 1868.

He prepared for college at the Corinth and Thetford, (Vt.) Academies, but was obliged to give up going to college for some time owing to ill health. In 1851, he entered Fowle's Law School in Cherry Valley, Otsego Co., New York, where he remained for some time and later studied in the law office of Robert McK. Ormsby, Esq. of Bradford, Vt., and was admitted to the Orange County bar, February 21, 1857. While studying with Mr. Ormsby, he attended one course of lectures at the Harvard Law School. He practiced his profession in Corinth from February, 1857 to September, 1858. In 1861, he entered the University, and remained nearly three years.

In February 1868, he removed to California, and taught for a short time. He later took up land in Humboldt County, where he resided until his death, caused by an injury from a falling tree.

He was married September 15, 1858, to Eliza Magoon of Corinth; one child, Ida May, who died about 1890.



Lorenzo Dow Carpenter.

CHARLES JONES CHAPIN

Lieut. Charles J. Chapin was born in Brattleboro, Vt., August 31, 1847. He prepared for college in the schools of his town, and entered the University in May, 1861, remaining two years; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity. He was appointed State drill master in 1862, and drilled the 11th Vermont Infantry, and Company A, 15th Vermont Infantry. He went to St. Louis, Mo., in September, 1863, where he engaged in business until 1897. He then located in Chicago, Ill., where he has made his home to date.

He was married in St. Louis, Mo., in 1867 to Jennie Skinner, a native of Oswego, N. Y.

HENRY ELLSWORTH SEARS COWLES.

Henry E. S. Cowles, only son of Henry Clinton and Harriet Ellen (Sears) Cowles, was born in Claremont, N. H., October 15, 1847. He attended the public schools of his town until he was ten years of age, when his parents moved to Boston, Mass. He graduated from the old Dwight School, and then passed two years in Dr. Bhear's military school in New Haven, Conn.

He entered the University in 1862, and remained nearly two years, when he with others of the cadets, left the University to enter the army. He went to Boston, and passed a successful examination for a 1st lieutenant's commission in the army, but being under age, and his parents refusing to sign necessary papers, the commission was not allowed. He then engaged in the boot and shoe business in Boston, meeting with success. In 1886, he sold out his business and bought a stock farm in Reading, Mass., where he remained until 1895, when he removed to Claremont, N. H., where he has since resided.

He was married June 5, 1872, to Abbie Gibbs, only child of Henry Waldo and Elizabeth Augusta (LePear) Cushing. Six children have been born to them; Henry Waldo, born May 10, 1873, resides in Reading, Mass.; Harriett Elizabeth, born September 15, 1876, resides in Claremont, N. H.; William Ernest, born September 2, 1878, resides in Claremont, N. H.; Francis Alonzo, born December 29, 1880, resides in Pawtucket, R. I.; Gertrude Southwick, born December 6, 1884, married C. H. Bailey, resides in Claremont, N. H.; George Williams, born October 20, 1887, resides in Claremont, N. H.

CHARLES JARVIS CUTTS.

Charles J. Cutts, son of Hon. Hampden and Mary Pepperell Sparhawk (Jarvis) Cutts, and brother of E. H. Cutts, 50, was born in North Hartland, Vt., March 21, 1818, and died of typhoid fever in Brattleboro, Vt., September 13, 1863. In 1859, his parents removed to Brattleboro, where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1862, and remained until death; was a member of the Athenian Society. He was a fine student and gave promise of a brilliant career.

CAPT. GEORGE ALBERT FOLSOM.

George A. Folsom, son of Jeremiah and Eliza (Shaw) Folsom, was born in Sunrise City, Minn., February 8, 1815, and died in Malden, Mass., February 24, 1902. He attended the schools of his town and entered the University in 1861, remaining until 1863, when he left to enter the service; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity.

He was commissioned captain in the 57th United States Colored Infantry in 1863, and served until 1865, when he was mustered out of service. He soon located in Boston, Mass., where he was connected with Russell's Mercantile Agency for twenty-two years. He made his home in Malden, Mass., from 1878 until his death. He was a member of the Episcopal church; Converse Lodge, F. and A. M., and the United Order of Workmen, all of Malden.

He married Sarah Cornelia Loomis of Lowell, Mass, who survives him and resides in Malden. Three children were born to them: Edith Clifford, married Mr. P. Emerson Benner, resides in Malden; Charles Loomis, resides in Malden and Josephine Cornelia married Mr. George R. Jenkins, resides in Newton, Mass.

LIEUT. HENRY SAMUEL GODDARD.

Henry S. Goddard, son of Samuel and Caroline (Burton) Goddard, was born in Norwich, Vt., July 4, 1844. He prepared for college at the Thetford (Vt.) Academy and entered the University in 1861, remaining until 1863.

While a cadet his name was written Samuel Henry Goddard. He has made his home in Norwich to date, engaging in farming and in business pursuits.

He was a Republican in politics and has held several town offices; was selectman two years and justice of the peace several years. He served in the Vermont Militia for several years as second lieutenant. He is a member of the Congregational Church; the Good Samaritan Lodge, I. O. O. F. of Hanover N. H., serving as Noble Grand, and the Morning Star Encampment, of Lebanon, N. H.; New England Fat Men's Club.

He was married in Norwich, Vt., November 29, 1866, to Sarah Adelaide Folsom, a native of Exeter, Me. Four children were born to them: William Folsom, born January 6, 1868, died March 24, 1868;

Mary Sewall, born July 1, 1869, married Henry Allen Armstrong, resides in Wilder, Vt.; Carrie Burton, born September 14, 1873, died unmarried, July 22, 1904; Susie Folsom, born July 2, 1879, married George Orvis Boyles, resides in Montpelier, Vt.

REV. SAMUEL HARRISON GREENE, A. M., D. D., LL. D.

Samuel H. Greene, son of Columbus and Martha (Dow) Greene, was born in Enosburg, Vt., December 25, 1845. In 1847, his parents removed to Montgomery, Vt., where he attended the district schools. He prepared for college at the New Hampton Institute, Fairfax, Vt., and at the Brandon (Vt.)



Lieut. Henry Samuel Goddard.

Seminary. He entered the University in 1862, remaining one year; was a member of the *II K A* Fraternity and the Athenian Society; received from the University the degree of D. D., in 1882 and LL. D. in 1892.

During 1867-68, he served as superintendent of the public schools of Montgomery; also engaged in mercantile pursuits in that town. In 1868, he began studying for the ministry. He graduated A. B. from Colgate University, New York in 1873, and D. D. from the Hamilton (N. Y.) Theological Seminary in 1875.

He was ordained pastor of the Baptist Church at Cazenovia, N. Y., in June, 1875, where he met with marked success in his labors. In December, 1879, he became pastor of the Calvary Church of Washington, D. C., where he has remained to date. During this long period, more than thirty-eight hundred members have been added to this church, making it one of the largest, most efficient, and influential at the nation's capital. Among its officers and membership are many of the city's distinguished citizens, and many distinguished men in public life. Its annual receipts reach the splendid amount of forty thousand dollars. Its Sunday School work has continually grown, until now it has a



Rev. Samuel Harrison Greene.

fine Sunday School house, adjoining the church edifice, costing \$105,000 and a Sunday School membership of 2,780, with annual receipts of about \$5,000.

He has taken great interest in educational matters; has served as trustee of Columbian University, now George Washington University, from 1889 to date; was chairman of the board during 1889-1900; acting president, 1894-95, 1900-02. The degree of A. M., in course, was conferred upon him by Colgate University in 1875, and D. D. in 1892; received the degree of D. D. from Rochester University in 1892; LL. D. from Columbian University and from Howard University in 1900.

He was for two years vice-president of the Northern Baptist Convention and is now a prominent member of its finance committee. He has addressed, at the request of the faculties, the students in various colleges, universities, and theological seminaries. In 1903, he delivered the Sunday School lectures before the Southern Baptist Seminary at Louisville, Ky., which were later published by the Sunday School Board of the Southern Baptist Convention, in a neat volume entitled, *The Twentieth Century Sunday School*. He is also the author of sundry magazine articles on religious topics. He has travelled extensively in Europe on three different occasions. He is a member of the National Geographical Society; American Institute of Archaeology; Sons of the American Revolution; *J T* Fraternity of Colgate University.

He was married April 23, 1866 to Lucia A. Buzzell of Montgomery, Vt. One child, Samuel Harrison, Jr., born in 1874, now a physician in Washington D. C. His residence is 1320 Q street, N. W., Washington, D. C. His summer residence is at South Troy, Vt., where he usually spends his vacations.

AUGUSTUS VILLEROY HILL, A. B., M. D.

Augustus V. Hill was born in Salem, N. Y. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1862, remaining two years. He graduated A. B. from Union College in 1866.

He studied medicine with Charles Allen of Salem during, 1866-67; was a student at the Bellevue Medical College, 1867-68; was assistant to Alexander Hadden, M. D. of New York, in 1868; graduated M. D. from the Columbia University Medical College, 1869. He was physician at the Northern Dispensary, New York, from 1869 until 1872, when he located in Guttenburg, N. J., where he has practiced his profession to date. He has taken an active interest in the affairs of his town and has held several offices. He was for some years assistant county physician and town treasurer; clerk of the board of councilmen, four years; justice of the peace, ten years; assistant commissioner of deeds, two terms.

CAPT. EDMUND CHARLES HOUGHTON.

Edmund C. Houghton, son of Charles Elmer and Mary (Hutchins) Houghton, was born in Shaftsbury, Vt., May 30, 1844, and died in Pasadena, Cal., March 29, 1893; was buried in North Bennington, Vt. At an early age, his parents moved to North Bennington, Vt., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparation for college at the Burr & Burton Seminary, Manchester, Vt., and entered the University in 1862, remaining nearly three years; was a member of the θ Λ Fraternity.



Capt. Edmund Charles Houghton.

He engaged in business in his town, and soon became a successful merchant. He was prominent in the affairs of his town and held many offices; served as moderator, trustee, and a member of the graded school prudential committee for years; was for many years the first selectman of his town. He took an active interest in the State Militia, and was captain of the Bennington company for some years. In his later years, his health failed him, and he went to Seattle, Wash., and from there to California, in hopes the change would improve his health, but he gradually grew worse, and died in Pasadena, Cal. He was a prominent Mason, having been deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge; Past Master of Tucker Lodge, No. 48, of Bennington, and eminent commander of Taft Commandery, Knights Templar, of Bennington.

He was twice married: first, to Alice McKee of Winfield, N. Y., in October 1865, who died in February, 1875. They had one daughter, Mary, who died at the age of fifteen. On August, 26, 1882, he married Mrs. Mary J. (Crofut) Canfield, of Arlington, Vt., who survives him, and resides in Arlington, Vt.

WILLIAM FOWLE LADD.

William F. Ladd, son of Charles Haven and Susan (Fowle) Ladd, was born in Alexandria, Va., August 31, 1845. At an early age, his parents removed to Portsmouth, N. H., where he attended the public schools. He finished his preparation for college at the Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., class of 1863. He then entered the University with advanced standing and remained until 1865; was a member of the Athenian Society and the *A. S. H.* Fraternity; served as vice-president of his class.

He engaged in business in New York city for some years and then located in Galveston, Texas, where he was for many years in the cotton brokerage business. About 1897, he retired from active business and removed to Fort Worth, Texas, where he has made his home to date.

He married Caroline Willis of Galveston. Six children have been born to them: Charles Haven, Margaret, Carol, William Fowle, Jr., Chester, and John Mason.

LIEUT. THOMAS GREEN RICE.

Thomas G. Rice, son of Thomas and Susannah (Green) Rice, was born in Winslow, Me., March 4, 1844, and died at Vidalia, Miss., October 4, 1865, of fever contracted in the service. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1861, and remained until the fall of 1863, when he left to enter the service. He was distinguished at the University for his scholarship and athletic ability; was one of the largest men ever to enter the University, being six feet, four inches in height.

He enlisted in Company B, 2d Marine Cavalry, November 16, 1863; was promoted sergeant, November 30, 1863, and later 1st sergeant; was discharged in 1864, to accept promotion as 2d lieutenant in Company D, 4th United States Colored Cavalry. He served with his regiment at Fort Barrows, near Vicksburg, where he contracted the fever of which he died.

REV. JOHN ROBERTSON, B. D.

John Robertson, son of Richardson and Maria (Silsby) Robertson, was born in Charlestown, N. H., March 22, 1817. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1862, remaining two years; was a member of the Athenian Society. He graduated from the Episcopal Theological Seminary, in Nashville, Wis., and was ordained an Episcopal clergyman, in September, 1875. He was rector of various churches until about 1885, when he became a Jesuit priest. He was sent as missionary to the East Indies, where he died about 1890.

CHARLES HILL ROSS.

Charles H. Ross, son of Volney and Maria Louise (Hill) Ross, was born in Brandon, Vt., May 1, 1816. He prepared for college at the Brandon High School and entered the University in 1862, remaining until 1864.

He engaged in the mercantile business in Brandon from 1869 until 1896. He is a member of the Congregational Church; St. Paul's Lodge, No. 25, F. and A. M.; Farmers Chapter No. 9., R. A. M. of Brandon; Mt. Calvary Commandery K. T., of Middlebury; Mt. Sinai Temple of Montpelier.

He was married May 26, 1869, to Mary Louise Vail of Brandon. They have two daughters, Grace Vail, now Mrs. Edwin H. Button; Ann May, now Mrs. Tom W. Ray.

MARSHALL BURTON STEBBINS.

Marshall B. Stebbins, son of Arad and Eliza (Stoddard) Stebbins, was born in Bradford, Vt., September 27, 1845, and died in Malden, Mass., October 29, 1896. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered the University in 1863, and remained until the close of his junior year; was a member of the Athenian Society and the *Η Κ Λ* Fraternity.

Determining upon a business career, he entered Eastman's Business College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and graduated in 1865. He engaged in business in New York from 1865 until 1866, when he removed to Boston and entered the employ of the Kimball Carriage Co. In 1871, he formed a partnership with Stark Henry Davis, under the firm name of Davis, Stebbins & Co., and engaged in the wholesale and retail hardware business in Boston, corner of Portland and Sudbury streets, until his death. He was a member of the Congregational Church in Malden; Middlesex Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Malden.

He was married at Lowell, Mass., October 28, 1868, to Etta Laura Nye, a native of Winthrop, Me., who survives him, and resides in Malden. Two children were born to them: Christine, born September 15, 1873, married Dr. James H. Sexton of Somerville, Mass.; Henry A. born April 8, 1878, resides in Malden.

COMMODORE HOLLAND NEWTON STEVENSON, U. S. N.

Holland N. Stevenson, son of John McAllister and Seraph Huldah (Newton) Stevenson, was born in Cambridge, N. Y., September 3, 1844. He prepared for college at the Cambridge (N. Y.) Academy, and the Walnut Hill School, Geneva, N. Y., and entered the University in September, 1862, remaining until July, 1863; was a member of the *θ Α* Fraternity.

He graduated C. E. from the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., in 1866. He entered the United States Naval Academy in October, 1866, and after a special course of Marine and Naval Engineering, graduated in 1868; was appointed 3d assistant engineer, June 2, 1868; 2d assistant engineer, June 2, 1869; passed assistant engineer, December 13, 1874; chief engineer, December 14, 1892; commander, March 3, 1899; captain, February 20, 1903; was retired from active service, June 30, 1905, with the rank of commodore.

On the breaking out of the Spanish-American War, he was serving on the coast of California on the U. S. S., *Monterey*, as chief engineer, and went with his vessel to Manila, and joined the fleet commanded by Admiral George Dewey, U. S. N., 55. He took part in the operations in the bay leading to the surrender of the city, August 16, 1898, and served for several months in the Philippines, during the insurrection in 1899. In August, 1899, he was ordered to the Union Iron Works at San Francisco, as inspector of machinery of vessels being constructed there for the United States Navy. He held this position until the completion of the vessels in 1908. He is a member of Annapolis Lodge, F. and A. M., of Annapolis, Md.; University Club of San

Francisco, Cal.; National Geographic Society; American Society of Naval Engineers.

He was married in San Francisco, Cal., December 12, 1903, to Gertrude Livingston, a native of Brooklyn, N. Y. In 1909 he removed to San Francisco, where he has since resided.

LIEUT. SAMUEL FELLOWS STODDARD, M. D.

Samuel F. Stoddard, son of Samuel Fellows and Sarah (Wyman) Stoddard, was born in Farmington, Me., March 22, 1844, and died, unmarried, at Lake Crystal, Blue Earth County, Minn., December, 16, 1875. He prepared for college at the Farmington (Maine) Academy, and entered the University in September, 1862, remaining until November, 1863, when he left to enter the army; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity

He enlisted in the 8th Maine Infantry, August 10, 1864, and served as a musician until September 1, 1862, when he was mustered out of service; enlisted in Company F, 2d Maine Cavalry, November 30, 1863; was promoted 1st sergeant, December 11, 1863; was severely wounded in the battle of Marian, Fla.; was mustered out of service, June 3, 1865; served as 1st lieutenant, Company D, Maine Coast Guards until September 15, 1865. He studied medicine at the Maine Medical School connected with Bowdoin College, graduating M. D. in 1869. He practiced his profession in Lake Crystal, Minn., from 1870 until his death, meeting with marked success, and acquiring a valuable property.

JAMES VERMILYEA SWEETSER.

James V. Sweetser, son of James and Ann (Burr) Sweetser, was born in Marion, Ind., February 28, 1845, and died at Watkins, N. Y., August 16, 1904. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1862, remaining two years; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity.

He engaged in mercantile pursuits in Marion, 1866-70. In 1871, he formed a partnership with Phil Matter and opened a bank in Hartford City, Ind., which he conducted with success until 1878. He returned to Marion in 1878, where he made his home until his death. He organized the firm of Sweetser & Lyons in 1878, and built a large linseed oil mill in Marion, which they conducted until 1886, when it was absorbed by the National Linseed



James Vermilyea Sweetser.

Oil Co.; was one of the organizers of the Marion Window Glass Works in 1880, and served as its president, 1880 to 1885; was one of the organizers of the Marion Bank in 1883, and served as director, 1883-1901; was a large

stock holder and director in the Hartford City (Ind.) Bank, successors to Sweetser & Matter, 1878-1904.

He was a Republican in politics, but never held any political positions. He served as State Commissioner in charge of the Indiana State Exhibit at the World's Fair in Chicago in 1893. He traveled extensively in this country and in 1890, visited England, Scotland and the countries of Europe. In 1894, he continued his travels through Europe; also visited Palestine and Egypt. In 1896, he made with his family, a circuit of the globe. He contributed many interesting articles to the papers of his city on the places he visited.

He was married December 20, 1871, to Emma Harter of Wabash, Ind., who survives him and resides in Indianapolis, Ind. Three children were born to them: Delight Vernilye, born January 21, 1873, married Francis F. Prentiss of Cleveland, Ohio, died July 14, 1903; Phil, born December 24, 1874, died January 28, 1878; Jessie, born April 18, 1882, died December 28, 1888.

CLARENCE WESTON TOLLES, M. D.

Clarence W. Tolles, son of Dr. Nathaniel and Jane (Weston) Tolles, was born in Claremont, N. H., April 30, 1845.



Clarence Weston Tolles.

He prepared for college at the Claremont Academy and entered the University in 1865, remaining until April, 1865; was a member of the $\Theta \Lambda$ Fraternity. He studied medicine with his father for some time; took one term of lectures at the University of Michigan Medical College in 1866 and one term at the Dartmouth Medical College in 1867; graduated M. D., from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York in 1868; studied one year, 1874, at the University Medical College, London, England; also took post graduate courses at the New York Polyclinic in 1887, 1893, and 1896.

He practiced his profession in Claremont, N. H., April-September, 1868, 1871-73, 1875 to date, Brookfield, Mo., September, 1868-March, 1869; San Francisco, March, 1869-January, 1871. He has met with marked success in his professional work; was a member of the Clare-

mont Board of Health, 1882-85; surgeon, Claremont Cottage Hospital, 1893-1910. He is a member of the Episcopal Church, Hiram Lodge, No. 7, F. and A. M., of Claremont, N. H.; San Francisco Benevolent Society (now California Academy of Medical Sciences); Connecticut Valley Medical Society; New Hampshire Medical Society; American Medical Association.

He was married at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, to Emeline Valpy Churchill. One child, Arthur Churchill, born July 26, 1876, died at Los Angeles, Cal., March 28, 1903.

CLASS OF 1866.

REAR-ADMIRAL GEORGE PARTRIDGE COLVOCOORESSES, U. S. N.,
A. M.

George P. Colvocoresses, son of Captain George Musalas Colvocoresses, U. S. N., '23, and Eliza Freelon (Halsey) Colvocoresses, was born in Norwich, Vt., April 3, 1847.

He was a cadet at the University, class of 1866, but left that institution at the close of his freshman year and served in the United States Navy on board the United States Ships, *Supply* and *Saratoga* during the Civil War for over two years. Subsequently he entered the United States Naval Academy, and was graduated in 1869.

In passing through the successive grades of the Navy, his sea service of more than twenty-two years extended to every quarter of the world and comprised all the duties of a sea officer afloat. In the Spanish-American War, he was executive officer of the U. S. S. *Concord* in the Manila Campaign and later of the *Olympia*, Admiral Dewey's flagship, and was advanced five numbers in grade for "eminent and conspicuous conduct" at the battle of Manila Bay.

During various tours of shore duty, he was employed at the Hydrographic Office, Naval War Records Office, War College, Torpedo School and Naval Academy; at the latter institution, he was for eight years an instructor. He commanded the Naval Station at Key West, the cruisers, *Lancaster*, *Yankee*, and *Newark* and the Naval Academy Practice Squadron in the summer cruise of 1906. Admiral Colvocoresses' last active service was as commandant of midshipman at the United States Naval Academy in the years 1906-07. He was retired at his own request, after forty-five years of service with the rank of rear-admiral.

In 1897, he received from the University the degree of A. B., as for 1866, and in 1898, the degree of A. M. *in course*. He is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States; Society of Manila Bay; *I. S. H.*, Fraternity; has received the Civil War service medal, Manila Bay; medal Spanish War service medal and Manila Campaign medal and was presented with a sword of honor by his fellow citizens of Litchfield, Connecticut.



Rear-Admiral George P. Colvocoresses.

He was married October 7, 1875, to Mary Dwight Baldwin, of New York city. Three children have been born to them: a daughter, Edith Baldwin, deceased; and two sons, George Musalas, a mining engineer, and Harold, a 1st lieutenant, United States Marine Corps. He resides in Litchfield, Conn.

WILLIAM BLANCHARD EATON, B. S.

William B. Eaton, son of William Blanchard Eaton, was born in North Chelsea, Mass., April 1, 1847. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1863, graduating B. S. in 1866; served with the corps of cadets at Newport, Vt., in October, 1864, during the St. Albans Raid excitement (q. v.); was a member of the *A. Y. H.* Fraternity. He was for many years in the employ of the Bangor & Boston Steam Ship Co., with headquarters in Boston, Mass.

WILTON FIELDS LEFAVOR, B. S., M. D.

Wilton F. Lefavor, son of Nathaniel Wilton and Julia Ann (Bailey) Lefavor, was born in Portland, Me., March 1, 1846. In 1853, his parents removed to Columbus, Ohio., where he prepared for college. He entered the

University in September, 1862, remaining until 1865, when owing to serious illness, he was obliged to give up his course; was a member of the *A. Y. H.* Fraternity. In 1911, the University conferred upon him the degree of B. S. as 1866.

He studied medicine at the Hahneman Homeopathic College of Philadelphia, Pa., for two years and graduated M. D., from the Cleveland Homeopathic college in 1869. He practiced his profession in New Albany, Ind., 1869, September, 1873. He then returned to Columbus, Ohio, and owing to ill health, was forced to give up the practice of medicine. He engaged in mercantile business in Columbus, until 1880, when he removed to St. Louis, Mo., where he has made his home to date. He engaged in the wholesale merchandise and brokerage business in St. Louis until 1891, when he accepted the



Wilton Fields Lefavor.

position of manager of the coffee department of the James H. Forbes Tea & Coffee Co., of St. Louis, which position he still retains. He is a member of the Pilgrim Congregational church, Masouir Lodge, Royal Arcanum, U. C. T., of St. Louis; and the Iowa Traveling Men's Association. He served as president of the "N. U." Alumni Association of St. Louis, 1910-11.

He was married, December 27, 1871, to Mary Jane McMahan, a native of New Albany, Ind. Seven children have born to them: Nathaniel Harvey

born September 20, 1873, resides in St. Louis; Charles Frederick, born June 30, 1875, resides in St. Louis; Ralph Goodell, born September 12, 1885, resides in Seattle, Wash.; Maurice, born November 2, 1877, died July 2, 1878; Mary born June 2, 1879, died October 4, 1883; Henry Wilton, born February 21, 1884, died February 24, 1887; Marie Cornick, born August 18, 1891, resided in Ferguson, St. Louis County, Mo.

HON. WILLIAM CHAUNCEY HALL NEEDHAM, B. S., M.D

William C. H. Needham, son of Col. Daniel and Caroline A. (Hall) Needham, was born in Groton, Mass., August 18, 1845, and died in Columbus, Ohio, January 12, 1882. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered the University in 1863. He served in Co. G, 60th Massachusetts Volunteers, July 15-November 30, 1864, but returned to the University, and graduated B. S. in 1866; was adjutant of the corps of cadets; member of the *ΔΨ* Fraternity. He graduated from the Berkshire Medical College, October 1, 1867; studied medicine at the Harvard Medical College in 1869.

In 1869, he went to Gallipolis, Ohio, and formed a partnership with Dr. George Livesay, in the practice of medicine. In 1870, he bought Dr. Livesay's practice, which he continued until his death. He was very successful in his profession and while a city physician gained distinction for his heroic service in caring for the passengers and crew of the steamer, *John Porter*, who were stricken with yellow fever. From that time his health began to fail. He spent several winters in Jacksonville, Fla.

He was a Republican in politics; was chairman of the Gallia County Republican central committee; was a member of the City Council in 1872; United States pension examiner, 1872; was city physician in 1878; was elected to the State Senate in 1881, and was serving in that body when he was stricken with typhoid pneumonia. He was a member of Morning Dawn Lodge, F. and A. M. of Gallipolis; and a corresponding member of the Gynaecological Society of Boston, 1870-82.

He was married October 1, 1870, to Florence Adele Henking of Gallipolis, who survives him and resides in Gallipolis. Two children were born to them: Charles Willard Henking, born November 1, 1871, resides in Columbus, Ohio; Carrie Emilie, born September 18, 1873, resides in Gallipolis.



Hon. William Chauncey Hall Needham.

CHARLES HENRY REED, B. S.

Charles H. Reed, son of Charles Muzzy and Mary Elizabeth (Cushing) Reed, was born in Boston, Mass., June 12, 1847, and died of apoplexy at his place of business in Boston, July 31, 1882; was buried in Forest Hills Cemetery. He prepared for college at the Bridgewater, (Mass.) Academy and entered the University in 1863, and graduated B. S. in 1866. He was a hard working student and prepared a "Roll of Honor" of the alumni and past cadets in the Civil War, which was published in the *Reveille* in 1865; was a member of the *A Σ H* Fraternity. He served with the corps at Newport, Vt., during the St. Albans Raid excitement (q. v.) in October, 1864.



Charles Henry Reed.

After graduating, he entered mercantile pursuits in Boston, and met with marked success. He was elected in 1877, from ward 17, to the common council. He served as a member of the school committee from 1878 until his death. As chairman of the committee on evening schools, he raised this department from chaos to a well organized system. He was a member of the board of trustees of the University from 1875 until his death. He was a loyal son of his *Alma Mater* and faithfully stood by her in her varying fortunes. He delivered the annual oration at the commencement of June, 1882. He was a member of the Boston board of trade, and a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity.

He was married, to Ellen Francis Emery of Boston, who died January 19, 1894. Three children were born to them: Charles Cushing, born in April, 1872, died in August, 1873; Clara Elinor, born September 16, 1875; married Mr. Royden Loring, resides in Dorchester, Mass.; George Stanley, born December 11, 1881, resides in Boston, Mass.

REUEL SMALL, M. S.

Reuel Small, son of Albert Henry and Sarah Jane (Hastings) Small, was born in Newry, Oxford County, Me., September 22, 1847. In 1852, his parents removed to Auburn, Me., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in March, 1861, and graduated B. S. in 1866; served with the corps of cadets at Newport, Vt., in October, 1864, during the St. Albans Raid excitement, (q. v.); was a member of the *θ Δ* Fraternity; received the degree of M. S. in course in 1911.

He immediately began the study of law and was admitted to the bar in 1868. Before this last date, he had learned the art of shorthand, then but little practiced in Maine; and shortly after his admission to the bar, he was

appointed a court reporter, and has followed that occupation ever since. He was official reporter for the senate of Maine at the sessions of 1868 and 1869. He held the position of official reporter of the superior court for Cumberland county for twenty-eight years. In 1889, he was sent by the United States Department of State to Halifax, N. S., to report the cases of the American fishing vessels seized by Canada for violation of the Dominion fishery laws. In 1896, Mr. Small was appointed chief clerk on the part of the United States of the Behring Sea claims commission, and served through that arbitration. On January 5, 1898, he was appointed by Speaker Reed one of the official reporters of debates in the National House of Representatives, a position he has held to date. In 1868, he located in Deering, Me., where he has made his residence to date. He is a Republican in politics; served six years, on the school committee, and five years as alderman of Deering, Me.



Reuel Small.

He was married November 6, 1856, to Cora Emma, eldest daughter of Hon. C. W. Walton, a justice of the Supreme Court of Maine. Six children have been born to them: Albert H., born Oct. 16, 1869; Edith Walton, died in infancy; Charles Walton, born April 27, 1874; Reuel Dana, born May 9, 1878; Louis Linn, born July 26, 1880; Harold Wesley, born May 16, 1889.

SAMUEL THOMAS WELLMAN, C. E.

Samuel T. Wellman, son of Samuel Knowlton and Mary Love (Besse) Wellman, was born in Wareham, Mass., February 5, 1817. In 1853, his parents removed to Nashua, N. H., where he prepared for college. He entered the University in 1862, and remained nearly two years. In 1901, the University in recognition of his work as a mechanical engineer conferred upon him the degrees of B. S. and C. E. for 1866.

He enlisted in Company F, 1st New Hampshire Heavy Artillery in 1864; was promoted corporal and served until the close of the war.

Soon after leaving the army, he entered the employ of the Nashua (N. H.) Iron Company, where he was soon promoted engineer. He built the first Sieman's Gas Regenerative Heating furnace in this country for this company. In 1867, he entered the employ of Tuttle, Goffield & Co., of Boston, American agents of the Sieman's patents, as engineer in the erection and starting of the Sieman's furnaces in various parts of the United States. This company soon sold their business to Richmond, Potts & Loring and Mr. Wellman entered their employ, remaining with this company until 1869. He built and started in Pittsburg, Pa., crucible steel melting furnaces at the works of Anderson, Cook & Co., Singer, Nimich & Co.; also a pair of regenerative gas puddling

furnaces at the Eagle Iron Works. In 1869, he entered the employ of the Chrome Steel Works of Brooklyn, N. Y., as engineer of a Siemens regenerative crucible steel melting furnace. Upon the completion of the furnace in 1870, he became engineer for the Bay State Iron Co., of Boston and designed and built for the company, the first open hearth furnace in the United States to make steel on a commercial scale. It was successful from the start. It had a novel casting arrangement. No ladle was used, the steel being tapped direct

from the furnace through a fore hearth into the moulds, which stood on a turn table in front of the furnace, the streams being regulated by a fire clay covered stopper, in a manner similar to that employed in all steel works with a ladle.



Samuel Thomas Wellman.

In 1870, he returned to the Nashua Iron Works, as assistant superintendent, where he remained until September, 1873. During this time he constructed an open hearth steel plant, three high plate mills and a bar mill for rolling merchant iron. In September, 1873, he became engineer and superintendent for the Otis Steel and Iron Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, and built a new plant for this company, retaining this position until 1889. During this time, through his excellent management the company became one of the most prosperous in the country.

In 1886, he rebuilt one of the furnaces, and for a few months manufactured basic steel, the first ever made in this country.

In 1889, he became consulting engineer for the Illinois Steel Co., and designed the open hearth steel works and plate mill now running at the South Chicago works of this company. In 1890, he purchased the old works of the Chester Rolling Mill in Chester, Pa., and organized the Wellman Steel Co., becoming president. This venture not proving a financial success, he closed out his interests in the company and in 1896, removed to Cleveland. Here, in company with his brother, Charles W. Wellman, and Mr. John W. Seaver, he organized the Wellman-Seaver Engineering Co. A little later the company was known as the Wellman, Seaver, Morgan Engineering Co., and Mr. Wellman continued as president until 1908, when he became chairman of the board of directors of the company, which office he has held to date. This company has become one of the best known manufacturers of machinery in this country. It has been engaged in building steel works in various parts of the world. One of the important contracts was the construction of the new government steel works of Japan.

Mr. Wellman has made many inventions. The best known are the hydraulic crane, the gas producer, and the open hearth charging machine. This last invention has done more to lower the cost of open hearth steel

making, than any other invention, since the Sieman's furnace was first introduced. Mr. Wellman was also the first to use the electric magnet for the rapid handling of pig iron, iron and steel, bars, plates, scrap iron and steel. This device is now used in all modern steel and iron works, resulting in an enormous saving of time and labor.

He has been connected with many companies. He was the organizer and director of the Solid Steel Co., of Alliance, Ohio, lately sold to the American Steel Casting Co. He was also a director for many years, of the American Wire Co., of Cleveland; was president of the Retort Coke Oven Co., of Cleveland, 1905-08; president of the Electric Controller and Supply Co., of Cleveland 1903-08. He was director of the Dow Chemical Co., of Cleveland, 1902-08. He has been president of the Northern California Mining Co., since 1908, and a director of the Cleveland Trust Co., since 1904.

He is a life member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, serving as its president, 1900-01; American Institute of Mining Engineers; American Society of Civil Engineers; American Society of Electrical Engineers; British Iron and Steel Institute; Cleveland Society of Engineers; Verein Deutscher, Eisenhüttenlonte, Germany; Engineers Club, New York City; Union, Century, Euclid, Rowfant of Cleveland. He is a member of the Euclid Avenue Congregational church of Cleveland.

He was married at Stoneham, Mass., September 3, 1868, to Julia Almira Ballard. Five children have been born to them: William Samuel, born November 1, 1874, resides in Cleveland, Ohio; Holley Garfield, born in 1881, resides in Cleveland, Ohio; Frederick Siemens, born in 1887, resides in Cleveland, Ohio; Mina Bessee, born in 1870, married Mr. A. D. Hatfield, resides in Cleveland, Ohio; Addie Lena, born in 1872, married Mr. C. W. Comstock, resides in Cleveland, Ohio.

LIEUT. JUSTUS WARNER FRENCH WASHBURN.

Justus W. F. Washburn, son of Gamaliel and Caroline (Stevens) Washburn, was born in Montpelier, Vt., March 17, 1844. He attended the schools of his city and entered the University in 1860, remaining until 1863, when he left to enter the service.

He enlisted in Co. B, 24th Massachusetts Infantry in 1863; was honorably discharged in 1866. He was appointed 1st lieutenant, United States Colored Infantry, but did not serve, owing to the close of the war. He has engaged in various business enterprises in Montpelier from 1866 to date. He is at present employed as accountant for the Lane Manufacturing Company of Montpelier.

He is a prominent Mason. In addition to being past potentate of Mt. Sinai Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., he has filled all the principal offices in local Masonic bodies, being connected with Aurora Lodge, F. and A. M.; King Solomon R. A. Chapter; Montpelier Council, R. and S. M.; Mt. Zion Commandery K. T.; Gamaliel Washburn Lodge of Perfection; Mount Calvary Council, P. of J.; Delta Chapter of Rose Croix, and Vermont Consistory 32.

He was married, September 9, 1869, to Emma Victoria Cutting of Montpelier, Vt. Six children have been born to them.

JAMES ANSON LAWRENCE WHITTIER, B. S., LL. B.

James A. L. Whittier, son of Samuel Anson Whittier, was born in Portland, Me., October 14, 1844, and died in Chattanooga, Tenn., June 14, 1896; was buried in the Willow Mount Cemetery, Shelbyville, Tenn. At an early age, his parents removed to Gorham, Me., where he attended the public schools. He entered the University in 1863, and graduated B. S. in 1866; served with the corps of cadets at Newport, Vt., in October, 1864, during the St. Albans Raid excitement (q. v.). He delivered the annual commencement address in 1875; served as a trustee of the University from 1877 until 1887. He enlisted July 15, 1864, with fourteen "N. C." men in Co. G, 60th Massachusetts Infantry; was mustered out of service with his company, November 30, 1864.



James Anson Lawrence Whittier.

He studied law with Davis & Drummond in Portland, Me., 1866-67, and was admitted to the bar in Maine in the spring of 1867. He then entered the Harvard University Law School and graduated LL. B. in 1868. He served during 1868-70, as librarian of the Harvard Law School and during that time engaged in literary work. He practiced his profession in Boston from 1870, until January, 1877, when he removed to Chicago, Ill. He continued his practice in Chicago, until 1890, when owing to failing health, he removed to Chattanooga, Tenn., where he made his home until his death. He was attorney for several railway corporations in Chicago; was editor of the *Tradesman*, Chattanooga, 1890-96. July 4, 1895, he was stricken with paralysis and never fully recovered. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge, and the *Θ Α* Fraternity.

He was married April 4, 1895, to Georgia Graves, a native of Chattanooga; no children. His widow married Mr. James K. McDowell and now resides in Chattanooga, Tenn.

NON-GRADUATES, 1866.

CORNELIUS LANSING ALLEN, A. B., LL. B.

Cornelius L. Allen, son of Cornelius Lansing and Sarah Hester (Russell) Allen, was born in Salem, N. Y., August 6, 1847. He attended the schools of his town and the Washington Academy. He entered the University in 1862, and remained until September 1863; was a member of the *Α Ψ Ω* Fraternity. He graduated A. B. from Yale in 1867, and LL. B. from the

Albany (N. Y.) Law School in May, 1869. He was a member of the A. D. Phi. Society of Yale and its corresponding secretary, 1865-66.

He was admitted to the bar in Salem, in April, 1869, and practiced his profession in that town until 1898, when he retired from active practice. In 1887, he organized the Lascelles Manufacturing Co. of Salem, with branch offices in various parts of the country and engaged in the manufacture of soaps and perfumes for several years. He is a Republican in politics; was special county judge, Washington County, N.Y., January, 1874, until January 1887; was justice of the peace, 1874-87.

He was married in January, 1869, to Ada Lansing Russell of Salem, who died in 1900. Nine children were born to them: Christine L.; Kate V., married Mr. Wilmer S. Spicer, resides in Salem; Edward C.; Sarah E.; Elizabeth L.; David Russell; Cornelius Lansing, Jr.; Isabella H.; Constance Woolston.

BVT. MAJ. HENRY CLAY BAXTER.

Henry C. Baxter, son of Hon. Portus Baxter, '24, and Ellen Judith Jannette (Harris) Baxter, was born in Derby, Vt., December 16, 1844, and died in Seattle, Wash., September 15, 1890; was buried in Strafford, Vt. He attended the schools of his town; and finished his preparation for college at the St. Johnsbury (Vt.) Academy, and the Green Mountain Institute, South Woodstock, Vt. He entered the University early in 1862, and remained until December, 1863, when he left to enter the army.

He enlisted in Company D, 11th Vermont Infantry, December 12, 1863; was promoted corporal, December 26, 1863; sergeant, January 18, 1864; 2d lieutenant Company I, same regiment, March 29, 1864; 1st lieutenant, October 16, 1864, and transferred to Company A., same regiment; was brevetted captain, October 19, 1864, for "gallantry in every action since May 16, 1864, and especially at Cedar Creek, Va.;" was brevetted major, April 2, 1865, for gallantry at Petersburg, and the battle before Richmond, Va.; was wounded October 10, 1864; mustered out of service, June 24, 1865. Gen. L. A. Grant wrote, September 22, 1885: "He was quite a young man to perform the duties of a staff officer, but he did it well and merited the commendations on every occasion. He was a noble boy, and a gallant officer."

He was proprietor of the American House, Boston, 1865-1889; managed the Bellevue House, Seattle, Wash., 1889-90. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. Lodge of Derby Line.

He was twice married: first, September 21, 1866, to Laura Lillian White of Derby Line, who died May 30, 1872. One child, Portus Henry, born October 7, 1867, resides in Seattle, Wash. He was again married, April 2, 1873, to Mary Emma Carter, who survives him and resides in Seattle. Three children were born to them: Jannette Harris, born February 18, 1875; William Henry, born May 24, 1876; Charles Leslie, born November 23, 1879.

WILLIAM SUMNER BLACKINGTON.

William S. Blackington, son of William and Rebecca (Allen) Blackington, was born in Attleboro, Mass., July 31, 1847, and died in Cincinnati, Ohio, January 21, 1907. He prepared for college in the schools of his city, and

entered the University in 1863, where he remained until June 11, 1864, when he enlisted in Co. G., 60th Massachusetts Volunteers; was mustered out of service, November 30, 1864; returned to the University, and remained until July 1865.

In 1866, he became a partner with his father, under the firm name of W. & S. Blackington and engaged in the manufacture of gold chains. In 1880, his brother Louis A. was admitted to the firm. In 1890 his father dying, the brothers continued the business under the old firm name until 1904, when W. S. Blackington retired from the company. He was New York manager of the firm during 1898-1901, and manager of the Pacific coast business, 1901-04. Under his business management, the company grew from a small concern in 1866 to the largest manufacturer of chains in this country. He was representative of the firm of J. G. Fuller & Co., 19 04-05, and of the S. O. Bigney Co., 1905-07.



William Sumner Blackington.

He was a 32^o Mason, being a member of Bristol Lodge, F. and A. M., Bristol Commandery, King Hiram Chapter, R. A. M., and the Mystic Shrine; I. O. O. F., New York Lodge of Elks; Lafayette Post, G. A. R.; Lotus Club of New York and the New York Athletic Club.

He was twice married: first in 1888, to Nellie Thurber of Attleboro, Mass. One child, Effie Maude, now Mrs. Alton H. Riley of Attleboro, Mass. He was married the second time to Harriette Elliot of New York.

ELZEY G. BURKHAM.

Elzey G. Burkham, son of Elzey and Mary (Hayes) Burkham, was born near Laurensburg, Dearborn County, Indiana, February 1, 1845, and died in Cincinnati, Ohio, October 23, 1906. He prepared for college in Dr. Blake's school, Gambier, Ohio, and entered Kenyon College, Ohio, in 1860. On the breaking out of the Civil War in 1861, the college was closed, and Mr. Burkham returned home.

He was for a time engaged in a banking house in Cincinnati. In 1862, being desirous of entering the army, he went to Washington, in the endeavor to obtain an appointment to West Point, from President Lincoln. The President having filled all the nominations to which he was entitled, advised Burkham to enter "N. U.," assuring him that after two years study, he would give him a commission to the army. He accordingly entered the University, and remained until July, 1864, when with fourteen of his classmates, he enlisted in Co. G, 60th Massachusetts Infantry. He served until November 30, 1864, when he was mustered out with his company.

He then located in Cincinnati and engaged in banking until 1866, when he removed to Sioux City, Iowa, where he engaged in the banking and real estate business until 1896. In this last year, he returned to Cincinnati where he resided until 1898, when he removed to St. Louis, Mo., where he made his home until his death. He was a member of the *ΔΣΘ* Fraternity at the University, and the G. A. R.

He was married in 1880, to Harriett Smith of Sioux City, who survives him and resides in St. Louis. Four children were born to them: Charles Elzey, born October 14, 1880, died in infancy; Robert Burkham, born December 25, 1881, resides St. Louis, Mo.; Mary Hayes, born May 21, 1887, married E. Lansing Ray, resides St. Louis; Elzey, born July 28, 1889.

DR. CHARLES STANFORD CLARK.

Charles S. Clark, son of Stanford Russell and Eliza Lucrotia (Adkins) Clark, was born in Brattleboro, Vt., July 28, 1846. He attended the Brattleboro (Vt.) Academy and Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.; was a student at the University in 1862. He graduated from Eastman's Business College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in 1865, and afterwards took a course at Harvard Dental College, which he entered in 1868.

He began the practice of dentistry in Woodstock, Vt., in April 1869, and in 1871, located in Brattleboro, where he has since resided. He has met with marked success in his profession; he has been a trustee of Brattleboro Academy since 1879; is treasurer and a director of the Morningside Cemetery Association and a director of the Vermont National Bank of Brattleboro. He is a deacon in the Congregational Church, West Brattleboro, Vt., where she resides.

He was married September 3, 1870, to Rebecca Celinda Clark of Peru, Vt. Eight children have been born to them: Lafayette Franklin, born September 19, 1871, a graduate of Amherst Agricultural College, resides in Des Moines, Iowa; Florence Rebecca, born June 15, 1873, graduated at Mt. Holyoke; Charles Ernest, born February 21, 1875, graduated from Dartmouth, and from the University of Michigan and is a medical missionary in Sivas, Turkey; James Stanford, born November 22, 1876, a graduate of Dartmouth, and of Hartford Theological Seminary, resides in North Bellingham, Mass.; Robert Cushman, born October 3, 1878, a graduate of Dartmouth, resides in Brattleboro; Mary Ellen, born August 20, 1882, married Prof. Wesley E. Nims, resides in Warren, Mass.; Susan Louise, born June 5, 1884, resides in Brattleboro; Samuel Edward, born May 15, 1886, a graduate of the University of Michigan, is a civil engineer and now resides in Detroit, Mich.

HON. WILLIS KIMBALL DANIELS.

Willis K. Daniels, son of Benjamin Cutter and Lucia Freeman Daniels, was born in Plainfield, N. H., February 20, 1844. He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and the Colby Academy, New London. He entered the University in 1863, and remained until December, 1865, when he was honorably discharged. He graduated from Eastman's Business College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in 1866. He then returned to Plainfield, N. H., where he has made his home to date, engaging in farming and general business.

He is a Republican in politics; represented his town in the State Legislature in 1872 and 1874. He held the office of selectman three years; superintendent of schools, four years; town treasurer, two years; also several minor town offices. He is a member of Cheshire Lodge, F. and A. M., the Grange and Eastman's College League.

He was married October 8, 1874, to Emma Jane Hall of Lebanon, N. H. Three children have been born to them: Blanche Lucia, born August 4, 1879, resided in Plainfield, N. H.; Kimball Chase, born November 22, 1881, resides in Plainfield, N. H.; Madge Marion, born February 19, 1885, resides in Plainfield, N. H.

HON. JOSEPH DUDLEY DENISON, A. M.

Joseph D. Denison, son of the Hon. Dudley Chase and Eunice (Dunbar) Denison, was born in Royalton, Vt., November 1, 1847, and died in Randolph, Vt., May 28, 1908. He prepared for college at the Royalton Academy and entered the Civil Engineering Department of the University in 1862, and remained two years. Determining to enter the law profession, he entered the University of Vermont in the fall of 1864, graduating A. B. in 1868, and A. M. in 1869.

He began the study of law with his father while a student. He was admitted to the Windsor County bar in May, 1869, and formed a partnership with his father, which was continued until May, 1884, when he removed to Randolph, N. H. Here he continued his practice until his death.

He was a Republican in politics, and held many offices in his town and State; was secretary of civil and military affairs, 1872-74; state's attorney, Orange Co., 1888-90; represented Randolph in the House of Representatives, 1894-96; He was a member of Phoenix Lodge, F. and A. M. of Randolph; Mt. Zion Commandery, K. T., of Montpelier.

He was married September 10, 1874, to Elizabeth Abigail Rix of Royalton, who died September 17, 1903. Two children were born to them: Eunice Dunbar, born October 6, 1875, married John R. Spring, resides in Nashua, N. H.; Katherine Kendall, born July 8, 1881, resides in Nashua with Mrs. Spring.

FREDERICK GAY.

Frederick Gay, son of Merrick and Sarah Mariah (Whitcomb) Gay, was born in Gaysville, Vt., August 14, 1848. He prepared for college at the Rutland High School and the Randolph, Vt., Academy. He entered the University in September, 1862, and remained until the fall of 1863.

He was superintendent of his father's woolen mill, Gaysville, 1866-73; firm of N. Gay & Brother, woolen manufacturers, Gaysville, 1873-76; Gay, Kimball & Gay, ivory button manufacturers, Gaysville; Davis & Gay, wholesale grain dealers, Rutland, Vt. He has been a member of the firm of Gay & Henderson, coal dealers, Burlington since 1891. He removed to Burlington in 1891, where he has since resided. He is a member of the Universalist church; Ethan Allen Club, Burlington; and the Society of Colonial Wars.

He was married October 19, 1872, to Laura Duke of Canton, N. Y.. They have one child, Robert Henry, born July 3, 1876, resides in New York city.

ALEXANDER BRYAN JOHNSON.

Alexander B. Johnson, son of William Clarkson and Harriett Maria (Dow) Johnson, was born in Utica, N. Y., November 23, 1848, and lost



his life in the Windsor Hotel fire in New York, March 17, 1899. At an early age, his parents removed to Washington, D. C., where he attended the public schools. He entered University in 1863, and remained nearly three years. He accompanied the corps of cadets on their famous trip to Newport, Va., in October, 1864; was a member of the *A. S. H.* Fraternity. He removed to New York City in 1867, studied law and was admitted to the bar, May 12, 1869. He associated in practice for some years with Develin, Miller & Trull, and later formed a partnership with Irving Ward, under the firm name of Ward & Johnson, which continued for three years. He then engaged in law practice for himself, at Nos. 4 and 6 Warren street, New York, until his death. He was a lawyer of marked ability and in his death

Alexander Bryan Johnson.

"N. U." lost a loyal son. In 1897, he purchased a residence in Newburyport, Mass., where he made his home summers until his death.

He was a member of St. Thomas Episcopal Church of New York; the New York Law Institute; Union League club of New York City; the Association of the Bar of the City of New York.

He was married September 3, 1873, to Mary Knight Bourne of New York city, who lost her life in the Windsor fire, March 17, 1899.

CHARLES HENRY POTTER.

Charles H. Potter prepared for college in the schools of Greenfield, Mass., and entered the University from that city in 1863. He remained two years; was a member of the *Theta Alpha* Fraternity.

He graduated from Eastman's Business college in 1866. He was accountant for the Walter Haywood Chair Manufacturing Co., of Fitchburg, Mass., from 1870 until 1885, when he became a member and clerk of the corporation. In 1895, he retired from the company and engaged in the real estate and contracting business in Worcester, Mass., until his death in 1897. He served for several years as deputy sheriff of Worcester County.

FRANCIS GORDON LAWRENCE.

Francis G. Lawrence, son of Asa Farnsworth and Sarah Jane (Baneroft) Lawrence, and cousin of George D. Bancroft, '65, was born in Pepperell, Mass., March 4, 1846. He entered the University from Groton, Mass., in 1862, and remained two years.

He engaged in mercantile business in New York for several years. He retired from active business and returned to Groton, Mass., in 1908, where he still resides.

He was married at Belmont, Mass., November 28, 1904, to Emily Loring Brooks.



Francis Gordon Lawrence.

FIRST SERGT. CHARLES FREDERICK TIBBETTS.

Charles F. Tibbetts was born in Augusta, Me., August 7, 1846, and died there in 1900. He prepared for college in the schools of his city. In 1862, he enlisted in Company E, 21st Maine Infantry as a drummer boy, and served the term of his enlistment. On his return home, he entered the University and remained two years. He then assisted in raising a company of Maine Volunteers; was appointed 1st sergeant of the company and served until the close of the war.

He held, for a number of years, a position in the postoffice of Augusta. He was a Republican in politics and represented his ward in the city government, August, 1877-80. He was a member of Bethlehem Lodge, F. and A. M., and Cheshire R. A. M., of Augusta.

CHAPTER VI.

SKETCHES OF HONORARY GRADUATES, 1836-66.

HON. GEORGE BANCROFT, A. M., PH. D., LL. D.

George Bancroft, son of Rev. Aaron Bancroft, was born in Worcester, Mass., October 3, 1800, and died in Washington, D. C., January 17, 1891. He prepared for college at the Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., and entered Harvard University in 1813, graduating A. B. in 1817; later received the degree of A. M. He graduated Ph. D., from Gottingen University, Germany, in 1820; studied for some time in Berlin under the distinguished scholars, Schleiermacher and Savigny; and at Heidelberg, under Professor Schlosser. He then traveled extensively in Europe. He was tutor at Harvard University 1822-23, and overseer, 1843-49.

He founded in company with Dr. Cogswell the Round Hill school at Northampton, Mass., in 1823, which they conducted for some time. In 1849, he located in New York, where he made his home until 1867, and during this time, he devoted himself to compiling his great work, the *History of the United States*. During the latter part of his life, he made his residence in Washington, D. C., and Newport, R. I.

He became one of America's greatest historians. He wrote many text books and published a volume of poems. He translated many German works, among the number are: Heerne's *Politics of Ancient Greece and History of Political Systems of Europe*. In 1834, he issued his first volume of the *History of the United States*, completing the work of ten volumes in 1874. He was the author of several other works, among the number are: *The Necessity, Reality and the Promise of the Progress of the Human Race; A Plea for the Constitution of the United States; The Culture, the Support, and the Object of Art in a Republic; The Office, Appropriate Culture and Duty of the Mechanic; Eulogies on Lincoln, Andrew Jackson, Prescott and Washington Irving; Biography of Jonathan Edwards*, for the American Cyclopaedia; *History of the Formation of the Constitution of the United States*, published in two volumes, in 1882. He was chosen by Congress to deliver the eulogy on Abraham Lincoln.

He was at first a Democrat in politics and later a Republican; served as collector of the port of Boston, 1838-44; was nominated by his party for governor of Massachusetts, but was not elected. He served as Secretary of the Navy, 1845-46, and gave great assistance in founding the Naval Academy in 1845. In 1846, he was appointed United States minister to England, serving until 1849, and during his stay in England he spent much time in historical research. In 1867, he was appointed United States Minister to Germany, serving until 1874, when at his urgent request, he was relieved of his duties and returned to this country.

The following degrees were conferred upon him; LL. D., Union College, in 1841; LL. D., Harvard University and Norwich University, 1843; D. C. L.

Oxford University, 1849; LL. B., Bonn University, Germany, 1868; Ph. D. (honorary) Gottingen, 1870; L. H. D., Columbia University, 1887.

He was a member of the Massachusetts Historical Society; American Philosophical Society; fellow of the American Academy; member of several historical societies in Germany and France; Imperial Academy of Sciences, St. Petersburg; Antiquarian Society, London.

REV. JOEL CLAPP, A. M., D. D.

Joel Clapp, son of Capt. Joshua Clapp, was born in Montgomery, Vt., September 4, 1783, and died in Claremont, N. H., February 24, 1861, while there on a visit; was buried in Woodstock, Vt. He entered the University of Vermont in 1810, but on the death of his father in 1811, he was forced to give up his college course. He studied law with Stephen Royce, Jr., at Berkshire, Vt., 1813-15; and was admitted to the Franklin County bar in 1815. He practiced with Mr. Royce until 1818, when not finding this profession congenial, gave it up and began studying for the Episcopal ministry with Rev. Abraham Beach in Sheldon, Vt.; was ordained deacon at Greenfield, Mass., October 2, 1818, and priest at Windsor, Vt., in September, 1819.

He preached in Montgomery, Vt., 1818-19; Shelburne, Vt., October 27, 1819, to November, 1827. During 1819-27, he did much missionary work, having charge of the parishes in Berkshire, Montgomery and Bethel. In November, 1825, he preached his first sermon in Woodstock, Vt.; and in November, 1827, he became joint rector of the church in Woodstock and Bethel. In 1830, he relinquished the charge of the Bethel church. On July 15, 1832, he resigned the rectorship of the Woodstock church and became pastor of Christ church in Gardiner, Me. In 1840, he returned to Woodstock, remaining until December, 1847; was rector of Immanuel church in Bellows Falls, Vt., December, 1847-58; St. Philips church, Phillipstown, N. Y., 1858-60; was chaplain and superintendent of the Home of the Aged and Orphans in Brooklyn, N. Y., for a few months in 1860. His health failing and desiring a change of climate, he accepted the rectorship of his former parishes in Montgomery and Berkshire, where he remained until his death. He served as trustee of the University of Vermont, 1821-39. Middlebury College conferred upon him the degree of A. M. in 1820, and "N. U." the degree of D. D. in 1845.

He was twice married; first, in August, 1816, to Abigail, daughter of Josiah Peckham of Sheldon, Vt. She died, March 20, 1845. Six children were born to them: Charles Barnard, resides in Gardiner, Me.; George Peckham, merchant in New York city, died in Algiers, Africa, January 25, 1884; Mary M., resides in New York city; Harriet E., married William S. Baker, resides in Dunham, P. Q.; Amelia Griswold, married William Moore, died in Huntington, Long Island, March 9, 1872; Julia A., married Caleb Stevens, resides in Pittston, Me. He was again married, January 27, 1847, to Sarah Hubbard of Claremont, N. H., who survived him several years; no children.

MAJ. GEN ORVILLE CLARK, A. M.

Orville Clark, was born in Mount Holley, N. Y., in 1800 and died in Des Moines, Iowa, March 19, 1862, while there on a business trip. In 1828, he removed to Sandy Hill, N. Y., where he made his home until his death. He studied law and practiced his profession for many years, being a member

of the firm of Weston & Clark. He was one of the most prosperous business men of his town. He was interested in the construction of the Saratoga & Whitehall R. R.; was president of the Des Moines (Iowa) Navigation Co.; was for many years engaged in general contracting.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; served as State senator, 1844-48. He was a member of the Presbyterian church and served as trustee many years. He took great interest in the State militia, serving as major-general several years. He was a personal friend of Truman B. Ransom and often visited the University. In 1842, he delivered the annual address; and in this year the University conferred upon him the degree of A. M.

He married, Delia, daughter of Henry C. Martindale of Sandy Hill, N. Y., for some years member of Congress; two children, Asahel, died unmarried, a daughter, Minerva, who married a Mr. Manly.

REV. AZEL DOW COLE, A. M., D. D.

Azel D. Cole, son of Azel and Sarah (Dow) Cole, was born in Windham, Conn., December 1, 1818, and died in Nashotah, Wis., October 15, 1885. He prepared for college at the Academy in Sterling, Conn., and entered Brown University in 1834, graduating A. B., in 1838; later received the degree of A. M., in course from the institution. He graduated from the General Theological Seminary, New York in 1841; received the degree of D. D., from Norwich University in 1852, and from Brown University in 1883.

He was ordained deacon in the Episcopal Church in 1841, and priest in 1842. His pastorates were as follows: St. James' Church, Woonsocket, R. I., 1841-45; St. Luke's Church, Kalamazoo, Mich., 1845-49; St. Luke's Church, Racine, Wis., 1849-50; president Nashotah House and rector St. Sylvanus' Church, Nashotah, Wis., 1850 until his death.

He was married at Pomfret, Conn., in 1841, to Betsey Perry Bowers, a native of Somerset, Mass. She died April 22, 1910. Six children were born to them: Alexander Burgess, died in infancy; Elizabeth Bowers, born January 31, 1845; Mary Anna, born March 23, 1848, died in December, 1892; Ellen Augusta, born October 18, 1851, married Rev. John McKim, D. D., now American Bishop of Tokyo, Japan; Jeanette Russell, and Martha Brown, died in infancy.



Rev. Azel Dow Cole.

HON. HOSEA DOTEN, A. M.

Hosea Doten, son of John Edward and Betsey (Vose) Doten, was born in Pomfret, Vt., November 29, 1809, and died in Woodstock, Vt., January 17, 1886. He attended the schools of his town, and by individual study became

one of the best educated men in the State. At an early age, he displayed remarkable ability as a mathematician. His father was a land surveyor and at an early age he began assisting him in his work. In 1845, the University, in recognition of his success as a surveyor and teacher, conferred upon him the degree of A. M.

He taught the district schools in Pomfret, 1828-30 and 1846; Woodstock, 1830-42; Hartford, Vt., 1842-43; Norwich, (Vt.) Institute, 1843-45; and during this time also practiced his profession of land surveying. He was as-



Hon. Hosea Doten.

assistant engineer during 1847-49 on the construction of the Northern R. R., in New Hampshire, with Benjamin F. Marsh, '35. In the spring of 1850, he opened a select school in Pomfret and from this time until 1865, he devoted most of his time to teaching in that town. During the spring and fall of each year, he conducted a select school and during the winter a public school, with the privilege of having his own special students. His instruction included not only the regular common school studies, required by law, but also the advanced work necessary for admission to college. He also gave a full normal course of instruction. He met with great success in his work, and many of his pupils became successful teachers, not only in Vermont, but in many other states. In 1865, he retired from teaching to accept the position of chief engineer of the Woodstock R. R., which was completed in September, 1875. He continued as engineer of the road until his death.

He also did an extensive business as a land surveyor. He made the astronomical calculations during 1843-56 for the Register, Published in Woodstock, also the Walton's Vermont Register, 1858-86, and the New Hampshire Register, 1875-85. He was a member of the State senate in 1865 and 1866 and in this latter year, his method for compiling interest, known as the "Vermont Rule," was established by the State Legislature.

He was married three times: first, December 9, 1834, to Lois Paddock who died February 2, 1857. One child, Abba, born August 1, 1840, married James Knox Polk Chamberlin, '68, now librarian of the Abbott Memorial Library, Pomfret, Vt. He was again married May 27, 1858, to Harriet Frances Ware of Pomfret, who died November 18, 1858. He was married the third time, July 4, 1868, to Elvira Julia Wood, who survives him and resides in Woodstock.

HON. STEPHEN ARNOLD DOUGLAS, LL. D.

Stephen A. Douglas, son of Stephen Arnold and Sarah (Fisk) Douglas, was born in Brandon, Vt., April 23, 1813, and died in Chicago, Ill., June 3, 1861. His father, who was a physician and a graduate of Middlebury College died when he was only two months old. In 1828, he apprenticed himself to a cabinet maker, but was compelled to give up the work on account of ill health, and attended the Brandon Academy for a year. In 1830, his mother married Hezekiah Granger, and removed to a farm near Clifton Springs, New York. Stephen accompanied the family, and made his home with them until 1833. He was a student at the Canandaigua Academy during 1830-32, and during this time also read law.

In 1833, he travelled in Ohio, Missouri and Illinois, seeking a suitable place to complete his law studies and to enter the practice. He located in Winchester, Ill. in 1833, and taught a term of school, at the same time continuing his law studies. He was admitted to the bar in March, 1834, and practiced his profession in Jacksonville, Ill., from 1834 until 1837. He was a Democrat in politics, and soon after locating in Jacksonville, took a prominent part in the affairs of the State. He was elected state's attorney for the Morgan Circuit in February, 1835. In December, 1836, he resigned the office to take his seat as a representative to the State Legislature. He was register



Hon. Stephen Arnold Douglas.

of the United States Land Office at Springfield, Ill., 1837-38; and was an unsuccessful candidate for Congress in 1838. In 1840, he stumped the State in support of Martin Van Buren for president, speaking at over two hundred public meetings; and it was due chiefly to his powers as an orator, that the State was carried for this candidate.

He was secretary of state of Illinois from December, 1840 to February, 1841; was judge of the Supreme Court, 1841-43; was Congressman, 1843-47; and was United States Senator from 1847 until his death in 1861. In 1858, he made the historic joint canvass with Abraham Lincoln, whom he defeated for the Senate.

During his term of service in the United States House of Representatives and the Senate, he gained great distinction as a statesman and orator. During 1858 and 1860, he travelled extensively in the South, giving his support in encouraging the Union sentiment. He early attracted the attention of his party as a possible candidate for the Presidency. His name was presented to the National Democratic Convention in Baltimore in 1852 and in Cincinnati in 1856. In 1860 at Charleston, he received a majority of the entire vote of the Convention, but failed to obtain the two thirds necessary for nomination.

Upon the adjournment of the Convention to Baltimore, he was declared the nominee, receiving two thirds of all the votes cast; but failed of election. In the popular vote, he stood next to Abraham Lincoln, the successful candidate of the Republican party, who led him by less than five hundred thousand votes.

In 1861, after the adjournment of Congress, Senator Douglas delivered an address on April 25, at Springfield, before the Legislature of Illinois at its unanimous request, in which he earnestly urged upon all persons regardless of political affiliations, to rally to the defense of the Union. In Chicago, he again spoke to the same effect. His dying message to his sons was to, "Obey and support the Constitution and Laws of the United States."

In 1844, the University conferred upon him the degree of LL. D., and in 1851, Middlebury College honored him by giving him the same degree. He was for some years a regent of the Smithsonian Institution.

He was twice married: first, on May 8, 1847, to Martha, daughter of Colonel Robert Martin of Rockingham County, N. C. She died January 19, 1853. He was again married November 6, 1856, to Adele, daughter of James Madison Cutts of Washington, D. C., who survived him and later married General Robert Williams, U. S. A. Senator Douglas left only two children, both by his first wife: Robert Martin, born January 28, 1849, resides in Greensboro, N. C., of which State he is a native and formerly a justice of the Supreme Court; Stephen Arnold, born November 3, 1850, died in Chicago in 1908.

REV. THOMAS SAFFORD DROWNE, A. M., D. D.

Thomas S. Drowne, was born at Fruit Hill, near Providence, R. I., July 9, 1823, and died at Colchester, Conn., November 10, 1897. He prepared for college in the schools of Providence, R. I., and graduated A. B. from Brown University in 1845; received the degree of A. M., in course in 1852. He graduated B. D. from the General Theological Seminary, New York City in 1848.

He was ordained deacon in the Episcopal ministry in 1848, and priest in 1849; was assistant rector of Trinity church, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1848-58; rector, St. Paul's church, Brooklyn, 1858-75; in charge of the church of the Mediator, Brooklyn, 1875-76; church of the Ascension, Brooklyn, 1877; Cathedral Chapel and Warden, St. Paul's and St. Mary's Cathedral schools, Garden City, Long Island, N. Y., 1878-86.

He was instructor Systematic Divinity and Dogmatic Theology, General Theological Seminary, New York City, 1888-89. He was secretary of the Federate Council of New York, diocese, 1868-97; diocese of Long Island, 1868-97; was a member of the standing committee and board of trustees of the diocese, 1869-97; was examining chaplain, 1873-97; was a deputy at the general convention, 1877-97; was secretary of the General Theological Seminary, 1886-97.

He was recording secretary of the American Ethnological Society, New York; honorary local secretary of the diocese of Long Island for Church House Westminster, London; life member, New York Historical Society; Long Island Historical Society; corresponding member, Royal Historical Society, London; was a member, Rhode Island, Wisconsin and Pennsylvania Historical Societies.

He wrote many articles for the church papers and periodicals of the country. He was the author of the following works: *Architectural Instructor*, 1856; *Church Charity Foundation, Brooklyn*, historical sketch, 1868; *Historical Notes of Diocese of Long Island*, 1894; *History of the Cross*, 1895. Several of his sermons and literary, theological and historical articles were published in pamphlet form. In 1866, the University conferred upon him the degree of D. D.

HON. CHARLES GAMAGE EASTMAN, A. M.

Charles G. Eastman, son of the Rev. Benjamin Eastman, a Methodist Clergyman and Rebecca (Gamage) Eastman, was born in Fryeburg, Me., June 1, 1816, and died in Montpelier, Vt., September 16, 1860. His name, Caleb Gamage Eastman, was changed about 1840. to Charles Gamage Eastman. At an early age, his parents removed to Barnard, Vt., where he attended the district schools. He prepared for college at the Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and entered the University of Vermont in 1833, remaining nearly three years; received from that Institution the degree of A. M. in 1852; and the same degree from "N. U." in 1842.

At an early age, he displayed remarkable talent as a writer. From his earliest years, he was a Democrat, and while studying at the University began contributing to the Democratic press; was associate editor of the *Burlington Sentinel*, 1835-36; *Lamoille Express*, 1836-38; the *Vermont State Press* at Johnson, 1838-40. In the summer of 1839, he edited the *Scorpion*, a famous Democratic Campaign Sheet, which gave him great prominence in his party. Early in 1840, he located in Woodstock, Vt., and began the publication of the *Spirit of the Age*, the first number appearing on May 8. Through his marked ability as a writer, this paper soon became the most influential organ of the Democratic Party in Vermont. He entered with great vigor into all the political contests of the time, and became a leader not only in the councils of the party in his State, but also a prominent director of the party's policy in national affairs. In December, 1845, he sold his interest in the paper to Edward M., Brown, "N. U." '44, and went to Montpelier, and bought the *Vermont Patriot* which he edited and published until his death. Here he continued in his success as an editor, and writer.



Hon. Charles Gamage Eastman.

He was a leading member at the National Democratic Conventions of 1848, 1852, 1856 and 1860; was postmaster of Woodstock May, 1843-January 31, 1846, and of Montpelier six years; was State senator in 1852 and 1853.

While Mr. Eastman gained his chief distinction as an editor and publisher, yet he also made his mark as a poet. He was not at heart a politician. Mr. Henry Swan Dana, Historian of Woodstock, states that Mr. Eastman hated politics and it was only through his financial needs that he continued as an editor. At heart he was a poet, and would have preferred spending his time in writing poetry. He published a volume of poems in 1848, which was reprinted in 1880 by his widow. A prominent American critic states "As a lyrical poet there is no American writer who can be called his superior." His writings were popular in England. *The Edinburgh Review* especially praised his work. Several of his poems appeared in *Poets and Poetry of Vermont* issued in 1858. He was a personal friend of Captain Alden Partridge, and Gen. T. B. Ransom, '25, and took great interest in the welfare of the University.

He was married June 10, 1846, to Mrs. Susan Swan Havens, daughter of Dr. John D. Powers and sister of Dr. Thomas E. Powers of Woodstock, Vt., and a cousin of Hiram Powers, the sculptor. She died in Emmetsburg, Ia., January 18, 1891. Three children were born to them: Mary Avery, born February 18, 1849, married Capt. Elden John Hartshorn, a native of Lunenburg, Vt., and died in Emmetsburg, Ia., December 26, 1885; John Powers, born October 4, 1851, died May 31, 1870; Edward Swan, born January 27, 1857, died October 2, 1875. His only living descendent is a grandson, John Edward Hartshorn, son of Mary Avery (Eastman) Hartshorn, born in Iowa, August 4, 1871, a graduate of Dartmouth College, class of 1902, who since 1904 has been in the Orient as an official in the Customs Service of China. Three other grand children, a son and two daughters of Mary Avery Hartshorn died in childhood in Iowa.

REV. FLETCHER J. HAWLEY, C. E., B. N. S., A. B., D. D.

Fletcher J. Hawley was born in West Arlington Vt. He graduated C. E. and B. N. S. from the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy N. Y. in 1837; and A. B. from Union College, N. Y., in 1840; made the $\Phi \beta \kappa$ Fraternity at the latter Institution. He later studied for the Episcopal ministry; served as a missionary in Santa Cruz, West Indies, 1857-65; was later rector of churches in Minnesota. His last charge was in Brainerd, Minn., where he died in 1891. The University conferred upon him the degree of D. D. in 1857.

REV. CHARLES DAVIS JACKSON, A. B., D. D.

Charles D. Jackson was born in Salem, Mass., December 15, 1811, and died in Westchester, N. Y., June 28, 1871. He prepared for college in the schools of his city and entered Dartmouth College in 1829, graduating A. B. in 1833. He taught schools for some years and later studied for the Episcopal ministry; was rector of churches in Massachusetts and New York. In 1859, the University conferred upon him the degree of D. D.

HON. RICHARD MENTOR JOHNSON, LL. D.

Richard M. Johnson, son of Robert Johnson, was born at Bryant's Station, Ky., October 17, 1781, and died in Frankport, Ky., November 19, 1850. He was a student for some time at Transylvania University, Lexington, Ky.; studied law with Col. George Nicholas and was admitted to the bar in 1802; practiced his profession at Great Crossings, Ky., for many years.

In 1802, owing to difficulties with Spain in the closing of the port of New Orleans, he was elected commander of a company enrolled to attack New Orleans, if war was declared. Happily war was averted and the company was disbanded. In March, 1813, he was given authority by the Secretary of War, to raise a regiment of cavalry in Kentucky. In a short time, he enlisted the regiment and was elected its colonel. He served under Gen. W. H. Harrison on the Canadian frontier, taking part in the battles at Chatham, Ontario, October 4th and at the Thames, October 5, 1813. He was distinguished for gallantry in an engagement with the Indians, under command of the famous chief, Tecumseh. In this battle, Colonel Johnson was severely wounded.

He was a Democrat in politics and held many offices; served as representative in the State Legislature, 1804-07; was United States Congressman, 1807-19. In 1819, he was elected United States Senator to succeed John J. Crittenden, resigned; was re-elected, January 3, 1820, and served until, March 3, 1829; served again as Congressman, from December 7, 1829, until March 3, 1837; served as Vice-President of the United States, 1837-41. He removed to Scott County, Kentucky, in 1841, where he made his home until his death. He represented his district in the State Legislature, 1841-50.

He visited Norwich, Vt., October 24, 1843, as a guest of Col. T. B. Ransom, '25. A great celebration was given in his honor. He was escorted from Hanover, N. H., by the corps of cadets and several companies of Vermont and New Hampshire Militia. He visited several towns in Vermont, being accompanied by Colonel Ransom. At the Commencement of 1843, the University conferred upon him the degree of LL. D.

REV. GEORGE BARNEY MANSER, A. M., D. D.

George B. Manser was born in New Haven, Conn., August 8, 1803, and died in Bennington, Vt., November 17, 1862. He graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1825; received the degree of A. M. from Middlebury College in 1855, and D. D. from "N. U." in 1853. He studied law and was admitted to the bar. He practiced that profession for several years, and later studied for the Episcopal ministry; was rector of various churches in Vermont. His last charge was in Bennington, Vt.

REV. NEWTON EPAPHRODITUS MARBLE, A. M., D. D.

Newton E. Marble was born in Bradford, Mass., September 1, 1808, and died in Newtown, Conn., September 22, 1881. He graduated A. B. from Dartmouth College in 1834; later received the degree of A. M. in course. He taught school for some years and later studied for the Episcopal ministry; was rector of churches in New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Connecticut. In 1854, the University conferred upon him the degree of D. D.

DAVID MIGHILL, A. M., M. D., LL. D.

David Mighill was born in Rowley, Mass., August 21, 1786, and died in Georgetown, Mass., May 19, 1851. He prepared for college in the schools of his town and entered Dartmouth College in 1805, graduating A. B. in 1809. He later received the degree of A. M. in course.

He studied medicine and in 1850 received the degree of M. D. from Dartmouth. He practiced his profession in Georgetown, Mass., many years. In 1849, the University conferred upon him the degree of LL. D.

HON. THOMAS JEFFERSON NEVINS, A. M.

Thomas J. Nevins, son of Thomas and Sally (Brown) Nevins, was born in Hanover, N. H., June 5, 1795, and died in Nevada about 1860. He was a student at Dartmouth College for some time. He then studied law in Norwich, Vermont, and was admitted to the bar. He practiced his profession in Penn Yann, and Buffalo, N. Y., and later in Norwich. In 1846, the University conferred upon him the degree of A. M.

About 1849, he went to San Francisco as agent for the American Tract Society, where he at once took a prominent part in public affairs of that city. In 1850, he established the first school in that city; he drafted the first bill for government of the public schools and became the first Superintendent, which position he held for two years. Besides his interest in education, he did every thing in his power to promote the temperance movement and worked diligently for the establishment of churches and Sunday schools. Later he became interested in the silver mines of Nevada and removed to Silver City in that territory. During a flood in that locality, while trying to save some property, he fell into the water. The shock and chill brought on pneumonia of which he died. He was buried at Silver City, but, two years later, the Board of Education of San Francisco caused his remains to be removed to that city, where they were interred with public honors.

He was twice married: First in 1825, to Minerva Loomis, who died in 1827, leaving him one son, Oren Green Nevins. In 1829, he married Cornelia Clark of Oswego, N. Y., by whom he had three children: Stanley Morris, "N. U." '28 (q. v.) George Willoughby, "N. U." '50, (q. v.) and Cornelia born in 1832. Mrs. Nevins married William Stuart Culbertson of New Albany, Indiana, where she died on October 18, 1880.

PROF. JEAN ROEMER, LL. D.

Jean Roemer was born in England in 1815. He studied in Holland under the guardianship of King William I of England. He served in the War of Secession between Holland and Belgium. In 1846, he located in New York City, where he was professor of the French Language and Literature at the New York Free Academy (now the College of the City of New York) from 1848 until 1869; was vice-president of the Institution, 1869-90. He wrote many articles for the press of the country and several volumes on historical and scientific subjects. In 1857, the University conferred upon him the degree of LL. D.

REV. SAMUEL BREXTON SHAW, A. M., D. D.

Samuel B. Shaw was born in Wickford, R. I., December 29, 1799, and died in Providence, R. I., March 17, 1885. He graduated A. B. from Brown University in 1819, later received the degree of A. M. in course.

He was ordained deacon in the Episcopal church in 1821, and priest in 1824; was rector at Newton Lower Falls, Mass., 1821; Hagerstown, Md., 1821-22; Christ church, Guilford, Vt., 1822-31; St. Luke's church, Lanesboro, Mass., 1831-65; St. John's church, Barrington, R. I., 1867-79.

He was delegate to the general convention of his church in 1859. In 1879, he removed to Providence, R. I., where he made his home until his death. He was vice-president of the Berkshire Bible Society; trustee of the General Theological Seminary, New York City. In 1866, the University conferred upon him the degree of D. D.

REV. WILLIAM DEXTER WILSON, A. M., S. T. D., LL. D.

William D. Wilson, was born in Stoddard, N. H., February 28, 1816, and died in Syracuse, N. Y., in 1900. He graduated B. D., from the Harvard Divinity School in 1838, and was ordained an Episcopal clergyman the same year; was rector of various churches, 1838-50; was professor of Philosophy, and History, Hobart College, 1850-68; professor of Philosophy and Morals, Cornell University, 1868-80; dean of St. Andrews Divinity School, Syracuse, N. Y., 1880-1900.

He received the degree of A. M. from "N. U." in 1841; S. T. D. from Hobart College, N. Y., in 1849; LL. D., Bedford College, Tenn., in 1868; L. H. D., from the University of the State of New York in 1872.

REV. ISAAC DAVID WILLIAMSON, D. D.



Rev. Isaac David Williamson.

A son, John Milton Hughes, was a cadet in the class of 1853. In 1849, the University conferred upon him the degree of D. D.

Isaac D. Williamson, cousin of Orlando D. Miller, '45, was born in Pomfret, Vt., April 4, 1807, and died in Cincinnati, Ohio, November 26, 1876. He received an academic education and studied for the Universalist ministry, being ordained in 1829; was pastor of the church in Townsend, Vt., 1829-30; Albany, N. Y., 1830-37; was subsequently pastor of churches in Baltimore, Md., New York city, Philadelphia, Mobile, Ala., Cincinnati, Ohio, Lowell, Mass., and Louisville, Ky. He became one of the most prominent clergymen of his church. He was a prominent member of the I. O. O. F. Lodge serving as Grand Chaplain for many years. He wrote many articles for the Universalist press and the various papers of the country; was also the author of several books.

HON. BENJAMIN WRIGHT, LL. D.

Benjamin Wright was born in Wethersfield, Conn., October 10, 1770, and died in New York City, August 21, 1812. He received an academic education and studied the higher mathematics and surveying by himself. He located in Rome, N. Y., in 1788, where he practiced engineering many years. He made an extensive survey of the Mohawk river; and during 1811-12, made surveys for the State Canal Commission of New York. During 1816-17, he was engineer of the middle section of the Erie Canal. To Judge Wright and James Geddes is due the successful completion of this great water way. He was chief engineer of the Delaware, the Chesapeake & Ohio and the St. Lawrence

canals. He was street commissioner of New York city in 1834; and chief engineer of the New York & Erie R. R., 1834-36.

He removed to New York city about 1830, where he made his home until his death. He was prominent in the political affairs of New York, serving many terms in the State Legislature; was also, for some years, county judge. He was an active friend of the old "Academy" and "N. U." and gave employment to many of the cadets on his various engineering works. In 1836, the University conferred upon him the degree of LL. D. He was survived by several children. A son, Simeon W. Wright, was a cadet in the class of 1826.



Drafting, Summer School 1910.

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1852	Churchill, George Atwood	513	1861	DePoincey, William James	656
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a	Henry Elijah Wadsworth	81	1855	John Worthington	565
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1844	Thomas	369	1863	William Strong	677
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1852	William Henry	506	1843	Howe, Asa	358
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1856	Gilbert	594	a	Edwin Sturtevant	194
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1851	Mower, Abigon Jabez	501	1846	Marshall	402
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1846	Joseph Anthony	401	a	Perry, Carlton Holmes	195
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1854	Munson, William Day	538	1854	Robert Thaxter	548
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1847	Murphy, James Garfield	414	1852	Phelps, Charles	520
1840	Myrick, Cyrus Garçonet	321	a	Charles Edward	197
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1841	Nalle, Benjamin Franklin	328	1864	Dudley Farley	699
1866	Needham, William Chauncey Hall	741	a	Edward Arah	197
1829	Nelson, William	309	a	Edward Elisha	198
1850	Nevins, George Willoughby	474	1855	Egbert	570
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1845	Williea, Adhisu	378	1864	Phillips, Henry Moses	700
a	Newton, Benjamin Ball	184	a	John Charles	199
1842	Nice, Decatur E.	355	1846	Philip	199
1839	Nichols, Samuel	303	1853	Pierce, John Sabin	403
1855	Sayles	570	a	Pike, John Bryant	531
1847	Stephen Hersey	414	1851	Pirkin, Samuel Leonard	200
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